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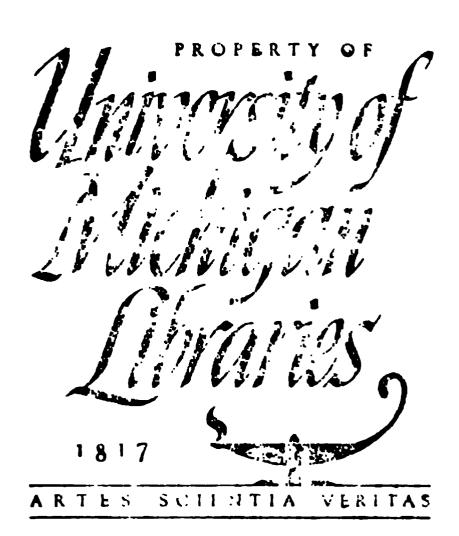
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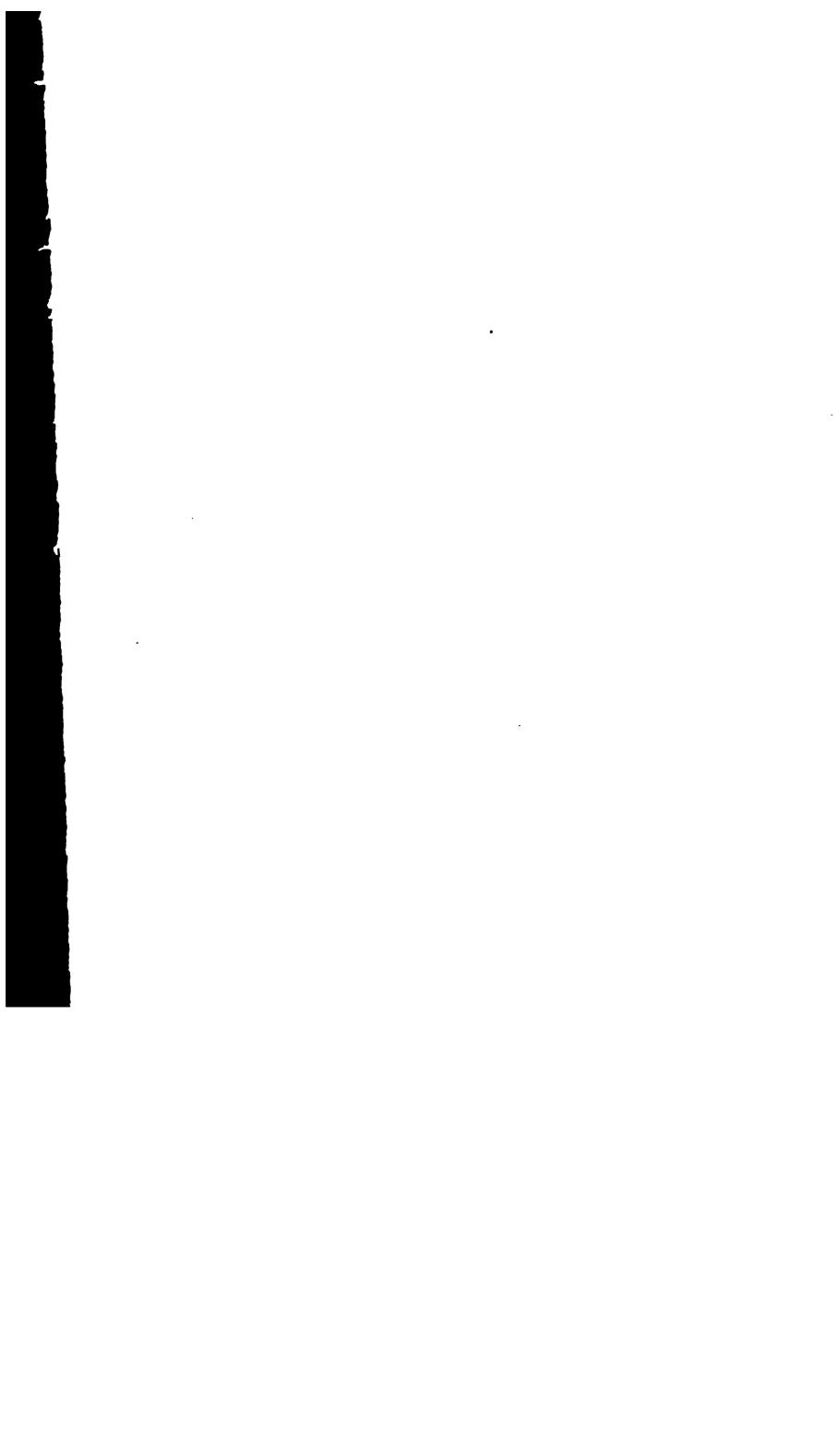
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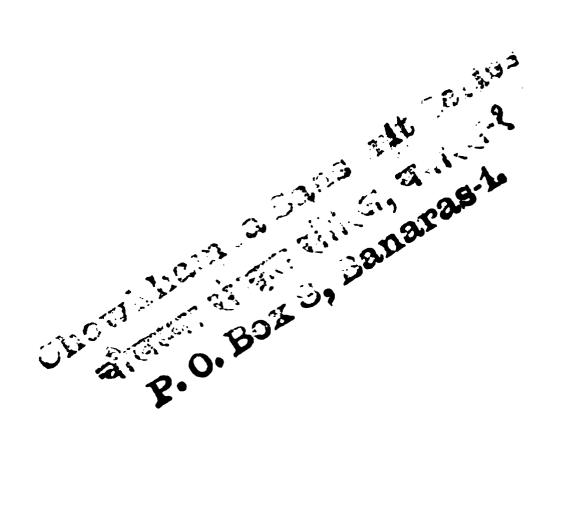
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### HANDY

# URDU-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

# BASED ON SHAKESPEAR AND THE BEST MODERN AUTHORITIES

COMPILED BY

S. SANGAJI,

Superintendent, Bible Society's Dopot, Bangalore.

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चीखम्बा राज्य दुस्तकः लयः पो० वाक्स ८. वसारस-१

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

AT THE S. P. C. K. PRESS, VEPERY, MADRAS.

1899.

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### PREFACE.

The present work, although based on the well-known dictionary of Shakespear, is by no means a mere condensation of that work. The changes introduced and the additions made have been so humerous and extensive that it may justly claim to be considered a new dictionary.

The compiler's primary aim was to provide the public with a compact and portable volume within the means of every student of the language. But in carrying out this purpose he has kept in mind the rapid growth and expansion of Urdu literature of recent years, and has striven to keep his work fully abreast of the times. How far he has succeeded will be apparent to all who will take the trouble to carefully compare the present work with any previously existing dictionary.

Twelve years have been spent on the preparation of the work. All the standard dictionaries have been searched for needful suggestions; and the compiler has had the assistance of eminent Muhammadan scholars, well-versed in Urdu, Persian and Arabic, and experienced in the teaching of these languages. To make it more useful, many Dakhani words have been included. The chief emissions have been of words which are used neither in polite society nor in classical writings. The compiler trusts that the result will be a work that shall prove a real boon to military officers, Government officials, missionaries, merchants, travellers and students, and all others who have to make use of the Urdu language.

The Urdu language, as is well-known, arose out of the necessities of the camp and court of the Muhammadan invaders of Hindustan, by means of a fusion of the Persian and Arabic spoken by the conquerors with the Sanskritic languages of the Hindus. It has been said of it that "it has in it the sweetness of Persian, the grandeur of Sanskrit, and the sublimity of Arabic." It is now spoken by one-third of the inhabitants of India, and has for long been, and for those who do not know English must still continue to be, the lingua franca of India. At first, Muhammadan authors

thought it beneath their dignity to write in anything but Persian, and Hindustani literature was therefore very limited. But a great revolution has taken place. During the past hundred years Urdu has made a progress that is perfectly astonishing. Political and scientific expressions have been borrowed from the West. Translations of eminent foreign works have enriched its vocabulary to an enormous extent. Newspapers and periodicals as well as standard works have been pouring forth from the press year by year; and these new works are noteworthy both for the manner in which they are written and the matter which they contain. Sanskrit and Arabic being religious tongues, it naturally follows that the Hindustani is exceedingly rich in theological terms, and hence among Indian vernaculars is the best prepared to express the doctrines of Christianity.

The compiler bespeaks indulgence for the errors which have no doubt crept into his work. He will welcome candid criticism which, in the event of a future edition being called for, will enable him to make his work more worthy of the favour of the public.

He desires to record his thanks to the European gentlemen and Muhammadan scholars who have taken an interest in his work and have aided him with their counsel. He gratefully acknowledges the aid rendered to him by Rev. E. P. Rice, B.A., of the London Mission. Had it not been for the interest which he has taken in this work, it would not have been possible to bring it out. He would make especial mention of the kind help given by the Rev. E. Sell, B.D., and the Revs. G. M. and H. D. Goldsmith. Not does he think it just to conclude without acknowledging his indebtedness to Rev. John Lawrence, the Secretary and Superintendent of the S. P. C. K. Press, Madras, for the accuracy and care with which the typography has been executed.

And now, may the blessing of the Giver of all good rest on this work, and make it the helper of reciprocal good-will between the rulers and the people of the countries in which the Hindustani language is spoken.

S. SANGAJI.

BANGALORE, January 1899.

### ALPHABETICAL LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS.

A.	for	Arabic.	lit.	for	• literally.
8.	))	active.	m.		masculine.
adj.	<b>)</b> ;	adjective.	Mah.	"	Mahomedan.
adv.	"	adverb.	Mal.	" •	Malay.
Alg.	))	Algebra	Math.	"	Mathematics.
Anat.	• "	Anatomy.	Met.	<b>3</b> 2	Metaphorically.
Arith.	<b>&gt;</b>	Arithmetic.	met.	<b>))</b>	metonymically.
Ast.	<b>,,</b>	Astronomy.	Meta.	),	Metaphysics.
Bot. •	<b>)</b> )	Botany.	Myth.	9)	Mythology.
Caus.	1)	Causative.	n.	., ,,	neuter.
Chem.	"	Chemistry.	Opp.	)†	Opposite.
compar.	1)	comparative.	<b>P.</b>	<b>2)</b>	Persian.
compos.	<b>7</b> 7	composition.	part.	,,	participle.
comp.	7)	compound.	plur.	"	plural.
conj.	"	conjunction.	Poet.	<b>,</b> ,	Poetical.
contract.	7)	contraction.	Port.	1)	Portuguese.
cor.	"	corruption.	poss.	"	possessive.
. <b>d.</b>	<b>&gt;</b> >	denā.	postpos.	,,	postposition.
(dakh.)	"	Dakhani.	prep.	"	preposition.
dimin.	"	diminutive.	pron.	))	pronoun.
E.	<b>3</b> 7	English.	Prov.	) <i>)</i>	Proverb.
f.	<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	feminine.	r.	"	root.
fig.	<b>)</b> 3	figuratively.	S.	,,	Sanskrit.
. <b>G</b> .	<b>))</b>	Greek.	S. or )		
Geom.	<b>))</b>	Geometry.	Subst.	"	Substantive.
Gram.	<b>33</b>	Grammar.	sign.	37	signification.
Guz.	<b>)</b> ;	Guzarati.	sing.	,,	singular.
H•	"	Hindi.	superl.	"	superlative.
h.	<b>3</b> )	honā.	T.	)) ))	Turkish.
Heb.	<b>•</b> 1)	Hebrew.	Tam.	<b>,,</b>	Tamil.
Hin.	<b>)</b> 7	Hindu.	Tel.	))	Telagu.
inflect.	<b>,,</b>	inflection.	trans.	-	transitive.
interj.	<b>))</b>	interjection.		"	(Unknown
intrans.	<b>)</b>	intransitive.	σ.	"	Yanguago.
j.	<b>)</b>	jānā.	v.	"	verb.
<b>k</b> .	**	karnā.	Wom		∫ Women's
Lat.	**	Latin.	Wom.	<i>)</i> >	language.

In this work, a when initial in a syllable, is signified by placed over the Roman vowel which follows in utterance; when not initial, the like form is placed after the vowel which precedes: thus—

agl, agl, agl, agl.

U



### COMPENDIUM

OF

### SHAKESPEAR'S

## HINDUSTANI AND ENGLISH DICTIONARY.

ابت

- Alif, is the first letter of the Arabic and Persian alphabets. In the representation of numbers by the Arabic letters, stands for one.
- 호· 나 ab, (अ립) adv. Now, presently.
- ab, (contract. of ابو s. m. A father.
- gance, dignity, honour, character; lustre or water (in gems); temper (of steel, etc.); edge or sharpness (of a sword): mode, manner.
- 4. [] ibā, s. m. Denial, refusal, denying.
- A. أِنَّا abā, s. plur. (of إِنَّا Fathers.
- اباجي منظمة الباجاني ـ اباجان Dear father, a dear Papa. اباجاني كا جي اچهانهين
- A. ابابیل abābīl, s. m. A swallow, martin.
- P. اَبَالُكُونَا abād, adj. Cultivated, populous, prosperous, happy, well done! آبالكُونا v. a. To cultivate, to make a place habitable.
- P. آباد ābādān, adj. See آبادان
- P. آبادانی ābūdān-i, s. f. A habitation,

- a cultivated, or inhabited place; prosperity, abundance.
- ر آبادانی abād-i, s. f. Seo آباني .
- s. ابارنا ubārnā, (उद्वारण) v. a. To set at liberty, liberate, release.
- ع. ابال ubāl, s. Boiling, ebullition.
- ع. ابالنا ubālnā, (caus. of ابلنا q. v.) v. a.
  To boil, to make boil.
- P. آبان ābān, s. The eighth Persian month.
- A. آبائی ābā-ī, adj. Belonging to, or descending from one's ancestors; paternal.
- P. آب پاشي āl-p īshī, s. f. Sprinkling water, irrigation.
- P. وتاب مقلم ab·o-tab, s. f. Splendour.
- A. ابندا ibtidā, (inf. VIII. of بندا ) s. f.
  Beginning, commencement.
- مندار ibtida-an, adv. In the beginning, at first, firstly.
- Innovation, the producing of something new.
- A. بتر abtar, (from بتر Was destitute of a tail): adj. Kuined, spoiled, worthless, disordered.
- A. ربسم ibtisām, (inf. vin. ef ربسم s.m. A smiling, smile, gaiety, hilarity.

adv. Till now, hitherto, yet, as yet, still.

ه. ابتلا ibtilā, (inf. VIII of ابتلا) s. Trial, affliction.

A. جابع ibtihāj, (inf. VIII. of جابع)s. m. Gladness, alacrity, cheerfulness.

s. ابتن uban, (उद्गत) 1. v. a.

body a detergent application, called

body a detergent application, called

2. s. A perfumed wash ball,

commonly used by the bride and

bridegroom as a cosmetic to soften

and cleanse the skin.

P. جاري āb-s-jārī, s. Running

water, a stream, a rivulet, a current, tears flowing.

abjad, The name of an arithmetical verse, the letters of which have different powers from one to a thousand, as follows. This was the ancient order of the alphabet, as it is now used in the Hebrew alphabet.

ابجد هوز حطي كلمن مهم ههم ههم ههه ههه سعفص قرشت شخذ ضظغ. هههه هههههههههههه

The letters may be arranged regularly or irregularly; they have always the same value; and the addition of the several values gives the value of the whole. This system is much used in chronograms, and in books of astronomical tables.

P. ابتحد خوان abjad-khwān, s. m. One who is learning his alphabet, one reckoning by abjad.

P. مَن جَوش āb-jūsh, s. Gravy, soup.

P.H. أب چڙهانا ab charhānā, v. a.

To whee, sharpen.

p. آب چشي āh-chashī, s. f. The giving drink to a child for the first time (generally when about siz months old) reparatory to weaning.

P. ab-i-ḥayāt, s. Water of life; the fountain of life: a fabulous

spring, said to be hidden from human sight.

abkhira, s. plur. (of في or ) Vapours, exhalations, perfumes.

A. اخل abkhal, adj. compar. (of اخل)

More, most or very covetous.

P. قب خوره āb-khura, s. A narrow mouthed vessel for drinking out of.

P. آب خيز āb-khēz, s. 1. A soil in which water rises up if dug into but little. 2. A swell of water.

abad, s. m. Eternity without end.

abadan, adv. Eternally, forever.

Having) s. m. The person entrusted with the charge of water for drinking. Any thing full of water or splendour, as fruits, pearls, swords. adj. Polished, clear, (as gems), well tempered (as steel), sharp (as a sword).

water, the employment of an āb-dār; the brilliancy (of gems), temper or polish (of steel), sharpness (of a sword).

A. ابداع ibdā<sup>2</sup>, (inf. Iv. of بداع) s. m. The production of something new, invention.

A. ابدل ibdāl, (inf. Iv. of بدل) s. m. Change, exchange, substitution of one thing for another.

A religious person, a devotee, an enthusiast, a class of wandering Muhammadan saints, or religious frater nity of a singular stamp and office

A. ابدان abdan, s. plur. (of بدن) Bodi.

P. قان و دانه . db-o-dāna, s. m. Drink and food.

- P. تابلات الله ألب ا
- ابدي abad-ī, adj. Eternal, without end.
- P. ابر سیاه abr, s. m. A cloud. ابر ملیاه black cloud. ابر غلیظ A thick cloud.
- P. ابرا abrā, s. m. The outer fold of a double garment (distinguished from the lining): see ابرة
- ابرار abrār, s. plur. (from ابرار) Just, holy, pious men, dutiful (to parents).
- s. ابرا سبرا ubrā-subrā, s. Remnant what s left or not consumed at table, orts, fragments, leavings.
- A. ابرام ibrām, (inf. IV. of برم) s. m. Solicitation, entreaty, urgency, distressing.
- ه. ابراهیم ibrāhīm, n. prop. Abraham.
- ع. ابر چهانا abr chhānā, To be overcast, to lower.
- A. برص abras, (from برص) adj. Leprous, having the leprosy.
- abraq, (from برق to sparkle).
  s. m. Talc, mica.
- ड. ابرک abrak, अन्त्रका s. m. Talc, mica.
- ابرو پر abrū, s. f. The eyebrow. ابرو پر v. a. To frown.
- P. آبرو ab-rū, s. f. Honour, character, reputation, آبرو ریزی s. f. Dishonouring, dishonour.
- water; a sort of extremely fine muslin.

  P. ابره عالماً abra, s. m. The outer cloth of a double garment. see

- To sew or quilt another, or outer fold upon a garment.
- P. ابري المين abr-ī, adj. Clouded, variesated ابري كاغذ A kind of thick and shining paper, marble paper.
- ally a gardener's; with a broad spout on one side pierced with holes; a bucket.
- P. ابریشم abrēsham, s. m. Silk, raw silk.
- ه. فابريق الم ibrīq, s. m. An ever.
- P. اَب زلال āb-i-vulāl, s. Pure, limpid, wholesome water.
- P. آبستن ābistan, adj. Pregnant, with young.
- P. أبسته ābista, adj. Pregnant, with young (a woman or animal): new-born (a child). आविष्ट
- H. limil ubasnā, v. n. To rot, to putrefy.
- sion of those who, after reciting past misfortune, pray to be preserved from a return of it.) Far be it from us!
- P. مَشار āb-shār, s. m. f. A waterfall, cataract.
- P. مرة آب شورة āb-shōra, s. Water cooled with saltpetre. Lemonade, sherbet?
- A. بصر abṣār, s. plur. (of بصر) Eyes, sights, understanding.
- A. ربطل ibtāl, (inf. Iv. of بطل) s. m. Abolition, act of destroying or annihilating; confutation, refutation, rendering null, quashing, neutralization.
- tances. ابعال ثلاثه انعال اله The three dimensions; i. e. length, breadth, and thick ness.

- عن أ من المنا عن الم
  - P. آبكاري āb-kār-t; s. f. The business of a distiller, distillation; a duty levied on distilleries.
  - H. ابكائى ubkā'ī, s. Act of vomiting.
  - to gush, issue or spring forth, to shoot or swell out.

    - ع. ابكي ab-ke, adv. Now.
    - أب كوشت āb-i-gōsht, s. Gravy, broth, water in which meat has been boiled down. (It is used in dressing pulāos.)
    - r. گير āb-gīr, s. A ditch in which water stands, a pond; an instrument like a broom for sprinkling water on a warp stretched for weaving.
    - P. آبلینه ābgīna, s. m. Glass, a looking-glass, bottle; wine.
    - A. ابلغ iblāgh, (inf. IV. of بلغ s. m. Causing to arrive, conveying, sending.
    - ablaq, (from بلق) adj. Piebald, black and white, party-coloured.
    - g. ابلنا ubalnā, (उद up, and r. वल Move) v. n. To boil, bubble up.

    - ablah, (from ابله ابله فریب) adj. Foolish, silly. ابله فریب An impostor, wily knave.
    - he despaired ببلس iblis, (from ببلس he despaired, so named because he despaired of God's mercy): s. m. The devil.
    - ابن السبيل .ibn, ع. m. A son ابن السبيل

- A traveller, wayfarer. ابن الغرض Selfish.
- A.P. ابناي جنس abnā-i-jins, s. plur.

  Of the same kind or quality; comrades, companions, equals.
- abnā-i-dahr, عدم ابنأي دهر A.P. علم abnā-i-dahr, Sors
- aðnā-i-rosgār, ) of the age or time, contemporaries.
- a. ابی زیاک ibn siyād, n. prop. A governor of Kūfa and a great enemy of the sect of Ali.
- P. آبنوس ābnūs, s. m. Ebony.
- P. أب ني āb-nai, s. The perpendicular tube of a huqqa on which the chilam is fixed.
- abū, s. m. Father.
- A. ابو البشر abu-l-bashar, The father of mankind, Adam.
- abu-l-fazl, (father of excellence) n. prop. The secretary of the Emperor Akbar.
- ابو بكر abū bakr, (lit. father of the virgin) n. prop. The father-in-law and first successor to Muhammad.
- abū turāb, n. prop. Al., the son-in-law of Muhammad.
- abū jahl, (father of ignorance) n. prop. An uncle of Muhammad.
- abū huraira, (father of the cat, because he was in the habit of carrying a cat with him) n. prop. One of the companions of Muhammad.
- A. بابا abwāb, s. plur. (of باب)
  Doors, chapters.
- salt; said of a curry or pula'o prepared with its exact proporti water, salt, and other seasoning.
- P. آب وهوا āb o hawā, s. f. Water a. air, climate.

- A. ابو abwi, (from ابوى) adj. Paternal.
- port) s. m. Swelling, plumpness, tumefaction, prominence.
- ubhār-nā, v. a. To plump up, to raise up, to excite, to persuade.
- ابهم ibhām, (from بهم) s. The thumb: suspicion, ambiguity. adj. Concealed, unknown.
- يهرانا يه ubḥrānā, v. a. To fill a vessel till it run over.
- يهرنا عنه wharnā, v. n. To swell, to rise up, to overflow, to unlade (a cart or boat).
- B. الهمان abhi-mān, अभिमान s. m. Pride, self-conceit, arrogance.
- ab-hī, adv. Just now, immediately, presently.
- tice, exercise, study, the frequent repetition of a thing in order to fix it on the mind.
- P. آبی āb-ī, adj. Aquatic, watery.
- ابی مَّة، s. f. A kind of bread.

  usually called آبی روتی
- ط. ابي abe, interj. (used by way of contempt) Holla, you fellow, you rascal! sirrah!
- م. ما مه ابي مه ab-ī, My father.
- A. ربیت abyāt, s. plur. (of بیات)

  Houses; distichs or verses (most commonly).
- P. آبياري āb-yārī, s. f. Irrigation, watering.
- ابير abir, s m. Powder used in the holi festival of the Hindus.
- بيض مه abyas, adj. compar. (of بيض r. باض) White, whiter.
- s. ्रों ēp, (आत्मन् Soul, Self) pron. Self, selves, yourself, you Sir (used,

- instead of the personal pronoun of the second person, by an inferior when addressing his superior) his worship.
- ع. اِلَّ apā, (see اَلَّ ) s. f. An elder sister. Self.
- H. apāhaj, adj., Lazy, cripple: a person who never visits any one.
- ع. اپتی uptan, ^ ((उद्वर्त्तन) s. m. A
- fumes, flour, etc. used to rub and cleanse the body with.
- upajnā, (उत् and r. पत् Go) v. n. To spring up, grow, be produced, shoot forth.
- H. الرالا كرنا uprālā, s. m. Aid, assistance the being on one's side. الرالا كرنا v. a. To take one's part, to protect, to stickle for.
- a. اپرم پار a-param-pār, (अ-परम्-पार)
  adj. (Lit. without an opposite shore.)
  Boundless, infinite.
- عبر عبي apranj-i, adj. (dakh.) Most pure, free from alloy (gold).
- قبروپ الم ap-rūp, adj. (dakh.) Extraordinary, unique, rare, excellent.
- ह. اپڑن upaṛnā, (उत् and r. पट Go)
  v. n. To be rooted out, to be pulled out, to be skinned.
- H. יביט upaṛnā, v. n. To be imprinted with the mark of any thing.
- ع. آپس آ āpas, (see آپ pron. recip. Self, selves, one self, themselves, one another.
- g. Limil upas-nā, v. n. To become musty, to rot.
- s. الكار upa-kār, s. m. Assistance, benefit, kindness, favour, obligation.
- H. Li uplā, s. m. Cakes of dried cow dung.
- اللي اللي upli, s. f. Cakes of cow-dung of a smaller size than Li upla.

- pron. poss. Of or belonging to self, own.
  - ड. ंप्रें a-pūt, (अस्प्रा) adj. (dakh.)

    Pure, unmixed, clafifird, freed from all floating impurities. •
  - भ प्रांक्ष uphannā, (उत् and r. फ्राज Move, go) v. n. To boil over.
  - T. 5 atā, s. m. Father.
  - T. اتابک atā-buk, (comp. of اتابک Father, and بک Lord) s. m. A master, a
  - teacher, a title given to the kings of Shīrāz.
  - ब. اتار utār, (अवतार) s. m. 1. Descent,
- abatement, declination. 2. A reduction in price. 3. A quarrelsome person.

### Rāhat says :-

بیتھی لڑے وہ بیتھے سے چلتی سوار سے کمنہ چڑھکے نوج بولوں میں ایس

Sitting she fights with those who sit, Stirring with those who stir, Never a word would I exchange

With such a wrangling jade. Wom.

الار دينا utār denā, To bring down;

(met.) to disgrace, to dishonour.

- descent, crossing or passing (over a river, etc.); ransom. 2. The cooked rice, flour, etc., moved an odd number of times from the head to the foot of a sick person under the belief that the evil spirit is thus removed from the sick person into the rice, etc. 3. Halting place for travellers.
  - 2. U.U. utārnā, (caus. of U.U.) v. a.

    1. To cause to alight or descend, to bring down; to degrade. 2. To cause to pass over, to convey over. 3. To take off, to strip off, to tear off, cut off or break off (a portion of any thing), to unload, disemberk, dismount, discharge. 4. To make a return or re-

- compense. 5. To copy letters or pictures. 6. To cast out an evil spirit.
- atālīq, s. m. A private tutor, a preceptor.
- and r. तन् Extend, stretch) adj.
  Supine, lying on the back; shallow.
- H. اتاول utāwal, s. f. Quickness.
- H. אילוענו utā'olā, adj. m. Swift, speedy, precipitate, rash, impatient, unsteady.
- A. الاله ittihād, (inf. VIII. of على) s. m. Union, friendship.
- s. اتر uttar, s. m. An answer, the north.
- A. ترك atrāk, s. (plur. of تراك) Turks.
- н. اترانا itrānā, v a. To give one's self airs.

### Ģālio says:—

ہوا ہی شه کا مصاحب پہرے ہی اِتراتا وگرنهشہرمیں غالب کی آبروکیا ہی With what an air he struts,

Being dubbed companion to the king! Else what was Gälib? in the town's Esteem how poor a thing!

- s. اتر بهادر پد uttara-bhādrapad, s. m. A mansion of the moon (the twenty-seventh.)
- ع. اترن utaran, s. f. Worn out or, cast off clothes.
- H. اترن utran, s. (dakh.) A medicinal lactescent plant.
- ा اترنا الرنا الرنا utarnā, (उत्तरण from उत् and
  - r. ਰੂ Cross over) v. n. To descend,
- alight, halt, bait, disembark, land, dismount, subside, decrease, pass over, cross, go off, fall off, decay, fade, flag, be freed from debt, become insipid, flatten, fall in value or in dignity.
- ع. اتروانا utarwānā, (caus. of اتروانا) v. a.
  To cause to descend or alight.

e اتري بهل ittī phal, s. An electuary composed of three sorts of Myrobalans, viz. the emblic, beleric, and arula, with coriander seed and honey. See

uttar, s. m. (dakh.) Placing one upon another; a pile or heap regularly disposed.

P. مَنْ قَلَم ātash or ātish, s. f. Fire.

P. آتش لفروز ātash-afroz, adj. Kindling fire; seditious, factious. s. A mischief-maker.

P. آتش بازي ātash-bāz-ī, s. f. Exhibition of fireworks, fireworks.

P. تش پرست ātash-parast, s. m. A worshipper of fire, a guebre, one of the sect of the Magi. (i.e. a Parsee).

P. آتش خانه ātash-<u>kh</u>āna, s. m. A fire temple; a powder magazine, a park of artillery.

s. m. Name of a bird, a variety of Tetrao rufus, called in Hindi جکور chakor, q. v.: a salamander.

P. آتش دان آ ātash-dān, s. A chafing-dish, a fireplace, any receptacle for. fire, a brazier, a grate.

P. آتش زدگي ātash-zada-gī, s. f. Combustion, conflagration, the firing of houses, etc. whether accidentally or by design.

P. آتش فشان ātash-fishān, adj. Scattering fire.

P. تشكت ātashak, s. f. The venereal disease, syphilis.

P. اتش کده آ ātash-kada, s. m. A furnace, grate, chimney, a temple of fireworshippers.

P. آئش مزاج ātash-mizāj, adj. Fierytempered.

P. مَاتَّ atash-i, adj. Fiery, hot, adj. atash-in, irascible. آتشين

burning lens (carried by travellers in stead of a flint and steel):

مشیشه A burning-glass: a glass digester in which herbs, roots, seeds, etc. are subjected to a sand bath, and macerated in the heat of the sun: a retort (glass vessel).

الماني عينك الماني الما

a. اتصال ittisāl, (inf. VIII. of وصل) s. m. Conjunction, union, attachment, contiguity.

1. Agreement, concord, concurrence, friendship, conspiracy, collusion, similarity of disposition. 2. Chance, fortune, accident, incident, occurrence, success, opportunity. 3. Equality. 4.

Probability. اتفاق بننا To accord or agree together. اتفاق هو اتفاق هو اتفاق هو اتفاق هونا هونا مناه هونا مناه هونا مناه هونا مناه هونا مناه هونا علم علم علم التفاق علم التفاق التفاق التفاق كرنا To accord or agree together, to concur, to unite, to conspire, to happen. اتفاق هونا To happen, to be agreed, to become strict friends, to grow intimate.

A. الثانة ittifāqan, adv. Accidentally, by chance.

A. تفاق ittifā qāt, s. m. plur. (of تفاق)
Accidents, occurrences, events, successes.

a.P. اتفاقى ittifāq-ī, adj. l. Accidentāl, casual, fortuitous. 2. Agreeing, concurring.

A. اتقا ittiqā, (inf. viii. of وقي) s. m.
Avoiding, shunning; abstaining from evil; piety.

A. اتقي atqiyā, s. plur. (of تقي) Religious mon, devotees, devout, pure of life.

r. کنا atkā, s. m. The husband of a nurse.

e. हा है at gat, (अति and गत great, excessive.

s. اتم uttam, उत्तम adj. Excellent, best, first, proper, expedient.

### Dohā.

سونا کہے سنار سے آتم مہاری جات کالے منہ کی گہونگھی اور تلے ممارے سات

Wy rank is highest," to the goldsmith quoth the gold,

"Seat in the scale with me that black faced ghunghchi bold?"

ब. مَا آمَم atm, (आतमन्) s. m. Soul, self.
Self-murder.

s. أتما قلسة (अलिन) s. f. l. The soul, the body the self, 2. Belly; stomach.

When the belly is full you may see the Supreme soul.

- A. pc itmām, (inf. Iv. of pc) s. m. Perfecting, completion, accomplishment.
- H. اننا itnā, adj. m. As much as this, thus much, so much, so many. انني In the mean time, mean-while, meantime.
- H. Wil utnā, adj. m. As much as that.
- H. ונף uttū, s. m. 1. Plaits of cloth.

  2. Plaiting, gathering into ornamental plaits or folds. ماركرأتوكرديا or بناديا

  To beat severely so as to leave marks on the body; to beat one to a mummy.
- H. آنو ātū, s. f. A female teacher or governess.
- اتوار s. m. Sunday.
- H. آنونجي ātūn or آنونجي ātūn-jī, s. f. A governess, schoolmistres.
- s. m. اوهم sttihām, (inf. VIII. of وهم) s. m. Suspicion, impeachment, accusation, "consuro.

- a-thāh, (अ and स्थान Place)
  adj. Unfathomable, bottomless, very
  deep. s. An abyss.
- ع. اتهل uthal, adj. Shallow, low.
- g. اناوتا uthalnā, or اناوتي اناوتا uthalnā puthalnā, v. n. To turn over, to overset.
- s. التي iti, (इति r. इ Go) a particle implying, cause, manifestation, reference, something additional, conclusion: and may be translated by Thus, therefore, lo, behold, et cetera, so says, finis, the end; in which latter sense it is usually written like خيد ناله in Persian and ت in Arabic, at the end of a book, letter, etc.
- s. انیت atīt, (अतिथि) s. m. A wan-derer, pilgrim, a fakir (among Hindûs).
- H. اتّا کیلا منبقری قبر منبقری آتا کیلا To become hopeless, begin to despair. هونا کی برابر گهی بهی برابر گهی بهی Like the flour was ground up the ghun (weevil); a man is judged of by the company he keeps.
- ع. اتاري aṭā-rī, (अह) s. f. 1. A thatched upper room, upper-roomed house.
- s. Y ațāl-ā, s. m. A heap; furniture.
- ਜ. ਪਿੱਛੀ aṭkāṇā, (caus. of ਪੱਛੀ) v. a. To stop, to prevent.
- H. atkā'o, s. m. Prevention, hinderance.
- H. اتگر لیس uṭakkorlais, adj. Precipitate, rash, acting without consideration.
- H. اتكل atkal, s. f. Guess, conjecture, judgment, opinion, quantity, size. adj. Adroit at guessing; an appraiser.
- who gnesses at a venture, or without grounds on which to judge. adv. At random. A random guess. اتكل كي فاتحة or فاتحة or قاتك كي فاتحة or فاتحة or قاتك كي فاتحة or فاتحة or

wild and visionary speculations. انگل To recite the پیرونی فات که پیرونی انتها پیرونی انتها پیرونی انتها پیرونی انتها پیرونی که انتها پیرونی کارونی کارو

- at-kan mat-kan, s. A sort of boy's play, "guess if you can."
- H. List atak-nā, v. n. To be stopped, to be prevented.
- afkhel, (r. अह Exceed, and खेला Sport) adj. Wanton.
- atkhel-i, s. f. Wantonness, an affected (also a graceful) pace or mode of walking.
- a.fal, (आ and r. ट्रल Be agitated)
  adj. Immovable, one that never flinched; headstrong.
- H. اتّم atam, s. m. A heap, pile, crowd.
- عبا عبا النا عبا afnā, (r. अट Go) v. n. 1. To

  be contained. 2. To be filled. كوا

  The well is filled up.
- utangan, s. 1. Name of a river near Go'aliar. 2. Name of a plant, a species of nettle or stinging plant, the seed of which is used in Indian practice, by the natives, as an aphrodisiac.
- اتواتي كهتواتي لينا على المتواتي لينا على المتواتي لينا على المتواتقي لينا المتواتقي لينا المتواتقي لينا المتواتقي لينا المتوانقي لينا المتوانقي لينا المتوانقي لينا المتوانقي لينا المتوانقي المتوانقي لينا المتوانقي المتوانقي

- conversant, experienced. 3. Shrewd, cunning. کیے چار آتہوں گانتہ کیے ۔ کیا یار آتھوں گانتہ کیت
- ع. انها aṭṭhā, s. m. 1. Eight. 2. An assembly. 3. The eight at cards.
- athārah-wān, adj. Eighteenth.
- g. ४,५३। aṭhārah, (अष्टादश) adj. Eighteen.
- ع. اتهاسي aṭhāsī, (अष्टाशीत) adj. Eighty-eight.
- s. uthān, (उत्थान) s. m. 1. Rising, ascension. 2. (dakh.) Height, summit. 3. Salacity in the female, lust after the male.
- الله uthānā, (caus. of الها) v. a. To lift, take or raise up, elevate, hoist, take or bear away, produce, invent, cause, gain, get, enjoy, abolish, excite, rouse, support, bear, carry, remove, receive, suffer, exhibit, to contract debts or purchase on credit, to expend. الها uthā-denā, 1. To remove away, abolish, abrogate, exterminate. 2. To rouse, excite, provoke.
- ع منانوي ع aṭhā-navwe, (अष्टनवति) adj.
  Ninety-eight.
- ब्रामāwan, (अष्ट्रपंचाशत्) adj. Fifty-eight.
- ब्राविशित) aṭhā'īs, (अष्टाविशित) adj. Twenty-eight.
- يرا علي گيرا uṭhā'īgīrā, s. m. A pilferer, a purloiner, a petty thief.
- انه بيته ail uth baith, s. f. 1. Restlessness, agitation, tossing and tumbling. 2. A kind of exercise. 3. The ceremony of standing up and dropping on the knees alternately at prayer.
- ब्राध्या athtālīs, (अष्ट्रचलारिंशत्) adj. Forty-eight.
- athkheli, (r. अह Exced,. and खेला Sport) s. f. Playfulness, wantonness.

H. ithlānā, v.a. To walk affectedly or coquettishly, to express tenderess or kindness by gesture.

ब. النها uthnā, (उत्थान from उत् and r.

ST Stand) v. n. To rise or get up, be raised, spring; to proceed from, arise out of; to leave, quit, depart from.

- ع ما عبر عبر عبر عبر التي عبر التي عبر التي عبر athwāṭī khaṭnoāṭī,

  s. f. The state of being confined to bed through sickness, &c.
- athwara, (for अप्र Eight, and all Day) s. m. The eighth day after any other; a week.
- ब्राम-wān, (अष्ट्रम) adj. Eighth.
  - عبتر athhattar, adj. Seventy-eight.
  - atī, s. f. (dakh. see under آنت A skein or hank of thread of different colours: a twist, fold, plait, flexure.
  - الليرن ateran, s. m. 1. A skein or bundle of thread, a reel. 2. The lounge or circle in which a horse is trained (in the manege).
  - H. اتيرنا aternā, v. a. l. To make up thread into skeins, to reel. 2. To lounge a horse.
  - aṣās, s. plur. Household furniture, wealth, goods, money, slaves, cattle, effects.
  - A. اثاث البيت aṣāṣu-l-bait, hold furniture.
  - A. اثر aṣār, s. m. plur. (of اثر Signs, marks, traces, impressions, vestiges, effects; histories, traditions, memorable events; the traditions of Muhammad.
    - A. اثبات iṣbāt. (inf. iv. of ثبت) s. Confirmation, proof, afficulation.
  - impressions, effect. اثر پذیر agar, s.-m. A mark, sign, trace, adj. Taking effort.

- اثنا هي هي اثنا ه. m. The middle, interstice, interval folds or plaits. اثناي راه مين In the middle of the road, whilst travelling.
- A. مَشْرَى iṣṇā ashar, Twelve; the twelve Imāms. اثنا عشري adj. Relating to the twelve (Imāms). The Shī'ā sect.
- A. اثيم aṣīm, adj. Sinful; sinñer.
- ع آ ق (अद्य) adv. To-day. ح آ

  Nowadays, to day or to morrow of late, in a few days, اَح كُل كُرنا To procrastinate, put off from day to day.
- s. f. Answering (of prayer or of a petition), granting a favourable reply, consent.
- privilege or income of variable amount sold or let for a fixed sum. 2. A farmer of land or of revenue: one who has purchased the labour of another: the holder of a monopoly.
- ع. تاجاً ujār, (see اجتنا) adj. Desert, desolate, ruined.
- ع. انجازا ujārnā, (caus. of اجازا) v. a.
  To lay waste, desolate, plunder.
- A. عازت ijāzat, (inf. Iv. of جوز s. f. Permission, leave, sanction.
- s. اجالا ujālā, (उत् and r. ज्वल Shine)

  1. s. m. Splendour, brightness, light.

  2. (dakh.) Silver, especially a rupce.
- ي. اجالنا q. v.)
   v. a. To cleanse, to polish (motals or be jewels).
- ع. الجانا a-jānā, (الله and الله q. v.)
  v. n. To come suddenly, happen; to acquired.
- s. m. 1. Act of assembling together;

- agreeing together (in opinion), assemblage, collection. 2. Conjunction (in astronomy).
- s. m. Turning aside from, avoiding;
  •abstinence, self-denial.
- a. اجتهاد ijtihād, (inf. VIII. of مجد)
  s. m. Exertion, effort, earnest, endeavour.
- A. احداد ajdād, s. plur. (of عب jadd)
  Ancestors.
- B. أجدًا ujaḍḍ, adj. Inconsiderate, rash, ignorant, clownish.
- of good or bad actions, recompense, hire, fare, fee.
- A. أجرا ijrā, (inf. Iv. of جري) s. m. Causing to flow or to circulate, putting in force, execution, practice.
- عرام اجرام ajrām, s. plur. (of جرم) Bodies.
- A. اجرت ujrat, s. f. Reward, wage,
- e اجتنا ujarnā, (उत् and जटा A fibrous root) v. n. To become desolate, to lie waste.
- A. أجزأ ajzā, s. m. plur. (of جز) Parts,
  portions; ingredients, articles.
- A. ماه ajsām, s. plur. (of مسب)

  Bodies اجسام واجساد Bodies and

  Bubstances.
- B. अजगर (अज A goat, and r. अजगर (अज A goat, and r. gwallow) aj-gar, s. m. A large serpent, Boa constrictor.
- A. اجل ajal, s. f. The term of life, fate, death, the hour of death, respite.

  اجل Overtaken by fate. اجل رسيدة

  Seized by fate, on the point of death, in a situation, that leaves no hopes of life, in the jaws of death.
- على الجلاء ajall, adj. compar. (from جليل)

  More or most glorious.

- g. اجل ujjal, (उज्ञ्लाल) •adj. Clear, pure, shining.
- ع. اجاً ujlā, adj. White.
- A. اجلاس ijlūs, (inf. Iv. of جلس) s. f. Seating, a sitting (of council), a session (for judicial proceedings).
- A. عالف ajlāf, ع. plur. (of خلاف j#f) Vile, ignoble, unjust people.
- A. اجلال ijlāl, (inf. 'iv. of جلال) s. m. .
  The bestowing or acknowledging of greatness.
- ع. الجالات ujlānā, (caus. of الجالات) v. a.

  To cause to cleanse, to brighten.
- ब. اجلنا ujalnā, (उज्ञ्वलन from उत् and r. ज्वल Shine) v. n. To become clean, shine.
- ajilla, s. plur. (of جليل jalīl or اجله اعزام ajall,) Illustrious men.
- A. Jimāl, (inf. IV. of حمل) s. m. Casting up, reckoning up; an abstract, compendious account, synopsis, summary.
- اجمعین ajma in, s. plur. (of جمعین)
  The whole, all together.
- P. اجمود ajmūd, (अजमोदा) s. m.
  Parsley, common caraway, a kind of lovage.
- used as a seat, bed, &c. by the religious student; generally the hide of an antelope or tiger (?).
- A. ساخ ajnās, s. f. (plur. of جنس)
  Kinds, sorts, species , various sorts.\*
- ajnabī, adj. Stranger, for-eignor.

- ajwāyan or ajwā'in, s. f. The seed of a plant of the dill kind.

  Hyoscyamus niger خراسانی اجوایی می or black Henbane seeds.
  - A. اجورة ajūra, s. m. Hire, rent, wages, fare, reward, fee.
  - H. "4- ujjhar, adj. Ignorant, illiterate.
  - A. اجباهل aj'hal, adj. compar. (of اجباهل)

    More, most or very ignorant; a blockhead.
    - H. Wender le ujhalnā, v. n. To flow or be poured from one vessel into another.
    - H. اجي ajī, An interjection to call or bespeak attention.
      - (In Bengal, it is used to an inferior or in cases of great intimacy only; but, in the western provinces, and in the Dakhan, it is often addressed to a superior as a term of respect). Holla! O! Good sir! Hear me, sir! Madam! My Lady! (The address of a person of better condition to an equal or superior of either sex).
    - 8. جي a-jai, adj. Not victorious, unsuccessful, subdued.
    - A. عارة ajīr, s. m. A slave, hired servant, hireling.
    - s. اجيرن a-jīran, s. m. Indigestion;
      surfeit, flatulence.
    - H. uchāpat, s. Credit, a debt: that which is borrowed or taken up on loan or credit.
    - e. اچات uchāṭ (उत् and r. चट Break, pierce, injure) adj. Displeased, dissatisfied, uneasy, annoyed.
    - v. a. To divide, separate; to cause to rebound.
    - P. آچار āchār, (or achār) s. m. Pickles.
  - (what is good), strict in the observance of religious ceremonies; a devotee, pious, holy man.

- H. achānchak, adv. Suddenly, un-
- H. | achānak, ' | awares, unex-
- عبل عدل achpal, m. f. adj. Restless, playful, brisk, wanton, swift, uneasy, impatient

### Nazīr says:-

کیاکام آنہین جوھنس بولے یا شوخی میں اچپل نکلے \* ہی مقصد جنکا دیکھی سے وہ گہر سے جب یک پل نکلہ نکلہ

What care that she should laugh, and talk, or show her pretty, playful airs
To him who only wants one look, one moment issued from her house.

- s. اجت uchit, उचित (r. वच् Speak) adj. Proper, fit, suitable.
- parate, break) v. n. To separate; to be separated (as plaster from a wall); to slip, slide, rebound (as a sword striking a hard body obliquely), recoil, glance by; to be broken or interrupted (sleep).
- H. Kaluchakkā, s. m. A thief, a pick-pocket; knave, scoundrel, villain.
- ع. لنلاج ا uchkānā, v. a. To lift or raiso
- s. انجا uchaknā, v. n. To rise, •to be lifted, to leap, bound, spring up.
- H. Lichaknā, v. n. (dakh) To grin, show the teeth spitefully (as a dog or monkey).
- H. | achambhā, s. m. Wonderful thing, astonishment.
- s. | achchhā, (3) Clear, transparent) adj. Good, excellent, righteous, healthy, well.
- In the hand. (caus. of item) v.a. To toss, throw, fling up, to toss up a thing (as a ball, &c.) and catch it in the hand.

- e achchhar (अक्षर) a m. A letter of the alphabet.
- على الجهال يولكا يولكا
- achhwānī, s. f. Caudle. An aromatic decoction usually administered to lying-in-women.
- عبوتا achhūtā, (अ and r. قِهِل To touch.) adj. Untouched, untasted, intangible (victuals dressed for saints, &c.).
- nnits, ones.
- مديث مبقطة, s. f. (plur. of صديث) Traditions, (particularly) the traditions or sayings of Muhammad.
- a. هوط iḥāṭa, (inf. IV. of عوط surrounding, an enclosure.
- aḥibbā, عبيبا s.plur.(ofبيب)

  A. بايدا aḥbab, Friends, lovers, beloved.
- iḥtirās, (inf. VIII. of حرز) s. m.
  Abstinence, regimen, abstaining from improper actions of any kind.
- ه. احتراق iḥtirāq, (inf. VIII. of حرق) 8.
  Burning, conflagration
- s. m. Act of honouring, veneration, reverence, treating with respect.
- intisāb, (inf. VIII. of عسب) s. m. 1. Making up accounts, reckoning, estimating. 2. Superintendence of police: prohibition.
- A. مشم iḥtishām, (inf. VIII. of حشم)
  B. m. Pomp, parade, retinue, magnificence.
- احتام المنائة المنائم. (inf. VIII. of حلم) s. m. Nocturnal pollution.

- He bore) s. m. 1. Act of bearing supporting. 2. Doubt, uncertainty, suspicion. 3. Probability, likelihood, conjecture.
- s. f. Necessity, want, occasion, need.
- A. build intivat. (inf. viii. of best) s. f. Gaution, circumspection, foresight, scrupulousness, care.
- A. Lipin ihtiyatan, adv. Cautiously, with caution, circumspectly.
- A. عام ahad, s. Unity, one, an unit, individual.
- He renewed) s. m. Act of making or producing any thing new, production, invention.
- P. عبر aḥd-i, s. m. A sort of soldier.
- A. احدیت aḥadīyat, s. f. Unity, the being singular, individuality.
- aḥrār, s. (plur. of حرار) The ingenuous, liberal, open, free.
- A. احرات iḥrāq, (inf. iv. of حرات) s. m. Act of burning or setting on fire.
- Act of forbidding or interdicting; putting on the pilgrim's habit at a certain distance from Mecca, determination or resolution. (At a certain distance from Mecca, the pilgrims interdict themselves all worldly enjoyments, &c. There their resolution is fixed to complete the pilgrimage; and, hence, the word means the determination then formed).

garment worn by pilgrims on approaching and entering Mecca (consisting of two wrappers without seam:)

To make one's vows as a pilgrim, at a certain stage from Mecca, appointed for the purpose, preparatory to the entrance of the holy city.

A. احزل aḥzān, s. (plur. of حزل) Sor-rows, Melancholies.

- A. احسان المعقرة احسان المسان s. m. Penclicence, benevolence, favour, kindness, the conferring of obligation.

  الحسان كا بدلا Grateful acknowledgment, requital or return for any favour; courtesy. احسان مند adj. Obliged, bound (by favour), grateful.
- A. ahsan, adj. compar. (of More or most beautiful, excellent.
- ahsant, adv. Thou hast made excellent; bravo! well done!
- ahshā, s. plur. (of line) The contents of the thorax, (viz. the heart, and lungs) together with the liver, spleen, &c.
- احصا المجارة, (inf. IV. of حصي)s. Numbering, describing, comprehension.
- Act of causing to be present; summoning; a summons.
- A. مقير aḥqar, adj. compar. (of حقير)

  More or most contemptible, most unworthy. (A self-humiliatory expression).
- aḥkām, s. plur. (of حکام)
  Orders, commands, decrees, ordinances.
- More or most praiseworthy or commendable. n. prop. Name of Muhammad and of others.
- مدي احمدي aḥmad-ī, adj. Belonging to Aḥmad; a musalmāņ.
- A. ahmar, adj. Red.
- A. احمق الذي aḥmaq, adj. Very or most foolish, blockhead. احمق الذي An arrant blockhead, natural fool.
- A. John aḥwāl, s. m. (plur. of Condition, circumstances, matters, events, occurrences, state, account.
- ahwal, adj. Squinting, one who soes objects double, squint-eyed.

- احیا ahyā, s. plur. (of حیا The living. ¶ iḥyā, (inf. iv. of حیا He lived) s. m. Vivification, giving life, saving, preserving.
- and then, from time to time; (if) at any time, in the event, in case, should,
- A.  $\dot{z}$   $a\underline{kh}$ , s. m. Brother.
- A. \=\int akhkhā, An exclamation of surprise, ha!
- akhbār, s. plur (of خبر) News.

  intelligence; a newspaper.

  اخبار
  An intelligencer, a resident abroad who gives intelligence of the occurrences at his station.
- A. اخت ا سينه الخساء a female friend.
- اختتا ikhtitām, (inf. VIII. of ختم ikhtitām, (inf. VIII. of ختم He sealed, finished) s. m. Finishing, end, completion, fulfilment, close-
- P. اختر akhtar, s. m. A star, a constellation; fortune, omen.
- اختراع نا نافتراع (ikhtirā\*, (inf. VIII. of خرع)
   s. m. Invention, discovery.
- ه. اختصار ikhtisār, (inf. VIII. of خصار)
  - s. m. Abridgment, epitome, abstract.
- a. اختصاص ikhtisās, (infeviil of خص)
  s. m. Appropriation, peculiarity
- A. اختفا ikhtifā (inf. viii. of اختفا He concealed) s. m. Act of hiding, concealing, covering.
- A. اختلاط نير (inf. viii. of اختلاط He mixed) s m. Act of mixing, intercourse, intimacy, friendship.
- A. خلف ikħtilāf (inf. viii. of خلف He passed, changed, succeeded) s. m. Difference (of opinion), opposition, disagreement.
- a. اختلال (inf. viii. of خل)
  s. m. f. 1. Interruption, disturbance, obstacle. 2. Need.

- P. مَنْمُ آ هَلِيُلِمُ a gelding. عُنِّهُ مَرَّعُ A capon.
- a. اختیار i<u>kh</u>tiyār, (inf. viii. of خیر)
  s. m. Choice, will? authority, power.
- akhs, s. f. Taking, seizing, intercepting, objection, hostility.
- A. آخر ه<u>kh</u>ar, Another, a second. Give me another ladies.
- A. مَا مَلِي مَلِينَا مَلِينَا مَلِينَا مَا مَا لَكُورُ اللَّهُ الْمَالِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ اللَّهُ اللَّلَّ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّ
- A. اخراج ikhrāj (inf. IV. of خرج) s. m. Extraction, exclusion, derivation, expulsion, evacuation.
- ikhrājīt, s. m. (plur. of اخراجات) Expenses, costs, charges, disbursement.
- A. مَا مَدُ الأمر قَلِيُلُمَار akhiru-l-amr, adv. At the end, finally, at last.
- مَّ اَخْرَالُومَان . الله قَ<u>kh</u>iru-z-zamān, End of time, the latter times.
- a. اَخْرت ākhirat, s. f. Futurity, a future state, the world to come.
- A.P. آخرش akhirash, adv. At the ond of it, at last, finally, after all.
- آخرالامر akhir-i-kār, Sce آخر كار A.P. آخرالامر
- عروت الخروت akhroi, (अक्षीटः) в. т. А walnut.
- A. آخري چهار شنبه Last, latter, final, extreme. منابع المحالة المخري المالة المحالة ا
- A. آخر akhirin, st plur. (of آخرین)
  The last; posterity, those that come after. آخرین قام

- A. لغفا ikhfā, (inf. Iv. of خفي s. m. Concealment.
- P. اخکر a<u>kh</u>gar, s. f. Live ashes, a spark of fire.
- s. m. (Making pure) Sincerity, puro friendship, genuine attachment.
- A.P. ikhlās-mand, adj. Sincere, friendly, kind, affectionate; a friend.
- A.P. اخلاصندي ikhlāṣ mand-ī, B. f. Sincerity.
- A. List akhlāt, s. plnr. (of bis khilt)

  The humours of which the blood is composed in the bodies of animals.
- مُنْ عَلَى مَا مُلِكَانَ مَا مُلِكَانَ مَا مُلِكَانَ مَا مُلِكَانَ مَا مُلِكَانَ مَا مُلِكَانَ مَا مُلِكَانِ م <u>khulq</u>) 1. Manners, disposition, the good properties of mankind, virtues.
  2. Ethics, morality.
- P. اخني پلاو akhnī (or ikhnī) pulā'o,
  A pulā'o made with stewed meat or
  thick rich gravy.
- A. اخوان ن<u>اهٔ ikh</u>wān, s. plur. (of اخوان مان Contempo. .
- P. j = | ākhor, (or ākhur or ākhūr) s. f.

  Refuse, offals, filth, sweeping, litter,
  waste grass of stables: a stable.
- P. غون  $\bar{a}\underline{k}\underline{h}\underline{u}n$ ,  $\bar{a}\underline{k}\underline{h}\underline{u}n$ ,  $\bar{a}\underline{k}\underline{h}\underline{u}nd$ ,
- A. اخوي akhwi, adj. Brotherly, fraternal.
- A. خي akh·ī, s. voc. and pron. My brother!
- A. اخيار akhyār, adj. plur. (cf اخير)
  The good, the better (people).
- akhyā fī, adj. By the same mother but by a different father (a brother or sister).
- akhīr, adj. Last. final, latter.
  s. m. The end, completion.

pletion or bringing to perfection. execution, discharge, payment. 2. Blandishments, coquetry.

### Mir Hasan says :--

ادائیں سب اپنی دکہاتی چلی چلی جلی منه کو اور مسکراتی چلی

She moved along displaying every grace,

She smiling moved—a veil thrown o'er

her face.

3. Expression, warbling notes.

- A. بان القطاعة adāb, s. m. (plur. of الانب المناب)

  Ceremonies, etiquette, politeness, good manners, forms of address in writing and speaking, salutation, respects.

  Most humble compliments, most submissive respects.
- adīt, s. f. An instrument; a particle (in grammar).
- s. اداس udās, (उदास) s. Retiredness, loneliness. adj. Sorrowful, sad, melancholy, low-spirited.

### Mir Hasan says:

کچه امید دل مین کچه یک جي کو. یاس \* لبون پر منسي لیک چهره آداس

Some hope she had, some feeling of despair;

Her lips all smiles, but sadness on her face.

- A. الله المامالية adīma-llīh. Mny God procerve (him):
- A. الهاني adānā, adj. plur. (of منع darī) Mean, contemptible (people).
- اردا المت الماهت. s. f. Brownness.
- ادائ . adā-i dain, s. m. Payment of debt.
- م. ماه الاب adab, s. m. Institute, rule, good manners, politeness, respect; tak-

- ing care not to pass the bounds of any thing. Science, learning, philology, modesty, civility.
- النار الم idbīr, (inf. In of النار Was behind, ruled) s. f. Turning back, going
  back, misfortune, bad luck, adversity,
  ruin.
- H. الكتري adatrī, adj. (dakh.) Hanging, pendulous; infirm, not solid.
- A. الخال idkhāl, (inf. iv. of الخال s. Insertion, causing to enter.
- ي الراح udrāj, s. (dakh.) Name of a jewel worn in the ears.
- freely) s. m. 1. Flowing of milk (from a camel); involuntary discharge of urine; hard rain; flow; munificence, a liberal gift. 2. Daily allowance.
- A. الراك idrāk, (inf. Iv. of الراك) s. m. Comprehension, understanding.
- ब الرك adrak or ādrak, (आद्रेक) s. f. Ginger in the undried state.
- A. الدريس idrīs, n. prop. The patriarch Enoch.
- The act of demanding one's rights, claim, pretension, arrogance.
- A. هندی adiya, s. plur. (of ادع) Prayers, benedictions, good wishes.
- A. الفام idghām, (inf. iv. of مفر) s. m. Reduplication of a letter, or the contraction of one letter into another, similar.
- A. دقیق adaqq, adj. compar. (from الاقین)

  More or very abstruse, difficult, fine or minute, subtile.
- H. Asial adaqcha, s. m. A cloth for carrying things in, a covering, a wrapper.
- H. און של adl badl, און adla badla, S. m. Ex
  H. און adla badla, change, alteration.
- A. هان adilla, s. plur. (of دليل) Proofs, indications, arguments, evidences.

- A. Alam, (Was red or tawny) n. prop. Adam, the first man; man.
- a Josh udmād, (उन्माद) s. A fit of lust, lascivious mood.
- e. المالي udmād-ī, I adj. Wanton, lewd, lascivious. 2. s. f. Paroxysm of lust.
- P. عزر کا کاط adam-khor, adj. Man-eater, man-devouring; a cannibal.
- P. الرازاد ādam-sād, s. m. f. Man, mankind.
- Adam, a human being (man or woman), an individual, a certain person, a man servant, people.
  - A. آلميت ādmīyat, s. f. 1. Humanity, human nature.

### Zauq says:-

آدمیّت اور شی ہی علم ہی کچہ اور حین \* کتنا طوطی کو پڑھایا پر وہ حیواں ہی را

Humanity is one thing; learning, quite another. Teach a parrot ever so much, a parrot he will be.

- 2. Civility, urbanity, complaisance, politeness, good, breeding الدميت اته To be bereft of one's nature, deprived of one's right reason, to become bewildered, lose one's senses. الدميت بكتا To become civilized الدميت سكهانا or الدميت سكهانا To civilize.
- 1. (دنی adnā, adj. compar. (of دنی) 1 Inferior, lowest, mean, small, little, a person of no consequence. 2. Nearest.
- H. الانترى adantar, adj. (dakb). See
- A. ادنی adna, adj. compar. See ادنی

- 1. Instruments, tools, utensils. -2. Particles (in grammar) or paragogic letters.
- H. () adwan, adwan, tightening the tape of a bedstead; the strings of a bier or other article of similar construction.
- A. الويات adwiyāt, s. plur. (of plur. الدوية) Medicines, drugs.
- الوية adwiya, s. plur. (of الوية) Medicines.
- ছ. ১১ adh or ādh, (अ년) (in compos.)
  Half: see ১১ বি
- ع. لهن مَطَاهُم adj. Half. In compos. it becomes عن المال من المال من المال ا
- ع. المار adhār, (आहार food, or आ عار support) s. m. Food, victuals, support, subsistence.
- patron, supporter, one on whom dependence is placed for assistance.
- s. العال udhār or ud-dhār, (उद्धार) (उद् and r. घृ Hold) s. m. Debt (especially not bearing interest), loan.
- ع. عنا adh-bich, adv. In the middle.
- H. الهر أدهر i-dhar, adv. Here, hither, on this side. الدهر ألهر الدهر About, around, up and down, here and there.
- H. all u-dhar, adv. There, thither, on that side.
- H. adhar, add. Pendulous, sus pended.

8. الهكا adhik, adj. Exceeding, excessive, greater, more.

اله

- ي. H. ارائة كدرا adh-gadrā, adj. Half-
- A. ما adhams.s.m. A dark-coloured horse.
- ह. المما adh-muay (अर्द्धमृत) adj. Half-dead.
- H. ... adhan, s. m. Water set to boil for dressing victuals.
- क्रीकर्श adhwär, (from अद्धे Half) g. f. A half (generally applied to pieces of cloth).
- ع اله يورا adh-ūrā, (for اله يورا) adj. Half-ready, half-dressed; unfinished.
- alh-auri, s.f. Half a hide الهوري ع (of a thick, strong kind): the coarsest and thickest sort of leather, such as is fit for the soles of shoes, for buckets, traces, &c.: the hide of the buffalo.
- على عا addhī, s. f. Half a damrī (a small coin), half a piece of cloth.
- ad-hēr, adj. Middle-aged, just past the prime of life.
- udhēr, s. Unravelling, unweaving. الهير بن Perplexity.
- udhērnā, v. a. To undo, unravel, unsew, strip off (a skin), rip, to skin, excoriate.
- 2. Lad adhe-lā, s. m. Half a paiss (a small coin).
- م. ادیان adyān, s. plur. (of ادیان dīn) Religions.
  - A. اليك adīb, s. m. A teacher of polite manners, urbanity, etc.
  - யு. إلى بدي adī badī, s. Complaint.
  - a. آديس أ ādēs, s. m. f. 1. An order, a command; 2. The word used by gosd 'ins

of the kan-phata order, in making obeisance among themselves:

Mir Hasan says:—

یہ سمجہا بناوت کا کچہ بہیس ہی • لگا کہنے جوگی جی آدیس ہی

He saw through her disguise, and straightway he saluted her-"Good morrow, Jogiji."

- 8. (in grammar) A substitute, one letter substituted for another.
- A. الايم adim, s. m. 1. Perfumed leather.
  - 2. Surface (of the earth or heavens).
- P. died adma, s. Friday.
- ਮ. ਹੈ। aḍḍā, s. An abode, dwelling, station, place, home; a roost, the perch
- A. الخار عيقة, s. The sixth of the Chaldean or Syro-Macedonian months: March.
- A. A. J. agan, s. f. The summons to prayers (generally proclaimed from the minarets or towers of a mosque).
- r. الابكا usbak, s. m. Name of a Tartar tribe or nation.
- H. اذبكنى ugbaka-nī, s. f. A female Uzbak.
- P. , | j | āgur or āgar, s.m. 1. Fire. 2. the ninth solar month; winter.
- A. مِلْ عَن اللهُ عَلَى s. m. الْدَعَلِي s. m. 1. Obedience, submission. 2. Confi-

dence, belief.

- ان فر ه asfar, adj. compar. (of Very or most fragrant, strong-scented.
- قركر agkār, s. m. plur. (of فركر agkār, s. m. plur. (of Repetitions of the names and praises of God, recitals, commemorations, rehearsals of prayer.
- A. انكيا agkiyā, s. plur. (of زنكى) People of discernment, the acute, the
- الَى ign, s. m. Permission; leave, dis-

- الىت ا agiyat, s. f. Wanton injury, annoyance, oppression, trouble, suffering, torment.
- H., Tar, s. f. A goad, s. m. 1 The spur dof a cock).
- P. , (for , (for )) conj. If.
- a. 1, 1 &rd, s. m. A saw.
- ج. کراً, l. aršba, s. m. A wheeled-carriage, a gun-carriage, &c., a cart.
- م. ساران irādat, s. f. ) (inf. IV. of
- A. &J) irēda, s. m. ) J) Desire,
  - inclination, design, intention.
- P. آراستگی قrāsta-gī, s. L. Preparation, decoration, arrangement.
- P. است، آ قrēsta, adj. Prepared, adorned, arranged.
- ارض Lands. (ارض مع arder, s. plur. (of ارض) Lands.
- P. of aram, s. m. Ease, rest, health, relief, repose, comfort. ارام پانا To recover. آرام طلب adj. slothful, a lover of ease. I love .To rest, repose, sleep.
- P. slol, I ārām-gāh, s. f. A resting فردوس آرامگاه .place; a bed-shamber Resting in paradise (an epithet applied to Muhammad Shah).
- ع. ارايش الم drā'jsh, s. f. Ornament, embelishment, dressing, beauty.
- عرب ع arb, (अबुंद) adj. One hundred millions. ارب کهرب Innumerable.
- ه. باب مته مته مته مته مته مته ارباب مع مته مته مته ارباب م ارباب بصيرت Lords, masters The intelligent. ارباب سخن Eloquent persons; poets. ارباب نشأط Dancers and musicians.

- s. اربسى urbasī or urvasī, s. f. l. Name of one of the female dancers of swarga or Indra's heaven. 2. An ornament worn on the breast.
- مربع arbā². } adj. "Four.
- A. اربعیی arba'in, adj. Forty.
- ब. ارتا artā, (आराविक) в. т. A ceremony attending marriage. When the bridegroom first comes to the house of the bride, he is received by her relations, who present to him, and move circularly round his head, a platter painted and divided into several compartments; in the middle of which is a lamp made of flour, filled with ghi . and having several wicks lighted.
- ه. m. اربط irlibāt, (inf. viii. of ربط s. m. Connexion, closest friendship.
- ارحل irtiḥul, (inf. VIII. of ارحال ه s. m. Act of marching or travelling; departure, death.
- A. ارتدال irtidād, (inf. VIII. of ع) s. m. Returning, refusing, opposing; apos tasy, recantation.
- ه. ه. irtifa<sup>s</sup>, (inf. VIII. of رفع s. m. Elevation, exaltation.
- مکب irtikāb, (inf. VIII. of رکب He rode or mounted) s. m. 1. Perpetration or commission (of crime). 2. The commencement or undertaking (of an enterprise).
- 8. عن arth or arath, (अथं) s. m. 1. Meaning. 2. Intention. 3. Cause, sake. 4. Property. 5. (dakh) The varied motions or dumb show of the hands, with which the dancing girls accompany the music they darce to, as significant of the subject or passion to be represented.
- ब्राग्रं (आरांत्रिक) ह. f. A ceremony performed in adoration of the gods by moving circularly round the head of the image, a platter containing a burning lamp with several wicks.

- A. مران irs, s. m. Inheritance, heritage.
- arjal, s. m. 1. A horse with one white foot. A horse having the lower part of one of his fore feet white, which is accounted a great blemish among the farriers. 2. A large-footed man.
- worth or dignity; beloved, worthy, excellent, learned, unequalled.
- s. ارجن arjun, (প্রার্থন) s. m. 1. Name of a celebrated hero, the third son of Pāṇḍu and friend of Kṛishṇa. 2. Name of a tree, Pentaptera arjuna.
- Wombs, matrices. 2. Relations by the mother's side, uterine kindred.
- A. ارحیم arḥam, adj. compar. (of ارحیم)

  More or most merciful. ارحم الراحیی The most merciful of the merciful (an attribute of God).
- A. 3, T &rd (or &rad), s. m. Flour, meal.
- H. اردابیگنی urdābēganī, s. f. A female armed attendant in the haram.
- H. | ardāwā, s. m. Coarsely ground meal.
- The royal camp اردو . The royal camp اردوي معليل or army (generally means the city of
- اردوي Dehlī, or Shāhjahānābād, and معلي كي زبان The court language).
- P. اردي بهشت urday, s. (for اردي بهشت)
  The second month of the solar year.
- A. ارذل argal, adj. compar. (of ارذل) very or most mean or ignoble.
- P. j, arz, s. m. Price, value, ارز بازار Price current, market price.
- z j, urus gr urs, s. m Rice.

- P. ارزان arsān, adj. Cheap.
- P. ارزاني arzān-i, s. f. Cheapness;
  abundance of provisions.
- P. رزن arzan, s. m. A kind of grain, millet. (Panicum pilosum.)
- P. jj ārzū, s. f. Wish, desire hope.
- P. آرزومند drzū-mand, adj. Desirous, longing.
- P. ارزيز arzīz, s. f. Tin.
- P. ارزنگی arzhang, s. The picture gallery or cave of the celebrated Chinese.
- H. iris, g. (dakh.) Axle, axle-tree.
- a. رسل irsāl, (inf. IV. of رسل) s. m. Act of sending (especially, a writing, letter, &c.); mission, remittance.
- ارسطاطالیس aristā, (for ارسطو Aristatalis) n. prop. Aristotle.
- T. ارسلان arslān, s. A lion.
- H. رسي آ قrsī, s. f. l. A mirror (particularly, a mirror on the thumb). 2. A ring surmounted with a tiny looking. glass, worn by women on the thumb.
- A. ارشان irshād, (inf. IV. of رشد) s. m. Direction, shewing the right way, command, order.
- A. أرض are, s. f. The earth, land.
- G. ارغنون arghanān, s. m. An organ.
- P ارغوان arghawān, s. m. A plant whose flowers and fruit are of a beautiful red; a red colour, purple.
- A. رقم irqām, (inf. Iv. of رقم He marked or punctured) s. m. Act of writing.

- z. ارک ark, s. m. Fortress; Castle; fort.
- H. Carnatic, Arcot.
- H. ركاتي arkāṭ-ī, s. m. A pilot. (So named, perhaps, from the city of Arkāṭ).
- مرکن Pillars, ارکن Pillars, ارکان دولت Nobles, ministers of state, grandees.
- fume of a yellowish colour and compounded of several scented ingredients.
- Arabia; paradise.
  - armān, s. m. Desire, wish longing, sorrow, regret.
  - P. ارمغان armaghān or armughān, s. m. Present, rarity, curiosity.
  - P. arman, n. prop. Armenia.
  - P. ارمنی arman-ī, adj. Armenian.
  - 2. i. arnā, (अरण्य A forest) s. m.

    1. A wild buffalo. 2. Cow-dung found dried in the forest (used as fuel by the native apothecaries in the preparation of medicines).
  - P. J. آرنده ärinda, s. m. A porter, a carrier.
  - arand, (एएड) s. m. The tree from which castor برند a made. Ricinus communis or Palror isti.
  - ارند ارند arand.i, (مارند عنه) s. f. 1.
    The fruit of the castor oil plant.
  - arwāḥ, s. plur. (of روح) Spirits, souls.
  - P. ¿ ārogh, s. m. Belch, eructation.
  - H. اروي arwī, s. f. A species of Arum, the root of which is used in food. (Called, also, گهريان and in Bengal

- P. اره کش arra, s. m. A saw. اره کش A sawyer.
- arhai, s. m. An engine for raising water.
- s. j. arhar, (आदकी) s. f. A species of pulse (Cytisus cajan), called also
- a. آری قَrī, (from اَرَی g. v.) s. f. A small saw, hand saw, an awl; (dakh.) a goad, pricker, bodkin.
- are, m. ) (अरे) interi, (used in
- e. اري arī, f. calling to or addressing, commonly in a disrespectful way or from a superior to an inferior) Holla! ho! O! hear you! woman! اري ري اري اري اري الميا
- P. آري āre, adv. Yes, ay, even so, right well.
- H. أريب urēb, s. f. Complication, deception. adj. Crooked, oblique, aslant, aslope.
- H.  $\bar{a}_{7}$ , s. f. 1. A screen, shelter, concealment, fence, protection.

#### Insha says:—

لمبي دارهيون په نه جادلا يه سب آلوون کے مين مبتلا \* يه شکار کهيلے مين برملا اِنهين تتيون ہي کي آر مين

Pin not thy faith, my heart, on great long beards,

Entangled all with fawn-eyed beauties are;
Behind this fence this sort do freely.

hunt.
2. Prevention, stop, hindrance.

- н. јаг, s. f. Contention, contrariety, obstinacy.
- H. اتّا قرق هانه لينا Adj. Oblique, across. اتّا عانه لينا To threaten or blame (any one)

- H. | arārā, s. m. High steep banks of a river or tank.
- عبر الراب عبرة الراب عبرة الراب عبرة الراب عبرة الراب الراب
- cause to fly; to squander or spend extravagantly; to blow up or away, to disperse, to entice.
  - make to stop. 2. To fasten one thing to another. 3. s. m. Name of a tune.
  - by Hindus, passing from the waist between the thighs and fastening behind.
  - H. "

    arbangā, adj. Crooked, uneven.

    (dakh.) arbingā, adj. Crooked, indiscreet, silly.
  - arap jharap, (used only lith عين or مين mēn) s. l. Need, necessity. 2. Scuffle; struggle; fight.
  - बनारेंशांड, (अष्टाचलारिंशत्) adj. Forty-eight.
  - عبر التنك به wtak, s. f. (dakh. explained by بالا پوش زین اسپ Covering or housing of a saddle.
  - protection: counterscarp, curtain (in fortification).
  - H. اتوک artūk, s. (dakh.) Interception:
     adj. Out of the way, erroneous.
  - ع. ارتيس artīs, (अष्ट्रातिंशत्) adj. Thirty-eight.
  - ع سرجك يا urchak, s. Thief.
  - عنا with ارتا with الرتا v. n. To walk with a stately or affectod gait.

- H. archan, adj. (dakh.) Tight, narrow, uneasy.
- kind of pulse, Phaseolus max (or mungo).
- grain mixed with a little oil and water given to horses with the hand, to make them soon fat.
- ardando, a. m. (dakh.) Bolt, bar (of a door), yoke (for oxen).
- H. ("") ararānā, v. n. To wail or lament aloud, to set up a doleful cry or shout.
- H. (dakh.) A surname title, honorary appellation, epithet.
- H. Kall arkā, s. (dakh.) A brass coin, of the value of ten cash (kās) or the eighth part of a Madras fanam.
- ब्र. ازنا upna, (उत् and r. डी Fly) v. n. To fly.
- H. Lie arna, v. n. To stop, to hesitate, to be restive.
- अंग Body) s. m. 1. A mode of wrestling with the feet. 2. An obstacle.
- H. 3 Taru, s. m. A peach.
- H. jil uyū, adj. (dakh.) Much given to venery (a man) : horse, male ass, &c. kept for breedir (Tourposes.
- ਸ. ਸੀ,ਸੀ ਫੋਂਸ-ਆਫੇਂਸ, 'ਆਰ. A prop. adj. Stopping.
- عبروس پڙوس ياوس پڙوس عبروس عبروس
- adj. इ. द्वी arhā'ī, (आद्भूष्य) adj. Twoand-a-half.
  - H. Erhat, s. f. Agency, commission, brokerage.
  - are and, v. n. To protect, to become a protection.

- H. از يل aryal, adj. Obstinate, restive.
- از بس Of that number. از بس Of that number. از بس From the abundance, sufficiently, notwithstanding, although. ازخویش رفته
  Absent in mind, out
  of mind, distracted. It may also be
  prefixed to Persian words beginning
  with a vowel; as, از ین From that
  از ین From this.
- P. j ās, s. f. Avarice.
- 2. Solitary, lonely. 3. s.m. A kind of faqir who shaves his beard, eye-lashes and eye-brows, and vows chastity; a hermit, devotee.
- P. قالات قدة قرال قديمة عند قديمة المناس عند المناس P. قدة المناس عند المناس ا
- P. آزار azar, 1. s. m. Sickness, disease, affliction, injury. 2. Part. act. in compos. (of آزركن) Troubling, afflicting, as in عرفم آزار adj. Vexatious, troublesome.
- P. ازار isār, s. f. Drawers, trousers. (Not so wide as the ها المنابعة)
- ازاربند . isir-band, s. m. The string with which drawers are tied.
- Removal, abolition; (in grammar) elision of a letter or of a vowel point from a word.
- es. ازبر as-bar, adv. By heart, by memory, by rote.
- ع. ازبراي as bard'e, For, for the sake of, on account of.
- s. m. A concourse, crowd, a rushing together of people.
- a. ازدیان indivad, (inf. viii. of ازدیان)
  s. m. Increase, augmentation.

- A. ji dzar, p. s. m. The name of the father of Abraham, Terah.
- P. آزردگي āzurda-gī, s. f. Displeasure, affliction. sorrow.
- P. SJj Jasurda, adj. Afflicted, sorrowful, displeased, sad, dispirited.
- A. ازرق الامتارة azraq, adj. Čerulean, blue, azure.
  Having blue, or grey eyes
- P. ازروي as rū'e, From the seeing, from the face or appearance of; by reason of.
- a. dj azal, s. f. Eternity, without beginning.
- azal-ī, adj. Eternal, without begiuning, from all eternity.
- P.H. Liej damā-nā, v. a. To try, to examine; to touch gold, etc. on the touchstone.
- P. آزمونی قemā'ish, (from آزمایش) s. f.
  Trial, proof, experiment.
- مان مان المنة asmina, s. (plur. of رمان or فانة) Times, ages.
- P. قارمون، part. pass. (of آزمون) Tried, proved, experienced.
- م زوج ازواج عدد aswaj, s. f. plur. (of زوجه Spouses, couples.
  - azūqa, s. m. Food, provisions.
- P. اژدر ashdar, s. m. A dragon.
- P. | azhdahl, s. m. A large snake, a dragon.
- e. 一つらう ash-dhāt, (3万 Eight, and
- ঘানু Metal) s. Name of a mixed metal, bell-metal.
- H. is, pron. dem. sing. inflect. This.
- H. us, pron. dem. sing. inflect. That, him, her, it.

- A. ر سآ قع, s. The myrtle.
- इ. آس कs, (आशा) Hope, desire, trust.
- P. السآ قعة, 1. adj. Like, resembling. 2. part. (of آسودن) Boothing, pacifying
- A. استان asātiṣa, ه. plur. (of استان Teachers, masters, tutors.
- s. m. A porch, portico; shed.
  - G. اسارون asīrān, s. (dakh.) Asarum europæum, wild spikenard.
  - asāṛh, (সাপাই) s. m. The name of the Hindū third solar month, Ashāḍa (June—July.)
  - A. اساس asās, s. f. Foundation; a pedestal.
  - Names; office, place, appointment, substitution of one person to do the duty of another; s. m. or f. A defendant (in a law-suit), a client.
  - P. Juli āsān, adj. Easy, convenient.
  - H. اسانا usānā, v. a. To winnow.
  - H. Lilmi usännä, (trans. of lilmi) v. a.
    To boil.
  - water in it. (dakh.) To free any
  - P. آسون هغهٔ آسایش s. f. Rest, ease, tranquility.
  - مباب asbāb, s. m. (plur. of باباب)
    1. Causes, 2. Goods and chattels, furniture, 3. Materials.
  - 4. bluml asbāt, s. plur. (of bum) Tribes (especially of Israel).
  - A c sur usba? s. A week.
  - P. \_\_\_\_\_ asp, (3)对 s. m. A horse.

- ह. آس پاس قائة कड-pās, (प्रश्चे Side) s. m. Vicinity, circumference. adv. Around.
- H. ي. is-par, On this. ¶ us-par, On that.
- P. اسپغول ispaghöl, s. m. Seed of fleswort or plantain.
- P. اسپک aspak, (dimin. of سپکا) s. f.
  Bridge of a musical instrument.
- P. اسپند ispand, s. m. A seed (that of the مینهدی Lawsonia inermis).
- H. Lim ustā, (perhaps for Jim) s. m. A barber.
- P. Jim istad, s. f. The act of standing.
- art), teacher. adj. Expert, skilful, clever. Chief performer or leader.
- P. كالسانة istāda, part. Standing. A pole, support, prop, etc.
- P. استاني ustād-ī, s. f. Mastership, mastery, skilfulness, art.
- P. juil ustaz, Same as Juil
- a-half miggāl.

  A weight of four-and-
- P. آستان āstān, (ম্পাল Place, r. গ্রা)
  Stand) s. m. A threshold, a faqīr's
  residence. قستان بوسي s. f. Kissing
  the threshold; paying respects:
- P. استانبول istāmbōl, n. prop. Constantinople, Stamboul.
- P.H. استاني ustā-nī, b. f. Femalo teacher, School-
- P.H. استانی جی schoolmistress.
- istabraq, s. m. Silk cloth (particularly green silk).
- A. اثنی istigna, (inf x. of ننی He turned. etc.) s. m. Exception, distinction. Deuteronomy.

- Immoderate flux of the menses: or, a discharge of blood at any time between the periods of the menses; the whites in women.
- s. m Treating with contempt, vilifying, scorning, despising.
- A. ناتحقال istihqdq, (inf. x. of حق Was oprescribed or necessary.) s. m. Demanding justice, claim, right.
- Was firm, was wise.) s.m. Confirmation, firmness, strength, fastness.
- s. m. Judging from omens, augury, seeking to conciliate the divine favour, looking into the Quran for a good augury or omen.
- istikhar, n. prop. Name of an ancient city in Persia, Persepolis.
- s. istikhrāj, (inf. x. of خروج)

  8. m. Making to go or come out, expulsion, extraction; banishment.
- استخلاص istikhlās, (inf. x. of خلص was free, separated) s. m. Seeking to liberate; release.
- P. استخوان ustukhwīn, (आस्य) s. m. A bone, the stone of fruit, &c.
- a. Julia istidrāj, (inf. x. of )
  b. 1. Withdrawing or advancing gradually, seeking to remove by degrees.
  2. A miracle, when performed by others than Mohammedans.
- استدراک istidrāk, (inf. x. of استدراک He travelled, overtook) s. m. Reaching, comprehending, obtaining.
- s. f. Request, prayer, invitation, humble petition, supplication.
- s. m. Seeking proof, arguments or reasons, demonstration.

P. استر astar, s. m. A mule. astar or astar. Lining. استركاري Plastering, coating.

 $\Rightarrow$ 

- استراحت istiraḥat, (inf. x. of روح He respired; rested.) s. f. Repose, rest, ease, sleep.
- G. استرک astarak, s. m. Storax.
- P. استرّلا ustura, s. m. A razor.
- 1. istrī or istirī or istarī,
  (南) s. f. A woman or female in
  general: a wife. 2. istrī or istarī
  (r. 丙 Spread out.) s. A smoothing
  iron.
- A. اقستسا istisqd, (inf. x. of سقی Was watered.) s. m. The dropsy. استسقای طبلی Anasarca، زقی استسقای طبلی Tympany. استسقای استسقای کمی A dropsy pervading all the members of the body.
- s. m. 1. Approving, approbation. 2. Consultation.
- a. استطاعت istitāāt, (inf. x. of على على)
  s. f. 1. Power, possibility. 2. Submitting to, dependence.
- a. استظهار istig'hār, (inf. x. of ظهر)
  s. m. Imploring assistance.
- s. m. Borrowing; using a word metaphorically; a metaphor, figure, figurative expression.
- s. f. 1. Asking assistance. 2. Protection, imploring help.
- A. استعدال isti\*dād, (inf. x. of اد) s. f.
  Readiness, preparation, ability, capacity, proficiency.

4

- A. lazimi isti<sup>\*</sup>fā, (inf. x. of jac) s. m. Asking forgiveness, resignation (of an office or trust).
- a. اعلو isti<sup>2</sup>lā, (inf. x. of علو) s. m. Superiority, exaltation.
- A. Justimal, (finf. x. of Je He operated.) s. m. Custom, daily practice, exercise, use.
- istighīṣa, (inf. x. of غوث)

  s. m. Asking for help; demanding justice, moving (a court) for justice, complaining.
- s. m. Drowning, the being immersed, absorbed, or wholly engaged (in any thing), immersion. ¶ adj. Drowned, immersed in thought, engrossed, wholly employed, drowned in sleep, &c.
- عفران istighfār, (inf. x. of استغفار)
  s. m. Begging mercy, deprecation.
- A. Allie astaghfiru-llāh, I entreat forgiveness of God. (An expression signifying negation, God forbid!).
- A. Lie istighnā, (inf. x. Lie) s. m. Contentment, independence (in point of fortune).
- a. استفاده istifāda, (inf. x. of فايده)
  s. m. 1. Seeking gain. 2. Profit.
- A. القويل istiftā, (inf. x. of فتويل) s. m. Consulting (a lawyer or learned man), taking an opinion.
- a. فراغت istifrāgh, (inf. x. of فراغت s. m. Vomiting.
- A. استفسار istifsār, (inf. x. of فسر he explained.) s. m. Searching for information, asking an explanation, inquiry, interrogation.
- A. مانها istifham, (inf. x. of فهم) s.m.

  Desiring or seeking information; inquiry, interrogation, asking questions

  An interrogative

- مینفهامی istifhāmā, adj. Interroga-A. استفهامیه tive.
- A. ستقامت istiqāmat, (inf. x. of قيام
  - s. f. Standing erect; durability, residence, stability, integrity.
- A. Juiin istique, (inf. x. of inf. x. of inf. x. of the came in front, he accepted.) s. m. l. The ceremony of meeting and receiving a visitor. 2. Futurity.
- s. m. Absolute power, absoluteness, resolution, perseverance.
- istikrāh, (inf. x. of کره)

  8. f. Aversion, abhorrence, reluctance.
- s. m. Seeking the manifestation, exposition or laying open (of any thing).
- s. m. l. Seeking the completion or perfection (of any thing). 2. Completion, bringing to perfection.
- A. الزوم istilzām, (inf. x. of لزوم) s. m.
  - 1. Rendering necessary. 2. Necessity.
- istimā\*, (inf. VIII. of سمع)

  8. m. Hearing, listening (to music,
  - s. m. Hearing, listening (to music, &c. particularly). 2. Tidings, rumour.
- s. f. Gaining over, conciliating, prevailing upon, soothing, consolation, encouragement.
- a. استمدال istimdād, (inf. x. of مدلا)
  s. f. Begging assistance.
- a. مرور istimrār, (inf. x of مرور) s. m. Continuation, perseverance.
- A. مزج istimzāj, (inf. x. of منرج)
  - s. Searching out one's purpose, sounding one's intention, asking an opinion.
- A. buind istimbat, (inf. x. of bui) s. m. Drawing out, extraction, deduction.
- A. | istinjā, (inf. x. of ) s. m.

  Purification after the offices of nature;
  making water.

- s. m. 1. Throwing water into the nostrils when performing the wazū.
  2. Snuffing up the air or odours, &c.
- استوا ه. istiwa, (inf. VIII. of سوي Was equal) s. Parallelism, equality.
- عندار على stuwār, adj. Firm, strong.
- asthēn or sthēn, (स्थान r. स्थान To stand.) s. m. Place, abode, residence.
- a. استهزا istihsī, (inf. x. of استهزا s. m. Derision, laughing at, joke.
- s. m. 1. Seeking the death or ruin of any one. 2. Ruining, destroying, consuming.
- a. استهال istihlil, (inf. x. of الله)
  s. m. The appearing of the new moon.
- a. استیصال istisāl, (inf. x. of اصل)

  s. m. Eradicating, pulling up by the roots, destroying.
- a. istīb, (inf. x. of e)

  s. m. Taking the whole, extirpating;
  asking in a present.
- A. استیا istilā, (inf. x. of ولي) s. m. Predominance, conquest.
- P. آستين آ astin, s. f. A sleeve, cuff.

  A domestic enemy,

  an enemy who wears the mask of friendship.
- is'ḥāq, n. prop. Isaac.
- asad, s. m. The lion, leo (the sign of the zodiac).
- s. اسده a-suddh, (अशुद्ध (अ and शुद्ध Pure, correct.) adj. Incorrect, impure.
- g. Jard, (河河口) s. m. Means of defence or protection, reliance, hope, asylum, refuge, shelter, abode, house.
- A. اسرار asrār, s. plur. (of بنر) Secrets, confidential concerns.

- isrār, (inf. IV. of سر) s. 1. Concealment, keeping secret. 2. Disclosure, revealing of a secret.
- s. m. Prodigality, abase of wealth, extravagance, ruin.
- of an angel who, it is said, will sound the last trumpet at the resurrection.

  2. A seraph.
- اسرائيل isrāyīl, n. prop. Israel.
- हुं. آسربان कsirbīd, (आशीर्वाद) s. m.
  Benediction, blessing.
- Abode, residence. 2. A religious order (of which there are four kinds referable to the different periods of life: as, 1st. That of the brahmachārī, or student: 2nd. That of the grihastha, or householder: 3rd. That of the rānuprastha, or anchorite: and 4thly. That of the bhikshu, or beggar).
- اسطبل istabl, s. m. A stable. (Lat. stabulum).
- G. اسطرلاب usturlāb, s. m. An astrolabe.
- G. اسطوخودوس istūkhūdūs, s. Shrubby lavender.
- A. اسعل as'ad, adj. compar. (of سعلد)

  More or very fortunate, or happy.
- م اسفار asfār, s. plur. (of سفار sifr)

  Volumes, registers.
- P. اسفاناج isfānāj, (or اسفاناج isfānaj)
  s. m. Spinach.
- م. لفسا asfal, adj. compar. (of سافل) م
- Inferior, the lowest. The lowest hell.
- dumpling. A sponge, a yeast
- P. اسفند یار iefandiyīr, n. prop. The

son of Circle of the first dynasty of Persian kings.

- P. اسفهان iefahān, n. prop. the capital of Persian عراق (the ancient Parthia).
- A. اسقاط isqāt, (inf. Iv. of اسقاط He fell, &c.) s. m. 1. Causing to fall; procuring an abortion, miscarrying, miscarriage, taking away, dying (of cattle). 2. Giving alms for fasting or prayers omitted.
- A. اساقفه usquf, (Pl. ماقفه), A bishop.
- is-qadar, To this degree, thus much, so much, thus.
- g. UKul uskānā, (r. 39 Bern) v. a. To light a fire or candle; to excite, to instigate.
  - इ. बिskat or askat, (अशक्ति Inability, from अशक्त unable.) s. f. Laziness, tardiness. Phrase. The thief of time; castle of indolence.

Eastern Proverb.

ہاتھ کی آسکت مُنه میں موچہ Lazy hands, moustache in mouth.

- اسكندر .a. اسكندر iskandar, n. prop. Alexander.
- اسکندریه iskandarīya, n. prop. Alexandria in Egypt.
- عالی asgandh or isgandh, (अध-गन्धा from अश्व Horse, and गन्ध smell) s. m. Name of a plant used medicinally.
- A. Lilul aslāf, s. plur. (of Lilu) Ancestors.
- A. سلم islām, (inf. IV. of سلم Was safe, entire, at peace.) s. m. The Muhammadan religion, orthodoxy (according to Muhammadans), obedience to the will of God, submission.
- islāmbol, Constantinople.

- islām-ī, s. m. f. A Muhammadan, a believer. (Pers. plur. (اسلاميان
- A. مدالسا islāmiğa, adj. Faithful, or-
- A. سالوب اسلوب uslūb, s. m. Manner, mode, method; arrangement, form.
- A. ism, s. m. Name, a noun.

The great name, i.e., of God; the word  $h\bar{n}$ , applied to God. Name coinciding with the named, or name fitly denoting the qualities of the named. اسم جامد A noun primitive. اسم جلالي The name of God. اسم جمالي A name importing something good or beautiful. اسم جنس A noun appellative or generic. اسم حاليه Present participle. اسم صفت A concrete noun or adjective.

- A. اسمأ حسني asmā-i-ḥusnā, The best, (or the ninety-nine sacred) names (of
- ismā'īl, n. prop. Ishmael, son of Abraham.
- P. اس قعmān, (comp. of اسمال A millstone, and Like.) s. m. The sky, the firmament, heaven, the celes-To fly on the آسمان پر اڙنا To fly on the آسمان پرقدم رکهنا .sky, to boast, brag To give one's self airs, to aspire, to be the sky to آسمان توت پڙنا fall) To be excessively grieved [...] To fall from the clouds, is applied, particularly by women, to signify an acquisition that has been made

suddenly and unexpectedly, without labour or care, and the value of which is inconsiderable. عربی المان گیری s.f. (dakh.) A canopy or cloth fastened to the ceiling of a room, a cope.

Book from heaven, i. e., the Psalms of David, or the Law of Moses, or the Gospel of Jesus, or the Quran of Muhammad.

- A. استعيل isma'il, n. prop. Ishmael.
- s. [., बंsan, (आसन (r. आस To sit.) s. m. l. A stool, a seat, a small carpet on which the Hindus sit at prayer, a carpet to sit on. 2. Stay, abiding, posture, attitude, sitting (especially, the attitudes adopted by jogis in their devotional exercises, of which they enumerate eighty-four). 3. The inside or under part of the thigh. 4. The withers of an elephant, the part where To come آس تلی آنا.To come under subjection. آسن جوڙنا To sit آسی سی آس جوڙنا .on the hams To sit close in contact with another person. السي لكان To sit obstinately in a given posture till one's request be To sit (partiobtained. cularly in an attitude practised by jogis or devotees), to retain one's sent firmly on horseback.
- ള. المَّانَة āsin, (आश्चिन) s. m. The sixth Hindū month, Aswīja. September— October.
- s. ्रा āsan, (असन or आसन) s. m. The name of a tree on which the tasar silk-worm feeds.
- H. Limi usnā, part. (from Limi) Boiled.
- A. Jimi asnād, s. plur. (of Jim q. v.)
  Grants, law papers in general, deeds
  sanads, warrants.
- ing one thing the prop or support of another, alleging on the authority of another.

- aswār, (의원리진) s. m. Cavalry a horseman: mounted, riding on (any thing, as a ship, &c.).
- is-uāste, For this reason, because.
- aswad, adj. Black, blacker, blacker,
- P. آسودگنی āsūda-aī, s. f. Quiet, peace content.
- P. المولاة عَالَم مَعْلَم adj. At rest, quiet, satisfied, المولاة حال or المولاة حال Full, at ease, in easy circumstances, comfortable composed, dc.
- H.A. is-waqt, This time, now.
- H.A. waqt, That time, then.
- s. اسوني aswinī, (अधिनी) s. f. The first of the twenty-four constellations in the moon's path; hence, considered its mansions.
- A. السهال is'hāl, (inf. Iv. of السهال s. m. Loosening, purging, diarrhæa; السهال Bloody flux.
- A. اسہل as'hal, adj. compar. (of سہل)
  More or most easy.
- ष्ट्र اسي assi, (अशीत) adj. Eighty.
- P. Lun āsiyā, s. f. A mill, watermill.
- (generally meaning such misfortune as is the consequence of the shadow of a demon having fallen on one, and the like), trouble, calamity, damage.
- asīr, s. m. A prisoner, a captive. اسير آب وگل Attached to
  one's native land.
- s. اسیر usīr, उशीर s. f. A fragrant root of grass, used in making taṭṭīs
  (Pers. خس)

- P. مُثَا قَعْه , s. f. Gruel, pottage.
- اشارت ishārat, s. f. (inf. IV of
- A. اشاره ishāra, s. m. (شور Sign, wink, signal, hint, beck, allusion. اسم اشاره A demonstrative pronoun.
- P. مَامُ عَلَيْ عَلَى āshām, part. act. (of اَشَامِيدُنَ)
  in compos. Drinking, drinker.
- s. m. Doubt, ambiguity: comparison, likening.
  - s. m. Confirming, strengthening, in-creasing in violence.
- P. اشتر ushtur, (궁렇) s. m. A camel.
  - هريل ishtirā, (inf. viii. of شريل) в. т.
    Buying, selling, commerce.
  - ishtirāk, (inf. VIII. of شرکت) s. m. Partnership, participation, communion.
  - a. اشتعال ishti'āl, (inf. VIII. of شعله)
    s. m. f. Inflaming, burning, instigating a quarrel.
  - a.P. اشتعالک ishti'ālak, (dimin. of اشتعال) s.f. A small flame; a quarrel.
  - s. m. Occupation, employment, study, business.
  - ishtiqīq, (inf. viii. of شق ishtiqīq, (inf. viii. of شق)
    B. m. Defivation of one word from another, etymology.
  - a. اشتمال ishtimāl, (inf. VIII. of شمل)
    s. m. Comprehension, containing.
  - s. f. Appetite, desire, hunger.
  - s. m. Publication, notification, advertisement, proclamation.
  - ashtī, s. f. Peace, concord, reconciliation, agreement.

- A. شوق ishtiyaq, (inf. viii. of شوق)
  s. m. Wish, strong inclination.
- s. আইনি ashta dhāt, (সমূ Eight, and সানু Metai) s. m. The eight metals, said to be gold. silver, copper, brass, tin, bell-metal (or steel), lead and iron.
- هجار ۱ مجشاً ashjār, s. plur. (of مجش) Trees.
- ash<u>kh</u>ā;, s. plur. (of شخص)
  Persons.
- A. ما ashadd, adj. compar. (of شدید)

  More or most vehement, severe.
- s. ४८०० a-shuddh, (अ and शुद्ध) Pure) adj. Incorrect, impure.
- ashrār, s. plur. (of شرير) Wicked, criminal, seditious (people).
- مریف ashrāf, s. plur. (of شریف but often applied to an individual). Nobles, grandees, gentlemen, men of high extraction.
- s. m. Rising (of the sun), lustre.
- A. اشراقي ishrā q-ī, adj. Eastern, having the splendour of the east. اشراقيي The eastern people; Saracens.
- A. اشرف ashraf, adj. compar. (of اشرف اشرف ) More or most noble. اشرف The most excellent of created beings; mankind.
- ealled. (The Calcutta ashrafī is worth £1. 11s. 8d.).
- A. اشعار ash'ār, s. plur. (of شعر) Verses, poems.
- A. اشغال ashghāl, s. plur. (of شغل)
  Labours, occupations.
- A. اشفاق ashfāq, s. plur. (of شفق) Kindnesses, favours.
- P. شفتگي āshufta-gī, s. f. Distraction, uneasiness, misery.

- P. منفقاً Ashufta, adj. Distracted, distressed, deeply in love, uneasy. حال Distressed in condition, embarrassed. حاطر Afflicted in mind, disquieted uneasy.
- P. عداد اشک ashk, s. m. A tear, tears. اشک part. act. Weeping, shedding tears.
- P. الشكار āshkār, adj. Apparent, clear,
   P. الشكار āshkārā, known, public.
- A. اشكال ashkāl, s. plur. (of شكل)
  Forms, figures, shapes.
- A. اشكان ishkāl, (inf. Iv. of شكان s. m. Ambiguity, difficulty, suspicion; painfulness.
- H. UKil ushkānā, s. (dakh.) To set on a dog, send a dog after.
- A.H. With ishkāl-nā, v. (dakh.) To find fault, to excite suspicion.
- ع. شلوك ashlok, (新南) s. m. Verse, distich.
- ashlekhā, (or ashleshā, (अञ्च षा) s. m. The name of the ninth lunar mansion.
- A. ما ishmām, (inf. IV. of مثم s. m.
  - 1. Diffusing dour, shedding perfume.
    2. Giving to a quiescent consonant a slight sound of samm or kasr, but so as not to lengthen the syllable or

خویش make a syllable more; as in

- P. انشآ قال برست f. An acquaintance, lover, friend. اشنا پرست Friendly, attentive to friends, obliging.
- s. اشنای ashnān, (सान) s. m. Bathing; purification of the Hindus by water.
- P. آشوب dshob or dshub, s. m. 1.

  Tumult, clamour. 2. Terrer. 3. Misfortune. 4. Storm, tempest. 5. An impostor.

- s. اشوميده ashwa-medh, (अश्वमंघ) s.m
  The ceremony of sacrificing a horse.
- s. اشوني ashwinī, (अश्विनी) s. f. Name of the first lunar mansion.
- white colour, in which the white prevails: grey (a horse), ash or duncoloured (a camel or mule).
- tense, I bear witness. الشهد أن لا إلله ash'hadu, v. 1st pers. pres.

  tense, I bear witness. الشهد أن لا إلله ash'hadu an lā ilāha illā-llāh,

  I bear witness that there is no God but God.
- ashhar, adj. compar. (from شهرت) More or most celebrated or known.
- A. اشيا ashyā, s. plur. (of شي Things, effects.
- P. آشیان āshiyān, s. m. A bird's
- P. منایش ashiyāna. ا nest.
- A. مغر aṣāghir, adj. plur. (of اصغر)

  Little, mean, contemptible, poor.
- s. f. Firmness, integrity, genuineness, the being well rooted, constancy, solidity of judgment, essentiality, nobleness.
- A. اصالتا aṣālatan, adv. Originally, personally.
- Lords, masters, companions, apostles (In composition the word signifies.)

  Possessed of; as Learned men, &c.

  companions (of the prophet), the four Khalifs immediately succeeding Muhammad.

  hammad.

  of the cave, i. e., the seven sleepers.
- a. مدر isdar, (inf. 1v. of صدار s. m. Producing, appearing, issuing.

- a. اعرار iṣrār, (inf. 1v. of عر) s. m. Persisting, perseverance, obstinacy.
- a. أصرف iṣrīf, (inf. 1v. of صرف)

  s. m. Expenditure, waste, prodigality. اصراف كرنا v. a. To squander, dissipate, &c.
- مبغ istibūgh, (inf. viii. of صبغ He stained) s. m. Imbuing, dipping; baptism.
- A. مطبل istabl, s. m. A stable.
- G. اصطرلاب usturlāb, s. f. An astrolabe.
- 8. f. A phrase, phraseology, style, idiom, mode of speaking peculiar to a language or dialect, the correct metaphorical sense of a word in opposition to its mere literal or verbal signification; technical term, figure in rhetoric. (Pl. (ball-).
- technical. اعطلاحي معني Idiomatical اعطلاحي معني Idiomatical tical meaning or acceptance.
- مغیر asghar, adj. compar. (of صغیر)
  Less, very little, least, mean.
- a:sir, s. plur. (of صفر sifr) Ciphers.
- معر asfar, adj. Yellow.
  - P. اسفهان isfahān, n. prop. See اسفهال
  - A. صفي anniyā, s. plur. (of صفي) The pure, the just, the saints.
  - original, foundation. 2. Lineage.
    3. Capital, principal sum, stock in

- trade. اصل نام Original name (in opposition to what is distinguished by arf).
- A. Lol aslā or astan, adv. In the least, at all, by no means, never, not at all.
- A. حلی islāḥ (inf. IV. of حلی Prospered, was fit) s. f. Correction, amendment, adjustment; dressing the beard (by a barber). اصلاح پذیر هونا To become corrected. اصلاح کرنا To correct, to amend.
- aṣlu-s-sūs, s. m. Liz quorice.
- A. Jol aslī, adj. Original, radical, fundamental, essential, natural, native, genuine, principal; noble, of a noble family.
- asli-yat, s. f. Originality, essentiality, genuineness, nobleness.
- ber (in arithmetic) opposed to منطق The square root of a surd.
- A. <u>dial</u> aṣnāf, s. plur. (of <u>dial</u>)
  Sorts, kinds.
- موت q. v. اصوات aswāt, B. plur. of
- A. اصل uṣūl, s. plur. (of اصل) Roots, fundamentals, a musical mode or tone; manners. اصول فاخته (mode of the dove) One of the seventeen modes of music اصول و فروع f. Roots and branches, causes and effects.
- a. اميل aṣīl, adj. Well born, noble, gennine: (in Hind.) s. f. A maidservant.
- Addition, adjunct, reference, annexion; construction of one noun with another.
- A. اضافته البيرة أضافته annexion, augmentation, attribute.

- s. m. Agitation, restlessness, anxiety.
- iștirābī, s. f. Agitation. hurry, impatience, precipitation.
- s. m. Violence, compulsion, agitation, despair, the last extremity.
- اضطرار See اضطرار في الفطراري . في اضطراري . في
- مُعفُ عَبْ أَمْ عَالَى الْعَالَى aṣ'āf, adj. plur. (of ضعف عُنْ أَمْ) Double.
- A. نعيف قعنه aṣ'af, adj. compar. (of نعيف) Very weak or helpless, most impotent.
- A. clio așlă, s. plur. (of sil,)
  Ribs, sides; districts, divisions (of land); convexities, arches.
- a. اطوع بيق الماعت. (inf. IV. of عبر الماعت)

  8. f. Obeying, submission, reverence, worshipping. اطاعت كرنا To obey.
- A. اطبیا aṭibbā, s. plur. (of طبیب)
  Physicians.
- A. طرف atraf, s. f. plur. (of طرف)

  Sides, environs, confines, skirts, outparts, districts.
- اتري پهل itrīfal, s. See اطريفل
- A. معلی العمد at'sima, s. plur. (of طعام Viands, victuals.
- A. الطفا it fa, (inf. Iv. of طفا Was extinguished) s. m. Extinction (of fire).
- A. اطفل agfāl, s. plur. (of طفل) Children.
- A. وطلوع ittila\*, (inf. VIII. of طلوع) s. f.

  Manifesting, notice, declaring, information, notification, اطلاع كرنا To

  acquaint, inform, apprize. اطلاعنامه A written declaration or notification, a notice in writing.
- a. طلق iţlāq, (inf. Iv. of طلق) s. m.
  l. Setting at liberty; divorcing, repudiating; disengagedness; freedom.

- 2. Application; reference. 3. This term is applied to the office and records of dastaks (demands or summonses) and talabana (fees on their delivery.)

  The person who keeps
- The person who keeps the dastak accounts.
- atlas, s. m. Satin.
- a. اطمان itminan. (inf. IV. of طهان)

  s. T. Tranquillity, rest, repose, quiet,

  security. اطمینان خاطر Peace of mind.
- A. بالفاب aṭnāb, s. plur. (of طنب)
  Tent-ropes.
- اطوار ه. ما atwar, s. m. plur. (of طور)

  Manners, modes, methods, ways, behaviour, habits, خوش اطوار Well-mannered, well-bred.
- A. اطهر ag'hār, adj. plur. (of طاهر)
  Pure, chaste.
- A. اظلم aglam, adj. compar. (of ظالم)

  More or most unjust, tyrannical, &c.
- A. ظهور ig'hār, (inf. IV. of ظهور) s. m.

  Manifestation, revelation, publication;
  a declaration in a court of justice or
  before police officers.
- A. طاهر ag'har, adj. compar. (of ظاهر)

  Very clear, more evident. اظہر من

  Clearer than the sun.
- A. تاعادا ن'ādat, s. f. ) (inf. ۱۷. of عود)
- something a second time, repetition, revision, returning.
- A. عون s. f. عون s. f. عون s. f. عانت Help, aid, assistance, favour.
- passed over) s. m. Confidence, trust, reliance. L. Taking as an example, reasoning by comparison.
- A. ينباري اعتباري i tibiri, adj. Of credit, trustworthy, credible; a confidant.

- a. اعتدال itidal, (inf. VIII. of عدل s.m. Evenness, moderation, temperateness.
- A. عذر i<sup>z</sup>tigār, (inf. vIII. of عذر) s. m. Excuse, apology.
- a. أعتراض i\*tires, (inf. viii. of عرض)
  s. f. Opposition, refusing assent, objection, discussion, criticism.
- a. اعتراف i\*tirāf, (inf. viii. of عرف)
  s. m. Confession, acknowledgment.
- A. اعتزال i<sup>\*</sup>tizāl (inf. VIII. of عزل s. m. Secession, abdication.
- s. m. Abstaining from sin or what is unlawful.
- A. اعتقار i²tiqād, (inf. viii. of عقد) s. m. Confidence, faith, belief.
- s. m. 1. Continuing in the temple or mosque (especially at Mecca, and engaged in prayer). 2. Restraining, curbing the passions from religious motives (as in Lent).
- 8. m. Reliance, trust, confidence.
- A. الناد نام وند Was concerned or afflicted) s. f. Care, attention, study, labour.
- A. الجذاء أعجاز العبار عبيرة العبار عبيرة العبار عبيرة العبار العبار مسلحاً لله B. m. Disappointment; miracle, wonder, surprise. العباز مسلحاً لله A cure as miraculous as the cures of the Messiah, a miraculous cure.
- A. عجوبة urjūba, s. Wonder, miracle, oprodigy.
- مدر a da, s. plur. (of عدد) Enemies.
  - The notation of the vowel points, the vowel or discritical points. ¶ a rāb, The Arabs or race of Arabs inhabiting the desert.
  - A. عرابي arābī, s. m. An Arab of the

- a. عرض العراض المراض المراض العراض s. m. Aversion, avoiding, dislike.
- أعراف المعالمة المعا
- A. اعزات i\*عقد, (inf. IV. of عزات) s. m. Honouring, magnifying, respect.
- A. اعزيز a'sissā, adj. comp. plur. (of عزيز)
  The most excellent, worthy or dear.
- A. lac | a'sāb, s. plur. (of lac)

  Nerves, tendons, ligaments.
- A. اغضا هُوَّهُ عَلَى Members, limbs; اعضا اعضا The principal. members, vital parts, i. e., heart, brain, liver, testicles.
- A. مانيم a\*gam, adj. compar. (of عظيم)
  Greater, greatest.
- A. اعلي q. v. اعلي q. v.
- Proclaiming, teaching; distinction, distinguishing (one's self in battle); a notification, a warrant.
- A. على المارة ا
- A. الحال a<sup>\*</sup>māl, s. m. plur. (of الحال Actions, &c. مدنا الحال المال The book in which the deeds of the good and of the bad are recorded.
- a<sup>2</sup>mā, adj. Blind.
- A. عول a معرف a معرف اعول Aids, assistances, aidors, assistants.
- A. اليد a<sup>2</sup>yān, s. plur. (of يبد) Eyes; grandees, nobles.
- T. اغاً aghā, s. m. Lord, chief, master.
- P. اغاز āghās, s. m. Beginning, commencement.

- Taking or seizing as plunder or as a prize, seizing.
- Lausing to drown, submersion; (in poetry) exaggeration of praise or censure, which may appear possible though improbable.
- P. dine i aghashta, part. Moistened, macerated, mixed, polluted.
- H. كذا aghal, s. A bar, bolt.
- 1. The being abstruse or difficult to be understood, abstruseness. 2. An obstacle.
- A. اغلان aghlāl, s. plur. (of غل) Yokes, ohains.
- A. مال ighlām, (inf. IV. of علم) s. m.
  1. Inflaming with desire, provoking to venery. 2. Sodomy.
- A. فَاضَ ighmāṣ, (inf. IV. of غُضُ s. m. Dissimulation, connivance, ogling, coquetry. انجاض کرنا To wink or connive at.
- مانی اغنیا ه aghniyā, s. plur. (of غنی) Independent, rich.
- A. أغوا ighwā, (inf. IV. of غوي Erred, acted perversely) s. m. Seduction, temptation, instigation.
- ع. آغوش قghosh, s. f. Embrace, bosom.
- A. غير aghyār, s. plar. (of غير) Strangers, foreigners, rivals.
- A سأ uf or uff, interj. Fie! pish! for shame! alas! oh! اف كرنا 1. To disapprove of, to lament. اف هرجانا To become ruined.
- A. النس afāt, s. plur. (of النس) Calamities, misfortunes, evils, dangers.

- A. آفت آفت Horizons, افت المنت Horizons, quarters of the heaven or of the earth, regions.
- e. ناقات ifāqat, s. f. } (inf. iv. of
- valescence, recovery from sickness or from a swoon, &c.
- A. إنسن āfat, (Sans. आपत). s. f. Calamity, misfortune.
- P. نتاب قftāb, s. m. Thesun, sunshine.
- P. قالنه aftāba, s. m. An ewer.
- P. افتار part. pass. (of
- P. افتادی په Fallen, افتادی Fallen, lying flat, poor, wretched, helpless, oppressed. (Plur. افتادگای)
- P. افقادگی uftādagī, s. f. A falling, tumbling; weakness, helplessness.
- P. افقان وخيزان uftān oghezān, Now falling now rising; with much ado.
- iftikhār, (inf. VIII. of فخر)
  - s. m. Glory, honour, gracefulness.
- A. أفري s. f. m. فري s. f. m. Calumny, false imputation, scandal.
- duals single ones, singular numbers, sheets (of paper).
- A. افران ifrād, (inf. Iv. of فرك ) s. th.
  Withdrawing from society.
- part. act. in افراش afrāz, (or افران به part. act. in compos. (from افراختی or افراختی Exalting, raising.
- e. افراسیاب afrāsiyāb, Name of an ancient king, who from Tartary invaded. Persia, and was elain by Rustam.

- عراط افراط المراط (inf. IV. of فرط s. m. f. Excess, superfluity, abundance.
- afranjī, adj. European, French.
- P. افروخته afrokhta, part. pass. (of افروختی) Inflamed, lighted.
- P. افروز afros, part. act. in compos.

  (from افروختن) Illuminating, kindling, enlightening.
- P. آفرید گار آ قرید گار آ قرید گار آ
- P. قریده āfrīda, part. pass. (of آفریده)

  Created, creature.
- P. آفرین قارته or afarin, s. f. Praise' applause, ¶interject. Bravo! well done! part. (in compos.) Creating, creator; as جہاں آفرین Creator of the world.
- P. آفرینش āfrīnish or āfarīnish, s. f. Creation.
- P. آفریننده āfrīnanda or āfarīnanda,
  part. Creator.
- P. افزول afsā, part. act. (of افزول in compos. Increasing.
- P. افزایش afsā-jsh, s. f. Increase.
- P. افزود afsūd, s. m. Increase, addition, abundance. adj. More, superfluous.
- P. افزون afzūn, adj. Increasing, more, manifold, much.
- P. افزوني afzūnī, s. f. Increase, abun-dance.
- ance. افسانه کو or افسانه خوان story-teller, romance-teller.
- P. is afsar, s. m. f. A crewn, a diadem.
- afsurda-gī, s. f. Frozenness, dejection, melancholy, lowness or depression of spirits.

- G. افسنتين afsantīn, s. Wormwood.
- P. افسوس afsos, s. m. Sorrow, regret, a pity. ¶ interj. Ah! alas! افسوس To sigh, to regret, grieve, mourn.
- spell, verses used in spells or enchantment, fascination, sorcery.
- P. افسون گر afsūn-gar, s. m. An enchanter, a sorcerer, magician.
- A. افشا ifshā, (inf. IV. of فشي Was spread abroad) s. m. Divulging, publishing.
- P. افشاندن afshān, part. (of افشاندن)
  Scattering, shedding, dispersing, scatterer, (used in composition chiefly; as

  Strewing roses).
- P. انشرن afshurda, part. pass. (of انشرن) Pressed, squeezed out, filtered.
- A. انصی afsah, adj. compar. (of فصیع)

  Very eloquent, speaking very correctly.
- A. انضال afṣāl, s. plur. (of نضل)
  Graces, virtues, favours.
- A. افضل afṣal, adj. compar. (of فاضل)

  More or most excellent, pre-eminent.
- a. افطار کرنا iftār, (inf. IV. of افطار کی s. m.

  Breaking a fast. افطار کرنا To break

  one's fast in the evening after fasting
  all day, as the Musalmans do during
  the month of Ramazān.
- A. إفطاري iftarī, s. Things proper for fast-breaking.
- A. انعل of al, s. plur. (of نعل) Actions.

- انعول  $af\hat{a}$ , (vulg.  $af\hat{i}$ ) s. m. A serpent, basilisk, asp, viper.
- 2. n. prop. A people, called also Bathāns, inhabiting the hilly country to the N. W. of Lähaur. In their history, they pretend to derive their origin, as well as name, from Afghān, whom they account a grandson of Malik Tālūt (king Saul). As to religion, they are Muhammadans, notwithstanding the claim they set up to a Jewish extraction. (Plur. Arab. ما النفان).
- 4. افق ufuq, s. m. l. The horizon.
  2. A tract or region of the earth.
  3. (poet.) The world.
- askār, s. plur. (of فكر) Thoughts, cares. meditations. opinions, counsels.
- P. انگار afgār, 1. adj. Wounded. 2. s. A sore on the back of beasts of burthen.
- P. افكن afgan, part. in compos. (of library) Casting, throwing down.
- P. افلندگي afgandagī, (in compos.) s. f.
  Throwing, casting.
- P. انگنی afganī, (in compos.) s. f.
  Throwing, casting.
- a. افلاس iftās, (inf. IV. of فلس) s. m. Poverty, penusy, indigence.
- A. H. iflāsī, s. f. Poverty.
- ه. انلاطن aflātūn, n. prop. Plato.
- A. افلاک aflāk, s. plur. (of فلک The heavens, heavenly bodies.
- A. فوج afwāj, s. plur. (of فوج) Armies, فوج A victorious army; the imperial or his Majesty's forces.
- A. افواة afwīh, plur. (of فواة المواة) 1. s. m. Mouths. 2. s. f. Doubtful news. 3. Fame, report, rumour, hearsay.
- afim, अफ्न, अफ्न, अफ्न, (corrup.
   of افيون) a, f. Opium.

- H. فيم چي afīm-chī, adj. Opium-eater; (fig.)
- H. افیمی afiman,adj. f.
  - H. افیمي افیمی afīmī, adj. m.
    - Opium bird, i. e., opium-eater.
- A. افيون afyūn, s. f. Opium, the inspissated juice of the Papaver somniferum.
- P. آقا āqā, s. m. Master, owner. (Turk.
- aqārib, s. plur. (of قريب) Relatives.
- aqāqiyā, s. Acacia, the expressed juice of the fruit of the acacia tree, or of the قلقل qilqil.
- A. اقلیم aqālīm, s. plur. (of اقلیم)
  Climes, climates, regions.
- A. قيام liqimat, (inf. Iv. of قيام) s.f.
  Resting, staying, abode, dwelling.
- a. اقبل iqbāl, (inf. IV. of قبل) s. m.

  1. Prosperity, good fortune. 2. (in law) Admission (of a claim or of a criminal charge), acceptance (of a bond, &c.). اقبال His good fortune, &c.
- P. اقبالمند iqbāl-mand, adj. Prosperous, fortunate.
- P. اقبالمندي iqbāl-mandī, s. f. Prosperity, good luck.
- s. m. Borrowing (fire from another); acquiring, procuring, asking, quotation.
- s. f. Following, imitation; following the imām in prayer.
- A. اقتدار iqtidar, (inf. VIII. of قدر) s. m.

  Power, authority; dignity.
- A. اقتصار iqtiṣār, (inf. VIII. of قصر) s. m.
  Abbreviation, abridgment.

- ه. ساز نفی iqtişā, (inf. VIII. of قضی) s. m. Demand, requisition, exigency.
- a. اقدام iqdām, (inf. IV. of قدام s. m. The causing to go before; the being before, resolution, firmness, attention.
- A. اقدس aqdas, adj. compar. (from قدس) Very, er most holy, most sacred.
- ه. نوار iqrār, (inf. rv. of قرار) s. m. Con fession, avowal, affirmation, promise, agreement, acknowledgment اقرار نامته s. m. Written agreement, bond.
  - aqrān, s. plur. (of قربی) Equals, contemporaries.
  - A. اقربا aqribā, s. plur. (of اقربا) Kindred, relatives, friends.
  - A. اقسام aqsām, s. f. plur. (of قسام) Sorts, kinds, different sorts.
  - aqiā, adj. compar. (of قصا)
  - Extreme, most dis-ه و aqeā, اقصى الم tant; the extreme, extremely.
  - ه. وقطع iqtat, (inf. IV. of قطع s. Cutting, lopping; assignment of lands (from a prince to a subject).
  - A. اقلیل aqall, adj. compar. (of اقلیل) Less, least.
  - A. اقليم iqlīm, s. m. Clime, climate, region, country.
  - A. قول aqwāl, s. plur. (of قوال Mords, sayings, agreements, promises.
- A. قوم aqwām, s. plur. (of قوم) Tribes, people, nations, castes.
  - এ ি āk, 1. (अक्त) s. m. Curled flowered gigantic swallow-wort. s.m. A sprout of sugarcane.
  - parablé, unique. 2. s. m. An ear-

- ring of a single pearl. 3. An ornament worn on the wrist, often hollow, containing perfume. 4. A candlestick holding one candle (see &)
- اكبر akābir, adj. plur. (of اكبر) The great, people of rank. اكابر واصاغر High and low, rich and poor.
- s. , ४। ā-kār, (आकार) . s. m. Form, appearance.
- ا كارته akārat, adj. see اكارت
- ब्र. اكارته akārath, (अकार्य्य) adj. Unprofitable, fruitless, vain.
- s. اكاس ākās, (or akās, आकाश) s. m. The fifth element, ether; the sky, the atmosphere, the heavens, the firmament, space. (This element is held by the Hindus to be more subtle than air, to fill and pervade the universe, and to be the peculiar vehicle of life and sound). آگاس بانی s. f. A voice from heaven; revelation, an oracle.
- ब. كاسى ikāsī, (एकाशीति) adj. Eighty-
- A. اكل akkāl, adj. superl. (of كل اكل) A glutton, a gormandizer.
- ا کانوي يو ikānarowe, (एकनवित) adj. Ninety-one.
- ه. ناون ikāwan, (एकपंचाशत्) Fifty-one.
- ع. اكبار) One time, once.
- A. اكبر akbar, adj. compar. (of اكبر) Greater, very great, greatest; name of an Emperor of India.
- A. P. اكبري akbarī, adj. Relating to Akbar; a sort of sweetmeat. اكبري A gold coin worth sixteen اشرفي
- ع. اكتاليس في iktālīs, (एक) adj. 1. Single, incom- اكتاليس أنه iktālīs, (एकचलारिंशत्) adj. Forty-one.

- uktānā, (उत् and r. कि Grieve)
  v. n. 1. To fret, to be melancholy.
  2. To be tired of, disgusted. with e. g.
  روز دال کہاتے کہاتے جی اکتا گیا
- a. اکتساب iktisāb, (inf. VIII. of بسک)

  a. m. Acquisition, gain.
- a اکتفا iktifā, (inf. vIII. of کفایت)

  8. f. Sufficiency, competence, contentment. اکتفا کرنا To be or rest satisfied.
- e. اکتی aktī, (अगस्ति) s. f. The agaty tree.
- ्रिकतिंशत्) adj. Thirty-one.
- a اگتها ikaṭhā or ikaṭṭhā, (एक One, and स्थान Place) adj. Collected together, in one place.
- A. اکثر akear, adj. compar. (of کثیر)

  Most, very much, frequent; adv. Generally, for the most part, frequently,

  mostly, chiefly, often. اکثر اوقات

  At most times, generally.
- ik-dam. One moment.
- اكرام المرام ikrām, (inf. IV. of كرم) s. m.

  Honouring, complimenting, treating with attention and ceremony.
- اگراه اله ikrāh, (inf. IV. of کراه s. f. Aversion, abhorrence.
- اکرم ه akram, adj. compar. (of کریم)

  Very kind, merciful, generous.
- akar-bāz, (comp. of اگر and اگرباز and اگرباز) An affected person, a fop, a swaggerer.
- ع. اكرّبازي akar-bāsī, s. f. Strutting, airs.
- akar-bā'ī, s. f. The cramp.
- g. اگتا akarnā, (आकंचन) v. d. 1. To writhe, to be cramped, to have spasms or convulsions, to be contracted or

- drawn together, to become stiff. 2. To strut affectedly.
- ukrūn, s. m. The posture of sitting on the hams with the soles of the feet on the ground, to squat.
- E. Ulusi uksānā, v.a. 1. (causal of liusi)
  To raise; to raise (the wick of a candle), kindle, fan the flame; to persuade; to instigate.
- हें ناسته iksath, (एकपष्टि) adj. Sixty-
- ukasnā, (उत् and r. केस Move)
  v. n. To be excited, to be moved.
- netals to gold or silver; the philosopher's stone, an elizir; alchemy, chemistry.
- A. اكل و akl, s. m. Eating; food. اكل و Eating and drinking, meat and drink.
- s. Mī aklā, (আকুল Agitated) adj. m.
  1. Fleet, swift. 2. Peevish.
- Agitated, distressed) v. n. To be agitated, to be distracted, to be confused, to be out of order, to tire, to weary, to be astonished.
- ع. الكوتا ik-lautā, adj. Only, single, alone. An only son.
- A. الكيل الجبل iklīlu-l-jabal, (lit. the crown of the mountain) s., m. An herb smelling like frankincense, rosemary.
- A. الكيل الملك iklīlu-l-malık, (lit. the king's crown) s. m. Melilot.
- A. JUSI ikmāl, (inf. IV. of JUS) a, m. Perfecting, accomplishing.
- A. Usl akmal, adj. compar. (of Usb)

  More or most perfect, complete.
- A. akmah, adj. Blind, from birth, blind.
- A. اكناف aknāf, s. plur. (of كناف Borders, confines, environs.

P. اكنون aknūn, adv. Now.

ing up, extirpation, eradication.

Higgledy-piggledy, topsyturvy, pell-mell.

H. الهارة akhārā, s. m. A palæstra or place for wrestling, a scene, any place of assembly, a court or circus. اندر

v. a To root up, eradicate, extirpate, pluck up, dislocate.

e. اکہال ukhāl, (उद्गार) s. Vomiting, throwing up.

! اکہتر ik-hattar, (एकसप्तिति) adj.
Seventy-one.

H. "akkhar, adj. Undisciplined (soldier), barbarous.

Divide, tear) v. n. To be rooted up, plucked up or raised up, to slip out (as a bone, &c.) to be dislocated (as, a joint).

ब्र. اکهلي ukhlī, (उदूबल or उलूबल) s. f. A wooden mortar.

s. الْهَانَةُ a\_khanḍ, (अवंड) adj. Unbroken, whole, entire.

ब اکہی اللہ akhai, (for अक्षय, अ and क्षय Decay) adj. Everlasting, not liable to decay. اکہی برکش Name of a tree.

ع. اكهارنا سلامه سلام ukhernā, v. a. See اكهيرنا

e. الهيروانا ukherwānā, (caus. of الهيروانا على الهيروانا على v. a. To cause to pluck up.

H. اكيس ikkis, adj. Twenty-one.

ब्रह्में akeki, (एक One) adj. Alone, solitary.

v. a. To raise disturbance, to enrage, provoke. اگت جهانا v. a. To extinguish fre; to appease a ت کے برسنا, tumult, pacify a quarrel v n. To rain fire (applied to the extreme heat of the sun, or to a hot fire of cannon or musketry in battle). آگے ببولا ہونا۔ آگ بکولا ہونا v. s. To be in a whirlwind of passion; to be mad or foaming with rage. v. a. To speak idle words, to boast. اگت سلگانا v. a. To inflame; to excite sedition, foment a quarrel clandestinely. آگڪ کا مول Of great price. Uil v. a. To set on fire, inflame; to enrage, cause آکت لگا کی پانی لی disturbance. Under the compensation of which one has purposely excited, to play tricks, deceive. لنا v. n. To be set on fire, to be enraged, to be very hungry. کی پر بلی کا To put off, موت دهوندهنا یا مانکنا delay or excuse one's self on vain pretences. آگ لینی کو آنا To come to get fire (is spoken of a friend who goes to visit another and leaves اً گئ میں موت مانداللہ him quickly). Prov. Piss on the fire يا مسلمان ہو or become a Mohammedan. This proverb is said to have originated in the tyrannical reign of the Mughal Kings who forced Hindus to embrace Mohammadanism. اَكُ هُونا To be enraged.

ق. قرم آگا before) 8. m. The front, the forepart; the future; the time to come. The private parts of the body. قاضي جي اپنا آگا تو آگا تو گهانگو پيچهے کسي کو نصيحت کرنا آگا پيچها پيچه

the neck to the waist اگانیچها کرنا v. n. To hesitate, waver, boggle, demur, stand shill-I-shall-I اگانیهالنا To go forwards, to proceed.

- part. &c.) adv. Before, in front, forwards, further on, onward. s. f. The ropes with which a horse's fore feet are tied, the front, forepart. اگاری که مارنای To attack in front, to attack the advanced guard, to defeat a hostile army in pitched battle.
- to tie a horse by the fore and hind legs.
- g. Usi ugāl, (因而 and r. 可然 Eat)
  s. m. That which is spit out after chewing any thing (especially, betel leaf).
- ا کالدانی ugāl·dān, s. m. or اکالدانی s. f. A spitting-box.
- ع. اكانا ugānā, (caus. of اكانا) v. a. To cause to grow, &c.
- P. علا قوم قرم المعربة الكادل. Informed of, acquainted with, aware. الكادل dj.

  Vigilant, of an attentive mind. عرنا to inform, acquaint, caution.
- P. قوقه آگاهي قرقه آگاهي آگاهي آگاهي Information, intelligence.
- P. اگر agar, conj. If.
- ब्रह्म, (अगुर्ह) s. m. Wood of aloes, aloe wood.
- agrār, (from अप्रहार:) s. (dakh.) The Brahmans' quarter in any town, a village or town inhabited entirely by Brahmans. A grant of land given by kings to Brahmans for sustenance.
- P. اگرچهٔ agarchi, con). Although, though.
- agari, adj. Of the colour of

- اگر (i. e, wood of aloes), of or relating to agar.
- eding, first, foremost, former. 2. Ancestor, ancient. 3. Other, next.
- a. Will ugalno, (BRIT r. IT To spit ont.) v. a. To spit out, to bring up from the stomach or craw (as birds for their young), to vomit; (metaph) to refund property surreptitiously obtained. Will v. n. lit. To vomit or eject poison. To shew or betray envy or jealousy.
- s. I agin or agan, AA 1. s. f. fire. 2. s. m. The god of fire and the regent of the south-east quarter; the south-east.
- н. اگی agan, s. m. Name of a bird, a sort of lark.
- e. じ ugns, (因有 and r. 可用 Go) v. n. To grow, to be produced, to spring (as plants).
- agni-bān, (अग्निवाण) s. m. Arrow of fire.
- e' اگی باو agin-bā'o, (সিম্বান) s. f.
  The farcy in horses, an eruptive disease in men or elephants.
- agnī, 1. s. f. Fire. 2. The southeast.
- इ. ि agwā or agū'ā, (अप्रग or अप्रगामी) adj. Foremost. s. m. A guide, a forerunner, harbinger.
- agwā-rā, s. m. The front, the forepart; the space in the front of a house.
- agwānī, (अप्रगामी) s. m. A guide, a harbinger.
- s. Jaslaghār, s. m. Greediness: see
- aghārī, adj. (dakh.) Greedy, ambitiou

- # lighting, (उत् r. घट to open)
  (trans. of light q v.) v. a. To
  uncover, discover, unveil, open, unclose, bare.
- B. Light aghing, 1. v. n. To surfeit, to be satisfied. 2. adj. Satisfied, cloyed; satisfied, rich.
- ugharnā, (उत् and r. घट Unite)
  v. n. To be uncovered, discovered,
  opened, pulled off.
- क aghan, (आप्रहायण) s. m. Name of the Hindu eighth month, November-December.
- aghanī, s. f. The produce of the month of Aghan.
- اگور الكار عول aghor, (अघार) adj. Formidable, terrible. اگهور پنته s. m. A particular religious order among Hindūs. or اگهور پنتها adj. (used substantively) An order of religious mendicants professing اگهور پنتها (they eat every thing, however filthy, even human carcasses; hence) a gross or filthy feeder.
- aghorī, adj. Covetous, greedy, a glutton, voracious eater.
- آگاهی āgahī, s. f. Same as آگہی
- غ مَوه (علم) adv. Before, in front, beyond, formerly, forwards, farther, onward. آگے خدا کا نام ہی آگی There is nothing but God. No more; that's all. A poet says,

مهرومه سے کم نہیں تُوحُس میں ای صنم آگے خدا کا نام ہی ای صنم آگے خدا کا نام ہی آئا۔

v. n. To come forward,

befall.

aggyā, (आ氣, आ氣, आ氣, आ氣, आ氣, आ, aggyā, (आ氣, order, permission)

befall.

aggyā, (आ氣, order, permission)

bird.

(for आज्ञाकारी) adj. Acting according to order, obedient.
a. اگيانا agyānā, (अग्नि Fire) v. a. To

ع. اگیا کاری aggyā-kārī or āggyā-kārī

- agyānā, (अग्नि Fire) v. a. To burn vessels of metal for the purpose of cleaning them.
- and राकिटि pot.) s. (dakh.) A furnace (as, of a blacksmith) a portable grate (for fire), a chafing dish, a stove.
- P. آگين āgīn, (used in compos.) adj. Full.
- H. Jī āl, s. f. The name of a tree, from the root of which a red colour is extracted for staining leather, dyeing silk, &c.
- A small recess in a pillar or wall for holding a lamp, &c. 2. (dakh.) House, niche, receptacle, nest of a bird of prey. 3. A shallow hole, dug round the foot of a tree, to confine the water conducted to it. 4. (for MC) adj. Wet; running (as a sore); land saturated with moisture.
- A. Y illā, adv. If not, if, besides, except, otherwise, else, but, unless.
- s. ুটা ālāp, (corruptly, alāp সান্তাप সা and r. তি Speak), s. f. Prelude to singing, modulation.
- s. Yu Y i ālā-pālā, s. (dakh.) Leaves of trees.
- see ्री। v.a. To tune the voice, run over the different notes previous to singing, to catch the proper key, sing, time.

Sys, s. m. Nam

- a. عالم alat, s. plur. (of المناس instruments, tools, utensils.
- الأجا الأجاء ilāchā, s. (dakh.) A kind of cloth, woven of silk and thread so as to bear the appearance of grains of (الجاء) cardamoms.
- 🛔 ু ilāchī, (ত্তা) s. f. Cardamoms. To distribute cardamoms: a custom among women at the marriage of a Musalman in India. Cardamoms, betel leaf and sugar, placed in a covered dish, are sent by the hands of a nurse (daya), attended with music, to the houses of the relatives, that the ladies may come and be present at the ceremony, as well as الآچى بوندا partake of the festivities. الاچى . Capsule or pod of cardamoms يندو A wild fruit, larger than fox's grapes (بلغلب a species of nightshade), becoming black when ripe, and sweet-tasted, within it there being two grains resembling carda-الآچى دانى .moms in shape and smell

A sweetmeat, cardamoms with sugar formed into grains. الآجي دّورة Capsule or pod of cardamoms.

H. ell ulägh, s. m. An owl.

T. الآت ulāq, s. l. A kind of small boat.

1. القية alāqī, s. f. (pl. of القية) 1. Questions, problems. 2. Misfortunes.

A. plur. (of pli) Pains, griefs.

al-amān, s. m. Mercy, quarter; calling for quarter in battle.

المان alamān, (Lat. Alemanni) A German.

s. ু টা ālān, (প্রান্তান) s. m. The post to which an elephant is tied, or the rope that ties him.

۱۷. ما کال عام al-ān, adv. Mow. والآل کا

adv. As before, as formerly, just as heretofore, as usual.

H. UN allānā, v. n. To bawi, to scream, to squeak.

H. Ji alā'o, s. m. A bonfire: Flame, a blaze.

dug in front of the ashar-khana, in which fires are kindled; or, a hole dug within doors or out, over which people wash their hands, and in which they throw refuse.

H. Liall ulāhnā, s. m. Reproach, complaint.

H. | ilāyachā, s. A kind of silk cloth.

ilā'echī or ilā'īchī, a. f. Cardamoms.

P. آلوكن ālā'ish, (from آلوكن) s. f. Pollution, contamination, filth.

i. البال ālbāl, (अल्जिल) s. m. A basin for water round the root of a tree.

albatta, adv. Certainly, indeed, positively, by all means.

brated mountain between Persia and India. The highest mountain of the Caucasus.

H. البيلا albelā, adj. Artless, simple, innocent, spruce. s. m. A fop, a beau. (fem. البيلى A belle).

port. البين alpīn, (Port. alfinete) عـ A pin.

ment, apparatus; membrum virile, veretrum animalium.

a. النباس illibas, (inf. VIII. of النباس)

B. Obscurity, intricacy, the circumstance of two words being similar in sound but various in meaning.

ألتجا iltijā, (inf. viii. of أجأ) s. f. Fleeing to any one for relief or protection, taking refuge; request.

A. الزام iltizām, (inf. VIII. of الزام) s. m.
Being necessary or expedient, being assiduous, taking on one's self.

الغ

- A. التفات iltifāt, (inf. VIII. of لفت He bent, inclined) s. f. Friendship, kindness, obligation, courtesy, التفات To attend to, to have regard or respect.
- a. التماس illimās, (inf. VIII. of المس)
  s. m. f. Beseeching, petitioning, request.
- red, is a stamp or impression.) s. m.

  1. The royal seal; a royal grant in perpetuity descending to posterity, royal insignia, royal diploma. 2. A tax levied on travellers. 3. tamghā, (among the Turks signifies) A stamp on gold or silver plate to certify its being of standard purity.
- H. التني altni, s. f. The rope round the neck of an elephant, in which the driver puts his feet as in stirrups.
- a. التوا iltiwā, (inf. VIII. of لوي) s. Delaying, postponing.
- A. التهاب iltihāb, (inf. VIII. of الهبب) s. m. Burning, heat, flaming.
- A. النيام iltiyām, (inf. VIII. of النيام) s. m.
  Healing or closing of a wound.
- ed back. ¶ s. m. Opposite, contrary. التا چور كوتوال كو دّاند \_ The thief threatens the police officer.
- ع. التّا يلتّا ulṭā pulṭā, adj. Topsyturvy, higgledy-piggledy.
- ع. الثنا uljānā, (caus. of الثنا) v.a. To overturn, upset, pervert, reverse.
  - e. الثانا بلثانا ulṭānā pulṭānā, v. a. 1.
    To reverse, to modify. 2. To interchange.
- gledy-piggledy, topsyturvy. 2. s. A Confusion, cheating, making black white and white black.
- g. الثنا ulaṭnā, (उत् and r. लंड) v. a.
  To pervert, subvert, thwart, reverse,
  turn inside out, reply. v. n. To be
  reversed.

- A. ال art. and جوع aljū, (الجوع Hunger) interj. used in complaining of hunger.
- H. Ugal uljhānā, (trans. of ugal) v. a. To entangle, to ravel (as thread), to involve, busy or engage (in difficulties, business, &c.) to embroil.
- H. jes ulijhāo, s. m. Entanglement, perplexity, intricacy.
- H. uljhan, s. f. Involution, entanglement, complication.
- H. ulajhnā or ilajhnā, l. v. n. To be entangled, to be involved in difficulties). 2. v. a. To quarrel.
- الجهيرًا uljherā or iljherā, s. m. Entanglement, intricacy: see
- Solicitation, importunate entreaty.
- الحال المال ilḥād, (inf. IV. of ملك) s. Irreligion, heresy, apostasy, atheism.
- al-ḥāṣil, (The result). In short, in fine, upon the whole.
- ilḥāq, (inf. Iv. of غر joining) s. m. Annexation, junction, addition.
- al-hāl, adv. Now, at present presently, just now
- A. الحان ilḥān, (inf. IV. of الحان) s. m,

  Note, sound, modulation, tune, an air
  (in music). ¶ alḥān, s. plur. (of
  الحان) Notes, tunes.
- al-hagar, (The taking care.)
  Take care! beware! see
- al-hafiz (The protector: used as an interj.) God be the protector or defender! God preserve me!
- al-haqq, adv. In truth, really assuredly, the truth (is).
- al-ḥamdu lillāhi, God be praised.
- P. الخالق alkhālaq, s. f.  $\Lambda$  coat with sleeves, surtout, formed as the

- (q. v.) but having buttons instead of strings, and that in three places; at the neck, navel, and between the two.
- aldānā, v.n. (dakh.) To scream, shriek, bawl, bellow: see
- a-lar, adj. Not grown up to right understanding (the young of man or beast).
- الزام الخام النوام. (IV. of الزام Fastening (a thing) upon one. s. m. Conviction, confutation, reproof, blame, proof.

  الزام پانا To be convinced, confuted,
- alas or ālas, (अलिस्प from अलस अ not, लस् to move.) s. m. Laziness, inactivity.
- ي السانا عا q. v.) v. n. To doze, to slacken.
- a-last, (for a-lastu) Am I not? (perhaps in allusion to some passages of the Quran).
- سلام عه. as-salām, See السلام عد
- A. هنسان alsina, s. plur. (of السان)
  Tongues.
- s. آلسي आलस्पी alasyi or alasi, adj.
  Drowsy, slothful.
- H. السى alsī, s. f. Linseed.
- 1. الش ulush, s. m. The leavings of a superior.
- A. الطاف alṭāf, s. m. plur. (of لطف)
  Kindnesses, favours.
- al-abd, The signature or initials of a subordinate officer or servant.
- al-agamatu lillāhi, Great is God! (an ejaculation expressive of surprise, fear, denial, &c.).
- P. الغار ilghār, s. A forced or hasty march, expedition, speed.
- الغارون الغارون عمل alghārōn, adj. Great deal, too
  سين الغارون عمك الغارون عمل الغارون عمل الغارون عمل الغارون عمل الغارون عمل الغارون العارون العار

- A. الغرض al-gharas, adv. In short, upon the whole, in a word.
- alghūza, s. m. A whistle, flute, small flagelet (a span long).
- al-ghiyās, s. m. Complaint, demanding justice; alas! help!
- alf, adj. Thousand. ¶ alif, Name of a letter. الف النساد A position in archery straight like the letter !-
- alfā, s. m. A kind of dress resembling a shirt without sleeves and open at the sides, worn by faqīrs.
- A. الفاظ alfas, s. m. plur. (of لفظ)
  Words, articulate sounds, terms.
- P. راف بي alif be, s. f. The a, b, c; the alphabet.
- الفت ulfat, s. f. Friendship, familiarity, intimacy, affection, kindness.
- P. عناه قاله قاله المناه الفته الفته (of الفتى) Astonished, out of one's mind, mad (with love). 2. Strangers, foreigners. كهر والون كو تكرّا نهيى الفتى مال جهتے ميں جرّتا باہركے الفتے مال جهتے ميں The family have not a bit of bread, while strangers enjoy the wealth.
- port. الفنات alfanāt, s. f. (dakh.) A
  pin.
- alfī, 1. s. f. Same as الفي or a small alfā. 2. adj. Covered with marks like the letter alif (cloth, &c.).
- a. لقا ilqā, (inf. Iv. of لقى) s. m. Inspiration.
- A. القاب alqāb, s. m. plur. (of القاب)
  Titles, honorary names; superscription or forms of address, &c. in letters.
- A. القصة alqissa, adv. In short, in a word.
- A.H. القطاكرنا al. qat karnā, v. a. ther of has been cut.) To cut; bro-short; discontinue. To mahfūs, or to turn out; to dir But, moreover, ne.

rid of. To refuse admittance; reject.
يه شعر القط بي This verse won't pass.
(Said in capping verses).

- alkan, (from الكي) adj. Speaking barbarously, stammering.
- adj. Invisible, pnseen: a form of falutation among jogis.
- 2. alakhan, (সকস্থাতা) adj. Having bad or ill-omened marks; unfortunate, ill-fated.
- علني algani, s. f. A line for hanging clothes on.
- alaltappū, adj. (dakh.) Unstable, irregular, wretched.
- stir) v. n. To be overset, to be laid on one side.
- akbar, God is great. الله الله الله allāh! allāh! allāh! An interjection expressive of surprise and approbation: an exclamation calling on God for help (as on commencing battle). الله مل على محمد my God!

allahumma salli ala muhammadin, God be gracious to Muhammad! (an ejaculation expressive of approbation on tasting or smelling any thing very pleasant).

a. alam, s. m. Pain, grief, affliction, Conrish.

white

almārī, (Port. almario) s. A

guill glafn. wers, book-case.

To pervert, sur turn inside out, w. A diamond, adareversed.

- talk or business, vanity, pretence, idle excuse; wickedness.
- A.P. الناك alam-nāk, adj. Full of pain or grief.
- A. النت لله alminnatu lillāhi, Praise to God! good God! (an ejaculation expressive of surprise, fear, denial, &c.).
- H. النكت alang, s f. Side, way, corner.
- ছু. النگت ulang' (उन्नम्) adj. Naked.
- P. Sill ālang, s. f. Intrenchment, trenches.

in heat (a mare), lustful (a woman).

- s. النگنا ulangnī, (उहाँघ्, उत् and r. लिघ Go, leap, spring over) v. n. (dakh.) To leap or pass, to traverse.
- s. النكهى ullanghan, (उल्लंघन) s. m. Leaping or passing over or beyond; transgressing.
- s. الو alū or ālu, (আন্ত) s. m. An esculent root, a potato, a yam, a sweet potato.
- P. Jī ālū, s. A plum, prune, cherry.
- g. ال ullā (उल्का) s. m. An owl (the great eared or horned owl); (metaph.) a stupid fellow.
- A. الوان alwān, (plur. of الوان) s.
  Colours, kinds, various sorts.
- alop, adj. 1. (for आ and लिए Cutting off, disappearing) Concealed, defaced, retired, run out, destroyed. 2. (for अ and लिए)

  Apparent. الوب انجن A collyrium, which, applied to the eyes of any one, renders him invisible to others.
- a. H. الوبى ullū-pan, s. m. Stupidity,

- alopnā, (आलीपन or from levi) v. a. To conceal, to hide one's self, to lie hid. (dakh.) alopnā or ālopnā, v. n. To lie hid or concealed, lurk, skulk, to be unknown, not to be understood.
- P. آلود المُونَّةُ الْمَالِيَّةُ الْمَالِيَّةُ الْمَالِيَّةُ الْمِلْدِيِّةُ الْمِلْدِيِّةُ الْمِلْدِيِّةُ الْمِلْدِي
- al-wadž², s. Farewell: see
- r. آلودگي قاتغlūdagī, s. f. Contamination, stain, foulness, pollutedness.
- P. اَلُون ālūda, part. pass. (of آلُون)

  Defiled, stained, smeared, soiled; immersed, covered.
- الش ulūsh, s. m. Same as الوش
- v. الوش ulūsh, s. A tribe or family.
- الوف الف uluf, adj. plur. (of الف)
  Thousands.
- alol, 1. (for आ and लोल Shaking, moving) s. f. Gambol (generally applied to a horse). 2. (dakh.) Jumping, playfulness, sauciness, impertinence.
- ع. الول كلول alol kalol, (see الول كلول) s. f. Gambols, playsomeness.
- ब्रा الونا a-lonë, (अ not, लन्नण salt.) adj. Saltless, insipid.
- alwand, n. prop. A mountain, called also اروند in the vicinity of Hamadan.
- الوهيت الميت ulāhīyat, s. f. Divinity deity.
- a. عاآ قاa, s. m. Same as الله عامة عامة الله
- a. عال القلم, s. m. God. الها O God!
- A. | ilhām, (inf. IV. of ed) s. m.
  Inspiration, revelation.
- # निर्माद Joy, gladness)
  v. n. To rejoice, to be cheerful.

- H. alhar, adj. Young, untaught (animal), unskilful.
- H. البنا الهنا الهنا الهنا الهنا الهنا الهنا الهنا الهنا To reproach, complain (to), accuse. 2. 2. (因而 and 反形 Grow) v. n. To grow, to vegetate.
- A. الهي ilāhī, adj. Divine, of God; interj.
   My God!
- م. الهيت ilāhīyat, s. f. The divinity, godhead.
- A. الي الان ila, prep. Up to, till. الي الان ila-l-ān. Till this time.
- s. बाँग, (आलि or आली) s. f. A. female friend, a damsel. प आलय s. m. House, habitation.
- s. الى alī, (到何) 1. s. m. A large black bee, fabled to be enamoured of the lotus. 2. s f. (for []) A female friend.
- a. الياس ilyās, n. prop. Elias (said to be a grandson of Shem son of Noah).
- A. اليم alīm, adj. Painful, excruciating.
- H النقنا ulendnā, v. a. To pour a liquid.
- A. اليه ilaihi, (an abbreviation, sometimes met with) for مشاراليه Above-mentioned, aforesaid.
- s. 「ām, (आ努) s. m. The mango fruit.
- Mother of the children, i. e., the devil's wife, who frightens children in their sleep. A kind of Epilepsy which children get. Mother of the book, i.e., the lauh-i-mahfüs, or the Qur'ān.
- A. Lal ammā, conj. But, moreover, nevertheless, however, yet.

- g. Lol ammā, (अंबा), s. f. Mother.
- P. amāj, s. m. A mound or heap of earth on which a mark is fixed to shoot arrows.at, a mark or butt for shooting arrows at, an instrument with which land is ploughed, a throne, the twenty-fourth part of a parasang. The place where the mark is fixed for shooting arrows at.
- مارت imārat (or amārat), s. f. Government, sovereignty, lordship, office or dignity of امير
  - A. 8, le ammāra, adj. Imperious, headstrong, obstinate.
- P. amis, s. m. Swelling.
  - इ. إسام ammās, (अमावास्या) s. (dakh.) The night or two before the new moon, the last two days of the moon's age, i.e. The pitch dark nights of every month.
  - amākin, s. plur. (of مكان) Mansions, habitations, places.
  - A. ميل imāla, (inf. IV. of ميل) s. Caus\_ ing to incline; a change, in grammar, of fat'ha to kusr, and yā to alif, as in كتيب of like meaning with كتاب
  - A. aleader in religious affairs, a prelate, patriarch, priest, chief. 2. A large bead in a ro-Bary. امام باترا Place to which the

and standard (اصام) are conveyed.

- A. امام imimat, s. f. Office of
- A. امامية imsmiya, 1. adj. Relating to the imim. 2. s. Name of the shi'a sect, who make Ali the rightful imam immediately after Muhammad.
- A. John aman, s. f. Safety, security mercy, protection.
- g. John ammān, s. f. See John ammā, • Mother.
- امانت ۵۰ aminat, s. f. 1. Deposit, · charge, any thing given in trust.

- امانت دار Depositary, trustee, guardian, faithful, honest.
- A. ماني amānī, s. f. 1. Security. 2. Trust, charge, deposit. 3. adj. (applied to land) What is in charge of a collector on the part of government (in opposition to اجارة that which is farmed).
- ब. اماوس amāwas (अमावस्था or अमा-वास्या from अमा With, and r. वस Abide) s. f. The conjunction of the sun and moon, the change of the moon, the new moon.
- s. امبر ambar, (अंबर r. to surround.)
- s. m. 1. The sky. 2. Clothes, apparel, عبرچا ع ambarchā, s. m. (dakh.) An
- ornamental drawing of an oblong, oval, ovate shape, seldom exceeding two or three irches in size, indented and scolloped like a gothic arch on each side, and having the ground inside filled with an embroidery of ornamental figures. A favourite mode of decoration among the Hindus, being not only adopted by various artisans on their productions; but, transferred, in pattern, to ornaments of gold and silver plate for different purposes.

امبرچا ۱۵۰۰ امبرچی کی جال

- ब امبيكار ambikir, (आप: or अंब Water, and कार Doer), s. m. (dakh.) A sailor.
- A. ummat, s. f. People, sect, a people of the same religion, followers of any prophet.
- imtiḥān, (inf. VIII. of محالي ) s. m. Proof, trial, examination, experiment, temptation.
- A. امتداد imtidžd, (inf. VIII. of مد ) 1. s. m. Protraction, prolongation, extension, 2. adj. Protracted.
- A. Lie imtila, (inf. VIII. of Le filled) s. m. Repletion; indigestion.

- a. ومنع imtina, (inf. viii. of منع)

  s. m. Prohibition, restraint.
- امتی ummati, My ummat, or the same as ummat.
- امنیاز imtiyās, (inf. VIII. of میز) s.m.

  Discrimination, discretion, distinction, separation.
- A. المثل amažl, s. plur. (of مثل Equals, likenesses.
- A. مجماً amjad, (from مجماً) adj. superl.

  Most glorious.
- amchār, (आम्रचूर्ण) s. m. Parings of the mango dried in the sun.
- P. مدا amad, s. f. Arrival, income, coming.
- A. امدان imdād, (inf. IV. of مد) s. f. Assisting, aiding, succour, help.
- P. أمل أمل āmad āmad, s. f. Is come, is come (an exclamation on the arrival of some one); approach, arrival.
- P. مد و شد amad o shud, going, ingress and egress, intercourse.
- P. آمدني āmdanī, (or āmadanī, from آمدني To come) s. f. l. Coming, arrival. 2. Import, income, revenue.
- ड. । । । umaḍnā, (perhaps, from s. उन्मत्त) v. n. To overflow, abound, fall (as tears), gush, swell, increase or be poured out (as a river, clouds, an army, the heart, &c.).
- A. مر معروف amr, s. m. 1. An order, a command. 2. The imperative mood (in grammar). 3. An affair. امر معروف
- A. Jamir, part. act. (from one) One who orders, a commander, a ruler.
- Die) 1. adj. Immortal, ath, everlasting. 2. A

- A. امير umarā, s. plur. (of امير) Nobles, grandees; a noble (generally).
- مرض amrās, s. plur. (of مرض)
  Sicknesses, diseases, distempers.
- s. أمراوتي amarāwatī, (अमरावती) s. f.
  The celestial city of Indra.
- amrā'ī, (अमि Mango tree, and امرأيي ! amrā'ī, (अमि Mango tree, and المالة الما
- Die) s. m. The food of the gods, ambrosia, nectar, the water of life, what is immortal or renders immortal, any thing sweet or delicious, water, wine, a guava.
- عرتی امرتی amriti, or vulg. imrati (from large) adj. Nectareous. s f. A kind of sweetmeat.
- A. امرك پرست Beardless; handsome (a youth). همرک پرست A sodomite.
- P. آمرز قسurz, part. act. in compos.

  (آمرزیدی) Pardoning, forgiving.
- P. أمرزش amurzish, s. f. Pardon, grace, forgiveness of sins (by the Deity).
- Taste, juice) s. m. Inspissated juice of the mango.
- ब्र. امروت amrūt, (अमृत) s. m. A guava.
- P. مرود amrūd, s. m. A guava.
- This, and روز Day) روز This, and امروز Day) adv. To-day. امروز فرل To-day or to-morrow, i.e., soon; procrastination.
- amr o nahī, s. m. Commands and prohibitions, orders und

counter-orders, commanding and countermanding.

- He held, drew) s. m. Holding, retention; parsimouy, abstinence, a medicine taken to prolong pleasure, scarcity, want, savingness.
- P. این im-sāl, (for ایسال This, and ایسال Year) adv. This year.
- P. ایس im-shab, (ییا This, and سات Night) adv. To-night.
- مصر ameir, s. plur. (of مصر) Cities.
- A. امعا am'ā, s. plur. (of على or معا Intestines, guts.
- H. K. a. amkā dhamkā, s. m. 1. Trifles, idle talk, prate. 2. A person of little estimation.
- A. مكن imkān, (inf. 1v. of مكن) s. m.

  Possibility; contingent existence (in opposition to وجوب Necessity, or necessary existence).
- A. مل amal, s. m. Hope.
- امل amal, s. m. Intoxication. امل Intoxicating liquor, as wine, palm wine or bang.
- A. Lel imlā (inf. IV. of Le) s. m. Filling up. completing; orthography, writing correctly.
- g. LoT āmlā (आमलक) s. m. The emblic myrobalan.
- د ع amaltās, s. m. Cassia fistula.
  - ع. علم أ amala or āmila, s. m. See كما
  - a. اسلي imli, (अम्लीका) s.m. A tamarind.
  - A. plur. (of "People, sects, nations, religions.

- A. سامی ه. m. Security, safety.

  s. m. Quarter, crying out

  for quarter. امن چنس Safety and
  comfort.
- عن آس آ قسin, s. (dakh.) A tall pyramidal sharp-pointed kind of mango tree like a cypress.
- A. اَمنا قسم aman-nā, We (or I) believe.

  We (or I) believe and acknowledge to be true.
- H. Liel amna, s. m. (dakh.) A mild reproof, gentle rebuke, friendly expostulation.
- ع. امندنا umandnā, (उ up, मेंग् to move swiftly) v. n. (See امند کرونا To weep bursting again and again into tears.
- اسنگ umang, s. f. Excessive joy, transport, exultation, ambition.
- H. Uiiol umangnā, v. n. To advance with joy.
- in amin-ni, s. f. l See امنی 2. A piece of green or blue glass cut into the shape of the آمن tree and worn as an ornament in the ear, especially of girls.
- amniyat, s. f. Security, safety.
- ع. آمنا هامني سامني قسne sāmne, (المني adv. Opposite, face to face, over against.
- A. اموات amwat, s. plur. (of صيت)
  The dead.
- A. رموج amwāj, s. plur. (of موج)
  Waves, billows.
- A. اموال amwāl, s. plur. (of مال)
  Riches, wealth, goods, propert
- P. موخته آموخته آموخته المعالمة أموخته وخته المعالمة الم

امر المر amār, s. m. plur. (of المر) Affairs, business, matters, actions, commands.

ه مورات ه. plur. of plur. See امورات .

P. آموختن šmos, part. act. (of آموختن)
in compos. Teaching, learning.

عرل عال a-mol (अ and मूल्य Price) adj.
Invaluable, priceless.

اسی است, adj. Not knowing how to read or write; illiterate.

ا منختن مراه المنختن (part. pass. of المنختن) adj. Mixed.

e. امید umed or ummed, or umid or umaid, or ummaid, s. f. Hope, expectation, trust, dependence; (in Hind.) pregnancy. امید سی بونا

P. ميدوار ummed-war, adj. Hopeful. s.

An expectant, a dependent, a candidate.

emmed-wārī, s. f. Expectation, hope, hopefulness, dependence.

مير الامرا امير الامرا Lord of lords (a title given by eastern princes to their prime ministers). اميرالجر Admiral. اميرالمومنين Commander of the faithful (a title of the Khalifs).

A. P. اميرانه amīrāna, adj. Princely,
-- lordly.

-mar, باله الهرزادة amīr-sāda, Nobly-born. rom r. اصيري amīrī, s. f. Sovereignty, t from de ship, dignity of اصير اله amīr.

7 میکنی in Mixed. s. m. Mixture.

ing, sociableness, intercourse.

A. آمین قmin or amin, adv. Amen, so be it.

amīn, adj. Faithful. s. m. A commissioner, trustee, guardian, inspector; a law officer so called.

A. P. اميني amini, s. f. The office of an amin; trust, guardianship, security. adj. Secure.

Mir Hasan says:—

غرض لے گئی آن کی آن میں اور کر وہ اس کو پرستان میں اور کر وہ اس کو پرستان میں In short, she flew away with her, in a twinkling of an eye, to the fairy-land.

s. I an, (अन्) A prefix of negation, privation or diminution, used properly before words beginning with a vowel only; or 의 being adopted before consonants: in Hindi, however, frequently occurs with consonants. So an-ant, 以i an-dekhā.

H. Jan, s. f. 1. Bashfulness, modesty.

2. Character, good name, reputation, dignity, honour, proper spirit. 3. An oath.

H. Liber Jan mānnā, v. s. Vanquished; to acknowledge one's superiority.

## Nazir says:—

دیکہکر کُرتِی گلے میں سبزدہانی آپکی دہاں کے بہی کہیت نے ہی آن مانی آپکی

The very paddy field has acknowledged the superiority of your green bodice you wore.

P. Jān, s. f. 1. A graceful attitude, an affected grit; affectation, pride. 2. Property, estate.

P. an, pron. dem. That. From that, since.

- in, (a pron. plur. in the oblique case, and in dakh. sometimes in the nominative). These, them; this اندنون
- un, (a pron. plur. in the oblique case). Those, they; he, she, it.
- s. Janu, (河) prep. After (in time, place, rank and degree); according to, in imitation of. It is the reverse of (河口 abhi.)
- s. ان کا کیترا an or ann, (अञ्च from अद् to eat)
  s. m. Food, victuals, grain. ان کا کیترا
  (the worm of food: met.) Man.
- - T. Ul anna, s. f. Nurse, a wet-nurse.
  - A. انا اليه راجعون innā ilaihi rāji'ūna,
    Truly we are returning to Him (i.e.,
    to God)
  - A. ترب inābat, (inf. IV. of نوب) s. f. Conversion to God, repentance.
  - s. c il anāj, (河河 Food, and 河 Produced) s. m. Grain.
  - s. انادر an-ādar, (अनादर) s. m. Disrespect, affront.
  - P. ji anār, s.m. A pomegranate; a kind of fire-works.
  - H. ازاری anāṇī, 1. adj. Unskilful, clumsy, awkward. 2. s. A simpleton.
- ياسي ع اناسي ع يا unāsī, (ऊनाशीति) adj. Seventy-nine.
  - A. Uili ānan-fa-ānan, adj. Every minute, constantly, incessantly.
  - ब्रोडिंग ānākānī, (अनाकर्णन from अन and r. आकर्ण Listen to) s. f.

- Turning a deaf ear, overlooking, winking at, purposely neglecting.
- A. dil anām, s. m. Mankind.
- anāmil, s. plur. (of انامل Fingers, tips of the fingers.
- A. Ligotism, boasting, self-conceit.\*
- g. (到現) s. m. Mango.
- P. juil ambār, s. m. A heap, a pile, a granary, a barn.
- cannabinus, or Hibiscus sabdariffa. A very useful plant, the leaves of which are a good culinary vegetable (called sour greens or ozeille greens) and the stalks yield an excellent material for coarse thread, ropes, &c.
- P. juil ambās, s. A partner, an associate.
- P. انبازي ambāzī, s. f. Partnership.
- P. iii ambān, s. 1. A very soft sort of hide or leather, cordovan, kid-skin. 2. A sack, wallet, bag, purse.
- P.H. آن بان ān bān, s. f. Spirit, proper pride.
- B. بنا ambar, (अंबर) в. ш. Вее انبر
- ambarā'ī, (आ됒 Mango, and Ilज Row) s. f. A mango-orchard or -grove.
- P. عنبرچه ambar-cha, (for عنبرچه) s.m. (dakh.) An ornament filled with amber for the neck: See
- s. f. Gladness, joy, cheerfulness.
- nbil, s. (dakh.) A sort of pottage or gruel made chiefly of the meal of rāgī, boiled up with a little pounded rice.
- g. انبوتي amboti, (अम्हालीणी) s. f. (dakh.) Oxalis corniculata, procumbent oxalis or yellow wood sorrel.
- H. انبور ambūr, s. (dakh.) Tweezers, pincers, tongs.

- انبود amboh, s. m. A crowd, multitude, mob, great quantity.
- P. ي. منا amba, S. m. A mango. See
- A. ليبيا ambiyā, s. plur. (of نبي) Prophets.
- ع. انبياها an-biyāhā, adj. m. Unmarried.
- عبيدها ال ) an-bedha, (ال priv. and Bored.) (अविद्ध) adj. Unbored, unperforated.
- s. الله anupān, अनुपान (अनु and पान Drink) s. m. Any thing in which a medicine is mixed to facilitate the taking of it, or which is swallowed after the medicine; a fluid vehicle (in medicine).
- e ان پانی ann, (or an) pānī (अन Food, and पानीय Water) s. m. Victuals and drink.
- e. آن پرتا ān-paṣnā, 1. v. n. To arrive, to reach, to come to hand. 2. v. a. To acquire, to get.
- ع. ان پرها an-parhā, adj. Unread, illiterate, uninformed.
- gut, intestine, tripe.
- ant, (for अंत) 1. s. m. End, completion. 2. Perdition, destruction.

  3. Mind, heart. انت النا (dakh.)
  The end (of any thing) to be comprehended.
- ब्राध्या untālīs, (ऊनचलारिंशत्) adj. Thirty-nine.
- s. m. Selection, drawing or plucking out; making extracts from books.
- s. انتر antar, (अन्तर) s. m. l. Interval. intermediate space, intermission. 2. Heart. 3. Difference.
- antare, (अन्तर) s. m. A verse, any verse of a song except the first.

- عنربيد ع antarbed, n. prop. Name of the country between the Ganga and Jamuna rivers, called in Persian
- s. انتریت antar-pat, (अन्तर् Between, and पट Cloth) s. m. A curtain, screen.
- ed with the heart. (An epithet of the Deity).
- ع. انتزى الله المانة, (अंत) s. f. Entrails, intestine, bowels, gut. انتزيان جلنا

  To be very hungry. انتزيان قل هوالله To be very hungry, (lit. The belly repeating, there is but one God.)
- intishār, (inf. VIII. of نشر)

  s. m. Spreading abroad, divulging, scattering, dispersion, confusion, propagation, explanation.
- intigar, (inf. of VIII. of فظر Beheld, observed) s. m. Expectation, looking out for.
- s. m. Arrangement, order, regularity, management, administration.
- A. ونفع intifa, (inf. vIII. of عنفاع s. m. Profit, advantage.
- a. انتقال intiqāl, (inf. viii. of نقل)
  s. m. Migration, transporting, transfer, passing from one to another, translation, removal, travelling; departure, dying.
- A. انتقام intiqām, (inf. VIII. of نقم He took revenge) s.m. Revenge, retaliation.
- A. انتها intihē, (inf. VIII. of نهي) 1. s. f.
  Termination, end, summit. 2 adj.
  Finished, prohibited.
- a. انتیس untīs (ऊन तिंशत्)adj.Twenty-
- s. Lif or anat, (आनद Bound) s. f. l. A knot. 2. Envy.

انح

- ब्राहें, (अंड An egg) s. m. A ball, a marble. انتاکهر A billiard room. A shell or kowri.
- antā-chit, (اثنا A ball, and عبت Lying on the back) adj.
  Unlucky, whose fortune is exhausted.
  (A term of abuse).
- ع سانت مانت سانت ship; intrigue.
- anini, (आनद Bound) v. n. To be contained, to be tightened, to be filled up (a well, tank, &c.).
- 2. Lill ānṭnā, (trans. of Lill q. v.) v. a. To fill (a well, tank, &c.), to come or go into, to reach.
- H. انتهلانا anthlānā, l. v.a. To twist, to writhe. 2. v.n. To swagger, strut, give one's self airs, walk affectedly.

  See اتهانا itrānā, and اتهانا ithlānā.
- anțī, (see آنتي) s. f. A haudful, a skein of thread, (dakh.)
  1. A necklace made of coloured threads and worn in the muḥarram: see H.

  2. Twist: see
- unsayain, (or unsiyain) s. m. dual. The two testicles.
- P. \silon \bar{a} \bar{a} n. j\bar{a}, That place, there.
- P. anjām, s. m. End, termination.
- على عمانة anjān, adj. Unwitting, unintentional, not knowing, ignorant, انجال anjān honā, To feign ignorance.
- P. انجأي in-jā-ī, adj. (dakh.) Of this place or country.
- م. سجنا anjab, adj. compar. or superl.

  of سیخ (dakh. met.) mean, vulgaf.
- s. انجل ann-jal (প্রস্নান্ত) s. m. Victuels and drink.
- e কৈ anjle, (এঁজতি) s. m. The cavity formed by putting the hands

- together and holding the palms as if to receive water; as much as can be held in both hands so disposed.
- A. anjum, s. plur (of sei) Stars.
- s. Congelation, condensation, curdling.
- anjuman, s. f. An assembly, a meeting, a company, banquet.
- s. anjan, (अंजन) s. m. A collyrium or application to the eyelashes to darken and improve them; antimony.
- s. انجاني anjanī, s. f. (dakh.) A small boil on the eyelid; a sty.
- 8. P. عير anjīr, (अंजीर) s. m. A fig.
- G. انجيل injīl, s. m. The New Testament, the Gospel.
- H. dnch, s. f. Heat, flame of a fire (not of a candle), blaze.
- To go towards) s. (dakh.) A stage, station, relay of the post on the road: packets of letters, mail, dispatch.
- g. unchās, (ऊनपञ्चाशत्) adj Forty-nine.
- Understanding) adv. Unawares, suddenly, unexpectedly: (dakh. perhaps) adj. Not knowing.
- 8. كين anchal, (अंचल) s. m. 1
- fringe or hem of a cloth, veil, shawl, &c.
- anchhar, s. m. Letter; word; spell, charm.
- s. m. 1. Deflection, inversion, change, (met.) proving a turn-coat. 2. Recantation, deviation, apostasy. 3. Declination (in astronomy).
- s. m. The being surrounded or besieged; limitation, blockade.

- P. انداخته and3khta, part. pass. (of انداختی) Thrown.
- a lindarā, (अंघु A well) s. m. A large well of masonry.
- ing, valuation, conjecture, guess. 2. (in compos.) part. act. (of برقانداز, Throwing, caster, shooter; عدر انداز, (lightning-thrower) A matchlock-man.
- ع. اندازه andiza, s. m. Measure, dimension, weighing, manner, time in music.
- P. اندام اندام اندام Body, stature, figure. اندام نهانی The private parts.
- P. اندر والا andar, (河元) prep. Within, in the inside, inward. اندروالا (met.)
  The heart.
- اندر اندر indra, (or, vulg. indar, قر r. इद Have supreme power) s. m. Indra
  The regent of the visible heavens and of the inferior divinities.
- عن indira, (इंदिरा) s. f. 800 اندرا
- s. m. Being folded together, the being inserted; insertion.
- s. اندراسی indresan, (इंद्र and आसन Seat) s. m. The seat or throne of Indra.
- indrayan (इंद्रवावणी) s. f. Colocynth, wild gourd (Cucumis colocynthis, a fruit of beautiful appearance but bitter taste); hence, a beautiful but worthless person is called اندرایی کا پهل The fruit of indrayan.
- indarjuu, (इंद्रयत्र) s. m. Name of a medicinal seed, that of the Nerium antidysenterioum.
- P. اندرز andars, s. m. Last will, last advice, precepts, admonition.

- andarsā, s. m. See الدرسا A kind of fried sweetmeat (rice flour formed into balls, then fried in ghī and covered with clarified sugar).
- P. اندرون andarān, adv. or adj. Within; interior, inside.
- s. أندري المائة indri, (इंदिय) s. f. An organ of sense, the organs of action and perception (the Hindus reckoning those of action to be the hand, the foot, the voice, the organ of generation, and the organ of excretion, and those of perception to be the mind, the eye, the ear, the nose, the tongue, and the skin); the privities, membrum virile, veretrum animalium.
- s. m. The being repelled or prohibited, repulsion.
- P. اندک andak, adj. Little, small, few. A little.
- s. m. The being healed (of a wound), healing, cicatrization.
- s. آندو के andū, (अंदुक from अदि to tie. r.) s. m. The chain or rope with which the feet of elephants are tied.
- P. اندوخته andokhta, part. pass. (of اندوختی) Acquired, having gained,
- P. اندود andūd, part. pass. (in compos. for اندود from اندود) Incrusted, plastered over, washed over (as a wall, &c.).
- P. اندوختن andoz, part. act. (from اندوز)
  used in compos. Gaining.
- P. اندوه andoh, s. m. Grief, anziety, trouble. اندوه گین adj. Full of grief, sorrowful.
- ع. اندها دها) adj. Blind, dark.

  A blind man. اندها دهند Blind, blindly; immoderately, excessively.

اندهاکوا A well filled up with rubbish or overgrown with bushes or weeds, a dry well.

- andhārī, s. f. 1. A blind of cloth or leather, put over a horse's eyes to prevent his doing mischief. 2. Cloudiness, duskiness.
- s. اندهی indhan, (इंधन r. इंध Kindle) s. m. Firewood, fuel.
- H. آندهي āndhī, s. f. Storm, tempest, gale.
- andhyārā, (अंधकार) 1. adj. Dark. 2. s. m. Darkness.
- andher, (अंवकार) s. m. Misfortune, injustice, tyranny.
- andherā, (هود اندهيرا) 1. adj. Dark, blind. 2. s. m. Darkness. عاندهيري كوتهري الدهيري كوتهري the belly, the womb.
- andheri, 1. adj. f. (of licaیري ع 2. s. f. Darkness. 3. A blind for a horse: see
- P. اندیش andesh, part. act. in compos. (from اندیشیدی) Thinking, considering.
- P. اندیشنا andeshnāk, (for اندیشناک) adj. Thoughtful, sad.
- P. ندیشه andesha, s. m. Thought, suspicion, care, anxiety, dread, fear.
- ع. انديكها an-dekhā, adj. Unseen, invisible.
- g. ជাঁ ānḍ or āṅṛ, (अंड) s. m. A testicle.
- এ اندا ها anḍā, (अंड) s. m. An egg.
- ন انگ নাপ্ন (from انگر adj.

  l. Having large testicles. A bull (not castrated) kept to serve domestic cows. 2. (met) A lazy fellow.
  - ايندهوا indād, s. m. See إندوا
  - H. اندوي indui or indwi, s. f. l. A round ornament for the top of the

- head. 2 (dakh.) A circular support, coil or ring, of rope, straw, wood, metal, &c., on which vessels having round bottoms, without feet, may be placed on the head or on the ground.
- H. انڈیلنا undelne, v. a. To pour.
- A. انزول insāl. (inf. IV. of نزول) s. m. Causing to descend; emission, emissio seminis.
- A. P. انروت anzarūt, s. m. Sarcocolla (Gum resin, said to be from the Penæa sarcocolla, a tree growing in Arabia, Ethiopia, &c.).
- A. انزوا inziwā, (inf. VII. of زوي) s. Retirement.
- ins, s. m. Men, mankind.
- a. انس uns, s. m. Society, fellowship, friendship, love, affection.
- A. luil ansāb, s. plur. (of i)
  Genealogies, lineages, races.
- insān, s. m. Man, a human being (man or woman), mankind.
- ity, affability, politeness, civility.
- A. ansab, adj. compar. (of Most suitable, convenient.
- anasat, s. f. Familiarity, intimacy.
- ह. انستّه un-sath, (ऊनषष्टि) adj. Fiftynine.
- ع. ه. قانسو بهر لانا s. m. A tear. آنسو بهر لانا To have the eyes filled with tears (though not crying out).
- A. انس و جان insojānn, s. m. Men انس و جان ins wa jinn, s. m.
- A. انشأ inshā, (inf. IV. of نشأ) s. f. Producing, creating; (common acceptation) writing, composition, elegance of style, the belies lettres.

- s. f. Writing, letter-writing, elegant composition (especially, in letter-writing).
- tants (especially, of Muhammad; the Arabs who attended the prophet on his departure from Mecca to Medina).
- A. انصف inedf (inf. IV. of نصف) s. m. Decision (of a cause or question); equity, justice.
- انصرام انصرام insirām, (inf. VII. of جرم He cut) s. m. The being cut or broken off; finishing, accomplishing.
- A. انعام andm, s. m. Quadrupeds, cattle, animals.
- A. أنعام (inf. IV. of نعمت) s. m. Benefaction; a present, a gift. (Plur. انعامات An honourable gift. ¶ an'ām, s. plur. (of نعم) Gifts, favours.
- s. m. The being inverted; inversion, reflection, representation of appearances in a mirror.
- A. انفر anfār, s. plur. (of نفر) Persons, soldiers, servants.
- A. انفاس anfāt, s. plur. (of نفاس)
  Breaths.
- A. انفس anfus, s. plur. (of انفس Things, souls. انفس و آفات Things, animate and inanimate; the world.
- a. انفصال infingle, (inf. VII. of فصل)
  s. m. Separation, division: settling, decision (of a cause).
- s. m. فعل infi'sًl, (inf. vii. of فعل) s. m. Shame, modesty, the being abashed; confusion.
- s. m. The being contracted; constipation.
- فسم ingistm, (inf. VII. of قسام ۱۸)

- s. m. The being divided; division, partition, distribution.
- a. انقطاع) s. m. انقطاع) s. m. The being cut or broken off; amputation, separation, failure.
- s. m. Revolution, vicissitude, alteration, change.
- A. انقياد inqiyād, (inf. WII. of قود) s. m. Obedience, submission, fidelity.
- ع. نكا قسلا, (عَلَمَ a mark) s. m. Mark spot, figure, number; mark on cloth to shew the price.
- A. انكر inkār, (inf. IV. of نكر) s. m. Denial, refusal, negation, dislike.
- an-kar, (same as آکر Having come.
- ع. آنکڙي آفکڙي آفکڙي s. f. The barb of an arrow, a hook, tenter, catch; a circle.
- s. انکس বnkus or ankas, or ankus,
  (প্রাকুরা) s. m. The iron hook or
  crooked goad with which the head of
  the elephant is clawed to drive him on.
- inkisär, (inf. VII. of کسر) s. m.
  The being broken; humility.
- م. انکساری inkisārī, s. f. Humility.
- ब्र. انكسى anksi, (अंक्र्श) s. f. A hook, a tenter.
- s. Laying open, disclosure.
- g. انكنا قnknē, (trans. of انكنا) v. a. T. value, to examine, to approve of.
- ع. انگسی ankorā, s. m. (dakh. see انگورا)

  A hook, tenter, crook, drag, grapplingiron.
- ع. ه. أنكم آنكم آشوب كرنا ه. f. The eye آنكم آشوب كرنا و To الله آشوب كرنا و To have an inflammation in the eyes, to have an attack of ophthalmia, to be blear-eyed. آنكم أوجهل پهاڙ أوجهل

Prov. To be out of sight is to be over the hills and far away.

8

Mir Taqi says:-

مرگیا کولا کُن اِسی غم مین آنکھ اوجھل پہاڑ اوجھل ہی To steal away privately and unseen, to avoid the sight (of any one.) Towithdraw one's favour or انکه بند کرلینا .affection from any one 1. To turn from another, to treat one with neglect. 2. To die. تهرکی دیکهنا To look till one's curiosity is fully satisfied. انکه بهرلانا To have eyes full of tears, to be ready پتهر from) انکه پتهرانا (from stone) To become dim (the eyes) from long expectation. Up 451 (met.) To be satiated, to have enough. العربي To feel a pulsation in the eye. (Considered, if in the right eye of a man or the left of a woman, as an omen of some desirable event, whilst the contrary affection is regarded as unlucky: it is, also, considered as an indication of the arrival of a friend). To shew aversion after friendship. آنکه پهير لينا To turn away the eyes (as, from grief, dis-آنکه تهندی کرنا .(pleasure, &c.) To have consolation by meeting friends, to be glad. آنکه جهیکنا (To move انکه چرانا .To fear انکه چرانا (To steal eyes) Not to attend to, to avert the eyes through shame, to avoid The sight of any one. آنکه چیرکی ال كهنا. To look with great attention and deep meditation, or with anger. آنکه دکهلانا or آنکه دکهانا shew one's eyes) To frighten, to آنکه دیدیانا deter, to browbeat. . The eyes to fill with tears. انکه رکهنا 1. To love, to entertain friendship. 2. To have hopes. 3. To discern. To look with an evil eye at a woman.

آنکھ .To be angry آنکھ سُرنے کرنا (To fall from eyes) To become contemptible, to be disgraced or out of favour. Tibe muisible To contemplate the beauty of any one To perish the آنکه کا پائی مرنا water (splendour) of the eye, i. e. To become wanton and daring, to آنکه کهلنا abandon modesty have the eye opened; (met.) to be adorned by means of paint or varnish or washing and scouring; to become of ability in art or science, to become skilful or judicious in the sciences. انکم ازانا To wink as a hint, to communicate a secret by signs, to make love mutually by the eyes. انكي كانا To contract friendship or affection for any one, to fall in love. انکه مارنا To wink, to tip the wink, to stop any one by a sign, to make amorous signs with the eyes. آنکه مچولی Blindman's buff. (Persian كسرمامك) (To mingle looks) To oontract friendship. آنکه میلی کرنا To make the eye dirty; (met.) to scowl or frown in anger. آنکه مین آنکه To mix eye with eye (as a brave upright man that bends not the head l نکهون مین مایدی before his opponent.) To be انکهون مین پهرنا or بسنا always present in one's eyes, to be ever in one's mind. انگهوی میری To be wilfully blind, to چربي چهانا pretend from pride not to know one's old acquaintance. انکهوں میں خاک (To throw dust in one's eyes) 1. To commend or puff wares of an inferior quality. 2. To pilfer or snatch away any thing quickly and privately. To pass the آنکهون مین رات کائنا Tight awake. آنکهون مین رکهنا esteem as dearly as the apple of the or تنگهون معین سرسون پهولنا To appear everywhere yellow to the sight. To be jolly drunk.

Niyaz says:-

گچه کا گچه ہی دیت دکہائی
سرسوں پہولی آنکھوں میں \* واقا
گروجی خوب پلائی سرسوں پہولی
آنکھوں میں \* آنکھوں میں گھر کرنا
انکھوں میں \* آنکھوں میں گھر کرنا
انکھوں میں \* آنکھوں میں گھر کرنا
To be heloved or esteemed. 2. To persist in one's own erroneous opinions.
انکھیں دیکھنا

\* temper or inclination. 2. To behave respectfully towards another
آنکھیں کرنا
آنکھیں کرنا
To change the colour of the face from excess of anger.

- ankhṛi, (अक्षि) s. f. An eye or glance of the eye.
- a limb, member.
- عادی انگا ها Body) s. m. A coat: see انگرکها
- angārā, s. m. (अंगार) Live coal, embers, sparks remaining in ashes: burning matter. انكاروں پر لوتنا
  To be agitated or tormented (particularly from jealousy).
- عبين angabīn, s. m. Honey. (Arab. انجبين).
- and रक्षा Protection) s. m. A coat, doublet. A garment like the without open flaps; breast and armpits covered.
- angres, Englishman.
- P. انگریزی angresi, adj. English; the English language.
- انگرائی به angra'i, s. f. Stratoring the limbs, a yawning.

- P. انگشت حیرت دانتوں میں رکھنا

  To bite the finger, or place it between the teeth to express surprise.

  The forefinger.
- P. Limil angusht-āna, s. m. 1. A ring (particularly the one worn on the thumb), a thimble. 2. (dakh.) A ring of gold or silver, formed like an archer's ring, worn especially on the thumb (in marriages of the Musalmans given to the bridegroom).
- P. انگشتري angushtari, s. f. A ring (particularly one worn on the finger, and not on the thumb).
- is pointed at, famous (in a good or bad sense, but in India most frequently in a bad one), notorious.
- s. انگل angul, (अंगुल) s. (dakh.) The thumb, great toe, an inch, a finger, a digit. انگل برا یا بیرا کا انگل برا یا بیرا ما A whitlow, felon.
- g. انگلی unglī, s. f. (अंगुली) A finger; a finger's breadth.
- H. انگلیت anglet, s. f. Physical frame full of flesh, fat.
- ह. انگن قngan, عام (अंगन) s. m. A yard,

angnā, j area, court, inclosed space adjoining to a house.

الله میاں رکھر میرا پیارا اب انگنے

برس میں ہی God preserve my darling, because now he is in the unreckoned year. (Wom),

- angnā'ī, s. f. An inner court,
  قانكناكي ع
- an-ginat, (अन् priv. and गणित Counted) adj. Uncounted, countless, inpumerable.
- ع. انگوتها ه. m. Thumb.

  A finger, toe. انگوتها دکهانا Am attitude adopted by women, in blandishment, as a token of prohibition; to brave, to defy.
- प्ट. انگونهی angūṭhē, (आंगुष्ठी) s. f. A ring worn on the finger: or toe.
- angochhā, (अंग) The body, and r. حجها Bind) s. m. A cloth which Hindus fasten round the waist when bathing, and afterwards wipe themselves with; a towel, a handkerchief.
- انگور angur, s. m. A grape. انگور

  'نگونا Granulations in a healing sore

  To keep getting sound or healthy, to

  be convalescent.
- P. انگوزه angūsa, s. m. Asafætida.
- H. ganghar, adj. Unexperienced, ignorant.
- ब्र. انگيا angiyā, (अंग Body) s. m. Bodice, stays.
- H. انکیتهی angethi, s. f. A chafingdish, brasier.
- e. انگیختی angës, part. act. (of انگیختی)
  in compos. Exciting, rousing, causing, begetting: raised.
- e. انكيت angiyah, s. m. A sort of bodice or stays (worn by the Musalman women in India).
- e. Uici an-manana, (अन्यमनाः) v. n. (dakh.) To be perplexed or doubtful or agitated in mind, unwilling.
- 2. Joil an-mol, adj. Invaluable.
- H. Lil anne, s. m. A nurse, a familiar term for a wet nurse.
- PORT. iii anannās, s.m. A pinespple.

- s. منا إلى and r. निद Rejoice) s. m. f. Happiness, joy, pleasure.
- whitish matter or mucus voided by people afflicted with a tenesmus; affection of the bowels.
- anwar, s. plur. (of نور) Lights, splendour.
- A. انواع anwa<sup>n</sup>, s. plur. of (نوع) Sorts, kinds, varieties.
- g. انوپ an-np, (अनुपम from अन् priv. and उपमा Resemblance) adj. Incomparable, without compare.
- e. انویان anāpān, (अनुपान) s. m. A fluid vehicle in medicine. See
- with little balls and worn on the great toe. (A sort of gold or silver ring, worn by women of most castes and conditions in India on the great toe of each foot).
- anāṭhā, (الوتها priv. and الوتها Risen) adj. Rare, wonderful, (Generally applied to things or animals).

  See انوكها
- انور ه anwar, adj. compar. (from انور More or very splendid, shining.
- a. P. انوري anwari, n. prop. Name of a celebrated Persian poet.
- ع. (انوتها anokhā, (see انوتها) adj. Rare, scarce, extraordinary, wonderful. (Generally applied to man).
- secundines. آنول گئی (अाम) s. Afterbirth,

  A dried myrobalan, or one fallen

  under the trees. آنول نال The navel

  string, &o., of an infant.
- g. كانولا कhold, (आमलक) s. m. Name of fruit, a kind of myrobalans.

- # آنولاسار غ ānolāsār, (अम्लसार) s. m. A sort of brimstone; Purified sulphur.
- H. むし ana, A small Bengal coin; see
- ब. انهتر un-hattar,(उनिसिति) adj. Sixty-
- انبدام هدم inhidam, (inf. vii. of انبدام هدم)

  s. m. The being demolished, abolition.
- point or edge of any thing sharp (of an arrow, spear, &c.), tip, summit, nib, end.
- ब्धं unis, or unnis, (उनविंशति) adj. Nineteen.
- م انیس جلیس anis or انیس s.m.f. A companion
- e. انيسون anisūn, s. m. Anise seed.
- a. , (到) The vocative interjection, O!
- s. , ava, (到可) prep. From, down from, off, away. It is the reverse of (到[,) and is sometimes used to denote deprivation, disgrace, disjunction, &c.
- P. o, pron. He, she, it, that.
- H. 1, 1 dwd, s. m. A potter's kiln, a furnace or receptacle for melting (glass), a kiln (for bricks, &c.).
- اواخر مه awākhir, s. plur. (of اخر مه Ends, latter parts.
- P. آوارگي قwāragī, s. f. Wandering, vagrancy, profligacy.
- P. 3, 1, T &wera, adj. Vagabond, roving, wanderer, dissolute, astray.
- P. jo dwas, s. f. (dakh. s. m.) Voice, sound, report, echo, a whisper.
- rumour, talking loud.
- ع واگون ع آواگون ع āvošgawan, s. m. Trápsmigration.

- A. اوّل awā'ji, s. m. f. plur. (of اوّل Commencements, beginning, firsts, chiefs, ancients.
- aubīsh, s. m. A rake, a dissolute fellow, debauchee, libertine.
- aubīshāna, adv. or adj. Like a rako, rakish, dissolute.
- P. وباشي aubishī, s. f. Rakishness, debauchery, dissipation.
- ع. اوبت au-bat, or wbat, (अव and वाट Way, or for اوگهت) adj. Impassable, steep, inaccessible, devious.
- اوبت au-bhat, adj. See اوبهت
- H. ربكت ā'obhagat, or ā'obhagati,
  s. f. Civil reception or salutation,
  welcome, courteousuess.
- म् ग्रं क्ष्मिन, (उपरि) adv. Above, on, up, over, outside, at.
- adj. Upper, اوپري (from اوپري) adj. Upper, outer, external, outside, foreign.
- H. 山 j st, or a'st, (의덕점) s. m. 1.

  One who dies without leaving issue.

  2. An unmarried man. 3. (in Hindi phraseology) A stupid person, blockhead, dunce.
- nobles, chiefs, props (of the faith), four certain saints.
- s. ارتار ava-tar, अवतार (अव and r. Gross, pass) s. m. Descent, especially of a deity from heaven; incarnation.
- إرث والم أوالي أو
- ו (cause to boil, to make hot.
- dity, what is without meaning or foundation, adj. Poor, destitute, in disorder.

- A. اولي auli, adj. compar. (of ولي)
  Better, best.
- A. اول تابَة, adj. f. (of اول) First, principal, best.

TAM. TEL. اولى باقة, s. (dakh.) A chisel.

- ع. آولي جاولي a'ole-ja'ole, (dakh.)
  Twins.
- auliyā, s. plur. (of ولي) 1.

  Friends, companions. 2. The saints,
  the apostles, the holy. اولياء الله
  auliyā-i-allāh, Friends of God.
- and the Pers. اولية auli-tar, (comp. of اولية and the Pers. تر
- A. اول awwalin, adj. plur. (of اول The first, the former; the ancients.
- g. اوی an, (जणी r. जण् Cover) s. f. Wool (or shaggy hair that may be woven).
- s. ় লা (in compos.) adj. Less (in number, &c.).
- g. jent, (日本) s. m. A camel. ¶ (dakh.) ont, s. m. Lip; see
- ع. H. اونت كتارا شمير kaṭārā, s. m. Name of a thistle of which camels are fond.
- a. اونت غين غير الونتني على المنامة الونتني على على على المنامة المنا
- এ اونته ا onth, (ओष्ठ) s.m. The lip.
- बें बारों, (उच्च) adj. High, tall. High and low, uneven, ups

- and downs (of life), vicissitude; particulars.
- عن بول بولنا adj. High, tall, lofty, steep, loud. اونچا بول بولنا To speak with pride. اونچا سنا To be hard of hearing. اونچى بول كامنه The proud ones are degraded.
- P. اوند and آب and وند s. m. A vessel, a pan.
- H. وندها الله aundhe, (on down 된 to place)
  adj. Upside down, topsyturvy, in utter
  confusion, ruined. اوندها الحسنة. m. Misfortune.
- upside down, to reverse, spill.
- H. اونگه ingh, s. f. Nodding, sleepiness.
- H. اونگهنا anghnā, v. n. To nod from sleepiness, to doze, to slumber.
- ية أون ية أون ية len. (from أوني الله أوني الله الم
- H. أوني پوني aune paune, adv. More or less.
- P. 39 dwa, s. m. A kiln: see 19 l
- H. اوهو cho, interj. Heigh! ho! hey!
- H. وي آوي interj. Oh! (peculiar to women) oh strange! wonderful.
- awer, adv. Late; too late.

  Late or early; late in the evening or early in the morning.
- P. ويزان آويختن awesan, (part. act. of ويزان adj. Hanging, pendant.
- P. ويزة wesa, s. m. An earring, drops worn in the ear, a pendant.

To sigh. الاجانكاة A heartrending sigh. آلا جگرسوز A heartburning sigh.

- P. 3 uh, interj. Oh! Hah!
- g. 場 ahā, (到高高) interj. Ha! bravo! how excellent! oh rare! strange: ahhā, Alas!
- s. ja āhār, vulgarly ahār, (到民民, 到 and r. 夏 Take) s. m. Alimen, food, victuals.
- A. اهالي ahālī, s. plur. (of اهل) People, consorts, inhabitants, citizens. اهالي Nobles and plebeians, rich and poor.
- A. فانت ihānat, (inf. IV. of هون)
  B. f. Contempt, insult, scorn.
- g. lalalal ahāhāhā, (到長長) interj. expressive of surprise, pain, pleasure, &c. Ah! aha!
- s. f. m. Solicitude, care, inspection, management, superintendence.
- g. बेhaṭ, s. f. m. (आहतरा) The clack, sound or noise of a person's feet as he goes along.
- A salt-pit, a trough for watering cattle, a drain. 3. A tribe of Hindus so called.
- e. اهرمی aharman or aharaman, s. m.
  The principle of evil, the devil.
- r. هستگي āhistagī, s. f. Slowness, delay, gentleness, patience.
- P. Limb dhistā, adv. Gently, slowly, softly, tenderly, by degrees.
- P. Sal shak, s. m. Quicklime.
- A. ماله الهال ahl, s. m. People, possessor, inhabitant, consort. adj. Fit, capable, worthy. (in compos.) Possessed of, endowed with. اهل الها People of God; dervishes, faqirs. اهل بأطى Contemplative, the enlightened of

mind, the saints. اهل بيت (People of the house) Family; (but always meaning) the family of the prophet Muhammad. اهل تصوف The pure of heart, the pious, the contemplative; an anchoret. اهل حرفه Artificer, An officer, one in اهل دل office under the government. اهل Liberal, brave, generous; dervishes. اهل شرع .Eloquent اهل سخى A legislator, a lawyer, one who observes the law of Muhammad. اهل بياه Pure in heart, pious; a Sūfī; اهل طریقت or اهل طریق ing in the way of God; an observer of the laws of Muhammad. اهل عرفان Learned, well-informed, intelligent; اهل غرض Scientific. اهل علم Designing, selfish. اهل فرنگ Enropean. اهل قبلة They who direct their faces to Mecca in prayer, Muham-A learned اهل کتاب madans. man, a person of any religion revealed and contained in books. اهل لسان One skilled in his own language. Possessed of the know-اهل نظر .ledge of God; devout, pious Discerning, clear-sighted. اهل ورع Pious, religious.

ahliyat, (from اهليت) s. f.

1. Worthiness, capability, skill. 2.
Possession.

A. عليه ahliya, s. f. A wife.

A. ما ahamm, adj. compar. (from المراه) Important, very momentous أهم المام ا

A. Johnal, s. m. (inf. IV. of Negligence.

P. هَا قَالِب Āhan, s. m. Iron. اهن تاب Water in which hot iron has been

- quenched, given to one sick of a disease in which cold prevails.
- P. با مَهُمُ الْهُمُ Iron, and آهي ربا To seize) s. m. A loadstone, magnet.
- intention: manner: sound, melody: one of the Persian tunes or modulations in music.
- P. Jisī āhan-gar, s. m. A worker in iron, a blacksmith.
- P. هنی āhanī, adj. Of iron, made
- P. منین āhanīn, of iron. آهنین adj. Iron-handed, strong.
- P. مَا قَلْهُ اللهِ A deer. 2. Vice, defect, fault. الله الله آهو براة A fawn.
- P. منحتن āhekhtan, v. infin. To extract, castrate, hang, suspend.
- ह. اهير कhīr, (आभीर) s.m. A cowherd, a milkman.
- aher, (आवंट) s. f. The chase, hunting; prey, game.
- ahīran, s. f. A female of the ahīr caste, a cowherd's wife.
- ai, (ऐ) interj. O! used in calling to or addressing. اي كاش Would to God! I wish.
- اي. P. وأي e,  $(\mathbb{Q})$  interj. O! a respectful particle of address.
- ع. آئی (from اَلَ) s. f. l. Coming; 2. Doom, hour, time, death.
- آجائي کسي کي کهيں آئي هجهکو آ Would that somebody's death came to me!
- P. Līāyā, interj. used to interrogate or to express astonishment, ha! whether or not, whether, O!
- PORT. L. A nurse who feeds a child.
- آیت . ayat, s. plur. of ایات .

- tive compound, Hiera picra. A brain purifier.
- T. ayāz, n. prop. Name of the Turkish servant and favorite of Sultan Mahmud Ghaznavi.
- т. ایان аузды, в т. А сир.
- P. H. ايال ayāl, s. f. A horse's mane (Pers. يال). The lock between a horse's ears.
- a. اول iyālat, (inf. rv. of اول s. f. Dominion, Government.
- A. ايام aiyām, s. m. (plur. of يوم) 1.

  Days, times, time. 2. Season, weather.
- a round mark used in the Qur'ān, at which the reader may optionally pause or not; a verse or paragraph of the Qur'ān, contained between such marks.

A mark different from the simple āyat, and used in the Qur'ān only, at which a pause must be made by the reader.

- s. m. Familiarity, friendship, society.
- s. m. l. Rendering necessary. 2. (in logic) Affirmation (opposite to privation). 3. (in Muhammadan law)

  The first proposal made by one of the parties in negociating or concluding a

bargain. ابحاب وقبول Proposal and consent (between bridegroom and bride).

- A الجال ijād, (inf. IV. of وجول s. m. Invention, contrivance.
- A. ارجزا ijās, (inf. IV. of وجزر s. m. Abridgment, the abridging of a discourse or book.
- انیا آیزا, (inf. IV. of انینا) s. f. Hurting, injuring, pain, affliction.
- H. ايرا بهير erapher, s. m. Exchange,
- H. ايرا بهيري erāpherī, s. f. barter, dancing attendance.

Ī

- ing, producing, alleging.
- P. ايران irān, n. prop. Persia.
- P. ايراني irānī, adj. Persian, of īrān, a Shī'a.
- ایر کرنا er, s. f. Spurring, spar, the heel.

  ایر کرنا or ایر کرنا To spur:

  (met.) to flee. ایر صارنا To spur.
- H. ایری ایری, s. f. The heel.
- P. Jul ezid, s. m. God.
- P. ايزدي ezidī, adj. Divine.
- ध. ایسا aisā, (इँद्रा Like this) adj. Such, this-like, so: resembling. ایسی میں In the meantime.
- ब. ایسان isān, (ईशान r. ईश Rule) A name of Siva: (in dakh) the northeast. ایسان کون s.m. North-east.
- P. ايستارة istāda, part. Standing.
- ايشور shwar, s. m. Ruler, master, lord, chief; God.
- A. أيضاً aişaz, adv. Again, also, as before, item. Ditto.
- م. افياً عَامَة, (inf. IV. of في) s. f. Performing (a promise, &c.), satisfying, fulfilling, punctual performance.
- T. ايلچى elchē, s. m. An ambassador.
- الغار تا ilghar or elghar, s. See الغار آنا ilghar, الغار آنا To come by forced marches.
- H. أيلوا elwā, s. m. Aloes.
- A. ايليا iliyā, n. prop. Jerusalem. Elias.
- nod, wink, hint, beck, symptom.
- م iman, (inf. IV. of امن Trusted,

- was secure) s. m. Faith, belief, conscience, credit, reliance.
- H. eman, s. m. A musical mode.
- A. aiman, adj. compar. More or most happy, fortunate or august.
- A. P. اینی aimani or imazi, s. f. Security happiness.
- A. هذر (امام) a'imma, s. plur: of (امام) غذر المام) A grant of land, &c, to the people who attend at the tomb of a saint.
- A. Le aima, s. m. (for a'imma, plur. of but used to denote) Land given as a reward or favour by the king at a very low rent, a fief. (When no rent is paid, the land is called List aima-dar, One who holds land in Le a feoffee.
- P. آئين ā'in, s. m. Regulation, institute, statute, rules, common law (the laws delivered by Muhammad being called شرع and those established by princes,
- P. این in, pron. dem. This.
- A. این ain, adv. Where?
- g. اینت int, (इष्ट्रका) s. f. A brick.
- H. اینتهی ainthan, s. m. Tightening.
- H. Liquid ainthnā, v.a. To tighten. 2. v. n. To writhe, to twist; to strut, to walk affectedly, to swagger.
- اینچنا ainch or inch, (from اینچنا)
- H. liziel ainchnā or inchnā, v. a. To draw, to attract, see lizies
- P. عنده آینده ayanda or a'inda, part. act. (of آمدن) Coming, the future; \*sabsequent, next. adv. In future.

- ब. ایندهی indhan, (इंघन r. इंघ Kindle) s. m. Fuel (wood, grass, &c.), firewood.
- H. Liul aindnā, v. n. To strut, to stalk.
- H. ایندهوا indhū'ā, s. m. A roll or round fold of cloth or flax on which a burthen is carried on the head.
- p. ايوان iwān or aiwān, s. m. A hall, a gallery, an open hall supported on columns.
- A. ايوب aiyāb, n. prop. Job.
- P. A. اي ai wā'e, (Pers. اي and Arab. وأي interj. Alas! alas!
- A. هَي اَ aَya, s. m. A sentence of the Quran. See
- a. آييتاً قyītā, or ق'ītā, adj. (dakh.)
  Ready, prepared, in readiness.

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- be, called bā in Arabic, is the second letter of the Arabic and Persian alphabets.
- another word) By, with, from, in, into, near, on, according to, for, towards.
- other word, but, when standing alone, written هن) With, by, for, in, into, to, up to, on, upon.
- P. با آبرو adj. ابرو adj. Honourable, respectable; adv. Hon

- ourably, respectably. با الرب With good manners; by your leave! pardon me! ما المال المال
- A. بانب bāb, s. m. 1. A door, gate. 2. A chapter, section or division of a book. 3. Subject, head, affair, point, matter.
- A. بابت bābat, s. f. Account, head, article, item; business, affair, matter; on account (of), for.
- A. بابل bābul, n. prop. Babel or Babylon.
- H. بابو bābū, s. m. l. A child. 2. A prince. 3. Master (a title given by Hindūs, equivalent to Mr. or Esquire, and now chiefly applied to native clerks who write English).
- P. بابونه bābūna, s. m. I. Chamomile, chamomile flowers. 2. Wild ivy.
- ब. باپ bāp, (वप्र:) s. m. Father.
- a. lauijų bāptismā, s. m. Baptism.

- adj. ماتوني على bātūnī, (from باتوني) adj.
  Talkative, chatty, entertaining.
- g. بات bātūnīyā, (from باتونيا) s. m. A talkative, conversable, entertaining person.
- s. الله الله bat, (वाट) s. m. Road, path.
- a الله bāṭ, (वंटक) s. m. A weight or measure of weight.
- P. جان bāj, s. m. f. A tax, duty, toll, impost, cess, &c., tribute. باجدار A tax-gatherer, a collector of tribute or revenue. باج گذار One who pays taxes, duties, &c.
- g. إلجا باجا . वद to sound) s. m. A musical instrument. الجا بحنتر A band of music.
- H. أجرا bājrā, s. m. A kind of millet.
- 1. To sound (as a musical instrument);

  to be published, to be famed. 2. v. a.

  To beat, sound, play upon; to act, play, perform the part of.
- T. باجى bājī, s. f. An elder sister.
- ت. مال باجي امال bājī amman, ك امال عن المال عن
- باجي على المجي جان توقع باجي جان T.
- selection. 2. (वांडा Desire)
  Selection. 2. (वांडा Desire)
  The mouth) The
  corner of the lip. 3. adj. Useless.
- s. إلى bāchhā, (वास) s. m. A calf, or the young of any animal.
- g. ių bāchhnā, (r. वाच्छा ' Desire) v. a. To choose, select.

- P. باختى būkhta, part. pass. (of باختى)
  Played; beaten at play.
- P. باخته bākha, s. m. A tortoise, turtle.
- P. الله būd (বান) s. f. Wind, air, breeze, gale. A remission (of rent) on account of deficient produce. باد ييما adj. 1. Swift, matching the winds; a swift horse. 2. A worthless person who cares not what he says, an idle talker, a false speaker, one busied in useless الله A stormy wind adj. Swift as the wind. s. f. A hot pestilential wind. بان شرطه A fair wind, a favourable wind. بال صبا s. f. The morning breeze, a zephyr, a refreshing باد گوله . The pox باد فرنگ A whirlwind, flatulence from indigestion in which the wind soems to move like a ball in the bowels, a murmuring or rumbling of the intestines. s. f. A contrary wind.
- P. بولان bād, (imper. of بولان) Let it be, so be it, may be.
- P. ابودن bādā, (from بودن) May it be,
  God grant it!
- P. الله bādām, (बाताम्र) s. m. An almond.
- P. بادامي bādāmī, adj. 1. Almondcoloured, almond-shaped. 2. A kind of eunuch. 3. A eunuch in general مادامي آنكه A placid, sleepy eye.
- P. بادبان bādbān, s. m. 1. A sail. 2. A vessel used to hold a lamp for the purpose of protecting it from the wind. 3. A wicker lantern.
- P. بادیا bād-pā, s. m. A swift horse, courser.
- r. باك خايم bād-<u>kh</u>āya, s. m. The rupture, hernia; hydrocele.
- P. بال خور bid-khor, s. m. A disease in horses from which the hair falls off.

*→* 

- ع. بال for بال bād-khorā بال خورا Hair) Scaldhead.
- P. A. J. bādranj, as. m. l. A sort
  - P. بال رنگ of cucumber.

    2. A citron
  - P. بان bādrang-boya, or بان منكبوية B. Arabian balm, citronel.
  - a circular piece of wood at the end of a spindle. 2. The round piece of wood or the cap at the upper end of a tent pole.
  - P. فالرية bādriya, s. m. A ventilator, suspended to the roof of a house, to increase the circulation of air and drive away flies.
  - P. باك زى bād-zan, s. Fan, ventilator.
  - P. كاشكان bādehāh, s. m. King, sovereign.
  - P. عناهانت bādshāh-āna, adj. Imperial, adv. Royally, princely, kingly.
  - empire, kingdom, rule, government.
  - P. بادشاهي bādshāhā, adj. Royal, s. f. Royalty, reign, sovereignty, kingdom.
  - e. بادکش bādkash, s. m. A fan, a ventilator.
  - ع بادل कारि or वार water + ददा to give.) s. m. A cloud.
  - H. אָל bādlā or bādalā, a. m. Gold or
  - H. Job bādla or bādala, silver thread or brocade of silken stuff variegated.
  - H. بادلی bādalī, s. f. Siver cloth.
  - egg plant, brinjal; see بينكى bādanjān or bādinjān. The
  - P. بالان bād-numā, s. m. A weather-cock, vane.
  - P. كان bāda, s. m. Wine, (in India often) spirits.
  - P. بالموائي bād-i-hawā-ī, s. La Fruitlessness, uselessness, waste, vanity.

- P. بادي bīdī, adj. Flatulent, With The blindeanes.
- A. بادي bādī, part. act. (from بادي)
  Beginner, author.
- P. بادیان bādiyān, s Sweet fennek or anise seed : see
- P. بالایک bādiya, s m. A bowl, cup flagon, glass (but generally made of brass or bell-metal).
- P. بالاین bādiya, s. m. A desert, a forest.

bār-i-khudāyā, بار خدایا bār-i-khudāyā,
Great God! باردار part. (used adjectively) Loaded, full of fruit, fruitful,
pregnant. بارعام Public court or
public andience. بارکرنا

- adj. Fruitful, producing or having fruit.
- ब्र. (वार day) s. f. Time, occasion, delay.
- r. باران bārān, l. s. m. Rain. 2. (part. act. of باریدن) adj. Raining.
- P. باراني bārānī, adj. Relating to, or depending on rain, of rain; s. f. A great coat or a cloak for keeping off the rain.
- P. بارخانه bār-khāna, s. m. A ware-house.

- عند عند ' adj. Cold. وبرق adj. Cold.
- P. باریدن bārish, (from باریدن to rain, r. वर्षे shower) s. f. Rain.
- مارك اللم. كر اللم bārak-allāh, God prosper you! (a phrase expressive of approbation).
- P. بارکش bīr-kāsh, part. act. (used substantively) Burden-bearing or drawing; elephants, carts, a porter, carrier, &c.
- P. ارگاه غام بارگاه خاص bār-gāh, s. f. A court, palace, place of audience. بارگاه خاص Private court, privy council chamber. بارگاه عام Public court (where every body is admitted).
- P. بارگیر bār-gīr, s m. l. A horseman (soldier) who does not find his own horse. 2. A beast of burthen.
- تاروت bārūt, s. f. Gunpowder.
- P. فاروك bīrūd, s. Gunpowder.
- P. باره bāra, s. (in compos.) A time or کسکے بارہ What are you speaking about?
- stag of a large sort, having twelve branches on his horns.
- P. فارها bār-hā, adv. Often, repeatedly
- عارهوال على bārah-wān, adj. Twelfth.
- P. بارى bāre, adv. 1. Once, one time, all at once. 2. At last, at length.
- م. برأ كترب كترب كترب كترب كتربي معتدل الري معربي كتربي معربي المربي ال

- act. (used substantively) The Deity, the Creator. باري تعاليل bārī-ta'āla, The most high God.
- ياري هي būrī, s. f. (वार) Time, tour, turn. باري دار An attendant who waits in turn with others. باري كي تپ An intermittent fever.
- P. باریاهی bār-yāb, adj. Admitted at court or into company, obtaining admission.
- P. باریابی bīr-yābī, s. f. Admittance at court or into company.
- P. باریک bārīk, adj. Fine, slender, minute, subtile. ماریک بین adj. Intelligent, quick of apprehension, penetrating, nice.
- P. باریکی bārīkī, s. f. Subtilty, minuteness, fineness, niceness.
- ष्टा, (वाटी) s. f. An enclosed piece of ground, a garden, orchard, kitchen garden; a house with the garden, orchard, &c., attached to it.
- يا الله bār-yā (الله Edge) s. m. A whetter (of swords, knives, &c.).
- - P. Jisīr, s. m. A market, marketplace.

- P. بازاري bāzīrī, adj. Belonging to the market; a market person.
- P. بازپسین bāz-pasīn, adj. Last.
- P. باز پرس bāz-purs, s. f. Reiter-
- P. بارخواست bāz-khņņāst, s. f. ated inquiry, minute investigation or examination.
- P. فاركان bāzargān, s. m. A merehant.
- P. بازگشت bāz-gasht, s. f. Returning, turning back, retreat.
- P. シラジュル, s. m. (共司) 1. The arm.

  2. The fold of a door. 3. The side of a bedstead. 4. A friend, a companion.

  5. Flank (of an army).

  To assist, to help, to support.
- P. بازوبند bāsū-band, s. m. An ornament worn on the upper arm, an armlet.
- P. بازي لاغية, s. f. Play, game: (dakh.)

  A suit at cards بازي بان To be victorious or prosperous.

  الزي دينا To make game of, to trick. بازي كهانا 1. To lose, to be cast. 2. To be cheated.

  بازي لاجانا To wager. بازي لكانا To win, to excel.
- (something) back; a deduction, resumption, recovery (of lands, &c.).
- P. كن bizi-cha, s. m. 1. Fun, play.

  2. A toy, a plaything, a gewgaw.
- P. ازیگاه bīzī-gāh, s. f. Place for play.
- P. بازیگر bāzī-gar, s. m. A tumbler, one
- . who exhibits feats of activity, rope-dancer.
- s. باسی bās, (r. वास Scent) s. f. Smell, scent, odour.
- ع البان bāsā, (최단) s. m. Lodging, abode, dwelling, temporary residence.
- P. باستان bāstān, adj. Old, ancient, past.
- s. علسلب basath, (द्वाषष्ट्रि) adj. Sixty-

- o. باسیلت bāsaliq, s. f باسیلت in the arm.
- H. باسی bāsān, s. m. A basin, a plate, dish, goblet, pot, &c.
- ह. باسي basī, (r वास Scent) adj. 1. Stale. 2. Perfumed. 3. Fusty.
- P. باشیدی bāsh, (imper. of باشیدی To be, sometimes used in comp. as a subst.) Be, being, living.
- P. باشد blshad, aor. third pers. sing. (of باشیدن) May be, will be.
- P. المنده bāshanda, (or in India, bāshin-da) part. act. (from باشیدی To remain) Inhabitant. (Pers. plur. رباشندگان).
- P. خشاب bāsha, s. m. A hawk, a sparrowhawk.
- used substantively) Sight, the sense or faculty of seeing.
- a. بطل bāṭil, (from بطل) adj. False, vain, absurd, futile, void.
- a. بطی bāṭin, (from بطی) s. m. The inward part, the internal; the mind. adj. hidden, latent.
- A. cip bi'is, part. act. (of cip)

  Productive; (usually as a substantive mas.) Cause, occasion, reason.

## Jurat says :-

بارها باتوں میں باغ سبز دکھلائے جنھیں \* انکی خاطر کشتِ دل میں تخم غم بونا پڑا

- P. باغبان bāgh-bān, s. m. A gardener.
- P. اباكره مقولة المولي المولي المولي s. An indolent knot or tumor, indurated gland a knob, kernel.

بغي bāghī, part. act. (from بغي or بغي) Mutineer, traitor, rebel.

اباغ bāgh-icha, (dimin. of باغینیه)

B m. A small garden.

P. بافتی part. act. and pass. used in compos. Weaver, woven. زری A weaver of lace. کناری بافت ۱. A gold lace weaver. 2. Gold tissue, cloth interwoven with gold.

P. خانت bast, s. f. Weaving, web, texture.

1. Woven. 2. s. m. A kind of cloth 3. A colour in pigeons. 4. Buttons woven like mohair.

P. بافتر bāfanda, part. act. (of بافتری)
Weaver.

P. باقرخانی biqir-khini, s. f. A kind of bread or cake mixed with butter and milk.

ه. باقله bāqila, s. m. A bean.

A. باقى bāqī, part. act. (from باقى) Remaining, left in arrear, lasting, eternal; (used substantively) remainder, balance, arrears.

A. باقي bāqiyat, s. plur. (of باقي)
Remainders, balances, arrears.

P. في bāk, s. m. Fear, apprehension.

بكر bākiru, part. act. f. (from بكرة used substantively) A virgin.

الك موزى \* باك هاته سي چهوتنا or pull up (a horse, &c.). الك موزنا To turn the reins: and, this phrase is applied to the drying up of the smallpox: thus, when the pustules begin to blacken and dry up, they say, سيتلانه باك موزي \* باك هاته سي چهوتنا الك موزي \* باك هاته سي چهوتنا موزي \* باك هاته سي چهوتنا الك موزي \* باك هاته سي خود الك موزي \* باك موزي \* باك هاته سي موزي \* باك هاته سي موزي \* باك موزي \* باك هاته سي موزي \* باك هاته سي موزي \* باك هاته سي موزي

H. باگذر bāg-dor, s. f. A long rein with which horses are led.

P. باغره bāgra, s. (dakh.) See باگره

ब. باگه اله اله اله اله bāgh, (व्याघ्न, वि intensity, आ from all sides, घा to smell.)

s. m. A tiger. باگه بکری Tiger and sheep; a play of children.

ह. باگهی bāyhan, (ज्याघ्री) s. f. A tigress.

s. प्राप्तिनात bāgh-nak, (ज्याघनात) s.m.

1. A tiger's nail. 2. The claws of a tiger set in silver and hung from the neck as a charm. 3. A weapon made of steel, resembling huge claws, and fitting on the hands.

H. אוֹל bāl, s. f. 1. An ear or spike of corn. 2. A crack in a cup or glass. 8. s. m. The thread on which sugar is crystallized. אוֹל A cracked vessel (of china, glass, &c.).

A. الله الله bāl, s. m. Heart, spate: power.

- s. মা bālā, (ৰাজা) 1. s. f. A female child, a girl not arrived at the age of maturity. 2. (ৰাজ) A medicinal and fragrant plant. 3. s. m. An earring.
  4. (ৰাজ) A male child, a boy. بالاحاند The new moon.
- artless as a child. s. m. An artless child.
- s. H. بالاین bālā-pan, s. m. Childhood, infancy.
- P. بالابوش bālā-posh, s. m. A coverlet, a quilt.
- A. بالتفات bi.l-ittifaq. By chance, by or with agreement or concord or unaninity, or success.
- in the whole (as an estate without any coparceny).
- P. بالاخانة bālā-khāna, s. m. An upper room, an upper story, a balcony.
- P. بالانشين bā/ā-nishīn, part. Occupying the chief seat; a president.
- below, i. e. the heavens above and the earth beneath.
- P. بالائي مزي bālāī. (A led horse), adj. 1. Over and above, extraordinary.
  ع. plur. Secret pleasures.
  ع. f. Perquisites. 2. Cream.
- and বান্ধ A child) s. plur. Children.
- p بال و پر bāl-o-par, s. m. Adoption of better habits. ابال و پرنكالنا 1. To turn over a new leaf. 2. To flourish or prosper. 3 To betray one's evil disposition, to begin wicked pranks, to shew the cloven hoof.
- s. H. بالبي bāl-pan, s. m. (dakh.) childhood. youth.
- A. بالتصريع bi-t-taṣvīḥ, With explicit-

- ع بال تو تا bāl-tor, s. m. A pimple.
- A. منجملة bi-l-jumla. On the whole, altogether, to sum up all.
- H. بال جهتر bāl-chhar, s. f. Name of a medicine or perfume.
- A. بانخير bi-l-khair. In good; with good; happily, well.
- م. بالذات bi-ي-يقt. In essence, in nature.
- P. بالش bālish, s. m. A pillow, bolster, cushion.
- P. بالشت bālisht, (वितस्ति) s. f.
- A. بالضروب bi-ṣ-ṣarūrat, adv. By necessity, necessarily.
- A. بالعكس bi-l-aks, adv. On the contrary, on the reverse, invertedly.
- A. بالوغ bāligh, part. act. (from بالوغ bāligh, part. act. (from بالغ bāligh, part. act. (from بالغة bāligh, part. act. (from يالغة bāligh, part. act. (from baligh) part. (from ba
- م. بالفرض bi-l-fars, adv. With the supposition, granted.
- A. الفعل bi-l-fi<sup>2</sup>l, adv. In the fact, at this moment, at present, for the present, now, in short: in the mean time.
- s. بالک bilak, (বান্তেক) s. m. A young child, an infant.
- s. খ় bālkā, (ৰাতকা) s. m. A young follower of a Jogī, Sannyāsī, judge, &c.
- s. H. بالكبى bīlak-pan, s. m. Childhood.
- a. فالكن bi-l-kull, adv. Entirely, wholly, universally.
- A. بالكليه bi-l-kulliya, adv. See بالكليه
- A. عالي bi-llāh, By God.
- a. بالم bālam, (ब्हिंस r. वहां to love.)
  s. m. 1. A lover or beloved person; a husband. 2. A kind of cloth. بالم s. m. A sort of cucumber in season in the rains.
- الوق الم المقاتة (बाह्युका) s. f. Sand: A kind of sweetmeat.

- female child. 2. (আইন) An earring worn in the ear passing through the centre of it.
- ه. وباليدة الميدة bālida-gī, (from باليدكي على على على الميدة عل Vegetation, growth. maturity.
- P. باليدن bālīdan, inf. or verb. noun To grow. grow up, growing.
- A. بالیقیی bi:l-yaqin. With certainty, certainly.
- P. باليي bālīn, s. f. A pillow.
- e بام bām, l. (for त्राह्मी r. बृह to expand.) s f. An eel.
- P. بام bim, s. m. 1. An upper story the terrace or roof of a house. 2 Morning, dawn.
- H. bām, s. (dakh.) A fathom, three cubits and a half, or the space embraced by the extended arms.
- bimdid, s. f. P. JIJob Morning dawn, aurora.
- H. بأمن هتى biman-hatti, s. f. Name of a plant.
- bān, 1. s. f. Temper, quality manners. (वणे Kind, quality). (বা্ডা) s. m. An arrow; a rocke used in battle; a skyrocket, a grenade.
- P. Joban, (used as an affix in composoniy) Keeper, guardian; so, לربال Door-keeper.
- ब्र. پان bīnī, s. m. l. (वण Colour, class) Habit, profession. 2. Fashion in dress, peculiar to individuals or to bodies taken individually (so, regimentals may be called bana); uniformity. 3. A kind of weapon. 4. A veil.
  - 5. (वाणि Weaving) The woof in weaving. 6. A badge.
- H. ป๋ b3n3. l. v. a. To open. (dakh.) To stretch out, spread, cast: see U4. 2. s. (dakh.) A vat, earthen pot or jar, having a round bottom and no

- feet: a hemispherical bucket, made of iron plates, closely rivetted together, used in raising water in irrigation.
- H. בינום bānāt, s. f, Broad cloth.
- H. بانبهنی bāmbhnī, s. A. A snake's

  H. بانبهی bāmbhī, hole: aːterm
- H. بانبى bambī, applied, also, to ant-hills.
- ع. بانتا ع tānṭā, s. m. Share, portion, allotment.
- g. پانتنا bānṭnā, (बंटन r. वंट to divide.) v. a. To share, distribute, divide, participate, apportion, parcel out.
- इ. ﴿ اللهِ bimjh, (बंध्या) adj. Barren; sterile.
- g. Liasily bandhna, (बंधन) v. a. bind, tie, fasten, close, stop water, inbank; to invent, contrive, stop, pack, aim, build, compose, form, put, settle, put on, tie on.
- ع باندهنو في bāndhnū, (r. s. m. 1. A mode of dying, in which the cloth is tied in different places to prevent the parts tied from receiving the die. 2. Slander, plot, plan. 3. A kind of silk cloth.
- H. باندى bāndī, s. f. A female slave, bondmaid.
- ছু اندا و bindi, (वंड) adj. Tail·less. A serpent which has lost its a. m. tail.
- H. باندى bānḍī, s. f. A cudgel.
- ब्र. بانس bāns, (वंश) s. m. 1. A bamboo. 2. A measure of about ten feet, used to measure tanks, ditches, and excavations in general. (A cube of one bins is called a chaukā). v.n. To be branded بانس پر چڙهنا with infamy.
- g. النسا bānsā, (वंश) s. m. bridge of the nose.
- g. بانسري bīnsrī, or bānsurī, (वंर्गी) s. f. A flute, fife, pipe.

- ع. بانسلي bānslī, s. f. 1. A flute, &c. : بانسري вее
- curve) l. s. m. A crook, curvature, bending 2. A reach or turning of a river. 3. Fault, offence, wickedness. 4. s. f. A semicircular ornament worn on the arms. 5. A kind of dagger. 6. An exercise with the dagger. 7. A settee.
- ed) s. m. l. A fop, a coxcomb, a bravo, a bully. 2. A knife or hook to cut bamboo with. 3. adj. Crooked, coxcombish. 4. (dakh.) A bended trumpet made of brass.
- a beau, a coxoomb, a bully, a bravo.
- ع بانک پتا bānk-paṭṭā, s. m. A kind of fencing with (wooden) dagger and cutlass.
- g. H. بانکا bānk-pan, (پی and بانک and بانک)
  s. m. Foppishness, debauchery, disorderly conduct.
- P. بانگ دین bāng, s. f. Voice, shout, outcry, sound; the voice of the mu'assin calling Muhammadans to prayer; the crowing of a cock. بانگ دینا To call Muhammadans to prayer.
- B. بانكي bāngī, s. f. A pattern, a muster.
- P. بانو hānū, s. f. A lady, gentlewoman of rank.
- 2. Guarantee, protector or security (as, when a person trusts himself in the power of an enemy, a third person, who engages to return him to his house or fort in security, is his lānh).

  To protect. יוֹי, דُوتْنا To protect. יוֹי, דُوتْنا To be destitute of friends or protectors יוֹי, ווֹי, דָנָיוֹי דָנָיוֹי To assist. יוֹי, דָנָהוֹי דָנְהוֹי דָנְהוֹי דָנְהוֹי דָנְהוֹי דָנְהוֹי דָנְהוֹי דָנְהוֹי דָנְהוֹי דָנְהוֹי דָנִהוֹי דָנְהוֹי דִיי דָנְהוֹי דִי דָנְהוֹי דִיי דָנְהוֹי דִיי דָנְהוֹי דִיי דְנָהוֹי דִי דְנָהוֹי דִיי דְנָהוֹי דְנָהוֹי דְנְהוֹי דִי דְנָהוֹי דִי דְנְהוֹי דִי דְנָהוֹי דִי דְנָהוֹי דִי דְנְהוֹי דִי דְנָהוֹי דְנִי דְנְהוֹי דְיִי דְנְהוֹי דְיִי דְנְהוֹי דִי דְנִי דְנִי דְיִי דְנִי דְיִי דְיִי דְיִי דְנִי דְיִי בְּיי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיי בְיי בְּיי בְּיי בְּיי בְייִי בְּיי בְּיי בְיִי בְּיי בְּיי בְּיִי בְּיי בְּיִי בְּי
- a. بني bānī, part. act. (from بني) used substantively. A builder, author, in-

- s. f. Speech, voice, language; name of the goddess Saraswati.
- A. P. باني كار bāni-kār, s. Architect; composer, author, beginner, instigator
- بل كة'o, s. f. The pox. See باو .H.
- بابا bāwā, s. m. Father. See باوا P.
- bā'o-batās, s. f. Possession by a demon or devil: misfortune, calamity. See
- P. باور bāwar, s. m. Belief, faith, confidence, trust, credit. باور کرنا To believe, to trust, to credit.
- T. باورچي bāwarchī, s. m. A cook. a. m. A kitchen, cook. room.
- #. باوڙي كئ كئ كئ الله كئ الله كئ الله كئ الله كئ الله كل الله كئ الله كل الله كاله كل الله ك
- बात Wind, and गुल्म The spleen)
  s. m. The colick flatulency, flatulency with impaired function of the bowels.

এ باولا يه bū olā or bāwalā (বার্তা) adj.
Mad, insane, crazy.

H. باولى bà'olī, s f. l. A large well into which people descend by steps to get water. 2. The drag (thing or animal) with which hawks, dogs, &c. are taught to hunt. 3. A trick. باولى دينا To initiate, to train. ¶ (dakh.) Name of an ear-ring (small).

ع. باون bāwan, adj. Fifty-two.

ع باونا ع bī'onā, adj. Dwarfish.

H. باونچى bā'onchī, s. (dakh.) A kind of seed.

A. بانه مناب هناب هناب bāh, s. f. 1. Virility, manhood.
2. Coitus.

ي مُور يُهُ bāhar or bāhir, (बहिर्) adv. Without, out, outside, abroad, away; adj. Foreign.

eminent; conspicuous, manifest.

P. باهم bā-ham, adv. Together, mutually. According, unanimous, friendly.

호 나 bāhman, (퇴진미) s. m. A Brāhman, a man of the sacerdotal class of Hindus.

ع. باهمني bāhmanī, s. f. The wife of a Brāhman. a Brāhmaness.

H. بائي bā'ī, s. f. 1. Mistress, lady (among Mahārāttas). 2. A dancing girl. 3. A woman. بائي جي s. f. The mother bawd.

عني الله bā's or bā'i, (वायु) s. f. Wind, air, flatulency, rheumatism.

Saudā says:--

جسنے سجدہ کیا نہ آدم کو شیخ کا پوجتا ھی بایاں پاوں

He, who did not bow down to Adam, worships the left leg of Shaikh, i.e. bows to his superior cunning.

ह. أبيب bāyab, (व्यावय or वायुकोण)

ह. باي برزنگ bā'e birang, (विडंग) s. m. Name of a medicinal seed.

P. باید و شاید bāyad-o-shāyad, As it should be.

ع. بائيس bā'is, adj. Twenty-two.

P. بایستن كتyista, (part. pass. of بایستن) adj. Necessary, requisite.

e. بائیسی قبرتنا ه. f. l. The royal army (so called, because composed of the troops of twenty-two عربه عربه) 2. A command of 22,000 men. بائیسی ترتنا To attack with one's whole force.

A. بایع bà'; part. act. (of بایع A seller,

ਸ. بائيكا bā'īkā, s. f. (dakh ) Woman.

H. بائيكو bā'iko, s. f. Woman.

P. بایی ba-in. With this.

P. بيان ba-bād. To the wind.

P. ببر babar, s. m. A lion, a tiger.

H. ببري habri, s. f. 1. Cropped hair, tresses. 2. The act of cropping (especially, the manes of horses). 3. Hair of a camel.

P! ببري babri, adj. Relating to the lion or tiger, tiger-coloured.

s. ببول s. f. The name of a tree of the Mimosa kind. (There are several species, but the commonest is Arabica.) The acucia tree.

P. g. ابيا هون ba-pā honā. To be raised, established, or pitched.

ف. بپت bipat or bipati, (विपत् or ع لتب bipta.

विपत्ति r. 'पत् to fall.) s. f. Adversity, misfortune, distress.

- ह. نبهب bipharns, वि, परि and r. इ go (goes to ruin) (विपरीत) v. n. To be perverse, refractory, disobedient, cross, obstinate, pert.
- Р. ייי but, (в. प्तल) в. т. An idol, image, statue: a beloved object, a mistress. بت پرست An idolater. بتنانه . f. Idolatry. بت پرستی s. m. An idol-temple.
- A line drawn to P. نت bat, s. m. distinguish separate names in a catalogue or articles in an account; a mark, a score.
- H. is bat, s. m. The worm which is destructive to shipping (Teredo).
- a. بات bat, contract, of بات A word, wind, generally used بات affair, or of in composition; as بت باهري batbāharī, adj. External, foreign.
- ع. بن bittā, (वितस्ति) s. m. A span.
- H. i buttā, s. m. Overreaching, fraud, trick, take in بتا دينا To overreach.
- H. W batā, s. m. 1. A bamboo lath, a thin slip of bamboo. 2. An oblong stone on which powders are levigated. إلى Bee الله batta, (dakh.) See
- عالی علی batās, (from वात) s. f. Wind, air. بتاس پهينى s. f. A kind of sweetmeat, sugar-cakes.
  - g. lulu bat-āsā,
  - (from वात Air) ع. اشلت bat-āshā, ع. مثلت batāsha,

of sweatment, sugar-cakes (of a ongy

- texture, or filled with air, as the word implies?; a hubble.
- н. نانا batānā, v. в. ो (वदन r. वद to speak, telling) To point out, to shew, indicate, signify, to explain, teach, to tell. 2 To appear. 3. s.m. An under turband. 4. A small bracelet of metal.
- P. بتر batar, (contract. of بتر) compar. Very bad, worse.
- batar, adj. Mutilated, wanting the tail (an animal); destitute of good qualities. See ابتر
- P. بتكدة but-kala, s. m. An idol-temple, a pagoda.
- ع. بتكر bat-akkar, adj. Garrulous: see
- بت) ( bat-kahā'o, s. m بتكهاو يه
- ع. بنگهي bat-kahi, s. f. and کہنا To say) Loquacity, conversableness, discourse, dialogue.
- رتلانا .H batlana, v. a. To shew, explain, point out, denote, teach, inform, express, signify, adduce, account for. See Lili
- s liu bitna, (r. ZA Pass) v. n. pass, come to pass.
- P. ع. ا بتذک هونا To be distressed.
- A. بتول batūl, s. f. A pure virgin. The title of the daughter of Muhammad, Fatma the wife of Ali.
- H. بتولي batoli, s. f. Buffoonery.
- ع بتونى bat-ūnī, adj. Talkative: see
- To cause to scatter, to cause to sprin-
- ين bithrānā, v. a. To scatter, to sprinkle.
- A kind ब्राह्म क्षारां, (वित्ति) s. f. l. A candle. 2. A wick, a match, stick (of scaling-

- H. بتي butti, s. f. Provision (for travelling).
- s بنیا bittiyë, (from بنیا bitte for वितस्ति A span) b. m. A dwarf (s.e., a span high).
- عنات batiyānā, (from بنيان A word)
  v. a. To speak, to talk, to say, to converse, discourse.
- H. بتيس batīs, or battīs, adj. Thirty-two.
- H. بنيسا battīsā, s. m. A medicine composed of thirty-two ingredients, usually given to mares after foaling.
- H. بتيسي battisi, s. f. 1. A set of teeth. 2. Any aggregate consisting of thirty-two parts. بتيسي دکهانا v. a. To shew teeth; to laugh, to scoff or make faces at any one.
- ع. نبت bat, s. A weight.
- H. L. butta, s. m. l. Deficiency, loss.

  2. Exchange or discount: difference of exchange, any thing extra.

  3. Defect, blemish. 4. A ball (of wood or stone).

  5. A box in which gems are kept, a casket.
- H. bitīnī, v. a. To scatter, to sprinkle. Tontīnā, s. (dakh.) A pea.
- e بتّار في baṭā'ū, (त्राटिक) в. т. Тгаveller; robber.
- ع. بتائى غ. baṭā'ī, (from بتائى To twist)

  s. f. Hire paid for twisting ropes, &c.

  ¶(from r. बट Partition) A certain share of a crop given the landlord for rent.
- bat-mogrā, s. (dakh.) Jas-minum Zambac, double jasmine.
- s بتنا baṭnā, (r. वाट or बड Wrap round, entwine: divide, share) 1. v. a.

- To twist, to form by convolution (as ropes): to divide, share: to gain, to make profit. 2. v. n. To be divided, to be twisted. s. m. An instrument with which ropes are twisted.
- s butū'a or baṭuwā, r. على Surround, envelop) s. m. 1. A purse, a small bag (generally used for holding betel-nut, &c.). 2. A brass vessel in which Hindus dress their food.
- H. بيتا biṭawā, (dimin. of بيتا) s. m. A
- عَدُوارا اللهِ baṭ-wārā, (r. 리즈 Divide) s. m. A share.
- ع. بتنا baṭwānā, (causal of بتنا) v. a.

  To cause to twist, to cause to be divided, &c.
- ع. بتورنا baṣtor-nā, v. a. To gather up, collect, purse, accumulate.
- ق. هو bāṭwa, s. m. A purse: هود الله على الله ع
- الله baṭohī, (from 리군 A road) s. m. A traveller, wayfarer.
- ع bithānā, (caus. of بيتهنا)
- ع. نالیت bithlānā, v. a. To cause to sit down, to seat, to set, to settle.
- ی بتنا baţa'ī, (from بتنی To twist)
- s. f. The art of making gold thread.

  H. بیتی biţiyā, (dimin. of بیتی) s. f.

  A daughter.
- म् بتير buțer, (वर्त्तका) s. f. A kind of quail.
- P. \( ba-j\bar{a}\). In place; fit, right, proper, accurate, true, properly.
- H. bijār, s. m. A stallion, a bull.
- عن الله bij-ālā, (see بيا) adj. Relating to seed.
- P. s. ba-jā-lānā, v. n. To perform, \*accomplish, execute, to obey.
- P. ba-jān. Heartily; with, in or to soul.
- s. bajānā, (記句, r. 司侯; to sound. A musical instrument) v. a. To sound, to play upon an instrument of music, to beat (a drum, &c.).

بچپ

- P. من المنابعة bu-jā's adv. Instead, in the place of.
- P. ع. المونا ba-jidd-honā, v. a. To be in earnest, to be importunate, to insist.
- 8. جر المجر bajr, (বর, রর to go.) s. m.

  1. A thunder-bolt. 2. A diamond3. (dakh.) A stone. 4. adj. plard.

  May lightning fall on him, &c. (An expression used in cursing any one).
- ing Hard, heavy) s. m. A boat for travelling in, a pleasure boat of a larger kind.
- H. مبتر bajr-baţţū, s. m. Name of a fruit. Seeds of umbrella-bearing palm.
- P. ba-jurm. By or for or in the crime.
- عرنكي ع bajrangī, s. f. A kind of tilak or mark made on a Hindū's forehead with red lead.
- عره عره bajra, s. m. See
- بجلي bijrī, s. f. See بجري ع
- P. jaz, prep. With the exception, without, besides, except.
- हें। (विद्युत r. द्युत to shine.)

  ब f l. Lightning. 2. A thunderbolt:
- bajni, 1. v. n. (intrans. of Liz.) To be sounded, to sound; 2. s. m. A rupee (used among brokers).
- bajantarī, (वहा r. वह:
  to sound. A musical instrument, and
  यंत्री A musician) s. m. One who
  plays on musical instruments.
- P. A. Luis, bi-jinsihi. By kind, in detail, particularly.
- H. 5. bijū, 1. An animal that feeds on dead carcasses; the Indian badger. 2. (met.) A small-eyed person.

- B. bajorna. To beat hard with a stick.
- bijog, (वियोग from वि not and योग r. युज् to join. Junction) s. m. Separation, absence (especially of lovers). adj. Separate, parted.
- في في bijogī. An unfortunate, a miserable person.
- H. الجهان bujhānā, (trans. of الجهان v. a.

  To extinguish, to put out, quench; to damp, depress or deject (the spirits).

  U الجهان To quench thirst.
- To explain, to make to comprehend, to demonstrate, to push as with argument, to persuade, assure, instruct, signify, to cause to believe.
- bujhbujharwal, s. m. Enigma, riddle.
- H. bujahrā, s. m. A vessel for warm water.
- ed, to be put out, to be quenched (thirst) to be dejected (the spirits, &c.).
- s. bach, (वच) s. f. Orris root.
- s. )ं bichār, विचार (वि and r. चर go, move) s. m. Consideration, reflection, contrivance, judgment, opinion, thought, apprehension, will.
- s. bichārnā, (विचारण) v.a. To consider, reflect, think, investigate, comprehend, conceive, to judge.
- P. کیاره bichira, (for جیاره) adj. Helpless.
- H. List bachānā, v. a. 1. (trans. of spare, to defend, to guard, to avoid.
- H. bachā'o, (from is) s. m. Protection, defence, safety, security, preservation, salvation, escape.
- P. H. کچنی bach-pan, (خچن and پی) s. m. Childhood, infancy.

- bach-kānā, (perhaps, from Ladj. Small (generally applied to shoes and clothes). 2. s. m. A dancing boy.
- e. f. A girl adopted by an old prostitute.
- H. E bach-kach, s. m. (dakh.) Plur.
  Infants; family.
- pointed, to be balked: to sprain: to run away, to retreat: to withdraw a consent which has been given. \( \) (dakh.) To start, to be afraid or startled.
- go) v. n. To turn, to bend, to slip, to break one's promise, to infringe.
- H. Lias bichamnā, v. (dakh.) To vex with questions.
- s. سين bachan, (वचन r. वच Speak)
  s. m. Speech, talk, word, promise,
  agreement. تجن توزنا To break
  one's word. تجن لينا To promise,
  to agree. تجن لينا To receive a
  promise. الجن هارنا To abide by a
  a promise. الجن هارنا To promise,
  to agree, to give or pledge or plight
  one's word, to affirm. 2. To break
  one's word or promise.
- spared, to escape, avoid, remain unexpended, recover.
- P. よこ bachcha, (河代 r. 可刊 to dwell or a child till one year's old.) s. m. An infant, a child, bantling, the young of any creature. シンド s. m. The womb. ここのでは、 The Pleiades.
- \* bichhānā, (trans. of liq.) v. a. To spread, extend. ¶ s. m. Bed.
- # bachhrā, (वत्स) s. m. A calf.
- bichharā, s. m. Separation.
- عرانية. bichharns or bichhurns, (वि

- and r. St Cut.) v. n. To separate to be separated.
- s. धंदर्ड bichhalnā, (वि and r. च्हा move) v. n. To be separated, to separate, to slip, slide, slip out of place, sprain, turn away the face.
- ड. पंद्र bichhnā, (perhaps from विस्तर r. त् Spread) v. n. To be spread, to spread.
- ছ ट्रिंग bachchhnāg, (वसनाभ) s. m. Name of a vegetable poison.
- scorpion, the sign Scorpio of the Zodiac: name of a firework.
- H. bichh'ūā or bichhu'ā, s. m. l. A sort of dagger. 2. An ornament, ring, worn round the toes.
- v. a. To cause to spread. q. v.)
- bichhaunā or bichhonā, (from u, v.) s. m. Bedding, bedclothes, bed, carpeting.
- s. Jung bachherā, (वत्स) s. m. A colt.
- فیری هوه bachheri, (هوه) s. f. A foal, filly.
- P. في bachchī, s. f. (from في A female young one, a little girl.
- A. China, adj. superl. (from Carly) A great disputer, controvertist, arguer.
- A. biḥār, s. plur. (of ) Seas.
- P. A. المنت ba-hāl, In state or condition; adj. Unaltered, happy, flourishing, in office, restored, confirmed, upheld. المنت To reinstate, reestablish, replace, restore, confirm.
- state, the being unaltered; restoration, maintenance, being in office or favour.

- sion, controversy, debate, argument.
- P. A. Description ba-hadd, or ba-hadd-e, to such an extreme; to such a degree.
- bahr, el. s. m. A sea, a bay, a gulf. 2. s. f. Metre, verse. 3. A fleet.
- buḥrān, s. m. The crisis of a disease.
- h. مري baḥrī, adj. Maritime, belonging to the sea, naval.
- Two seas, the two waters, i. e., that of the sea and that of rivers.
- P. A. ba-ḥisāb, With or in the computation.
- P. A. ba-hasb. In the proportion, according to.
- ba-hukm. By command, by authority, &c.
- مر المر buhaira, (dimin. of مرزي) s. m. A small sea, a lake.
- heat (of the ground or such as is felt in fever), vapour, exhalation, fume.

  Liping To entertain enmity or malice in the heart.
- P. خت bakht, s. m. Fortune, luck, خت آزمائي s. f. Trial of fortune.
- strong, hairy and with two bunches on its back.
- P. bakht-āwar, adj. Fortunate, lucky.
- ba<u>kh</u>t-āwarī, s. f. Luckiness, good fortune.
- P. bakht-war or bakht-ūr, adj.

  Fortunate. ¶ bukhtūr or bakhtūr, s.

  Thunder, a roaring lion or other roaring thing.
- P. bukhtī, s. f. A quick-paced camel (generally used to ride on, and not for burthens).

- P. عثيار bakhtyār, adj. Fortunate, lucky.
- P. ختياري bakkt-yērī, s. f. Good fortune.
- P. 8, s. m. Share, portion.
- in compos. Giving, bestowing, forgiving. 2. s. m. Share, portion, lot. نخش دینا

  To bestow, to forgive.
- P. خشایش ba<u>kh</u>shā'ish, (from خشایش) s. f. Forgiveness, a present.
- s. f. Gift, donation, grant, boon, gratuity, present, pardon, forgiveness.

  نفشن کینا To reward.
- P. H. Liming bakhsh-nd, v. a. To give, to grant, to bestow, to forgive, to pardon.
- P. Lolinis bakhsh-nāma, s. m. A deed of gift.
- P. کشند ba<u>kh</u>shanda, part. act. (خشیدن) Giver, bestower, pardoner, donor.
- a commander-in-chief. (Lit. a paymaster; but, in Muhammadan armies, the office of the latter is generally united with that of general).

  A title or rank equivalent
  - to commander-in-chief. خشي خانه.

    The pay-office, the general's office.

    2. (in compos.) s. f. Giving, forgiving.
- A. منافع bukhl, s. m. Avarice, stinginess.
- P. A. کلاف ba-khilāf. In opposition, contrary (to).
- P. خوبي ba-khūbī. With goodness, well, in a good manner.
- P. Da-khud. In self, by self, of self.
- bakhūr, s. m. Perfume, odour, frankincense.
- A. P. ba-khair. With good, for good, well.

a. کنیلی bakhīli, (from کنیلی) s. f. Stinginess, parsimony, avarice.

P. bakhiya, s. m. A kind of stitching, a strong quilting; a stitched cloth.

P. بد اختر bad, adj. Evil, bad. بد اغتر adj. بد اخلاق.Unfortunate,underabad star.بد adj. Of bad habits. بداصل adj. Low-born. بد اعتقاد adj. Mistrustful. انعال adj. Of bad deeds. adj. Evil-minded, malicious, malevolent. بد باطي adj. Evilminded. بد باطنی s. f. Malice, ill-nature. بد بخت adj. Unlucky, unfortunate, wretched, s. f. Misfortune, bad luck, adversity. بد بو 1. adj. Fetid. 2. B. f. Stink. بد پرهيز adj. Not controlling one's inclinations and passions, intemperate. بد پرهيزي s. f. Intemperance, excess. بد حواس adj. Senseless, stupified, in consternation. s. f. Stupidity, sense-بد خصلت or بد خصال lessness. adj. Bad in disposition. بد خلقي s. f. Bad disposition, evil nature. بك خوالا .adj. Of bad habits بد خو adj. Wishing evil, malevolent, illwisher. بد خواهی s. f. Ill will, disaffection, malevolence, enmity, hatred. s. f. Unmannerliness, badness of disposition, ill-nature. بد دعا 8. f. A curse, imprecation. しょ adj. Suspicious, evil-minded. بد دماغ adj. Dissatisfied, displeased with every thing. بد دماغی s. f. Ill-will, displeasure. بد درل adj. Ill-shaped, clumsy يد ذات adj. Low-born of bad dis

position, of bad breed, base, wicked, .s. f بدناتی villain. Baseness, wickedness, vitiousness, villainy. زبان 1. adj. Indecent (speaker), abusive. 2. s. f. Indecent language, abuse. بد زبانی s. f. Abuse. بد عامت s. f. An unlucky moment. Ill-disposed, ill-natured. adj. Evil-minded, malignant. بد سلوکی s. f. Misbehaviour, naltreatment, abuse. بلد سيرت adj. ىد شكل Ill-tempered, ill-disposed. adj. Ill-shaped, ill-looking. بد صورت adj. Ugly, clumsy, ill-conditioned. بد طینت .s. f. Ugliness بد صورتی adj. Malevolent, iniquitous. بدطینتی s. f. Malevolence, iniquity. بد ظی adj. Suspicious. بن عهد adj. Faithless, treacherous. بد نعل Evil-doer. بك قوارة bad-qawāra. Ill-formed, illmancered. بد کار or مردار adj. بد کیش Evil-doer, sinful, wicked. بد adj. Impious, irreligious. بد گار، adj. Suspicious, mistrustful. بد گهر adj. Of bad origin, bad by nature, unprincipled بدلكام adj. Not obedient to the reins (a horse), hard-mouthed. بد مزاج adj. Ill-tempered بد s. f. 1. Tastelessness, bad taste, nauseousness. 2. Coolness between friends. بد مست adj. Intoxicated, dead drunk. adj. Of a bad profession or way of life, of an infamous trade, immoral. adj. Unfair in dealing. adj. Infamous, of bad repute. ترنا کرنا To asperse. rilliz. defame.

. s. f. Infamy, scandal. ا بد نسل 1. adj. Of a bad race or breed. 2. A bastard. بدنصيب adj. الله عند نظري s. f. Badness or wickedness of look. بد نهاد adj. Ill-disposed. بد نہائی s. f. Badness of disposition, ill-nature. adj. Of bad intentions, malevolent. بد نیتی s. f. Badness intention, ill-will, malevolence. adj. Evil-disposed. بى ھضمى .s. f. Bad disposition وضعى s. f. Indigestion. به عن adj. Illomened, unpropitions. بد يمنى s. f. Bad omen, bad luck.

- H. Dibad, s. f. A bubo, a syphilitic or pestilential swelling of any of the glands.
- s. f. A little pit into which children in play endeavour to throw balls or marbles.
- s. ن. badi, (बदि r. निधु moon,) s. f.
  The wane of the moon.
- ع. اوداع bidā, (विदाय or وداع) s. f.

  Dismission, taking leave, farewell, adieu. بدا كرنا To bid farewell, to dismiss.
- e ابدا عن badā, (विधि) 1. adj. Predestined. 2. s. m. Fate, destiny, the divine decree.
- الله badābadī, adv. With emulation or rivalship, contentiously.
- P. بدان badān, (for بدان with بدان)

  By that, for or from that.
- hadāhat or budāhat, s. A thing happening unexpectedly.
- A. بدایت badāyat, s. f. Beginning.
- A. بدایت badd'i\*, s. plur. (of بدایت Rare things.

- P. بدتر bad-tar, adj. compar. Worse, bad.
- P. بدخشان badakhshan. Name of a country famous for the production of rubies.
- A. بدر badr, s. m. The full moon.
- p. بدر ba-dar, adv. Without, out, out of doors.
- P. A. بدرجه ba-darja. In or to the degree.
- مارقه badriqa, s. m. 1. A guide, convoy or guard on the road. 2. A fellow-traveller. 3. Any thing ordered to be taken with a certain medicine (as water gruel with salts), a vehicle (in medicine).
- P. بدررو badar-rau, s. f. A drain, sewer, kennel, channel.
- A. بدره badra, s. m. A bag of money;
  a weight of ten thousand dirhems.
- P. بدست bi-dist, s. A span.
- P. بدستور ba-dastār. As usual, according to custom, in the manner, customarily.
- A. Lion of novelty or change in religion, heresy, innovation; wrong.
- A. بدعتى bid'āt-ī, adj. Tyrant, oppressor.
- н. ندکنا bidaknā, v. 1. To start; shy; startle. 2. To take flight.
- A. بدل badal, s. m. Exchange, substitution, retaliation; (postpos.) In exchange, for, on account of. بدل لينا
  To exchange, to take in exchange.
- P. بدل ba-dil. With heart, heartily.
- A. الله badlā, s. m. Exchange, lieu, stead, a substitute, recompense, return, componsation, revenge, requital. الله v. a. 1. To alter. 2. To retaliate, take revenge. بدلي In exchange, in return for.
- H. M. budlā, s. m. (dakh.) A (leathern) bottle or vessel for holding oil or grease.

- A. II. بدلنا badlānā, (caus. of بدلانا) v. a.
  To cause to alter, to change.
- A. H. بدلنا badal-nā, y. a. To change, exchange, alter.
- مدلا badla, s. m. See بدلا
- ع. بادل badlī, (dimin. of بادلي s. f.
  - 1. Cloudiness. 2. A small bit of cloud.
- A. بدلي badlī, s. f. Exchange, relief (of watches).
- بدلا budli, s. f. (dakh. from بدلي budli, v.) A small (leathern) bottle.
- A. بدن badan, s. m. The body.
- s. i.i. badnā, (ব্ৰেন Saying) v. a. 1.

  To wager, to bet. 2. To settle, to predestinate, to take (as witness), to obey, to acknowledge, to agree, not to refuse.
- A. بدني badanī, adj. Corporeal.
- badū, s. f. 1. Beginning, appearance.
  2. The desert.
- ba daulat. By the fortune, by the bounty, by the means: in or with empire or fortune.
- A. بدون bidūn, prep. Without, besides, except.
- من بناوي. badawi, adj. Of the country or desert; an Arab of the desert, a countryman.
- s. ४५ budhi or buddhi or budh, बुद्धि (r. बुद्ध Understand) s. f. Sense, knowledge, wisdom, understanding, intellect, discretion.
- s. 为此 budh, (頁目) s. m. 1. A. wise or learned man, a sage. 2. The planet Mercury. 3. Wednesday. ¶夏夏 buddha. The ninth avatar or Hindū incarnation: a learned man, a sage.
- s. بدهان buddhi-mān, (बुद्धिमान्) edj. Wise, sensible, intelligent.
- ह. نعی badhnā, l. (बधन) v. a. To smite, kill. 2. (बद्धन) v. n. To in-

- crease, grow: see برهنا ¶ bidhnā, (r. विध or intransitive of بيدهنا v. n. To be pierced or perforated.
- H. is badhnā, s. m. A kind of pot with a spout to it, a vessel for drinking water from.
- H. بدهني bahdnī, s. f. A small pot with a spout to it : see ددهنا
- s. بدهوار budha-wār, s. m. Wednesday.
- a. ندهي buddhi, (विन्नी or वर्द्धी) s. f.

  An ornament worn round the neck, hanging down to the waist and crossing behind and before; a belt, a sash, brace (of a carriage, &c.). A weal, the mark of a stripe or lash.
- P. بدي badī, (from بدي) s. f. Badness, wickedness, evil, ill, mischief.
- в. بدیا bidyā, विद्या (r. विद् Know) s. f. Science, knowledge, intellect.
- s. بدیس bides, (विदेश) s. m. A foreign country, another country.
- s. بدیسی bidesī, (بدیس) adj. Foreigner, foreign, abroad; wretched.
- ابدع badi\*, (from بديع adj. Novel, wonderful, rare, curious, strange.

  Of rare or wonderful beauty.
- pore, an impromptu, any thing done without meditation, an unexpected event. 2. An axiom.
- A. بديبي badīhī, 1. adj. Unpremeditated, apparent, self-evident. 2. s. f. An axiom.
- essence, of itself, of himself, personally, independently.
- A. بذرگر bazr, s. m. Seed. بذرگر A
- A. بذل bazl, s. m. Expense, gift, munificence.
- A. منابع bazla, s. m. A jest, raillery, pleasantry.

A. .. barr, s. m. Dry land, a desert.

ы. ы. в. f. Pudenda fæminæ. See بور

- s. bar, (乳) 1. s. m. A choice, a boon, a blessing, a good. 2. A bridegroom.
- p. ب. bar, s. f. 1. Bosom, breast. 2. Fruit. 3. prep. On, up, above, upon, at, in. 4. part. (from برآن) Bearing, taking away. ابرآن v. n. To come up, come forth; be successful, be obtained, be accomplished, to abstain. برقت v. n. To extract, get out, produce, exhibit, fulfil, accomplish, yield. برقت or برموت or بروقت or بروقت or بروقت or بروقت or بروقت or بروقت ويوسيد. Opportune, seasonable, apropos, apposite, &c. in the nick of time.
- A. بر birr, s. A fox's cub.
- ugly. براگنا v.n. To be unpleasant.

  v. a. To take amiss or ill or as an affront, to be displeased.
- P. برابر bar-ā-bar, adj. Abreast, even, level, plain, uniform, smooth, like, alike, up to, opposite, over against, equal, on a par, adequate, correspondent, suitable, exact, accurate, straight.

  To overtake. برابر سرابر آنا adj. Equal, alike.
- P. برابري bar-ā-barī, s. f. Equality,
- respondence, emulation, rivalry, competition.
- s. برات barāt, (त्रात) s. f. The marriage procession.
- A. برات barāt, s. f. A commission, a warrant, decree, assignment, letter; name of a suit at cards.
- P. Larat, s. f. 1. Cheque. 2. The fourteenth day of the month Shaban,

- ष्ट. براتي barātī, (त्राती) s. m. The company and attendants at a marriage.
- s. ارات birāṭ, s. m. 1. (विराट) Tho embodied spirit. 2. (विराट) A sovereign.
- s. براجنا birājnā, (व and r. राज Shine)
  v. n. To be conspicuous or splendid;
  to enjoy one's self; to live in health,
  ease, content and independence.
- P. برادر birādar, (or, barādar) s. m.
  Brother.
- p. برادرانه birādar-āna, adj. or adv.

  Brotherly, like a brother.
- P. بران birādar-sāda, s. m. A brother's son, a nephew.
- P. برادر birādarī, (from برادر) 1. s. f.

  Brotherhood, fraternity, relationship, company. 2 adj. Brotherly.
- A. براله burāda, s. m. Filings, sawdust.
- P برآر Up, and part. act. of Up, and part. act. of To bring) Bringing or bearing up; accomplisher, performer, producer, raiser up, taker, bearer.
- A. j. barāz, properly birāz, s. m. 1. Stool, motion, excrement, fæces. 2. Fighting.
- H. براس burās, s. f. (برا) Badness, evil; anger, displeasure, vexation, regret.
- P. عنفشة bar-āshufta, adj. See برآشفته
- p. برافروختنه bar-afrokhta, (part. pass.)
  adj. Inflamed, set on fire.
- hurāq, n. prop. The ass on which Muhammad is said to have passed from Jerusalem to heaven.
- مراق مراق barrāq, (from براق) adj. Flashing, shining. brilliant.

- expenditure.

  bar-āmad, s. f. Coming up,
  coming or going out or forth, egress,
  out-going, exit, eruption, source, issue,
- p. برآمده bar-āmada, s.'m. A verandah. balcony, porch, gallery, eaves.
- P. بران burrān, (from بريدن) part.
  Cutting, sharp.
- P. برانداز bar-undāz, part. act. (of برانداختی) Overturning, destroying.
- D. J. bar-āwurd or -āward, s. f. Calculating, estimating, considering beforehand what may be necessary for a feast, &c., an estimate, a casting up.
- s. براهی brāhmaņ (or, birāhman) (त्रा– हाण) s. m. A Brāhmaņ.
- H. برائي burāi, (from برائي) s. f. Mischief, badness, evil, dissension.
- P. براي barā'e, adv. By reason of, on account of, for the sake of, for.
- ابریة barāyā, s. plur. (of بریة) Creatures, people, nobles.
- H. بر بري barbarī, s. f. A large kind of goat (from Barbary).
- P. بربط barbat, s. f. A kind of harp or lute.
- P. H. برپارهنا bar-pā rahnā. To continue firm or standing.
- raise, to pitch, to establish, to set on foot, to cause, to occasion, to introduce.

- P. ع. بريا هون bar-pā honā, v. n. To be raised, set on foot, pitched, established, produced, occasioned.
- s. יעשיי barat, 1. (রার) s. m. A meritorious act, a fast, a vow, a religious rite or penance.
- s. برت britti, (वृत्ति) s. f. Livelihood, stipend, pension, income, estate.
- ع. برتا s. m. Substance, ability, power.
- 8. תכונים britant, or britant, (वृत्तात) 8. m. Intelligence, tidings, narration, story, history, topic, mode, circumstance. بردانت يتر The record of a decision given by a panchiyat.
- P. برتر bar-tar, adj. High, higher, superior, excellent.
- P. برتري bar-tarī, s. f. Excellence, superiority.
- H. برتى bartan, s. m. A dish, plate basin, &c., vessel, utensil.
- H. برتنا bartnā, v. a. To use.
- bulwark. 2. A sign of the zodiac, a constellation.
- s. m. Name of a district, containing the several villages of Mathura, Gokul,
  - Brindāvan, &c. being about 168 miles in circumference.
- e. برجا bar-jā. In place; accurate, right, true.
- P. برجسته bar-jasta, (from برجسته Up and برجسته To leap) adj. Opportune, upropos, right, exact, prompt.
- H. برجنا barajnā, v. a. To forbid, to prohibit.
- h. برجي burjī, s. f. A small tower, a turret; the cut-water to the pier of a bridge.

- P. برجیس birjīs, s. A name of the planet Jupiter.
- H. برچها barchhī, s.m. A (long slen-
- H. برجبي barchhī, s. f. der) spear, a javelin, dart.
- برسچک birchhik, s. m. see برچهک سی
- H. برچهنی barchhait, (from برچهنی) s. m. A spearman.
- P. A. برحق bar.ḥaqq. In truth, by right, rightful; incumbent, inevitable.
- e. برخاستی bar-khlst, (from برخاست)

  s. f. Rising up, recalling or removing

  from office, recall. برخاست هونا

  v. n. To rise or break up (as an assembly).
- برخوردار bar-khur, adj. See برخور
- P. برخورد bar-khurd, s. f. Success, the obtaining one's desires.
- enjoying long life and prosperity.

  (Male children are thus called, enjoying the fruits of life.)
- P. برخي barkhe, s. A little, somewhat, a small part.
- harkhiyā, s. Name of the father of Āṣaf, the minister of Solomon.
- bearing, carrying. 2. A term used at chess when the king only, on one side, remains on the board; (hence, also) an opportunity of making some acquisition.
- ه. برد. burd, s. f. A kind of sheet with stripes, especially manufactured in Yaman called
- A. برك bard, s. m. Cold, frigidity.
- P. بردار bar-dār, part. in compos. (from بردار) Take up, carrier, bearer, holding or raising up.

- e. برداشتی bar·dāsht, (from برداشت برداشت B. f. Endurance patience. کرنا کرنا To endure, to bear with patience.
- P. برداشته bar-dāshta, part. pass. (برداشتی) Raised up, elevated; removed.
- P. بردبار burd-bar, adj. Burthen-bearing; forbearing, patient, mild.
- P. بردباري burd-bārī, s. f. Bearing of burthen; forbearance, patience.
- P. بردوخته bar-do<u>kh</u>ta, part. pass-هوخته عها
- P. برده فروش barda, s. m. and f. A captive,
  a slave. برده فروش A slave merchant.
- A. ition, separation; the time and state of man from death till the resurrection.
- P. برزن barzan, s. A street or quarter of a town, a desert or plain.
- ब्रु برس المولاية baras, (विषे) s. m. Rain; a year. برس گانته s. f. The ceremony of tying a knot on the anniversary birthday of a child; birthday.
- ब. برسات barsāt, (वर्षते) s. f. The rain.
- Rainy. 2. s. f. The name of a disorder in horses, the farcy (blisters, or pustulous eruptions that usually attack cows and horses in the rainy season, breaking out over the head and neck and upon the fore and hind legs).
- s. برسچک brischik, (ইথিক) s. m. A scorpion; Scorpio (the sign of the zodiac).
- g. برسنا barasnā, (वर्षण) v.n. To rain.
- ع. برسوان baras-wān, adj. Annual, anniversary.

- ecremony in commemoration of deceased relations.
- P. بریدن burrish, (from برش) s. f. Sharpness.
- P. برشتی birishta, part. pass. (of برشتی)
  Fried, broiled.
- ह برشكال barshkil or barashkal, वर्ष-काल (from वर्ष Rain, and काल Season) s. m. The rainy season, the rains. ه. برص baras, s. m. Leprosy.
- P. A. دطنة bar-tabag. On the grou
- P. A. برطبق bar-tabaq. On the ground.
  by reason, in the event.
- apart, dismissed. برطرف کرنا v. a.
  To dismiss, discharge, turn off, cashier, discard. برطرف هونا v. n.
  To be dismissed, discharged, turned off, or cast aside.
- P. A. برطرف bar-tarfi, (برطرف) s. f. Dismission, discharge.
- P. برف barf, s. m. f. Ice, snow. برف Adj. Iced, cooled in ice.
- P. برفي barfī, s. f. A kind of sweetmeat, adj. Icy, snowy.
- برق barq, s. f. Lightning. برق A matchlock man, a musketeer.
- h. برقعه burqa², (or برقعه) s. m. A dress or kind of veil with eye-holes to it, covering the whole body from head to foot. برقع پوش One who wears a burqa².
- adj. Fortunate, prosperous, fortunate in every undertaking and communicating good fortune to every thing one is concerned in, productive of advantage and success.

- A. برکت barakat, s. f. Blessing, abund.

  ance, prosperity. برکت To bless, to prosper.
- ابرکه birka, s. m. A pond, a small well.
- s. برکه brikh (河) s. m. A bull; Taurus (the sign of the zodiac).
- P. برگت bary, s. m. l. A leaf. 2. War-like apparatus, provision or necessaries for a journey. 3. A musical instrument. 4. Melody. (Plur. ابرگها).

  Leaf of a rose: (met.) the lip of a mistress.
- H. بركا bargā, s. m. A rafter.
- H. برکت baragat, s. m. The Bengal fig-tree: see
- P. برگزیده bar-guzīda, part. pass. Chosen, selected, elect.
- p. برکشنگی bar-gashta-gī, s. f. Retrocession, inversion, turning back, apostasy, abjuration.
- ed, changed, inverted, turned back, apostatized, rebelled.
- H. برلا burla, s. m. A wasp.
- s. भें birlā (त्रिलं) adj. Scarce, uncommon, rare, wonderful.
- H. برصا barmā, s. m. A kind of gimlet or borer worked with a string; an auger, a drill.
- H. ייסוט barmā·nā, v. a. To bore.
- ي. برمانا birmānā (causal of برمانا) v. a.
   To stop; to tame, to reduce to obedience, to allure.
- P. برملا barmalā adj. Public, conspicuous.
- s. برن barun (त्रज्ज) s. m. l. The god of water. 2. Name of a tree.

- sort, class; one of the four tribes among the Hindus (viz. 1, ब्राह्मण 2, श्वातिय 3, वेश्य 4, शूद्र) 2. A letter of an alphabet. 3. Praise, description. 4. (वरम्) conj. Moreover, but even, rather, نول کونا (वरण) To hire a priest for the performance of a sacrifice or any religious ceremony.

  P. نب barnā, s. m. A youth.
- P. birinj, s. m. 1. (or biranj) Rice (freed from the husk). 2. Brass.
- P. برنجاري Birinj-ārī, (برنجاري Rice, and Ric
- s. برندا brindā, (वृंदा) s. f. A plant worshipped by the Hindūs, commonly called Tulsī.
- ع. برندابی brindā-ban, s. m. Name of a place in the vicinity of Mathurā, and the scene of Krishna's sports with the Gopis.
- P. برنده baranda, part. act. (of بردن)

  Bearing; bearer.
- s. m. A person of a tribe originating in the intercourse of a man of one tribe with a woman of another.
- P. برنگ ba-rang. In the manner.
- عرن مالا . barna-mālā (वर्णमाला) s. f. An alphabet.
- barnan (वर्णन) s. m. Description, recital, explanation, praise.
- s. برني baranī or baruni (वर्णी) s.e f. An eyelash.
- H. برنى birnī, s. f. l. A wasp. 2. A small grain.
- P. برو barū, s. (dakh.) 1. The reed used

- for writing with, Arundo karka. 2. A tube, pipe, conduit, canal.
- H. بروا birwā, s. m. A plant, a tree.
- P. بروت burnt, s. f. Whiskers, mustaches.
- A. بروج burūj, s. plur. (of بروج) Bastions, towers, signs of the zodiac.
- A. برودت burūdat, s. f. Coldness, coolness.
- s. m. Separation, absence.
- s. بروكن birogan (वियोगिनी) adj. f.
  Separated, distressed from separation.
- ष्ट. بروكي birogī, (वियोगी) adj. Separated, absent (from the beloved).
- P. برومند barū-mand, adj. Fortunate, happy.
- P. بيرون birān, adv. (contract. of بيرون)
  Without; the outside.
- P. بری bara, s. m. A lamb, a kid.
- A. برهان burhān, s. m. Demonstration, proof.
- s. म. l. The regent of the planet Jupiter identified astronomically with the planet: in mythology he is the preceptor of the gods. 2. Thursday.
- बार) s. m. Thursday.
- s. برهم brahm or brahma, (त्रह्म) God, the cause and essence of the world from which all things are supposed to proceed and to which they return.
- P. برهم bar-ham, (together) adj. 1, Confused, jumbled together, entangled, spoiled. 2 Angry, vexed, offended. sullen برهم ذره adj. Entangled, confused, topsy-turvy. برهم زرى s. m? Confusing, mixing together, striking together. عرهم زرد Con-

fused, convulsed, turned topsy-turvy.

An exciter of quarrels, an embroiler.

s. f. l. Embroiling, confusing. 2. Interference, prevention, putting a stop to.

- s. prahmi(河部)s. m. The Deity in the character of Creator, or matter personified.
- s. m. A religious student, a Brāhman from the time of his investiture with the sacerdotal thread till he becomes a householder, a person who continues with his spiritual teacher studying the Veda, a Pandit learned in the Veda, an ascetic.
- برهي غ brahman or barahman or birahman, n. prop. Brahman. A See
- P. برهنگی barahnagī, s. f. Nakedness
- P. Lidy: barahna, adj. Naked.
- الزي bari (from أبري adj. Acquitted, free, clear, guiltless, innocent. بري Free from charge or obligation, justified.
- A. بري barrī, adj. Belonging to the dry land, to the forest or desert; wild.
- P. بریان biryān or (biriyān) adj. Fried, roasted, broiled, parched, grilled; burning, consuming.
- P. بریانی biriyānī, s. f. Name of a dish made of flesh, rice, &c.
- P. بریدنی buridani, adj. Fit or deserving to be cut.
- P. بریده burida, part. pass. (from بریدی) Cut, amputated, clipped. s. Fields cut by stealth by a cultivator.
- P. بريز بريز bires bires (from ريختن)

  Overcome by and yielding to misfortune or an enemy.

- ابریشم baresham, s. See بریشم
- P. بريى barīn, adj. High, sublime.
- ह برّ الله bar, (for वट) s. m. The Bengal fig-tree.
- שלים. לפון barā, (वड्ड) adj. Large, great, big, senior, elder, eldest, principal &c. שיל ייעל s. m. Tall talk; self applause.
  שליל s. m. lit. A long or great day.
  Christmas day. ייל עשל שליל To die.
  שליל 1. To enlarge, to exalt, to promote. 2. To extinguish, to put ont (a lamp, &c. as to use the direct phrase is deemed unlucky).
- of spiced bread or biscuit, made of the flour of the chickpea, coriander, cumin and fenugreek seeds, pounded capsicum and salt, all kneaded together with water into a paste, which is then formed into round cake and fried in butter for use.
- ছ. برائی barāī (বিজুনা) s. f. l. Greatness, excellence, bulk, bulkiness, bigness. 2. Magnifying, boasting. برائی
  To extol, to magnify, to boast, to vaunt.
- ع. ابتبتا burburā, s. m. A bubble. (see
- a. بربران barbarīnā (from بربران) v. a. To mutter. grumble, chatter nonsense, talk light-headedly, rave.
- ع. ربر الله bur-pan, وربرا (from ابريي) s. m.
- a. برينا bar-panā, Greatness, grandeur, dignity, superiority.
- s. H. برقها burhā·pā (from برهایا) s. m.
  Old age.
- إِنَّ الْمَالِيّ barhā-lānā, v. a. To bring forward, to lead on (an army).
- i. To increase, enlarge, lengthen make advance, forward, exalt, elevate

raise, promote, extend. 2. To extinguish. 3. To shut up (a shop). 4. To remove the tablecloth.

- s. عرضا المترهاء barhā'o (from برهاء) s. m. Prolongation, advancement, increase, enlargement.
- H. יייָּצּיִּאָּהּ burh-bhas, adj. Affecting in old age the manners of youth.
- ع. برهنا barh-tā, s. m.) (from برهنا على المجاهنا على المجاه المجاهنا على المجاهنا على المجاهنا على المجاهنا على المجاهنا المجاه

বৃদ্ধনা) Increase, augmentation, overplus, more, promotion, aggrandizement, elevation, advancement.

- H. برهل barhal, s. Name of a small round fruit.
- e. برهی barhan, s. f. A carpenter's wife. See
- s. barhnā (वद्रन r. व्हा Increase)
  v. n. To increase, enlarge, go on, proceed, advance, grow, rise, swell, to be promoted, to amount, lengthen.
- عنا البرّهنا) s. f. ابرّهنا) s. f. Increase.
- ع. برهنا barholar, s.m. (from برهوتر الم
- e. بڙهوتري barhotarī, s.f. Interest, profit, advantage.
- e. برهي barha'i, s. m. A carpenter, cartwright.
- ع. ابوڙها burhiyā (from برهيا) s. f. An old woman.
- ع barhelā, s. m. A wild hog.
- See Juin
- a. برتي barī (वटी) s. f. A dish made of pulse: see under
- a. H. برتي ميان bare miyān, s. m. An old man: Sir! (applied to an elderly man).
- ع ملكا على ملكا على baryaun men milnā.

  To be grown up.

- P. بزدل buz, s. m. A he-goat. بزدل A coward. بزدلي s. f. Cowardice, timidity, want of courage.
- A. ; bazz, s. m. Fine linen.
- A بزاز bazzīz, adj. (superl of بزاز substantively) A cloth-merchant, draper, mercer.
- A. P. jjj, bazzīzī, s. m. A cloth-market-
- A. P. بزازي bazzāzī, s. f. The business of a cloth merchant, drapery, linen-drapery.
- مرات مرات busāq, s. Spittle.
- P. نرگت buzurg, adj. Great; reverend, venerable, (used substantively) a grandee, a great man, noble, a saint, an elder, an ancestor. (Pers. plur.
- P. بزرگانه buzurg-āna, adj. or adv. Magnificent, magnificently.
- P. ابزرك زاده buzurg-zāda, adj. High-born.
- P. بزرگ منش buzurg-manish, adj.
  Noble-minded.
- P. بزرگ منشي buzurg-manishī, s. f. Greatness of mind.
- P. بزرگوار buzurg-wīr, adj. Great (man); ancestor, elder, saint.
- P. بزرگواري buzurg-wīrī, B. f. Greatness, ominence.
- P. بزرگي buzurgi, s. f. Grandeur, greatness, seniority, nobleness.
- P. بزغاله buzghāla, s. m. A kid.
- P. joann, s. f. Banquet, assembly, company.
- 9. بزن bi-zan, imper. of the verb زدن Strike. ¶ bazan, s. A harrow or instrument for levelling ploughed land.
- P. بزور ba-zor. By force, forcibly, perforce.
- P. بزلا کار baza, s. m. A sin, a crime. بزلا کار A criminal, a sinner.

- P. بس bas, adj. Enough, sufficient, plenty, abundance, very much. بس To stop, to seize, to put an end to, to have done. کرنا Although.
- # بس bas, (국रा) s. m. Power, will, authority. יאיט אינע עלאיט v. a. To have under command or control.
- e. بس bis. (বিঘ) s. m. l. Poison, venom. 2. Met. it is sometimes applied to bitter things.
- P. بسا basā, adj. Much, many, very. Mostly, often, frequently.
- H. white bisat, s. f. Means, capital, stock, estate.
- H. بساتي bisātī, s. One who sells every kind of things, a pedler, haberdasher.
- A. blue bisāt, (from bue) s. f. What is spread out; carpeting, bedding, a chess-board, surface, expansion, &c. This word is, also, adopted for H. Means, power, ability.
- P. بسان ba-sān, In the likeness, like.
- E. Liun basānā, (trans. of Liun) v. a. 1.
  To people, to colonize. 2. Cause to be scented or perfumed.
- بساهند bisāndh, s. f. See بسانده
- ع. بساهی bisāhan, ع. عناهی مناهی (河田 Smell) s. f. خ. بساهند hisāhind, Fetidness, stink.
- عناهندا في bisāhindā, adj. Fetid, stinking.
- s. m. Abode, residence.
- السب basbāsa, s. m. Mace (the spice so called).
- P. A. Line ba-sabab. By reason, on account.
- الله bast, (or bastu, for عربي bast, (or bastu, for عربي) s. f.

  Thing, matter, substance, chattels, goods, baggage, ornament.

- P. in bist, (for impos.) Twenty. ¶ bast, part. (in compos.) Bound, shut.
- p. بستا bastā, s. m. The cloth in which a bundle is tied up, wrapper, a bundle.
- P. بستان bustān, s. m. A ffower-garden.
  See ببستان
- P. بستر bistar, s. m. 1. Bedding, carpeting. 2. A bed, mattress.
- peculiar to faqirs. 2. The abode of a faqir.
- P. بستره bistara, s. m. Bed, &c. See
- P. نستگی bastagi, s. f. Binding, contraction, constipation, concretion, congelation, stoppage, obstruction.
- P. نستني bastanī, s. f. A cloth for binding together bundles of paper, books, ink-stands, &c.
- P. Limi basta, part. pass. (from إبسائي)
  Bound, shut, frozen. s. m. Cloth in which any thing is folded up, a parcel, a bundle, a bale.
- a village, a peopled or inhabited place, a population.
- A. منسن bussad, s. m. Coral.
- P. بسر ba-sar. To an end. الم بسر v. n.

  To come to an end, to succeed, to be accomplished, to get away from.

  v. a. To bring to an end, to finish, accomplish, execute, spend,

  pass. المجانا v. a. To bring to an end, to finish, accomplish, execute, acquit one's self of, outstrip.

  v. n. To be finished, ended, spent, or passed.
- ह. بسرام bisrām, (विश्राम from वि and
  - r. अम Grow tired) s. m. Rest, ease, repose, pause, a stop, a point in writing.

g. بسنت basant, (वसंत) s. f. 1. The

- انسرام لینا To rest, to repose, to pass the night (particularly used by wandering faqīrs).
- a. بسرنا bisarnī, (वि and r. स्मृ Remember) y. n. To forget, to be forgotten.
- P. بسروچشم ba-sar-o-chashm, (With head and eye) cheerfully.
- A. نسط bant, s. m. Diffusiveness, spreading or extending out.
- A. basfāyaj or bisfā'ij, s. m.:
  A medicinal root, polypody.
- a. بس کهپرا bis-khaprā, s. m. The name of a medicinal plant.
- name of an animal of the lizard kind, about a yard long, and said to be venomous.
- Staining (particularly, the beard: or women staining the legs, so as to have the appearance of being dressed in tight drawers, when they are in fact naked).
- animal sacrificed. بسمل کرنا To sacrifice.
- مر الله الرحن الرحية bismi l-lāh, In the name of God, or بسم الله الرحن الرحية bismi-l-lāhi-r-raḥmāni-r-raḥīm. In the name of God the most merciful. (An invocation generally used by Muhammadans at the beginning of all actions
- and works). بسم الله كرنا To begin, to commence. بسم الله هوا Said of a child who has just commenced learning to read.
- g. Limi busnā, l. (r. 可刊 Dwell) v. n. To dwell, inhabit, settle, reside. to abide, to be peopled or built. 2. (可用 smell). 2. To be scented or perfumed.

- spring. 2. One of the rāgs or musical modes of the Hindûs. 3. The name of the first of the six seasons, comprising (Chait and Baisākh). 4. The small pox (a phrase peculiar to the Bangā-līs). بسنت يهولنا v. n. To put forth the blossoms of mustard plants. آنگوں میں بسنت یهولنی To dazzle. بسنت کي خبر Knowledge of, or care about, futurity.
- basantī, adj. Of yellow colour. (This was Krishna's favourite colour).
- H. بسنى basnī, s. f. A purse.
- k. بسو baswā, s. m. (dakh.) A bull, the sacred bull.
- s. m. Home, dwelling place, residence, country.
- H. نسورنا bisūrnā, v. n. To cry slowly, to sob.
- H. پسولا basūlā, s. m. A kind of axe used by carpenters, an adz.
- H. بسولي basūlī, s. f. An instrument for cutting bricks, or a small instrument for cutting.
- ق. بيس biswa, (from بيس Twenty) s. m. The twentieth part (particularly, of a بيگها
- P. بسي basī or base. Much, many enough, (in) excess.
- P. بسیار bisyār, adj. Many, much, very, abundant.
- عسيرا كو baserā, (r. वस Dwell) s. m. l.

  A time before evening when birds return to their nest. 2. A night's lodging. 3. A bird's roost, a bird remaining on its roost. ابسيرا كرنا كونا
- A. bimple, uncompounded, elementary. 2. Spread.

- s. m. l. Particular, bisekh, (विशेष) s. m. l. Particular, special, abundant. 3. adv. Particularly, specially.
- A بشارت bish irat or bush irat s. f. Glad tidings, good news.
- م بشاشت bashshish, (from بشاشت)

  adj. snperl. In good spirits, pleased,
  delighted, cheerful.
- م بشاشت bashāshat, s. f. Cheerfulness, alacrity.
- P. A. شكت ba-shiddat. With violence, forcibly.
- مشر bashar, s. m. Man, mankind, a human being, mortals.
- P. A. بشرط ba-shart. On condition.
- P. بشرطیکه ba-sharte-ki, On condition that, provided that..
- مشر bashara, s. m. The countenance.
- مشریت bashriyat, s. f. Humanity, human nature.
- P. A. بشمول ba-shumūl, With the inclusion (of), inclusive.
- عنى bishan, (विष्णु) n. prop. (in Hindū mythology). The deity in the character of Preserver.
- م بشير bashir, s.m. A messenger of good tidings.
- s. f. بصر baṣārat, (from بصارت) s. f. Sight, seeing, perceiving.
- عمل ba-ead. With a hundred.
- A. papar, s. m. Seeing, discerning, vision, sight, the eye, understanding, knowledge.
- A. بصل basal, s. f. An onion.
- م بصر baṣir, part. act. (from بصرر)
  Seeing. (Met.) Blind.
- A. بصر basirat, (from بصيرت) s. f. Sight, insight, circumspection, prudence.
- A. نضاعت biṣā'at, s. f. Capital stock in trade.

- A. بطمي bat, s. f. A goose, a duck.

  A kind of goblet in the form of a goose or duck.
- بطک batakh, s. See بطنع ۸۰
- s. f. l. A duck. 2. A vessel formed in imitation of a duck.
- hutlan, s. f. Abortion, falseness, vanity, the becoming of no effect.
- bain s. m. The belly.
- A. أيعد بطناً بعد بطناً بعد بطناً معرب batnan, batd batnan, adv. Generation after generation.
- P. A. بطور ba-gaur, By the way, in the manner.
- م بطون ها batan, l. s. m. Interior part.
- 2. Heart, mind. 3. adj. Concealed.
- م بطیخ bittikk, s. m. A muskmelon.
- P. A. بظاهر ba-sihir, In appearance, on the outside, externally.
- notive, cause. 2. Resurrection. عث s. m. The resurrection.
- A. بعد ba\*d, adv. After, afterwards, subsequent.
- A. بعد  $bu^*d$ , s. f. Distance, remoteness.
- A. ابعد bataa-hu, adv. After that or which, then, afterwards.
- A. بعض ba<sup>\*</sup>, adj. Some, certain ones, several.
- P. A. بعلت ba-illat, By reason (of).
- A. بعلزبوب  $ba'alzab\bar{n}b$ , s. m. Beelzebub.
- P. A. بعوض ba-iwas, Instead.
- P. 4. بعون ba-aun, By the assistance.
- مان ba'id (from نعيل) adj. Far, distant, absent, remote; strange, improbable.
- A. zize bi-aini-hi or bi-ainih, adv. Exactly.

P. بغار bughār, and bughār, james bughār, james bughāra, james bughāra, bughāra, james bughāra, james

A. بغاوت baghāwat, (from بغاوت) s. f.
Rebellion.

H. نغنغن blighbaghānā, v. n. (dakh) l.
To boast, bluster. 2. To bill (as doves).
3. To low or utter a sound (a camel).

bughdā, s. m. A cleaver used by cooks or butchers, a knife, chopping-knife.

م. بغض bugh, s. m. Malice, spite, resentment, revenge, hatred, grudge.

P. نغل baghal, s. f. l. The armpit. Embrace. ابغل بعل To be highly pleased, to be in triumph, to jeer, jest, chuckle. بغل بلائي s. f. A painful glandular swelling in the armpit. (It is believed by the old wives, &c. of India to be most effectually relieved and dispersed by getting a cat to lick it; hence, its name). بغل پرورده Brought up in the arms; a darling or بغل جانا یا هوجانا .favourite child To go out of the way. بغل زن Insulting, provoking, rejoicing at the misfortune of another. بغل سونگنا بغل کا دشمن .To be abashed, to repent 8. m. A traitor; اسے دوست نه جانو a secret enemy. Take him not یہہ بغلی گہونسا ہی a friend, he'll smite you under your arm. بغل گنده Stinking armpits. . بغل گیر An embracer in the Hindū mode. بغل گیر هونا To embrace بغل گیری s. f. Embracing. بغل بغل میں To embrace. گیری کرنی To get possession of another's goods by fraud. لينا مير لينا To take in one's arms, to embrace. بغل

arms. ابغل میں مُنہ دّالنا To be ashamed.

P. بغلی baghli, (from بغلی) 1. adj.
Relating to the armpit, axillary. 2. s. f. A disorder in camels when they rub the thigh against the belly. 3. A purse. 4. A kind of dumb bell used in exercise. 5. A sort of dress, the bottom of which is under the armpits. 6. The action of a bird putting its head under its wing. 7. A trick in wrestling.

H. بغور baghordā, s. m. (dakh.) l. A thump with the fist. 2. A short dagger. بغوردي لزنا To fight with the fists.

A. بغى baghī, adj. Rebellious, mutinous.

P. A. بغيراز ba-ghair, or بغيراز Without except, besides.

P. is bafā, s. f. A kind of scales or dandruff formed in the head.

a. نف baqā, s. f. Duration, permanence eternity, immortality.

a. بقل baqqāl, adj. superl. (from بقل used substantively) A grain-merchant, shopkeeper, grocer.

A. بقيغ baqāyā, s. plur. (of بقيغ)
Remainders, balances, arrears.

r. مَحِتُ buqcha, s. m. A small bundle of cloth or clothes, a wrapper.

P. A. بقدر ba-qadr, By the power, by or in the quantity, by the means, according to.

A. بقر عيد baqar, s. m. A bull. بقر عيد A festival held, on the 10th of sī-hijja, in commemoration of Abraham's offering to sacrifice his son, Ismā'il (agreeable to Muhammadans, and not Is'hāq):

عبد الضحا under

A. Les buq'a, s. m. A house, a place.

م. ملقب baqla, s. A potherb.

- A. عَامَةُ baqlatu-l-hamqa, s. m. (The stupid herbage) Purslain.
- A. نقم baqqam s. f. Sappan wood.
- A. بقول buqūl, s. plur. (of بقول) Plants.
- P. A. بقول ba-qaul, By the word or saying, according to.
- A. بقية baqiya, s. m. Remainder, balance. بقية السيف The remainder left by the sword.
- على bukkā, (मृष्ट्रिक) s. m. Handful.
- A. K. bukā, s. f. Weeping, lamentation.
- A. بكر bakārat, (from بكارت) s. f.
  Virginity.
- عار کان bikā'o, (from نکار) s. m. Sale, vent. adj. Saleable, for sale.
- er, a steward. 2. A head cook, superintendent of the kitchen.
- H. بكايى bakāyan, s. f. The name of a tree. (Melia sempervirens. महानिंब).
- و بک بک bak bak, a. f. Prattle, foolish talk, ابک بک بک To prattle, tle, chatter, babble. (Arab. بنق بنق بنا).
- P. بكتر baktar, s. m. Iron armour, a coat of mail, a cuirass.
- ع. بكت bikat, (विकट) adj. Difficult, hard; terrible, frightful.
- P. A. بكثرت ba-kaerat, In abundance.
- A. بكر bikr, s. f. Virginity.
- a. ابكرا bakrā (वक्ति) s. m. A he-goat : (dakh.) A ram, a sheep.
- bikram, (阿森田) s. m. 1. Great power or strength, heroism, overcoming. 2. Name of a celebrated sovereign of Ougein.

- ड. بكرى bakri, (वकरी) A goat (generally), a female goat : (dakh.) an ewe, a sheep.
- ع. بكرى bikrī, (विक्रय) s.f. Sale.
- s. نکستا bikasnā, (विकसने) v. n. 1.
  To blow or expand (as a flower). 2.
  To be delighted, to smile. 3. (dakh.)
  To become entangled (the threads of a piece of cloth); to become weak or relaxed.
- H. juli baksū'ā, s. m. The tongue of a buckle.
- P. بكش bu-kush, (imper. of كشتى)
  Kill, slay.
- P. A. Law ha-kaff, In the hand.
- ब्र. بكل bakkal, विल्कल) s. m. Bark,
- ع. لاي baklā, ) skin, rind, shell of a fruit), husk.
- P. بكن bu-kun, imper. 2d pers. sing. (of كردن) Do. ¶ ba-kan (from كندن)
  Dig.
- ع. نكب bak-nā, (from विक् Speech)
  v. n. To prate, chatter, chat, jabber, babble, cackle.
- and r. क्री Buy) v. n. To be sold, to sell. بك جانا (met.) To be dependent on, to be obliged.
- H. بكنى bukni, s. f. Powder. See
- हु. بكواس bakwās, (r. वच Speak and r. वश Desire) s. f. Talkativeness. See
- s. الله bikharnā. (वि and r. क् Scatter)
  v. n. 1. To be scattered, dispersed.
  2. To become angry.
- H. بكهى bakhī, s. f. The side under the armpit.

- ع بهرنا هه bakhernā, see بهيرنا ع v. s. scatter.
- المية bakherā, s. m. Wrangling, a tumult, dispute, quarrel.
- بك bakki, part. act. (from ابكنا) Talkative; jabberer. (वक्ता)
- TEL. L. buggā, c. A fountain, spring: منبع ٥٥٥
- ع الله bigār, (from ابكاراً) s. m. Violation, difference, discord, misunderstanding; damage, injury. ابكار كرنا v. a. To quarrel, to forfeit friendship. v. n. To be ready to quarrel
- يكارنا و bigārnā, (trans. of ابكرنا ع v. a. 1. To spoil, injure, ruin, to break a custom. 2. To cause misunderstanding between friends.
- bagar, s. m. A kind of rice. ¶ (dakh.) adj. Uncleaned, dirty: see under PL
- E. hagrā, s. m. l. Trouble. Cheat, deceit. ¶ adj. (dakh.) Not cleared of husk (seed of sesamum or rice).
- த ப்நீட் bigarna, (विप्रह) v. n. To be spoiled, damaged, to be at variance, to be enraged.
- s L baglā, or bagulā, s. m. A heron, paddy bird. بكلا بهكت A hypocrite.
- e रे, bagūlā, (from با, or वाय) s. m. A whirlwind.
- بكولا hagāla, s. m. See بكوله ع
- H. baghār, s. m. The spices which are mixed with food to give it relish; seasoning, condiment.
- H. الله baghārnā, (from الله) v. a. quence. 2. Maturity.
  To season.

  H. الله baghā, s. f. A horsefly.

  A. الله balāghat, s. f. 1. Eloquence. 2. Maturity.

  H. الله bulāq, (or الله) s. m. An ormament worn on the nose (suspended)

ي البول baghelā, s. m. A tiger's whelp, young tiger.

H. L. bal, s. m. . l. A coil, twist, crook,

- convolution. 2. Side, direction. See H. بلدار عهل adj. Crooked, twisted. مل کهانا . v. a. To twist بل دینا To be twisted.
- s. بل bal, s. m. l. (ਕਲ) A name of the elder brother of Krishna. 2 Power, strength. بل بي interj. Bravo! 3. or bali (बलि) Name of the king of Pātāla or the infernal regions. 4. A sacrifice, an offering. بل جانا or To be sacrificed. To sacrifice.
- ملکه bal, conj. But, yet: see بلک
- ತ. بل bil, (विल) s. m. A hole, burrow.
- н. L balla, s. m. A pole or boat-hook.
- A. L. Balā, s. f. Trial, calamity, misfortune, accident, evil, ill. بلا كردان s. m. What averts evil; expiation, **s**acrifice.
- g. 🙏 billā, (विडाल) s. m. A male cat.
- A. الله من الله bi-lā, prep. Without. الله تردد Without hesitation. بلا توقف Without delay, speedily.
- H. لنجينا bulā bhejnā, v. a. To send for.
- A. کل bilād, s. m. plur. Countries, cities, provinces.
- P. july baldur, s. The marking nut,
- A. وبلع ballā\*, adj. superl. (from بالع) used substantively, A glutton.

- from the fleshy part at the bottom of the bridge of the nose, mostly set with a pearl or some other gem).
- who in Muhammad's time called the people to prayers.
- H. g. il L bulā lānā, v. a. To summon.
- H. Lil bulānā, v. a. To call, invite, bid.
- s. jų bilā'o, s. m. A male cat.
- H. J. bulāwī, s. Calling.
- E. Lable buldhat (from Like) s. f. Calling, call, a summons, bidding, invitation.
- A. إلى النبي المناء. balī'en lenī. To draw the hands over the head of another in token of talking all his misfortunes upon one's self. (Generally practised by women).
- P. بلب ba-lab. In or on the lip.
- P. بلبل bulbul, s. m. f. J. A night-ingale. 2. (in India) A shrike.
- عليل bulbula, (बुद्धुद) s.m. A bubble.
- ferment (as, sour milk, curds, &c.). 2. To be inflamed with lust. 3. To make a noise (a camel) from lust. ¶ bilbiland, v. n. To be restless, to be tormented with pain, to complain from pain or grief, to lament, to blubber.
- a baltor, (बालतीट from बाल hair, and r. तुट Dissect) s. m. A pimple, a sore, a small hile (supposed to be caused by the breaking or pulling out of a hair, as the word imports).
- Mark) v. a. To extract, to select (as, passages from books), to pick.
- P. A. Lining, With respect, with regard to.
- A. بلد balad, s. A city, town, country.
- e. بلدان bali-din, (बिल्दिन) s. m. Act of sacrificing a victim, or offering a sacrifice to God.

- A. بلدة balda, s. m. A city, a town.
- H. بلر ballar, s. (dakh.) A variety of
  Dolichos lablab: (a wholesome, nutritions pulse or bean).
- A. بلسان balasim, s. m. Balsam.
- s. باسنا bilasnī, (व and r. 形 Play)
  v. n. . To be pleased, to be satisfied, to be delighted.
- A. بلغم balgham, s. m. l. Phlegm. 2.

  A running at the nose from cold.
- م. مناب balghamī, adj. Phlegmatic.
- A. بلقيس balqīs, s. f. The queen of Sheba.
- balkat, 1. adj. (dakh.) Strong, robust. 2. s. A kind of ship or boat.
- i. To open. 2. To speak indistinctly from excessive joy or intuxication.
- H. will bilakns, v. n. 1. To sob, to cry violently (as a child). 2. To long for, to desire eagerly.
- P. &L. balki, adv. Moreover, but, nay.
- H. W. bilalla, adj. Foolish, simple, silly.
- H. بلم ballam, s. m. A spear, pike,
- ब्र. بلم balam, } (वह्नम) s.m. A lover,
- ياما يا balmā, a husband.
- ब بلمانا कilmānā, (from वहाम Beloved) v. a. To allure, to tantalize.
- mal. بلمبر bilambū, s. (dakh.) An acid fruit, frequently made into tarts, pickles, preserves, &c., the juice of it, also, being much used in dying, &c.
- P. باند buland, adj. High, elevated, lofty, exalted, sublime, tall, loud. عباند باید علی adj. Of high rank.

High in بلند رتبه یا مرتبه rank or dignity. بلند نظر adj. Asadj. Ambitious, high-minded.

- P. باندى Wulandī, s. f. Height, elevation, high land.
- g. Lilily bilangua, (वि and r. रुचि Leap over; विलंगन Overstepping) v. a. 1. To climb, to ascend. 2. (dakh.) To catch by leaping up to.
- H. wilnī, s. f. A sty or stithe, the disorder in the eyelids.
- H. يلوا balwā, s. m. A tumult, riot, insurrection, mutiny, alarm.
- s. بلوان balwān, (from بلوان ਕਲ) adj. Strong, powerful, able-bodied.
- H. بلوانا bulvana, (causal of بلوانا) v. a. To cause to call or to send for.
- P. , billaur, (or bilor, Pers. bulūr) s. m. l. A kind of stone, crystal. Glass (of the finest quality). (Arab) Beryl, Aqua marina.
- P. بلورى billauri,

P. بلورى bilori, adj. Made of crystal or glass.

P. بلورين bilorin,

- م. فيلوط balūt, or prop. ballūt, s. m. acorn, an oak, a chesnut-tree.
- A. فارغ bulugh, s. m. Puberty, adolescence.
- bulūghat, s. f. Puberty.
- a. بلونا bilonā or bilowanā, (विलोडन) v. a. To churn.
- bal-want, (plur. बलावंत:)

- علمارى على bali-hārī or balhār, s. ni. Sacrifice. بلهار جانا To be sacrificed.
- s. بلی bal-i, बली adj. Strong, powerful.
- ब. بلی balli, (वह्नी) s. f. A climber, a vine.
- H. بلي balli, s. f. A prop, a pole, a long pole or bamboo to steer or move

a boat with. بلی مارنا To steer. ¶ billi. The bolt of a door, a bar.

- ब्र. بلي billī, (विडाली) s. f. A she cat,
- P. بلی bale, adv. Yes, true, even so, well, right.
- A. الله balā, s. Yes, true.
- الينا ي balaiyān lenā. To draw one's hands over the head of another in token of taking his misfortunes on one's self. See بلائيي لينا
- A. عليات baliyāt, s. plar. (of بليّات) Evils, calamities, misfortunes.
- مليك balid, adj. Stupid; a dunce, a simpleton.
- A. بليغ balīgh, adj. Eloquent.
- ه بلی billi-lotan, (from بلیلوتی A cat, and لوتن Tumbling, rolling) s. m. Valerian.
- P. بليله balela, s. m. A fruit, the belleric
- اا. مناندًا balenda, s. m. 1. A whirlwind. 2. A ridgepole (of a cottage).
- н. , bam, s. f. 1. A spring (of water). 2. A fathom. 3. A measuring rod.
- ع. بم bam, (वम्) An interjection addressed to Siva (much used by pilgrims to the temple of Baijnath or Vaid-

- the deepest or gravest note in music.

  2. A bass or lowest string, or drum having the deepest tone.

  3. Deep sound (as that of the large pipes of an organ, or of a drum).
- s. bimān, (विमान r. त्रिमा to traverse.) s. m. A car or chariot of the gods (sometimes serving as a seat or throne, and at others carrying them through the skies self directed and self-moving).
- H.  $bamb\bar{u}$ , s. The bamboo.
- H. عبى bumbi, s. f. (dakh.) The navel.
- ba-mujarrad, adv. Instantly, at the instant.
- P. A. ba-martaba. To a degree, to or in a (great) degree.
- P. A. &c. ba-ma'ah, adv. Together with, along with.
- P. A. يقتضاى ba-muqtasāi. By the exaction of; in consequence of, conformable to.
- P. A. Dic. ba-manzila, In the place, instead, in the station or degree.
- H. Jic. bamnī, s. f. (dakh.) l. A kind of lizard. 2. Name of a disease in elephants, a slow mortification of the tail.
- A. P. ba-mūjib. By reason, in conformity.
- A. بي bin, (contract. of ابن A son.
- A. ن bun, (properly, bunn) s. m. Coffee before it is ground. (When ground, it takes the name قهوة).
- P. ن bun, s. f. Basis, root, foundation.
- g. ب ban, (वन a wood.) s. f. A forest, a wood, a grove.
- e. بن bin, (विना) adv. Without, except, unless, not.
- A. i. binā, s. f. Building, foundation.

- part. (of lip or lip) Made, prepared, having made, &c.
- H. Li. banns, v. n. 1. To be made, be prepared, be mended or adjusted. 2. To chime, agree, fall in with, do, answer, serve, be, become, avail, counterfeit, succeed. 3. s. m. A bridegroom. Lii Li Finished, ready made, complete, entire, perfect. Lii Li To be fully adorned, to be decked out. Lia, Li To remain waiting.
- A. in bannā, (from in) s. m. A mason, a builder.
- H. i. bunnā, v. a. To weave, to intertwine, to knit.
- H. i. binnā, v. n. To be picked.
- P. بنابر binābar. On account, by reason.
- P. بذابرين binābar-īn. On this account, therefore.
- u. بنات banāt, s. f. Woollen cloth, broad-cloth.
- ابنت banīt, s. f. plur. (of بنت)
  Daughters.
- A. بنات النعش banātu-n-na'sh. s. m.

  The constellation of the Greater or
  Lesser Bear, consisting of seven stars;
  four of which are conceived to bear

  the resemblance of a bier (نعش)،
  and the remaining three to be the

  (سانا) daughters preceding it.
- P. A. بنادر banādir, s. pln. (of بنادر)
  Ports, harbours.
- ड., بناسپتی banās-pattī, (वनस्यपत्र) s. f. Forest leaves.
- P. بنا گوش binā-gosh, s. m. The lobe of the ear, the tip of the ear.
- P. ba-nām. In the name.

- H. Liu banānā, (trans. of Liu) v. a. To make, prepare, form, fashion, shape, mould, to do, fabricate, build, compose, perform, to make to agree, to adjust, adorn, reconcile, to pluck (a fowl), to dress (victuals), to mend, repair, invent, rectify, mock, feign.
- H. g. Li ... ban-ānā, v. n. To be performed or effected, to succeed, to be fortunate, to presper.
- ת. לוני banž 'o, (from النار) s. m. 1.

  Preparation, formation, composition, fabric, fashion, decoration, dressing, decking one's self. 2. Concord, understanding, reconciliation. איל אלי To adorn, bedeck, decorate.
- H. invention, contrivance, fabrication, formation, fiction, sham.
- H. بناوت bināwuṭ (from بناوت binnā) s. f. Weaving.
- عن باس ع ban-bās, (वनवास) s. m. Living in the forest, forester.
- عنباسی . بنباسی ban-bās-ī, (वनवासी) adj.
  Inhabitant of the woods.
- عي بلار ه ban-bild'o, (वनविडाल) s. m. A wild cat.
- H. بنبی bumbī. s. f. Navel: see بنبی s. f. (dakh.) Stack (of corn), rick (of hay): see خرص
- H. بی پرتا ban-parna, v. n. To succeed, to answer, to suit, to come to pass.
- B. i. banat, s. f. Lace, a riband studded with spangles: gold or silver lace worn on the hat, &c.
- مِنْت bint, s. f. A daughter. بنت كَا الْمُعَامِّ Daughter of the grape; wine.
- g. بنے banij or banaj, (वाणिज्य) s. m.
  Trade, traffic, merchandise, commerce.
- A. پنے banj, s. f. Henbane. See P. بنگ

- ع. or P. الجار banj-ārā, (بنب banj for بنب banij as above, with ارا for Rice, with بنب Rice, with ارا Carrying) s. m. A grain-merchant, a carrier of grain.
- ينجارا . بنجارا banjārī, (هوه النجارى . 1. s. f. A kind of tent used by banjārās. 2. adj. f. Half-boiled (graiu). 3. The wife of a banjārā.
- ड. प्रंत banjar, (बंध्या Barren) s. f. Waste land.
- s. الجهوتي banjhoṭī, (from विध्या
  Barren) s. f. A medicine taken to produce barrenness.
- P. الله band, (बिंचे to bind.) s. m. f.

  A fastening, a knot, a bond, imprisonment, arrest, captivity, bondage, a bandage, ligature, belt, roll, string, joint, knuckle: the burthen of a song: gripe, hold, grasp, twist (in wrestling), a mode of seizing the antagonist: a mound raised round land to contain water for transplanting rice, &c. adj. Fastened, shut, stopped. (In compos.)

  Bound, armed, or part. act. (of بستى خانه s. m. A prison.
- s. ابندارا bandārā, (बंधकार) s. m. Skirt, side (of a garden), shore, brink (of a river, &c).
- ह. بندر bandar, (वानर, वन forest, or al like, नर man.) s. m. A monkey.
- porium, a port, harbour, a trading town to which numbers of foreign merchants resort.
- عندرا یه bandrā, s. m. Mistletoe: see
- بندريا .s. f. A female monkey.
- P. بندش bandish, (from بندش) s. f. l.

  The set or state of tying, binding. 2.

  Construction, invention, contrivance,

artifice, preparing a false story, collusion, making up a false account of a transaction; cabal, intrigue, conspiracy. 3. Elegance (of style). بندش v. a. To contrive, plot together, cabal, conspire.

- B. P. بند کشار bind-kushād, s. m. Semen cito emittens morbo affectus.
- P. بندگان banda-gān, s. plur. Slaves, servants.
- ervice, devotion, compliment. (A mode of salutation).
- P. بندرا bandū'ā, s. m. A prisoner, a captive.
- e. نندوبستن band-o-bast, (from بستن)
  s. m. Settlement, regulation, arrangement, management, government.
- عندو، bandor (r. वंच Bind) s. f. A female slave.
- T. بندوق bandūq, s. f. A musket, fire-lock.
- T. بندوقچى bandūq-chī, s. m. A musketeer.
- s. 如此 bandh, (南田) s m. f. Binding, bandage, bondage, imprisonment.
- bondsman. بنده پرور Cherisher of servants (a respectful expression used in addressing a superior; as, your honour!). منده پروری s. f. Cherishing of servants. انده درای The slave of (your) threshold. انده نواز Son of (your) slave, i. e., my son. بنده نواز Cherisher of servants or dependents, patron. بنده نوازی Cherishing of servants.
- ع. بندهانا bandhā'ī,(from بندهائی) s. f. Bond, binding, fastening.
- s. ندهن bandhan, (ব্লান) s.m. Fastening, bandage, hondage, imprisonment; obstacle, hinderance.

- s. juich bandhu'ā, (बंघु) s. m. 1. A friend, relative, kinsman. 2. A prisoner, one bound, a captive.
- s. بندى bandī, (बंदी) s. m. A prisoner, captive.
- P. بندی bundī, s. f. 1. (in compos.)

  Binding, tying, stopping, shutting,

  construction, &c. 2. (from بنده)
- بندی خانه . Female slave or servant. بندی خانه . A prison, gaol.
- عنديا ع bundiyā, (from विंदु a drop)
  s. f. A kind of sweetmeat (like drops).
- عنديوان bandi-wan, s. m. A prisoner, captive.
- H. بندّى bandī, s. f. A short robe, a short full جامة see
- ه بنتا ع bangs, (वर) s. m. A bridegroom.
- عنری عه banrī, (see بنزی) s. f. A bride.
- s. بنس bans, (वेरा) s. m. l. Race, lineage, family, offspring, descendant.
  2. A bamboo.
- ब्र. بنساولی bans-āwalī, (वंशाविलि) в. f. A genealogy.
- A. P. imit ba-nisbat. With respect to, with relation to, relative.
- ड. بنس لوچی bans-lochan, (वंशहोचन) s.m. The manna or sugar
  of the bamboo. Arab. طباشیر (It
  has been found by analysis to contain
  much silicious earth).
- डू. بنسى bansī, s. f. 1. (वंशी) A flute.
- The fig-tree under which Krishna was accustomed to play the flute. 2. (विदिश) A fishing hook.
  - 3. (in compos. from بنس) Of, the race or lineage. 4. A kind of wheat with blackish ears.

- منصر binsir, s. The ring-finger.
- P. Laii banasha or bunusha, s. f. A violet.
- sativa). 2 An intoxicating potion made from the leaves of hemp.
- غ. پنگا bingā, (r. বৃদ্ধ Bend) adj. (dakh.)
  Crooked, oblique, curved, bent, bowed:
  عوانكا see
- عنكالا bang-ālā, n. p. Name of Bengal.
- Bengal. (The Bengīlī san, era so called, began at about A.D. 5931.
- P. vii. bungāh, s. f. Baggage, equipage of an army.
- H. بنگری bangri, s. f. An ornament (properly, of glass) worn on the wrist, a bangle: (dakh.) a ring of coloured glass worn on the wrists by women.
- H. Line banglā, s. m. 1. A kind of thatched house, a summerhouse, a lodge, cottage. 2. A sort of betel leaf or pin so called. 3. Bengālī (language, &c.).
- P. بنگی bangi, s. m. One who intoxicates himself with bang.
- g. بنمانس ban-mānus, (वन A forest, and मानुत्र A man) s. m. A man of the woods, a wild man, an orang-ūtan.
- s. بنواس banwās, (वनवास) s. m. 1.

  Living.in a wood separated from one's family. 2. (met.) Disinherited (a son).
- ابنانا banwinā, (caus. of بنوانا) v. a.

  To cause to make or to prepare or to build, &c.
- H. بنولا binaulā, s. m. The seed of the cotton tree. (It is said to be very fattening food for cattle).
- buna, s. m. Baggage, goods, hotsehold furniture, root, foundation.
- H. بني bani, s. f. A bride.

- A. بنی banī, s. m. plur. (of ابن) Sons. بنی Sons of Adam; men. بنی آدم Children of Israel, Israelites بنی جان Beings who inhabited the world before Adam; genii, fairies.
- s. بنیا baniyā, (त्रणिक्) s. m. A shopkeeper, a merchant (usually, a cornchandler).
- P. بنیاد قالنا bunyad, s. f. Foundation, basis, origin, groundwork. بنیاد قالنا To lay the foundation, to found.
- A. بنیان bunyān, s. m. Foundation.
  See بنیاد
- عنیایی banyāyan or banyā'in, s. f. Wife of a بنیا (shopkeeper, &c.)
- H. بنیتی banaifi, s. f. (नट् to dance.)

  A torch lighted at both ends and whirled round so as to form a double circle of fire.
- A. بو على ابو bū, (for ابو bū, (for بو على or بو على سينا or بو على ماندوndowed with. Avicenna.
- P.  $b\bar{u}$  (In India, bo) s. f. Smell, scent, odour.
- H. بوبو  $b\bar{u}$ , s. f. (dakh.) Sister: هوه موا
- H.  $b\bar{u}'\bar{a}$ , s. f. 1. Sister. 2. (in Hindawi) An aunt by the father's side.
- H. ابونا bo'ārā, (from بوارا) s. m. Seedtime, sowing.
- r. A. بواسطه bu-wāsiṭa. By reason, by means (of).
- A. بوسلير bawāsīr, s. plur. (of بوسلير)
  The piles or hemorrhoids.
- with, and بوالعجب Wonder) adj. Wonderful.

- a. بوالفضول bu-l-fuṣūl, (بوالفضول with, and فضول Excess) adj. Excess
- with, and هوس Desire) adj. 1.

  Desirous. 2. Whimsical, capricious, a wavering fickle (person), a blockhead.
- s. H. بونا bo'ānā, l. (from بوانا) v. a. To cause to sow. 2. (from بو Smell) v. n. To stink, to emit a smell, to smell.
- g. بوائی biwā'ī (विपादिका) s. f. A kibe, blister or chap on the foot, chilblain.
- يونا bo'ā'ī, (from بوائی) s. f. Sowing, the act of sowing, seedtime.
- ابابک būbak, (dakh. for بوبک ه. m. پير احمق An old simpleton.
- H. بوبو būbū, s. f. l. A sister. 2. (on the west of India) A lady (for بى بى)

  3. A favourite concubine or one of superior rank.
- عوت būtā (from भवन See هوت and būtā (from अवन see هوتا) s. m. Strength, power, ability.
- P. بوتا botā, s. m. A young camel.
- P. بوته būta, s. m. A crucible, a melting pot.
- P. بوتيمار būtīmār, B. A heron.
- H.  $b\bar{x}_i$ , s. m. A kind of pulse, chick-pea, green chanz. ¶ bot (dakh.) s. A finger, finger's breadth.
- P. بوتا būṭā, s. m. A flower (particularly, worked on cloth or painted on paper, &c.).
- H. بوتى būṭī, s. f. 1. Drugs. 2. Flowers or sprigs (on muslin). 3. Bush or sprigs of a plant.
- H. بوتى boṭī, s. f. A morsel, slice or lump of meat: (dakh. also) tripe.

- H. بوجا bojā, adj. (dakh.) Heavy, burdensome, weighty.
- بوزا bojā, s. m. Beer: see بوجا
- p A. نوجه ba-wajh. In the mode or manner.
- u. بوجه bojh, s. m. A load, burthen, weight; importance: (in agricultural language) about five dhokas of corn.
- s. إلى būjh, (बोध or बुद्धि) s. f. Understanding, comprehension, thought.
- A game amongst children. The eyes of one of them are bound up; he is then desired to guess who it was that touched him, and remains with his eyes bound till he guesses right.
- A. ابوجہل  $b\bar{u}$ -jahl, 1. n. prop. See ابو جہل 2. adj. Foolish.
- H. بوجها bojh-al, (from بوجهل) adj.
  Loaded, heavy.
- ક. نوجهنا કંગ būjhnā, (r. લુધ Understand) v. a. To understand, comprehend, conceive, to think.
- H. بوجه bojh-el, (from بوجهیل adj. Loaded.
- H. بوچا bochā, s. m. A kind of sedan, a chair pālkī.
- H. بوچا būchā, adj. m. Ear-cropt, without ears.
- H. بوجرا bochrā, adj. (dakh.) Chipped, jagged, notched on the edge; gapped (as the teeth).
- H. بوچهار bauchhār, ) 8. f. Wind and driving rain, bauchhār, ) bauchhār, ) wind and rain, drift.
- H. بوچى būchī, adj. f. Without ears ear-cropt.
- TEL. برچى būchī, s. (dakh). Hobgoblin.
- P. بودی  $b\bar{u}d$ , (from بود) s. f. Being, existence.

- bodā, adj. Weak, faint-hearted, ¶ bodā, s. m. A buffalo.
- P. بودار bo-dār, 1. adj. Scented 2.
   B. m. A kind of leather so called.
- P. بودن هَنَّهُ بُودُن هَنَّهُ بُودُن s. f. Existence, subsistence, residence, abode.
- p. بولان būdan, ihf. or verbal noun. To be, being, existence.
- بود باش هفه مناس bād-o-bāsh, هود و باش
- bauddha, (वीद) s. m. A follower of the religion of the Buddhas
- H. بور būr, adj. Barren (land). s. f. Chaff, husk. بوركا لذو A sort of sweetmeat made with the husk of grain. (The confectioners avow the imposition and cry out to passengers, "you'll repent if you eat it, or regret not tasting it." Hence, great men are when they بوركا لدّو make a practice of encouraging their dependants to hope, but do nothing for them at last; as, dancing attendance on them and neglecting them are each likely to produce regret. term also means, any person or thing, which is fair without and foul within, or that promises well but turns out ill; a well looking, but stupid, fellow).
- H. būrā, s. m. 1. A coarse kind of sugar. 2. Sawdust, filings. 3. Powder.
  - 4. adj. (dakh.) Bad: see إبرا
- P. بورانی būrānī, s. f. A kind of food consisting of the fruit of the egg plant (baingan) fried in sour milk.
- لورق من būraq or bauraq, s. m. Borax.
- H. بورى bori, s. f. A gunny bag; a measure of three maunds.
- P. بوريا boriyā, s. m. A mat.
- ع. ابراً borā, (عجراً adj. (dakh.) Deaf.
- ع. هن borkā, (夏泉) adj. (dakh.) Bald, bareheaded.

- H. immerse, drown. To cause to dive, to
- غ. مَانِ مُقْبَلُهُ الْمَانِ būrhā (كَانِي adj. Old; an old man. Old man, eldest man.
- ابوڙيا būriyā, (from بوڙيا) s. m. A diver.
- P. bosā, s. m. Beer, or a fermented liquor resembling beer.
- P. بوزینه būzīna or bozīna, s. m. A monkey.
- P. بوسیدن bos, 1. part. act. (of بوسیدن)
  in compos. Kissing. 2. s. for بوسته
- p. بوستان bo-stān, s. m. A flower-garden.
- P. بوس و كنار bos o kinār, s. m. Kissing and toying, dalliance.
- P. بوسة bosa (or būsa), s. m. A kiss.
- P. بوسیدگی bosida-gi, s. f. Rottenness, corruption.
- P. بوسیده bosīda, part. pass. (of بوسیدی) Rotton, stale.
- p. برخ bogh or būgh, s. An outer covering, wrapper, pouch. عبناند s.m.

  The cloth in which any thing (particularly, a saddle) is wrapped up.
- P. أبوغرا نكلنا boghrā, s. m. A dish made of boiled meat, flour, &c. بوغرا نكلنا To be well beaten.
- p. بوغا boghmā, l. s. m. Trumpery, trifles, scraps, rags, &c. the stores of a wallet. 2. adj. f. Ugly and fat (woman).
- A. بوق būq, s. m. A trumpet, a clarion.
- n. eleon; hence 2. Any thing of various hues. 3. adj. Various, variegated, changeable.
- s. ال bol, (बोरु) s. m. Myrrh.

- B. بول bol, (from بول) s. m. (dakh. f.)
  1. Word, speech, talk, conversation.
  2. Words of a song.
- ه. بول baul, s. m. Urine.
- High) s. m. A kind of benediction. بول بالا هونا To prosper.
- א. יפליו bolta, part. act. (from יפליו שאed substantively) The faculty of speech; soul, life, saying.
- #. بول جال bol-chāl, s. f. Conversation, confabulation, diction, talk.
- H. بولنا خالنا bolnā, (r. 역정 Speak) v. n. 1. To speak, talk. 2. To sound, emit sound, articulate. 3. To tell, say. بولنا خالنا حالنا عام عدد الله عدد الله
- H. بولى bolī, s. f. 1. Speech, dialect, language.
  2. Conversation, talk, saying.
- الله قهولی تهولی boli-tholi, s. f. Jeering, speaking at but not to a person.
- bum, s. m. 1. An owl (great horned). 2. Land, ground, region country. (資用).
- H. بوم bom, B. f. (dakh.) Howling, yelling, wailing aloud: see
- ع الله bonā, (वपन r. वप) y.a. To sow.
- हांडो. baunā, (त्रामन) 1. adj. Dwarfish. 2. s. m. A dwarf; the fifth (avatār) incarnation of the deity. See

- mould, mustiness. بن المجال ال
- ابوند فق منه bānd, (विंदु) s. f. A drop. بوند By drops, drop by arop.
- H. יְבְעֹבׁ bonḍā, s. (dakh.) Capsule, pod, or seed vessel (applied to cardamoms, cotton, the poppy, &c.).
- ह. بونى bauni, (वामनी) s. f. -A female dwarf.
- B. بوهنی bohni, s. f. The first sale for ready money in the morning.
- H. بوگی  $b\bar{u}'\bar{\imath}$ , s. f. A word used to frighten children, a goblin.
- P. بوى bo'e, a. Sanell: see P. بوى bū.
- P. بنه ba, prep. By, with, in, to. See
- P. L. bih, l. adj. Good, better. 2. s. A quince.
- A. L. bihi or bih. With it, by it.
- P. بها bahā, s. m. Price, value.
- ह. بهابهی bhāb hā, (भ्रातृवधू) в. f. A brother's wife.
- इ. إلى bhāp, (वाष्प) s. f. Steam,
- ع. عالم bhāph ) vapour, exhalation.
- s. 如 bhāt (刊刊) s. m. Boiled rice; food.
- H. שליש bhāt, s. m. Name of a tribe, a bard, minstrel.
- H. بهاتها bhāṭhā, s. m. A current or stream, the ebb-tide.
- s. يهاجى bhājī, s. f. (भाजी) Greens, or a preparation of them for food.
- P. july: bahādur, 1. adj. Brave, bold, valiant, courageous. 2. s. m. A hero, a champion, a knight.
- s. بہادرید bhādra-pad, (भाद्र्पद) s. m. See بہادوں

- P. بهالاری bahādurī, s. f. 1. Bravery,
  heroism. 2. (dakh.) A small ring
  worn on the border of the ear.
- אלפט bhādon (মার) s. m.

  Name of the fifth (or by some accounted the sixth) solar month,
  August-September (in which the full moon is near Pūrva-bhādrapada).
- p. بہار bahār, s. f. Spring, prime. bloom, beauty, elegance, delight, enjoyment. بہارستال s. m. A place adorned with the bloom of spring.
- s. بار bhār, (भार) s. m. A load or burthen, a great weight of gold, weight, gravity, fagot. (Pers. بار bhār, (dakh.) See باه bahār, Spring.
- عارا ع bhārā, (भार) s. m. A load, burthen.
- P. bahārān, s. The spring.
- s. whārat, (HRA) s. m. 1.

  The heroic poem which contains the account of Judhishthir's war. 2. One of the nine divisions of the world, India.
- s. بهاری الکاتا الکاتا
- s. m. A furnace, kiln, (particularly, for parching grain),
- الله bhārā, s. m. Hire, fare.

- الب الله الله الله bhār-otī, (from به الله said to be TEL.) s. m. (dakh.) Bullock man.
- ह. المالية bhāsḥā, (भाषा) s. f. 1. See إلى المالية 2. Name of a rāgiņī or musical mode.
- s. الهاله bhūkḥā, (भाषा) s. f. Speech language, dialect. See
- H. بهاگت bihāg, s. m. Name of a rāg.
- s. نهائی bhāg, (भाग्य) s. m. Fortune, destiny.
- H. بهاگئ جانا bhāg-jānā, v. n. To run away, to fice, to abscond.
- H. بهاگنا bhūgar (from نهاگزا) s. f. Flight, a general emigration, escape, immediate danger.
- H. بهاگنا bhāgnā, v. n. To flee, to run away.
- ع بهاکوای bhūg-wān, (भाग्यवान्) adj. Fortunate, rich.
- s. بهاگيرتهی bhāgīrathī, (भागीरथी) s. f. The Ganges.
- s. البيال bhal, (كاقة) s. f. The point or head of an arrow.
- s. अंश bhāla, (भेहा) s. m. A spear (about seven cubits long), a lance (with a narrow head).
- क्षेत्रों हैं केतेंग्रें, (भाल्डुक) s. m. A bear: (dakh.) bhūlū. An old jackal بهالو کولا)

  Hyena.
- ع. نهای bhālait, (from ابهاگیت) s. m. A spearman.

- H. بهانا bhānā, 1. v. n. To be approved of, to please, to suit, to fit. 2. v. a. (dakh.) To throw, cast.
- عبانا على bahānā, (trans. of نبهانا v. a. To make flow, set affoat or adrift, to pour forth, float, launch, swim away.
- H. بہانت bhānt or bhānti, s. f. Manner, mode, sort. بهانت adj. Various, divers.
- ع الجناب bhūnjā, (भागिनेय or भगिन नीज) s. m. A sister's son, a nephew.
- ع الجني الله bhānjī, s. f. l. (भागिनेयी)

  A sister's daughter, a niece. 2.

  (भंजनी) Interruption, hinderance. 3.

  Talebearing. عبانجى خور s. An interrupter, a talebearer. ابهانجى كهانا v. a. To give malicious intelligence.

  المانيا يا مارنا v. a. To interrupt, to put a stop to, to break in upon.
- earthen pot. 2. (for भंड) A mimic, an actor, buffoon.
- عاندًا بهاندًا بهاندًا بهاندًا بهرتنا v. n. To lose one's character.
- عانگ الله bhāng (Hंगा) s. f. Hemp (Cannabis sativa) of which an intoxicating liquor is made. See
- hānmatī, s. f. A female juggler, an actress. bhānu-matī, (भानुमती) adj. f. Splendid, shining; beautiful.
- e. باند bahāna, s. m. Pretence, evasion, shift, subterfuge, contrivance, excuse,

- pretext, feint, affectation. بهانه جو Beeking a pretence.
- H. j bhā'o, s. m. Price, value, rate: friendship.
- H. bhī'o-batānā, v. a. To gesticulate.
- ابهاو على bahā'o (from بهاو) s. m. Flood, flow, flux, effusion, fluidity.
- ड. ہہاوہ bhāwaj, (भ्रातृजाया) в. f. ▲
  brother's wife.
- ع. بهائی اله bhā'ī, (आता) s. m. Brother; comrade.
- ع. الهائى جارا bhā'ī-chārā, s. m. Brotherhood, fraternity, quality or property of brother, intimacy, brotherly love.
- A. بہائم bahā'im, s. plur. (of بہیمة)
  Beasts, brutes.
- ع لابيا bhabkā, s. m. 1. (جاله عالم)

  An alembic, a still. 2. A kind of drinking vessel with a large mouth.
- H. Like bhabaknā, v. n. 1. To be enraged, to rush on with rage. 2. To catch fire. 3. To run with great rapidity (a horse).
- H. بهبکی bhabkī, s. f. Threat.
- s. bhabūt, (विभृति) s. f.

  Ashes of dried cakes of cow-dung, tempered with chaff, &c. (Of these ashes; mixed with cow's milk, gum-water, and dried, balls are formed and kept to make the prescribed marks of distinction daily, upon the forehead, arms. breast, and even the whole body of Brahmans and other high castes.
- P. بببول bih-būd, s. f. (Health, vigour, well being, welfare.

- 9. بهبیر برتا bhablar or bhabhar, (भयभर)
  8. m. Solicitude, alarm. بهبیر برتا
  v. n. To be alarmed, to be frightened.
- H. Lique bhabhak, s. f. 1. Sudden bursting forth of flame. 2. Smell arising suddenly.
- mer, to bubble. 2. To emit steam, to fume, to boil.
- ह. إلى bhabhūt or bhabhūti, (विभू-ति) s. f. Ashes of cow-dung which faqīrs rub over their bodies.
- explosion. 2. adj. Red. (as a coal, sometimes applied to the splendour of a heloved person's countenance); splendid, beautiful.
- عبارا s. Exhalation, steam, fumiga-عبارا bhapkūrā, tion.
- e. بہت bahut, (बहु) adj. Much, many, more, over much, most. بہت adj. Rather too much, somewhat beyond or exceeding.
- عبانی bahtā, (from ابہتا) part. act.

  Running (water), afloat بہتی پانی

  To pay attention to one's friends, or to attend to one's own duty or affairs while the opportunity is favourable; to make hay while the sun shines.
- ਸ. بہتا bhattā, (ਮੋਗ੍ਰੀ) s. m. (dakh.) Bellows.
- e ساتب bahutāt, (बहुता) s. f. Excers, abundance. See سیاتب •
- A. بهتان buhtān, s. m. Calumny, false imputation, defamation.
- ع. بہتایت bahutāyat (बहुता) s. f. Abundance, plenty, multitude.

- P. بہتر bih-tar, adj. compar. Better, good, excellent, preferable.
- عبتر ه bahatetar, (द्विसप्तिति) adj.
  Seventy-two
- P. بهتری hihtari, s. f. Welfare, improvement, advantage, the better.
- P. بہترین bih-tar-īn, adj. sup. Best, most excellent.
- عرت bhutnā, (from भूत بهرت) s.m. A small devil, an imp, a ghost.
- عبرت bhutnī, (커ై저 بهتنی) s. f. Wife of a devil, a female demon.
- H. بهتند bhatta, s. m. Ploughman's wages in kind.
- ह क्रिक्ट bhatājā, (भ्रातृज) s. m. Nephew, brother's son.
- يه پنجى bhatījī, (भ्रातृजा) s. f. A niece, brother's daughter.
- ع. بہتیرا bahuterā, (बहुतर) adj. Many, very much, abundant.
- s. f. l. An oven, a furnace, a kiln. 2. Curse, mis-

fortune.

H. Lig. bhuṭṭā, s. m. Indian corn, maize.

¶ (dakh.) An ear of corn.

- н. Кіц bhatkā, adj. Astray.
- H. UKänā, v. a. To mislead, bewilder, cause to wander.
- ع. كتائى ها bhaṭ kaṭā'ī, على الله bhaṭ kaṭā'ī, على الله الله الله bhaṭ kaṭā'ī,
- ع الله الله bhat kataiyā, ) name of a prickly plant.
- H. بهتکنا bhaṭaknā, v. n. To go astray, to stray, wander, miss the right path, lose (the way).
- H. بهتنى bhiṭnī, s. f. A nipple.
- s. s. f. A furnace, a kiln. bhaṭṭhī. A liquor shop, a distillery.

- ع. P. بتهيارا bhathiyārā, (کالا An oven) s. m. A sutler, an innkeeper, one who prepares victuals for travellers in a
- ع الله الله bhathiyār-khāna,

  a. m. An inn, a caravansary, an eating-house.
- ع بهتهيارن bhaṭhiyārin, s. f. Wife of a bhaṭhiyārā.
- A furnace, a kiln, a washerman's boiling place, a distiller's fire place, a small grate or stove used by gold-smiths; an alembic, a still.
- s. et bhu, (共司) s. m. f. l. The arm (above the elbow). 以 (dakh.) s. m. An ornament worn on the arm, an armlet.
- عنا عن bah-jānā or bahi-jānā,
  (from بهنا) v. n. 1. To flow, pass.
  2 To go or swim with the stream.
  3. To be ruined, to be destroyed.
- beauty, grace, excellence.
- ation, worship; a hymn.
- B. ट्रांझ्स bhujang, (मुजंग from मुज A curve, and r. गम Go) s. m. A serpent.
- H. البيحنا bhijwānā (causal of ابهيجنا)
  v. a. To cause to send.
- H. bhuch, adj. Barbarous, ignorant.
- क्ष्यं bhachak or bhichak, (भयचिकित) adj. Alarmed, aghast,

- amazed or astonished at a sudden or unexpected event.
- ع. النجي bhachkānā, (caus. of النجيا)
  v. a. To astonish, to amaze.
- stonished or amazed; to startle.
- ! प्रेंडिं! bhu-champā, (मूमिचंपक) s.m.
  l. The name of a tree. 2. A fire-work like the flower of that tree.
- H. ابهدا bhaddā, adj. Stupid, dull.
- B. 少妃 bhadra, (田夏) adj. Fortunate, lucky, s. m. Good luck: the shaving the head and whiskers.
- s. المحارة bhaārā, (भद्रा) s. f. 1. An unlucky moment; bad luck. 2. The 2d, 7th, and 12th days of the lunar fortnight. 3. A lark.
- e. نهکر هون bhadr honā, v. n. To be clean or purified by shaving one's head and beard after mourning or in a holy place.
- عدرى غه bhadrī, s. m. An astrologer, a palmister.
- H. بهدیسل bhadesal, adj. Ill-shaped, ugly, awkward, clumsy.
- P. john, prep. For, on account of. ¶ ba-har. In every, to every, &c.
- s. بهر bhar, (भर) adj. Full, as much as, as far as, up to, whole, all, bulk, size, every, each. مقدور بهر To the best of one's power, with all one's might; هر بهر A ser; هر بهر A full kos.
- عبرا على bharrā, (湖河 or 湖汊) s. m. A
  panic. فوج ميں بهرا پرتا The army
  was seized with a panic.
- ع. ابهرا هرا bharā, (भर) adj. Full, replete.

  Filled, full.

- H. h, bahrā, adj. Deaf.
- بهراتی Bharāṭī, B. f. See بهراتی
- bahrām, s. m. 1. The planet
  Mars. 2. Name of a king of Persia.
- عبرانا على bharānā, v. a. To wheedle.
- E. Dharānā, (r. Fill) v.a. l. To fill, to cause to fill. 2. To cover or cause to cover (a mare). 3. To feed its young out of the hen—bird's mouth.
- H. بهر بهرا bhurbhurd, adj. Dry and in the state of powder.
- H. بهر بهران bhurbhurānā, v. a. To throw or sprinkle sugar or salt upon meat. ¶ (dakh.) To flutter or exult.
- a. 以此時期 bharbharānā, (r. 冯 Fill) v. n. To swell and be glossy (particularly the face, as in fever).
- عبريانا في bhar pānā, v. a. l. To be paid, to receive the full amount. 2. (Met.) It is used when a person is disappointed; as ميں نے بهر پایا I am paid.
- e. بهردائی bhar-pā'ī, s. f. A receipt in full. (This name is taken from two words used in the body of the receipt, like as the English word "Cocket" anciently written "Quoquet," is from quo quietus, occurring in the old form of acquittance for custom dues.
- ड. بهربور bhar-pūr, adj. (भर and पूणे)
  Brimful, overflowing, quite full, replete.
- s. البرت bharat, (भरत) n. prop. Name of the son of Dasaratha and Kaikeyī, and younger brother of Rāmachandra. قبرت كهند s. m. One of the nine divisions of the world, between Lankā and Sumeru; India.
- H. بهرت bhart, s. m. A mixed metal composed of copper and lead.
- s. bhartā, (刊而i) s. m. Husband, supporter.

- H. is bhartā or bhurṭā, s. m. Vege-tables boiled or fried and broken in the hand.
- e. بهرنا bhartī, (from بهرتی) s. f. l. Completion. 2. Filling, recruiting (of soldiers). 3. Loading, lading, cargo, burden (of a ship, &c.). 4. (vulgarly used for) Promotion. بهرتی کرنا To recruit, to load.
- H. بهرتیا bhart-iyā, s. m. A brasier, a worker in the metal called بهرت
- s. البرجان bharjānā, v. n. 1. To be filled. 2. To be lined (a bitch). 3. To be broken winded (a horse from severe exercise).
- P. A. برحال ba-har-ḥāl, adv. By all means, at all events, at any rate, somehow or other.
- غ. نهر دين bhar denā, v. a. 1. To pay.
  2. To fill. 3. To reimburse. 4. To darn.
- B. نهرشت bhrasht, 为更 (r. 为和 Fall down) adj. Fallen, debased, polluted, abominable, vitious, dissolute. الموثات v. a. To pollute, تهرشت v. a. To polluted. 2. To calcine.
- P. A. بهر طور ba-har-taur, adv. By all means, at all events, somehow or other.
- p. A. بر صورت ba-har-sūrat. In every condition; at all events, at any rate, in every point of view, by all means.
- یهرم bharkam, s. (dakh.) See بهرکم
- H. بهركى bhurkī, s. f. Decoying, inveigling.
- P. A. بهر کیف ba-har-kaif, adv. By
  any means.
- عبرم البك bharam, (번) s. m. Credit.

  character, reputation. بهرم گنوانا
  v. a. To lose character.

- 1. To deceive. 2. To excite by throwing out temptation. 3. To perplex, to alarm.
- bharnā, (HUI r. H Fill) 1.
  v. 8. To fill; to load, charge, satisfy, perform, daub, pay, liquidate or discharge (a debt, fine, &c.), to give (evidence), to undergo, to suffer. 2.
  v. n. To be filled, to be sated, to be performed, to be completed to abound, to heal (a wound).
- بهرنگی یه bhringī, (Ḥੱग) s. f. l. A kind of wasp, called also بهری q. v. (Vespa solitaria). 2. A large black bee, a humble bee.
- ع. بهر bharṇī, (from भर بهرنی s. f. Weft, woof.
- s. بهرنی bharaṇi, (भएगी) s. f. The name of the second lunar mansion. (Three stars in Musca).
- ابروپ ه bahu-rūp, (बाक्न ६ प्य) в. т. Mimicry.
- e بہروپیا bahu-rūpiyā (or bahurūpi, वहर्गी) s. m. An actor, a mimic.
- عبروتا فالمعروة bharojā, s. m. A load (of grass, hay, &c.).
- bharosā, (भद्राशा from भद्र Good, and आशा Hope, desire) s. m. Hope, dependence, reliance, faith, assurance, confidence.
- P. المراق به المراق ال
- P. بهره مندی bahra-mand-i, s. f. Prosperity, happiness.
- عبرى ع. bharī, (from HT بهرى) s. f.

  1. The weight of one sicca rupee:

- one tolā or 12 māshā. 2. A grass used for thatching.
- H. en bihri, s. f. A subscription to raise a certain sum, contribution, assessment, quota, rate, share.
- H. بهری buhri, s. f. Fried or parched barley.
- H. بهری bahrī, s. f. A falcon, a female
- H. s. f. A wasp, a hornet.
- H. الله الله bharārā, s. (dakh. قسم صدقة)
  A sort of sacrifice.
- H. بهرانا bhirānā, (caus. of بهرانا v. a.

  1 To join, to place close to, to close.
  2. To cause to fight.
- s. f. The closing or joining of (two) armies in fight.
- H. بهتیهتا bharbhariyā, adj. Simple, candid, without guile.
- s. m. A man who parches grain.
- غ. به بهر به bhaṭbhūnjan, s. f. A woman who parches grain.
- H. بهرتان bharak, (from بهرتان) s. f. l. Splendour, blaze, flash, glare, show.
  2. Perturbation, agitation, alarm, starting, shiness (in animals).
- H. Use bharkānā, v. a. 1. To frighten, to scare. 2. To blow up into a flame, to kindle (a fire).
- alarmed. 2. To be blown up into a flame, blaze forth (fire).
- H. بهڙکيل bhark-el, (from بهڙکيل) adj. Shy, skittish, coy, wild, untamed.
- H. بهڙک bhark-īlā, (from بهڙکيل adj. Splendid, glittering, flashy.
- armies), to join battle, come together, be placed together touching each other, be continuous.
- H. يهزنك bharang, adj. Simple, silly, artless, having the quality of telling secrets without reserve.

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- pimp, pander, one who lives on what a prostitute earns. Also (dakh.) bharwa, A bawd, procuress: ragamuffin, black-guard.
- bihsād, 1. Name of Isfandiyār son of Gushtasp. 2. The name of a celebrated painter in Persia, who lived during the reign of Shah Ismāil Safwi.
- على المهلى على المهلى s.m. Bran, husk, chaff. بهس پر برات An assignment on chaff: i. e., that from which nothing can be obtained.
- H. hasbhasā, adj. Flabby, loose (as meat).
- 2. jung bhuerā, s. m. An inferior kind of wheat.
- H. i, bhuskārnā, v. n. To hiss (a snake).
- H. & Lucy bhuskāra, s. m. Hissing of a snake.
- B. pwe bhasam. (刊刊 r. 刊刊 to consume). s. f. Ashes.
- P. jhisht, s. f. Paradise.
- P. بېشتى bihishtī, l. adj. Paradisiacal,
  celestial; inhabitant of paradise. 2.
  s. m. A water-carrier.
- H. Shak, s. m. Explosion (of a gun, &c.).
- عكارى ع bhikārī, s. m. A beggar.
- H. 以此 bahkānā, (trans. of 以此) v. a. (r. 可長 to carry) To balk, disappoint, mislead, deceive, beguile.
- 1. s. m. An adorer, a devotee, a votary, a zealot. 2. A Hindu performer for entertainment, a dancer, a player. 3. adj. Pious. 4. Desirous.
- s. بهكتى bhākti, भिक्ति (r. भज Serve)
  s, f. Religion, faith, devotedness, attachment, desire. بهكتونت adj. Devoted, religious, pious.

- ا بهکتائی ال bhaktā ī, (भक्तता) s. f. See
- H. Like bahaknā, v. n. To be balked, to stray, to be intoxicated.
- thirst to be quenched. 2. To pass the bounds, exceed the limits, be carried away, go beyond. 3. To become crazed. 4. See Like
- H. Like bhagānā, (trans. of Like) v. a. To cause to flee or escape, to cause to run away, to drive away. T bhigānā, (trans. of Like) v. n. To wet, moisten, steep.
- عبال المجالة المجالة
- علت من bhagtā-ī, (from يهكتائى) s. f. Piety, devotion, religiousness.
- e. lille bhugtānā, (caus. of lille)
  v. a. (r. भज to suffer, enjoy.) To
  cause to enjoy, to distribute, to requite.
- يهكتى bhagtan, s. f. 1. Wife of a يهكت 2. (ironically) A lewd woman, a prostitute, a whore.

v. a. To enjoy, to suffer, to receive the reward of virtue or the punishment of crime, to be requited.

- s. m. A dancing boy dressed up as a dancing girl.
- H. بهکل bhagal, s. m. Affectation, hypocrisy, trick, deception. ¶ bhugul, s. f. (dakh.) Hot ashes.

- H. Lile bhagliyā, s. m. Impostor, cheat.
- H. ابکلی کہنا bhagli-gahnā, s. m. False jewels, trinkets.
- s. بهاندر bhagandar, (भगंदर) s. m. A fistula (in ano).
- H. بهاکنا bhaggā, part. act. (بهاکنا) A deserter, a runaway, a fugitive.
- to worship,) adj. Divine, s. m. God, the deity, the Supreme being.
- عارية bhagorā, (نالها) s.m. A runaway, a deserter, a fugitive.
- H. ابهیکنا bhigonā, (trans. of بهیکنا)
  v. a. To wet, to steep, drench.
- bhagwant, (भगवत्) adj. Divine; s. m. God, the deity. See s.
- H. بهان bahal, s. f. A two-wheeled car (for riding in, not for baggage), a coach, a carriage.
- Head-foremost, head-long.
- excellent, benevolent, kind, healthy, well, virtuous, righteous, sound. 2. Strange, wonderful, comical, droll.

person of respectability, a gentleman; (iron.) a silly fellow. ابها ماننا To take well.

- عنا في الله bhalā changā, adj. In good order, in health, hale, well.
- عبرانا عالم في المالية s. Forgetfulness.
- عبالنا ع bhulānā, (caus. of ببالنا) v. a.
  1. To cause to forget. 2. To inveigle,

- mislead, bewilder, deceive, fascinate, coax, amuse, allure.
- H. निहरण) To divert, to amuse.
- عبالغ bhulā'ū, (from المالغ) s. or adj. (dakh.) Misleader, inveigler.
- ق. بهلانا bhulāwā, (from بهلاوا) s.m.

  Deception, fraud, cheat, deceit, faint.

  To deceive, to play a trick.
- s. بہاواں bhilāwān, (भहातक) s. m. A nut used for marking clothes, &c.
- ف بهلائی bhalā'i, s. f. Goodness, good health, welfare.
- ف بهل بهل بهل بهل shal-bhal, s. (dakh.) A call to an elephant.
- ع. اجالا بهل اجبالا bhal bhal ujālā, s. m. Dawn or break of day.
- burn.) To be singed or scorched.
- ड. bhal-mansāt, (भद्रमन्-ह्यता) s. f. Humanity, benignity, civility, decorum.
- H. bahalnā, v. n. To be diverted, to be amused: one's time to pass agreeably, one's leisure hours to glide happily.
- endowed with every virtue. 2. Name of a celebrated Dervis. 3. A man much addicted to laughter.
- هلونجى يه bhilaunji, (भलुत्रीज) s. f.
  The seed of the بهلوان
- H. بہلی bahali, s. f. A light carriage for riding.
- gether, one with another, one against another if To be procured, to be acquired.

- getfulness, error, mistake, miss, blunder. Slip of the tongue.
- H. J., bholā, adj. Simple, artless, innocent, meek.
- عبر المبرا عبر المبرا في المبرا المب
- عبولا نائه في bholā-nāth, s. m. A name of Mahādeva.
- g. 비행 bhūlnā, (from r. 커비 Err) v. n. To forget, go astray.
- H, بهولا bholī, adj. f. (of بهولی Innocent, artless.) بهولی باتیں Innocent prattle.
- s. إلى المجرب bhūm, (भूमि) s. f. Land, earth, region, country. ¶ bhaum (भीम) s. m. The planet Mars.
- a. المجابة bhūmi-pal, (भूमिपाल в. т. А prince, sovereign.
- عربي bhūm-iyā, s. m. A landlord.
- عبوميال ع هوميال ع bhūmyāl, s. (dakh.) l.

  Inhabitant. 2. s. f. (وطن)

  Native place, home.
- عبوس قیقی bhaun, (河) s. f. The eyebrow.

  v. a. To soowl, to frown, to look angrily raising the eyebrows.

  To knit the eyebrows.

  ¶ bhūn or bhaun (for 刊种) s. f. Ground, land, earth.
- ह المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجال المجابة bhaun-chīl or bhūn-chāl, (भूमिचाल from भूमि Earth, and r. चल Move) s. m. An earthquake.
- عبوں چئیں bhun-champā, (भू मिचंपक)
  s. m. The name of a plant.

- H. نبوندا bhondā, adj. Ill-shaped, useless, bad, ugly, unlucky.
- ع. بهونر bhaunr, (河田) s. m. A whirlpool: see
- s. إلى bhaunrā, (अमर) s. m. A large black bee enamoured of the lotus.
- عبانرا ها bhaunrā, 1. (भूम्यवर) в. т.

  A cavern, vault, cellar. 2. See

  Whirlpool, gulph, eddy (of water); dilemma.
- H. بهونرکلی bhaunar, kalī, s. f. A kind of halter (for horses or dogs). See
- عبونرى ع. bhaunri, s. f. 1. Feathered hair. 2. Name of a defect in horses.
- يهونكنا يهونكنا . bhaunknä, (r. 국국 Bark) v. n.

  1. To bark. 2. (met.) To talk
  foolishly.
- H. بهونکنا bhonknā, v. a. To thrust, to drive (as a nail). To stab.
- عرنا بهوننا و bhūnnā, (भजेन r. मृज or अंक् अंक Parch, fry) v. a. To parch, grill, broil, toast, fry, roast, inflame.
- TEL. بهونی bhonī, s. f. (dakh.) Handsel,
- ع فيارا ه bhunyārā, s. m. (dakh.) See ail نام نام نام under. ت
- H. بهوئى. bho'i, (or, bhū'i) s. m. 1. A chair-porter, a pālki-bearer, a bearer.

  2. A white cat. 3. (To the south of the Nerbudda applied to). The head of a Gond village.
- בּשָּלֵאֵט bhū'in, (भूमि) s. f. 1. The earth, ground.
   2. A kind of caterpillar covered with hair and destructive

easy. المار الموركار ألم barbarous essness, disease. أوزكار أبي اعتبار no creor estimation, not to be elied on, fire-Unlike a flor- المار sembling thow
commonly called المار عبور حنيا 2. Name of
a plant: see

- P. بہی bihī, s. f. l. A quince; and (in India) a gnava. بہی دانا s. m. Quince-seed. 2. (from هن Good) Goodness, the being well or better.
- ع. يهى الله bhai, (भय) s. m. Fear, terror.

  To be afraid, to be frightened.
- क्रका, क्रां, (अपि) conj. Also, too, even, and, moreover,
- H. بهی bahī, s. f. A book not stitched at the sides but at the ends; a register, book of accounts, ledger. بهی کهاتا Day book kept by merchants.
- এ bhaiyā, (সানা) s. m. Brother.
- s. بهیانک bhayānak, (भयानक) adj. Frightful, dreadful, dismal, terrified.
- عيت هhit, 1. (for भित्ति) s. f. A wall, or breadth of a wall. 2. (for भिति) adj. Fearful. اوچهی کی The friendship of the mean is like a wall of sand (i. e., unstable).
- عيتر (अम्पंतर) adj. Within.
- adj. In-وبهيتر bhītrī, (from بهيترى) adj. Inward, inside, internal, inner, interior.
- view. 2. A present to a superior. ¶
  bhit, An elevation of earth made near
  a tank for the purpose of planting
  pin: moundsof a tank: the vestige
  of an old house.

modest,  $o^{ie!n\bar{a}}$ , v. a. To meet, to join. less, carake a present (to a superior). reflection  $bhej\bar{a}$ , s. m. The brain.

bhejnā, v. a. To send.

- ्रव्यां بهری bhaichak, (भयचिकत) adj. Alarmed, aghast, starting. See
- s. المجادة s. m. l. A secret, mystery.

  2. Separation, difference. بهيد لينا

  v. a. To spy, to pry into, to work one's self into confidence, to sound.
- على الله bhedā, (from भेद) s. A secret-keeper, a confident, a spy.
- s. بهیدی bhedi, عیدی الکتا) ا. adj. Ins. بهیدی bhediyā, الکتا) ا. adj. Intelligent. 2. s. m. A scout, spy, a secret-keeper.
- H. بہیر bahīr, s. f. l. The baggage, &c. of an army.
- H. بہیر بنگا bahīr-bungā, s. The rabble of camp followers.
- s. phairav, (HTA r. H) to fear).
  s. m. 1. The name of Siva, but more especially of an inferior form or manifestation of that deity. 2. A musical mode, that which is calculated to excite emotions of terror.
- ع بهيرو ه bhairo, s. m. (dakh.) هيرو ع
- H. P. بهيرو بنه bahir o buna. The bag-
- يهيرو پيا هِ bhai-rūpiyā, adj. (dakh.)
- ين bhairon, (भैरव) s. m. 1.

  The name of a rāg or musical mode sung at dawn in autumn. (It is represented by Mahādeva with the Ganges flowing from his head and the rāg issuing from that deity's mouth). 2.

A name of Siva: see

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- الله فيروى bhairavi, عيروى bhairavi, } (भर
- B. بهاروین bhairvin, the name of a ragini, the bhairon rag.
- H. بهيڙ bhīr, s. f. Multitude, crox the press of work, difficulty.
- ह بهيڙ الله اله (भेड) s. f. A sheep, an ewe. بهيڙ کا گوشت Mutton.
- عبيرًا و baherā, (विभीतक) s. m. Belleric myrobalan.
- ع ابيرا bherā, (भेड) s. m. A ram.
- H. بهيڙ بهاڙ bhīr-bhār, s. f. Crowd, mob, bustle.
- H. نهيڙن bhornā, v. a. To shut, to close.
- ع بيرى الكاء bheri, (भेडी) s. f. An ewe.
- क بهيريا و bhoriyā, (भेडहा) в. т. A
- s. m. Disguise, counterfeit dress.
- हू مانکه الکا اینکه کافیلیه bhikh, (भिन्ना r. मिन्न् to beg). s. f. Begging, mendicity, charity, alms. الکیاه عالیه حالیا To ask alms, to beg.
- H. bhignā or bhingnā, v. n. (r. अप्यंज to anoint.) To be wet.
- s. bhil, (ਮੀਲ) s. m. The name of a rade of mountaineers.
- a. بهيلى bheli, s. f. A lump of coarse sugar (or gur).
- second brother of Yudhishthira. 2. adj. Dreadful. 3. s. m. Horror.
- क بهیمان bhaimán, (भयमान्) adj.
  Frightened, alarmed, terrified, afraid.
- m. live bhenā, n. f. Sister.

- H. نبوندا bhondā, adj. Ill-shaped, useless, bad, ugly, unlucky.
- s. visit. So ie
- H. بهيندى bhenui, s. f. (dakh.) Hibiscus esculentus (a good nutritious culinary vegetable).
- क بهينس bhains (महिषी) s. f. A female buffalo.
- e بهينسا ع bhainsā, (महिष) s. m. A male buffalo.
- H. Linga, adj. Squinteyed.
- H. liige bhīnnā, v. a. (dakh.) See
- H. بى bī, l. A vocative particle used in speaking to women. 2. (contract. of بى بى) Lady.
- be, A vocative particle used contemptuously, you fellow! you rascal! sirrah! O!
- P. بی be, a priv. particle or prepos. (वि) Without, out of. (When prefixed towords, it is equivalent to the English in, un, im, ir, dis, less, &c). Without water, lustre, temper, dignity, هdj. Dis- بي آبرو ١٠(آب adj. Dishonourable, disgraced. بي أتر adj. Without impression or effect, ineffectual. بي أجل adj. Untimely (death). بي اختيار Without choice, involuntary, by compulsion, against s. f. بی اختیا*ری* one's will. Without choice, helplessness. adj. Rude, unpolite, impudent, disrespectful. بي ادبي s. f. Rudeness, contempt (of court, in adj. Restless, un-

easy. prel, barbarous essness, disease. بوزگارا جنی اعتبار no credit or estimation, not to be clied on, dishonesty. اعتدالي على على على على على اعتدالي اعتدا بی اعتقاد evenness, inequality. adj. Incredulous, disbelieving. s. f. Want of regard, attention or kindness; على adj. Undistinguishing, indiscreet. بی s. f. Indiscretion, incivility. بي انتها adj. Boundless, infinite, endless. بي اندازه adj. Unjust. بي انصافي s. f. Injustice. على المال adj. Without religion, infidel, without conscience, faithless, treacherous. بي ايماني s. f. Infiadj. Com. بي بات adj. Com. plete, paid up in full. بى باقي ع. f. م عبی باک adj. Fearadj. Without بي بد المالية ج. authority, helpless. بي بها Helplessness. In want بی پاو سر مadj. Very

wretched. بى پايان adj. Boundless.

s. f. Openness, immo-

desty. بي پرنه adj. Unveiled, im-

modest, openly. بي پروا adj. less, careless, unconcerned, without reflection, thoughtle-s, at ease, indeadv. Boldly, fearlessly s. f. Carelessness, tranquillity, indifference. بى پىير Having no spiritual guide; vicious. يير adj. Cruel, merciless. adj. Faint, powerless; restless, uneasy, impatient. بي تابانه بى كاتىر Faintness; restlessness. Ineffectual. بي تال adj. Out of time (in music). عن adj. considerate, rash, extemporary. تان adj. Out of tune. المناس Inconsiderate, rash, without بی تدبیر tinction. adj. tious, inconsiderate, imprudent. .s. f. بی تعلقی Freedom from connexion or concern, independence. بى تقصير adj. Innocent, blameless, faultless. بى تكلف Without ceremony, frank. بي تكلفي على على على على على على الم being without ceremony, frankness. adj. Void of discrimination, indisoreet, silly, بى مىيزى ه. f. s. f. بی توجهی Indiscretion. بى توقع attention, unkindness. adj. Hopeless. بي ثبات Unstable. بي تمر s. f. Instability بي تمر adj. Fruitless. بي جا adj. Illplaced, misplaced, improper, adv. adj. 1. Life بي جان less, inanimate, faint, dead. 2. Paliant ,brave. بي جرم adj. Faultless, innocent. بي جگري s. f. Want

- s. بهیروی bhairavī, } (भेरि
- B. بهاروین bhairvin, ess, inno-The name of a ragini, the bhairon rag.
- H. بهيت bhīr, s. f. Multitude, crox the press of work, difficulty.
- क بهيڙ کا گوشت ه. f. A sheep, an ewe. بهيڙ کا گوشت Mutton.
- عبيرًا و baherā, (विभीतक) s. m. Belleric myrobalan.
- क क्षेत्र bherā, (भेड) s. m. A ram.
- H. بهير بهار bhēr-bhār, s. f. Crowd, mob, bustle.
- H. بهيڙن bhornā, v. a. To shut, to close.
- عيرى ع bheri, (भेडी) s. f. An ewe.
- क प्राचित bhoriyā, (भेडहा) s. m. A
- s. m. Disguise, counterfeit dress.
- عرب الكالله किहा r. मिस् to beg). s. f. Begging, mendicity, charity, alms. المناه عليه To ask alms, to beg.
- H. प्रियंश bhignā or bhingnā, v. n. (r. अस्यंज् to anoint.) To be wet.
- s. المبيل bhil, (ਮੀਲ) s. m. The name of a race of mountaineers.
- H. بهیلی b.heli, s. f. A lump of coarse sugar (or gur).
- s. بين bhīm, (田田) 1. n. prop. The second brother of Yudhishthira. 2. adj. Dreadful. 3. s. m. Horror.
- Prightened, alarmed, terrifled, afraid.

  M. Light bhend, K. f. Sister.

- H. بهرند bhonḍā, adj. Ill-shaped, use-less, bad, ugly, unlucky.
- ड. riset staunr, (अम) s. m. A. with,
- H. بهيندى bhenui, s. f. (dakh.) Hibiscus esculentus (a good nutritious culinary vegetable).
- ह. بهينس bhains (महिषी) s. f. A female buffalo.
- s. hainsā, (महिष) s. m. A male buffalo.
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easy. prel, barbarouqueseness, disease. بوزگارا .- بی اعتبار no credit or estimation, not to be clied on, dishonesty. بي اعتدالي в. f. Unevenness, inequality. بي اعتقاد adj. Incredulous, disbelieving. s. f. Want of regard, attention or kindness; بي المتياز adj. Undistinguishing, indiscreet. s. f. Indiscretion, incivility. انتها adj. Boundless, infinite, endless. عن اندازه adj. adj. Un- بى انصاف adj. Unjust. بى انصافي s. f. Injustice. ايمان adj. Without religion, infidel, without conscience, faithless, treacherous. بي ايماني s. f. Infiadj. Com. بي بات adj. Com. plete, paid up in full. بى باقب ع. f. Completion بی باک adj. Fearadj. Without بي بال و پر power, impotent, helpless. بى بد بي بدل Without blemish. Incomparable. بي بر Fruitless, barren. بي برگي s. f. Destitution, want. بى بس adj. Without power, authority, helpless. بى بها .s. f. Helplessness. بي بسي adj. Invaluable, بي بهره In want without profit or portion, destitute, unfortunate. بى پاو سر adj. Very wretched. بى پايان adj. Boundless. s. f. Openness, immodesty. بي پرده adj. Unveiled, im-

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modest, of enly. عبي پروا adj. less, careless, unconcerned, without reflection, thoughtle-s, at ease, indeadv. Boldly, fearlessly s. f. Carelessness, tranquillity, indifference. بي پير adj. Having no spiritual guide; vicious. بى پير adj. Cruel, merciless. adj. Faint, powerless; rest-ابی تاباند . less, uneasy, impatient Restlessly, impatiently. بى تابى . f. بى كاتىر Faintness; restlessness. Ineffectual. ابى تال adj. Out of time (in music). بي تامل adj. Inconsiderate, rash, extemporary. بى تان adj. Out of tune. الشحة Inconsiderate, rash, without بی تدبیر tinction. adj. tious, inconsiderate, imprudent. .s. f. بی تعلقی Freedom connexion or concern, independence. بى تقصير adj. Innocent, blameless, faultless. بى تكلف Without ceremony, frank. بي تكلفي علي علي علي علي علي علي الم being without ceremony, frankness. adj. Void of discrimination, indiscreet, silly, بي عيزي ه. f. s. f. In-بى توقىع attention, unkindness. adj. Hopeless. بي ثبات Unstable. بی تمر s. f. Instability بی تباتی adj. Fruitless. بي جأ adj. Illplaced, misplaced, improper, adv. adj. l. Life بي جان less, inanimate, faint, dead. adj. Faultless, innocent. بي جگري 8. f. Want

of courage. بيچارگى s. f. Helplessness. ابیکاره adj. Without remedy, helpless, poor. فيتجراغ adj. 1. Lamp. 2. Desolate, ruined beyond hope, childless. adj. بيچون وي چين comparable, inscrutable. بي جين s. f. بیچینی s. f. easiness. بى حاصلى s. f. profitableness, fruitlessness. بی adj. Out of condition, illeircumstanced, indisposed. بيكالى Badness of circumstances. adj. Unveiled. بي Without a veil, openly, s. f. Appear. بي حجابي ing unveiled; immodesty, indecency. بيحرمت adj. Boundless. بيحرمت adj. Disgraced. بيكرمتى s. f. Disadj. Insensible, senseless. بى adj. Count-ابی حیا less, beyond calculation, بی حیا adj. Shameless, immodest, impudent, barefaced. بيحيائى s. f. Shame-بى خان و مان .lessness, immodesty Houseless, destitute. adj. Without intelligence, senseless, incautious, careless, heedless, imprudent, uninformed, ignorant, stupid. s. f. Imprudence, carelessness. بى خرچى s. f. Want of pay or wages. بي خرد adj. Without understanding, stupid. bغي adj. Unerring. بيخطره and بيخطر adj. Free from danger, safe, fearless. بيخواب ه بيخوابي s. f. Sleeplessnes bhonda, adj. b'eside one's self, od, ugly, me's mind. adj. L enraptured or bestiff himself. بيخودي s. f. The being beside one's self, alienation of mind, ecstacy, rapture, senselessness, deliadj. Without بيخور و خواب inclination to eat or sleep, restless. ا بيداد. s. f. Iniquity, injustice. 2. adj. Unjust, بيدادگر s. m. oppressor. بيدائي s. f. Injustice. adj. Grainless, seedless (as fruit). بيدخل adj. Dispossessed, ejected، بیدخل کرنا v. a. To exclude, to eject. بيدخلى a. f. Want of entrance, exclusion. عبيدرد adj. Unfeeling, merciless. بيدردي ع. f. Freedom from pain, unfeelingness, inhumanity. بيدرنگ Without delay. بيدريغ adj. l. Undeniable, incontestable, readily acknowledged. 2. Unsparing, ungrudging, liberal, not refusing. 3. Pitiless. بي دست و پا adj. (Having neither hands nor feet); helpless. بيدل adj. Heartless, sad. s. f. Heartlessness; dejection. adj. Ill-tempered, easily provoked. بيدماغى s. f. Bad temper. श्रुवां. (विदरक fearless) بيدهڙک Without fear or doubt, on a sudden. بیدیی .adj. Fearless بی دهشت adj. Irreligious. بيڌول adj Shapeless; ugly, uneducated. بيدهب adj. Ill-shaped, ugly, awkward. adj. Uneducated, ill-mannered, ill-bred, improper. بى راه adj. Erring, astray; dissolute, unprincipled. adj. Irregular. بي رحم adj.

iless, cruel, barbarous adj. بيروزكارا .s. f. Cruelty رحمى ad. With. بي زيا ont guile, candid, sincere. بى ريب عريا adj. Without guile or deceit. می ریش adj. Beardless (a youth). بى adj. Without fibre. بى زبان Mute, without language (beasts). ع. f. Inability to speak, dumbness. بى زر Without money or the means of getting it; helpless. ابى زوال Imperishable, unchangeable. adj. Without gall or bile; patient, good-tempered, forbearing; بی زیب و زینت shameless. Ugly and awkward, inelegant in dress and person. عبيساخته adj. بى ساز Undisguised, plain, artless. adj. Without apparatus, tools, &c.; unaccoutred. بي ساماني s. f. Want of apparatus or necessaries. بي سم adj. Causeless. بي هdj. Shapeless, ill-made. بي سده adj. Senseless, beside one's self; in a بی adj. Stupid بی سرت Impotent, destitute, very wretched. بي سرو سامان adj. Withont apparatus, destitute of necessaries, unprovided, helpless. جي سليقه adj. Without method, awkward. بى شرم بی شعور .Shameless, immodest adj. Ignorant, uninformed, a block-ہی شک و شبع or بی شک bead. بی شمار Doubtless, certain.

adj. Countless, much. بي صبر adj. بى صبرى Impatient, restless. بى صرفه Impatience. adj. Unprofitable. بے فیابطہ adj. Irregular. بيطاقت adj. Powerless, weak. بيطرح adj. . Ill-mannered, uncivil. بيطلب adj. Uncalled, adj. Free from بي طميع بيطورى covetousness, disinterested، s. f. Incivility, rudeness. بي عزت بى عزتى Without honour, disgraced. Dishonour, ignominy. adj. Faultless, without blemish. بيغرض adj. Disinterested, without selfishness, impartial, inde-بى غرضانه pendent, indifferent. Disinterestedly. بی غرضی s. f. Disinterestedness. بي غل adj. Without trouble or وغش anxiety, without fraud or hatred. adj. Without pride or emulation, spiritless; infamous. بي بى . Unprofitable, useless, vain adj. Thoughtless, contented, tranquil. بى فكرى s. f. Freedom from care. بى فيض adj. Unprofitable, possessing but not bestowing (as a learned man who does not communicate his knowledge, or a rich man, from whose wealth no person receives adj. 1. Unable. 2. Without restraint, out of one's power, secure against surprise or adj. Irregular بي قاعدة attack. ungrammatical. بى قدر adj. Worth-

less. بى قدري s. f. Worthlessness. adj. Inconstant, unsettled, restless. بي قراري s. f. Instability, restlessness, uneasiness, anxiety. بي بى adj. Faultless, innocent. بى adj. Inconceivable, contrary to the common order of things, incomprehensible, immense. adj. Unemployed. بى كارى a. f. Want of employment, idleness. بي adj. Shoreless, boundless. كران بى adj. Friendless, destitute. كس بى كسى adj. Friendless. كسانه s. f. Forlorn, friendless state. بى s. f. Restlessness, uneasiness, بي كم وكاست . agitution (of mind). adj. Without omission, accurate. على تان Untimely. بى گاھ adj. Without doubt or suspicion. بيكناة adj. Innocent, guiltless. ابي لحاظ adj. Inattentive, impertinent. بى adj. Unkind, inelegant. لطف بى لكام . f. Unkindness. لطفى adj. Unbridled, licentious, intemperadj. Incomparable, unparalleled. بي مايه Without funds or substance; poor. الله عنال adj. Incomparable. بي صحل Out of place, improperly. بي مروت adj. بى مروتى Unkind, cruel, uncivil. بى . f. Inhumanity, cruelty, unpoliteadj. Tasteless, insipid. عني معني adj. Unmeaning, foolish.

بی موقع .Out of season بی موسم adj. Out of place; inopportune. بی مهری .adj. Unkind مهر بی نام و نشان Unkindness. Without name or character. adj. Without lot or portion ; e.f. Misfortune. بينصيبي adj. Incomparable. adj. Saltless; insipid; ugly, ordinary. بى ننگت adj. Shameadj. With. بي ننگ و ناموس out name or character. | adj. Without provisions or furniture, destitute; s. m. A kind of dervis who shaves his eyebrows and beard. s. f. Indigence, beggary. adj. Without bounds, endless. بى نياز adj. Wanting and asking nothing, not in need; independent. بى نيازى s. f. Independence. adj. Without cause or reason. Without a home, an exile. بيرفا adj. Faithless, treacherous, traitor, ungrateful. s. f. Infidelity, faithlessness, ingratitude, treachery. s. f. Want of edj. Out of بی وقت مdj season, untimely, ill-timed, at an unusual time, unseasonable. بي وقر Without dignity or character, s. f. Want بيوقري of dignity, dishonour. بيرقوف adj. ا . ه بيوقوفي Ignorant, foolish, Ignorance, يى هال adj.

Unambitious, pusillanimous, humble.

Unambitious, pusillanimous, humble.

الله على المربي adj. Incomparable. بي هنام adj. Unskilful, unskilled. بي هنام adj. Unskilfulness. منري هنام adj. Unskilfulness. بيهوش adj. Senseless, intoxicated, delirious. بي هوشي على على المربي هوشي على المربي هوشي على المربي هوشي المربي هوشي على المربي هوشي المربي الم

بي

- e. ي bayā, (वय:) s.m. 1. The name of the little bird that learns to fetch and carry, &c. and which the Hindūs teach to snatch the ornamental patch or wafer from the forehead of their mistresses. 2. An assizer.
- P. بيابان bayābān or, biyābān, s. m. A desert, a wilderness.
- e. بيار be-ār, v. imper. 2 pers. sing.

  (from آوردن) Bring (thou).
- عناز عنوره sign. 8. (dakh.) Interest, usury بيازخوره العناج عنوره العنازخورة العناج عنورة العناج عنورة العناج عنورة العناج عنورة العناج عنورة العنورة العنورة
- s. in by as or vy as a, (ATH) s. m. A celebrated saint and author, the supposed original compiler of the Vedas and l'uranas; also, the founder of the Vedanta philosophy.
- عياسي ع byāsī, (ब्रुशीत) adj. Eightytwo.
- a. بياض bayāṣ, s. f. 1. Whitness. 2.

  A blank book, a commonplace-book.

  3. Name of a figure in the science of or geomancy.
- क بياكرن byākaraņ, (व्याकरण) s. m. Grammar.

- e. الهنوار (उयाकुल from वि neg. आ all round. कुल to collect together.) adj. Perplexed, confounded, restless, agitated (in mind), unessy.
- s. این bayālā, (त्रायु from बा to move.)
  adj. Flaculent, windy.
- ع بالیس be'ālīs, (or, byālīs) (द्वि चला-रिंशत्) adj. Forty-two.
- A. بیان being separated)
   B. m. Explanation, relation. •
- ع المناه و المناه و
- ه byāhā, m. (विवाहित) } adj.
  عناها پیاها byāhtā, f. (विवाहिता) }
  Married.
- ब. بياهى byāhan, (वित्राहन) s.m. Marrying, marriage, to marry, to wed. ورك or يوك adj. Fis for marriage, marriageable.
- عباهنا عن byāhnā, (from विवाह) v. a.
  To give or take in marriage, to marry.
- H. بی بی  $b\bar{\imath}b\bar{\imath}$ , s. f. A lady, dame, madam; (vulgarly) a wife.
- इ. بيپار baipār (dakh. bepār, व्यापार) s. m. Traffic, trade, business.
- عيبارى ع. baipārī, (हयापारी) s. m. A merchant.
- a. بيت bait, s. f. 1. A house, temple, edifice. 2. A couplet, distich, verse (in poetry).
- e. بیت bet, (वंत्र) s. f. A cane, ratan, a blow or stroke with a cane.

- betāl or baitāl, (वेताल) s. m.
  l. A dead body occupied and animated by an evil spirit. 2. Name of a demon.
- مبیت الله . baitu-l-lāh, s. m. (House of God) The temple of Mecca.
- baitu-l-ḥarām, s. m. (Sacred house) The temple of Mecca.
- میت انخلا مین baitu-l-khalā, s. m. A necessary, a privy.
- haitu-sh-sharaf, s. The smansion of eminence; the highest mansion (of a planet), &c.
- An idol temple. baitu-ṣ-ṣanan, s. m
- a. J'll baitu-l·māl, s. m. An escheat, property that falls to the crown in failure of heirs. (Met.) An unfortunate fellow.
- al-baitu-l-ma²mūr, )
- bait-i-ma<sup>2</sup>mūr,
   A house in heaven, or in the sky, over against the ku²ba of Mecca (as

believed by the Muhammadans).

- A. بيت المقدس baitu-l-muqaddas or baitu-l-maqdis. (The holy house) The temple of Jerusalem.
- baitarnī, (वैतरणो) s. f. 1.

  A river, according to the Hindus, which is to be crossed by the dead on their way into the world of spirits, like the Styx of the ancients. 2. A river in Orissa.
- g. יייי bītnā, (from ञ्यतीत) v. n. To pass, come to pass, happen, befall, arrive: see iii.
- ع. بیتنا بیتنا بیتنا بیتنا که betna. v. (dakh. explained by
- animal. 2. (Same as विटलनण)
  A factitious salt containing sulphur.

- ابیتا bejā, s. m. A son, a child.
- H. بيتنا bīṭnā, v. n. To spill, scatter, pour out.
- ع. انالهتيب baithālnā, ك caus. of ليتهالنا
- seat, set. settle, place, station, apply, plant, calm, becalm, allay, assuage, to enthrone, to make one believe, to level, to ruin, to stun.
- baithak. s. f. 1. A seat, a place where people meet to sit and converse, a bench. 2. s. f. (from ابتها) Act or state of sitting, sitting.

  8. A kind of exercise.
- ed) v. n. 1. To sit, to be unemployed or idle. 2. To sit in dharnā. 3. To subside, abate. 4. To perch (a bird).
- H. بيتى beļī, s. f. A daughter.
- P.  $be-j\bar{a}$ , adj. Improper, unnecessary.
- a. 以此, bijak, (司际有) s. m. A ticket tied to goods or on bags to mark their contents, price, &c., a list, an invoice. A bill of parcels.
- e. الجنتى baijantī, (वेजयंती from विजि to conquer.) s. f. A flag or standard; the standard of Viehnu.
- s. المجنتي baijanti-mālā, (वेजयंand माठा Necklace) s. f. A necklace especially worn by Vishnu in his several forms or incarnations, and composed of the following jewels, produced from the five elements of nature: namely, the sapphire, from the earth; the pearl, from water; the ruby, from fire; the topaz, from air; and, the diamond, from
- H. bejū, s. m. The name of an animal that feeds on carcasses. Indian badger.

space or ether.

- e. بهتر bich, (see بهتر) 1. adv. In, into, among, between, during. 2. s. m. Middle, midst, centre. 3. Difference.
  4. Quarrel, hostility. بيج بيب هو المعالمة المعالم
- e. بنے bich-ā-bīch, s. Very middle; in the very middle, central middlemost.
- a. पंड्रा bechnā, v. s. (विक्री to sell.)
  To sell, dispose of.
- P. فيكوبه be-choba, (lit. pole-less) s. m.

  A kind of tent pitched without a pole,

  bekh, s. f. l. Root. 2. Origin.

  foundation. بين كي An extirpator,

  exterminator; a judge (as extirpating thieves); a thief (as destroying the

subjects) بينے كنى s. f. Extirpation, eradication.

- عيد ع baid, (वैद्य) s. m. A physician.
- know.) s. m. A Veda, or the Vedas in the aggregate. The original Veda is believed by the Hindūs to have been revealed by Brahmā, and to have been preserved by tradition until it was arranged in its present order by a sage, who thence obtained the surname of Vyāsa or Vedavyāsa, that is, compiler of the Vedas. He distributed the Indian scripture into four parts, which are neverally entitled RI Rig, USA Yajush, HH Sāma, and SUA Atharva: and each of them bears the com-
- P. الله bed, s. f. l. A willow. 2. A sort of cane, a ratan. (국구) المشكث An odoriferous sort of bed or willow.

mon name of Veda.

P. بيدار adj. Awake, wakeful, sleepless. بيدار بخت adj. Fortunate.

بی

- e. بيدارى bedārī, s. f. Wakefulness, waking.
- s. יגעוייי bedant, (वेदांत) s. m.
  The name of a particular Hindû philosophical system.
- عدانتی bedant.i, (वेदांती) B. m.
  One who is conversant in the bedant system.
- عندائی اله baidā'ī, (वैदिकी) s.f. Practice of physic.
- P. بيدستر bedastar, s. The castor bea. ver.
- A. بيدت baidaq, (from Pers. پياله) s. m. A pawn at chess.
- s. كين baidik, (वैदिक) s. m. A

  Brāhmaņ well versed in the Vedas.
  ¶ baidak, (वैद्यक) s. m. The practice
  or science of physic.
- ع. نیدهنا bedhnā, (वेधन r. विध pierce) v. a. To pierce, to bore.
- ड. بيدهى bedhi, (वंघी) s. m. A s. يدهيا bedhiyā, borer, one who perforates gems, &c.
- ह. بير bīr, (वीर) 1. s. m. A hero. 2. adj. Brave.
- H. بير bīr, l. s. m. A brother. 2. A jewel worn in the ear. 3. s. f. A tusk. 4. A sister. 5. Pasturage.
- ع. بير bair, (वैर) s. m. Enmity hatred, بير لينا v. a. To revenge.
- s. juich ber, l. s. m. (for वदर) The name of a fruit, that of the jujube; also, the name of the tree. 2. s. f. (for वार or वेहा) Time, turn, bout, vicissitude, delay, while.

bird, (वाटिक) s. m. A betel leaf made up with a preparation of the areca nut, spices and chunam.

بی

- H. بيراكهرى berākheri, s. f. Quarrelling, wrangling, dissension.
- a. بیراکی bairāg or bairāgya, (नेराय वि neg, राग passion) s. m. Penance, devotion, the act of leaving the pleasures of the world.
- a. البيراك bairāgā, (from विस्ता) s. m. A small crooked stick (or piece of iron) which a bairāgī places under his armpit to lean upon as he sits.
- ع. بيراكى بيراكى. bairāgan, (वैरागिणी) s. f. 1. A female bair gī. 2. Same as بيراكا
- e. برای bairīgī, (वैराजी) s. m. l. The religious ascetic, or he who abandons terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c. 2. A kind of wandering faqīr who practises certain austerities.
- H. بير بهتى bīr-bahuṭī or bīr-bahuṭṭī, s. f. The red velvet insect, scarlet fly or lady cow.
- ابیر گفته بیر بهوتی ها bir-bahūļī, s. f. See
- P. بيرق bairaq, s. m. Banner, ensign, colours.
- ब. بيرن bairan, (वेरिणी) s. f. A female enemy.
- H. بيرن bīran, s. m. Brother.
- P. بيرون berān, prep. Without, on the outside, out. بيرونجات Country (opposed to town). بيرونجاتى Rustic, belonging to a village or the country, a countryman.
- ! بيرى beri, (बदरी) s. f. The tree of Zizyphus jujubs.
- عيرى و beri, (बोटिका) s. f. 1. A
  betel leaf made up with spices, &c.

- (See پانی). 2. The colour which ad heres to the lips from chewing betel.
- عبرى ع. bairī, (वैरी) s. m. An enemy, foe.
- क्र. أ بيرًا على berā, (वेटप) s. m. l. A. raft, a float. 2. The raft which is floated by the Muhammadans in honour of khuāja khizr. (Besides the anniversary beri offered to propitiate him, hundreds of smaller ones with lamps may be seen on Thursdays of the month bhadon particularly, which are offered by the Muhammadans to this saint). v. a. To collect a crowd. To relieve from بيرًا پاركرنا يا لكانا distress, to remove difficulties, to help one through a business (lit. to ferry over a raft). 'بيڙا پار هونا To obtain deliverance from misfortune or distress, to succeed.
- H. ابير berā, s. (dakh.) Surrounding, siege. بيرا دينا to besiege.
- H. بيتى beri, s. f. 1. Irons fastened to the legs (of criminals, elephants, &c.), fetters; (dakh.) a ring worn round the ancle. 2. A basket used to irrigate fields with. 3. Nuptial ties; wedlock.
- عبرا biri, s f. (dakh.) See بيرا and

- P. بيز bez, part. in compos. (from يختى) Sifting.
- e. بيزار besar, adj. Displeased, angry, out of humour, disgusted.
- P. بيثن bezhan, n. prop. A Persian hero, son of كير and of a sister of Bustam.
- عبيس نيس نيس هه, (विंशति) adj. Twenty.
- क्राह्म क्षेत्रक्षे, (विंशतिनख) s. m. A dog, which has twenty nails.
- e بیساکه baisākh, (वैशाख) s. m. The first solar month of the Hindus, the full moon of which is near विशाखा (four stars in Libra and Scorpio); April-May.
- P. wenty. bist, adj. Twenty.
- P. بيستون besitūn, n. prop. A celebrated mountain in Persia, which Farhād dug through at the command of his mistress Shīrīn.
- H. بيسر besar, s. f. The small ring worn in the nose. ¶ bisar, s. Gleanings left in the fields.
- P. ع. بيسرا be-sur-ā, adj. Out of tune.
- H. بيسى besan, s. m. (पेपण flour).

  The flower or meal of pulse (particularly of chanā.
- ह بیسو beswā, (वेश्या from विधि to attach.) s. f. A prostitute; horlot.
- ع. بيسوال bis-win, adj. Twentieth.
- P. بیش besh, adj. 1. More, greater.

  2. Good, proper, well, better, excellent, elegant, delightful.

  or بیش قیمت Of great price or value, costly, precious.
- P. بیش نر besh-tar, adj. comp. More most, mostly, for the most part, usually, exceeding, better, rather.

- e بیشنو baishnav, (वैष्णव) adj. Of or relating to (विष्णु) Vishņu; s. m. A follower of Vishņu.
- P. بیش و کم besh-o-kam, adj. Not much, a moderate quantity, more or less.
- P. besha or bisha, s. m. A forest
- P. بیشی besh-ī, s. f. Excess, premium, surplus, increase.
- A. بيض bais, s. m. A mark fixed to public writings by the magistrate or any principal officer.
- A. الفين baiṣā, 1. adj. White. 2. s. m.

  The Sun. المناها المالات الم
- a book containing a commentary on the Qur'an.
- A. بيضى baiṣawī, (from بيضوى) adj.

  Fashioned in the shape of an egg, made of eggs, relating to eggs. خط s. m. A form of the Persian Nasta\*līķ, character, in which the curved tails of the letters are segments of an oval: opposed to خط آفتابي
- ا بیض baiṣa, s. m. (بیض he made it white.) An egg; (dakh.) a testicle.
- A. بيطار baitār, s. m. A horse doctor, a farrier.
- A. بیسے کرنا bai\*, s. f. (Buying and solling)
  Commerce, solling, sale. بیسے کرنا v. a. To sell. بیسے نامہ s. m. Bill or deed of sale.
- A. P. نیعانه bai'ana, s. m. Earnest money, advance.
- A. بیعت bai'at, s. f. Homage, fealty,

v. a. To become a disciple of some saint.

- ع بال بيكا see بال بيكا Hair.
- A name of Vishnu. 2. The heaven or paradise of Vishnu.
- t. بيگئ beg, s. m. A Moghal title, corresponding with the English, Lord.
- begar, adj. (A person) forced to work, or (carriage, &c.) pressed into service, with or without pay.

  To press (a man or carriage, &c.) into service with or without pay.
- ابیگاری .egār-ī, s. f. The act of pressing or forcing to work. بیگاری To take forcibly or press, with or without pay.
- domestic, not an acquaintance or friend, foreign, alien, unknown; stranger. 2. Not one's own.
- women of rank a recalled begams). (Beg a lord, am a feminine affix.) A title of Mogal ladies.
- ابیگر whamā, (dimin. of بیگر) s. f. A young lady.
- H. بیگی baigan, s. m.. The egg plant.
- ع. بیکنی beg-nī, s. f. Brot fe of a Beg.
- of land containing twent, katthis or 120 feet square. (This usum; measure of land varies much in the various parts of India. The one here given of 1600 square yards is in use in B. engal; but, in the Euglish surveys of the upper provinces, it is usually accounted 3025 square yards or 5-8ths confian acre.
- ब. بيكى beg-ī, (from वेग) adj. Swiket, qaiçk: adv. Qnickly.

- ड. بيل bail, (विहीवई) s. m. A bull, an ox (met.) A blockhead.
- e. بيل bel, 1. or bil (for विस्व) s. m.
  The name of a fruit. 2. (for विश्विश्वारण

ৰম্থ to move). s. f. A creeper, climber; tendril (of a vine): any vine or climbing plant. 3. Offspring.

- P. بيل bel, s. m. A spade, shovel, pickaxe, hoe, mattock: a pole for directing a boat. A spot in which the receiving pans are placed when sugar is manufactured: a line marked out on a road or garden with an axe, pointing out the direction of any proposed work.
- s. L. bel-ā, s. f. 1. Name of a shrub or flower. (A species of Jasmine). 2. A cup. 3. An instrument of music resembling a fiddle. 4. Time. (बेल् to go).
- عبيل بوتا بيل بوتا .el-būṭā, s. m. A shrub, bush or creeper; flowers (on cloth).
- P. نيل bel-chak, } (dimin. of بيل)
- P. bel-cha, S. m. A hoe, a spade, a small mattock.
- P. بيلدار bel-dar, s. m. A pioneer, a digger, user of a spade.
- P. بيلك bel-ak, s. f. l. A small mattock. 2. The iron point of an arrow.
- क بيلن على belan, (त्रेलम from r. विल Spread) s. m. A rollingpin, or roller.
- s. اللين belnā, (वेल्न) 1. s. m. A rollingpin. 2. v. a. To spread out, to roll the flour into a flat cake.
- ع. بيلنى غ belnī, s. f. A small rollingpin. ¶ belanī, s. m. A branch.
- P. بيم bīm, s. m. Fear, terror.
- H. بيمان bīmā or بيمان bīmān, s. m. Insurance, money paid for the insurance of goods.

- عد المات ا
- ع بيمان ع be-mād, s. f. (dakh.) See
- P. بیمار bīmūr, (व neg. एम् to rest.) adj. Sick, indisposed, bad, ill, patient. خانه s. m. An hospital.
- P. عنارانغ bīmār-āna, adj. Sickly, like one sick.
- sick person, an attendant on the sick.
- ing of a sick person, attendance on the sick.
- r. بيمارى bīmār-ī, s. f. Bickness, illness, disease(māndgi).
- P. بین bin, part. act. (دیدن) in compos. Seeing, looking.
- pipe, fife. 2. bin (for वीणा) s. f.

  A kind of lute or a sort of guitar, with five or seven steel strings, and having a large dried gourd at each end of the finger-board. 3. bain (for वाणा) s. m.

  A word, speech, sound.
- A. بين bain, s. Separation, interval, distance.
- مین baiyan, (بیان) s. m. Explanation, interpretation.
- H. Line baina, s. m. An ornament worn on the forehead.
- P. اليكن binā, (from ديدن) adj. Clearsighted, seeing, having sight.

- A. بين بين bain-bain, adj. Intermediate (between good and evil); middling.
- H. liii. bīntnā, v. a. (dakh.) To cut out or shape clothes: see iii.
- H. juic bindā, s. m. A roll of paper; a bundle, &c.
- P. بينش bīn-ish, s. f. Seeing, discernment.
- عنگی و baingan, (भंटाकी) க. m.
  The egg plant. See بیگی .
- P. بيني bīnī, s. f. l. The nese. 2. in compos. (from بين) The act of seeing or regarding.
- ह. بیوپار byaupār, s. (व्यापार r. पृ te trade.) (dakh.) See بیپار
- عبوپاری byaupārī or byopārī, s. m. A merchant; a dealer. See
- میوتات buyūtāt, s. plur. (of plur. of بیدتات); household expenses.
- H. نيونت byont, (वि separation, श्रोत cloth.) s. m. Shape, fashion, the act of cutting out clothes.
- Bhape clothes. To measure one for a suit of clothes. 2. To kill, slay, despatch.
- P. بيوه bewa, s. f. A widow.
- s. بيرهار byauhār or byohār, (ब्यवहार from ह to take,) s. m. Profession, calling, trade, money-lending, negociation, transaction, practice, custom.
- H. بيرى biwi, s. f. (dakh.) Lady. See
- P. بيهودگى behūda-gī, s. f. Absurdity, nonsense, vanity, foolery.
- P. الميبولة behūda, adj. Absurd, vain, foolish, idle, fruitless, unprofitable.

babbler. بيهوده كوئى s. f. Talking nonsense, nonsense.

## پ

- alphabet, corresponding to ( $\P$ ) in Sanskrit. It does not occur in the Arabic alphabet; but the letter if is substituted for it in Persian words adopted into the Arabic language. With 3 he affixed, it may stand for the Sanskrit  $\P$  as  $\P$
- P. پ pā, l. (पाद) s. m. The leg, foot:

  See پانزجیر پائی adj. Fettered, in

  chains. پادر کاب (Foot in the

  stirrup) ready, prompt, alert. پ

  تاکسته Infirm, reduced. 2. In com.

  pos. part. act of پائیدن To continue;

  as, پیرا Permanent.
- الجهاين ـ الجها ي as from ـ الجهاين ـ الجهاين ـ الجهاين ـ الجهاين ـ الجهايا ـ بورها
- pā-andāz (پا Foot, and انداز pā-andāz (پا Foot, and انداز part. of انداختی To throw) s. m.

  A carpet spread at the entrance of a room for cleaning the feet on.
- P. Jij pā-band, (पदिवंघ) 1. s. m. A rope with which the fore-feet of a horse are tied, 2. adj. Clogged, fettered, bound, restrained. i. J. v. n. (Met.) To be married. 3. A servant.
- P. پابوس pā-bos, (پ Foot, and part. act. of بوسیدی To kiss) part. or s. m. Kissing the feet, i. e., Adoring, worshipping, revering.

- pī-bos-i, s. f. Kissing the feet; worship.
- s. پاپ pāp, (प्राप्) s. m. Sin, fault.
- عالية بيل pāpaṛ, (पपिट) s. m. A thin crisp cake made of any grain of the peakind. پائة بيلنا To undergo great labour or pain for insufficient wages.
- ब्र. प्रेंड्र pāpṛā, (पपट) s. m. 1. A certain plant. 2. The fruit of the Dhāk tree.
- ع. پاپتاگهار پاپتاگهار پاپتاگهار پاپتاگهار s. m. Ashes of the plantain tree used instead of salt for seasoning the cakes called پپتر کهار) is translated "pellitory root"
- عار عاپر pāpar-khār, s. (dakh.) See پاپراکهار
- ع پاپی pāpin, (पापिनी from पाप Crime) adj. f. A sinner, wicked (woman).
- P. پاپوش pā-posh, s. f. A slipper.
- s. پاپی pāp-ī, (पापी) adj. m. A sinner, a criminal, hard-hearted.
- P. كا پاييان pā-piyāda, adv. On foot.
- 2. An ornament worn in the upper part of the ear. 3. A draught or check on a banker.
- P. ياتابغ pā-tāba, s. m. A sock.
- s. الله pātāl, (পানান্ত) s.m. l. Regions, according to the Hindus, under the earth or towards the south-pole, inhabited by a serpentine race; infernal regions; hell. 2. Nadir.
- P. پاتیله pātīla or پاتیله pātīla, s. A wide-mouthed kettle or pan, especially one used by confectioners.
- H. じょ pāṭ, s. m. (早さ to floor) 1.

  Breadth (of cloth or of a river). 2.

  Tow. A plank placed across.

- 和 millstone. 3. A throne, seat. 4. (円列) A board, shutter, leaf or fold (of a door). A platform.
- म् एकं. एकं. पहिं s. m. A plank on which washermen beat clothes.
- ع بات بات pāṭ-rānī, (پات A throne, and رانی A queen) s. f. The queen or principal wife of a Rājā.
- ياتمبر ع pš!-ambar, (पट्टांबर) s.m. Silk cloth, a silk garment.
- n. j pāṭnā, v. a. l. To roof, to cover, to shut. 2. To fill, fill up, overstock, heap, pile, accumulate. 3. To water, irrigate. 4. To pay.
- H. پاتونى pāṭūnī, s. m. A ferryman.
- s. m. A reading, lecture, perusal (of a book), lesson. Task.
- H. إلى pāṭhā, s. m. A young animal full grown (generally, a goat or elephant), a youth or young wrestler.
- s. টুট্টু pōthak, (পাতক) s. m. l. He that gives lessons, a teacher, a professor. 2. A title of Brāhmans.
- s. پاتهی pāṭhī, (पाठी) s. m. Tho same
- P. خامه pā-jāma, (لي Foot and جامة Garment) s. m. Trousers, long drawers.
- P. پاجی pājī, adj. Mean, base.
- P. پاچکت pāchak, s. m. Cow-dung dried for fuel.
- P. خچان pācha, s. m. Sheep's foot, foot.
- H. liqə ly pāchhnā, v. a. To inoculate.
- इ. ال कृइत, (पई) s. m. A fart.

- P. پاداش pādāsh, s. m. Retaliation, recompense, reward.
- sign. 2) s. m. Black salt, prepared by melting common salt with a small proportion of myrobalans. (It contains sulphur).
- pād-zahr, s. m. The name of a medicine, expeller of poison. (Bezoar stone).
- P. هاد بادشاه pādshāh, s. m. King: seo
- P. هاهاشان pādshāh-āna, adj. adv. Like a king, kingly.
- P. پادشاهت pādshāhat, s. f. King-dom, sway: see
- بادشاهی pādshāh-ī, See پادشاهی ۲
- P. عن الاشاء pādshāh-zāda, s. m. Aprince.
- H. پانگهایرا pād-ghābrā, adj. Frightened out of one's wits, timorous, pusillanimous. To turn tail.
- क पंजि pādnā, (पर्दन) v. n. To fart.
- s. j. pār, (IR limit) s. m. The opposite bank or shore; adv. Over, across, on or to the other side, through, beyond; adj. Last, past. j. 1. To ferry over, to cross. 2. To finish, accomplish, carry through. 3. To perforate, to transfix. 4. To relieve. 5.

  To carry off. j. (dakh.) To go away, to be off, to escape.
- عارا कार्गा, (पारद or पार) s. m. Quicke silver, mercury.
- p rcha, s. m. A fragment, a piece, a scrap, a piece of cloth, a rag, cloth, clothing.
- इ. پارس क्वेras, s. m. 1. (स्पर्शमणि)

  The philosopher's stone. 2. (पारसी)

  Persian. 8. A touchstone for gems.

- P. يارس pārs, (पारस) s. m. Persia.
- P. پارسا pārsā, adj. Abstemious, chaste, watchful, a holy man, a devotee.
- pār-sāl, s. or adv. Last year.
- P. پارسائی pārsā-ī, s. f. Chastity, purity, abstinence, continence.
- इ. پارس پيپل pāras-pīpal, (पार्श्वपि– प्पल) s.m. The name of a tree.
- g. پارس ناته pāras-nāth, (पार्श्वनाथ)
  s. m. Name of the twenty-third Jina
  or Jaina pontiff.
- s. p. پارسی pārsī, (पारसी) s. m. A
  Persian, the Persian language.
- H. پارسی pūrsī, s. m. A follower of Zoroaster.
- s. إلروتى pūrvatī, (पार्वती) s. f. (Daughter of प्वत or a mountain)
  Durgū the wife of Siva.
- piece, a bit, a fragment. A wall of stones piled up without cement.

  s. m. 1. A patcher, cobler. 2.

  A tent-maker or one who applies the leather parts in tents, pardas, &c.
- a. ४,७ pāra, (पार) s. m. Quicksilver, mercury.
- n. pārā, s. m. A quarter of a town, a ward. A calf, a male buffalo calf.
- سلنے pūrwū, s. (dakh.) See
- ع الله الله क्यंग्नियं, (प्रापत) s. m. A hogdeer.
- e. پارهی parhī, l. (from پارهی s. f. Crossing a river when travelling on it). 2. A young buffalo, a buffalo calf.
- بازى بو pārī, s. f. A female calf.
- pā-zahr, s. m. An antidote to poison, bezoar. See

- s. باس pās, (for पार्श Side) postpos. at the side, near, beside, about, in the possession, at, Closeby, at hand.
- pis, s. m. l. Guarding, taking care, respect, observance, custody; sake. 2. A watch or term of three hours. 3. A guard. پاس خاطر
  Attention to (one's) wishes.
- ब الله क्रांडब, (पाराक A dice) s. m. A die (plur. پاسی dice, the oblong dice with which chausar, and chaupar are played); a throw of dice.
- pūs-būn, s. m. f. A sentinel, a watch, a watchman, a guard, a shepherd.
- pās-bān-ī, s. f. Watch, guard, guarding, the duty of a guard, protection, keeping.
- P. پاستان pāstān, adj. Old, ancient, past.
- P. پاسداری pās-dār-ī, s. f. Watching, guardianship, partiality, favor.
- weight, something placed in one scale to balance the other, or something placed on one side of a load to form an equipoise to the other.
- s. july pāsī, 1. (पारा a noose) s. f. A net. 2. A rope with which the legs of a horse are bound. 3. (पारा) s. m. A fowler. A Tadī drawer.
- P. پاش pāsh, part. act. Sprinkling, scattering. پاش پاش part. Shivered in pieces, broken in pieces.
- province, counsellor of state, great lord also sometimes the grand vizier. The highest title in the civil or military hierarchy in Turkey. There are now many grades of pashas. 1st. The grand vizier, and those who rank with him. 2nd. Those who have filled that office. 3rd. Those connected by mar-

riage with the Imperial family. 4th. The general class of ministers, or secretaries of state; and those to whom the rank is given. 5th. Simple mushirs, not ministers of the state; these are, governors-general of large provinces, or generals commanding corps d'armée, &c. 6th. Viziers, also governors-general. 7th. Feriks, or lieutenants-general. 8th. Mirimiran, or governors of smaller provinces. 9th. Miri-liwā, or generals of brigade. 10th. Miri-liwā, or governors of small provinces only.

- P. Line pashina, s. m. The heel.
- P. پاشویک pā-shoya, s. m. Washing the feet with medicinal liquor for lessening feverish heat.
- P. پاشی pāsh-ē, s. f. in compos. Sprinkling.
- P. پاک pāk, adj. Pure, clean, holy, spotless, blameless, immaculate.
- pāk-bās, adj. Undefiled (generally applied to the mind), honest, candid, sincere.
- P. پاکبازی pāk-bās-ī, s. f. Purity (generally of mind), candour.
- pūk-dāman, adj. Chaste, pure, holy in life, modest (woman).
- pāk-dāmān-ī, عاكدامانى pāk-dāmān-ī, عاكدامانى pāk-dāman-ī, tity, holiness of life, innocence.
- P. A. باك صاف pāk-ṣāf, adj. Pure, clean, undefiled, unpolluted.
- H. پاکها pākhī, s. m. A shed, any small building leaning against the wall of a yard or area.
- ع. پاکها pūkhū, (पक्ष) s. m. (dakh.) Side, quarter. A side wall, A shed.
- mour for the defence of a horse or of an elephant; (in the Dakhan) an ornament of flowers, intended to represent armour, thrown over a horse's head and body.

- إِنَّ pākḥaṇḍ, (पापंडा) s. m. Wickedness, deceit, hypocrisy, heresy.
- adj.

  a. پاکهنڈ pākḥaṇḍ, पाषंड adj.

  b. پاکهنڈی pākḥaṇḍī, पाषंडी 

  Hypocritical, deceitful, heretical.
- P. پاکی pāk-ī, s. f. Purity, cleanliness, sanctity. پاکی لینا v. a. To shave or pluck hairs from parts concealed.
- pūkīza-gī, s. f. Cleanness, purity, neatness, chastity.
- P. پاکیزه pūkisa, adj. Clean, pure, neat, ohaste. پاکیزه خصلت Of chaste habits or disposition. پاکیزه گوهر adj. Of a pure nature.
- H. پاکل pāgal, s. m. A fool, idiot, madman. (Bāolā).
- H. J. pāl, s. m. f. 1. A sail. 2. A small tent. 3. Layers of straw, leaves, &c. between which unripe mangoes are ripened. 4. (dakh.) A shed.
- s. پال pāl, (पाल Line, range) s. (dakh.) A dam, dike, bank. See
- s. الله pāli, (पार्चि) s. f. The Māga-dha-prākrit language.
- ब्र. الله pālā, (प्राह्णिय) s. m. l. Frost, hoar-frost, snow; (dakh.) dew. 2.

  Trust, charge. بالا برتا v. n. To snow.

  v. n. To fall within the power of another.
- P. پلان pālān, s. m. Packsaddle, dorsefs.
- pī-laghs, s. Slip, stumble, sin, error, blunder.
- ह. پاکت pātak, s. m. l. (पालंक) A kind of greens (a species of spinsch).

- 2. (प्रयंक) A bedstead. 3. (पारुक) or pālik, Cherisher, protector, keeper: adopted; as, پالک پتر (पालकपुत) An adopted son.
- H. يالک جوهي pālak-jūhī, s. f. Name of a medicinal tree.
- ع. ایّالی pālak-rā, alj. (dakh.) Adopted (as a son).
- ह. إلكي pālkī, (s. पर्येक) s. f. A litter, a sedan. يالكي نشيري Entitled to be carried in a pālkā. (Formerly, this privilege was granted by a King or Viceroy).
- 2. ਘੋਂ pālnā, (पालन) 1. v. a. To preserve, protect, bring up, rear, cherish, nourish, foster, breed, educate, patronise, keep. 2. s.m. A cradle.
- P. عالم pālūdā, s. A thing made of starch or paste with sherbet: see فالوده
- P. Lipi pā-lahang, s. m. A tether, a halter.
- H. يالي pālī, s. f. 1. A battle between birds. 2. A place where birds fight, a cockpit. 3. A covering of a pot. 4. (In Bengal) a vessel for measuring 4. The knee pan. 5. A cowherd.
- pā-māl, adj. Trodden on, ruined, destroyed.
- P. Joly pā-māl-ī, s. f. Devastation, the beating down by treading, destruction.
- P. پامردی pā-mard-ī, s. f. 1. Strength. 2. Resolution, valour.
- в. الله pān, (पान) в. т. 1. Drinking in general. 2. or pāṇi (for पाणि) The عنانسي pānsai, hundred. hand. 3. pān (for पूर्ण) A leaf; betel H. טואל pāngrā, s. m. The coral tree. leaf (leaves of Piper betel). الله اله اله اله اله pānw, (पाद Pers. اله يان الهانا s. m. or پان لینا To accept, to assent: see

- under بيرًا إنهانا 4. pān, adj. in compos. (for Ly Five.)
- इ. إِنَا pānā, v. a. (प्रापण from प्र and r. MY Acquire) To get, acquire, find enjoy, suffer, overtake, reach, accept, Finding, getobtain, attain: subst. ting, &c. To take food.
- এ কুট্ pānch, (पंच) adj. Five. adj. of five years. پانچ سات s. plexity.
- عران عوال عن pānch-wān, (पंचम) Fifth.
- हें پکویں pānch-win, (पंचमी) s. f. Tho fifth day of the moon or of the half month.
- क्र ياندان pān-dān, (पणिधार) s. m. A box for holding betel and its apparatus-
- ه یاند, pāṇḍar, (पांडव from पांड Pale). s. m. Descendant of Raja Pandu, especially applied to Yudhishthira and his four brothers.
- ह. پانڈی pānḍe, طانڈی و pānḍe, وانڈی g. پانڙي pānre, ) title of Brāhmans;

a schoolmaster. A learned man.

- P. كانزك pānsdah or pānzadah, adj. Fifteen.
- P. پانزدهم pānsda-hum, adj. Fifteenth.
- g. limily pānsnā, v. a. To manure, to
- ع. پنسو pānsau, ) (पंचरात)
- Leg, foot.

e وَلَ pa'o, (पाद) s. m. A quarter, a fourth part. One pice.

PORT. بأو pi'o, s. Bread (made in the European way).

عاوتی عقر pā'otī, (see پاوتی) s f. Income:

see آمدنی آ pā'ūṭī or pā'otī, s. f.

A kind of lamp.

P. پاو زهر pā'o-zahr, s. (dakh.) Bezoar stone; see پال زهر

ياؤلا ي pā'olā, s. m. (dakh.) Gesture, movement: posture, attitude (in archery, fencing, &c. پاولی دالنا or تاولی ستنا To step by rule, to walk stately.

Of one's self to spoil one's own affairs. پانو رکهنا 1. To imitate or adopt the conduct of another, to walk in the steps of another. sit at ease, to sit cross legged. يت To entreat submissively. ا يكڙنا. To beseech submissively. 2. To prevent one from going. ا يوجنا 1. To honour another. 2. To avoid another. يال يهيلاكر سونا (lit. To sleep with the legs extended) is applied to signify perfect content and security. ياكون بهيلانا To insist, یاوں یھونک بھونک .to be obstinate رگهنا, To do any thing carefully. To go on foot (child). ياكى دهو دهويينا (lit. To drink the water with which one's feet are washed) denotes perfect confidence. To prepare for and com-ساوس دگنا .mence an undertaking پاوں زمین پر نه تهہرنا . To slip. is used to express excessive joy To watch پاول سی پاول باندهنا پاوں سی یاوں بھڑانا one close. To plant one's باکر گاڑنا . To plant one's ياوں نكالنا . feet, to stand immovable 1. To exceed one's proper limits. 2. To withdraw from an undertaking. 3. To be a ringleader in a criminal action. To come gently and دبي پاول آنا unperceived as a spy. ياي دهول Misfortune: see \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

a. پائی pā'ā, (पाद) s. f. A coin, the fourth part of an ānā; a pice (Natives)

2. A small copper coin equal to one-twelfth of an annā; a pie.

- على عة pā'e (पाद) s.m. The leg, foot, the stand of a table, chair, &c.; basis ا. adj. ياي ب**ند** foundation. by the leg! fettered, captivated; (met.) encumbered with a family. 2. s. m. .s. m. پای مخت Fetters. royal residence or place of general residence of the royal family. s. m. The first stage of a journey. (It is usual to make one short stage at the commencement of a journey, and then to wait a few days to collect every thing necessary). s. f. An ornament worn ياى . round the ankle by females. adj. Trampled on; ruined. To trample on, to پای مال کرنا destroy, to lay waste, to ravage. ياي s. f. The being trampled upondestruction, ravage, ruin (occasioned by an army or cattle, overrunning and پای مردی . (strampling fields, &c.)
- s. f. Courage, resolution: see پاہردی P. پاہردی pā-yāb, l. adj. Within man's depth, fordable. 2. s. m. A ford.
- pā-yāb-ī, s. f. Quality of being fordable.
- P. پایان  $p\bar{a}y\bar{a}n$ , s. m.  $p\bar{a}y\bar{a}n\bar{i}$ , s. m.  $p\bar{a}y\bar{a}n\bar{i}$ , s. f.  $p\bar{a}y\bar{a}n\bar{i}$ , s. f.  $p\bar{a}y\bar{a}n\bar{i}$ , s. f.  $p\bar{a}y\bar{a}n\bar{i}$
- pā'e-tāba, s. m. A sock or short stocking. See
- P. كولي pā'e-jāma, s. m. Long drawers or loose trousers, very wide in the legs.
- P. هَانِي عَانهُ pā'e-khāna, s. m. A necessary
- P. پای دار pā'e-dār, adj. Firm, steady, durable, lasting, permanent.
- P. پای داری pā'e-dār-ī, s. f. Stability, firmness. Permanence.

- P. پایگاه pū'e-gāh, s. m. 1. Rank, dignity. 2. A stable.
- s. july pā-yal, or pā'il, 1. adj. Surefooted, casypaced (an elephant). 2.
  s. f. An ornament for the foot or
  ankle. 3. pā-yal, s. A bamboo ladder.
  4. A child whose legs come out first at
  delivery said to cure twitches (chik)
  in the back. 5. A bamboo ladder.
- P. پاکسال pā'e-māl, adj. Trampled on; ruined, devastated.
- P. پائین pā'in, s. m. The lower part, the bottom. adj. Lower. adv. Beneath, under.
- a پاینتی pā'entī, (पादान्त) s. f. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.
- pāya, s. m. 1. A step. 2. Bank, dignity, degree. 3 The leg or foot of a table, chair, &c. 4. (dakh.) Basis, foundation, ground-work.
- ह. پیتان paprā, (पपेट) s. m. A crust.
- عبر papri, (पिटी) s. f. 1. A scab, a scale, scurf. 2. Scales formed by the drying up of moist earth. 3. Thin cakes of bread.
- ي پيڙي papri-lā, (from پپڙيل) adj. Scurfy.
- إلى يىلى pipplī or piplī, पिपकी (dakh.)

  Long pepper. Piper longum.
- H. پېنې papni, s. f. The eyelash.
- TAM. پپوئی papo'ī, s. (dakh.) Carica
  TAM. پپویا papoyū, s. (dakh.) papaya, the papaya or papaw fruit.
- н. پیپا papihā, ) s. m. A sparrowн. سیپا papīhī, ) hawk.
- H. Luc papaiyā, s. m. l. A sort of child's whistle. 2. Name of a tree and of its fruit (the Papaw tree, Carica papaya).
- name, honour, character. Temperance, strict conformity to enjoined diet, 2.

(पति from पा to protect.) s., m. lord, master, husband. 3. pati, (पत्र) s. m. A leaf.

- B. پت pitt or pit, (पित्त) s. m. 1. Bile, gall. 2, Anger; passion.
- 8. إلى pitā, (पिता) s. m. A father
- म् pittā, (पित्त) s. m. Bile, the gall-bladder; (ironically) anger, emotion of mind; modesty, shame (dakh.). تنا صرنا To subside, cool (anger).
- এ দু patā, (पत Leaf, &c.) s. m. A sign, mark, trace, symptom, hint, token, direction, address or place to which one is directed, label.
- g. יי pattā, (पत्र) s. m. 1. A leaf. 2. A trinket. 3. A card.
- এ प्राताल in patāl, (पाताल in Hindû mythology) s. m. The infernal regions or a place under the earth: (dakh.) adj. Deep.
- يتانبر pitāmbar, s. m. See يتانبر
- ब پتبرتا patibratā, (पतित्रता) adj. f. Chaste (woman). A faithful wife.
- ع ایّانِت pit-pāpṛū, (पपेट) s. m. Name of a medicinal plant.
- s. يتت patit, (पतित) adj. Fallen, abject; guilty, abandoned; fallow (land). يتت ياون Purifying the guilty. (An epithet of the deity).
- ع. H. چېز pat-jhar, s. f. fall of the leaf; autumn.
- g. H. پت جهڙي pat-jhaṛ-i, s. (dakh.) Fall of the leaf, autumn.
- B. بتر putr or putra or puttar, (प्रत) s. m. A son.
- عتر ع pattar (or patr पत्र) s. m. leaf. 2. A letter, epistle. 3. Deed, grant or conveyance of land, engraven on a plate of brass. 4. Plate or clamp of metal.

- s. پتر pitṛi, (पित्) s. m. Father.
- عدر المي patrā, (पत्र) s. m. An almanac, an ephemeris, a calendar.
- s. پترې putrī, (पुत्री) s. f. A daughter ¶ patrī (from प्র) s. f. A letter, note, epistle.
- u. ينكي patuki, s. f. A small pot, a pan
- क्र يتل pattal, (पत्नावली) s. f. A plate or trencher formed of leaves.
- H. Jip patlā, adj. m. 1. Fine, thin (cloth or liquids). 2. Lean, meager, delicate, weak.
- ع. الله putlā, s. m. An idol, image; (dakh.) A doll.
- ह. يتلي putli, (पुत्तली) в. f. pupil of the eye. 2. An image, a puppet, an idol, a doll. 3. The frog of a horse's hoof.
- ع. يتلى pitli, (from يتلى) adj. Brazen, of brass.
- s. نتی patan, (पतन r. पत Fall) s. m. The act of falling.
- 8. يتنگ patang, (पतंग) s. m. 1. A moth. 2. A paper kite. 3. The sun.
  - a paper kite.
- H. King patangā, s. m. A spark. King Up To go rapidly about a business.
- इ. النقي patangā, (पतंग) s. m. A moth.
- s. يتني patni, (पत्नी) s. f. A wife.
- इ. गुंद्र patauwā, (पत्र) s. m. A leaf.
- H. پتوار patwār, ك s. f. A rudder, helm.
- H. يتوال patwil)
- ्पतित्रता) بتورتا pativratā, (पतित्रता)

- इ. پتېر patthar, (प्रस्तर) s. m. △ stone. stone; hail. پتهر بازی s. f. Stonethrowing, playing with stones. پنهر انه مهر جانا 1. The melting of a stony heart. 2. A difficult task to be facilitated. پتهر پسيجنا softened or melted (a stony heart). To be patient پتهر چهاتی پر رکهنا by compulsion or from being without remedy. پتهر سا پهينک مارنا To reply rashly without understanding the meaning of one's question. To teach or in- سی سر پهوڙنا يا مارنا struct a fool. پتهر هونا 1. To be heavy. 2. To be stable, to stand still-3. To be unmerciful.
- ي بهرانا بهرانا بهرانا بهرانا بهرانا بهرانا بهرانا بهرانا بهرانی v. n. l.

  To be petrified. 2. To become hard

  (a bile), to indurate.

  آنکه پتهرانی See under
- ع بتهرانا بتهرانا pathrā'o, (from ایتهرانا) ع.
  Stoning.
- عبري يه patthri (or pathri, from प्रस्तिर)

  s. f. 1. Grit, gravel. 2. The flint of a musket. 3. Stone in the bladder, calculus. 4. A gizzard.
- ع يَبَي patthr-īlā, (پتهر) adj. m. Stony.
- patti, (from पत्न) s. f. 1. A leaf. 2. Hemp, of which an intoxicating potion is made. ¶ pati (for पति from पा to protect) s. m. Lord, master, husband.
- a. پتي pitiyā, (पितृत्य) s. m. A paternal uncle, a father's brother.
- a. التيارا علي patiyārā, (प्रस्प) s. m. Trust, confidence, belief.

- a. البين patiyānā, (प्रत्यन) v. a. To confide in, to trust, to believe, to depend on.
- H. Jüz patīlā, s. m. A pan, a pot.
- H. pat, 1. s. m. A shutter, the valve of a folding door. 2. adj. Upside down, overturned.
- s. <u> pa</u>t, (पट) s. m. A cloth, cloth.
- s. پس put, (पुट) s. m. A menstruum, solvent, flux.
- बू. يتا paṣā, s. m. l. (पिट्टिश) A foil, a wooden scimitar for cudgelling with. ا پتی باز (1.) A fencer, a oudgeller. (2.) (met.) A coquette, a wanton, a strumpet. نتّل كتّ v. a. To discharge from service. ¶ 2. (पE) A board on which Hindus sit whilst eating their meals or performing religious ceremonies. 3. (dakh.) A streak, stripe, broad line. 4. The half of the beard of the cheek, half the beard or one side of the face. 5. A leaf of the American aloe or of any similar plant. 6. The head stall of a bridle. 7. A code or book of regulations for the guidance of rent-collectors. 8. A long narrow slip or stripe of coarse cloth, matting, &c. 9. A straight, long and broad sword with two edges. 10. A foil or wooden sword used in fencing.
- a dog-collar: name of harness: a horse's girth: a deed in writing, particularly a title deed to land or a deed of lease: (dakh.) a stock (band for the neck): name of an ornament for the neck worn by women. المالة توانا To flee, run away.
- H. เมื่อ přițiā. adj. Fatherless.
- بنّاکا بانداند به paṭākhā, (properly, پنّاک from بنّاک A sound) s. m. A cracker, a squib; a crash.
- g. اللّب piṭārā, (पेटा) s. m. A large basket (generally, of cane or ratan), a portmanteau.

- عارى ع piṭārī, (पिटक) s. f. A small basket, a portmanteau.
- plank to sit on, a plank on which a washerman beats clothes, a board on which dough is kneaded, &c. 2. Unripe grain پتراکردینا v. n. To deprive one of his power or strength, to convict an adversary and leave him without reply.
- a. پترانی paṭ-rānī, s. f. A queen who is installed or consecrated with the king.
- paṭrī, (पट्ट or पत्त) s. f. 1. A plank to write on. 2. A narrow slip or plank of wood, iron, &c. 3. A firm seat on horseback. 4. A tile.
- ية paṭṛā, s. m. See إلى الله عنوا
- round the waist, a girdle, sash. زرى
  The golden girdle (an ensign conferred by the Peshwi on generals who are invested with authority immediately by him). لتكا باندها To determine on, or prepare for any act. 2. A layer of mortar in a brick wall.
- H. يتكن paṭaknā, (r. पट Move) 1. v. a.

  To dash against any thing, to throw on the ground with violence, to knock.

  2. v. n. To crackle, to crack.
- H. e. پتکنی paṭkanī denā, عبنا الله paṭkā denā, كرينا على الله بينا على دينا على دينا على الله paṭkī denā,

To dash on the ground, to throw against any thing with violence.

- ع. پتی paṭan, (पहन) s. (dakh.) City.
- be procured. 2. To be watered. 3. To fill. 4. To be covered, to be roofed, to be piled, &c. intrans. of ياتنا 5. s. m. Name of a city. 6. To agree together. 7. To be crowded. (٩٤٦)

- g. پتنا piṭn-, (पिठ्to hurt.) (intr. of ایپتنا v. n. To be beaten.
- ع. عَالِيَة, (from पट) s. m. A kind of woollen cloth, a cloth to cover with from rain, &c.
- عَلَّى paṭū'ā or paṭwā, (r. पट String, arrange) s. m. A man who strings pearls, a braider, a maker of fringe and tape.
- #. پتواری paļwār, s. m. One who keeps account of lands, a land steward. (पन a writing, पारिन doer).
- النا بي paṭwānā, (caus. of يتوانا) v. a.
  1. To provide money. 2. To water. See
- و. متن patta, s. m. See ت المتابعة على Title deeds to land or deeds of lease.
- H. paṭṭhā, s. m. 1. A young full-grown animal, a youth, a wrestler. 2. A sinew, a tendon. 3. A plant with long leaves.
- H. juithā, s. m. The buttock, the hip (of an animal), the breech.
- H. يتهان paṭhān, n. prop. See انغان
- H. يتهين pathiyā, s. f. A young full-grown animal. (Generally applied to kids, fowls, &c.).
- fillet, brace: tape: a head-band or narrow plate of silver or brass worn by sepoys and their native officers across the turban: a rafter or the whole row or series of rafters that cover one side of a house. 2. (TEAI)

  A quarter of a place. 3. The side pieces of the frame of a bedstead.

  List or List struct. To give a lesson; to teach; advise; counsel; instruct. To put one up to; to initiate one in roguery. To take in; deceive; cheat.

  4. A row, line. 5. A kind of sweetmeat. 6. Division of the hair which is

- عِهِ الْبَارِيْنِ pachhornā, (r. सिट Separate, divide) v. a. To winnow with a basket used for this purpose. See
- H. عبوری pachhori, s. f. A sheet : see پیموری
- H. pachchi, adj. 1. Adherent. sticking, joined. 2. (met. in music) In unison. چی کاری 8. f. 1. Mo-2. Patching or darning of saic. damaged cloth. چی هونا 1. To be stuck together as with glue. 2. To be in unison. 8. To be strongly attached by love.
- عيس pachis, (पंचिवंशति) adj. Twenty-five.
- عليسي pachis-i, s. f. played with kaupis instead of dice, and so named from the highest throw, which is twenty-five.
- P. pakh, interj. Happy! bravo excellent!
- P. pukhtari, s. f. 1. Cakes (or bread) which are laid over dishes when bringing to table, and under which the meat is kept warm. Cakes imbued with clarified butter from being laid over certain greasy dishes, such as dopiyāza, &c. (These cakes are very soft and savoury: ساما پختریال کهانا (whence cakes of this description prepared by his mother, is applied to a person accustomed to luxury and incapable of labour or fatigue.
- Dix pukhta-gī, s. f. Ripeness, the being cooked, maturity, firmness; experience.
- P wie pukhta, adj. 1. Dressed (as 2. Baked (as bricks), of victuals). brick or stone. 3. Ripe, mature, matured. 4. Shrewd, knowing, expert, wise, firm, strong, solid. کتنه کاری Firm workmanship, maturity. 8. f. To make strong, shrewd or

- يخته مزاجي knowing; to ripen. s. f. Firmness, constancy, stability.
- P. مشخي pakhsh, adj. 1. Pressed with the foot. 2. Extended, drawn out.
- H. L. piddā, s. m. Name of a bird.
- P. پدر padar or pidar, s. m. Father.
- P. پدرې pidar-ī, adj. Paternal.
- H. پدڙي pidrī, s. f. A tomtit.
- H. يدك padak, s. f. (dakh.) Name of an ornament for the neck.
- ह. پدم padam, (पद्म) s. m. lotus. 2. Ten billions (according to the shāstr); or, one thousand billions (according to the Dasturu-l-amal, or the Royal ordinances of Akbar).
- ह. پدماوت padmāwat, (पद्मावती) n. prop. Name of a celebrated princess, whose adventures are related in a romance entitled Padmāwatī,
- ع. يدمني padmani or (पद्मिनी) s. f. A description of woman, the most excellent of the four classes into which womankind is divided by the Hindus. (The names of the other three are chitrini, sankhini and hastini).
- or पहें) يادورًا padorā, (from, يدورًا adj. Having the quality of farting. (Met.) A coward.
- P. يديد padid, adj. Open, public, clear, evident, manifest, conspicuous, visible.
- P. پدير pagir, part. in compos. (from پذیرنتی) Taking, receiving, admitting; being possessed of or endowed اصلاح پذیر with, susceptible, liable. Capable of correction or amendment: remediable. چاره پذیر Remediable, admitting a remedy. خلل پذیر Troubled, disturbed, disordered. Possessed of ornament,

- adorned. صفا پذیر Endowed with integrity, sincere, pure. عبرت پذیر Taking warning.
- P. پذیرفتی pagirā, (from پذیرفتی) adj.
  Acceptable, agreeable, accepted (prayer). s. Acceptance.
- ع. پذیرائی pazīrā-ī, s. f. Acceptance.
- P. پذیری pagīr-ī, s. f. (in compos.)

  Taking, acceptance.
- عر par, 1. (पर) adj. Distant, remote, far; other, strange, foreign. پردیس Abroad. adv. and conj. Over, above, through, after, at, by, for, of; but, yet, however. 2. (उपरि) prep. On, upon, at, notwithstanding.
- e. پرافشانی s. f. Expansion or shaking of the wings. پرافشانی or to be without power or ability. To be without power or ability. ایرگرانا or پر جهازنا To prepare to fly. 2. To get new feathers after moulting. پر شکسته Distressed, afflicted. پر کا قلم A pen made of a quill. پر کا قلم To display, on acquiring power, those qualities which remained concealed in poverty or a low station.
- pur, adj. Full, complete, loaded, charged. (पूर्ण) پرخطر adj. Dangerous. پرملال adj. Sad, sorrowful, afflicting.
- s. پر pur, (पुर) s. m. A city, a town.
  Inhabitant of a city.
- a town, an assemblage of habitations.
- Back, backward, reverse, over.

- H. parā, s. m. A company, a body (of troops).
- ancient. 2. Knowing; experienced.
- H. پراتها parāṭhā, s. m. Rread made with butter or ghī, and of several layers, like pie-crust.
- s. म्हण्य parāchit, (प्रायिश्वित) s. m. A fine or penance imposed on religious occasions as the price of absolution; atonement, expiation.
- ब. تراجی prāschit, (प्रायश्चित्त) s. m.

  Atonement, expiration. See پراچی پراچی prākṛit bhāshā,

  (प्राकृत भाषा, प्र before, क to make

  lit. original.) s. f. A dialect of
  the same origin as the Sanskrit language, but vulgar.
- s. پراکرم parākram, (पराक्रम, परा and r. क्रम Step, pace) s. m. Power, muscular strength, prowess, vigour.
- ष्ट्र prāg, (प्रयाग) s. m. The ancient name of Ilāhābād.
- parāganda-gī, s. f. Dispersion, distraction.
- P. پراکنده parāganda, adj. Dispersed, scattered, distracted, dissipated, routed.
- ਭ. پرال parāl, (ਧਲਾਲ) s. f. Straw:
- s. پرالبده prālabdh, (प्रालब्ध) s. f. Fortune, fate, lot, chance, destiny.
- or sacred and poetical work, supposed to have been compiled or composed by the poet Vyāsa. There are eighteen acknowledged Purānas, comprising the whole body of Hindū theology: and, each Purāna treats of five topics es-

pecially, i. e., the creation; the destruction and renovation of worlds; the genealogy of gods and heroes; the reigns of the Manus, and the transactions of their descendants. Purāņas are, 1. Brāhma; 2. Padma, or the lotus; 3. Brahmanda, or the egg of Brāhma; 4. Agni, or fire; 5. Vishņu; 6. Garuaa, the bird or vehicle of Vishņu; 7. Brahmavaivarta, or transformations of Brahma; 8. Siva; 9. Linga; 10. Nārada, son of Brāhma; 11. Skanda, son of Siva; 12. Märkandeya, so called from a sage of that name; 13. Bhavishyat, future or prophetic; 14. Matsya, or the fish; 15. Varāha, or boar; 16. Kūrma, or tortoise; 17. Vāmana, or dwarf; and 18. Bhāgavat, or life of Krishna, which last is by some considered as a spurious and modern work The Puranas are reckoned to contain four hundred There are, also, thousand stanzas. eighteen *Upapurāņas*, or similar poems of inferior sanctity and different appellations; the whole constituting the popular or poetical creed of the Hindus; and some of them, or particular parts of them, being very generally read and studied.

- s. پران parān or prāņ, (प्राण, अण to breathe) s. m. l. Breath. 2. Soul, life. 3. Sweetheart, mistress.
- इ. إلى purānā, 1. (पुराण) adj. Old. 2. (from r. पूर Fill) v. a. To fill.
- H. پرانتها ۲ rarānṭhā, s. m. A kind of cake, paste. See پراتها
- s. प्राण्य prāṇa-pratishthā, (प्राण्-प्रतिष्ठा) s. f. Imparting life to the image of a divinity by certain mantras or spells.
- ع. پرایا parūyū, (२२) adj. Strange, foreign, belonging to another, other.
- s. m. Expiation, pent ince. [thond.
- H. پرب parab, s. m. A cgem, a flat dia-
- عرب parab or parb, ('पूर्वि) s. m.

  A festival, a holy day, an anniversary festival, feast: a chapter (stof a book).

ब्र. پرباس prabās, (प्रवास from प्र and

r. AH Dwell) s. m. Travelling, so-journing in a foreign country, abroad.

s. پرباسی 1. prabās-ī, प्रवासी s. m. A traveller. 2. पुरवासी pura-būsī, s. m. An inhabitant of a city.

s. پربت parbat, (पर्वत) s. m. A mountain. [mountaineer.

ब्र. پرېتى parbat-ī, (पर्वती) s. m. 🛦

ब. پربتی parbat-ī, s. f. (पर्वती ع. پربتیا parbat-iyā, s. m. Production of hills) A kind of pumpkin.

g. پربس par-bas, (प्रविश्य) adj. Depending on the will of another, under the authority of another, dependant, precarious.

s. پربهاشا pari-bhāshā, (परिभाषा) s. f. Technicality, a conventional term in any science.

s. إلى prabhū or prabhu or parbhū, (प्रभ, प्र and r. भू Be) s. m. God, Lord, master, principal.

इ. پربین prabīṇ (प्रवीण) adj. Skilful, intelligent, accomplished, clever.

इ. پرپوتا ه (प्रपौत) s. m. क. پرپوتا علی pra-pautr, Great grand-ه پرپوترا ه par-potrā, پرپوترا ه

عرب پوتری ها pra-pautri, پر پوتری par-potri, پر پوتری s. f.

Great grand-daughter.

parat, s. m. A fold, plait, ply, layer, crust, incrustation, a stratum.

partāb, s. m. Bowshot, the range of an arrow, musket, &c.

- s. היים pra-tāp, (אַתוּקוֹש) s. m. Glory, brightness, splendour, majesty, the high spirit arising from the possession of rank and power. ¶ parī-tāp, (परिताप) s. m. Pain, anguish.
- ह. پرتپال پرتپال pratipal, (प्रतिपाल, प्रति and r. पाल Protect) s. m. Patronising, protection, fostering, cherishing.
- H. پرتل partal, s, f. The baggage of a horseman carried all on one bullock or tatta. پرتل کا تتر A packhorse, a bat-horse.
- H. Ly partalā, s. m. Sword-belt
- P. پرتو partau, (प्रताप) s. m. Light, rays, splendour, sunbeams, moonbeams.
- ع. پرتوادی prati-vad-i, (प्रतिवादी) s. m.
  Defendant, respondent.
- s. پرتهویپال pṛithwī-pāl, (पृथ्वीपाल) s. m. A king.
- عربیوی prithwi- or prithiwi-pati, (पृथ्वीपति or पृथिवीपति) в. т. A king.
- s. پرتبریناته prithwi-nāth, } (पृथ्वीनाथ)
  s. m. Lord of the earth; a sovereign, a king.
- ב. גייבי partit or pratiti, (प्रतीति)
  s. f. Faith, confidence, trust. גיניביי
  1. To examine. 2. To believe.
  3. To trust. ¶ pratit (प्रतीत) adj.
  Famous, known.
- s. پرتيکار pratikār, (प्रतीकार) s. m. Revenge, remedying.

- s. پرجا parjā, (प्रजा) s. f. A subject, tenant, renter, people.
- s. پر جاپت prajā-pat or prajā-pati, (प्रजापित) s. m. King, prince: a name of Brahmā.
- ब्र پرچا parchā, (परीक्षा) s. m. Examination, trial, proof, experiment.
- इ. پرچانا پرچانا parchānā, (पारिचयन) v. a.
  To introduce to a person, to engage in conversation.
- bunch or tassel of a lance, spear or pair of colours.
- इ. پرچنا parachnā, (परिचयन) v. n.

  To be made acquainted, to be introduced.
- H. پرچونی parchūnī or parchaunī, s. f.
  The act of selling flour, meal, &c.
- H. پرچونیا parchāniyā, s. m. A mealmerchant.
- P. پرچه parcha, s. m. A bit, scrap; slip of paper. See
- н. پرچها parchhā, s. m. 1. Self-sown paddy (rice). 2. A spindle for winding thread on. 3. Decision.
- s. (男母) s. f. Inquiry, asking.
- हु. پرچها parichhchā,(परीक्षा) s. f. Examination, trial, proof. (اِمتحان)
- क्ष्णे پرچهانو क्ष्णे (प्रतिकाया) پرچهانو علی پرچهانو علی پرچهانو علی پرچهانو علی پرچهانو علی پرچهانو علی پرچهانو
- ورچهائیں ع. پرچهائیں s. f. Image, (from shade or reflection), shadow, shade. پرچهائیں اپنی سے بہاگنا
  To be frightened at one's own shadow.
- ह. پرچهتی parchhatī or parchhattī,
  (परिकती) s. f. A small thatch
  thrown over mud walls.

- برچهتی ع parchhafī, (dakh.) See
- a lamp or candle over the heads of a bride and bridegroom, to drive away evil spirits, propitiate good ones, &c. 2. To kindle (a fire).
- parkhāsh, s. m. War, conflict, disturbance, tumult, violence, injury, oppression, severo inquisition.
- pard, s. A fold, ply; map (of cloth): ¶ purd, A bridge.
- الرداختي pardūkht, from پرداختي)
  s. f. Performance, finishing, patronising, relinquishment.
- s. H. پردادا par-dādā, s. m. A great grandfather by the father's side.
- s. H. پردادی par-dādī, s. f. A great grandmother by the father's side.
- Performing, completing; performing on music. 2. s. Finish, perfection.
- P. پردازی pradāz-ī, s. f. (In compos.)
  Performance.
- parda-gī, (from پردگی) s. f. A modest chaste woman, one who is confined at home. [liberal, generous.
- P. پردل pur-dil, adj. Brave, bold:
- P. پردلی pur-dil-i, s. f. Bravery, courage, generosity.
- P. كان parda, s. m. 1. A curtain, screen yeil, hangings, tapestry, film, fine web, lid (of the eye), sail (of a ship), pellicle; secrecy, modesty. 2. A musical tone or mode, note of the gamut. پرله پوشی The act of concealing a blemish. ایرله چهوژنا 1. To let fall a curtain. 2. To lay saide concealment. پرله لاداری Confidential. لاده لاداری Tearing the veil; a betrayer of secrets. پرله لادری The botraying of secrets.

hints, or to relate a matter in such terms as to be understood by part only of the hearers. پرده کرنا To conceal.

پرده کسی or پرده کشی کا پهارنا
پرده کسی To reveal the faults of another. پرده نشین Remaining behind the curtain; modest.

- 8. پرئيس par-des, (परिदेश) 1. s. m. Remote or foreign country. 2- adj. In another country, in a foreign land.
- s. پردیسی par-desī, (परदेशी) s. m. Foreigner, stranger, a new man. adj. Foreign, exotio.
- P. z; purza, s. m. A scrap (generally applied to paper), piece, bit, rag, frippery; the nap of cloth or the down of birds. A sharp fellow.
- ह. پرس پر purus, (पुरुष) s. m. A man.
- डू. پرس paras, (स्पर्शे) s. m. Touch.
- P. پرس purs, part. (in compos.) Asking.
- یرسا پرسا پرسا پرسا پرسا پرسا پرسا پرسا
- e. پرسا pursū, (पोपप) adj. Of mar's height; s. The extent of a man's reach in height when extending the arms and fingers, a fathom, four cubits.
- s. June prasad, (प्रसाद) s. m. 1.

  Viand, viotuals, food that has been offered to the deities. 2. Kindness, favour, blessing, gift. 3. Leavings of a great man or a spiritual guide.
- P. پرسان pursān, part. (in comp)
  Asking, inquiring, inquisitive.
- Adorer, worshipper; devoted to, attentive to; as, آتش پرست A worshipper of fire; a guebre of the sect of Abraham, Zoroaster or the Magi.

  An idolater, worshipper of idols.

- per of God. خود پرست A worshipper or admirer of self-conceited.
- parastār, پرستیدِی s. m. 1. An adorer. 2. A slave.
- P. پرستان pari-stān, s. m. Fairy-land.
- P. پرستیدن parastish, (from پرستیدن) B. f. Worship, devotion.
- r. پرستشگاه parastish-gāh, s. f. Place of worship (mandir).
- پرستی parast-ī, (in compos. only)
  s. f. Worship, adoration.
- s. f. Inquiry (generally, after health, &c.), interrogation, questioning.
- s. پرسنگ prasang, (प्रसंग, प्र and संग Meeting, union) s. m. 1. Association. 2. Mention, discourse, subject of discourse. پرسنگ نه لگنا Not to associate with 3 Opportunity. (اوسر)
- إرسون parson, (dakh. parsūn for प्रिम्न) adv. 1. The day before yesterday. 2. The day after tomorrow. [of the sick.
- P. پرسه pursa, s. m. Condolence, visiting
- P. پرسیا و شای parsiyāwushān, s. m. Name of the herb maiden hair.
- generally or individually; a male, mankind. ¶ parush, (पूज्य) adj. Harsh, severe: s. m. Abuse, contumely.
- عرشان به parshūd, (प्रसाद) s. m. Offerings made at a shrine. See
- P. A. پرشعور pur-shu'ūr, adj. Wise.
- parkār, s. f. 1. A pair of compasses. 2. Kind; sort; manner, method. See
- н. پرکاس parkās, (प्रकाश प्र and г.

- কারা Shine) s. m. l. Light, daylight, splendour, display. 2. To indicate.
- پرکاس pra-kāsh, 800 پرکاش
- parkūlu, s. m. l. A spark. 2. A pane of glass.
- parkam, adj. Become useless, out of employ, idle.
- عرکه parakh, (परीक्षा from परि and
  - r. \$3 See) s. f. Inspection, examination, trial, proof, experiment.
- يركهانا . parkhānā, (causal of پركهانا)
  v. a. To cause, to inspect, examine, try or prove.
- a پرکهنا پر parakh-nā (परिक्षण) v. a. To inspect, to examine, to prove, to try, to assay, test. [spiteful.
- P. پرکینه pur-kīna, adj. Malicious,
- P. پرگار pargār, s. f. A pair of compasses.
- P. پرگنه pargana, s. m. (Tax-paying land); an inferior division of a country (less than a فلع ) nearly equalling a barony. (Plur. پرگنه جات)
  - s. m. The superior officer of a pargana, lord of the barony.
- P. پرگو pur-go, adj. Talkative, garrulous.
- H. \*parlā, adj. Of the other side; next in order; yonder.
- s. پرلوک para-lok, (परलोक) s. m. Heaven, the other world.
- s. مرم param, (प्राम) adj. Best, most excellent, chief, principal, first, supreme.
- ع. پرها parmā, s. (dakh.) Poz, gleet, clap: see
- s. پرمانما param-ātmā, (प्रमात्मा) s. m.

  The Supreme Being, considered as the soul of the universe.

celebrated. place of pilgrimage, the confluence of the Ganges and Jamuna with the supposed subterraneous addition of the Saraswati; the modern Ilāhābād.

- म. پریت prīt, (प्रीति from r. प्री Love, enjoy) s. f. Love, friendship, affection. See ييار
- B. پریت pret, प्रित from प्र and इ to go forth.) s. m. A departed soul, a spirit of the dead, ghost, evil spirit,
- B. क्रिन् प्र parichhä, (परीक्षा) s. f. amination, trial, proof. See
- P. پری خوان pari-khwan, s. m. magician, one who holds the fairies and genii in subjection.
- parī-khupān-ī, s. f. پري خواني orcising, calling aid from fairies.
- P. پريدن parīdan, (in compos.) s. [Flown. Flying.
- P. پريدن) part. pass.
- P. پريزال pari-sād, adj. Fairy-born; a fairy, a beauty.
- بریشان pareshān, adj. Dispersed, perplexed, confused, distressed, deranged, پریشان حال Distressed in condition. پریشان خاطری s. f. Trouble of mind. پریشان دل adj. پریشان دلی Troubled in mind. پریشان کرنا .s. f. Trouble of mind To perplex, confuse, confound, trouble, distract, perturb, disorder, derange. To talk foolishly from پریشان کهنا پریشان گوئی absence of mind. s. f. Confused or absurd talk. پریشان s. f. Confusion of sight.

- P. پریشانی pareshān-i, B. f dene sion; confusion, misery, per
- ع. يريكها parekhā, (परीक्षा) mne patroi amination, discrimination, ki cheris
- в. پريم prem, (प्रम) s. m. tion, friendship, kindness.
- B. پر ہی prem-ī, (प्रिमी) sire soft, d tionate; lover.
- وردگار .f اها ه puṛā, (पुट) s. m. A la برا ع (of physic, &c.). See LE wool cattle

cor applied

world.

- ع الله parāpar, adv. With reiterated strokes, as a shower of hail, &c.
- يرًا يانا ع paṣā-pānā, v. a. To find or get easily.
- ه ناتي parānā, (caus. of نيرنا) v. a. To lay down; to put to sleep. 2. To cull, to pluck, to gather.
- ه براو ع paṛā'o, (from پراو ع Halting place. 2. Camp, encampment. 3. An army. 4. A crowd, an assembly.
- ير جانا عي parjānā, v. n. To lie down; to repose, to cease (as the wind).
- इ. پڙن paṛnā, (r. पत् Move, fall) v. n. 1. To fall. 2. To lie down, repose. 3. To befall, happen, occur. 4. To encamp. 5. To drop. 6. To be confined to bed by sickness. 7. To halt. 8. To depend on. 9. To be vacant. 10. To fall to one's lot. 11. To cost. To remain help- پڑے رھنا less, poor or destitute.
- برنانا paṛ-nānā, s. m. (dakh.) See پرنانا
- H. پر بانواسه par-nawāsa, s. m. (dakh.) A great grandson.
- H. پڙو parwā, s. (dakh.) A boat, large ferry-boat.
- عاروانا عي pirwanā, (caus. of پيڙنا) v. a. To cause to press, squeeze or pound.

्र व्याप्त (प्रतिवास or प्रतिवेश) پڙوس 🚉 🗗 s. m. Neighbourhood.

- गृ ع پڙوسن ۽ parosin, (पारिधेनी or प्रति-वेशिनी or प्रतिवासिनी) B. f. female neighbour.
  - عِرُوسي क्वन्ठाः, (पाश्वी or प्रतिवेशी) پروسی or प्रिपित्रासी) s. m. A male neighbour.
    - ع. parhā, (from نرهنا) part. pass. Read, learned, of much reading. adj. A learned, يرها لكها experienced man.
    - क्रानेंगतेंगतें, (caus. of پڙهانا عي parhānā, (पट् to read.) v. a. To cause or teach to read, to instruct, to teach, to teach to speak or sing (as, birds).
  - ু চুলুhan, (पठन) s.f. The act of reading.
  - a Lia प्र parhnā, (पठन) v. s. To read, recite, repeat, ایرهنے والا Reader.
  - parhant, s. f. A reading, a spell, a charm.
  - يڙهوانا عي parhwānā, (caus. of ليڙهوانا ع v. a. To cause to read or repeat, to teach to read.
  - TEL. TAM. پتری paṛī, s. f. (dakh.) A measure of capacity, containing a ser and a half.
  - ع ياي puriyā, (पुटी) s. f. A parcel (of physic, &o.).
  - H. เมื่อ pariyā, B. f. A female buffalo calf.
  - P. ; paz, part. (in compos.) Cooking, baking.
  - P. اپزانیدن pazāwa, (from پزاوه s. f. P. Iji pazāwā, A brick-kiln.
  - म् پرمردگی pazhmurda-gā, (from | 8. پرمردگی pasu-pal, (पशुपाल, पशु

- پژمران) s. f. Witheredness, frozen state; dejection (of spirits).
- P. 80, pashmurda, part. pass. Withered, pallid, faded, drooping.
- P. پس pas. adv. After, behind, at length, then, therefore, finally. Savings یس انداز After. پس از something laid up for old age or want of employment (Labourers, &c. call it (مايهٔ توکل).
- s. ट्रांच्य pisāch, (पिशाच) s. m. evil spirit of a particular class, a demon, a spectre. Adj. Seized, possessed by a pisāch.
- عني pisāch·nī, s. f. A female يساچ
- s. رساچي pisāch-ī, (पिशाची) s. f. ▲ female imp : see يساچنې
- ड. निष्ण pasārā, (प्रसार from प्र and r. T Spread) s. m. Expansion, the act of spreading out. يسارا كرنا To procrastinate and find obstacles to an easy matter.
- ष्ट. ان pasarnā, (प्रसारण) v. a. spread, stretch out, extend, expand, open, display.
- इ. يسانا pisanā, (पेषण r. पिष Grind, reduce to powder) v. a. To reduce to meal, to grind.
- ब्र. ८८८ क्यां प्रकावण) v. a. To skim, to pour off superfluous water. ¶ (for کیانا v. a. (dakh.) To parboil or half boil rice, in preparation for seasoning and further cooking.
- ع. پسانا pisā'ē,(from پسائی) s. f. Price paid for grinding.

An animal, and r. पार Preserve)
s. m. Cow-herd.

- pas-pā karnā, v. s. To repulse.
- pas-pā honā, v. n. l. To decline. 2. To fall in the rear, to retreat, to flee.
- P. يسيپ pasapā'e, s. f. Sitting crosslegged as the Asiatics sit-
- इ. پس پوت pus-pūt, (पोष्यपुत) s. m. Adopted son.
- P. يستان pistān, s. m. Breasts, pap or
- s. إلى pustak, (पुरतक) s. f. A book, volume, manuscript.
- P. تستى pista, s. m. 1. A pistachio nut.

  طلب adj. (As the) pistachio

  nut (sweet) in the lip. 2. A lap dog.
- P. پستی past-ī, s. f. Inferiority, lowness. [green.
- P. يستكى رنگ pista-ī rang, s. m. Pea-
- P. الله بين خورك pas-khurda, s. m. Leavings, offal.
- H. pasar, s. f. Grazing cattle at night usually on forbidden pasture.
- بسر pisar, s. m. A boy, a son, a پسر A grandchild. پسر An adopted son. پسر کیاندگی خواندگی

- عسرنا على pasarnā, (प्र and r. E Spread)
  v. n. l. To be spread, stretched out,
  expanded. 2. To lie prostrate.
- P. پس رو pas-rau, s. m. 1. A follower.

  2. Dependants. 3. Train, equipage.

  PORT. يسطول pistol, s. A pistol.
- P. A. پس غیبت pas-ghaibat, adv. In

one's absence, behind one's back.

- ब پسلی paslī, (पार्श्व) s. f. A rib, the præcordia.
- P. Julius pas-mānda, part. Remaining behind; a remaining person, a surviver.
- g. بسنا pisnā, (पेशण r. पिष to grind.)
  v. n. 1. To be reduced to meal, to be ground, bruised or broken to powder.
  2. To be ruined or distressed, (met.) to be desperately in love.
- P. النسي pasand, l. s. f. Choice, approbation. 2. adj. or part. (from probation. 2. adj. or part. (from النسانيان) in compos. Approved, grateful, approving, choosing; as النسانيان Grateful to the heart, agreeable. النسانيان حتى النسانيان حتى النسانيان الله المواجعة المواج
- P. پسندیدی pasandida, (پسندیدی) adj. Chosen, approved of.
- s. س پاکت pasū or pasu, (परा) s. m. A beast, an animal. پسو پاکث s. m. A cow-herd.
- H. pissū or pisū, s. m. A flea.

  ¶ passo, s. m. (dakh.) As much of any thing as the hollow of both hands joined together can contain.
- Pas-o-pesh, s.m. يس و پيش ا

پس و پیش کرنا hesitation. پس و پیش کرنا prevaricate, boggle, demur,

pisājnā, v. a. To stitch.

pasiinā, (प्रस्वेदन) v. n. 1. ire, to sweat, to melt. 2. To onate. 3. Simmer.

pasīn, adj. Last, posterior.

भारतिद) s.m. Perssweat.

pishāch, s. m. See Jug

pusht, s. f. 1. Back. 2. Proancestry, a generation of pro-3. A prop, a second, au

i. (멸망 The back). 그 교육

يغ Generation by generation.

پ s. f. The instep. پشت (اند To back

lit. To back) پرکسی کې

support steadily. پشت پناه

, a supporter. پشت خار aw or scraper of ivory, wood,

a long handle to scratch the يشت adj. Hump-backed.

رشر (lit. To turn one's To flee, run away, turn tail. pusht-āra, s. m. A load borne ack; heap; mass.

pushtak, s. A vice in horses, 3 and kicking up behind.

ashto or pushtu, s. The lanf the Afghans.

nushta, s. m. A buttress, prop, lacis, dike, quay, hill, mound, e, heap. پشته بندی s. f. ment.

pusht-i, (पुष्टि) s. m. 1. Supprop. 2. Alliance, aid. 3.

The cover of a book. پشتی بان An ally, supporter, aider. پشتی کرنا to assist, to support, to second, to back,

- pishk or pushk, s. f. The orbicular dung of goats, sheep, camels, rats, &c. ¶ Cat, pussy.
- P. پشکل pishkil, s. m. The orbicular dung of sheep, deer, &c.
- P. پشم pashm, s. f. 1. Wool, hair, fur, down; a thing of no moment. 2. Pubes tum maris tum feminæ. پشم To suffer nothing from the enmity of another, not a hair of the head to be touched. (Spoken in great contempt of an adversary).
- P. پشمک pashmak, s. Name of a sweetmeat.
- P. پشمی pashm-ī, adj. Woollen, p. پشمین pashm-īn, hairy.
- P. نشمینه pashm-īna, adj. Woollen, (woolen goods).
- father and of the son of Afrāsiyāb, also of a warrior of Irān: a long piercing instrument with which builders make holes in walls, a woollen cloth or a plank prepared with a piece of wood at each end on which bricks, clay, &c. are drawn: tyranny, oppression, labour: exuding (of water, &c.).
- بيشواز pishwāz, s. f. Bee پيشواز
- P. Ang pashsha, s. m. A gnat-
- P. پشیمان pashemān, adj. Penitent, sorry, repentant, ashamed, disgraced. To repent.
- pashemān-ī, s. f. Repentance, penitence, regret, shame.
- g. 以 pakkā, (甲面) adj. 1. Ripe, mature. 2. Boiled, dressed (opposite to raw), cooked, baked (as bricks); made

of brick. 3. Cunning, knowing, instructed, firm, strong, proved, expert, adept. W To establish a claim, agreement, or proposition, so that no doubt or subject of dispute can remain.

- H. ১৯ pukār, (মূর্না) s. f. Bawl, calling out aloud, cry for help; noise.
- H. J. pukārā, s. m. (dakh.) Call, shout, halloo, cry, noisiness, pretension, renown, report, fame.
- n. پکار دینا pukār denā, v. a. To proclaim publicly, call.
- H. يكارنا pukārnā, v. a. 1. To call aloud, to cry out, exclaim, shout. 2. To invoke; call on God.
- ع. اللي pakānā, (trans. of الكن) (पच् to cook) v. a. To ripen, to dress victuals, to cook, to bake. يكاني والا Ripening; suppurative.
- عال پکالی pakā'o, (from پکالی) s. m. Suppuration. adj. Suppurative. [Ripeness]
- ع. پکائی pakā'ī, (from پکائی) s. f.
- H. געניין) s. f. The act of seizing, capture, holding, objection, difficulty, handle, wrestling.
- m. ایکتان pakṛānā, (caus. of پکتانا) v. a.
  1. To cause to be caught. 2. To deliver over, to give in charge.
- H. P. پکڙ بندی pakar-bandi, s. f. Objection: هو
- H. ウラウ pakarnā, (知長 to gain) v. a.

  To catch, lay hold of, seize, apprehend, take, gripe, handle, arrest; to object.
- H. پکڙيا pakarwānā, (caus. of پکڙوانا)
  v. a. To cause to seize.
- s. پکشی pakshī, (पञ्जी) s. m. A bird: an ally, assistant, partisan.
- u. L. paklā, s. m. A sore between the toes produced by moisture.

- s. نین paknā, (প্ৰল from প্ৰ to cook),
  v. n. To be dressed or cooked, matured; burnt; to ripen; suppurate
  (inflammation, bile, &c.); turn grey
  (hairs). نیکی لی Ready cooked.
- H. پکنا piknā, v.n. (dakh.) To be sown or cultivated.
- s. بكوان pakwān, (प্রাস) s. m Sweetmeats, victuals fried in butter or oil.
- يكوانا بي pakwānā, (caus. of يكوانا) v. a.
  To cause to be dressed or cooked, to cause to ripen.
- عرب المحقق pakorā, s. m.

  pakorā or pakaurā, s. f. (प्रका-
- प्रकार कार्य कि Leather) s. f. A large leather bag for holding water generally carried on bullocks.
- عبالی pakhāl-ī, s. A drawer of water or one that brings it in leather bags upon a bullock's back.
- H. پهاو ج pakhawaj, s. f. kind of drum, a timbrel.
- m. پهاوجی pakhāwaj-ī, s. m. One who beats the pakhāwaj, a drummer.
- H. ट्रेंड्र pukhrāj, (पुष्पाज) s. m. A topaz. The eighth nachhattar or mansion of the moon.
- gold or silver leaf covering a birā or mouthful of betel.
- g. پنهو pakhwā, (पक्ष or पक्षका) s. m. (dakh.) Side, flank, gable end (of a house). [see
- ع. يكهوتا pakhoṭā, s. m. (dakh.) A wing.

pakherū, (IA A wing) s. m. l. (Met.) a man.

pag, (पद) s. m. The foot. .s. f. يگ*ڪ د*نڌي or يگڪ ڏ -path, by-way, footpath, track To track, to trace یک ڈنڈی ugā, s. m. A rope fastened the neck or foot of a bullock, a ling twilight. pagāh, s. f. Dawn of day, mornpagri, (9% from 9% to cover) To be پگڙي اٽکنا A turband پگڙي ate, or persevere. 2. Honor. paglā, adj. Foolish. (Phrase ar to Bengal and the eastern of Hindustan). See ياگل , pighlānā, (प्रगालन or trans.

اریپ) v. a. 1. To melt, to fuse, elt or cast (metal), to dissolve, soften (an angry or a hard perssuage, mollify.

pighalnā, (प्रगलन from प्र

be melted, to be in fusion, to metal). 2. To yield.

pal, (40) s. m. A moment, th part of a ghari or dand (2) eing equal to one minute).

اریا (पल پلک پیک پیلی (पल प्रें) प्रें (पल प्रें) प्रें To make a motion eyelid. پیل مارتے adv. In the ling of an eye, immediately, tly.

ر pul, (पुरु) s. m. A bridge,
nbankment. پل باندهنا v. a.
To make a bridge) l. To limit.
abound. پل صراط A bridge,
phich, in the belief of Muham-

madans, the righteous will pass to heaven, and from which the wicked fall into hell, on the day of judgment.

- على pillā, (पिह्ड Blear-eyed) s. m. A puppy, whelp, cup. لم حرامي پلا bastard.
- H. L. pallā, s. m. 1. Space, distance.

  2. Assistance. 3. A border of cloths.

  4. A sheet (generally applied to chintz or shawl). 5. A bag. 6. Labium vulvæ. 7. One shutter or a fold of a door, &c. 8. Border, margin.
- P. پلے ہو pallā, s. m. 1. One scale (or side of a pair of scales): see پلے پر پلا پلا To assist, to favour, to side with. 2. A weight of 3 maunds.
- H. L. ralā, s. m. A spoon, ladle for taking out oil, &c. [vass.
- P. پلس palās, s. m. Very coarse can
- s. پلاس palās, (प्राचा) s. m. Name of a tree on which the lac insects feed.
- इ. پلاس پاپڙه palās pāpra, (पहांशा— पपेट) s. m. The seeds of the Butea frondosa used in medicine.
- TEL. پلال palal, s. (dakh.) Name of a weight (30 fulus of Madras.).
- H. Uk palānā, v. n. (dakh.) To lament, bemoan, bewail, weep for, howl.
- s. pulā'o, or pula'o, (पতাল) s. m.
  A kind of dish made of flesh, rice and spices, &c., boiled in soup.
- P. پل بندی کرنا pul-bandi, s. f. l. Imbankment. 2. Sodomy. پل بندی کرنا To ravish, to violate.
- H. July pilpilā or pulpulā, adj. 1. Soft, flabby, flaccid. 2. Weak, feeble.
- H. نلپلان pilpilānā. v. a. To soften: (dakh.) v. n. To become soft.
- abound. پلپلافت A bridge, H. پلپلاهت pilpilā-haṭ (from پلپلاف)
  hich, in the belief of Muham- s. f. Softness.

- H. بلتا palṭā, s. m. Turn, stead, exchange, recompense, retaliation.
- H. پلتّان palṭānā, (trans. of پلتّان) v. a.
  To turn, cause to turn, return, repel.
- turn over head and heels. 2. To overturn, to be tilted. 3. To rebound.
- الله palṭā'o (from الله) s. m. Contradiction, reaction, rebound.
- #. ع. لنا لينا palṭā lenā,

  #. ع. پلتا لينا palaṭ lenā,

  palaṭ lenā,
- take back, to take in return, to take revenge.
- ع. پلتن palṭan, s. f. A battalion.
- ש. יו pala!nā, (परिवृत to turn over)
  v. n. To return, to turn back, to retreat; to overturn, to rebound; to change. See
- H. s. اللها مارن palthā mārnā, v. n. To sit down on the ground resting on the buttocks. [stick, to cling.
- H. پنجنا pilachnā, v.n. To adhere, to
- P. H. پاتل palrā, s. m. A scale, i. e., one side of a pair of scales. See P.
- g. پلسات pilsāṭ, (from پلسات) s. f. Yellowness.
- P. palasht, (Hind. pilisht) adj.
  Polluted, impure, unclean; (met.) s. f.
  An adulteress, a strumpet.
- eyelash; a moment. پلک مارنا v. a. To wink. پلک کے مارتے In the twinkling of an eye.
- g. الله pilnā, (पेरान r. पिरा Cast, throw) l. v.a. To attack, to assault. 2. v. n. To be bruised, thrashed, trodden, pressed, ground.
- g. الله palnā, (परान r. परा Preserve) v. n. To be reared, nourished or fattened, to thrive.
- H. پلندا pulānds, (पुरु to collect.) s. m. A bundle; parcel.

- ع. پلنگی palang, (प्रस्यंक) s. m. A bed (without curtains), a bedstend, a couch, cot (to sleep on). پلنگ پوش s. m. A coverlet, a counterpane.
- P. پننگی palang, s. m. A panther, a leopard. [A small bedstead.
- ब. پلنگری palang-بi, (पल्यंकी) в. f.
- H. پلودار pallū, s. m. The hem or border of a garment. پلودار A garment with a silver or gold border.
- H. پلوار palwār, s. m. A kind of boat.
- H. پلوارې palwār-ī, s. m. Boatmen (belonging to a palwār).
- ع. پاوتها palauthā, adj. First-born.
- P. من palla, s. m. 1. A scale for weighing in : see لن
- البندا على palihidā, s. m. A shelf

  H. يلهند palihidā, s. f.

  upon which waterpots are placed, a place where water is kept.
- H. پلی palī, s. f. A ladle used to take out oil with. See پل १ pallī, (पिञ्ज a city). A small village: a lizard.
- क एन्या palīt, (प्रेत) s. m. A ghost.
- P. اتيلي palītā, (corrupt. of هليتن or عليتي) s. m. l. A match (of a gun)

  2. A candle. S. A wick (especially, one used in expelling devils from persons possessed). الله حات حانا حالت المعادة المعا
- H. پلیتبی palethan, s. m. Dry flour laid under and over bread when it is rolled. اللتهن بكانا To contrive the ruin of any one. پلیتهی نكالنا To beat severely. To beat to a jelly.
- P. پلین palid, adj. Unclean, polluted contaminated, impure, nasty.

- e. إلى pun, (पुण्य) s. m. Virtue, moral or religious merit, good deeds.
- H. ्र pan, प्नः) adv. (dakh.) But except, unless: perhaps.
- s. به pan, s. m. (पण) 1. Vow, promise. resolution. 2. An aggregate number consisting of twenty gandas or, eighty kauris: (and sixteen pans make a kāhan). 3. (पण) contract. of بال عد الله عن الله عن
- H. پي pan. A termination, affixed to nouns to denote the abstract quality, and answering to the English terminations ship, hood, ness, &c. as لات يا The business of a بنيا بي
- H. Li panā, A termination, see H.
- g. ij pannā, (पत्रग) 1. s. m. An emerald. 2. (पर्ण) A leaf.
- یناری panālī, s. f. See پناری To be very fat (a horse).
- milk to come into the udder of animals.
- P. کانی panāh, s. f. Shade, shelter; protection; asylum, refuge ایناه کیناه کسی To protect, to harbour. پناه کسی ۱. To seek protection. 2. To avoid.
- P. پناهی panāh-ī, (पान refuge) s. f. in compos. Protection, or the being the protector of—.
- P. پنبه به pumba, s. m. Cotton. پنبه عنبه adj. Deaf. بگوش adj.
  1. Silent in company, tacitarn. 2. Mealy-mouthed.

- ع. پي بهتا pan-bhattā, s. m. A kind of drink made from rice.
- increasing in bulk (a man, tree, &c.).

  2. To prosper, to flourish, to thrive, to shoot, to grow, to be refreshed or restored.

  3. To get stronger.
- s. ब्रांग्रं panth, s. ब्रांग्रं panthā, (पथ: or पंथा: or
  - 2. A sect, a religious order.
- s. پنتې panth-i, (पधिक) s. m. 1. A traveller. 2. A sectary, a follower.
- - 1. Muhammad. 2. Alī. 3. Fātima.
  - 4. Hasan. 5. Husain. پنج عیب شرعی The space of five days. پنج عیب شرعی adj. Very vicious (possessed of five vices, i. e. 1. Robbery. 2. Adultery. 3. Gaming. 4. Drunkenness. 5. Falsehood). پنج منزله adj. Of five stories (a house, &c.).
- P. پنج أب (بنج بنه panj-āb, (بنج اب) s. m. Name of a country. (पंचनद)
- P. پنجابی panj-ūb-ī, adj. Of the Panjāb. [Cinque-foil.
- P. پنج انگشت panj-angusht, s. m.
- P. ونحاة panjāh, adj. Fifty.
- عنجرا هونا .pinjrā, (पिंजर he skeleton پنجرا هونا .a ribbone.) s. m. A osge

To be or grow lean. (met.) The human body. [day.

- P. پنجشنیه panj-shamba, s. m. Thurs-
- P. A. panj-aib, adj. 1. Very vicious (a horse). 2. The five vices in a horse.
- P. zilizi panj-gana, adj. 1. Five-fold, five. 2. Daily five times of Prayers among Mohammedans.
- P. panjum, adj. Fisth.
- P. क्रां panja, (पंच five) s. m. hand with the five fingers extended, claw, clutch, paw, grasp. 2. A sort of link or torch resembling the five fingers, or having five branches, hence also called پنے شاخه 3. A hand made of ivory, &c., to scratch the back with. 4. The five or cinque point at cards, dice, &c. 5. The whole foot and toes from the ankle down. پییرنا To overcome, to overpower. U, S assu A kind of wrestling, wherein the antagonists lock their fingers together. ا ينجه كش ا l. s. m. An iron instrument resembling a hand, with which wrestlers exercise themselves by locking their fingers into those of the instrument. 2. (A kind of bread) bearing the marks of five fingers.
- H. المنت pinjiyārā, (from المنتفيل)
  B. m. One whose business it is to beat or separate cotton.
- ब. پنجیری panjīrī, (पंचजीरी) s. f. A strengthening medicine composed of sugar, ghī, flower, &c. given to puerperal women; caudle. ¶ پنجیری Indian borage.
- panje-icār, (نجيوار and explained by قحطى Famished, very wretched.
- a. j. pinch, (中日) l. adj. Five. 2. s. m. A council, an assembly of five

men, a meeting, a company. 3. A jury of arbitrators, پنے پاتر panch pātr, (पंचपात) s. m. A kind of vessel used by Hindus during worship.

- s. نجاكم panch-āgam, (पंचागम) s. f. (dakh.) Name of a book (said to be on astrology: Perhaps, on spells: see
- s. نجاكي panchāgni, (पंचामि) s. Five fires (amidst which a devotee performs penance during the summer season; or four fires lighted severally to the north, south, east, and west, and the sun over head).
- H. پنجال panchāl, adj. (dakh.) Artful, cunning, deceitfal: see
- s. m. Milk, curds, sugar, ghī and honey, or a mixture of them.
- s. ينجايت panchāyat, (पचता) s. f.

  A meeting of any particular society (generally, as a court of inquiry); a jury, an inquest, council.
- 8. پنچبوت pancha-bhūta, (पंचभूत) 8. m. See پنچنتو
  - s. پنچنن pancha-tatioa, (पंचतल) (पंच Five, and तिल The essential) s. The five elements or principles according to the Hindus, namely, earth, water, fire, air, and space or ether, (ākāsh).
- s. پنچرس pancha-ras, (dakh.) Composed of five metals, or fluids.
- s. نچکی panchakkī, (पानीय Water and चक्र A wheel, a mill) s. f. A watermill.
- things derived from the cow: i. e., milk, curds, clarified butter, cow's urine and cow-dung.

- a. H. jules panch-lar-a, adj. Of five rows or strings (a necklace, &c.).
- s. H. يَعْمَلُونَ panck-laps, a. f. A neck-lace of five rows or strings.
- a. pancham, (中司中) 1. adj. Fifth. 2 s. m. Name of a rag and of a sur or musical note. 3. The soprano.
- s. يَحْجَمُنِ panchami, (पंचमी) s. f. The fifth day of the lunar fortnight.
- vessel with a narrow neck and a hole in the bottom. When filled with water and the mouth stopped, no water flows from the hole below till the hand or whatever stopped the mouth be removed. (It is used as an experiment to illustrate the doctrine of the horror vacui by the followers of Aristotle).
- 9. Name panchhila, (44 A tail) 1.

  u. m. The tail of a paper kite. 2. A follower. 8. A parasite.
- e wing.) s. m. 1. A bird. 2. (met.) A man.
- تند کې pand, s.m. Advice, admonition, counsel. يند کې Adviser, monitor.
- بندا پندار pindd, s (dakh.) Young or unripe fruit.
- endar, s. m. 1. Thought, imagination, opinion, notion. 2. Self-conceit, pride, arrogance.
- عندروارة pandarwāra, s. m. (dakh.)
  Fortnight, or a fifteen days.
- pandrah, (पेचदश) adj. Fifteen. [teenth.
- # يندرهوأن pandrah-win, adj. Fit-
- ह. پندرهویی pandrahoin, (पंचदर्शी) s. f. The fifteenth day of a half month, full or new moon.
- क عَنْ fands, (पांडु) s.m. Name of

- a sovereign of ancient Dehli, and nominal father of Yudhuhthir and the other four Pandava princes.
- person. J. J. To follow, to pursue to be intent on. Life Ji to avoid, to escape. 2. (YS to roll into a lump or ball.) Balls made of flour or rice, at a religious ceremony of Hindus, (They are afterwards thrown into the river or given to cows). 3. A round substance, ball. 4. A funeral cake.
- ह پندا بندا pindā, (पिंड) s. m. 1. Body, person. 2. A lump of clay, &c. 3. A bundle or ball of string, claw. 4. See يند sign.
- a. m. A Brahman. A minister who presides at the temple of an idol.
- pindārā, (पिंड Lump of good, and آر Bringer) s. m. A plunderer, a pikager, (among Mahārāttas).
- # پنڈالو pindālā, (पिंडार) e.m. Name
  of a fruit. (Trewia nudiflora).
- a. پنڈالو pındālā, (पिडालु) a. (dakh.) An esculent tuberose root like a yam.
- a. پندَت pandit, (पंडित) adj. Wise, learned; s. m. A learned Brahman, An honorary title signifying doctor or professor.
- s. r. پنڈٹ خانہ pandit-Māna, (for s. m. A prison, gaol.
- پنڌلي pindrī, s. 1. See پنڌري ۾
- ينڌڙي يو pind-rī, s. f. (dakh.) See ينتي [s. f. The calf of the leg.
- ه. ينڈي pinątī, (पिंडिका the calf).
- हा پنڌي pindt, (पिंड A lump) a. f. 1.

  The upper part of a Siva-ling. 2. A lump of any thing that may be con-

tained in the fist. 3. A small clew or ball of string. 4. A small altar of sand a cubit square, on which oblations to the manes are offered. 5. (dakh.) A sort of sweetmeat.

- عنر جنم پنر جنم punar-janma, (पुनर्जन्म) s. m. Second birth, the being born [calf of the leg: the shin.
- ينرى يا pingī, (dakh.) s. f. The leg, or
- عنسارى .ع pansārī, (पण्य A vendible commodity, and r. T Spread) s. m. A druggist. One who sells spices, &c.
- وَ الْسَالُ punsārā, (पानीयशाला) ... } ع. ينسلا pansallā,
  - s. m. A stand where water is provided for passengers.
- H. ينسوى panso'i, s. f. A small boat so
- ع. ينسى pinsī, s. f. A foul, corroding ulcer in the inside of the nose.
- ينكترى ع. pankukṛī, s. (dakh.) Waterfowl (in general): a curlew, a snipe.
- g. ينكې pankh, (पक्ष) s. m. A feather, wing, pinion. [fan.
- عنكها pankhā, (पक्ष A wing) s. m. A
- ع. پنکېڙي pankhṛī, (पक्ष A wing, a feather) s. f. A petal, a flower-leaf.
- ع. رجاني punkhī, (पक्ष) s. f. l. A small fan. 2. A bird.
- ह. ينگت pangat, (पंक्ति) s. f. A row or line of people sitting down to a [ged, a cripple.
- इ. الني panglā, (पंगु) adj. Bandyleg-
- ق. من بنگور بال pingūrā, s. m. A cradle.
- عنگوری हingori, (पंड and गुड) s. f. (dakh.) A piece of sugar-cane.
- ع. پنگهت panghat, (पानीय Water, and EE A quay or landing place) s. m. A passage to a river, a stair or quay for drawing water.

- یونگی pungi, s. f. (dakh.) See پنگی
- عنم ينم punam, (पुण्य) s. m. (dakh.) Moral or religious merit. ¶ punim or punam (पूर्णिमा) Full moon.
- عنواري ع. panwārī or panwārī, वाटी) s. f. A betel garden.
- डू. اینهارا panhārā, (पानीयहर) в. т. А man who carries water in pots on his head.
- नीयहारिणी) A woman who carries water on her head. 2. (पणहारिणो

from 44 Wager, promise, and r. & Take by force) A faithless person, a promise-breaker.

- P. ينهان pinhān, adj. Secret, hidden, concealed.
- इ. प्रंप्य panhānā, (पानीय from पय milk.) v. a. To cause the milk to come into the udder of animals.
- P. ينهاني pinhān-ī, s. f. Concealment.
- s. پنی puņya, (पुण्य s. m. Virtue, moral or religious merit.
- ع. النيني paniyānā, (पानीय) 1. v. a. To irrigate, to water. 2. v. n. To yield water.
- P. يني panīr, s. m. Cheese. هيلي مايع s. m. Runnet.
- 8. پنيوان punyawin, (प्ण्यवान्) adj. Meritorious, virtuous, righteous, charitable.
- H. pau, s. f. 1. The one or ace on dice. 2. A stand. (प्रपा) A primitive drinking fount where water is provided for passengers. ভাষ্টু (সান:) To dawn (the morning).

اپاجی pawāj, s. Arab. plur. (of پواجی)
Mean people.

H. po'ūrī, s. (dakh.) A story or the circumstances of a story.

عِوال على puwāl or po'āl (प्लाल) s. f. Straw.

H. Ly poplā, adj. One whose teeth are fallen out, toothless.

B. ع. انتو پ po-phaṭnā, (see عبي) v. n. To dawn, to be break of day.

tion, quality. 2. (प्रीग from वे to weave) Glass beads, beads.

!- پوت pūt (पुत्र) s. m. A son. عبر انبورا s. m. A young monkey.

्र potā, (पौत) s. m. Grandson, son's son.

ए pautrī, (पोती) (dakh. potrī) s. f. Grand-daughter, son's daughter.

بوتزى ب potri, s. f. The afterbirth.

I. پوتنا potnā, (Ţ to make clean) v. a.
To besmear, to plaster, to whitewash.

poth, s. m. A small glass bead:

book.

्र pothā, (पुस्तक) s. m. A large

े پوتهی pothī, (पुस्ती) s. f. A book.

pothī, s. f. A clove of garlic.

्र poti, (पौती) s. f. Grand-daughter, son's daughter.

cotton wool fully saturated with a red or crimson die which it gives out readily to water for the purposes of red ink, staining, painting, &c.

pot, (पुट to bind together)

s. f. 1. A bundle, a bale, a package. 2. A spout. 3. A large quantity.

potū, s. m. l. An unfledged bird.

2. The eyelid. 3. The crop or craw (of birds). 4. Stomach. 5. The mu-

cus of the nose, snot. 6. (dakh.) Son: see پوت [2. (dakh.) Ram.

H. پوتلا potlā, s. m. 1. A large bundle.

H. پوتلی poṭlī, s. f. A bundle, a packet.

H. پوته poṭhā, s. m. (dakh.) Cfaw, crop, maw, gorge (of a bird).

rel. TAM. پوتى poṭī. s. f. (dakh.) Prop, support: competition, rival, rivalship, يوتى دينا To prop.

P. پرې pūj, adj. Mean, base.

s. پوجا pūjā, (पूजी from पुज to worship) s. f. 1. Worship, adoration, devotion. 2. Idolatry. 3. (Ironic) Beating.

ह. پوجاری پوجاری pūjārī, в. پوجاری pūjāk, (पुजक) (r. पूज Worship) s. m. A worshipper.

s. پوجن pūjan, (पूजन) verbal n. Worshipping, adoring.

डू. پرجنا pūjnā, (पूजन) v. a. To worship, to venerate.

P. پوټ pūch, adj. l. Absurd, of no moment or consequence, useless, nonsense, پوټ کوئي or پوټ کوئي s. f. Talking nonsense. 2. Empty, mean.

ق پوچهنا pūchh, (प्रछ to ask پوچها)

s. f. Inquiry, investigation. عين علي s. f. Inquiry, interrogation.

s. البحها بوجهنا پرچهنا برجهنا عدل pūchhnā, (प्रका) v. a. To ask, to inquire, to question, to interrogate. پرچهنا پچارنا To inquire, &c.

pūd, s. Woof, the threads woven in the breadth of a piece of cloth across the warp, which is called in Persian [skulking warblers.

ਸ. ਪ੍ਰਿਹੇਸ਼ podnā, s. m. Name of a bird,

بودنا podni, s. f. Female of پودنا

ਸ. ਬਹੇਜ਼ pauda, s. Bush: see ਹਿਹੇਜ਼

H. y., poh, s. f. Dawn of day.

P. پوییدی poyā, part.act. (of پوییدی)

- P. بویال poyan, Going, running.
- poya, s. m. A canter, or handgallop. پويوں چ v. n. To canter, &c.
- ع. هن pa, conj. adv. or postpos. (contraction of پر) But, yet, on, at, &c. ¶ pu
  (उपरि) postpos. On, over; but, yet,
  &c.: see
- A large shutter. 3. An obstruction, impediment, a check. 4. The bar of a court of justice, where the plaintiff and defendant take their station.
- الله بهار بهار pahār, s. m. A mountain. Long nights (especially, of sorrow).
- H. pahārā, s. m. The multiplication table (in arithmetic).
- ع. نياني phārnā, (स्नाटन or caus. of ليتنا) v. a. To tear, rend, lacerate.
- H. پہاڑی pahāṛ-ē, s. f. 1. A hill, a small mountain. 2. adj. Mountainous, of the mountain.
- H. پہاڑ pahāriyā, (from پہاڑیا) adj.
  Belonging to, or of a mountain; subst.
  A mountaineer.
- powder (sprinkled in the time of the Holi). 2. The act of throwing coloured powders in the Holi, the gambols of the Holi.
- है। प्रिकृषण or phāgan (or phālgun, पाल्यन) s. m. The name of the lith month, the full moon of which is near pūrvaphalgunī. February-March.
- s. f. A ploughshare.

- H. Je phāl, s. f. 1. A lump of betel nut (Areca). 2. A step. 3. (dakh.) A slice of meat.
- phālī, s. f. (dakh.) A leathern pillow placed under the buttocks of a child.
- H. اثناني phānṭā, s. (dakh خاش) Branch, bough; neck (of land).
- s. phānj, s. (dakh.) Noose, snare net.
- डू. مانو phānd, عناو (बंध) (إنهاندنا) عناو phāndā,
  - s. m. 1. A noose, snare, gin, net. 2. (met.) Perplexity, difficulty. 3. Leap, spring.
- 4. पंजिस phāndnā, v. a. 1. (फालन r. फल Move) or (स्पेंद्रन going). To jump over, leap over, to bound, spring, leap. 2. (from r. परा Bind, restrain) To imprison, tie, insnare, entangle, to noose, entrap.
- H. بهاندی phāndī, s. f. A bundle of 50 or 100 sugar canes.
- ع. سالي phāns,
  ع. (पारा) s. m. l. A
  ع. اسالي phānsā,
  noose. 2. An impediment. ¶ phānsā
  (dakh.) Lots, a die (for playing.)
  سالي Dice.
- s. limite phānsnā, (पारा) 1. v. a. To noose, to insnare, to entrap, to throttle, to strangle, to choke. 2. v. n. To be impeded, to stick (as, in mud); to be perplexed.
- ब بهانسی phānsi, (पाश) s. f. A noose, a loop, snare, halter; strangulation. الانا عانسی دینا v. a. To strangle, to hang.
- n. بهانک phānk, s. f. A slice, a piece of fruit; a clove (of garlic.)
- H. پانکت phānkar, عانکت phānkar, عانکت s. m A fop.

- into the mouth from the palm of the hand (grain, meal, &c.). 2. To squander. ¶ v. n. (dakh.) To vanish (as clouds) to be passed (time).
- H. phā'orā, s. m. Muttock, spade hoe.
- ton wet with atr or scented water. 2.

  A plaster, a pledget.
- H. Ling phabts, (from Ling) adj. Pertinent, fit.
- H. پهبنا phabtī, (from پهبنی) s. f. Ornament, conjecturing what a person is by his dress. پهپنتی کېنا v. a. To say what is conjectured by one's dress.
- H. Live phabaknā, v. n. To shoot forth (as, a plant).
- H. بهبن phaban, (نبوب) s. f. Embellishment, ornament, elegance, charm.
- H. Lie phabnā, v. n. 1. To become, besit, sit, suit. 2. To look beautiful.
- H. Line phabīlā, (from Line) adj. Becoming, fit. [a paternal aunt.
- H. Lee phupphā, s. m. The husband of
- H. Insipid. 3. Fat, flabby, puffed. 2.
- H. L. Land phuphkārnā, v. n. 1. To hiss (a snake). 2. The puffing of a steam engine.
- عَانِ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهِ
- H. پهپوندی phaphūndī, s. f. Mouldiness, dampness, mildew.
- H. phupphī, s. f. A paternal aunt.
- H. g. phuphiyā-sās, s. f. The sister of a father-in-law.
- H. g. phuphiyā-sasur, s. m. The husband of a father-in-law's sister.

- H. عبیهیر phupherā, m. adj. Descendet.

  ed from, or related through a paternal aunt.

  The son of a paternal aunt aunt; cousin.

  papped the son of a paternal aunt.

  Daughter of a paternal aunt.
- H. E. phit, THE. to despise) s. Curse, malediction. adv. Fy!
- paired, single, unmatched.
- یہتنا phaṭā, (from پہتا s. m. A رپہتنا crack. پہتے میں پانو دینا To interfere in any thing.
- H. Uhe phiṭānā, v. a. To beat up and mix, to froth.
- H. پهتک phiţik, s. m. (dakh.) Trap, snare, cage. A fowler's net.
- H. Kür phitkar, (RTZ to despise) s. f. Curse, malediction, removing something to a distance.
- H. Li Kärnā, v. a. To curse.
- g. پاکلوپ phiţkiri or phiţkari or phiţkari or phaţkari, (सिटिकारी or स्पाटकी)
  s. m. Alum.
- Break, separate) l. v. a. To winnow.
  2. To dust, to shake or knock off any light thing which slightly adheres (as crumbs from a table-cloth or dust from a table). 3. To look in.
- H. يهتكي phuṭkī, s. f. A blot, spot, stain. ¶ phaṭkī, s. f. l. A fowler's net. 2. A large cage. 3. A rope tied to a rattle to frighten birds.

- s. النب phaini, (स्पिटन) v. n. To be torn, rent, cracked, to burst, split.
- H. Ling phitnā, v. (dakh.) To be paid off, liquidated, discharged (as a debt.).
- ع. پہلچانی s. f. Acquaintance, recognisance.
- g. प्रितिज्ञान) v. a. To know, to recognise, comprehend, understand.
- jump, to leap, to hop (applied to small birds, frogs, &c.) to dance about in token of delight, or with excitement.
- H. پهدکی phudki, s.f. The mame of a humming bird.
- म. بهر phir or phiri, (पुनर) (see اپهرنا)
  adv. Again, then (dubārā.)
- عبر pahar, for (प्रहर) s. m. A division of time consisting of eight gharis, a watch or 3 hours. يم The first watch of the day, i.e., from vi. to ix.

  A.M. The first watch of the night, i.e. from vi. to ix. P.M. الت باقى رهنا The night to be advanced to its last watch, to draw near morning or day, to be between iii. and vi. A.M.
- عبرا عبرا الكراكي pahrā, (الكركة watch) (الكركة) s.m.

  1. A turn of watch, a sentinel; custody. ليمرا دينا To watch. يهرا دينا To give in charge to a watch or the guard.
- H. pharā, s. (dakh.) Haunch, hip, thigh.
- throb) s. m. l. A piece of bamboo. 2. A sound made by the flying of a bird or a flag or the breathing of a horse.
- H. U phirānā, (caus. of U) v. a.

  To cause to turn, to whirl, wheel, make to go about, to return, turn back, to change, to roll, shift, wander.

- a. المجان pharrānā, (सिर्ण) v. n. To fly or flutter (as, a flag).
- s. المرانا pahrānā, or pahirānā, (परिधान)
  v. a. To cause to dress, to clothe.
- ع. أي pahrāwā or paharāwā, (المرز) s. Dress, raiment.
- move) v. n. 1. To tremble. 2. To wave (as, hair in the wind).
- عربيري phurphuri, (r. الله Shake)
  s. f. Trembling, quivering, tremourr,
  palpitation. [trick, wickeduess.
- H. Jie, z. pharphand, s. m Deceit
- g. क्रिक्स phurt (स्पूर्ति) s. f. Activity quickness, alertness.
- عبرتى على phurtī, (स्त्रिति) s. f. l. Activity, agility, quickness; 2. Readiness.
- i. لين بو phurt-īlā, (تابوي) adj. Quick, nimble, active, smart, ready.
- turn, to revolt. 2. To be distorted. 3. To warp. 4. To evade. 5. To bend.
- H. A. pharchā, s. m. 1. (for L.)

  Clearing away or dispersion (of clouds or of a multitude of people); fair weather. 2. (from L.)

  Decision, definitive sentence (of a judge).
- B. Ji pharchānā, v. a. To decide to give a final sentence.
- H. الجهوب pharchhā, (परि all round sold) to divide) adj. Pure, honest, fair, candid, fair (not cloudy). يوچهاكرنا v. a. To clean, to settle, to sweep.
- H. Ukp pharchhānā, v. a. To clean, to sweep, to wipe, to settle, to clear away (the clouds, people, &c.).
- يهركنا هي pharaknā, v. n. See پهركنا
- H. پهرکی phirkī, (پهرنا) s. f. A whirligig, any thing turning as on an axis.

- B. U, e phirma, (परिक्रम Going or the start) v. n. To turn, return, walk about, go round, circulate, roll, whirl, to wheel, wander, travel, ramble, change, revolt. (bagi hona), s. m. Return, exchange.
- इ. पृत्रः paharnā or pahirnā, (परिधान) v. a. To put on clothes, dress, clothe one's self, wear.
- بهركى Phirni, s. f. See بهرنى .H
- یهره Pahra, s. m. (dakh.) 1. See پهره 2. Watchman, sentinels; care, custody.
- H. John pharahra, l. s. m. A vane, a pennant. 2. H. پہرھری pharahri, adj. Half-dried.
- म् پہر پر pahriyā, (प्राहरिक) в. т. watchman, a sentinel.
- g. H. y pahre-wālā, s. m. (dakh.) Sentinel, sentry, a guard, watchman.
- H. phar, s. f. 1. A gaming-house where dice are played. 2. A place where goods are exposed for sale. 3. The shafts or pole of a carriage.
- H. Ital pharā, s. (dakh.) Leaf of the cocoa-nut tree.
- H. ijuju pharpharānā, v. n. To flutter, to flap the wings, to wave, to twinkle, to move with convulsive motion, to struggle, to be agitated.
- العت العالمية عن pharpharā-hat, s. 1. Disquietude, agitation. 2. Clapping (of the wings.). 3. Struggle.
- এ দিল pharard, (দিল) s. (dakh.) Blade (of a sword.).
- ह. डिइंस् pharak, (सिर्) l. verbal n. f. (of لناتهو) Fluttering, vibrating, throbbing, palpitating, flap. 2. (dakh. Pommel or bow of a فاش زین saddle.
- 2 Wie pharakne, (r. सिंट or सिर्) To flutter, to vibrate with convulsive involuntary motion, as the

- eyelids and other muscles; to palpitate; to writhe (the shoulders, &c.).
- H. ين phariyā, (يون) s. m. l. A pedlar, a retailer. 2. Keeper of a gaming house or dice table.
- ع. ي پي phuriyā, (dimin. of المارية) s. f. A sore, a pimple, a bile.
- H. إيسانڌ phusāndā, adj. (dakh.) Stinking. Bee ايساندا
- H. meimer phasphasā, adj. 1. Flabby, loose, not rigid. 2. Mouldering.
- H. Lilmeimer phusphusänä, v. n. [terrified. whisper.
- H. lilme me phisphisānā, v. n.
- H. met met phusarphusar, s. m. Whispering.
- H. Kung phuskā, adj. 1. Weak, without strength. 2. Slack (as, a knot).
- H. shandful of phaski, s. f. A handful of grain exacted for each load of grain to market. (dakh.) See brought محصول
- g. lilme phislana, (caus. of lilme) v. a. To cause to slip, slide or err.
- H. Lilue phuslānā, v. a. To coax, flatter, fondle, entice, seduce.
- g. H. يهسل بندا phisal-bandā, s. (dakh.) A sport of children, sliding down the smooth bank of a tank or river, a sloping stone or hill.
- g. Lilwe phisalnā, (पिकिल slippery.) 1. v. n. To slip, to slide, to err. 2. adj. Slippery. 3. To incline towards.
- H. بهسیندی phusainds, adj. Stink; bad smell; fishy smell.
- A quantity (of g. by phakkā, s. m. parched corn, &c.) taken into the palm of the hand to be chucked into the mouth.
- H. phukat, adv. (dakh.) nothing. See ....
- H. Ke phakkar, (HA to behave ill) s. m. Wrangling, mutual abuse, brawl,

raillery. بهکترباز An abuser, an indecent chatterer. A foulmouthed fellow.

- y. n. To be blown, to be blown up (a fire), to be blown up into a flame. ¶ phaknā, s. A sort of fireworks, a roman candle, with flowers held in the hand. ¶ phuknā (from عبد) s. m. A bladder, a bag, purse. ¶ phaknā, v. n. (dakh.) To be chucked into the mouth from the palm of the hand (grains, meal, &c.): see
- عانى به phuknī, (দুলোনিणी) s. f. l. A blow-pipe. 2. A fire-lock or pistol.
- ع. يكيب phikait or phakait, (from like) s. m. A thrower (of a spear, &c.). A club-player.
- a. like phugānā, (causal of like) v. a. (dakh.) To inflate, fill with air (as a bladder).
- inflated, to heave, to swell, to be distended.
- s. پهل پهل بهل اله phal, ( اله to bear fruit) s. m.

  1. Fruit; effect, advantage, children progeny. پهل پهل تا To reap the reward of (good or bad actions). پهل پهل پهل پهل پهل پهل پهل پهل د. Fruits of various kinds, fruitage. پهلري adj. Fruitful. 2. The iron head of a spear or arrow, &c. 3. A blade (of a sword, &c.).
- H. Je pahal, s. m. 1. A flock of cotton.
  - 2. (प्रथम) Beginning, commencement, aggression; in the first place. 3. The side of a rectangular figure.
- H. Le pahlā, (प्रथम) See Kl 1. adj. First. 2. adv. Before, rather, soon.
- على phullā, s. (dakh.) Cataract (disease of the eye): see يهلى To couch (an eye.)
- H. phulāsarā, s. m. Flattery.
- ع. اللي phulānā, (trans. of اللهون) v. a.
  - 1. To cause to swell, to inflate, distend.

- 2. To fatten. 3. (met.) To make proud or to puff up with flattery.
- ह. كالي phalāng, (प्रोहंघ bound) (see يهلنگ s. f. A stride.
- phal-bujhauwal, s. m.
  The name of a game (called also Mankelā): "think of a number, double it, add ten to it, take five from it, &c. how much remains?" "twenty-one," "the number was eight."
- 8. پهلت phalit, (দিতিন) adj. Fruitbearing, luxuriant.
- ing) s. f. A kind of fire-work like a fountain, or a roman candle held in the hand with flowers. [a sword, &c.).
- इ. निस् phal-rā, (फिला) s. m. Blade (of
- as a flower). l. adj. Inflated, puffed up; light. 2. s. m. A blister. 3. A kind of cake or small loaf. 4. An area or arena for wrestlers.
- and r. To inflate, to swell out (as a snake's hood), to expand.

  Blossom,

  Blossom,

  Blossom,
- علاری phulkārī, (मुहाकार) s. m. Flowered cloth.
- على phulkī, (بالله Blossom) s. f. A cake or raised bread, fritters.
- s. 以此 phalnā, (午內) v. n. 1. To bear fruit. 2. To result, be produced. 3. To be fortunate. ¶ phulnā, v. n. See 以此
- g. پهلنگو phalang, (लंघन r. लघ Leap, spring) s. f. A bound, spring, leap, jump.
- P. پہلو pahlā, s. m. l. The side. 2 The wing or flank of an army. پہلو To retire, retreat, withdraw, refuse, decline, evade. 2. Specious; ambiguous; dissimulating.

- and वाटी A garden) s. f. l. A flowergarden, an orchard. 2. Offspring.
- pahlawan, s. m. A hero, a champion, a stout fellow, a wrestler.
- s. ياوان phala-wān, (फलवान्) adj. Fruit-bearing, producing results.
- P. پہلوانی puhlawān-ī, (پہلوانی) s. f. Heroism, athletic exercise.
- علونتها pahilauṭā, or پهلوتا عdj.

  First-born: see
- है। प्रभिन्न phulauri, (मुल्लवटी) s. f. Bread or cake made of fruit and pulse, and fried in ghi or oil.
- P. يهاوى puhlari, adj. Of a city, of a hero, heroic; a language of Persia.
- على phali. (آمن) s. f. l. A cod, a pod (or the seed) of any leguminous plant, but particularly of peas. 2. A loop.
- على به phulti, (ج Blossom) s. f.

  A disorder in the eye, the albugo.

  Thame of an ornament for the nose.
- ક. પંયાસ phaliyānā, (r. प्ल) v. n. To bear fruit.
- الول phuleri, s. f. (dakh. پهليري) Gambols, playsomeness.
- a. المالي phulel, (দুপ্তানিত) s. m. Oil impregnated with essence of flowers by steeping them in it, essence (as a perfume).
- s. پي phan, (মিণা) s. m. The hood or expanded head of a snake. ياتانا v. a. To spread the hood (a snake).
- P. pahan, prop. pahn, l. s. m. Width, breadth, ampleness. 2. adj. Wide, broad, extensive.
- P. Lig pahnā, adj. Broad, wide.
- علی pahannā or pahinnā, (परिधान)

- v. a. To put on, to dress, to clothe.
   s. m. Dress, clothing.
- e. پہنانا په pahnānā or pahinānā, (causal of پہنا v. a. To dress, to cause to put on. [Clothing, dress.
- ع. اوليه pahanāwā, (from يهناوا ع. m.
- P. pahnā-wār, adj. Ample,
- P پهناور pahnā-war, S wide, broad.
- P. پهنائی pahnā-ī, s. f. Breadth, width.
- v. n. 1. To hiss, expand his hood (as, a snake). 2. To spring up suddenly (as, a fast-growing plant). 3. To move about briskly (as, a playful child).
- H. 

  pahunch, (日十3首 to go)

  (以文文) s. f l. Arrival, reach;

  comprehension, sagacity, penetration.

  2. Access, admittance. 3. A receipt.

  4. Reach, grasp, comprehension. 5. Capacity.
- H. Appahunchā, s. m. The wrist.
- H. پڼټان pahunchānā, (causal of لپڼټان) v. a. To cause to arrive, to convey, transmit, bring, conduct.
- H. Lizių pahunchnā, v. n. To arrive, reach, extend, to befall, belong.
- H. پڼټوانا pahunchwānā, (causal of ليڼټو) v. a. To cause to arrive, to cause to convey or conduct.
- H. بانجى pahunchi, s. f. An ornament worn on the wrist, a kind of bracelet.
- ह. پهندا phandā, (r. परा Bind) s. m. l. A noose, a net, a snare. 2. Perplexity, difficulty. 3. Clutches, hold.
- ਜ. ישונים phundnā, s. m. A tassel.
- H. بهنس phanas, s. (dakh.) The jack fruit.
- g. limin phansana, (IT to bind)

  (caus. of limin) v. a. To cause to be insuared, caught or involved (in), &c. to entrap.

- a. عاسنو phansa'o, (from لنسنو) s. m. Entanglement.
- train) v. n. To be entangled, to stick, to be involved (in calamity, &c.), to be insuared, noosed or entrapped, to be caught.
- H. پهنسی phunsī, (स्पिटि) s. f. A pimple, pustule, a small boil.
- ع. الهانسي phansiyārā, (پهانسي) s. m. A foot-pad who strangles passengers or travellers.
- H. Kie phanka, s. m. A handful (or, rather, mouthful) of any thing eaten by being chucked into the mouth.

  Light Kie To eat by chucking into the mouth, to chuck food into the mouth. See Lile
- g. U, Kie phunkār-nā, v. n. To hiss (as, a snake). [a snake).
- a. پنکاری phunkār-ā, s. f. Hissing (of
- عنائى <u>phungun</u>i, s. f. (dakh.) A pimple, pustule, eruption on the skin.
- H. Siie phunang, s. f. Top, summit.
- H. jie phunno, s. f. Penis puerilis.
- H. Juie phunhar, s. f. The small drops of rain, drizzle.
- H. Jhie phunhārā, (from Jule) s. m. A fountain, a jet d'eau.
- s. پهنی phaṇ-ī, (٩٠٠١) s. m. l. A serpent. 2. A wedge. 3. (dakh.) A weaver's instrument, a carding comb.
- H. Lye phāpā, s. m. See Lye
- H. Lege phūphā, s. m. Father's sister's husband, uncle.
- B. phiphi, s. m. f. Father's eister's husband, or father's sister.
- H. پهرېهى phūphī, s. f. Father's sister, paternal aunt. (bua).
- بهو بهی Phūpī, B. t. See بهویمی

- s. नुस् phit, (सिटि r. सिट rate, burst) s. f. l. A kind of melon. 2. A ripe cucumber bursting elasti-3. (स्तिट) Odd, unpaired. 4. Difference of opinion, dissension, dis-Separation. 6. A flaw, 5. cord. breach, break. ايوت يزن To arise پهوت پهوت corپهوت کې To weep excessively, to burst into tears. ليبوت رهنا 1. To be broken. 2. To be dispersed. 3. To be unpaired. يهوت هونا To be divided in opinion.
- ع. تابو phūṭā, (from نابون) adj. Broken.
- rate, burst) v. n. 1. To be broken, to be broken into or broken down. 2. To be dispersed, to be separated, to separate, to be unpaired. 3. To burst, split gush (with tears). 4. To be made public, to transpire. 5. To arise (as, a smell) or to burst forth. 6. To get promotion or advancement.
- H. پهوخل phokhal, adj. (dakh.) See
- يهورّنا phorā, (هوورنا عورًا عدي عدرًا عدي عدرًا ع
- ع. نائي phornā, (स्पीटन) v. a. To break, to split, burst, disclose, divulge or betray (a secret), to break open, shatter. (زخم هونا پهوڙ کرنا) To be wounded.
- یبوس به به phūs, s. m. Old dry grass or پهوس میں چنگاری ڈالنا .straw. To excite contention or strife.
- H. إسوب phūsrā or நாழ் phūsrā, s. m. A rag.

- म् अर्थ phūsī, (बुस or बुष) s. f. Chaff.
- H. Spendok, s. m. 1. Dregs, sediment, grains, dross. 2. Hallowness.
- phokat, s. m. An indigent person, for nothing, gratuity.
- H. پهوکل phokal, adj. (تهیی) Empty, hollow, concave. [blow, to puff.
- ع لنابو phūknā, (फुल्कार) v. a. To
- s. m. l. A flower, a blossom; boss, stud, bunch of ribands, &c., a cockade.

  2. The menses, of which children are the fruit. 3. A swelling. 4. Bones of a dead person after the fleshy parts are burned. 5. Lights or fire (seen at night). 6. (in the plur.) A ceremony performed in honour of a deceased person on the third day after his death. 7. (dakh.) A white metal

got that is hatched in meat or in neglected sores. 9. A pearl or white opaque spot on the corner of the eye.

النها عبول الها v. n. To be performed (a ceremony in honour of the dead), to complete the forty days of mourning.

delighted. 3. To swell. 2. To be delighted. 3. To become fat. المجازات v. n. l. To speak eloquently.

2. To fall from a lamp (drops of burning oil).

- 2. Jee pholā, (HF) A flower) s. m. 1. A blister. 2. A skein of cotton, &c.
- 2. Plossomed. الله عالي Not to be able to contain one's self from delight,

to be overjoyed.

- g. H. بوجبات phūljhaṛī, s. f. A sort of fireworks, roman candle, with flowers.
- يه الله بهول كوبى Phūl-kobī, s. f. A cauli-flower.

- s. पंजू phālnā, (फ्लिन) v. n. l. To blossom, to flower. 2. To be pleased, to be in health and spirits, i. e., to bloom, to flourish. 3. To swell, to be inflated, to be puffed up (with pride, &c.). 4. To be big with child.
- يبولى (بيولى Flower) s. f. A disorder in the eye, the albugo.
- الله انچنه pahonchnā, v. See نچنه
- یهونکن یه phānk, (from یهونک یو) s. f. Act of blowing, a puff, a blast, blowing up (fire, &c.). یهونک یهونک To act or walk care یهونک دینا To act or walk care یهونک دینا To set on fire.
- ع المجانلي phūnkārnā, (५५०) v. n.
  To hiss (as a snake), to snort.
- the breath, to puff; to blow up (a fire, &c.), inflame, set on fire, kindle, blow (a horn, trumpet, &c.). To blow a charm or spell. To lavish, waste.
- H. نبونهی phūnhī,

  H. پهونهار phonhār,

  phonhār,

  phūnhār,

  drizzling, misling.
- or pap, formed of cotton or other substance, by which milk is given to a young goat or the like, when unable to suck the mother.
- H. phūhar, l. adj. f. Undisciplined, uneducated; foolish, rude (applied to women). 2. s. f. A bad housewife,
  - عهوهری یا پنا salut or slattern. پهوهر
  - s. m. Stupidity, &c. پهونهي
- H. پوهى phūhī, s. f. Small rain. See
- H. يهوئيان phūīyān, عبوئيان B. Drizzling, mis-الله الله الله phū'īn
- H. پېونهار phuhār, s. f. Small rain. (پېونهار)
- g. ப்ரழு phaharnā, } (रफुरण) v. n. To
  - fly (as, a flag in the air), to flutter.

- H. يہيا pahiyā, s. m. A wheel.
- H. پهيپڙى phepṛī, s. f. (خشكئ زبان)

  Dryness of tongue or lips.
- H. پهيپس phepas, adj. (dakh.) Flabby, limber, lithe, flaccid, fat.
- H. phepsā, s. (dakh.) 1. Lights, lungs. 2. Corpulency, flabbiness.
- H. निस्म् phephrā, (भूप्प्ति) s. m. Lights, lungs.
- H. پهيپهڙي phephari, s. f. Inability to move.
- H. אָבֶע pherā, (from נְשָּבֶע) s. m. 1.

  Turning, circuit, perambulation. 2.

  A roll. 3. A wooden frame with which lime, sand, &c. is measured.
- H. بهاربوتی pher-boti, s. f. All the abdominal bowels contained in or connected by the caul, the whole contents of the lower belly or abdomen, the paunch.
- البيرنا بهرنا phernā, (caus. of پهيرنا) v. a.

  1. To turn over. ازا اروتي کيوں جلي?

  پان کيوں سڙا روتي کيوں جلي?

  Why planted the horse, why rotted was the pān, and why burnt the bread?

  I. He was not

horse, why rotted was the pan, and why burnt the bread? I. He was not properly trained. 2. They were not turned over. Turn back, invert, reverse, avert, turn away, make to walk backwards and forwards, bring or carry back, shift, repeat. 2. To plaster, to stroke. 3. (dakh.) v. n. To turn,

- turn back, return; pay. انه پهيرنا To caress, fondle. سر پر هاته پهيرنا To deceive by coaxing.
- H. بهيرى pheri, s. f. (dakh.) Joint, round or slice (of a sugar cane), joint (of a stalk.).
- H. الهيرى والا Pheri-wālā, s. m. A pedler
- H. الييو phernā, (caus. of النبو) v. a. (dakh.) To pay, liquidate (a debt, &c.)
- H. Kie phikā, (Kell sapless) adj. 1. Weak, valid, tasteless, insipid. 2. Pale, sallow, light (in colour),
- H. Lille phailānā, (AH to stretch forth.)

  (trans. of Lille) v. a. To spread,
  scatter, expand, stretch out, extend,
  publish, proclaim, Lille alla To beg.
- H. flig phaila'o, (from Ling) s. m. Spread, expansion. [Prolixity.
- H. lalie phailawā, (from lilie) s. m.
- H. Wie phailnā, v. n. 1. To be spread, 2. To be expanded, dispersed. 3. To become public.
- عبيلى paheli, (प्रहेलिका) s. f. A riddle, enigma. See
- s. الله phen, (पिन) s.m. Foam, s. Live phenā, froth.
- H. Live phențā or phaințā, s. f. 1. Waist-band. 2. A small turband.
- H. Line pheninā, v. a. To mix, to beat (as, eggs, &c.), to triturate.
- H. پهينتى phenți, s. f. A skein (of thread, &c.). (ațți).
- H. پهيندا phendā, adj. (dakh. مخت Flabby, soft.
- s. phenus, (पीयूप) s. m. Biestings, the milk of a cow, &c. for some days after calving.
- ब. نهینک phenk, (श्रीपा throwing)
  s. f. Throw, cast, fling.
  انهاینک دینا v. a. To throw away.

- a likiye phenknä, (क्षेपण) v. a. To throw, to fling, to dart, to let fly (a hawk, &c. at game), to set off (a horse) at full speed, to gallop.
- الله phengrā, adj. (dakh.) Club footed, having a distorted foot or feet.
- ع. ينيو phen-ī, s. f. A kind of sweetmeat.
- Р. پي pai, s. m. 1. (पाद) The foot. To have a splint (a horse) To plague, to seize, to be importunate. 2. A nerve, tendon, sinewadv. Behind, after, following, therefore, in pursuit, by reason, on پی به پی or پیاپی account. adv. One after another پي در پي successively, consecutively.
- ع. יבי piyā, (प्रिय) 1. adj. Beloved. 2. s. m. A husband, a lover, a sweetheart, paramour.
- بيال كان piyāda-gān, s. plur. of كان
- P. عيالي piyāda, (पदाति) s. m. A footman, one on foot, a foot soldier, a pawn at chess.
- ब्र. پيار pyār or piyār, (प्रोति love) s. m.f. Love, affection, fondness, (mahabbat). To fondle, caress.
- عارا پيارا پيارا pyārā or piyārā, (प्रिय) adj. m. Beloved, darling. ليارا جاننا Το
- ब्र. پیاری pyārī, (प्रिया) adj. f. Beloved,
- P. پیاز piyās, s. f. An onion, leek.
- عياس عام pyās or piyās, (पिपासा from T to drink) s. f. Thirst. يياس لكنا To quench thirst. ابجهانا To be thirsty. پیاس مارنا To suffer thirst. پیاس مرنا Applied to thirst which vanishes without drinking.

- क्र ییاسا پی pyāsā or pī'āsā, (पिपासित) adj. m. Thirsty, athirst.
- ছ. ایپال payāl, (पलारु) e. f. Straw.
- P. يياله piyāla or pyāla, s. m. glass, a cup. 2. A firepan, of priming يياله بهرنا . (of a musket, &c.). To be puffed up with pride. (in the phrase of fagirs) To die.
- P. پیالی piyūlī, s. f. A small glass or پیغام eintelligence: هوه
- P. پيام payām, s. m. A message, news,
- P. بنامبر payām-bar, s. m. A messenger, a prophet: see پیغامبر
- क्र प्राप्त pīb, (प्राप्त) s. f. Pus, matter, corruption, purulent running.
- عيب pīp, (덕각) s. Pus, matter. PORT. بيني pīpā, s. m. A barrel, cask.
- ब. ييبل pīpal, 1. (पिप्पल) в. т. holy fig tree. 2. (पिपली) s. f. Long pepper.
- H. Luc pīplā, s. m. l. The point of a sword. 2. The metallic point of a sheath.
- ह. پیپلا موڙ پيپلا موڙ پيپلا موڙ (पिप्पलीमूल) عييلا مول عي pīplā-mūl, s. m. The root of the long-pepper tree.
- ब. يبيلي pīplī, (पिप्पली) в. f. (dakh.)
- Long pepper.
- s. بيت pīt, l. adj. (पीत) Yellow. 2. s. f. or pīti, (for प्रीति) Love, affec-پیت کی پیت رهے اور tion, Let میت کا میت هاته friendship continue and the sweets or benefits of it will be obtained.
- s. پیتامبر pītāmbar, (पीतांबर

पीत yellow, अंबर cloth.) s m. Silk cloth of a yellow colour; (vulgarly) a silk cloth.

پيترا paitarā, (पादांतर) в. т. Flourishing about before cudgelling, کو. n. To make certain movements before wrestling. Saba says:—

یکساں رھا نہ تہاتھ کسی کا جہاں میں کوں آکے پیترے نہ یہاں پر بدل گیا

- a. ييتل pītal, (पीतल) or (पित्तल) s. m. Brass. (biranjī).
- ब. پیتلا pītlā, (पित्तल) adj. Brazen.
- P. ع. پیتا paitalā, (پیتا pai, Foot, and The bottom or sole) adj. Shallow.
- ब. پيتم pītam, (प्रियतम) adj. Most beloved; s. m. A lover, a sweetheart, a husband.
- عيتمبر pīt-ambar, (पोतांबर) в. m. A silk cloth of yellow colour.
- s. اليي pet, (पिट् to heap together). s. m. 1. The belly. 2. The womb, pregnancy. ایت آنا To be purged To eat less than one's appetite demands. برهانا To eat voraciously; to encroach on the share or rights of another. ا بهرنا. To fill one's belly. 2. To be satisfied. الله عني 1. To be able to live decently. 2. To be The last پیت پونچین پیت یبہلنا child of a woman. پیت جاری .To burst with laughter لمونا To be fluxed, to be purged. To be very hungry. عيت جهاڙني s. (dakh.) Purging, پیت چلنا یا جهرتنا laxativeness

To be purged, to have a diarrhœa. To complain of poverty ییت دکهانا and hunger. پیت ڈالنا To procure abortion. پیت رکهانا To get with child. پیت رهنا To be pregnant. پیت adj. Pregnant. پیت سے ییت To be pregnant. سے ھونا is applied to the steady motion of a horse which does not agitate the rider. پیت کا پرده s. m. The omentum. Lib \_\_\_\_\_ 1. To pinch one's belly, to starve one's self. 2. (in Bengal) To be griped. s. f. Maternal ییت کی آگئ جهانا affection. ییت کے باوں To eat something. To practise baseness or vitiousness. پیت گرانا To cause an abortion. پیت گرنا To miscarry (a female), abortion, miscarriage تيت گڙگڙانا To have borborygmi. To be starving ييت لگڪ جانا يىت مىي يىتهنا with hunger. To worm one's self into the secrets of another, to become intimate. To endure, have patience. پیت adj. f. Pregnant. پیت والی To have a griping or inclination هر برانا ation to stool. Llusty.

- عيتلا peṭlā, adj. (dakh.) Gorbellied,
- g. ييتنا piṭnā, (पीडन or पिठ to hurt) v. a. 1. To beat, to thrash, to strike, to knock, to thump, to pound. 2. To lament.
- ع بيت pith, (كاق) s. f. The back: a kind of seat. پیته پر هانه بهیونا To pat on the back, to encourage.

To turn one's back, to depart, to flee, to leave, to withdraw. النام تابع المالية الموكنالية الموك

म. پیته paith, s. m. 1. A duplicate (of a bill of exchange). 2. (प्रवेश) to enter) (from پیتهنا) Entrance, ingress, admission, access. [gourd.

ع ييتها پر peṭhā, (पिंडी) s. m. A kind of

ع. پیتهنا paiṭhnā, (प्रविष्ठ Entered) v. n. To penetrate, enter, pervade.

عليث pet-ī, (from پيثى) s. f. l. A belly-band, a girth. 2. A portmanteau. 3. A box, tumbril, a case. 4. The thorax, chest.

pī.jānā, v. a. 1. To drink or to be drunk. 2. To absorb. 3. To stifle one's passions. 4. To refrain from answering.

Coil within coil, entangled, intricate. پیچ دینا To circumvent, to deceive, to twist, to screw, &c. پيي 1. To throw obstacles in the way. 2. (in playing with paper kites) To entangle the string of an adversary's kite. پیچ کرنا L. To deceive, trick. 2. To seize in wrestling, grapple. پیچ کهانا 1. To coil. 2. To be perplexed, fall into difficulties, sustain a loss. پیچ کهلنا To be untwisted or unscrewed. پیچ کهولنا To untwist, to unscrew. 

Light paper To fight paper kites (each party endeavouring to entangle and cut the string of his adversary's kite).

pech-ā-pech, Twist upon twist, all convolution or intricacy; adj. involved, intricate.

P. pechān, adj. Twisting, coiled,

P. بنے وتاب pech-o-tāb, s. m. 1. Rest-lessness, perplexity, twisting and twining, contortion. 2. Anger, wrath.

To suffer distress or, anxiety, to be vexed.

P. پیچین pechish, (پیچین) s. f.
1. Inflection, contortion, writhing.
2. Pain in the bowels, tenesmus, gripes.

pechak, s. f. 1. A ball, bottom, skein or clew of thread. 2. The bottom on which thread is wound.

P. pech-wān, adj. Twisted (generally applied to huqqas or huqqas anakes).

Rice-water, water in which rice has been boiled, rice-gruel.

a. hinder part, the rear. S. Pursuit, persecution, following. S. Abvence.

- انیا لجیا ۱. To pursue, chase.

  انیا لجیا To pursue, importune, be obstinately persevering.
- In the rear, after, behind, ago, afterwards, astern, in the absence.

  1. To dance attendance, run after, importune, dun, persecute, torment.

  2. To be outstripped.

  1. To leave behind, outstrip, surpass.

  1. To pursue, follow, prosecute. Phrase. (To follow as a tail.)
- P. پیچیدگی pech-ida-gī, s. f. Twisting, contortion, winding. [Twisted.
- P. اپیچین pech-ida, (پیچیدی) part.
- P. الغي pikhāl, s. m. Dung of birds.
- P. پیدایش paida-ish, (from پیدایش) s. f. Birth, creation, production, origin; earnings, produce, profit.
- يدل paidal, adv. On foot. a.m. Infantry, (dakh.) a footman.
- عير pir, (शडा) s. f. Pain, ache, sickness; feeling, pity, compassion.
- pr, s. m. l. An old man, a snint, a spiritual guide; a head of a religious order. (Plur. Pers. پيران) 2. Monday.
- H. پير pair, (बद) s. m. The foot, footprint. ¶ (dakh. Tel.) Standing corn, green corn, corn in the blade.
- ال. پیراک پیونته پیراک (ای to carry across) (پیرنا) s. m. A swimmer.
- P. بيراس puirāman, s. m. A circuit,

- circumference, environs, adjacent places; the skirt, lappet or flap of a garment; adv. About, around.
- بيرامن pairāmān, See پيرامون
- pīrāna, adj. 1. Elderly, like an old man. 2. Belonging to, connected with, or worthy of a saint.
- اراعت perāwā, s. (dakh.) See پيراوا پراوا پراوا ۾ pairāwā, s. (dakh.) Clothing.
- pairāhan, s. m. A long robe, a shirt or shift. (As the but having buttons instead of strings, and that in three places, at the neck, navel, and between the two: (「代知可) To wear (clothes).
- P. پير pīrāya, s. m. An ornament.
- ع. پیرت pīrt or pīrat, s. f. (dakh.) See
- P. پیرزال pīr-zāl, s. f. An old woman.
- H. پيرنا puirnā, v. n. To swim. ¶ pernā, v. a. (dakh.) To sow, till, plant, cultivate.
- H. پيرو perā, s. A turkey.
- P. پيرو Behind, and پيرو Behind, and پيرو Going) part. act. Following, follower.
- P. پيروى pairawi, s. f. Following, imitation, prosecution, pursuit.
- بيراهي pairahan, s. m. 800 پيرهي
- P پيرې pīr-ī, s. f Old age.
- H. پیری pair-ī, (from پیری) s. f. An ornament worn on the legs.
- H. איני איני per, s. f. (विटपी) A tree, a plant: (in dakh) trunk (of a tree).
- ير بير بير بير بير بير بير بير بير pain) a. f. Pain, labour (in childbirth): compassion.
- a. البير perā, (पिंड a lump) s. m. l. A kind of sweetmeat made with ourds.
  2. A globular mass of leaven prepared for baking.

- ع. إير عام ، (पीडा) s. f. Pain : see پيڙ
- الم يكرو به perû, (حَلَّ) s. m. The belly below the navel, pubes. The pelvis.
- عَلَيْ pirhā, (पीठं) s. m. A stoul or chair on which women sit.
- a chair. 2. A generation of progenitors or descendants; pedigree.
- P. پیختی) pes, part. act. (پیختی) in compos. Sifting. [See پاپوش
- P. پيزار paizār, s. f. A slipper, a shoe.
- P. پیزیدن pezna, (from پیزنه or پیکفتی s. m. A sieve.
- P. پيس pes, s. m. Leprosy.
- n. huy paisā, s. m. (99) 1. The name of a copper coin. (In value, about two farthings. 2. Money, cash. iii) huy

  1. To spend extravagantly. 2. To take the money of another by theft or deceit. life huy

  1. To spend extravagantly. 2. To take bribes. 3. To embezzle.
- e بیسن pīsnā, (पेषण) v.a. To grind, to powder; to gnash (the teeth).
- H. P. پیسندازی pais-anduz-i, s. f. (dakh.) Richness, ability, means.
- P. ducy paisa, s. m. See wati
- P. بيش pesh, 1. adj. Before, in front;

  promoted, advanced, respected, possessing influence. 2. s. The vowel

  point (') بيش ازايي Before this.

  ما بيش ازايي s. f. Access, admittance.

  الما بيش الما المعالية ال

s. f. Foresight, timely بيش بندى preparation. پیش بین adj. Pru-پیش بینی dent, provident, wise. s. f. Foresight, prudeuce. ييشي s. m. ييش خيمه To go forth. جانا A tent or other baggage sent on before; the camp equipage, tents, &c. sent on in advance of an army. ييش Vestibule, porch; gallery, portico, verandah. ديش دست adj. Anticipating, being beforehand, surpassing, one who excels; (subst.) deputy, manager or assistant (in office) ,وTo anticipate بيش دستى كرنا make haste, take the lead, &c. ييشن adj. Making impression, successful, efficient, effectual (generally applied to words that are attended to k adj. (used substantively) 1. A precursor, a leader. 2. The advanced guard. ييش قبض s. f. A kind s. f. Stepping before or forwards, outstripping, anticipation, Mertness, activity, aggression. پیش نظر Object, prospect. ييش ماز s. m. He that precedes in saying prayer, the priest. عيش نهاد s. m. 1. Custom, regulation, habit, example, model, profession. 2. Desire, wish, &c.

- अर्थ मं प्रकार प्रक प्रकार प्
- P. پیشانی peshānī, s. f. 1. The forehead. 2. Fate; heading, title.
- pesh-tar, adv. Before, prior, formerly, ago, further, beyond.
- native officer in a Court next below the Sarishtedar.
- P. پیشکاری peshikār-i, s. f. Deputyship, agency.

- pesh-kash, s. m. A present (salāmī), a tribute.
- P. علي pesh-gāh, s. f. The foremost place, front, a portico.
- P. پیشگی peshgi, s. f. An advance (of money), money given in advance or on account, earnest.
- pesh-wā, s. m. l. A leader, a guide, foreman. 2. A title of the Mahārātta minister. [female dress.
- P. پیشواز pesh-was, s. f. A gown, a
- r. پیشوالی peshwā-ā, s.f. The meeting and conducting a guest or visitor, guidance, supremacy, leadership.
- P. پیشور peshaur, s. m. Name of a city, properly پیشاور built by Akbar. The word imports "an advanced post," as it is the next town to the Afghāns.
- P. مشي pesha, s. m. l. Trade, profession, business. 2. Custom, habit, practice. (Much used in compos.).
  s. m. l. An artificer. 2. A shopkeeper.
- P. پیشی pesh.i, s. f. 1. An advance. 2. Precedence, superior rank. 3. Trial.
- P. پیشین pesh-īn, adj. Anterior, ancient, former. s.m. The afternoon.
- P. پيغام paighām, s. m. A message, mission. Embassy.
- P. پیغامبر paighām-bar, s. m. 1. A messenger. 2. A prophet, apostle.
- P. پیغامبری paighāmbar-ī, s. f. Mission (especially, of a prophet).
- پیغامبر paigham-bar, See پیغامبر ط
- P. پیغمبری pnighambar-i, s. f. Mission (especialny, of a prophet), legation.
- P. پیکن paik, (पादिका) s. m. A conrier, a messenger, an express.
- P. July paikar, 1. H. f. War, contest.

- P. پيكان paikān, s. m. f. The head of an arrow.
- P. پيکي paikar, s. m. f. l. Face, countenance, visage, form, appearance, figure. 2. A portrait, a likeness.

  (Much used in compos. as) خافر پيکر Victory in face, victorious.
- a. الكيّا pai-karā, s. m. ) 1. I ron chains on
- ع. منابع pai-karhā, s. m. a culprit's legs, fet-
- a. پيکڙي pai-karī, s. f. ) ters. 2.
  Ornamental rings worn on the ankles.
- H. پیکشتی paigashtī, s. (dakh.) See
- H. پيگر paigi, s. m. Pegu; a sort of green coloured stone (brought from Pegu). A horse.
- ع. ييل pel, (پيلنا) s. m. Shove, push.
- ब्र. پيل pīlā, (पीत) adj. Yellow. ¶ A species of chanā.
- H. Ly pelā, s. m. 1. A testicle. 2. Fault, oppression. 3. A prop. port.
- P. پيلنان pīl-bān, s. m. An elephant driver, one who has charge of elephants. [phantiasis.
- P. ييليا pīl-pā, adj. Afflicted with ele-
- P. پیلپایه pīl-pāya, s. m. (An elephant's foot; hence) A pillar, column.
- s. ييلك pīlak, (बिह्ना) s. 1. The large black ant. 2. The golden oriole known as the mango bird. 3. (dakh.) Name of a disease. (Jaundice).
- إيلنا على pelnā, (ब्रिन) 1. To shove, to push. 2. To stuff, to cram. 3. To express, to squeeze out. ييل بال بال part. Shoving, pushing, &c.

- a پيلو pīlē, (पिह्य) s. m. The name of a tree. (Salvadora persica; also, in the Dakhan, Careya arborea).
- P. All pela, s. The ball or cocoon which the silkworm forms round itself, the silkworm.
- علي pīlī, (पीत) s. f. A gold-mohur.
- ع. P. پیلی کا آزار pīle kā āzār, (dakh.)

  Jaundice. پیلار ]

  Beyond.
- عليور علي pailiwar, adv. (dakh.) See
- paimā, part. act. (پیمودن) in compos. Measuring a measurer.
- P. پیمانی paiman, s. m. A promise, agreement, confirmation, security, an oath, convention, compact.
- P. منامی paimāna, s. m. 1. A goblet.
  2. A certain dry measure. منامی ایمانه v. a. To fill up the measure of one's age, i. e. To die or kill.
- P. پیمائی paimā-i, s. f. The act of measuring.
- P. پیمردن) s. f. Measurement, land survey.
- P. پیغمبر payam-bar, B. m. See پیمبر
- P. پیمبری payambar-i, s. f. See
- H. پين painė, a. m. A goad (for oxen) adj. m. Sharp. (تيز); cutting.
- ह. الني pīnā, 1. (पान) v. a. To drink; to smoke (tobacco): subst. Drinking, &c. 2. (पियाक) s. m. The dregs or refuse (of linseed, &c.), the oil cake.
- क्रवाtàlis, (गंचचलारिंशत्) ينتاليس عdj. Forty-five. [Forty-fifth.
- ع. ينتاليسوال paintālīs-wān, adj.
- ह. التنين pentānā, (पादांत) s. m. The foot of a bed, the side towards the feet.

- ह پینتیس paintis, (नंचितिंशत्) adj.
  Thirty-five.
- H. uiii penth, s. f. A market.
- हांग्ने pain-jan, (पदरंजन) s. (dakh.)
  An ornament with little bells fastened round the ankles of women or children:
  عایل and خلخال and یایل
- H. Lixing pinjna, v. a. To clean cotton from the seeds.
- ع. پنجنی penjnī, (पदरंजिनी) s. f. Little bells fastened round the feet of pigeons and of children.
- H. Listy painchnā, v. a. To winnow.
- H. Juin pendā, s. m. The bottom (of a vessel, box, pot, ship, &c.); the breech (of a cannon).
- to move.) s. f. l. Pace, step. 2. A rising ground, an eminence.

  A species of the date or palme tree, from the pith of which a nutritious flour may be obtained.
- s. پينس pīnas, (प्तिनस्य) s. m. A disease or suppuration in the nose.
- H. پینس pīnas, (मंजूषा a box) s. f. A chair or litter. A palanquin.
- pinnace. [Sixty-five.
- ह. پنسته paińsath, (पंचप्रष्टि) adj.
- عننک بنین pīnak, (r. T Drink: see پینک s. f. Intoxication and drowsiness or nodding from opium.
- н. پینگنا peng-nā, v. a. (dakh.) To hang, dangle.
- ב. יבי pī'o or pi'u or piyū, (闪기) 1. adj.
  Beloved, dear. 2. s. m. Husband,
  sweetheart, lover.
- इ. پیوژی pe'oṇi, or piyaṇi or peṇṇi,(पीत))
  s. f. A kind of yellow colour (said to

r. تاج tāj, s. m. l. A crown, diadem, tiara. 2. A high crowned cap. 3. A crest, tuft, plume, the comb of a bird. 4. Name of a suit in cards. The pack (محيفة) consists of eight suits (نگئ) each containing twelve circular cards, vis. a king or mir, a wazir, and spots from one to ten. In every suit the mir is the highest card, and the wasir is the second. The suits are بیشبر . divided into two classes: I in which, after the mir and wazir, the highest numbers from 10 to 1 are most powerful. These are 1. -(a cap), 2. زرسفید (a silver coin or the Moon), 3. شمشير (a scimitar). 4. علام (a slave or boy). II. كمبر in which the lowest numbers from 1 to 10 are most powerful. These are 1. (representing a loaf of bread), 2. برات (an oblong inscribed with characters, representing a warrant or assignment), 3. چنگے (a harp), 4. زر سرخ (gold coin or the Sun). The mir of every suit is seated on a throne under a canopy, and the wasir on horseback; with these exceptions. Of zar-i-surkh, the mir represents the Sun mounted on a tiger, and the wasir also rides a tiger: of ghulām, the mīr rides on an elephant, and the wasir on a bullock: and of chang, the wasir is mounted on a camel. adj. (used substantively) A king, an emperor, one who gives away crowns. اجدار s. m. Crowned, one who wears a crown, a king, a prince.

s. m. The comb of a cock; the coxcomb flower.

A. جرا compensating.) part. act. (of تاجر used substantively)

A merchant, trader. (سوداگر)

tāj-war, Possessing a crown;
s. m. A king, a prince.

- P. تاجورى tājwar-ī, s. f. Royalty, sovereignty.
- P. ¿ tākh, s. m. l. A veil. 2. Firewood.
  3. Darkness.
- e. تاخت tākht, (from تاخت) s. f. Assault, attack, incursion, inrode, invasion. تاخت کرنا To assault.
- P. تاخت تاراج ناخت تاراج tākht-tārāj, s. m. Assault and plunder, depredation, devastation. تاخت و تاراج کرنا v. a.

  To ruin, to depopulate.
- A. اخرت tākkīr, (inf. 11. of اخرت from اخرا going back.) a. f. Delay, procrastination, impediment. تأخير To delay, procras tinate, postpone. (آج كل كرنا).
- he became well disciplined.) s. f. Correction, chastisement, amendment, erudition, discipline, admonition.
- P. , ं ter, (तन to stretch) s. m. f. 1. A thread. 2. A wire, the string of a musical instrument, a chord. 3. Darkness, obscurity. 4. The warp or threads placed lengthwise in wearing a piece of cloth. 5. The crown of the head. 6. (dakh.) The hair worm or guinea worm. (nard). 7. The snout, sucking tube or trunk of most winged insects: the horns, antenuæ or feelers of prawns, flies, &c. 8. The hairs of a curl or ringlet. 9. A telegram (تاربرق) To continue or repeat action without interruption. To be disjointed, to be separat-تارکش ,Cobweb تار عنکبوت .ed s. m. A wiredrawer. تارکشی s. f. 1. A kind of needle work. 2. Wiredraw-
- s. الن tārā, (तारा) s. m. 1. A star. 2.

  The apple of the eye. 3. n. prop. The name of the wife of Rājā Bali.

  ار کی (dakh. مکر کرنا) To practise deceit.

- i. e., to get no sleep, to be wakeful.

  1. The starry sphere. 2.

  (dakh.) A sort of fire-works like the لنامند عن under Li but ever and anon stars burst up.
- e. تاراج کونا tārāj, s. m. Plunder, pillage, devastation. تاراج کونا To plunder, to spoil. [piece; distinctly.
- r. قارتار tār-tār, Piecemeal, piece by
- Thread, and قاری نواز فقر توری ای Thread, and تور Break) s. m. A kind of sewing or needlework, open work, pulling out some threads, &c.
- H. تارخ tārakh, s. m. (dakh.) Palate or, roof of the mouth.
- A. الرك tārīk, (from ترك) part. act.

  Leaving, abandoning; a deserter

  الانيا الدنيا الدنيا
- P. تارک tārak, s. m. The crown of the head. 2. A hill, heap, summit.
- dating a letter or, he loosened, travelled: or, rather, from Heb. and Ch. A month) s. f. 1. Date, era, epoch, day (of a month); chronogram. 2. Annals, history.
- era of the Hijra. تاریخ وار adv. Daily, at stated periods.
- P. تاریک tārīk, adj. Dark.
- P. تاریکی tarīk-i, s. f. Darkness.
- tār (নাত) s. m. The Palmyra tree, fan palm. تاڙيهل The gelatinous pulp of the Palmyra nut.
- ing. قارتا عظی s. f. Understanding. قارباز adj. Intelligent, quick of apprehension.
- ਬ. ਪ੍ਰਿੰਧ tāṛṇā, (ਰਫ to strike or hit.) v. a.

- 1. To understand, conceive, comprehend. To examine the correctness (of a pair of scales). 2. To expel. 3. To chastise.
- s. f. The juice (تارّ s. f. The juice of the Palmyra palm tree, palm wine or Toddy.
- ال تاختی) tās, 1. part. act تاختی to run at.) in compos. Running, hastening. 2. s. Assault, attack, race.
- P. قازگی s. f. 1. Freshness. 2. Plumpness, fatness. 3. Tenderness. 4. Pleasure.
- P. كان tāza, adj. 1. Fresh, anew. 2. Fat. 8. Young, green, tender, raw. 4. Happy, pleased. كازة وارك New comer.
- ro run at.) 1. adj. كازى 1. adj. Arabian, or Arabic; Arabian (horse). كازى كتا A greyhound.
- P. تازیانک tāziyāna, s. m. l. A whip, a scourge. 2. Flogging.
- p. تازیک tāsīk, s. m. 1. A horse of mixed breed. 2. An Arabian colt which has grown up in some other country.
- H. تاس täs, s. m. 1. The cards, a game at cards. 2. Brocade: see
- A. تاسف ta'assuf (inf. v. of تاسف he grieved.) s. m. Brooding over affliction, pining, remorse. See
- H. これ され tāsh, s. m. (司田) 1. Cloth of gold, brocade, cloth interwoven with gold or silver thread. 2. Playing cards.
- P. كانك tāfta, s. m. 1. A kind of silk, taffeta. 2. A colour in pigeons and horses, glossy cream colour.
- taqi, l. adj. m. and f. Defective (horse), having the eyes of two different colours. 2. s. f. A kind of hat.

- الله المقلق الم
- any tree growing or trained like a vine, grapes.
- at, to aim, peep, see, spy, watch, view, behold, look for, attend.

wheat.) s. f. l. Confirmation, emphasis. 2. Injunction, ascertaining.
3. Superintendence. تاكيد كن To enjoin strictly to urge, to press, insist.
4. A reminder.

টো tāgā, s. m. (নানুকা) A thread:
(dorā) see টিচ্চ

- g. খাট tālā, (বাতাকা) s. m. A lock.
- P. تالاب tālīb, (司民间) s. m. A pond, a reservoir of water, a tank.
- على مكهان tal-makhīnī, s. m. The seeds of the Solanum Indicum. The name of a medicinal herb (Barleria longifolia).
- e. الله tālū, (ताङ) s. m. 1. The palate, the ridge or slit in the roof of the mouth. 2. A disorder in horses, the lampreys. 3. The crown of the head.

عن النجى) s.f. l. A key. (كنجى) 2. (নাতা) 8.f. l. A key. (كنجى) 2. (নাতা) Clapping of the hands together. قالى ايك هاته سے بجنی is used to express an impossibility. الله بجانا To clap the hands (generally, by way of censure and ridicule); to hoot. قالى مارنا v.a. To hoot, to damn. 3. To rejoice.

TEL. تالی tālī, s. f. (dakh.) A sort of ornament.

- ing together, compilation.) s. f. l. Connecting, uniting in friendship, reconciling. 2. Composition, compilation (of a book, &c.). تاليف كرنا To compile, compose (a book, &c.): to reconcile or join in friendship.
- a. تعلیقه tālīqa, (corrupt. of تعلیقه s. m. An inventory, a catalogue.
- A. di tāmm, (part. act. of di) adj.
  Perfect, entire, complete, full.
- s. Loui tāmbā, (ताम्र) s. m. Copper.
- e. P. تامت گر tāmaṭ-gar, s. m. (dakh.)
  See تانبت گر See
- عنى ع tām-chīnī, s. f. Enamelled
- s. اتامتا tāmṛā, (ताम्र) s.m. A gem of inferior value, of a copper colour. (dakh.) A garnet.
- ed by, or appertaining to, the quality inert, stupid, ignorant. 2. (司甲刊) adj. Affected by, or appertaining to, the quality inert, stupid, ignorant. 2. (司甲刊) s. m. Darkness, illusion, irascibility.
- A. امل امل اونان اونان
- s. ូរ៉េ tīn, (तान to stretch.) s. f. A tune, the key note in music.

- 4. ਪੋਹ tānā, (see ਪੁੰਹ ) v. a. (तिप्नि) To heat, to prove, to assay, to melt.
- 4. სাট tīmbī, (বাস) s. m. Copper.
- ع. ۲. تانبت گر tāmbaṭ-gar, s. m. (dakh.)

  A brazier, coppersmith, plumber,
  worker in lead and pewter, founder.
- H. تانبیل tambel, s. f. (dakh) Tortoise, turtle.
- 2. US tanta, (afa Train line.) s. m.

  1. A string (of camels, horses, &c.), a drove. 2. Row, range, series.
- ing, especially with violent gesticulation. (Particularly applied to the frantic dance of the god Sira and his votaries).
- H. List tanga, s. m. (All to go.) A small two-wheeled car without covering, and on which one person only can sit.
- a. ਹਾਂ tanna, (तनन r. तन Stretch out) v. a. To extend, to stretch, to tighten, to expand, to pull, to knit (the eyebrows.) ننبو تاننا To pitch tents.
- 2. تانى tānī, (r. নিল Stretch out) s. f.
  1. The warp. 2. The price paid for weaving.

- A. تانی ta'annī, (inf. v. of انو) s. f. Delay, procrastination.
- a. ثنیت tānīg, (inf. 11. of انت عند)
  s. f. Feminine gender.
- P. or على القائل القائ
- H. تاو tā'o, s. m. 1. A sheet of paper 2. Proof, trial, essay. 3. Speed.
- 2. ८,८ tā'onā, (तपन or तापन) v. a.
  1. To heat to raise heat by blowing with bellows, to anneal. 2. To prove, to assay. 3. To twist.
- م. تاویل tāwīl, (inf. 11. of اول interpreting) s. f. Explanation, elucidation, interpretation, paraphrase.
- viz. Rice boiled with bari, (वटी), which consists of pulse (Phaseolus radiatus) ground in a wet state, mixed with ginger, pepper, &c. and dried in small lumps.
- ਸ. ਹੀਂ tā'ī, s. f. (dakh.) (ਗੋਰ father.)

  An aunt, paternal uncle's wife, father's elder brother's wife. [elder brother.
- g. US tāyā, s. m. (dakh.) A father's
- n. توبه tū'ib, (from توبه ) part. act. mas. Repenting, penitent. (Fem.

- A. ایل tā'īd, (inf. 11. of ایل he strengthened.) s. f. 1. Aid, assistance, behalf, side, support. 2. Corroboration.
- # ייי tab, adv. 1. (तदा) Then, at that time, so soon. 2. (तत:) Afterwards. ייי דער Till then.
- P. تبار tabār, s. m. 1. People, nation.
  2. Race, tribe, family. شهريار عالى A monarch of an illustrious house.
- الله tabærak, v. Be blessed, bless. تبارك God be blessed.
- 2. अ hall or room with three doors.
- د بناشیر tubāshīr, s. A medicinal sugar (salt) found between the joints of the bamboo, see طباشیر
- P. تبان tabāh, adj. Bad, wicked, depraved, abject, spoiled, ruined, wretched. برباد adj. Ruined. See
- P. تباهى tabāh·ī, s. f. Wickedness, depravity, rain, wreck, perdition.
- a. تبایی tabāyun, (inf. VI. of بین or it became separated.) s. Difference, contradiction, inconsistency.
- A. tabahhur (inf. v. of ; ) s. m. Profoundness in learning.
- s. m. Strutting, walking with a haughty gait or a rolling motion.
- م. تبدل tabbaddul, s. m.
  (inf. v. of بدل changing.)

Change,

a. تبدیل tabdil, s. f. (inf.
11. of بدل changing.)

alteration, difference, transposition.

- تبدیل کرنا To change, to alter.

  Migration.
- P. تبر tabar, s. m. A hatchet, an axe.
- A. تبرکت tabarruk, (inf. v. of برکت He blessed) s. m. 1. Benediction, congratulation. 2. A portion of presents (or what is left of food presented to great men, &c.) given to their dependants; sacred relics.

  (تبرکات) (Plur. تبرکات)
- A. تبركا tabarrukan, adv. As a sacred relic, as a blessing.
- a. برك tabrid (inf. 11. of برك cooling)
  s. f. Cooling, refreshing, a cooler, refrigerant (in medicine).
- P. تبريز tabrīz, n. prop. Name of a city
- A. تبسم tabassum, (inf. v. of بسم)
  s. m. A smile. [dience.
- ه تبعیت tab'iyat, (تبع) ه f. Obe-
- T. Laur tabancha, s. m. A pistol.
- A. تنبی tabanni, (inf. v. of بنی) s. f.
  Adoption.
- P. zu tabah, contract. of su which see.
- इ. نبهى tab-hī, (तदैव) adv. At that very time.
- A. نبين tibyān or tabyān, (بين) عبيل Becoming or making manifest, manifestation.
- s. نت tap, 1. (तप) s. f. Heat, warmth. 2. (तप:) s. m. Devout austerity, religious penance.
- P. تب نمور المجارة ال

الب لرزه s. m. An ague. تب لرزه s. m. An ardent or burning fever. مواظبه A quotidian fever. تب نوبت s. f. An intermittent fever.

- 2. تپاس tapās, (r. तप Shine, burn) s. f.
  1. Sunshine, the sunbeams. 2. Toil, labour.
- teem, regard, love, zeal, ardour. 2. Consternation, affliction, uneasiness.
- P. تپان tapān, part. act. (of تپيدن)
  Palpitating, growing hot.
- ع. النبان tapānā, (तापन or caus. of نبانا)
  v. a. To heat, warm, make glow.
  make another person warm himself at
  the fire or in the sun.
- 8. نبت tapat or tapt, (司田) 1. adj. Hot, warm, fervent. 2. s. f. Heat.
- out on the lips after a fever, the thrush.
- s. نیس tapas, (तपस्) s. (dakh.) Religious austerity, mortification of self, penance.
- 2. تبسی tapsi or tapasi or tapassi,
  (तपस्ती) s. m. A devotee, a performer of austere devotion, an ascetic.
  2 adj. Devout, practising austere devotion.
- s. أيسيا tapasyā, (तपस्या) s. f. Devout austerity, religious penance, devotion.
- P. تپیدی tapish, (from تپش) s. f. l Affliction, agitation, palpitation. 2. Heat, warmth.
- ع. اشية tapashā, s. f. See تبسيا
- ع. تپشی tapashshin, (तपस्विनी) в. 1.

  A female devotee. [See
- ع. تيشى tapashī or tapashshī, в. m.
- عيسية tapashshiyā, s. f. See ليسية

- T. تپک tupak, s. f. A musket; gum
  (توپک) 800 توپک
- P. H. تیکنا بهوری v. n. To throb, to palpitate. لا تیکنا بهوری The throbbing of a phlegmon or boil, when coming to suppuration.
- s. نہی tapan, (तपन r. लप Burn) s. f.
  - 1. Heat, glow, fervour. 2. The sun.
- glorified. 2. To glow, to be heated, to frisk about, to burn with pain or grief.
- P. تبيدن tapidan, s. m. Palpitating, flouncing, agitation, tremour.
- element, a principle, the essence. 2. The real nature of the soul considered as one with the divine spirit.
- s. យ tattā, (নম) adj. Hot, fiery, passionate, furious, outrageous.
- P. تار tatār, s. m. The same as تار
- s. ju tatar, (from jui) s. f. Embrocation, pouring of warm water on a diseased part or cold water on an intoxicated person.
- عارنا على tutārnā, v. a. To embrocate.
- ਭੂ ਪਿੰਘ tatānā, (from ਰੋਸ਼) v. a. To warm.
- A. تنبع لا tatabbu, (inf. v. of تنبع الله followed) s. m. l. Following, imitation. 2. Continuation. تنبع كرنا To search diligently, to explore, to examine, to imitate, ape, mimic.
- H. تتربتر titar bitar or tittar bittar, adj. Dispersed; thrown into confusion.
- H. تتلان tutlānā, v. n. To lisp, to speak imperfectly as a child.
- H. تتلى titlī, s. f. A butterfly.
- H. ننمنا titimbā, s. m. Obstacle, impediment, stratagem. See

- being complete.) An appendix, a supplement, continuation.
- ह. تتر tattwa, (तीच) s.m. Reality, the essential, ersence, element, principle.
  See عنال تت तत्त्वज्ञान s.m.
  Knowledge of divine truth. [day.
- ቋ تنه tith or tithi, (तिथि) s. f. A lunar
- s. ಪ್ರು taļ. (ನಕ್ಕ) s.m. A shore or bank.
- #. تئتتانا taṭtaṭānā, v. (dakh. سخت)
  To give great pain.
- A. 

  tuglig, (inf. II. of three) s. f. l. Trinity, triad. 2. Dividing into three parts. 3. A trine (the aspect of the planets).
- A. ثنى tagniya, (inf. II. of ثنى he doubled) s. m. used adjectively, (द्विवचन) The dual (number).
- ≗ ਜ਼ taj, (বच्) s. f. The bay tree or its bark. Woody cassia.
- used as a singular in Hind.) s. m. A merchant.
- A. تجارت tijārat, s. f. Trade, commerce.
  (بیوپار)
- departed, &c.) s. m. Departing, passing, transgressing, surpassing, excess, deviation, offending, diversity.
- A. مجال tajāhul, (inf. vi. of جبال)

  a. m. Pretended ignorance, connivance, apathy, indifference.

A. مجن tajaddud, (inf. v. of جد) s. m.

(from

A. كيكية tajdīd, (inf. 11.

of جد s. f.

جد) Renewal, novelty.

he جربه tajriba, (inf. 11. of جربه he made trial of.) s. m. Experiment,

- trial, proof, experience, assay, probation. Expert, experienced, conversant in.
- A. اجرك tajarrud, (inf. v. of جرك s. m. Living in solitude, celibacy.
- A. غريد tajrīl, (inf. 11. of جرك) s. f. Separation, solitude, celibacy (properly, rendering solitary).
- A. جزاً tajazzī, (inf v of جزاً s. f. Separating into small pieces, analysis.
- s. m. f. Spying, exploring, search, inquiry, investigation, curiosity, inquisitiveness. تجسس كرن To pry into, to search diligently, to explore.
- Mas manifested, &c.) s. f. Splendour, brilliancy, Lustres, illuminations.
- was beautiful.) s. m. Dignity, pomp, parade, retinue, conveniences.
- e. is tajnā, (याजन) v.a. l. To abandon, to desert, to quit, to leave. 2. (dakh.) To long; desire anxiously, want. 3. Renounce. 4. To divorce (a wife). See
- made homogeneous, kind.) s. f. l. Making of the same kind; resemblance, analogy. 2. Equivocation. 3. Punning to the eye instead of the ear, alliteration. Writing words alike which are pronounced differently, a sort of equivoque in writing; as pul, pal and pil in this couplet of Saudā:

یہ نہو دریا کہ جس سے گذرئے پُلُ باندھکر \* موج چشم عاشقان دے توڑ پُلُ میں پُل کے پُلُ

This is not a river that you can cross by means of a bridge; the waves that arise from the eyes of lovers would demolish a bridge in a moment by their shock.

- Passed, removed) s. f. 1. Approbation, permission. 2. Inquiring into, investigation, considering. 3. Contrivance, sentence, judgment, () determination, trial, scheme.
- tujh, pron. inflect. (of تو Thee; thine, of thee. [Thee, to thee.
- s. \_\_\_\_\_tujh-e, pron. inflect. sing.
- A. جہز taj'hīs, (inf II. of جہز he fitted out a corpse) s. f. (تحمیزو) Arranging and shrouding i.e. burying the dead.) (کفنانا دفنانا) Expediting, arranging, adorning تحمیز لشکر کرنا To raise an army.
- 1. Rarities, curiosities. 2. Presents.
- A. is. m. is beneath.
  - 1. The inferior, part, below, under.
  - 2. Subjection, (اختيار) possession, dominion تحت الثريل s. m. Under

the earth. حت تصرف or تحتّ من عنین s. m. Subjection, dominion.

تحت Jurisdiction. تحت حكومت على adj. Literal. adv. Verbally,

literal translation, interlinear translation. انحت میں لانا To conquer, subjugate, bring under, reduce.

مانى ما taḥtānī, adj Inferior, lower.

he wrote, well). s. f. 1. Writing correctly, writing, description. 2. Manumission. أكريراً for أحريراً ) adj. Written, dated. (Plur. حررت مريرات or تحريرات Euclid's elements.

درص taḥrīṣ, (inf. 11. of حرص)
s. f. Instigation, stimulation.

مریف مع taḥrīf, (inf. 11. of حرف altering.) s. f. 1. Transposition of

- words or letters; an anagram. 2. A clerical error. 3. Tampering. 4. Sharpening and cutting the point of a pen obliquely.
- it moved.) s f. l. Movement, agitation, stimulation, excitement, instigation, temptation, encouragement.
- s. m. The commencement of prayer (as, worldly thoughts are then forbidden).
- s. m. 1. Grieving, regret. 2. Condolence. 3. Lamenting with despair.
- broken, dispersed, overthrown, destroyed, unfortunate. (The last word is significant, the first redundant).
- A. حسن taḥwīn, (inf. 11. of حسن was or become beautiful, &c.) s. f. Approbation, applause, acclamation. To praise, applaud, approve, acclamation, cheers.
- h. مصول taḥsil, (inf. II. of مصول become educated.) s. f. l. Gain, acquisition, profit, attainment, learning.
  2. Collection (particularly, of revenues or rents). Pl. تحصيلات Collections, acquisitions. اتحصيل كرن To acquire, gain, learn, collect (revenue, &c.).
- A. P. عصيلدار taḥṣīl-dār, s. m. A collector, a tax-gatherer.
- A. "Lais" tuhfajāt, s pl. (of kis")
  Rarities, curiosities, presents.
- A. Lie tuhfa, l. s. m. (בּבׁי presenting.) A curiosity, rarity, the best or beauty (of a thing). 2. A present. 3. adj. Rare, excellent, admirable.
- A. عقرت taḥṇr, (inf. 11. of حقارت) s. f. Despising, scorn, neglect.
- was right.) 1. s. f. Ascertaining, investigation, trial, verification, exactness, precision. 2. Truth, certainty. 3. adj. Authentic, ascertained, actual, real,

indubitable, apparent. 4. adv. Truly, indeed. (Plur. المقبقة Inquiry, inquiries, investigation, &c.).

he restrained him.) s. m. l. Commanding, ruling, dominion, power, authority.

2. Usurping authority.

tying.) s. (used generally in compos. with verbs) 1. Dissolving, digestion, concoction, solubility. 2. Making lawful. Marrying a thrice-divorced woman (beyond that it is unlawful).

a. June tahmid, (inf. 11. of J.7)
s. f. Praising God repeatedly.

altered, transferred.) s. f. l. Change, changing, transfer, renovation, return.

2. Passing of the Sun, Moon, or a planet from one sign to another.

3. Trusts, charges, cash; (in) the charge.

(Plur. تصریل تصرف (تحریلات)

a. P. عويلدار toḥwīl-dār, s. m. A cash-keeper, a treasurer.

s. f. A salutation, congratulation, prayer, benediction. (Plur. حيات)

s. m. Amazement, wonder, astonishment. To confound the mind.

s. m. 1. Opposition, being opposed, contention. 2. Enmity.

P. تخت takht, s. m. A throne. تخت المنظمة الم

reign. المنت عند . m. A travelling throne erected on a platform carried on men's shoulders, a throne on which the king is carried. سما المارنا من المارنا المناب ا

P. stakht-gāh, s. f. The royal residence, metropolis, capital.

P. كنة takkta, s. m. 1 A plank, a board; deck (of a ship); drawbridge.
2. A stool, bench. 3. A bier. 4. A sheet of paper. 5. A bed of flowers, &c. كنة نرى s. m. Backgammon, or rather the same as

1. A small plank. 2. A little board like a slate, which children write on. 3. A signet of stone. 4. The breast. 5. (dakh.) A leaf or thin plate of stained glass, agate, topaz or other precious stone with a sentence of the Qurân inscribed or engraven on it, worn hung from the neck by children and others rather as an amulet than as an ornament. adj. Of a throne; ornamented with gold and silver leaf.

A. نویب takhrīb, (inf. 11. of خرب Was desolate) s. f. Devastation, destruction, razing.

he distinguished it) s. f. Particularity, peculiarity, appropriation, reserving for one's self. Determining.

it became less.) s. f. l. Making light, alleviating. 2. Despising. 3. Abbreviating. 4. Alleviation, abatement, relief, remission, abridgment, mitigation, decrease, decay. 5. Softening the pronunciation of letters, or changing one for another euphonise gratia.

To extenuate, mitigate, allay, remit.

- he chose it.) s. m. The titular name assumed by poets; as, Saudā was the takhallus of Mirza Muhammad Rafi\*.
- or lie was or became empty.) s. m. l. Evacuation. 2. Privacy; a private room. 3. Manumission (of a slave). 4. Divorce (of a wife).

A. خصمت tukhma, (from وخم s. m. Indigestion. (بد هضمی)٠

اخمر takhmir, (inf. II. of خمر) 8. f. Fermentation, forming into leaven.

- 1. By guess, by conjecture, by appraisement, hypothetically. 2. Nearly, about. On a rough estimate; on the whole.
- he surmised.) Guess, appraisement, conjecture, valuation. See

A. خوف takhwif, (inf. 11. of خوف s. f. 1. Terrifying. 2. Threatening.

- akhaiyul, (inf. v. of خيال عنيل)

  8. m. 1. Fancying, imagining, supposing. 2. Suspicion. Plur. تخيلات 1. Suspicions. 2. Fancies.
- مدبیر tadābīr, s. plur. of تدابیر
- a. الاخل tadākhul, (inf. vi. of كناخل)
  s. Mutual entrance or insertion.
- مرک tadāruk, (inf. vi. of درک overtaking, visiting with.) s. m. l. Reparation, remedy, an expedient, precaution, provision, preparation (particularly, to obtain justice), in-

vestigation. 2. The instruments and means used to procure justice (as, writings, lawyers, witnesses, &c.). 3. Chastisement, retaliation, infliction of fine or punishment.

- s. f. دوا tadāwī, (inf. vī. of دوا s. f. Administering medicine, cure, healing.
- ing.) s. f. l. Deliberation, counsel, contrivance, expedient, opinion, advice.
  2. Government, regulation, arrangement, order, management, policy, prudence. (Plur. تدبير (تدبيرات s f. Politics.
- P. تذرو s. m. A pheasant (to whose gait that of a nistress is compared).
- step by step.) s. f. Gradation, scale.

  By degrees, gradually.
- s. f. Giving lectures, instruction by means of reading.
- A. تدفیی tadfin, (inf of الفیی). s. f.
  Burial, interment, funeral.
- s. ় টেকার tidhārā, (নিঘার) s. m. l.

  The name of a plant. (Euphorbia antiquorum). 2. The meeting of three streams.
- ছ. ندهر tidhar, (নর) adv. There.
- A. دهن tad'hīn, (inf. 11. of دهی) 8.
  Anointing, besmearing.
- s. 1. Religiousness, constancy in religion. 2. Borrowing, getting into debt.
- م. تذبذب tagabgub, (inf II. of wavering) s. Agitation, commotion, palpitation; vacillation, suspension of judgment, ambiguity.
- P. بنت tagarv, s. m. See يندرو
- nembering) s. m. l. Memory, remembrance. 2. A memoir, billet, sche-

dule, obligation, handwriting 3. Biographical memoirs, life (especially, of poets).

- A. نکر togkir, (inf. II of نکر) s. f. l. Masculine gender. 2. Commemoration, bringing to memory, mentioning, recording, admonishing.
- A. ناست taglīl, (inf. II. of ناست) s.f. Abasement, debasement, depression.
- r. تر adj. l. Moist, damp, wet fresh, green, young, juicy. [dust.
- مراب تراب turāb, s. m. Earth, ground,
- A. تران tarāduf, (inf. VI. of تران الف He followed) l. s. m. Succession. 2. adj. Uninterrupted, carrying double (a horse).
- H. ترارا tarrārā, s. m. Rapidity, flow.
- P. ترازو tarāsū, s. f. (तुला) A scale, a balance, pair of scales. [three.
- tirāsī, (ह्यशीति) adj. Eighty-
- pare.) 1. part. in compos. Cutting; cutter, carver. 2. s. f. Cutting, paring, shape, form, fashion (of clothes, &c.); make; mould; build.
- r. تراش خراش tarāsh-kharāsh, s. f. Shape (particularly, good), neatness of form. (چهيل چهال)
- r. H. تراش tarāshnā, (from تراشنا)
  v. a. 1. To cut, to clip, prune, to hew. 2. To shave. 3. To shape, to cut out. 4. Coin or use (big words).
- P. تراشه tarāsha, s. m. Shaving, paring, splinter, chip, shred, scrap.
- P. تراق tarāq, s. The noise of the snaping of a stone, &c.
- A. تراکم tarākum, (inf. VI. of رکم) s. m.

  Heaping together, the being thickly collected together, accumulation.
- tirānau or ترانو tirānauwe or tirānauwe, (तिनविति) adj. Ninety-three.

- P. تراوش tarāwish, s. f. Distillation, dripping, trickling, exudation.
- 8. قرالا تراه من trāh or trāhi, (ताहि) interj.

  Mercy! save! تراه تراه کرنا To cry
  out for mercy.
- H. ترائی نائی نائی نائی adj. Living in, or near water, waterfowl, water-(spaniel, &c.). ¶ turā'ī (dakh.) The sharp angled cucumber.
- P. ترب turb, s. m. A radish.
- A. تربت had dust on him.) A tomb, a sepulchre.
- P. تربتر tar-ba-tar, adj. Completely wet.

  To drip with wet (but, generally) to be covered with blood.
- P. تربد turbad or turbud or tirbid. s. m. A purgative Indian root, Turbith.
- P. تربز tarbus, s. m. A watermelon. P. تربوز tarbūz,
- ربی tarbiyat, (inf. II. of تربیت ک. He increased) s. f Education, instruction, bringing up, breeding, correction. تربیت پذیر Docile, tractable.
- a. تربینی tri-benī, (त्रिवणी Three braids of hair) s. f. The conflux of three sacred rivers; especially, that of the Ganges, Janunā, and supposed Saraswatī under ground at Ilāhābād, which city is also so named. [three.
- ब ترپی tirpan, (त्रिपंचाशत्) adj. Fifty-
- H. ترينا turapnā, v. a. To sew (in a particular manner), to stitch, to hem.

- tirpauliyū or tripauliyā, (ति
  Three, and پور for پول A door)
  s. m. A building with three doors or arches in a line.
- ع. الربي tirphalā, (Ahtis three fruits)

  s. m. The name of a medicine composed of three myrobalans: or, see

  under اترى بها

e. سه turt or turut, e سهو سه turt phurt, } (त्वरित

from II to make haste.) adv. Instantly, quickly, presently.

- نرتراتا. H. ترتراتا tartarātā, adj. 1. Very greasy.
  2. Dripping with moisture.
- he set in order.) s. f. Arrangement, disposition, order, method. ترتيب To order, arrange, compose, assort, adjust, &c.
- क्रिति : ترتی بهرتی turti-phurti, (विस्ति-स्मृत्ति) adv. Hastily, quickly.

الرجمان tarjumān, s. m. An interpreter.

- A. ترجمه tarjama or tarjuma, s. m.
  Translation, interpretation.
- tarjīḥ, (inf. II. of رجوح the balance inclined.) s. f. Gaining a superiority, preference.

  قرجیے Unreasonable preference
  ترجیے دینا
- A. P. ترجیع بند tarji\*-band, A kind of stansa, in which one line recurs at

- stated intervals. (جوع Return, repetition).
- ब ترجها tirchhā, (तिर्यच) adj. 1. Crooked, across, bent, oblique, awry, askaunt. 2. Perverse. 3. Affected, foolish. ترجهى آنكه كرنا To look angrily, cast unkind looks. ترجهى نظر Leer, ogle, side glance, squint.
- a. ترحم taraḥḥum, (inf. v. of رحم)
  s. m. Pity, compassion, kindness.
- cutting off at the end.) s. f. Abbreviation, contraction, apocope (in grammar).
- ing.) s. m. 1. Irresolution, fluctuation, suspension of judgment, wavering, anxious consideration, trouble (of mind). 2. Debating, rejecting, contrivance. 3. Cultivation.
- s. تردوش tri-dòsh, (तिदोष, ति Three, and दोष Evil, fault) s.m. Effervescence of the three humours, viz. phlegm, bile, and atrabilis.
- A. قرنید tardid, (inf. II. of رئی B. f. Repelling, opposing, rejection. حرف The disjunctive conjunction,
- H. ترس نا tars, s. m. Compassion, mercy.

  To compassionate, to pity.
- r. ترسیدی tars, (河田) s. m. (ترسیدی to fear) Fear, terror.
- e. ترسا tarsā, s. m. A christian, a worshipper of fire, a guebre, a pagan, an infidel. [adj. Fearful, timid.
- P. ترسیدن tarsān, (part. act. of ترسان)
- عرسانا على tarsānā, (河田 to thirst for)
  (caus. of ترسنا) v. a. To cause to long, set agog, to tantalize, to tease.

- tirsath or tirsat, (तिषष्टि) adj. Sixty-three.
- tarasnā, (त्रिण) v. n. 1. To long, to desire auxiously, be agog. 2. To pity. 3. (dakh.) To beseech, crave or desire earnestly. [fied.
- r. ترسناک tars-nāk, adj. Timid, terri-
- s. געשעל tri-sāl, (तिर्हे) s. m. A trident, a three-pointed pike or spear (especially, borne by Siva).
- H. ترسون tarson, adv. The third day past or to come (not including the present, i. e. two days intervening).
- A. ترسیل tarsīl, (inf. II. of رسل) Sending, transmitting.
- P. ترش tursh, adj. 1. Sour, acid, harsh, gruff. 2. Ill-tempered, crabbed. adj. Cynical, morose, surly. stern, ugly. مزاج or مزاج adj. Sour-tempered, harsh.
- exuded.) s. m. Exuding, dropping (as, sweat, &c.). 2. Dripping, distilling. 3. A small rain, misling rain.
- P. H. ترشنا tarashnā, (from ترشنا) v. n.
  To be cut or pared.
- s. ترشنا tṛishṇā, (त्रणा, त्रि to desire.)
  s f. Thirst, ambition, desire, avarice.
  (Pers. تشنة Thirsty).
- To be cut) v. a. To cause to cut or pare.
- P. ترشى tursh-ī, s. f. Sourness, acidity,
  harshness; gruffness. ترشى بادى
  adj. Acid or flatulent (a medical term).
- a. ترصك tarossud, (inf. v. of رعد s. m. Expectation, hope.
- Setting or adorning with jewels; composing so as to give to each word a correspondent of like measure and form.

- مرقب turaqqub, (inf. v. of ترقب)

  8. m. Contemplating, expectation.
- he ascended) s. f. l. Promotion, preferment, advancement, elevation. 2. Increase, improvement. 3. Making progress in learning, proficiency.
- A. رقم tarqīm, (inf. 11. of رقم) s. f. Writing, noting, pointing orthographically, placing the vowel points.
- soldier. 2. A Musalman, properly, a Turk, which in Persian takes many other meanings).
- A. ترکت tark, s. m. (الله he left it)
  Abandoning, abandonment, omission,
  leaving, deserting, abdication.

  الله ترکت کرنا Disrespect. الله ترکت کرنا To
  abandon, forsake, quit, cease, resign.
- P. قركة tark, s. An iron helmet or cap worn in battle.
- ع. تركت turuk, s. m. A Turk. [tables.
- H. ترکاری tarkārī, s. f. Esculent vege-
- r. ترکتاز turk-tas, m. depredation.

  P. ترکتازی turk-tasī, f. \

  s. 1. Inroad,
  depredation.
  2. Feigned
  anger (of a

lover). 3. Walking affectedly or with a tossing about of the body.

- g. تركتا tirkuṭā, (तिकटु) s. m. A mixture of dry ginger, long pepper, and black pepper. [A quiver.
- P. تيركش tarkash, (for تركش) s. m.
- P. H. قرکن turk-an, or turk-in,
  P. H. قرکنی turk-ani, or turk-

- قرك s. f. A Turkish woman.
- s. تركون tri-koṇ, (त्रिकोण) adj. Triangular. (شلث).
- left) The ترکه ای tarika, s. m. ترکه estate of a deceased person. A bequest, a legacy. Inheritance.
- e. ترکهنتی tir-khunṭī, s. f. A trivet.
- P. تركى turkī, 1. adj. Turkish. 2. s. m. A kind of horse. ترکی تمام ہوئی Spoilt, destroyed.
- م. نرکیت tarkib, (inf. 11. of برکیب م overlaid.) s. f. l. Composition, mixture, cement, make, form, fashion, mode, mechanism. ترکیب بند  $\Lambda$  kind of poem. 2. (Gram.) Analysis.
- H. J. tarlā, s. m. 1. A kind of bamboo. 2. adj. Lower, nethermost.
- ड. ترلوچی tri-lochan, (विलोचन having three eyes). s. m. The Hindū deity, an epithet of Shiva.
- tri·lok, m. (तिल्)का, ति Three, and लोक World). s. three worlds, i. e. Heaven, earth, and the regions under the earth; the ترهنتي universe.
- P. ترمتري turumturi, s. f (dakh.) See
- P. ترمداکی turumti, (Pers. ترمداکی) s.m. The name of a hawk.
- tirmirā, s. m. 1. A spot of oil, &c. swimming, or floating on water. 2. An ocular spectrum, or spark appearing before the eye from the internal state of that organ.
- H. Lil, tirmirānā, v. n. l. To vibrate, to dazzle, to thrill. 2. To glisten as grease or oil swimming on water.
- इ. ترمرى tirmiri, (from तिमिर ness.) s. f. Vertigo, darkness. (Perhaps, amaurosis or blindness from disease).
- عرمورت s. tri-mūrti, (तिरोहित) adj. Hid-

- Trinity; the three principal Hindu The Triad. deities.
- ه. ترميم tarmīm, (inf. II. of مرميم Mending) s. f. Mending, repairing.
- s. ترن taruṇ, (तर्ण) adj. juvenile, adult. See جوان
- s. ترن taraņi, (r. तृ Cross, traverse) 1. (ন্য্णি) s. m. The sun. 2. s. f. boat. 3. taran (तरण) s. m. over; escaping, being saved. 4. One who is saved or delivered.
- مرج turunj, s. m. (ترج) A citron.
- r. ترنجبین or ترنجبین taranjubin or tarangubin, or taranjabīn or tarangabīn, s. m. 1. Manna (produced from the Hedysarum alhagi). 2. (by this name some call) Honey mixed with تروندا ] lime-juice, &c.
- ع نرندا ع tironda, s. (dakh.) A buoy. See
- s. ਫ਼ਿਲਾਂ tarang, (तरंग) s. s. l. Wave, emotion. 2. Whim, conceit, fancy, caprice. 3. Becoming state and dignity. 4. Transport, rapture. Whim,
- e ترنگ turang, (त्रा) s. m. A horse.
- A. ترنم tarannum, (inf. v. of ترنم) s. m. A song, modulation. [a scimitar.
- क्र turwār. (तरवारि) s. f. A sword,
- P. قروتاز tar-o-tāza, adj. New, fresh and ripe; quite fresh, cheerful.
- P. تروتازكي tar-n-tāsa-gī, s. f. Newness, freshness.
- عروريا يع tarıcariyā, (تروار) s. m. 1. A sword. 2. A swordman, a fencer.
- g. تروندا عا tiraundā, تروندا Water) s. m. A buoy, beacon.
- يروندا ع. tironda, s. m. (dakh.) [den, concealed.

mit, consign: to salute (most respectfully), to make obeisance, to homage, to do homage. تسليم هونا To be resigned or committed.

- P. هست tasma, s. m. A thong, a strap of leather. (Often worn round the loins). اتسمه کهنایت To strangle
- مهمو tasmiya, (inf. II. of سمو or s. m. Nomination, giving a name to; the bismi-l-lāh, &c. (used by Muhammadans at the beginning of any act or work).
- a. نسنت tasannun, (inf. v. of سنت)
  s. m. The being or becoming a Sunni.
- A. تسنیم tasnīm, (from سنم) 8. A water or fountain of paradise.
- H. تسو tassū, s. m. An inch.
- 1. Making black. 2. The draught of a letter, &c., a rough copy, a sketch, a plan, delineation.
- A. سہل tas'hīl, (inf. II. of سہل) s. f. Making easy, facilitating.
- A. تشأبغ tashābuh, (inf. VI. of شبغ s. m. Similitude, resemblance, likeness.
- تشریف tashārīf, s. plur. of تشاریف
- a. تشاكل tashākul, (inf. vi. of شكل)
  s. m. Mutual resemblance.
- A. تشبته tashabbuh (inf. v. of شبه s. m. Resemblance, similitude.
- A. تشبیه الله tushbīh, (inf. II. of شبه made like it.) s. f. A simile, comparison allegory, metaphor. حرف تشبیه دینا

  Adverb of similitude. تشبیه دینا

  To assimilate, liken, compare.
- s. m. Dispersion, distraction, separation. [small plate, a saucer.
- H. تشترى tashtarī, s. f. A salver, a
- tashakhkhus, (inf. v. of شخص) s. m. Identifying, particularizing, appropriation.

- it was individuated) s. f. l. I guishing perfectly, ascertainmer word much used by physicians, note their having ascertained the order of a patient, &c.). 2. Valuascertain (a disease).
- tensified it.) 1. s. m. Seizin holding firmly or by force, sh vehemence or severity. 2. adj. S robust, corroborated, confirmed.
- 1. Consolidating, corroboration Putting the orthographical tashdid, (") over letters, which notes that they should be pronted double. 3. The name of the chaitself.
- s. m. l. The ordinances of a pr particularly the laws of Muha: 2. Acting agreeable to those or ces.
- s. f. l. Explanation, declaration Anatomy, dissecting a body.

  Anatomist. 3. Declaration
- A. نشریف tashrif, (inf. 11. of became exalted.) s. f. 1. (your your worship) Honouring, ex 2. Investing with a splendid مناف ارزانی فرمانا and اززانی فرمانا (mean simply) To go come. فرمانا To go تشریف لانا To come, i. e., to with one's presence (never sone's self, except by a king).
- المريك tashrik, (inf. II. of د نشريك ما
- s. Associating with, communi-A. تشفّ tashaffi, (inf. v. of
  - s. f. l. Consolation. 2. Beccalm (after anger), calmness, sation (of mind).

- s. m. The cramp, convulsion, spasm, twitching. [Temptation.
- P. تشنگی tishna-gī, s. f. 1. Thirst. 2.
- منے tashni,\* (inf. 11. of شنے taunt.) s. f. Disparaging, slandering, taunting, reproach. See.
- فوش tashwish, (inf. II. of شوش
  became perplexed.) s. f. l. Confusion.
  Distraction. 3. Anxiety, grief, disquietude, alarm, apprehension.
- الشهادت tashahhud, (inf. v. of شهادت s. m. 1. Making a profession of religious sentiments. 2. Avowing belief in the unity of the deity and the mission of Muhammad.
- published abroad.) s. f. Proclaiming, publishing, reciting in public. 2. Marking a criminal, public exposure (of a criminal, &c. by carrying him on an ass, &c. through the city).
- s. m. Ostentatious pretence to, or display of rank or dignity.
- A. نشیع مذهب tashaiyu²-maghab,
  1. Heresy. 2. The sect of shī'a, followers of Alī. See هلية
- مان tashaiyun, (inf. v. of شان tashaiyun, (inf. v. of mix tas
- 8. نشیت tishya, (तिष्य) s. m. The
- s. m. Ascending, becoming difficult.

- م. نصانیف taṣānīf, s. plur. (of نصنیف) Literary compositions.
- من تصویر taṣāwīr, s. plur. (of تصاویر or, or, pictured) Pictures, portrait, image, &c.
- was restored to soundness.) s. f. Rectification, correction, emendation, verifying, illustrating, attestation, putting in order.
- taṣ'ḥiḥ-a, s. m. Muster.

  The office in which the horses taken up for service are marked.
- s. f. 1. Making an error in writing.

  2. Writing. 3. Changing the discritical points so as to alter the pronunciation and meaning of a word.
- A. تصدق tasadduq, (inf. v. of مدن he said true.) s. m. l. Giving alms (particularly, with a religious view).
  2. Alms. 3. Sacrificing, sacrifice, devoting. (Plur. تصدقات) وتصدقات To devote, to sacrifice.
- A. تصدیع taedin, (inf. 11. of علی split) s.f. 1. The headache. 2. Affliction, trouble, annoyance, vexation, toil, perplexity. تصدیع دینا To incommode, trouble, vex, tease, plague, annoy.

  To take the trouble.
- مدی تصدیق taṇdīq, (inf. 11. of مدی مدی مدین truth) s. f. Verifying, attesting, verification, acknowledging as true, appeal تصدیق بلا تصور Presupposition.
- s. m. 1. Possession, use, sway. 2. Expenditure, disposal, embezzlement, extravagance. تصرف or تصرف من To take or get possession of. to apply to one's own purpose, em-

- s. تروینی tri-reṇī, त्रिवेणी s. f. See
- P. قرد نروش tara, s. m. Garden-herbs, pottage, greens. تره فروش A green-grocer.
- P. ترة تيز ara-tes, عرة تيز على على العاد التيز على العاد التيز على العاد التيز التيزك P. كان التيزك التيز
- H. ترهى turhī, s. f. A trumpet, a clarion.
- H. ترثى tura'i, s. f. l. The name of a kind of cucumber. 2. A musical instrument.
- P. ترى tar-i, s. f. 1. Moisture, freshness, water (in opposition to dry land).
  2. Sugar. ترى سے adv. By water.
- ع. تریابید tiriyā or triyā, (南) s. f. A woman, maid, female, wife. تریابید

  The science of women, knowledge of woman. تریاچرتر (南司(南) s. m.

  Female wiles. تریاری (南司(जि))

  Amazon country, petticoat government.
- in Hindustan it always means) opium.
  2. An antidote. 3. A remedy for every disease.
- A. تریاق فاروق tiryāq-fārāq, s. m. The name of a medicine, an antidote to poison.
- ترياق tiryāk, s. m. See ترياك P.
- H. تريتا tarerā, s. m. The falling of water from a spout, or from any height.
- P. ترین tarin, l. A particle added to adjectives, to form the superlative degree; most, very. 2. adj. Moist, fresh, good.
- عريندا ع. tirendā, (r. वि Float) s. m. A float.
- tar, s. m. l. Party, division, faction. 2. (तड) An imitative sound.

- H. נّן tarā. s. m. An island.
- H. اتت tarākū, s. m. The sound of striking.
- ع التو الله turānā, (caus. of توانا) v. a. To cause to break, to change (money).
- H. تَّرْبُ اللَّهُ tarap, (from تَرُبُّ اللَّهُ) s. f. Haste, hurry, outrageousness, explosion, fury, leap, jump.
- H. تَرْبُنا taṛpānā, (causal of تَرْبُنا) v. a
  l. To put in great agitation. 2. To cause to flutter or stumble.
- H. ترين v.n.1. To flutter, palpitate, fluence, be agitated, writhe, jump, spring, bound, wriggle, quiver, vibrate, toss. 2. To be very desirous about anything. 3. To thirst after, to be dying for.
- H. تربي taraph, (from تربي) s. f. Agitation, tossing about, palpitation.
- تر پانا دی tarphānā, v. a. Bee ترپهانا
- H. تربية tarpharānā, v. n. To flutter, . to palpitate
- H. تر پهراهت tarpharahat, (from il اتر پهرانا ) s. f. Act of fluttering, palpitation.
- H. ترس taras, s. m. (dakh.) The hyena (male).
- P. H. ترکیدن) v. n. To be cracked, to be split.
- الترك tipik, s. f. (dakh.) Great pain (اسخت درد)
- H. اترك tarkā, s. m. Dawn of day. adv. In the morning early, at dawn of day.
- P. H. ترکیدی) v. n. To be cracked, be split, burst, crack, gape, cleave.
- a. اتوڙنا turwānā, (causal of توڙنا) v. a.
  To cause to break.
- H. " tarwar, s. (dakh.) Name of a shrub the bark of which is used in tanning, as the seeds and leaves are used medicinally by the native practitioners.

tuzuk, s. m. 1. Retinue, pomp. lation, ordinance, institute.

taskiya, (inf. 11. of زکی) 8.

1g, sanctifying: justifying (by es), approving.

azalzul, (inf. 11. of زُلُولًا) s. m. 1. tion, agitation, trepidation. 2. hquake.

tazwij, (inf. 11. of (inf. 11.

azwir, (inf. II. of j) s. f. ire, deceit, stratagem, lie.

taz'īn, (inf. II. of زینت)
ressing one's self, decoration,
at, honour, jewel.

tis, inflect. pron. (from قون Sans. तिस्त्र) That, which, of s, &c. تسپر Besides, over and moreover yet, nevertheless, en, after that, thereon, whereat. Thereon, nevertheless, l.

tasāmuḥ, (inf. VI. of Aw)

Reciprocal indulgence, mudness and forgiveness, conni-

2. Double meaning. ت tasāwī, (inf. vi. of سوى

[ual) s. f. Similarity, same-[uality, neutrality.

soft, easy.) s. m. 1. Connivpardoning. 2. Carelessness, remissness.

He with the set of praising to a Hindu rosary). He hads plied to a Hindu rosary).

ght him under.) s. f. l. Image of an evil spirit. 2. Taking g hold, subduing, captivating,

Captivating of hearts.

antment,

s. f. 1. Dividing into six parts. 2. A sextile aspect of the stars.

tasar, (त्रसर) s. m. A kind of coarse silk, the produce of a particular worm (Bombyx paphia) that feeds on the āsan found wild in many parts of India (Terminalia alata tomentosa), &c.

مطر tastir, (inf. 11. of سطر)
5. f. Delineating, writing.

السع ده tis?, adj. Nine.

A. سكن taskin, (inf. 11. of سكن Was quiet, allayed, remained) P. f. Consolation, comfort, pacifying, تسكير adj. Assuasive, mitigating, consolatory; an anodyne. See

H. Mindus to dress their victuals.

rippled like a chain) s m. l. Connecting like a chain, concatenation, association of ideas, infinite series, succession. 2. Flowing (as, of water).

A. Luis tasallut, (inf. v. of Luis He ruled) s. m. Domination, sway, absulute rule, commanding despotically.

safe.) s. f. l. Delivery, consignmentsurrender, resignation. 2. Recommending to the care or protection of,
another. 3. Saluting most respectfully, homage, obeisance, touching the
ground with the fingers and then
making salām. 4. Health, security.

(Plur. السلامات عالانا \* نسلامات عالیا \*

To make obeisances, to salute. الماليات كان To resign, surrender, cede, com-

mit, consign: to salute (most respectfully), to make obeisance, to homage, to do homage. تسليم هون To be resigned or committed.

- P. هست tasma, s. m. A thong, a strap of leather. (Often worn round the loins). انسمه کهنایت To strangle
- or سمو tasmiya, (inf. 11. of سمو or s. m. Nomination, giving a name to; the bismi-l-lāh, &c. (used by Muhammadans at the beginning of any act or work).
- منت tasannun, (inf. v. of سنت)
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- H. تسو tassū, s. m. An inch.
- 1. Making black. 2. The draught of a letter, &c., a rough copy, a sketch, a plan, delineation.
- a. تسہیل tas'hīl, (inf. 11. of سہل) 8. f.
  Making easy, facilitating.
- A. تشابع tashābuh, (inf. VI. of شبع similitude, resemblance, likeness.
- قشریف tashārīf, s. plur. of تشاریف
- a. شكل tashākul, (inf. vi. of شكل)
  s. m. Mutual resemblance.
- A. کشت tashubbuh (inf. v. of کشت) s. m. Resemblance, similitude.
- A. نشبیه الله tushbīh, (inf. 11. of شبه made like it.) s. f. A simile, comparison allegory, metaphor. حرف تشبیه دینا

  Adverb of similitude. تشبیه دینا

  To assimilate, liken, compare.
- s. m. Dispersion, distraction, separation. [small plate, a saucer.
- H. تشترى tashtarī, s. f. A salver, a
- A. تشخص tashakhkhus, (inf. v. of شخص) s. m. Identifying, particularizing, appropriation.

- it was individuated) s. f. 1. Distinguishing perfectly, ascertainment. (A word much used by physicians, to denote their having ascertained the disorder of a patient, &c.). 2. Valuation.

  3. Assessment.
- he intensified it.) 1. s. m. Seizing and holding firmly or by force, shewing vehemence or severity. 2. adj. Strong, robust, corroborated, confirmed.
- A. نشک tashdid, (inf. II. of شک) s. f.

  1. Consolidating, corroboration. 2.
  Putting the orthographical mark

  tashdid, (") over letters, which denotes that they should be pronounced double. 3. The name of the character itself.
- A. تشرع tusharru (inf. v. of شرع)
  s. m. 1. The ordinances of a prophet particularly the laws of Muhammad.
  2. Acting agreeable to those ordinances.
- A. تشریح tashriḥ, (inf. II. of تشریح)
  s. f. l. Explanation, declaration.
  2. Anatomy, dissecting a body.
  نشریح Anatomist.
  3. Declaration.
- became exalted.) s. f. 1. (your honor, your worship) Honouring, exalting. 2. Investing with a splendid tobe. المريف ارزاني فرمانا and تشريف ارزاني فرمانا (mean simply) To go or to come. للجانا To go, and الشريف لانا To come, i. e., to honour with one's presence (never said of one's self, except by a king).
- ا شرکت tashrīk, (inf. 11. of شریک)
  - s. Associating with, communicating.
- A. قشفی tashaffī, (inf. v. of تشفی
  - s. f. l. Consolation. 2. Becoming calm (after anger), calmness, satisfaction (of mind).

- s. m. The cramp, convulsion, spasm, twitching. [Temptation.
- P. تشنگی tishna-gī, s. f. 1. Thirst. 2.
- To make thirsty: (شنه کرنا Blood-thirsty. تشنه کرنا To make thirsty: (met.) to create desire, to tempt. مثنه کام adj. Thirsty. خون عربا علم عربا عربا علم عربا عربا علم عربا عربا علم عربا عربا علم عربا
- tashni,\* (inf. 11. of شنع taunt.) s. f. Disparaging, slandering, taunting, reproach. See.
- فوش tashwish, (inf. 11. of شوش
  became perplexed.) s. f. l. Confusion.
  2. Distraction.
  3. Anxiety, grief, disquietude, alarm, apprehension.
- المبادت tashahhud, (inf. v. of شهادت) s. m. 1. Making a profession of religious sentiments. 2. Avowing belief in the unity of the deity and the mission of Muhammad.
- published abroad.) s. f. Proclaiming, publishing, reciting in public. 2. Marking a criminal, public exposure (of a criminal, &c. by carrying him on an ass, &c. through the city).
- a. نشیخ tashaiyukh, (inf. v. of شیخ)
  a. m. Ostentatious pretence to, or display of rank or dignity.
- A. نشیع مذهب tashaiyu\*-maghab,
  1. Heresy. 2. The sect of shī'a, followers of Alī. See هیمته
- s. m. Displaying of state, dignity, ostentation. [eighth lunar mansion.
- s. ಮೂಪ tishya, (तिष्य) s. m. The
- s. m. Ascending, becoming difficult.

- A. تصانیف taṣānīf, s. plur. (of نصنیف) Literary compositions.
- مصویر taṣāwīr, s. plur. (of تصاویر or, or, pictured) Pictures, portrait, image, &c.
- was restored to soundness.) s. f. Rectification, correction, emendation, verifying, illustrating, attestation, putting in order.
- tas'hih-a, s. m. Muster.

  المان خلامات خال The office in which the horses taken up for service are marked.
- s. f. 1. Making an error in writing.

  2. Writing. 3. Changing the discritical points so as to alter the pronunciation and meaning of a word.
- A. تصدق taṣadduq, (inf. v. of صدق he said true.) s. m. l. Giving alms (particularly, with a religious view).
  2. Alms. 3. Sacrificing, sacrifice, devoting. (Plur. تصدیق کرنا To devote, to sacrifice.
- aplit) s.f. 1. The headache. 2. Affliction, trouble, annoyance, vexation, toil, perplexity. تصدیع دینا To incommode, trouble, vex, tease, plague, annoy.

  To take the trouble.
- مدی تصدیق tandiq, (inf. II. of تصدیق truth) s. f. Verifying, attesting, verification, acknowledging as true, appeal تصدیق بلا تصور Presupposition.
- a. نصرف tasarruf, (inf. v. of نصرف)

  s. m. 1. Possession, use, sway. 2.

  Expenditure, disposal, embezzlement,
  extravagance. تصرف من من To take or get possession of.
  to apply to one's own purpose, em-

bezzle, occupy. Plur. تصرفات (in general acceptation for) The sum total of expenses.

- مرح tasrih, (inf. 11. of تصریح became clear) s. f. Evidence, manifestation, explanation, narration. See
- مرف taṣrīf, (inf. 11. of صرف changing) s. f. l. Conjugation, declension, inflection (in grammar). 2. Changing, turning, converting.
- مغر taṣghīr, (inf. 11. of صغر Was small) s. f. Diminution, a diminutive noun.
- s. f. Crucifixion, making hard.
- A. تصمير taṣmīm, (inf. II. of صر) 8. f. Resolve, determination, intention.
- A. عنت tasannu<sup>\*</sup>, (inf. v. عنت wrought, forged.) s. m. Making a show of art, pretending to an art, speciousness.
- منف taṣnīf, (inf. 11. of منفف formed.) s. f. Invention, composition, writing (of a book, &c.). (Plur. تصنیف or تصنیف (تصانیف To compose, write (a book, &c.).
- became pictured.) s. m. Imagination, meditation, idea, conception, apprehension. تصور کرنا To imagine, to fancy, to regard.
- s. m. The theology of the sufus or mystics of the east; mystery, contemplation. (bedant.)
- مورث tanor, (inf. 11. of صوير pictured.) s. f. A picture, portrait, an image. تصوير خانه A picture gallery. تصوير كهينچنا or تصوير بنانا To draw, &c. to paint.

- A. نضل taṣādd, (inf. VI. of ضف) s. m. Contradiction, contrariety, absurdity, inconsistency.
- A. تضحیک taş'hāk, (inf. 11. of خحک He laughed) s. f. Mocking, derision. ridicule.
- فرع \* taṣarru\*, (inf. v. of ضرع)
  s. m. 1. Supplication. 2. Lamenting.
- a. تضعیف taṣ'i²f (inf. 11. of ضعف)

  s. f. Doubling, increasing. Making weak.
- s. f. 1. Giving satisfaction for an injury. 2. Comprehending or including one thing in another. 3. Inserting the verses of another in one's own poem. 4. Giving security. 5. Intrusting with another. 6. Lending on interest. 7. Putting in a purse or strong box. تفميل كرا To insert the verses of another in one's own poem, making the one correspond with the other.
- A. نضيع taṣi², (inf. 11. of ضيع)

  A. نضيع taṣyī², s. f. Spoiling,

  wasting, idling (away time).

  تضيع Idling away time; ennui,

  weariness. Defacing.
- a. طبق takabuq, (inf. vi. of طبق) s. m. Similarity, congruity, concurrence, analogy, cohesion, according.
- s. m. Usurpation, tyranny, conquest, rudeness, insolence. Treachery.
- a. نطبیق tatbiq, (inf. 11. of طبق) s. f.
  1. Comparing, likening. 2. Drawing up in line, or making to confront (as, two armies).
- a. نطول tatwil, (inf. 11. of طول) s. f. Extending, lengthening, prolongation, stretching out, prorogation.
- at'hīr, (inf. 11. of طهارت tat'hīr, (inf. 11. of طهارت)

  8. f. Purification, purgation, sanctification. Washing (with water).

- a. ظلم tagallum, (inf. v. of ظلم) s. m. Groaning under oppression, complaining of injustice, injury, oppression.
- a. عرف taāruf, (inf. vi. of عرف)

  s. m. 1. Mutual acquaintance. 2.

  Rule, fashion, custom.
- coming after one.) s. m. l. Pursuit. 2. Persecuting. 3. Alternate succession, following.
- م. منال الله ta'āl allāh, interj. Good! God! God! Bravo!
- علو ta'ālṣ̄, (from علو) adj. Most high. مال The most high God.
- A. عون ta'ūwun, (inf. vi. of عون) s. m. Assistance, conspiring.
- A. Labour, lassitude, weariness, toil, trouble.
- A. تعبیر ta\*bīr, (inf. 11. of عبیر He passed over) s. f. l. Explanation, interpretation (particularly, of dreams). 2.

  Attribute, quality. تعبیر گو s. m.

  An interpreter of dreams.
- s. m. 1. Arrangement, disposition. 2
  Drawing up of an army. 3. Inlaying.
- wonder.) s. m. Wondering, admiration, surprise. (LA)
- s. f. Agility, haste, despatch, expedition, urge, press.
- مدل المنافظ ا
- s. Exceeding in number, plurality, number, a specified sum.
- عدو ta'addi, (inf. v. of عدو passed from it.) s. f. Extortion, exorbitancy, oppression, cruelty. (Gram.)

  Causation. (زبرلستی)
- A. مَذْر inf. v. of عَذْر s. m. Apology. Arab. plur. تعذرات

- A. نعذیر ta<sup>n</sup>zīr, (inf. 11. of عذر ) s. f. Apologizing, subterfuge, excuse. (Little used).
- s. m. Resisting, preventing, hinderance, obstacle, opposition, impediment. Arab. plur.
- A. تعرف ta'arruf, (inf., v. of عرف)
  - s. Instructing, notifying, inquiring.
- s. f. 1. Enlarging. 2. Making conspicuous. 3. Rendering obnoxious.
  4. Ambiguity in speech or hinting at a subject obscurely, insinuation of evil.
  5. Rendering intricate. 6. Making writing illegible. 7. Not dressing meat sufficiently. 8. Opposing, objecting. 9. Barter, exchange of one commodity for another.
- knew) s. f. l. Explanation, description. 2. Praise, commendation. 3.

  Assertion. المجهول بالمجهول بالمجهول المجهول المجهول بالمجهول المجهول المجهول المحبول ا
- عزی ta\*siyat, (inf. II. of عزی عزی he enjoined patience.) s. f. Condolence, lamentation, mourning. تعزیت s. m. Letter of condolence.
- A. تعزیر ta<sup>8</sup>zīr, (inf. 11. of عزر) s. f.
  Punishment, reproof, reprimand.
- A. تعزیل ta\*sīl, (inf. 11. of عزل) s. f.
  Removing or deposing from an office.
- s. m. l. See تعزيت 2. It is become the name of the representation of the tomb of Hasan and Husain, which is thrown into the river at the anniversary of the muḥarram. تعزيد خانه s. m.

The place of tarsiya. تعزیم داریاگیر
One who observes the mourning in

- muḥarram: and, تعزیه داری s. f.
  The observance of it. تعزیه لینا
  To observe the mourning during the muḥarram, to go into mourning.
- s. m. Being or falling in love, making love.
- twisting, aiding one's party.) s. m. Prejudice for or against, bigotry, superstition, religious persecution.
- without ornaments, vacant, unoccupied.) s. f. l. Abandoning, neglecting. 2. Rendering useless. 3. Laying waste. 4. A holiday, vacation. (Friday is the تعطيل كا روز of Muhammadan school boys.)
- a. تعظیم ta sim, (inf. 11. of عظم became great) s. f. Reverence, respect, honour, treating with ceremony and respect, gentility, politeness.
- نعفی ta'affun, (inf. v. of عفی stink)
   s. m. Stink, fetor, fetidness. (باس)
- a. بقت ta'aqqub, (inf. v. of بقت)
  s. m. Punishment, chastisement.
- A. تعقید talqid, (inf. 11. of عقد)

  Knotting together, causing to unite.
- A. تعقیر ta<sup>q</sup>qīr, (inf. 11. of عقر) 8.
  Wounding much.
- A. نعقل ta'aqqul, inf. v. of نعقل s. m.
  1. Understanding, perceiving. 2. Informing.
- it hung to it.) s. m. 1. Relationship.

  2. Connexion, concern, dependence, property, possession, appertaining. 3. Consideration, reflection. 4. Commerce, correspondence. 5. A manor, lordship.
- معلق تعلقات ta'alluqāt, s. plur. of تعلقات كانيوى Worldly cor cerns.

- A. P. تعلقة ta'alluqa-jūt, s. plur. (of salar) Lordships (of land), manors.
- A. مقلق ta'alluqa, (see تعلق) s.m. l. Connexion, relationship. 2. Possession of land, fee, manor, lordship, a subdivision of a sessor of an estate, a lord of a manor, landlord, feoffee.
- علت ta'allul, (inf. v. of علت)

  s. m. Procrastination, excuse, objection.
- he علم ta'allum, (inf. v. of علم he knew it.) s. m. 1. Learning. know-ledge, being taught. 2. Study.
- a. علو tu'alli, (inf. v. of علو) s. f.
  Highness, eminence, exalting one's self, appearing conspicuous.
- a. علق ta<sup>\*liq</sup>, (inf. II. of علق) s.m.

  1. A kind of writing (the Arabic characters) used by the Persians. 2. Suspension. 3. Delaying.
- An inventory (of property); a list of articles.
- diverting; altering) s. f. l. Causing one to make an excuse, occasioning.
  2. Changing one of the weak letters for another, changing of vowels, (in grammar). Plur.

  - s. m. l. Deepness. 2. Penetrating, going deep into anything.
- A. نعمیل ta<sup>e</sup>mid, (inf. 11. of كه) s. f. 1.

  Propping up. 2. Baptizing.
- he dwelt.) s. f. 1. Rebuilding, building, structure, repairing. 2. Making a

place habitable, productive and populous. (Plur. تعمير كرنا وتعميرات To build. تعمير هونا

- A. Jase ta<sup>2</sup>mil, (inf. 11. of Js performed) s. f. Causing to act, putting in force (a decree, &c. in law), execution (of an order), performance.
- 1. Act of rendering blind. 2. Concealing the meaning of a sentence or discourse. (Generally applied to a chronogram after the manner of abjad, when the clause, which should give the date, fails in accuracy, and the excess or defect is obscurely indicated by another word. Ex. gr. از حوض العيف آب بردار المعالم Draw water from the pellucid cistern. The letters in substracting those of العيف العنف العن
- A. عون ta²wīz, (inf. 11. of عون fleeing for refuge.) s. m. 1. Having recourse to the deity, asking protection. 2. A charm, an amulet. (جنتر)
- a. تعویق ta<sup>\*wiq</sup>, (inf. II. of عوق) s. f. Suspending, suspension, preventing, delaying, averting.
- A. عبك ta'ahhud, (inf. v. of عبك s. m. l. Agreement, engagement. 2. Rent.
- ميش ta aiyush, (inf. v. of عيش)
  m. l. Rejoicing. 2. Procuring a livelihood by labour and industry.
- appointed.) s. m. Manifestation, appointing, appointment, establishing, establishment, assigning, deputing.
- inf. II. of تعییی نمین ta'in, (for تعییی inf. II. of عیی) s. m. Appointing, deputation, appointment. تعیی کرنا To appoint.
- a. تعيينات ta'ināt (for تعيينات) s. m. Appointments, appointment, business, (dakh.) A garrison.

- A. تعین ta'aiyunāt, s. plur. (of تعین)
  Appointments.
- h. تعیناتی ta'īnāt-i, s. f. The object or business of an appointment, &c. tour of service. attendance, duty.
- r. تغار taghār, s. m. A tub, bucket, trough, pail, platter.
- P. تغارى taghār-ī, s. f. A small tub, a kneading—trough, or bucket.
- a. غفلت taghāful, (from تغافل neglecting.) s. m. l. Negligence, indifference, inadvertency. 2. Being absorbed as in sleep, &c. تغافل شعار adj. Careless, inattentive. تغافل شعار s. f. Inattention, carelessness.
- A. تغایر taghāyur, (inf. vi. of غیر)
  B. m. Difference, diversity.
- A. تغذية taghsiya, (inf. 11. of اغذ) s m. Food, nourishment.
- a. نغلت toghallub, (inf. v. of غلب overpowering.) s. m. Taking advantage, cheating, imposition, forgery, falsification, embezzlement. (غبن).
- n. تغلبی مین taghallub-i, se Embezzlement, adulteration. تغلبی کرنا To adulterate, counterfeit, forge.
- A. تغنى taghannā, (inf. v. of نغنى 8. f. Singing, cooling, celebrating a mistress in verse, contentment.
- destroying) s. f. Alteration, change. adj. Changed, discharged, dismissed.

  To remove, dismiss, discharge (from office), alter. تغیر هونا v. n. To be altered, removed or dismissed, to alter. ¶ taghaiyur (inf. v.) s. m. Change, alteration, removal.
- م تغیر taghīrāt, plur. of تغیر م
- a. H. تغيرى taghīr-ī, s. f. The state of alteration of papers or change, revolution, discharge, dismission, disgrace, deposition.

- مناير tughyir, s. f. See تغيير
- P. iii tuf, s. m. 1. Spittle, saliva. 2. Execration, curse. Intj. Tush!
- P. نف taf, s. m. f. Vapour.
- afākhur, (inf. vi. of فخر s. m. Boasting among themselves, vaunt.
- A. قوق tafāruq, (inf. vi. of فرق s. m. Division, separation, dissension.
- distance) (see انتر النر) 1. s. m. Distance.
  2. Difference, distinction, contradiction, disparity. 3. adj. Distant, separate, away, absent.
- A. فال tasawul, (inf. vi. of فال s. m.
- P. تفته tafta, (for تفته part. pass. of الله part. pass. of الله 1. adj. Hot, burning, melted, (Plur. تفتكان) 2. s m. Quick lime.
- examining, searching.) s. f. Examination, inquiry, search, investigation.
- s. m. فجر tafajjur, (inf. v. of فجر s. m. Suppuration, bursting forth.
- s. m. Investigation, inquiry, search, disquisition, scrutiny, demanding information.
- s. m. Pride, boasting, arrogance.
  - Recreation, amusement, relaxn. m. f mind, to amuse one's self.
- A. تفری tafarruḥ (inf. v. of نرح)

  ire, ease, refreshment.
  s. m. Leisu.
- a. تفرست tafarril, (inf. v. of تفرس)
  s. m. l. Intellige indging from phydiscernment. 2. J. siognomy.
- a. قرق tafriqa (inf. H. o. قرق separation. ing, dividing) a. m. 1. Separation. dispersion, distinction. 2. Dr. Separation.

- تفرقه کرنا ۱۰ (تفاریق Plur. تفرقه کرنا ۲۰ To separate, to distinguish.
- ing) s. f. Rejoicing, exhilarating, amusement, gratification. تفريح

  Ease of mind, cheerfulness, hilarity, jest.
- 8. أولا tafrid, (inf. 11. of فرك s. f. Separation from others, retirement from the world (especially, for the sake of devotion), the being unique in science, &c.
- he فرس tafrīs, (inf. 11. of قرس He broke) s. f. Rending, breaking or tearing in pieces.
- افرق tafriq, (inf. II. of فرق s. f.
   Separation, division of land (ابتواره) analysis, distinction. 2. Partition, participation. 3. Jealousy, misunderstanding. 4. Department.
- P. كفسيك tafsīda, part. pass. (of الفسيكن) 1. Burning, heated, warmed. 2. Cracked (lips).
- interpreted, analyzed.) s. f. Explanation, commentary, paraphrase, an interpretation of the Qur'ān.
- A. نصیل tafṣīl, (inf. II. of نصیل ting, defining.) s. f. Explanation, analysis, separation, division, detail. تفصیل کرنا To detail. تفصیل کرنا Distinctly, in detail.
- a. تفضل tafassul, (inf. v. of فضل) s. m.
  1. Beneficence, kindness, deserving. 2.
  Excelling, excess. (Plur. تفضلات)
- A. تفضیع tafṣīḥ, (inf. 11. of فضع) s. f. Disgrace, disrepute, ignominy.
- A. نفل نفل in. of نفل in. creasing.) s. f. Excellence, preeminence. اسم تفضیل An adjective in the comparative or superlative degree.

qqud, (inf. v. of فقد Was s. m. 1. Searching for a 2. Kindness.

kkur, (inf. v. of فكر) s. m. l., meditation, cogitation, con-2. Anxiety.

kkuh, (inf. v. of فكف) s. m. ng. 2. Penitence. 3. Enjoy-ny thing. (Plur. تفكيات). ufang, s. f. A musket (protube through which a thing . منافع A match-lock keteer; a musket.

s. m. int, pastime, diversion, re-

s. m. nding to a superiority over. Doing any thing by degrees. fauwul (inf. v. of فال s. m. an omen (especially a good the word of another).

tafvēs (inf. 11. of فوض con-

(سونينا) s. f. l. Resigning, ing to another, cession, recom, confiding to another. 2.
g a wife without a fortune.

efahhum (inf. v. of فهم) s. m. anding, conceiving.

tafhīm (inf. 11. of فهم) s. f. g, instructing, informing.

taqābul, (inf vs. of قبل) s. m. tering, the being drawn up in opposition, standing face to

is taqārub, (inf. vi. of قرب). Approaching one another. 2. ification) Name of a measure. taqāṣā, (for تقاضی inf. vi. of determining, predestinating.)

Dunning, exacting, exigence,

y, importunity.

stoms or habits of different of childhood, youth, manhood,

قاضاے To claim. تقاضا کرنا Inexorable dunning.

A. قطر taqātur, (inf. vi. of قطر) s. m.
1. Distilling drop by drop. 2. Raining.

a. تقاوت taqāwat, (from تقاوت)
s. f. Piety, abstinence, continence.

a. قوی taqāwi, (inf. vi. of قوی) s. f.
l. Strengthening, assisting (particularly, tenants). 2. Vying, contending with. 3. Money in advance.

past tense of v. conjug. from قدس used adjectively.) Pure, holy, purified taqaddasa ta'ālā (an epithet of the deity) Holy most high.

A. تقدس taqaddus, (inf. v. of قدس) s. m. Purity, sanctity, holiness.

a. تقدم taqaddum, (inf. v. of قدم preeminence) s. m. Priority.

A. تقدير taqdir, (inf. 11. of قدر measuring) s. f. (dakh. s. m.) Fate, (پرالبده) destiny, divine decree, predestination, lot.

s. f. Sanctification, sanctifying, purity, magnifying.

A. قدم taqdim, (inf. 11. of قدم priority) s. f. Giving precedence, priority,
performance. تقديم كرنا To perform,
to put before, to give precedence to.

came near.) s. m. Propinquity, nearness, approximation; union approach or access to God.

A. قرار taqarrur, (inf. v. of قرار) s. m.

The being established; confirmation, ratification, approbation, appropriation.

came near) s. f. l. Bringing near, approximation, approaching, access.

2. Recommendation, mentioning any one to another before meeting.

3. Occasion, conjunction, cause, means, pretence, motive, probability.

- A. تقريباً taqrīb-an, adv. Near to, about, nearly, approximately.
- A. قرار or قرار or قرار or قرار or pouring words into another's ear.)

  s. f. See بيان Confession, avowal, exposition, declaration, assertion, ascertainment, relation, recital, detail, narration, confirmation.

  To relate, argue and reason.
- A. تقسیم نابت taqsīm, (inf. II. of منة dividing.) s. f. l. Dividing, division, distributing, sharing, partition. 2. Division (in arithmetic تقسیم کرنا To divide, share, distribute, part, portion, apportion, assort.)
- قصور or قصر or قصر or قصر or قصر or قصر diminishing.) s. f. Fault, error, crime.

  (Plur. تقصيرمند or تقصيروار Blamable, criminal, guilty,
- a. قطر taqtir, (inf. II. of قطر) s. f. Distilling, dropping (particles of urine), strangury.
- s. f. اقطع taqti, (inf. 11. of قطع) s. f.

  1. The cæsura or pause in reading poetry. 2. Scanning of verse. 3. Cutting into parts, dissection.
- a. نقلب taqallub, (inf. v. of مالية taqallub, (inf. v. of مالية converting.) s. m. Conversion, inversion, change, transmutation.
- a. نقلب taqlib, (inf. II. of قلب)
   b. m. Conversion, inversion, change, transposition. Altered.
- a rope round the neck.) s. f. l. Imitation, representation, counterfeiting, forgery. 2. Investiture. تقليد كرنا

  To imitate, counterfeit, mimic, ape.
- A. قلت taqlāl, (inf. 11. of قلت) s. f. Diminishing, diminution, reduction, causing to look less.
- اهل تقويل taqwā, s. m. Piety, abstinence, اهل تقويل Pious.

- strengthening.) s. f. Assisting (particularly, tenants by advances, remitting rents, &c.).
- strengthening) s. f. Corroboration, strengthening, establishing, confidence, assurance, support, comfort, reliance, trust, aid.
- منام or قوم or قوم or قويم or قويم or قويم or قوم making straight.) s. f. Causing to be straight or erect, adjusting; an almanac, ephemeris, calendar. احسن Perfect symmetry or elegance.
- A تقى taqī, adj. Pious, fearing God. ¶ tuqā, s. Piety, fear of God.
- restraining) s. m. f. l. Application, attention, diligence, industry, strictness, injunction. 2. Care, assiduity, superintending, overseeing. (Plur. تاکید ). See
- A. تقيع taqiya, s. Fear, cantion, piety.
- H. Stuk, s. f. 1. One line of a poem, a rhyme. 2. A moment.
- H. تكت tak, 1. adv. Till, to, up, to, while, toward, near to, with. 2. s. f. A scale, balance. 3. verbal n. f. (from الكنا) Aim. الله or الله عنال To gaze, to stare.
- P. Ki tikkā, s. m. A small piece of flesh, a lump of meat, a steak, a chop, a collop, a slice.
- P. Ki tukkā, s. m. 1. A sort of arrow blunt at the end. 2. A small hill, an eminence. See Ki
- P. تگاپو tak-ā-po, P. تگاپو tak-ā-po-ī,
- a. تكاسل takāsul, (inf. VI. of كسل s. m. Indolence, negligence, careless-ness, becoming idle.

ions, distresses, difficulties.

!akān, s. m. 1. Motion, agitaesture. 2. Fatigue, lassitude,

takāhul, (inf. vi. of کہل) s. m. nce, remissness.

being s. m. Arrogance, haughtiness, oftiness, presumption, ambition, ir.

Stakabbur-i, s. f. Haughtiuteur.

ng the Musalman creed; or aying, "God is great," &c. dly upon particular occasions.

ess, dregs; turbid, impure, dark liquor, etc.) dulness, sullenness, sude of mind. [(daily).

akaddū, (for تكدن) s. Labour كذب takṣīb, (inf. 11. of كذب) cusing of falsehood, giving the

repeating)
Repetition, iteration, tautoltercation, contention, cavil.
To dispute, debate, argue,
repeat. 2. Objection, con-

s. m. ion, reiterating, persevering.

takrīm, (inf. II. of کرم) s. f. 1.

reverence, respect. 2. Treatrespect, honouring.

s. m.; broken or shattered, spent or ted. 2. Carrying (figures, in tic). 3. Folding up the wings ird when about to cease from

takassul, (inf. v. of کسل)
ickness, being lazy or inactive,
ition.

- a. کست taksīr, (inf. 11. of کسیر) s. f. 1.

  Breaking to pieces. 2. Carrying (figures, in arithmetic). 3. Dividing so as to produce a fraction.
- 1. Taking security. 2. Becoming security for another; bail.
- expiating) s. f. l. Covering. 2. Expiating a crime, doing penance or paying a mulct as atonement. 3. Humbling one's self before another (putting the hand upon the breast, and inclining the head), shewing distant respect. 4. Accusing one of impiety, calling him infidel, making one an unbeliever. 5. Guiltiness.
- s. f. کفی takfin, (inf. 11. of کفی) s. f. Putting on the winding sheet, laying in the coffin, &c. shrouding, sepulture.
- H. Li tukkal, s. f. A kind of paper kite (raised by means of a thin string, and resembling, except in shape, the European kite.).
- a. Ж taklā, (तक्) s. m. A spindle.
- 1. Inconvenience, ceremony, trouble, taking much pains one's self in any matter. 2. Extravagance, profusion.
  - 3. Preparation. (Plur. تكلف ). To take pains, to be ceremonious (in).
- A. کم takallum, (inf. v. of کل) s. m. Conversation, eloquence, talking.
- على على taklī, (see تكلا s.f. A weaver's reel.
- A. نگلیف taklif, (inf. 11. of نگلیف) s. f.

  1. Ceremony. 2. Imposition of a burthen. 3. Trouble, difficulty, molestation, distress, inconvenience, ailment, affliction, annoyance. الليف نكليف To annoy, molest, trouble.
- A. خلک takmila, (inf. 11. of کل) 8. m. Perfection, completion.

- P. Lukma, s. m. A button, a loop, an eyeloop.
- a. تكميل takmīl, (inf. 11. of كل completed) s. f. l. Completing, finishing, perfection. 2. Authentication, authority.
- gate) l. v. a. To look at, to look, to observe, to aim at, to watch. 2. v. n. To be looked at, to be stared at, to look. 3. Strain one's eyes.
- عرا على takū'ā, s. m. A spindle. See
- P. تک ودو tak-o-dau, s. 1. Close pursuit or search. 2. Anxiety. See
- A. تكويى takwin, (inf. II. of كون) s. f. Causing to be, making to exist.
- P. كا تو تير نهيى تكه يا tukka, s. m. كا تو تير نهيى تكه No better than a straw a whit the dart that fails its mark to hit. See Ki
- P. تكية إهلانهم, s. m. 1. A pillow, bolster. 2. A faqir's stand. 3. The reserve of an army. 4. Reliance, trust, reclining. كية دار A faqir, a dervis. اتكية كرنا To receive respectfully. تكية كرنا To support, to encourage. تكية كسى پركرنا s. m. A cant word introduced into one's conversation without any meaning, an expletive. تكية لكنا كام To lean, to bolster.
- P. خگت tag, s. f. Running. [search.
- P. تاپو tagāpū, s. f. Bustle, toil, labour,
- P. تک و دو tag-o-dau, s. f. Fatigue, running about on business or in search of employment, great exertion.
- ا تگرگت tagarg, s. m. Hail. [bustle.
- P. تگ و يو tag-o-pū, s. Search, inquiry,
- P. تگ و تاز tag-o-tāz, s. m. Running, course, gallop.

- - ly). اتل رهنا To stand front to front, ready for battle or opposed.
- A. تل tall, s. A hillock, hill, heap.
- base. 2. The sole of a shoe, slipper, &c. 3. Protection. 4. talà or talla (dakh.) Bottom, breech, buttocks.
- 2. The sign Libra of the zodiac. 3. The practice of being weighed against gold or any kind of valuable substance, which is afterwards given to priests.
- P. Li tillā, (from Lb) s. m. Golden border of a turban.
- r. تلابانی tillā-dān-i, s. f. A housewife, a hold-all, or small bag for holding needles, thread, &c.
- الرى عاد talā-rī, (see Lī sign. 3) s. m. (dakh.) A keeper, guard, one that looks after, attends to watches.
- a. تلشى دالله الله talāsh, (see تلشى) s. f. Search, investigation, pursuit, exploration. تلش كرنا To seek, to search for.
- الشي talāshī, (inf. vi. of لشي from الشي Nothing) s. f. 1. Annihilation. لاشي 2. Dispersion.
- د. تلاشى talāsh-ī, s m. f. Seeker,
- د الطم talāṭum, (inf. vī. of الطم) s. m. Collision, dashing, buffeting (particularly, of waves).

- ه. نلك talāfī, (inf. vz. of فو) s. f. Compensation, making amends.
- القو or لقى or مقى or فقى or فقى or دائم or د
- A. نامید talāmig, s. pl. (of تلمید)
  Students, scholars. [kind of song.
- P. الله tilanā, (corr. of ترانه s. m. A
- and طلیعه tulāwā, (corrupt. for طلیعه and طلیعه) An advanced guard, forlorn hope, a patrole or reconnoitring party.
- Part of a Hindústani carriage, which rests on the axle-tree arm and supports the body of the carriage.
- he read). s. f. Meditation, reading (particularly, the Qur'an, as an act of religion).
- H. ناوری tala'ori, s. f. The name of a plain in the vicinity of Sirhind, abounding in robbers; hence, it is applied to any situation of danger.
- s. f. l. Cheat, fraud, fallacy, imposture. 2. Mixture, confusion. 3. Misrepresentation. 4. Concealing (the truth, the faults of goods on sale). 5. Failing in proving one's allegations. 6. A knave. 7. Covering. 8. Counterfeiting coin.
- talpat, adj. Ruined, destroyed more especially crops by the trampling of the cattle; lost; stolen.

  تلبت كرنا To destroy.
- H. تلینا talapnā, palpitate, be a gitated, to flounce.
- H. Ului tultulana, v. n. To become soft (from moisture, as a mud wall in the rains, as a sore or bile when suppurating, or as a fruit getting ripe).
- H. Ulli taltalānā, v. n. To shake: (dakh.) To implore or entreat earnestly.
- e. H. تل چاولی til chā'olī, s. f. 1.

  Mixture composed of rice and sesa-

- mum seeds. 2. A mixture of black and gray hairs in the head.
- g. H. تيل ختا til-chaṭṭā, (from تيل Oil, and چاتنا To lick) s. m. A cockroach (Blatta).
- عن چورى عائد tilchūrī, (तिरुचूर्ण) s. f.
  The name of a sweetmeat.
- talchhat, (كَ bottom نَاحِينَا bottom بَارِينَا bottom نَاحِينَا bottom to be left). (डिंगिण leaving). s. f. Dregs, refuse, scum, sediment, offals, leavings, grounds, lees.
- P. تاخ talkh, adj. 1. Bitter, acrimonious, acrid, rancid, pungent. (کتروا)

  2. Malicious, sorrowful. تاخ کام adj.

  Bitter to the palate. تاخ کو adj.

  Plainspoken, harsh. تاخ منراج adj.

  Ill-tempered.
- and pounded and then mixed up into a paste with water. 2. The gall-bladder.
- P. تلخی talki-i, s. f. Bitterness, acrimony.
- H. اثات ti-lar-ā, s. m. A necklace of three strings (three rows of small round gold beads threaded on silk).
- small shrub held in veneration by the Hindus, holy basil (Ocimum sanctum. Tulsi or Tulasi was a nymph beloved by Krisina and by him metamorphosed into this plant). 2. (dakh.) A necklace made of several strings of hexagonal gold beads. 3. A shrine having an urn with the sacred plant on the top of it, in which the pagans of India sometimes preserve the ashes, or a portion of the remains, of deceased friends and relatives; and before which they perform certain rites to the memory of the departed

n. p. Name of a Gsa'in. ماس مانه A gold ornament.

- इ. تل شکری til-shakari, (तिल and शक्री) s. f. A kind of sweetmeat made of sesame and sugar.
- a. تلطف talattuf, (inf. v. of الطف s. m. Kiudness, obligingness, blandishment, favour.
- A. تلف العمر he perished).

  1. Ruin, destruction, loss. 2. Prodigality, consumption, expense.

  الله العمر ا
- A. تلفظ talaffus, (inf. v. of غط throwing out of the mouth). s. m. Utterance, expression, pronunciation, articulation.
- s. m. 1. Reprehension. 2. Arriving at, meeting with, falling upon, encountering in battle.
- A. القي talqin, (inf. II. of تلقيى) على على على المعارفة المعارفة
- s. tilak, (तिस्ति) s.m. A mark or marks made with coloured earth or unguents upon the forehead and between the eyebrows, either as an ornament or a sectarial distinction.
- الك talak, adv. Till: see تك talak, adv.
- H. Uldi talmalānā, v. n. 1. To be tantalized. 2. To grieve, to be agitated, to toss about (from sickness, &c.).
- الله talmig, (inf. 11. of لله) s. m. A student, disciple, pupil.
- H. تلن talan, s. (dakh.) Frying, fried food. [in butter or oil.
- H. Wi talnā, v. a. To fry, or be fried
- ਭ. ਘੇਂ tulnā, (r. तुल Weigh) v. n. To

- be weighed or balanced; to hung over; to be drawn up in array (as one army against another). See under
- ع. تارا تا tilū'ā or tilu'ā, (from तिल) s. m.

  A kind of sweetmeat (eaten, particularly, by the Hindus when the Sun enters Capricorn).
- عن talū'ā or talwā or talu'ā, (तल bottom) s. m. The sole of the foot.

  تلوے تلے اتھ دھرنا or تلوا جاتنا

  To flatter, coax, wheedle. تلوے اللہ (lit. To stroke the soles of the feet) signifies excessive flattery, adulation. تلووں سے آگ لئنی (lit. burning in the soles of the feet) implies excessive anger.
- قروار talwār, (तरवारि) क्ष f. See تلوار क
- talwasnā, v. a. Spoken of the feet of an animal which are worn by treading on hard rocky ground.
- estonishment, trouble, restlessness, uneasiness.
- s. تاوت tilottamā, (तिलोत्तमा) n. p. Name of an Apsarā, nymph or dancing girl, in the court of Indra.
- s. تلوريا تلوار 1. s. f. A scimitar. 2. s. m. A swordman, one armed with a scimitar, a swordplayer.
- a. الون talauwun, (inf. v. of تلون color)

  a. m. 1. Changing colours (like a chameleon). 2. Fidgeting, restlessness, capriciousness, changeableness.

  تلون or طبع adj. Capricious, whimsical, fretful.

  aical, fretful. عزاجي عراجي عراجي
- على عائة, (নান্ত) s. f. 1. The bottom of any thing. 2. The sole of a shoe. 3. Beneath, under. 4. Impalpabld powder. آلى s. f. (সাহা) The

spleen or milt. تلی تلی s. f. Disorder of the spleen.

- ਦ ਪੱ tale, (ਰਲ Bottom) adv. Below, down, beneath, under. تلے اوپر adj. 1. Upside down. 2. Confused.
  - is used to express great disturbance and confusion.
- til-er, (and, perhaps, til-yar)

  1. s. Name of a bird. The English starling. 2. adj. Deceitful, knavish.
- e. j tam, (तम:) s. m. 1. The third of the qualities incident to the state of humanity, the tama gun or property of darkness, whence proceed folly, ignorance, mental blindness, worldly delusion, &c. 2. Darkness, gloom, passion, anger.
- ह. تم الس, (लम्) 2d pers. pron. plur You, you all. تم آپ You yourself.
- P. خيار tamācha, s. m. A slap, a blow. See خيانه
- H. عاضا الله tamākhrā mārnā, v. a.
  (inelegant). 1. To reproach in jest.
  2. To put on airs of consequence in poverty.
- a. مرض tamārus, (inf. vi. of مرض)
  s. m. Feigning a disease.
- اسخ tamāsuki. (inf. vi. of مسخ tamāsuki. (inf. vi. of
   s. m. Effacing, transforming, metamorphosing.
- inf. vi. مشی inf. vi. of مشی walking.) s. m. (dakh. s. f. Walking out for the sake of recreation or health). 1. An entertainment, show, a spectacle. 2. Sight, amusement, المالة على v. a. 1. To see. 2. To take a walk. 3. To jeer, to jest. مالة بيان مالة على بين المالة على ال

- بینی s. f. Raking, whoring, gallantry.
- A. P. slala tamāshā-gāh, s. f. A place of show, a theatre.
- A. H. تماشائی tamāshā-ī, l. s. m. f. A spectator. 2. adj. Fit for a spectacle.
- AMERIC. اتنباكو tamākū, (for تنباكو) s. m. Tobacco.
- tamām-ī, s. f. 1. Completion, conclusion, totality. 2. Brocade, cloth of gold, tissue. 3. adj. The whole or entire.
- P. ابد tambā, عبان s. m. Trousers. See
- s. प्रं tumbā, (तुम्बा) s. m. A long gourd: see ४०
- s كبك tumbi, . f. 1. See بر 2.

  Name of a musical instrument played on by jugglers.
- AMEBIC. קולף tambākā, s. (ताम्रकूट Tobacco.) See تنباكو
- H. عبر tambū, s. m. 1. A tent. 2. (dakh.) An eel.
- A. it is finished.
- A. Light tamattue (inf. v. of Light) s. m. Enjoyment, using, gaining, delight, pleasure. The income tax.
- s. المتنظمة tamtamānā, (from तमः)
  v. a. l. To grow red (in the face). 2.
  To glow, sparkle, twinkle, flash.
- A. الثرة timeal, (inf. 11. of المثل s. f. Resemblance, picture, a figure, a statue, a drawing.

- A. امثل tamas gul, (inf. v. of مثل) s. m.
  1. Imitating, resembling. 2. Applying allegories.
- A. ليثر tamṣīl, (inf. II. of عثيل) s. f.

  1. Comparison, assimilation, similitude. 2. Allegory, parable, (عثال) apologue, an example, a counterpart or duplicate, a fac-simile. (Plur. المثلات تمثيل لانا
- A. Line tameul-an, adv. By way of similitude, allegorically.
- s. f. The glorification of God; hence, the hymn or prayer that is pronounced from the minarets an hour and a half before dawn.
- A. عر tamr, s. m. A ripe or dry date.
  عر هندی
  s. f. A tamarind.
- belled or rubbing with the hand) s. m. Refractoriness, stubbornness, rebellion, obstinacy, resistance to orders.
- tamaskhur, s. m. Buffoonery.
- p. Let tamghā, s. m. l. A stamp on gold, silver, &c. or a brand or mark on an animal. 2. A tax on travellers. 3. A royal grant or charter. 4. A medal, a diploma. See Livil
- seizing, holding fast) s. m. A note of hand, bond, obligation, receipt.
- 1. Possessing authority or power. 2. Taking up an abode, inhabiting. See
- A. تمکین tamkanat. (تمکین) s. f.
  Dignity, gravity, majesty. (See
- A. مكن tamkin, (inf. 11. of مكن) s. f. Majesty, dignity, authority, power.
- A. ملق tamallaq, (inf. v. of ملق) s. m. Cajoling, caressing, flattery, dalliance, adulation, ceremony.
- P. Jatuman, s. m. [1. Brotherhood, connexion, cast, &c. 2. Bevy, crowd,

- and). See ترمان # ترمان To collect a body of troops.
- ا نية tamannā, (for ينة inf. v. of
  - منی defining, apportioning. 

    to think.) s. f. Request, wish, prayer, supplication, inclination, petition. See
- T. Lair tamancha, s. m. 1. A pistol. 2. (slang) A favorite, a mistress. See Lair
- A. هنی tamanni, (inf. v. of هنی) s. f.

  Bee ایت
- s. m. Agitation of (waves), undulation, billowing or fluctuation (of water).
- s. f. The being or becoming rich.
- 2. jus tum-hārā, pron. 2d. pers. mas.
  - genit. plur. Yours, your. (युष्मद्).
- ing (a bed), spreading.) s. f. Disposition, arrangement, settlement, confirmation, preliminary, preamble, preface, preparative, introduction.
- عبر tum-hen, pron. plur. object. case. To you, you: (in dakh. it may be nom.) You.
- A. مير tamis, (for مير inf. 11. of separating, distinguishing.) s. f.
  1. Discernment, judgment, discretion, distinction, sense. Observance of the rules of etiquette. حرف تهيز An adverb.
- P. এ. تن الله الله tan, (तनु) s. m. The body
  person. تن پرور Careful of the body,
  over attentive to the body.
  - adv. عن تن تنها عامی علامه. Alone, solitary. تن درست adj.

Healthy, vigorous, well (in health).

تندهی .s. f. Health, vigour تندرستی s. f. Application, exertion, attention, To pay attention. تن دینا دینا To restrain one's desires and be silent.

- g. u tannā, v. n. (तनन to stretch) 1. To stretch, to pull or be pulled tight. 2. To sit upright, or straight. 3. To look big, show off.
- P. تناخورى tanā-khor-ā, B. f. بی ander بیوفائی 1. See [Dispersion, flight.
- م منان tanādd, (inf. vi. of منال s.
- منزع tanāsua, (inf. vi. of نزع or نزاع) s. m. Wrangling, strife.
- A. ii tanāsub, (inf. vi. of ii) s. m. f. Resembling, relation, proportion. (Plur. عالسانة)٠
- ناسم tanāsukh, (inf. VI. of تناسم transcribing.) s. m. Transmigration of souls, metempsychosis.
- انسل tanāsul, (inf. VI. of تناسل م s. m. Begetting, generation; uninterrupted descent through a series of generations.
- نفافر مه tanāfur, (inf. VI. of تفافر مه) ه. m. Mutual repugnance or aversion, disputing for honour before a judge-
- م ننائی tanāfī, (inf. vi. of ننائی . f.
  - 1. Expelling, pursuing, persecuting. 2. Denial (that another person has performed some thing, as that he has paid a debt).
- P. , jui tan-āwar, adj. Corpulent.
- ه. ما نول tanāwul, (inf. VI. of نول s. m. Eating. تناول كرنا To eat.
- ه. ناهي tanāhā, (inf. VI. of ناهي s. f. Finishing, completing, arriving at the end or place of destination.

- क्ष गंभं tambālū, (ताम Copper) s. Pot, pipkin.
- P. i iii tambān, or properly tumbān, s. m. Drawers, trousers (very wide.).
- H. تنبو tambū, s. m. A tent (cf a large size), pavilion. (dakh. moreover) Eel, lamprey.
- e تنبول tambŏl, (तांबूल) ه. m. To bleed تنبول آنا (یان) To bleed from the bridle (a horse's mouth).
- e. تنبولي tambölin, (तांब्हिनी) a. f. A woman whose business it is to sell betel leaf. 2. Name of a tree.
- عنبولي tambŏlī, (तांबुली) s. m. Name of a caste whose business it is to sell , betel leaf.
- A. تنبة tanabbuh, (inf. v. of نبه) s. m. f. 1. Admonition, advice, animadversion, punishment. 2. Bashfulness, modesty.
- A. كينت tambih, (inf. 11. of كين) ع. f. Admonition, correction, beating, punishment. دینا or تنبیه کرنا To chastise, punish, correct.
- s. ننت, (বঁপ্র) s. m. 1. Name of a religious treatise teaching peculiar and mystical forms and rites for the worship of the deities or the attainment of superhuman power. It is mostly in the shape of a dialogue between Siva and Durga, who are the peculiar deities of the Tantrikas. 2. Charm, enchantment.
- antrē, (तेनी A stringed instrument) s. m. A musician: a practiser of enchantments.
- H. iiiii tantanānā, v. n. To twang, to
- H. Laliii tantanahat, (from liliii) s. f. Sharp pricking pain from inflammation.
- tanjīm, (inf. 11. of 🚗) Astrology, science of the stars, defining any thing from the aspect of the stars.
- tanakhnukh, (inf. 11. of تنخلن tanakhnukh, (inf. 11. of تناكو عند )

- s. m. Clearing the throat, hemming, hawking.
- P. كانت tan-khựāh, s. f. Wages, or salary an assignment (on the revenues), order for wages. (طلب)
- P. نند نسر , adj. Active, quick, hot, spirited, tierce, sharp, severe, lust, acrimonious. عند خو adj. Irascible, of a fiery disposition, passionate, fretful. تند خونی s. f. Passionateness, aptitude to unseasonable and excessive anger. عند مزاج adj. Hotheaded, passionate.
- P. jüi tundar or tundur, s. Thunder.
- P. تندرست tan-durust, adj. Sound in body. See under
- P. تندى tund-i, (from تندى) s. f. Acri. mony, swiftness, fierceness, sharpness, activity, impetuosity.
- he descended,) s. m. Descent, declining slowly, diminution; condescending.
- انزه tanazzuh, (inf. v. of نزه s. m.
  Purity from vice, &c. studying continence. 2. To divert one's self.
- A. تنزیل tanzīl, (inf. ii. of نزل) s. f. 1.

  Revelation. 2. The Qur'ān. 3. Causing (a traveller) to alight, receiving him hospitably.
- A. نزی tanzīh, (inf. 11. of نزه) s. f. Keeping apart from all impurity; holiness.
- a. تنز or نزو or in o
- انسل tanassul, (inf. v. of نسل) s. m. Pedigree.
- نسخ tansīkh, (inf. II. of نسخ tansīkh, (inf. II. of نسخ )
   s. f. Causing to annul or abrogate, abrogation, quashing (of a decision).
- A. تنصر tanassur, (inf. v. of نصر) s.
  The becoming a Christian.
- A. تنفر tanaffur, (inf. v. of نفر) s. m. Aversion, disgust.

- منفس tanaffus, (inf. v. of نفس)
  s. m. Respiration, breathing.
- tracting the marrow.) s. f. 1. Cleaning, polishing. 2. Deciding disputes, investigation, ascertaining.
- a. نقى tanqiya, (inf. 11. of نقى) s. m.
  1. Purging, cleaning (the bowels). 2.
  Winnowing grain.
- a little). Slight, weak, delicate, thin, effeminate. خان عطرف adj. (a weak vessel) Tale-bearer, tatler, simpleton. تنک مایت Slight or weak in substance. adj. Whimsical, captious, peevish, fretful. تنک مزاجی s. f. Peevishness, captiousness.
- s. ننگ tanuk or tanak or tanik, (तन्क)
  adj. or adv. Slight, small, a little.
  adv. Slightly.
- straw, a bit of the stalk of grass, a scrap of thread or paper; a mote, particle, fescue. تنك دانتر ميں لينا

  To make submission, confess inferiority or ask for quarter. تنك حند (lit. to pick straws) To be intoxicated.
- P. ننکار tankār, (टंकाण) s. m. Borax.
- H. Liki tinaknā, v. n. To flutter, to palpitate, to throb, to fly into a passion.
- P. H. تنكى tunk-i, s. f. A kind of bread or wafers thin as muslin.
- P. iting, s. m. 1. A vessel with a long and narrow neck. 2. A body of troops. 3. Bullock, or camel load.

تنگف exhausted, to be dejected. مثم adj. Miserly, niggardly adj. Poor, distressed, تنگف straitened in circumstances. adj. Unable to keep any تنگے دست . thing secret, blab. tang-dast, adj. Poor, distressed, miserly, stingy. تنگ دستی s. f. 1. Poverty, want, inability. 2. Parsimony. ننگ دل adj. Narrowhearted, miserly. تنگ کرنا 1. To straiten, to tighten, to narrow, to con-بتنگے ہونا . To distress To be in distress or difficulty, to be distracted or harassed.

- r. تنگف جائی tang-chā'ī, s. f. 1.

  Tightness, closeness. 2. Scarcity, distress, difficulty. 3. Stinginess.
- P. ننگن tang-nā, s. m. A strait place or passage, a strait.
- r. تنگی tang-i, s. f. 1. Straitness, tightness, narrowness; distress, poverty, want. 2. A bag, a sack.
- e tanur or tannur, s. m. An oven, a stove: the trunk (of the human body.)
- P. تنومند tanomand, (comp. of تنومند Body, and the particle مند adj. Robust, corpulent.
- a. تنویر or نار or نور s. f. Illumination.
- A. نوین tanwīn, (inf. II. of نوین Nunnation) (\*) s. f. Nūnation, doubling the vowel with the final letter of
  a word in writing (which in pronunciation gives such vowel the additional
  sound of ناتفاقاً تخمیناً).
- P. Kü tana, s. m. l. A stalk, stock trunk, stom. 2. A spider's v.o.

- P. تنها tanhā, adj. 1. Alone, solitary, single, singular, unique. 2. Private, apart. 3. adv. Only. See
- P. تنهائی tanhā-ī, s. f. Loneliness, solitude, privacy.
- A. تنین tinnīn, s. A large serpent, a dragon.
- ع. تو tau or to (तदा) adv. Then, that time, in that case, moreover, that, also, for, yes, well. تو بهى adv. Even then; still, yet, nevertheless.
- ह. ہت tū, (लम् Pers. تو) pron. Thou. (Inflect. جيت or جيت Thee).
- r. تاوها tawā, (त्रि to heat.) وتارها or which bread is baked. 2. The part of a huqqa to which the tobacco is fixed, or the tobacco itself. 3. An iron mirror. 4. A griddle.
- A. توابع tawābi², s. plur. (of تابع Followers, dependents, partisans.

  Arab. plur. of plur. توابعين
- م. تواتر tawātur, (inf. v1. of وتر) s. m. Continuation, succession. Public rumour.
- ह. توار عن tū'ar, (तुवरी) s. f. A kind of

- a. المركة tawārud, (inf. vi. of روك or المركة) a.m. 1. Unintentionally inserting the sense of another in one's own poems. 2. Corresponding by letter. 3. Joining, arriving at.
- اتاریخ tawārīkh, s. (plur. of تواریخ)
  1. Dates. 2. Histories, annals, chronicles. 3. Epochs.
- form.) s. f. Humility, attention, civility, entertainment, gift, pretended kindness, empty compliments.

  False politeness, pretended kindness, empty compliment, false hospitality.
- 1. Concord, agreement, coincidence, concurrence. 2. (in arithmetic) The relation between two numbers which have a common divisor (as 6 and 8; both being divisible by 2).
- a. Jij tawālud, (inf. vi. of J) s. Begetting or being born generation, after generation, propagating, generating again and again.
- م. توالى tawālī, (inf. vi. of ولى) s. f. Continuation, succession.
- م. توام نوام tau'am, s. m. A twin.
- A. توامان tau'amān, s. (dual of توامان)
  Twins.
- r. توان tuwān, s. m. Power, strength.
- P. أوانا tuwānā, adj. Powerful, robust.
- P. توانائی tuwānā-i, s. f. Power.
- edj. Rich, opulent, powerful.
- H. זף יי tobrā, s. m. The bag in which horses eat their corn.
- a. قوبه tanba, s. f. 1. Penitence, repentance, conversion. 2. Promising to sin no more, recantation, abjuration. توبه كرنا To repent (of sin).

- A. توبيخ taubīkh, (inf. 11. of خربي) s. f. Reproach, to rebuke, speaking harshly, threatening.
- a field piece. 2. (met.) A very fat, corpulent person. توب خانه s. m. A park of artillery, the place where cannon and artillery stores are kept, an arsenal.
- top-chi, s. m. A conductor of artillery, a commissary of ordnance, bombardier, a cannonier.
- ترپک ترپک topak or tupak, (dimin. of توپک) s. f. A musket.
- म. توپنا topnā, v. a. (स्थापित) To bury, to cover.
- د توت tūt, s. m. A mulberry.
- H. توتلا totlā, adj. Lisping, stutterer, stammering, spenking imperfectly, indistinctly as a child.
- P. توتى نوتى, s. m. A singing bird.

  (from توتى بولنا (توت v. n. To have the chief's ear; to acquire authority. [Zauq says:—]

ہی قفس سے شوریک گلش تلک فریاد کا \* خوب توتی بولتا ہی اندنوں صداد کا توتی کی آواز نقار خانے میں کوں who would listen in a concert to the poor notes of the parrot?

P. s. توتيا tūtiyā, s. m. (तुत्य) Blue vitriol, sulphate of copper.

toti, s. (dakh.) A land stewart, village bailiff.

ing the face to) s. f. 1. Turning, leaning, bent, inclination, proceeding, countenancing, regard, attending to, tendency. 2. Favour, kindness.

a. گرجیة taujīh, (inf. II. of خبیه) 8. f.

1. Calling one's attention. 2. Explaining, accounting for. 3. Adjustment of accounts. 4. Assessment. 5. A description roll, statement.

A. توحش tawaḥḥush, (inf. v. o )

Horror, aversion, loathing,
the being desolate.

single.) s. f. Unity, believing in the unity of the deity.

P. تودرى todri, s. f. The seed of mal-

a heap, a stack. 2. The butt or mark, at which arrows are shot.

مریت taurāt, s. See توریت

P. تران tūrān, n. prop. The country beyond the Oxus from Persia.

s. ترس toran, s. m. (तीरण) Strings of flowers suspended across gateways on public festivals.

various meats, a number of trays containing various dishes of food, presented to others by great men on marriage occasions, &c. 2.

Pride. د کنان کا قد آه

Pride. تورة بندى s. f. The arrangement or sending out of trays of food as presents.

taurit or tauret, (Arab. توریت) s. f. The Pentateuch, the Old Testament, the Torah.

عن tor, (from تورّن) (तुड to break) s. m. 1. Breaking, interruption. 2. The strength of a current. 3. Whey.

4. Remedy. تور جور 1. Arranging a speech, &c. 2. Shifts. 3. Combinations. [Insha says:—]

جوڑی جو اُسنے تجھ سے تو توڑی رقیب سے \* انشا تو اپنے یار کے یہ توڑ جوڑ دیکہ

Counter-blow, defence.

A purse, a bag containing one thousand rupees. 3. The match of a gun, a linstock. 4. A bank, an island, bar. 5. A plough share. 6. A piece of rope. 7. An ornament like a chain. 8. A mode in dance.

[Saba says:—]

دیکہنے والوں کے محفل میں نہ کیوں دلا الوالی ہے محفل میں لے جو وہ رقاص میں لے جو وہ رقاص ستمگر توڑا

ב. לייני topnā, (त्रोटन) v. a. 1. To break, tear, rend, burst, demolish. 2. To change (money), to pluck or gather (fruit, flowers. &c.) to reduce (in Arithmetic). אייני בייני To be at the point of death. יייני בייני (to break and to join) expresses absolute power over anything.

تقاضا See نورنى ع tornā, s (dakh) See

#. P. توڙه دار tora-dar, s. A matchlock

r. توز twz, s. The bark of a tree which is used to wrap or twist over a bow, saddle, &c. [cartridge box.

T. P. توسدان tos-dān, s. (dakh.) A

A. فينط tawassut (inf. v. of وسط s. m.
1. Mediation. 2. Introduction; also, a mediator or introducer.

1. Conjunction, copulation. 2. Introduction (to another person).

- P. توسى tausan, s. m. 1, A horse. 2. A young unbroken horse. 3. A horse with a hard mouth or unmanageable.
- دوسیع tausi<sup>\*</sup> (inf. 11. of وسیع) s. f. Extending, enlarging.
- r. توشدان tosh-dan, s. m. A pouch.
- P. توشکت toshak, s. f. A quilt, a mattress, bedding.
- of food (particularly, of a traveller). توشه خانه s. m. A wardrobe, a place where furniture is kept.
- دوشاح taushāḥ, (inf. 11. of توشیع م
  - (in poetry) arranging the verses so that the initials of the lines being put together may form some word or verse, composing an acrostic.
- s. f. Description, commendation.
- s. f. Manifestation; statement, account of collections.
- وفور or وفر taufir, (inf. 11. of وفر or وفر becoming full, complete)'s f. Increasing, completion, surplus. A supernumerary.
- s. f. The completion of one's wishes, the divine grace, prosperity.
- alighting (birds) s. f. 1. Expecting anything to be done, hope, desire, reliance. 2. Request, begging.
- standing; stopping) s. m. Delay, pause, stopping, patience.
- A. توقير tauqīr, (inf. II. of وقر doing honor to one) s. f. Honouring, veneration, making grave, respect.
- s. m. وقع tauqi\*, (inf. II. of وقع s. m. Signing with the royal signet (an order, diplomas, letters patent, &c.)

- en. توكل tawakkul, (inf. v. of كركل en. trusting one's affairs to another.) s.m. Trust in God, resignation (to God).
- يرل على tol, s. m. (तोल or तुल to weigh.) Weight, weighing.
- ation of weight, consisting of a number of māshas, which varies in different parts of Ihdia. The standard tolā, or sicca weight of Calcutta is 12½ māshas, agreeably to the following table:—
- 4 Panks = 1 Dhan or Grain.
- 4 Dhan = 1 Ratti-Gr. Tr. 1.79666.
- 8 Rattī = 1 Māsha ,, ,, 14.37333.
- 121 Mashas = 1 Tola ,, ,, 179.6666.
- a. اولى tawallā, (inf. v. of ولى) s. m. 1.
  Attachment, affection. 2. Hope.
- م. تولا tawallud, (inf. v. of اولا 1. s. m. Birth, nativity. 2. adj. Born.
- ع. تولنا تولنا الع. tolnā, (तिलिन) v.a. 1. To weigh, to balance. 2. To ponder, deliberate, judge, estimate. 3. To confront (as, two armies). تولنا نظروں میں To estimate the worth of any one.
- इ. ها توله, (तोल्क) s. m. Same as
- ه. تولیت tauliyat, (inf. 11. of ولی اورانی)
  - s. f. Superintendence (of any business). [Birth, generation.
- ه. اولا taulid, (inf. 11. of توليد ه. ع.
- of twelve Arcot ser. 2. The pipe, conduit, channel, or sluice of a tank. basin, or public reservoir of water.
- 10,000. 2. A sum of money equal to 10,000 Arabic silver drachmas (which are about one-third less than those of the Greeks): also, a sum equal to fifteen dollars and a half. 3. Districts into which a kingdom is divided, each being supposed to furnish 10,000 fight-

ing men See (When the city of Samarqand, for example, is put down

for seven tomans, it implies that she must hold 70,000 men ready for the field on the requisition of her sovereign.

- ع. تومرًا الق tomṛā, s. m. } (तुंबी) A hol-
- عومتی ال tomṛi, s. f. lowed gourd.
- ate (wool or cotton) with the finger, preparatory to combing. 2. To call names.
- عن ton or taun, (तथा or तदा) adv. So, in that manner, then.
- s. تونبا tāmbā, (तंबिका) s. m. A hollowed gourd, the rind of a gourd in which beggars carry water, &c.
- عونبى tūmbī, s. f. l. (तुंबी) A small 2. A kind of pipe (chiefly used by those who exhibit snakes).
- tūn tān karna, To dispute, to wrangle.
- عونك على tond, (तुंद Belly) s. f. A potbelly; corpulence.
- # توندى tond-i, (तुंदी) s.f. The navel.
- عنديل عن tond-ail, ) (तुन्दिल) adj عنديلا عن tond-ailā, ) (तुन्दिल) adj Potbellied, gorbellied, corpulent.
- H. تونسنا taunsnā, (תאן thirst.) v. n. 1.

  To be affected or languid or overcome with heat, to droop, fade, wither. 2.

  To be very thirsty.
- P. توانگر tawangar, (for توانگر adj. Rich, wealthy. [wealth.
- P. تونگرى tawangar-i, s. f. Riches,
- عن تونهيين ton-hin, (तदाहि) adv. Exactly then, instantly, at once.
- s. m. Suspicion, imagination.
- ع. توهي tū-hī, (लिम्हि) Thou thyself.
- ا وهن tauhin, (inf. 11. of وهن) s. f. Enervating, relaxing, scotting.

- P. توی to 7, s. 1. Feast, entertainment, 2. Inside.
- H. توى toī tūī, s. f. Ornamental lace.
- P. & tah, s. f. 1. Fold, plait, ply, layer or stratum. 2. The bottom; beneath, under; intent, meaning. ته بنه adv. Plait by plait, every fold. A cloth worn round the waist. and passing between the legs. ته پيچ A cap or cloth worn under the s. f. ته پوشی **Drawers** turban. worn by women under their trousers. ه ته خانه s. m. A cavern, a cellar, room under ground, a lower story, a vault. ته دیگی s. f. The scrapings of a pot, the burnt part of victuals that sticks to the bottom of a ته کر .To tinge slightly ته دینا Fold and lay it by, i. e. keep it to yourself (is used to express the speaker's independence, or his not wanting the thing spoken of). نه کرنا To fold. ته مارنا A disease of a horse, from excessive thirst, affecting the flanks. ته و بالا Topsyturvy, upside down. ته و بالا کرنا To subvert, to overthrow.
- इ. एं thā, v. n. (आसीत) past tense. Was.
- H. نهان thap, (स्थाप) s. f. A thump, box, cuff, tap, a pat, a flap, paw; the sound of a small drum made by striking with palm, as a beginning or finish.
- H. تهای thāp-ā, s. m. A mark of the paw.
- g. تهاینا thāpnā, (स्थापन) 1. v. a. To patch (as, a wall with cow-dung). 2. To tap. 3. s. f. A religious ceremony performed at a certain season, at Agra and in its vicinity.
- H. تهایی thāp-ī, s. f. l. The noise of tapping. 2. The instrument with

which potters beat their earth, or with which terraces are beaten; a bat.

- g. تهال thâl, (स्थाल) s. m. A large flat dish, or plate of brass, &c.
- 2. Yai thālā, s. m. (ম্প্রতা) 1. The place at the root of a tree for holding water. 2. The excavation in which a tree is to be planted. 3. (ম্প্রতা) A large flat dish, or platter.
- g. تهالی thāli, s. f. 1. (स्थाली) A salver, a platter, a small flat metal or earthen dish. 2. (মেন্ত) A mound about the root of a tree. 8. (dakh.)
  See تالی Clapping of the hands.
- ع. (संम) s. m. A ع. پاهندی thām, prop, pillar, column, support, obstacle: (dakh.) Mast (of a ship).
- g. पंकिष्ण thamnā, (स्तंभन,तंभन)
  g. पंकिष्ण thāmbhnā, v. a. 1. To
  support, to prop. 2. To shield, protect,
  retain, to shelter. 3. To prevent,
  withhold, restrain, calm. 4. To stop,
  pull up (a horse), to bear, assist, resist.
- H. تهان thān, s. m. 1. A piece of cloth.

  2. (रान) A stall for cattle, a manger. Covering a mare. 3. A piece (of coin); as, يك تهان اشرفي One gold mohur.
- בּשוֹט tahān, (तत) adv. Thither, there. تهاט זאן In each place.
- subordinate police station, a guard; a petty police jurisdiction. 2. The inside of the lines of an army.
- g. livile thāmbnā, g. livile thāmbhnā, (स्तंभन) v. a. Boe livie and

- ع. P. تهانا thāna-jāt, s. plur. of نهانا
- tháng, s. f. 1. A den of thieves. 2. Trace. 3. Stolen property.
- s. m. تهانگی دار thāng-ā, or تهانگی ه. m. A receiver of stolen goods, a detective.
- عانة thāna, s. m. See انهات
- ع. الله الله thāh, (r. الله Stand) s. f. Buttom, ford, depth, profundity.
- ह. نهائی tihā'ī, s. f. 1. (तृतीय) The third part. 2. The third part of a piece of cloth for making trousers.
- المين thappar, s. m. l. A box, a slap, claw, cuff. 2. Layer, stratum.
- H. is thapak, s. A pat, a tap.
- H. تهپیر thaperā, s. m. 1. A slap, a box, a clout, buffet. 2. The scalp.
- عنر ع tihattar, adj. Seventy-three.
- s. m. 1. (Orig. but not used in Hind.)
  The being torn (a veil, &c.). 2. Disgrace, dishonour, defamation.
- H. יאוֹאלינו thutkārnā, v. n. To drive away scorn-H. און thuthkārnā, fully.
- H. الهنهان thuthānā, v. a. To frown, scowl, or pout. To be sulky. هنهانا To make a wry face.
- a نهتهنی s. f. The mouth of a horse, camel, &c.
- a. مجن tahafjud, (inf. v. of مجد)

  a. m. l. A form of prayer said during or after the night. 2. Wakefulness.

  3. Sleeping sound.
- g. List thijnā, v. n. (dakh.) 1. To become senseless and motionless, to be astonished. 2. To be congealed.
- A. رهجو tahajjī, (inf. v. of هجو spelling, orthopy. تهجی کرنا To spell. حروف تهجی The letters of the ulphabet.

- P. & tah-khāna, s. m. A room under ground, a cellar. See under
- A. تهدید tahdīd, (inf. II. of که) s. f. Terrifying, threatening, menace.
- H. تهدّی thuddī, s. f. (dakh.) The chin:
- # thar, (स्थल) s. m. A lion or tiger's den. ¶ (dakh.) A layer (bed of anything).
- <u>s</u>. تهر tihrā, (ति three) adj. Triple' threefold, triplicate.
- ਸ. المران tharrānā, v. n. To tremble, to quiver, to shudder.
- عرانا عن tihrānā, v. a. To tertiate, to do the third time, to triple.
- يهرانا عبرانا thirānā, (स्थिर) v. n. To settle (as liquor).
- B. تهرتهران thartharānā, v. n. To tremble, to quiver, to shiver, vibrate.
- H. تهرتهراهت thartharāhaṭ, s. f. l. Tre-H. تهرتهری thartharī, mour, shaking, trembling, shivering, vibra-

tion. 2. Ague.

- self off well in dancing, to dance with expressive action and gesture.

  ¶ (dakh.) To hover (as a bird), to swim at ease (a fish).
- H. P. تهوّل thur-dilā, (الله Little, and كل Heart) adj. 1. Miserly, narrow-minded. 2. Cowardly. (ابزلا)
- ع. تهزاری tharari, s. f. (dakh.) See

- H. تهس نهس نهس نهس ed, dispersed. (Arab. محسن)٠
- ا تهکنا thakā, (from تهکنا) s. m. Any. thing congealed &c. adj. Tired, weary.
- H. Kıkı thakā bakkā,
- н. لپلاپة thakā pikkā,

adj. (dakh.)

- H. La, La thakā, phakkā, Distracted, troubled, perplexed, confounded.
- ي نهكنا thakānā, (causal of نهكنا) v. a. To tire, weary, fag, fatigue.
- H. الْهُونَا thukānā, (caus. of الْهُونَا) v. a.

  1. To cause to spit. 2. To cause to reproach. 3 To call names.
- e. 以前 thaknā, (利用) v. n. To be wearied, to tire, to fag, to be fatigued.
- H. تهوك thuk-hā'ī, (تهوك) adj. Base, contemptible (fit to be spit upon).
- H. انهگلا thigla, s. A patch: see
- s. m. 1. Place, firm or dry ground: a sand-hill. 2. A lion's or tiger's den. See कें \* किंद्रें केंद्रें (स्थल and विट्य) Place of abode and means of attaining one's desires. केंद्रें adj. Moving on land, terrestrial (an animal).
- H. انهالتهالانا thal thalānā,

  H. على كرنا على thal thal karnā, على تهل كرنا على thal thal karnā,

To undulate, to fluctuate as a thick or glutinous fluid, to shake as the flabby flesh of a fat man; to waggle.

- H. تهل تهل تهل thul thul, adv. Gently falling or dropping (as water from a small height).
- عهای thalri, s. f. (dakh.) See تهائی
- H. Liller thalaknā, v. n. To palpitate, to flutter.
- a. ملكة tahluka, (inf. 1. ملكة perishing)
  s. m. 1. Ruin, perdition. 2. Consternation, alarm, panic. 3. Pang, agony.

هل tahlil, (inf. II. of هل) s. f. [See links Praising God.

عمانا على thamānā, v. a. (caus. of اتهمنا على الم

. بن tham,

≛. ं thamb, ∫ (स्तंभ) s. m. A

عمباً على العمباً على على الع

pillar, a post.

! thambh,

ع. نامهة thamānā, (caus. of نهمنا v. a. To stop, restrain, content, pacify.

z. lipse thambha, v. n. See lise z. lipse thambha,

4. tuhmat, s. f. Suspicion of guilt, false accusation, calumny, slander, falsely charging one with a crime, aspersion, imputation. or کرنی To belie, کینی To belie, accuse falsely. See

4. पंका thamnā, (स्तंभन) v. n. stop, cease, be restrained, or prevented. 2. To be supported, to recover one's self (from a stumble, &c.)

4. ्रं than, s. m. (स्तन) Udder, teat. An animal with a large udder, or having an udder.

P. نه نال tah-nāl, s. m. The mounting at the upper end of a scabbard.

4. livie thambnā, same as line

P. ته نشاره tah-nishān, adj. Inlaid (particularly, iron with gold). [in horses.

H. تهنى thanī, s. f. Name of a blemish

منيت tahni'at, (inf. 11. of lia Proved well or anointing.) s. f. Congratulation.

تيوهار tihwār, s. m. See تيوهار

ह. تهو بر نهو بر نهو بر نهو بر نهو بر نهو بر العالم العا

ع. تهوينا thopnā, (r. लिप Heap up) v a. 1. To support, prop. 2. To plaster. 3. To pile, to heap. 4. To pat, put on the pan. 5. To apply with the fingers or palm, to clap on.

g. lipje thūthnā, s. m. ع. تهوتهنی thūthnī, 8. f.

mouth or muzzle of a horse, camel, &c.

A. مور tahauwur, (inf. v. of مور) s. m.

1. Temerity, rashness, plunging inconsiderately into any business; intrepidity. 2. Fury. 3. Oppression. adj. Intrepid, brave.

H. اتهورا thorā, adj. A little, small, few, scanty, some, less. تهوڙا بهت More or less. الهوڙا تهوڙا 🗚 little, by degrees. (المسلة)

A. وهوع tahauwu\*, (inf. v. of هوع) s. m. Sickness at stomach, inclination to vomit.

H. نهوت thok, s. m. (स्तीम multitude) 1. Amount, heap, ready money. 2. A company, party. 3. Share, portion. s. m. A wholesale dealer.

H. نهوت thūk, s. m. (थलार) Spittle. To break one's promise. To leave, to give up. To treat with تهوک لکاکر چهوژنا To تهوک کانا .sovereign contempt apply spittle. (A term of abuse and of most indecent meaning).

H. نهوكنا thūknā, v. s. To spit.

H. تهولي thālī, s. f. Name of a dish or of a sweetmeat.

ा. تهوني thūnī, s. f. (स्थूणा a prop.) A post, pillar, column; the upright post over a well's mouth.

H. تهوه thūhar or thohar, s. m. name of a plant (Euphorbia neriifolia.

- الله تبلى الله thaī, s. f. A heap, a pile (of cakes, clothes, &c.).
- H. تهیگلی thegli, s. f. (स्था to cover)
  - A patch (in a garment.) (پیوند)
- H. نهيو thewā, s. m. A stone set in a
- a. مياة tahiya, (inf. II. of قية or هيأة or هيأة s. m. Preparation, provision, putting in order. Making ready.
- H. تهیئ تهیئ the'i-the'i, s. f. Merrymaking.
- ا تيار د taiyēr, adj. Ready, prepared, finished, complete. (قماله)
- A. P. تيارى taiyār-ī, s. f. 1. Readiness, preparation. 2. Robustness.
- s. m. Abdication, leaving, abandonment, renunciation.
- a. نیاکت tyāg-nā, (त्याग r. त्यज Leave), v. a. To leave, to abandon, to divorce, forsake, quit, resign.
- s. نیاکی tyāg-ī, (त्यामा) s. m. Abandoner, relinquisher, forsaker, abdicator; but chiefly applied to the religious ascetic or him who abandons terrestrial objects, thoughts, passions, &c.
- II. تيپچى tepchī, s. f. A kind of running stitch.
- عنتر الم المنتر المنتركي المن

- is chosen to decide in matters of which he is incompetent to judge.
- of the largest species). 2. The name of a medicine (for intermittent fever).
- ह. تيے tij, (तृतीया) s. f. The third day of a lunar fort-night.
- ड. इंग्रंब, (तृतीया) s. m. The third day after the death of a relation, on which oblations are offered. (Used among Musalmans).
- g. المين tej-pāt, (लक्पत) s. m.
  The leaf of the Laurus cassia, cassia.
- s. تير tīr, (तीर) s. m. 1. The bank of a river, the shore of the sea. 2. Near.
- ह. تير terā, (लदीय or तव) pron. 2d. pers. sing. mas. (in the gen. case) Thy, thine.
- 8. تيرته tīrath or tīrth, (तीर्थ) s. m. A holy spot, place of pilgrimage; especially, at sacred waters. تيرته راج तीर्थराज The city of Ilāhābād.
- P. تيرگى tīra-gī, s. f. Darkness, obscurity.
- ع. تيرنا v. n. To swim تيرنا (مَكِتَا) to float, to cross over. [Tax. عصول tirwā, s. (dakh.: تيروا مُكِتَا
- ब. ग्रा ierah, (लयोदश) adj. Thirteen

- تيرة tira, adj. Dark, obscure. تيرة adj. Unfortunate. تيرة 1. adj. Black-hearted, malicious. 2. s. m. An apostate, an outcaste.
- عيرهوان عيرهوان .terah-wān, adj. Thirteenth.
- P. تيز tez, adj. Sharp, keen, pungent, acute, hot, fiery, caustic, corrosive, acrid, strong, impetuous, violent, clever, quick, keen-witted, swift. تيزاب s. m. Nitrous acid, aqua fortis.
- P. تيزك tezak, s. m. Cress, cresses.
- P. تيزى tez-ĩ, s. f. Sharpness, scarcity, dearness, fleetness, &c.
- ब. تيس tīs, (तिंशत्) adj. Thirty.
- a. تيسا taisā, (तादरा or comp. of تيسا That and لس Like) 1. adj. Such. 2. adv. So, in that manner, in like manner, at the same moment.
- عيسرا عائق tīsrā, (तृतीय) adj. Third. تيسرى In the third place, thirdly.
- a. تيسير taisīr, (inf. II. of يسر) s. f. Rendering easy, facilitating.
- r. تيشة tesha, s. f. (m. ?) A kind of axe used by carpenters, an adz.
- P. تيخ tegh, s. f. A scimitar, sword,
  (تلوار) cutlass, dagger.
- ecimitar. 2. A walled up arch or other opening. 3. A trick in wrestling.
- a. تيقظ layaqqus, (inf. v. of يقظ) 8.
  Watchfulness, vigilance, waking.
- a. تيقى tayaqqun, (inf. v. of يقى).

  s. m. Ascertaining, certainty.
- 2. Angry, passionate. 3. Sharp, penetrating. 4. Bright, graceful, bouncing. spruce. See

- عنيل tel, (तेल) s. m. Oil. تيل tel, (तेल) s. m. Oil. المال خوالا حدم المال حدم المال حدم المال عدم المال عدم المال عدم المال عدم المال عدم المال المال عدم المال المال
- ब. تيلى telin, (तेरिज़ी) s. f. Wife of
- s. تيلى telī, (तैली) s. m. l. Name of a caste whose business is to sell oil, an oilman. 2. An unclean or dirty fellow.
- H. تيلى tālā, s. f. l. A bar (as, of a cage, &c.) 2. The calf of the leg.
- H. تيليا مرنگت teliyē, s.m. 1. Name of a colour, dark bay. الكت adj. Light bay coloured (horse). 2. Unctuous (said of water the use of which cakes and hardens the soil and is unfavourable to cultivation.
- timar, s. m. f. 1. Care, attention, regimen of the sick. 2. Infirmity, sickness, indisposition, affliction.
- A. يم the ocean) a. m. Purifying or rubbing the hands, face and other parts of the body before prayer with sand or dust, when water cannot be had.
- يكين ta'in, (स्थान) postpos. mas.
  Up to, to, at. (Or, denoting after a genitive form, the objective case).
- عين النين tin, (त्रीणि) adj. Three. (تين considered as unlucky numbers.) adj. Dispersed, distracted, ruined, broken, sqandered, wasted.
- عنتاليس taintālīs, adj. Fort ythree.
- عنتيس taintis, adj. Thirty-three.
- s. تيندو tendā, (तिंद्रक) s. m. The name of a fruit (Diospyros ebenum or glutinosa).
- H. تيندوا tendā'ā or tendwā, s. m. A leopard

- itewar, s. m. 1. Forehead, countenance, physiognomy, fixed gaze or look. 2. Eyesight.
- B. تيوران te'orānā, v. n. To have a swimming in the head, to be giddy, to be faint, to stagger, to fall down senseless from a blow.
- تيورى te'ori, s. f. Frown. تيورى تيورى تيورى To frown: also, نظر بدلنا To change countenance.
- ב. ייבעט tyūn or tyon or tyaun, adv. 1. 80, in like manner, like, as. (तथा)
  - 2. At the same time, then. (ন্রে)
- H. تيوهار te'ohār, s. m. A holyday, a festival.
- P. تذہبو tihū, s. m. A small partridge.
- ع. تيئيس te'is, adj. Twenty-three.

## ت

- It does not occur in the Arabic or Persian alphabets; and, its sound or pronunciation differs from that of in being formed by the forcible application of the tip of the tongue to the palate, instead of the roots of the teeth. The same letter aspirated is represents the Sanskrit character 5.
- ابر تا jabar, s. f. 1. A small lake. 2 A hut. 3. A family. 4. A boy.
- n. بن بقم, s. f. 1. A stroke with the fore foot of a horse. 2. The sound of a horse's hoof in travelling.
- H. قاپو ṭāpā, s. m. (द्वीप) An island,

  (جزيرة); an isle).
- H. ごじ joj, s. m. Canvass, sackcloth.

- H. تاكن بtākan, s. (dakh.) A pony. see
- Evasion, (III) putting aside, putting off or out of the way, rejecting a request. 2. s. f. A heap (of grain, &c.), a stack, a rick. 3. Baldness from age. 4. A turn or trick in wrestling.

  L. To put off. 2. To heap.

  1. To heap. 2. To turn the scale fraudulently in weighing.
- H. אָט נְּמוֹם, s. m. 1. Evasion, &c.: see
- H. تال متول بāl-maṭol. s. m. Evasion, putting off, shuffling, chicane.
- H. WÜ tālnā, (trans. of WÜ) v.a. 1.
  To evade, prevaricate, put off, postpone, defer. 2. To drive out of the way, put or turn aside, ward off, avert, fend, remove, prevent.
- H. ไม้เรี tānḍā, s. m. 1. A venture (of goods). 2. Name of a place. 3. The goods of a banjārā. 4. A caravan.
- ع. تركن بقمه بقمه بقمه المقال بقمه بقمه المقلف equal to four mashas. (See under اتولا
- H. تانگ بقمه, s. f. 1. An iron pin. 2. A stitch.
- H. لانك tānka, s. m. 1. A stitch. 2. A tub made of stones. 3. Solder. تانك 1. To stitch. 2. To solder.
- H. ÜÜÜ ṭānknā, v. a. To stitch, to cobble. (dakh.) To write, scribble.
- ## ṭānkh, s. (in Guzerat) An underground reservoir for water, a tank.
- tānkī, s. f. 1. A venereal chancre or shanker. 2. A square piece cut out of a melon to examine its quality. 3. (dakh.) A dent, notch, jag, small hole, hollow or pit.
- ब्र. تانكى إنقي إقَnkā, (टंका) s. f. A chisel.
- ब. تانگ بقng, (ट्रंग) s. f. The leg, تانگ دینا To hang up, to hang.

H. ÜÜÜ tāngnā, (trans. of ÜÜÜ) v. a. To hang up, to dangle, to hang by a string, &c. (not on a peg).

H. تانگهی • ţānghan, s. m. A kind of horse, highland pony.

H. بنا بabbar, g. m. Family. (Pers. تبر)٠

net. wi tibba, s. m. (dakh.) 1. A height, rising ground, hill. 2. A sand bank or shoal (in the sea.)

bound, a drop of rain or other liquid.

2. A sound; sound of drops falling.

3. The fly of a tent. 4. A cover.

To read in a desultory manner.

ıı. ع. اناب تب بtap jānā, v. n. To

H. تپکن tapak, (from تپکن) s. f. 1. Pain, throbbing. 2. Sound made by dropping. تپک پڙن To drip.

H. รัฐ tapkā, s. m. 1 A drop of rain.
2. Fruit falling when ripe (particularly mangoes), a windfall.

H. تبكنا tapkānā, (causal of تبكنا) v. a.
To cause to drip, to distil.

when ripe 2. To drip, to distil. 3. To throb, to palpitate.

تبكا تبكى بوتى الم tapkī, s. f. diminutive of تبكى الله To be wanton تبكى پرتنى عورت كى الله woman).

H. تبنا tapnā, v. a. To jump over. (dakh.) To couple, copulate (as birds).

н. ਿੱਸ਼ ṭaṭṭā, s. m. A screen.

ي پونجيا بي tut-pūnjī-ā, adj. Bankrupt, or reduced in circumstances (a merchant). [animal by titkurī.

H. ינאליט tijkārnā, v. a. To urge an

H. تنگری titkārī, s. f. The noise made by drawing the tongue from the roof of the mouth to make horses, &c. proceed. [sized horse.

H. taṭṭū, s. m. A pony or under-

H. تتوانى ṭaṭwānī, s. f. A pony mare

н. تتوك tatolnā, v. a. 1. To feel for, to grope, to search for by feeling, to touch, to finger. 2. To examine.

H. تتى المالة, s. f. 1. A screen, a mated shutter. 2. A necessary office. 3. A frame for illumination. شكاركى اوت بيتهنا 1. To do secretly. 2. To form an ambuscade.

B. Ling taliyā, s. f. A screen, a matted shutter.

g. Jatihra, s. m.

ق. تدبرى إلى إلى إلى إلى إلى الكارى إلى الكارى الك

s. ्रं fuchchā, (तुंच Empty). s. m. A rake, a blackguard, mean fellow.

H. List takhnā, s. m. The ankle joint.

н. الله tiddā, s. m. A grasshopper.

H. تَدَى بِنَاظِةَ, s. f. A locust.

я. تر tar, adj. 1. Intoxicated. 2. Inattentive, regardless, like one intoxicated. 3. The croaking of a frog. 4. Roughness, violence. Prov. کی شیخی پتهانوں کی تر The pride of a Sheikh (priest), the insolence of a Pathan (soldier). 5. A crave. 6. The day after (عید) see, the day after the fair. Prov. عید پیچهے تر برات After the feetival, rejoicing; after the wedding, music!

- H. ترا turrā, adj. 1. Wicked, vicious (particularly, a horse). 2. Stout.
- tarrānā, (टहरी) v. a. 1. To chatter. 2. To grumble. 3. To be impudent.
- عرتر ع tartar, s. f. Chattering. [chatter.
- इ. ترترانا به tarṭarānā, (टहरी) v. a. To
- H. ترخل إغراب إغر
- تسر ṭasar, s. m. See تسر
- H. تسكن tasak, s. f. 1. Shooting pain, stitch, throb. 2. To be boiled.
- shake. 2. To have pain. 3. To decline in quality.
- H. iwaknā, v. n. To cry, to weep.
- H. Limi tasnā, v. n. To burst (as, tight cloth or a pillow stuffed too full), to split, to crack.
- H. تسوغ ṭaswe, s. m. Tears.
- عن tuk, (स्तोक) adj. A little. A
- H. 6 takā, s. m. (टेंक्क) A copper coin equal to two paisā; money.
- in any place, to stop, to check, to billet, to lodge to station. 2. See UK

- ਸ. بنائق بنائق بنائق بنائق بنائق بنائق jikā'ā, adj. Durable, lasting.
- H. تکتی باندهنا or باندهنا, s. f. Staring, fixed look, gaze. تکتی باندهنا To regard with a fixed look, to gaze.

- knock together the heads of two people, to dash the head on something, to butt. 2. v. n. To grope in a dark place or passage.
- ع. تكرّى إukṛī, a. f. Party, band, troop, division or corps of an army.
- ह. الكلاية ا
- a small round cake. 2. An ornament worn in the forehead.
- main in any place, to be detained, to lodge. 2. To survive, live.

- н. تكور tikor, s. m. A cataplasm, a poul-
- H. تكور takor, s. f. 1. The sound of a drum. 2. A fillip, tap.
- الكوراً بالكام الكام ال
- H. تكورنا إakornā, v. a. To foment.
- n. تكى بنائلة or بنائة, s. f. A small loaf of bread, cake. تكى لكانا To form a connexion, to make interest, to earn a scanty livelihood.
- H. تكن tikiyā, a. f. A small cake, a little cake of charcoal for the huqqa, a wafer, a bolus.
- H. تكيت takait, (from Kr) adj.

  Rich, possessing ready money.
- H. Uli talānā, (caus. of Uli) v. a. 1. To cause to disappear, or give away. 2. To pass in idleness.
- H. פּ. اللّٰ جانا jānā, v. n. To get out of the way, to disappear, to vanish, to pass away.
- ਸ. ਘਾਂ talnā, (r. ਟੋਨਾ Be confused or agitated) v. n. 1. To give away, shrink from, flinch. 2. To disappear, pass away, retire, to be evaded.
- H. Linë țimțimānā, v. n. To give a faint light, to twinkle.
- H. تمكى tamki, s. (dakh.) A small timbrel or drum made of iron, wood or clay. A small circular brass plate, played on by striking it with a piece of wood having a knob at the end.

  To make proclamation.
- H. تمنا بumnā, v. a. (dakh.) See

- H. اثنت ṭanṭū, s. m. Wrangling, altercation, squabble. (اجناب)
- H. Jui tund, s. m. A hand or branch that has been cut off.
- H. Lind-a, adj. Handless, whose hands have been cut off, or one born without hands.
- ع H. تندّی بسط به به باندهنای از باندهنا می ایستان از ایستان ایس
- 8. **List tank**, (艺術) 8. m. A weight equal to four māshas: a sword. a hatchet. [(of a bowstring).
- s. إلى إنكار s.f. The twang
- H. و. انگئ جانا و tang jānā, H. انگنا إangnā, be hung, to be suspended.
- tangrī, s. f. The leg.
- H. تنيا توتا بيا توتا Tiny. تنيا توتا A kind of parrot.
- H. توپ نمp, s. m. 1. A hat.cap, which covers the ears, (کی توپ) helmet, head, cover, thimble. 2. Bait. 3. A stitch.
- H. توپی iopan, s. (dakh.) Cap (night), muzzle (to confine the mouth.)
- put, place or fasten in, to introduce, let in; to plant, set a young tree or cutting.
- 4. توت بهذبر (from توت والحال) s. f. 1. Fracture, breaking, break. 2. Misunderstanding or coolness between friends, harm, loss, deficiency. 3. A passage omitted in the writing of a book, which is afterwards written in the margin. توت يتا To break in upon, to rush in, to be collected in

crowds. توت جانا 1. To be broken.

- ترت رهنا To become ill, to pine ترت
- 1. To be distressed, to be weary, to be reduced to poverty, to pine away. 2. To be separated.
- injury, detriment. 2. A cartridge. 3. A candle's end. 4. A squib (straight), a cracker. [a philter.
- H. גֿפֿא toṭkā, s. m. A charm, an amulet,
- إِنَّا يَّ اِنْنَا عِنْ اِنْدَا بَا اَنْدَا بَا اَنْدُا بَا اَنْدَا بَا الْمُعْتِي الْمُعْتِيْنِ الْمُعْتِيْنِ الْمُلِكِ الْمُعْتِيْنِ الْمُعْتِيْنِ الْمُعْتِيْنِ الْمُعْتِيْنِ الْعِلَالِيْكُورُ الْمُعْتِيْنِ الْعِلِيْكُورُ الْمُعْتِيْنِ الْمُعْتِيْعِيْكُمْ لَلْمُعْتِيْكُمْ الْمُعْتِيْتُعْتُ الْمُعْتِيْكُمْ الْمُعْتِيْكُمْ الْمُعْتِيْكُمْ الْمُعْتِيْكُمْ لِلْمُعْتِيْكُمْ الْمُعْتِيْكُمْ الْمُعْتِيْكُمْ الْمُعْتِ
- s. m. 1. A piece. a little, a particle, an atom, a bit. 2. A single beat of a drum. [an evil eye.
- н. برکا بەندىق بەندىق. (dakh.) Influence of
- (without a lid). (dakh.) 1. A broad, flat, shallow basket. 2. A wicker ferry-boat covered and sewn over with leather, in which travellers may not only themselves securely cross the river Kistna in the south of India, but have their goods and cattle safely ferried over. 3. A lost game or defeat at pachis-i. [(without a lid).
- H. توكرى tokrī, s. f. A small basket
- הלטט בי toknā, v.a. l. To interrogate, prevent, challenge, envy, accost. 2. To look at with an evil eye.
- וות ליל, s. m. A quarter or particular part of a town. ¶ (dakh.) A gang, group, band, caravan.
- H. تومنا بقسمة, v. a. (dakh.) To strike softly, to jog (gently).

- serpent in fireworks. 2. A joint of bamboo, &c. 3. A cartridge. 4. adj. Handless.
- H. تونتى tonți, s. f. A spout.
- H. تونها tonhā, s. m. A jugyling man, a conjurer.
- H. تونهائی tonhī'ī, s. f., A juggling woman, a female conjurer, a witch.
- الله بالله بالله
- ع. عَلَّ بِهُ thāth, s. m. 1. State, dignity, equipage, pomp. 2. Conveniency, plenty.
- غ بالمقلاب (كهر s. m. l. The divinity. 2. An idol. 3. A lord, master, chief (among Rājpāts). 4. A landholder. 5. A barber.
- قهانو thān, s. m. f. Place: see بنهان ع
- بهان به thān, s. (dakh.) Place of binding an animal.
- اا. تهانس thāns, s. (dakh.) Cough: see
- H. ini i thánsnā, v. a. To stuff, to cram, to ram or cram down. ¶ (dakh. also) To rein in, pull up or stop (a horse in his course), to crub, control.
- intent on, to intend, to set one's heart on. 2. To settle, to perform.
- ع. بنائو thānw, (स्थान) s. f. m. A
- ع. تهانون thānon, fresidence, a place, a situation.

- ਭੂ. تها به that (ਰਣ) s. m. Bank, shore. See تت
- H. Aus thath, s. m. Throng, crowd.

- H. تهتها المرابقة thatthā, s. m. 1. Fun, sport, joking, jest. 2. Name of a place.

  A jester, a humorous person, a funny fellow, jocular, arch, waggish, comical, facetious.

  To jest, crack a joke.
- H. יְאָבּילִי thithirnā or thithurnā or thi
- H. Like thathaknā or thithaknā, v. n. To stop, to stagnate, to staud amazed, to draw back in surprise, to shrink, to boggle.
- n. تهتهول thathol, adj. Banterer, jester, wag. [sport, joking, derision.
- II. تهدّهولى thatholi, s. f. Fun, hamour,
- a tinker. تهتهير تهتهير كي بدلئ المالة للهالير تهتهير كي بدلئ A bargain between two people equally acute or knowing, diamond cut diamond. 2. The stalk of the jo'ār. (dakh.) A reed.
- H. thakh-thakh, s. (dakh.) Clack, jangling, nonsensical talk.
- H. تهدّی بگرنا thuḍḍī, s. f. 1. The chin. 2.

  Unslit parched grain. تهدّی پکڙنا
  To flatter, curry favour.
- itharrā, s. f. 1. A kind of wine or spirituous liquor. 2. A kind of shoe worn by villagers.
- إنهرنا به thirānā, (caus. of انهرنا) v.a.
  To cause to congeal. ¶ tharānā (caus. of نهرنا) v.a. To fix, settle.
- thirnā, v. n. To freeze, to be chilled. ¶ tharnā. v. n. To be fixed or settled, to stop, to stand. see [earthen huqqa.
- n. تهريا thariyā, s. m. A kind of
- thas, this, or thus, An imitative sound, as of a musket ill charged or flashing in the pan. ¶ thas, s.

- (dakh.) Sound of a cough. تهسن (dakh.) To suffer injury (as a vessel by being chipped, &c.)
- H. Ly thassa, s. m. l. A mould or form into which plates of metal, &c. are beat to take the form of pastes of ornaments, &c. 2. Pride, vanity. 3. (dakh.) A stamp, print, die (for coining), a printing letter, metal type. Lil or Ly To coin, to stamp. to imprint, impress.
- II. تهسک thasak, s. f. State or dignity.
- H. Ukuşü thusaknā, 1. v. a. Peditum ciere, suppedere. 2. v. n. To weep but not aloud. (Ukişü).
- H. Limp thasaknā, v. a. To break a piece off any vessel of earthenware, by knocking two vessels together, without completely destroying it.
- H. thikrā, s. m. l. Fragment of an earthen vessel, a shard, potsherd.

  2. A vessel for carrying fire, such as faqīrs use.
- H. تهوکر thukrānā, (from تهکرانا) v. a.
  To kick or strike with the toes.
- H. تهائت thag, s. m. (स्पा a rogue)

  1. A robber, assassin, cut-throat. 2.

  A cheat, impostor. تهائت بدیا or بازی s. f. Cunning, art, fraudulent dexterity.

تهگ To rob, to cheat. تهگ لانا To cheat.

ed. 2. v. a. To cheat, to deceive: or, to cause to cheat or deceive.

H. الله بناله بنا

ਜ. ਪਿੱਛਾਂ thag-nā, v. a. To cheat, deceive,

H. تهگنی thag-nī, s. f. 1. A female robber. 2. The wife of a thug.

H. تهلئی thag-a-i, the practice of a thag; cheating, imposture.

H. تهكيا thag-iyā, s. m. A cheater.

H. تهل تكور ṭahal or تهل تكول s. f.
Housewifery, housekeeping, duty,
service, job, use, drudgery. تهل كانى
To serve, to drudge. كرنا
To dance attendance.

H. تبك tahalnē, v. n. 1. To walk backwards and forwards, to take the air, to rove, to ramble, to take a walk. 2. To be off. 3. To die.

H. تَهلوى tahalnī, s. f. See تَهلني

H. jui tahlū'ā, s. m. A manager of household concerns, attendant.

H. تہلوی ṭahlū'ī, s. f. A housewife.

H. Libë thiliya, s. f. A water-pot.

H. ithinaknā, v. n. To walk with grace and stateliness, to strut, to walk with dignity or with a jerky.

The playing of a paper kite to keep it up when the wind is light.

H. تبنا tahanā, s.m. A branch or large bough of a tree.

H. Liquis thanthanana, v. n. l. To jingle. 2. To neigh. 3. To rut.

الله تَهندٌ thand, s. f. Coldness, cold.

To abate (anger, virility, or wantonness). النقة عندا كرنا v. a. 1. To make cold, to cool. 2. To extinguish. 3. To comfort, to assuage, to pacify, appease. النقة 1. To be comforted or pacified. 3. To be comforted or pacified. 4. To rest. 5. To lose virility. النقة المونا عندا عندا المونا عندا عندا المونا عندا عندا عندا المونا ع

H. تهند thand-ak, s. f. Cold-ness, cool-ness.

للهندَّى .thanḍ-ī, adj. f. Cold تهندَّى .To sigh.

الهندًا B. تهندًا thandhā, adj. See بهندًا

H. Liqui thinaknā or thunuknā, v. n.
To sob. ¶ thanaknā, v. n. 1. To
throb, to shoot (as, the pain of
headache). 2. To jingle, tinkle, clink.

ម. ម៉ែរ thingnā, adj. Dwarfish.

H. تہنی ṭahnī, s. f. A branch.

H. تهور thaur, 1. s. f. (SI place)

Place, residence. 2. adv. Upon

the spot. تهور رهنا

To be murdered,

to be knocked down lifeless upon the
spot.

H. تهوسا thosā, s. m. The thumb presented in token of denial. (A mode peculiar to women. See انگوتها).

H. نَهُوسنا thos.nā, v. a. To stuff, cram in, wad, thrust, force, beat or drive in.

H. 
striking the foot against any thing, a beat of the foot, a kick, a stumble, false step. 2. A stumbling block.

ا. To trip, to stumble. To meet with a loss or misfortune. To strike against the foot (a stumbling block or obstacle).

- H. is, e. s. 1. To beat, knock, perform (on the kettledrum), strike, to drive (as a stake). 2. To bang. 3. To punish. 4. To pat on the back. 5. To put in the stocks.
- H. Jeë tholā, s. m. l. A cup for the food and drink of a bird in a cage. The knuckles. 3. (dakh. explained by To strike تهولا مارنا A blow ضرب with the knuckles.
- H. injaj thonsna, v. a. (dakh.) To eat a great deal, to stuff. See ings
- H. تهونكنا thonknā, 1. v. s. To knock, hammer. 2. To drive (as, a stake or nail). 3. To thrust with the finger, fillip, drive, beat, thump. To hammer or drive down, to knock. (پیتنا)۰
- H. تهونگی thong, s. f. 1. The act of striking with a finger or beak, peaking. 2. A beak, bill.
- v. a. To fix, stop, determine, appropriate, settle, to ascertain, appoint, fix on, to demonstrate, to prove, to conclude or consider, ascribe.
- permanence, appropriation, proof.
- To be stopped, be fixed, stay, remain, abide, rest, stand, last, be concluded, be settled, be determined, be proved.
- H. تهيي thip, s. f. A kind of lamp.
- H. تهييى thepī, s. f. A cork, a plug, a To تهیپی منه میں دینا To silent or close one's mouth.

- إلى إلى إلى thairnā or thernā, v. n. To stay, stand, wait, stop, &c.: see نهرية
- H. قيس ihes, s. f. A knook, a blowtripping against a stone, &c., a shove, a push, a thrust. (See أنهوكر).
- H. Linge thesnā, v. a. 1. To pierre. 2. To knock against. 3. To stuff, · cram, ram in. 4. To eat ravenously.
- H. تهيك thik, l. adj. Exact, even, accurate, complete, just, fit, meetproper, reasonable, true, regular, right; adv. Exactly, &c. 2. (met.) Parsimonious. 3. s. m. Sum, addition. تهيك ا تهاکت 1. adj. Exact, fit, proper, accurate; properly, fitly, accurately, adequately. 2. s. m. Exactitude. v. n. To fit, correspond, suit, answer, apply. تهيك تهاك v. a. To put to rights, correct, adjust, fit. تهيكث كرنا v. a. 1. To put to rights, to correct, adjust, adapt, fit, ascertain. 2. To beat.
- н. Кий thīkā, s. m. 1. Hire, fare, fixed price. 2. Work done by contract, a task. [of earthenware.
- H. تهیکرا thikrā, s. m. A broken piece
- H. تهيكرى thikri, s. f. l. A broken piece of earthenware (for holding fire) a potsherd. 2. Mons veneris. تهیکری To be mad. 3. (dakh.) Two bits of sticks or fragments of earthenware used as castanets.
- H. تهيك , thekī, s. f. l. Act of resting on the way (by a porter carrying a load) To rest (a porter carrying a load). 2. A large sack of grain.
- الهي thelā, s. m. 1. Shove: see لمي بيا. قبيلا تهيلي s. f. Shoving and shouldering. 2. A wheel-barrow.

- H. ihelnā, v.a. To shove, to elbow, shoulder, to move forward by pushing.
- H. ihenth, adj. 1. Pure genuine. 2. Contentious.
- H. Liuf thengā, s. m. l. A stick, a small club. 2. A tool (penis). [fish.
- H. Liking thengna, adj. Short, dwar-
- H. iii tipnā, v. a. To press, to compress, to grope, to feel, to squeeze.
- H. Lizy tikhnā, v. n. 1. To call (as a partridge). 2. (dakh.) To sing or warble with a sweet note.
- H. تيرن ternā, v. n. l. To bawl, to shout. 2. To tune. 3. To speak.
- H. تيڙها terhā, adj. Crooked, bent.
- تَدْى بِيَّةِ بِيَّرِي بِيَّةِ بِيَّرِي بِيَّةِ بِيَّرِي بِيَّةٍ بِيْرِي بِيَّةٍ بِيْرِي بِيَّةٍ بِيْرِي بِيَّ
- H. قيسو tesu, s. m. 1. The blossom of the paläs tree 2. A kind of play.
- A commentary. 2. (for तिस्ति) s. m. A mark or marks made with coloured earths or unguents upon the forehead and between the eyebrows, either as an ornament or sectarial distinction.

  3. An ornament worn on the forehead.

  4. The nuptial gifts or engagement.

  5. Inoculation.
- н. نيكا tehā, s. m. (dakh.) Trust,

- B. iii teknā, v. a. To support, to prop, to place, set or put down.
- H. الية بنالة, s. m. A rising ground, a small hill, a hillock. [ornament. 3uz. المناب بنالة بنا
- H. تيم تام tem, s. f. Snuff of a candle, the flame of a candle or lamp. تيم تام s. m. Dressing, ostentation.
- H. it is tent, s. m. l. (or tint) The ripe fruit of karīl. 2. A speck on the eye. 3. Cotton pod.
- H. تينتر tențū'ā, s. m. The windpipe, the throat.
- H. تينى tenī, s. m. A particular breed of fowls. adj. Tiny, small.

## ث

- is the ثام تحذ or ثام مثلث is the fourth letter of the Arabic alphabet. It does not occur in words of Persian origin. Its sound, among the Arabs, is that of th, in the English word thin; but, the Persians and Indians give it the sound of s. In the appropriation of the letters of the Arabic alphabet to denote numbers, 👛 represents 500. When, moreover, Persian words are introduced into Arabic writings, this letter is sometimes used instead کیومرث ،88 س or ت تهمورس for طهمورث and کیومرت and, in Arabic words the letter 2 is sometimes substituted for 😂; as .ثالث for ثالي
- a. ثبت or ثبوت or ثبت or ثبت or ثبت subsisted.) adj. Firm, proved, ascertained, sure, valid, confirmed, established, a fixed star, ثابت قدم

- adj. Immovable, stable, resolute, permanent, constant. أبت كرنا To confirm. establish, render durable, verify, prove (by witness).
- م. P. غانت خانی <u>sābit khān-ā</u>, A kind of soldier or servant, armed or dressed, probably, agreeably to the device of a خابت خان
- A. نقب ۾ ۾ ۾ ۾ ۾ ۾ ۾ ۾ ۾ القب ) adj. 1. Shining, splendid, brilliant. 2. Sublime, high.
- A. ثالث عانة a third).

  s. m. 1. The third. 2. An umpire, an arbitrator, a mediator. ثالث An unprejudiced arbitrator.

  الله المائة عنائة عنائة عنائة عنائة عنائة عنائة عنائة s. m. Trinity. عنائة عنا
- A. دُالث gāliga, s. f.. An arbitress, a mediatrix.
- A. دَالثي gāliṣ-ī, s. f. Arbitration.
- A. قامس ṣāmin, adj. Eighth.
- A. ثانی الحال gānī, l. adj. Second. 2. s. m. f. The second. ثانی الحال Another time. ثانی ملاحظه Revision.
- A. أينا <u>gāniyan</u>, or ينائ <u>ganiyā</u>, ad v. Secondly.
- A. ثانی saniya, (feminine of ثانی) s. f.
  The second.
- A. in sabāt, s. m. Permanency, firmness, resolution, constancy.
- A. تبت وهوئل. s. f. Stability, fixing, impression. أبت كرنا To inscribe, to subscribe, to write. نبت هونا To be inscribed or written.
- A. in firmness confirmation by evidence, conviction, proof. adj. Firm, entire, proved.
- a. ثراً sarā, l. adj. Opulent, rich. 2. s. m. The earth.

- abounded in cattle, &c.) 1. Wealth. 2. Multitude. 3. power. 4. Authority.
- A. ثريا guraiyā, s. m. The Pleiades.
- A. غبان <u>su<sup>s</sup>bān</u>, s. A long and bulky serpent; a dragon.
- A. بلغ ga²lab, s. m. A fox. (Plur. بالعالث).
- Salep (the root of a species of orchis, Orchis mascula, considered, particularly in the east, to be a strong restorative and aphrodisiac).
- A. كفث guft, s. Dregs, sediment, refuse.
- م. عالقا siqāt, s. plur. of عالت
- A. ثقل <u>saqālat</u>, s. f. (عقل was heavy.) Heaviness, weight.
- a. نقل giql, s. m. 1. Gravity, weight.

  2. Indigestion, heavy load.
- A. A. siqa, s. m. l. Confidence. 2. A confident, a trusty friend.
- م ثقل saqīl, (from ثقل) adj. 1. Heavy. 2. Lazy, phlegmatic. 3. Indigestible.
- A. ثلاث galāg, adj. Three. (Heb.).
- A. علاث gulāg, adv. By threes.
- a. ثلاثى sulāṣ-ī, adj. 1. Triangular, any thing made up of three parts, triple.
  2. (in gram.) Triliteral.
- a. علت gulg s. m. 1. The third part.
  2. An Arabic hand-writing.
- A. مَرْ samar, s. m. l. Fruit. 2. Produce, advantage, profit. 3. Offspring. عردار adj. Fruitbearing.
- fit, reward, recompense, result, product. 3. Offspring.
- A. gaman, s. m. Price, value.
- eighth part.

- A. samīn, adj. Precious, valuable.
- م الله عمرة, s. f. Praise, applause. الله عمران Repeating praise; praiser. عنا كستر adj. Scattering praise.
- returned, recompensed.) 1. The future reward of virtue. 2. A virtuous action, reward, premium.
- a. توابت sawābit, (plur. of ثابت)
  s. m. The fixed stars.
- م برب gaub, s. m. A robe, a vestment.
- rus, the sign of the Zodiac. 3. Twilight, crepuscule. 4. The name of a mountain near Mecca.
- a. بيان siyāb, (plur. of ثوب) s. m. Vestments, clothes, robes.
- A. Lui sairiba, s. f. A young woman who has consumated her marriage, femina cujus periit virginitas.

 $\epsilon$ 

jīm or jīm-i-tāzī, the fifth letter of the Arabic and the sixth of the Persian alphabet, has the sound of j in the English word judge. In Sanskrit, its correspondent and equivalent letter is  $\mathfrak{I}$ : and, to represent the aspirated letter  $\mathfrak{A}$  jh, it is combined with 8 thus In Arabic, it stands for 3 abjad numeration; for Tuesday in almanacks; and for the sign Cancer in astronomy: it may, also, stand as an عمالي abbreviation for the month, ش It is sometimes used for الآخر as ز for کاش Would! for کاج as for see A chicken; for (particularly in conformity to Ara-فرنگ for فرنج bic pronunciation), as Europe; for 8 as فيروزج for 8 فيروزج A turquoise. Again, for are used,

عدم عال for تارات Plunder;

عدم على for كجدم A scorpion;

عدم على as كينم for اخشيك معدم اخشير ويال ويال المعالي المعالية المع

- P. اج jā, s. f. A place, حاجه adv. Everywhere, hither and thither. s. m. A locum tenens, a deputy, a successor, a vicegerent.
- H. جاب jāb, s. m. 1. Muzzle for large cattle, ox-muzzle. (گنیچ چند).

  2. A net for fruit. 3. A sort of grass.
- A. جابر jābir, (from جابر) part. act.
  1. Despot. 2. A setter of broken bones.
- H. جابى jūbī, s. f. Muzzle for small cattle: see
- s. f. 1. To be born. (Arab. الله) Caste, sect, tribe, class, race. 2. Birth, production. بات بهرشت जातिश्रष्ट adj. Deprived of caste. عات بان الله s. f. A pedigree.
- P. الحات jāt, A termination or affix sometimes added by the moderns to Persian or Arabic words ending in to denote the plural; as in ميود Fruits.
- ब. جاترا به jātrā, (याता r. या Go) s. f. 1.

  Pilgrimage. (جاترات) 2. Departure, march, journey. 3. A religious festival or fair, a procession.
- ह. جاتری jātrī, (यात्री) s. m. ▲ pilgrim.

- H. jāt, s. m. Name of a tribe among Hindūs. (cultivators).
- H. جاجم jājim, s. f. A cloth thrown over the carpet to sit on.
- 1. A descendant of Yadu. 2. Krishnaas descended from Yadu.
- P. جائر بقطن الله jādu, s. m. Enchantment, in, cantation, charm, conjuring, juggling. الله حائر کرنا or جائر کرنا To practise incantations. جائر کری s. m. An enchanter, sorcerer. جائر کری s. f. Magic, necromancy.
- A. خاله jādda, or jāda, s. m. A pathway, manner, practice, the right road, a highway, public road.
- A. جاذب jāṣib, part. act. (from جذب) adj. 1. Alluring, attractive, absorbent. 2. Drawing (as, a plaster).
- A. جاذبته jāṣib-a, s. m. Drawing, attraction, charm, beauty.
- A. اجار jār, s. m. Neighbour.
- A. اجر jārr, (from جار) part. Giving.

  kasr to the last letter of a word.

  A particle which occasions the noun to end in kasr.
- P. جاروب jā-rūb, (جاروب Place, and بنتن part. act. of رفتن To sweep) s. m. A broom, besom, or the sweeper who uses it. جاروب کش s. m. A sweeper.
- passed quickly.) adj. Running, flowing, proceeding, current, usual; inforce (a law, &c.). جاری کرنا To begin, set on foot or set agoing, introduce (a custom), issue or put in force (an order). جاری هونا 1. To flow, issue.

  2. To pass current, circulate, prevail, proceed (as business).

- H. جارى jūrī, s. (dakh.) Indian millet:
- A. عارية jāriya, s. f. A maidservant.
- ع. المرابع jāṇā, (जड to chill.) s. m. 1.

  Cold, coldness. (سرادي ) 2. The winter.
- ing the property of rendering the last letter of a word quiescent.
- A. جس jāsūs, (from جس Felt, seeking, explored) s. m. Spy, an emissary.
- A. جاسوسی jāsūs-ī, s. f. The action or duty of a spy, spying.
- ع. جاسوں jāsūn, s. (dakh.) Scarlet

  China rose: see يا جوا
- ड़ jāgtī-jot, (जाप्रत-ज्योति:) adj. Possessed of or exerting miraculous power. (A term for an idol which is in the full enjoyment and exercise of its divinity).
- H. جاگری jāgrī, s. Treacle, refuse of sugar: see
- awake, to wake, to watch. باکث پرتا v. n. To awake.
- P. جاگیر jā-gīr, s. f. Land given by government as a reward for services, or as a fee; a pension (in land), a fief. حاگیر دار s. m. The holder of a fee or jāgīr, a feoffee.
- s. الجال jāl, (जाल to cover.) s. m. (or, dakh. s. f.) l. A net, grating, lattice; snare. 2. A sash. 3. Magic, illusion, supernatural deception. 4. An eyelet. عالدار adj. Reticulated.
- s. খুন jālā, (জাল web) s. m. l. Cobweb. 2. A pellicle. 3. A jar. 4. A

speck on the eye. cataract. 5. (dakh.) A net: Mildew on flour). 6. A large water-jar. See.

- \*\* jūl-i, (from ) s. f. l.

  Network. 2. The integument in which
  a fœtus is enveloped. 3. A coil, a
  caul. 4. Lattice, grate, trelliswork.
  5. (dakh.) Lace, edging. 6. An oxmuzzle: a net bag for weighing bhus
  (chaff.). 7. The thick coating of a
  mango stone. 8. Bobbinnet.
- G. جالينوس jālīnūs, n. prop. Galen.
- عُمْ jām, s. m. l. (जंब) The roseapple. ¶ (dakh.) A guava.
- congealed) اسم جامل (Gram.) Primitive or concrete noun (not derived from any root, and from which no word is derived; as, tree).
- P. جامدار جامدار جامدار خانه jāma-dār, s. m. Keeper of a wardrobe. خانه A wardrobe.
- of cloth in which the flowers are wove and not worked (generally muslin). 2. A kind of leathern basket or portmanteau, valise, trunk.
- he collected.)

  1. part. act. Completing, comprehending, collecting; collector, compiler, compriser. 2. adj. All, whole, universal, collective. 3. s. f. (حابعه) A great mosque, temple, or cathedral, where the prayer called خابع is repeated on Fridays.

- of all perfection جامع المتفرقيي Collector of the dispersed or scattered abroad.
- P. جاملی jāmgī or jāmagī, s. f. l. A salary. 2. Match of a gun.
- ≛ jāman, (जंबू) s. f. A fruit and tree so called.
- H. جأس jāman, s. m. Sour milk used to coagulate or curdle fresh milk runnet, coagulator.
- A. باموس jāmūs, s. m. A buffalo, (Pers. گامویش) ا
- غامون jāmūn, s. (जंबु) (dakh.)

  Name of a fruit.
- p. خامة jāma, s. m. A garment, robe, gown, vest, a long gown (having from eleven to thirty breadths of cloth in the skirt, which at the upper part is folded into innumerable plaits, and the body part, being double-breasted, is tied in two places on each side.

  s. f. Portmanteau.

  Library adj. Becoming, one's clothes.

  clothes. اجامة وار 1. adj. Fit to make clothes of, sufficient for a jāma.

  2. s. m. A flowered sheet or shawl, a kind of chintz.
- P.  $j\bar{a}m-\bar{i}$ , adj. Of the cup; name of a celebrated Persian poet.
- p. المقاربة jān, s. f. m. 1. Life, soul, spirit, mind, self. 2. A sweetheart.

  3. (met.) adj. Dear, beloved. المربية Animator, creator of life (an epithet of God). المالة على المالة على

٧,

crime. جان بر هونا To survive, outlive. جار، بلب adj. At the point of expiring. جاں بلب هونا To be at the point of death. جان پر آنا or يُرّنا To be exposed to imminent danger. جان پر کھیلنا To run the جاں To be refreshed جاں یڑنا جاندار .To escape, get rid of چهڙانا Having life; an animal (generally implying strength), powerful, active, lively or spirited (as, a horse). adj. Life-destroying (as, poison or a snake, &c.), جان فرسا Life-consuming. أي فزا adj. Life-increasing, animating. جان فشانی s. f. Very hard labour, extreme diligence, devotion. adj. Life-reducing, heart-breaking, pathetic, affecting. جان کسی پر 1. To love excessively. 2. To die, to fall a sacrifice. جان or جان or جان . s. f. The agonies of death, agony, torture. جان گداز adj. Lifedissolving or destroying. جان ميں To be satisfied, to be comforted. جان نثار adj. Devoted, جان نثاری sacrificing one's life. s. f. Devotedness, &c.

- ह. جان jān, l. (ज्ञानी) adj. Wise, intelligent; s. m. A conjurer, an astrologer. 2. (خاننا) part. Knowing. بوجه کے or جان بوجه کے adv. Knowingly, wilfully, purposely.
- A. جان jānn, s. m. (collect. of جان)
  The race of genii or demons.
- attain) v. n. To go, to be, to pass, to

- reach to continue. Lib. To be lost, be nissing, pass away.
- P. جانل jānān, 1. s. plur. (of جانل Lives; 2. sing. A sweetheart, one beloved. 3. Poet.
- A. بناج jānib, s. f. (بناج the side), Part, side; party. adv. Towards. مانب دار A supporter, a second, patron. عانب سے In the name of.
- A. جانب jānibain, s. dual (of جانبي)
  Mutual, on both sides, or parties.
- ing the soul) s. m. An acquaintance, an intimate friend.
- ع الجنائي s. m. Trial, test, proof. An estimate, guess.
- g. الجَاٰجِنا بَقَnchnā, (याचन) v. a. To examine, to inquire into, to ascertain.
- a. إلى jānghiyā, (जिंची the thigh)

  (ال) s. m. A kind of breeches that

  do not cover the thigh, or that reach
  only half way down the thighs. Short
  drawers.
- s. اننا به jānnā, (রাল from r. রা Know) v. a. To know, comprehend, recognize. جان لینا To get a knowledge of, to understand.
- P. جانور jān-war, (life-having) 1. s. m. An animal, a bird. 2. A fool.
- ब. جانهار jān-hār, (r. या Go) adj. Going, passing away.
- P. جانی jān-ī, adj. Of life, of the heart or soul, cordial, hearty, dear, beloved; (substantively) a lover, a friend. جانی دشمی An enemy desirous of one's life, a mortal enemy.
- عانے دو عام jāne do (from جانے دو عام and )

  Never mind, let alone, don't.

- بنا ع jāne denā, v. a. 1. To liberate. to let go. 2. To excuse, to pass over (as, a fault).
- P. المارة jāwidān, adj. Eternal. See جاويدان
- P. جاوداني jāwidān-ī, s. f. Eternity.
- کاوشیر jā'o-shār, s Bee جاو شیر .
- P. غاويد jāwed or jāwid,
- P. غاویدان jāwedān, or jāwidān, Always, eternal.
- P. جاویدانی jāwidān-i, s. f. Eternity.
- P. & jah, s. f. Dignity, rank, grandeur. جالا و جلال Dignity, splendour, magnificence, pomp.
- باهل به jāhil, (سعه ignorant.) adj. Ignorant, illiterate, barbarous, brntal.
- م. P. جاهلی jāhil-ī, s. f. State of ignorance; paganism.
- P. عَالَم ja'e, s. f. Place, room: see s. f. The necessary. جائے نماز .successor جائے نشیر، A carpet, mat or cloth, on which prayers are said.
- ع. جأي jä'i, (জানা) adj. f. Born ; s.f. A daughter. (بیتی)
- عايا ع jāyā, (जात) adj. m. s. m. A son. (সানা) s. f. A daughter.
- जातीफल) s. m. Nutmeg.
- P. الميام jā'e-dād, s. f. An assignment on land (for the maintenance of troops or an establishment or person), assets, funds, resources, effects (in law), property: place, employment: the ability of any district or province in respect to its revenue.

- انز مه jā'jz, (جوز or جوز traversed. ('\sights.') 1. adj. Lawful, permitted, right, proper, authorized, allowable. 2. s. m. A joist, a beam. جاينر ركهنا To warrant, justify, tolerate.
- A. غيزه  $j\bar{a}'iza$ , s. m. 1. Examination, reviewing. 2. Beneficence, a gift, [dwelling. reward.
- P. خایگاه  $j\bar{a}'e$ - $g\bar{a}h$ , s. Place, station.
- P. جايگير jā'e-gīr, 1. s. f. Pension. 2. adj. Taking a place; fixed, efficacious.
- ड़ कि, (यदा) adv. When, at the time when, as soon as. جب تک Now and then. تب adv. Till when, whilst, as long as Whenever. Bince. حب کا تب adv. At the time when, at the proper moment حب که .Whenever جب کبهی adv. At the time when, when, since, عن نه تب adv. Now and then, perpetually. adv. At the very time.
- اجبر jabbār, (from جبار اله jabbār, (from جبار) 1. ad j. superl. Omnipotent, mighty. 2. Conqueror, 3. s. m. A tall palm tree. 4. A revenger. 5. Orion.
- A. مبل jital, s. plur. (of جبال) Mountains, hills.
- A. جبل jabān, (from جبان) a d j. Pusillanimous, trembling, abject.
- A. اجبه jibāh, a. plur. of جباه
- A. جبر jabr, (was strong) s. m. (جبر he set (a bone). Oppression, violence, strength, force, power, constraint. جبر سے By violence, violently. جبر نقصان Making good a deficiency (as, if two horses are to be given to two persons, one to each; if they are not

equally good, saddle and bridle are given with the worst). جبرومقابله Algebra.

- jabran, adv. Forcibly, violently, compulsively.
- م. مجبريل The archangel Gabriel.
- he world or sphere of omnipotence.
- H. jabrā, s. m. (जॅम:) The jaw, or the part of the face from the corners of the mouth to the jaws.
- A. جبل jabal, s. m. A mountain, a hill.
- A. jibillat, s. f. Essence, quality, disposition, temperament, constitution, creation, form.
- A. جبلقوم jabalqūm, s. m. An amethyst.
- A جبلی He (God) created him. adj. Natural, (اصلی) innate, essential, in general.
- jubun, or jubn, s. m. 1. Pusillanimity.2. Cheese.
- vest resembling a shirt, a coat of mail. A jacket, vest or doublet with short sleeves reaching only to the elbows.
- H. jabhā, s. m. The jaw.
- H. jabhrā, s. m. The jaw.
- A. جبب jabha, s. m. The forehead.

  The act of rubbing the forehead on the ground, beseeching earnestly, &c.
- A. منافرن jabin, s. f. The forehead.
- s. jap, (जप) s. m. Muttering of prayers, repeating inaudibly passages from the scriptures, charms or names of a deity, counting silently the beads of a rosary, &c. जप

- and तप:) s. m. Devotion, adoration.

  Via or جیمال s. f. A rosary.
- in silence) v. a. To count one's beads, repeat the name of God internally, recite the bead-roll, make mention.
- H. i. japnā, v. n. (dakh.) To wait, expect, lie in wait for.
- عارا ع jatārā, (from جارا ع. m. Dynasty, race, lineage.
- a. اجتار jatārā, s. (dakh.) Family, race, stock, house, line, lineage. See
- a. النج jatānā, (from यत) v. a. To inform of, to caution, warn, remind.
- عنی ع jatan, (यन) s. m. Careful.
  ness, remedy, care, effort, endeavourTo guard take care of.
- # jitnā, (यावत) m. adj. How much, so much, as much as, as many.
- e. اجتانا jutwānā, (causal of جتانا)
  v. a. To cause to join or yoke.
- عنها باندهنا atha, (괴엑) a.m. 1. A company, band, gang, class. جنها باندهنا To form a party. 2. Capital.
- s. جتى jatī, (यति) s. m. 1. A sage whose passions are completely under subjection. 2. A religious mendicant, especially one of the Jain sect.
- H. جوتى jutiyānā, (from جنيانا) ٧. عـ
  To beat with a slipper.
- ह. تج jaṭ, } (जटा) Matted bair. s. الله jaṭā,
  - Whose hair is matted. 2. s. f. The cockscomb flower, amaranth.
- s. المانسى يا مانسى jaṭā māsī or -māṅsī, (जटामांसी) s. f. Spikenard.

- e جنہانی ع jiṭhānī, (fem. of جنہانی ع s. f. (उपेन्ना) Husband's elder brother's wife.
- A tip jugga, s. m. The body, the figure of the human body.
- Worship, make offerings) s. m. A customer, a person to whose custom Brahmans, barbers, washermen, and some others, have a legal claim. (The hereditary Brahman, or barber, &c. of a village must be paid his fees, whether you choose to employ him or another person).
- H. جنی jijī, s. f. (dakh.) A fostermother, a wet nurse, nursery-maid.
- พ. ليج jijiyā, s. f. 1. A sister. 2. A dug, a breast. [to be tried.
- H. liz jachnā, v. n. To be guessed,
- lently burning fire, gehenna, hell.
- على jad, (यदा) adv. As, while, whilst, as soon as, at the time when.
- ancestor. (Plur. اجداد Ancestors).
  2. Dignity, glory (of God), happiness.
- study. جد و جهد كرنا To endeavour, حد و جهد كرنا To endeavour, to strive. عجد وكد s. m. Expostulation, endeavour, effort, industry.
- P. الك judā, adj. Separate, distinct, away, apart, aside, asunder, absent, different, peculiar, extraordinary.

  To separate, disjoin, part, disunite, detach, disengage, distinguish. See
- p. مناكانه judā-gāna, adv. Separately, apart.
- م الم jidāl, (inf. III. of جدال ما s.m.

- Altercation, contest. جنگ و جدال s. m. Fighting, contention.
- P. جدائی judā-ī, (from جدائی) s. f. Separation, absence.
- A. جدرى judrī, s. f. The small pox.
- A. جدل jadal, s. m. Fighting, battle, encounter, altercation.
- A. judwār, a. m. (perhaps, dakh.
  - s. f.) Zedoary. (Curcuma zedoaria)
- in a book (as, ruling, or to separate the margin). 2. A rivulet. A table, an astronomical table. (Plur. جداول).

  4. A card of paste-board, across which threads are laced tight, used to rule or line the pages of a book.
- A. جدولی jadwal-ī, adj. Marked with lines (a book).
- म् بناهر بناهر jidhar, (यत्न) adv. Where, wherever, whither, there. جدهر (यत्नतत्न) adv. Here and there, everywhere.
- A. جدی jadī, s. m. l. A kid, a he goat. 2. The sign Capricorn.
- A. جدی jadd-i, (from جدی adj. Ancestral, belonging to ancestors.
- A. نیا jadid, adj. New, (نیا) modern, fresh, recent.
- A. منام juzūm, s. m. Leprosy.
- A. جذب jazb. s. m. Allurement, attraction, absorption, drawing (as, of a plaster). جذب هونا To be absorbed.
- مَدُنِكُ jazba, s. m. 1. Passion, rage, fury. 2. Violent desire.
- A. جذر jazr, s. m. 1. Origin, root.

  2. The square root (in arithmetic).
- Drawing, dragging. 2. Base, foundation, foot of a mountain. 3. The vowel kasra at the end of words

or جار A particle, which gives to the noun a termination in kasra.

ت. بار jurrāb, s. m. A sock, stocking.

A. ترأت jur'at, s. f. (آب was bold)

Courage, and acity, valour. جرأت كرنا

To dare. (دليرى)

A surgeon. wounded) s. m.

jarāḥat, (correctly jirāḥat)
s. f. A wound, a sore.

A. جراحی jarrāḥ-ī, l. s. f. Surgery, chirurgery. 2. adj. Surgical.

A. المجرزة jarād, s. m. A locust.

م. jarrār, adj. Warlike, brave, multitudinous (an army).

H. جرانا jirānā, (causal of جرانا) v. a. (dakh.) To dry up.

A. جريمة jarā'im, s. plur. (of جريمة he cut it). Faults, crimes, sins.

A. جرس jaras, s. m. A bell.

A. جرسام jirsām, s. m. The pleurisy.

A. خرعة jur<sup>a</sup>, s. m. One draught, a drop. جرعة كش Drinker.

putting in rank or row men and other animals; a flock or drove of deer, &c.

body of any thing inanimate. 2. A globe. 3. A flaw in a precious stone.

(Plur. اجرام)

A. جرم jurm. (or, in dakh. sometimes jirm) s. m. A crime, fault, sin. جرم عظیم or منگیی A great crime, a felony.

H. نجرنا jirnā, v. n. a. (dakh.) To dry

H. jurë'ā or juruwā, s. f. A woman.

P. خرخ jurra, s. m. A species of male hawk or falcon.

مرا جرات) was bold جراء جرات jari, (عبر جرات was bold) adj. Valiant, intrepid, brave, bold.

A. جریاں jarayān, s. m. (جریاں was habituated to.) Running, flowing, flux (of blood, urine, semen, &c.) جریاں Dysentery, flux.

H. جريب jarib, s. f. A sort of wooden dart with an iron point.

a certain measure. 1. A land measure. 2. A corn measure (of 384 mudds or about 768 lbs.). 3. A measuring chain or rope, being of the length of 60 gas or 20 gathas; and, in the standard measurement of the upper Provinces, is equal to five chains of 11 yards, each chain being equal to 4 gathas. (A square of one jarib is a bighā:

rate, solitary, unattended (when travelling), unencumbered. 2. s. m. Volume, book, register. [forfeit, fine.

A. P. غالم jarīmāna, s. m. Penalty,

عر المر jat, (for जटा) s. f. A root, origin, foundation, basis. (See المداء)

e. جرّاو ع jarā'o, (جرّنا) s. m. Setting of jewels.

ع. عَالَة jarā'ū, adj. Set, studded with

عبر پیر بی jar-per, s. f. Root and branch. حبر پیر سے اکھارنا v.a. To extirpate.

- H. g. jarna, v. a. 1. To strike, to shake off. 2. (for जटन) To join. 3.
  To stud, set jewels, fix, enchase, inlay.
- be joined, to be attached.
- ع. جائی jeri, (जिटी a root.) s. f. The root of a medicinal herb. جائی بوتی s. f. Medicinal herbs, drugs, simples.
  P. jus, adv. Besides, except.
- portion, foot of a verse. 2. A division of a book consisting of eight leaves. 3.

  Ingredient. جزيندى s. f. Binding of a book. ه جزيالى s. m. A cloth in which books are wrapped up, a portfolio. جزيس adj. 1. Penetrating, sagacious. 2. Krugal, economical جزيس s. f. Frugality, economy, من جزيل ما المانية An indivisible atom, any thing too small to be divided, a monad. جزيك adv. Totally, entirely, great and small.
- A. jasā, s. f. (جزی made satisfaction) Retaliation, requital, return, compensation, reward, recompense.
- مزاک الله م jazā-k-allah, May God reward thee! God bless you!
- A. جزيره jasā-jr, s. m. plur. of جزائر
- A. الل jazā-il, s. m. A large musket, a wall piece, a swivel. جزائل One who fires a wall-piece.
- reflux of the sea, river, rain, &c. جزر s. m. The ebb-tide, the reflux of the sea, river, rain, &c. عبر عبر s. m. The ebb and flow of the tide ¶ jazar, (in arithmetic) Duplication or doubling a number.
- A. جزم jasm, s. m. (مجزم he cut it

- off.) 1. Decision, resolving. 2. Amputation. 3. The orthographical character jazm (°) which is placed over a letter to show that it is quiescent or has no vowel following it. bi-l-jasm, With decision, in earnest.
- جز . jusv, s. m. See A. جزو
- A. جزویات juswī, adj. Particular, in part, few, a little. (Plur. جزویات Parts, particulars).
- a little, a few. کلی و جزئی In whole and in part, entirely, wholly.
- A. جزئية juzīyāt, s. (plur. of جزئية)
  Trifles.
- A. جزيره jazīra, s. m. An island, a peninsula.
- A. جزی jisya, B. m. (جزیه made satisfaction.) A tribute, capitation-tax levied on individuals, poll-tax, tax on infidels.
- ब. جس jas, (यश: glory) s. m. Celebrity, reputation, fame.
- ब. جس jis, (यस्य) pron. rel. sing. inflect. (of جر) Whom, what, who, which, that, any one; whose.
- intrepidity, presumption, temerity.
- made large, embodied.) s. f. Corpulency.
- P. جست jast, (جستی) s. f. 1. A leap, spring. 2. Leaping, جست or کرنی or مارنی
- jast, s. f. prince's metal). Zinc.
- e. جستی just-o-jū, (جستی و جو s. f. Searching, inquiry, examination.

- P. تسب justa, (جستی) part. pass.
  Sought. ¶ jastu, Leaped, having leaped.
- مسك jasad, s. m. The body.
- A. jisr, s. A bridge.
- jis-tarah, What fashion or manner, (in) what manner, as.
- A. جسم بانه jism, s. m. Body of any being. جسم جمالی Metallic body.

  Constitutional parts. جسم جوهری Animal body. جسم حیرانی Vegetable body.
- ه منانی ه dj.

  Belonging to body, corporeal, material, carnal.

  [see g. جو
- عس نے ع jis-ne, pron. Who, which:
- jis-waqt, What time, at what time, when, whenever.
- adj. Famous, illustrious.
- A. جسم jasīm, (جسم) adj. Corpulent.
- P. jashn, s. m. A feast, a festival (chiefly applied to the royal celebrations of festivals). A jubilee.
- A. Lus ja\*ba, s. A quiver.
- A Day jard, s. f. A ringlet, a curly lock of hair. Having curly hair.
- A. ja\*far, s. A large river; a little stream, a proper name.
- a. جعفرى ja\*far-i, s. f. l. A kind of cupola. 2. A sort of screen (the interstices of the frame being lozenged).

  Lattice work (corrupt. of هفيرة).

  3. The purest kind of gold. 4. The name of a yellow flower (called also Linum trigynum).

- A. جعل ja²l, adj. (عجل he made) (a thing). Counterfeit. s. Forgery.
   s. f. Counterfeiting, forgery.
- G. جغرافية jughrāfiya, s. m. Geogra-
- P. افب jafā, s. f. Oppression, violence, injury, injustice. خفا پیشه or افب مناور or جفا کار s. f. Oppression, tyranny.
- P. juft, s. m. Evenness, party, a pair, a couple, a match, a mate.
- P. Zia justa, adj. 1. Bent, wrinkled.

  2. Running together (the threads in cloth). 3. A crumple, crease.
- P. ي. juftī khānā, v. a. To copulate, to pair (as, birds).
- p. جفر jafr, s. m. The art of making amulets or charms. [nonsensical talk.
- P. جقبت juqjaq, s. (dakh.) Nonsense,
- jak, (पञ्च) s. m. 1. When treasure, &c. is buried, an animal (sometimes a man) is killed and buried with it as a guard. This animal is called jak, and receives orders to allow no one else to take up the treasure, &c. 2. (met.) A miser, called also
- n. jakaṛṇā, v. a. l. (日 union, 否 to make) To tighten, to draw tight (as a knot), to bind, to tie, to pinion. 2. To put in stocks.
- of the world or great period. (The ages are four, i. e. Satya or Krita, Tretā, Dwāpar and Kali). 2. A term used in the game of chausar (the opposite of a blot, two or more men standing on the same square). 3. A pair. 4. A thread (brocade-workers).

- इ. ं्रेंड्र jag, s. m. l. (for जगत्)
  The world, the universe.
- H. الناية jugālnā, v. a. (ਸਲ੍ਹ to eat)
  To chew the cud.
- H. جگالی jugālī, s. f. The oud.
- awake. or caus. of L. v. a. 1. To awake, rouse from sleep. 2. To light, kindle. 3. To raise the wick of a light.
- s. m. l. The world. 2. A buttress.
- علت jugat, (युक्ति) s. f. l. Address, dexterity, contrivance, counsel, wit, a pan, art. جگت باز Punster, quibbler. 2. The mysteries of ascetism.
- H. جگاهت jagjagāhaṭ, s. f. Splendour, much light, glitter.
- P. جگر بند jigar, s. m. The liver, vitals, heart, mind, courage. جگر بند s. m.
  1. The liver, lungs, and heart together.
  2. A son. جگر جگر دگر دگر دگر . Mine is mine and yours is yours, or every one knows where his own shoe pinches.
  جگر گوشت s. m. A lobe of the liver;
  (met.) One dear or beloved.
- P. جگری jigar-ī, adj. 1. Belonging to the liver or heart, hepatic. 2. Liver-coloured. عقيق جگرى Carnelion.
- H. Lala jagmagā, adj. Glittering, splendid. [shine.
- H. jagmagānā, v. n. To glitter,
- #. على jagmagā-haṭ, s. f. Glitter splendour. [awake, to rouse.
- ع ننا ع jagnā, (जागरण) v. n. To
- H. جگنو jugnū, B. m. l. The fire-fly.
- 2. A jewel worn about the neck.

- worm. 2. An ornament worn round the neck. ¶ jignī. A small semi-lunar ornament worn in the centre of a string of beads, &c. ¶ jagnī, A small grain from which oil is extracted.
- H. jagah, s. f. Place, station, quarter, room, vacancy, stead.
- ing for an elephant, bullock, &c.
- H. بال جل jul, s. m. Deceit, cheating, a trick. جل دینا To cheat.
- s. jul, (जल) s. m. Water. جل s. m. Ground half covered with water, marshy ground.
- A. أب jilā, s. f. (उन्हा) Splendour, brightness, polishing. الله عن ا
- ع. لنب الم jalā-thunā, adj. Passionate,
- anger. غلایا jalāpā, s. m. (dakh.) Envy,
- he hurt his skin.) An executioner; (and, hence) cruel, hard-hearted (one who

- skins or flays, from جلك The skin).

  The planet Mars.
- ialādat, s. f. Activity, strength, agility.
- an executioner; cruelty, villainy.
- مجلال jalāl, s. m. (خلال was or become great.) Dignity, majesty, grandeur, glory, power, wrath.
- irrustrious, terrible (applied to the attributes of the divinity).
- A. خالیه jalāliya, s. m. l. A person who worships the more terrible attributes of the deity. 2. Name of a sort of Faqīr, a follower of سید جلال 3. A kind of pigeon.
- علنا عالم jalānā, (उवालिन or caus. of اجلنا ) v. a. To burn, to inflame, to fire, to make jealous.
- علنا عن jilānā, (caus. of جينا जीवन)
  v. a. 1. To give life to, animate, to recover any thing almost dead. 2. To foster, to patronize.
- P. جلاها julāhā, s. m. l. A weaver (کولی) (of the Muhammadan religion). 2. (met.) A fool, a blockhead.
- s. جلبان jal-pān, (রস্ত্যান) s. m.
  Drinking (of water), eating, taking light food between meals, a luncheon.
- s. m. The musical glasses or harmonicon; playing on glasses or China bowls by rubbing the edges; a brass vessel in which water is put and the edges are beaten with two sticks.
- r. جلک jald, adj. Expeditious, quick, nimble, brisk, fast, hasty, impetuous.
- a. بالم jild, s. f. 1. The skin, leather.

  2. The binding of a book. 3. A volume,

  book. عجلا كر s. m. A bookbinder.

- s. jala-dhārā, (जलधारा) s. f. A stream or current of water.
- P. جلاى jali-ī, s. f. Quickness, haste. adv. Quickly. [Companions.
- A. البلي julasā, s. plur. (of جليس).
- sat.) Posture, situation, seat, meeting, assembly. 2. Entertainment, feast, dance.
- A. خلف jalaf, (correct. jilf) 1. s. m. A miser. 2. adj. Mean, base, despicable. (Plur. اجلاف).
- g. ہجل کی jal-kukar, (जलकुक्ट) s. m. A waterhen, a diver.
- s. m. A water-man, a mermaid.
- على غ jalan, (जनला) s. m. f. l.

  Burning, heat, inflammation, throb.

  2. Passion, vexation. 3. Envy, jealousy, malice, hatred.
- علی المجالی المحالی المحالی
- إن المراب ال
- A. جاره or البه jilau, (for جاره or البه was displayed.) s. f. A rein (of a horse's bridle), retinue, court, equipage, train, suite. جار خانه Attendant جاردار An area, vestibule, porch, antichamber.
- a. جلس julās, s. m. (مجلوس he sat.) Sitting; the accession (to a throne); state, pomp.

- A. جلوسی julās-ī, adj. Of the reign, relating to accession (to the throne).
- العلام ا
- A. جلی jalī, adj. 1. Plain, apparent.
  2. Large, plain (hand-writing).
- H. جليبي jalebī, s. f. A kind of sweetmeat. [A companion.
- ه. m. f. (جلوس) 8. m. f.
- A. رجلال jatīl, (from اجلال) adj.
  Great, illustrious. جليل القدر adj.
  August, illustrious, glorious.
- P. جم jam, n. prop. Name of an ancient king of Persia. See
- jam, (यम) s. m. The regent of worlds below; or death, and judge of departed souls.

  Messenger of Jam or of death.

  (यमदीप) s. m. A candle or illumination sacred to Jam, lighted on the 13th of kārtik, krishn paksh, i. e. three days before the dewālī.
- A. جم jamm, s. A multitude, concourse جم غفير A great multitude, all both high and low.
- incapable of growth, a stone, a fossil.

  Plur. جمالات Minerals, fossils, inorganic nature.
- م. الأول بي jumāda-l-auwal,
- A. أي jumāda-l-ūlā, Pame of the fifth Arabian month.

- مانى الآخر .ه. الآخر .ه. الآخر .ه. الآخر .ه. الثانى .ه. الثانى الثانى .ه. الثانى الثانى .ه. الثانى الثانى .ه. الثانى .wame of the sixth Arabian month.
- A. einā, s. f. Coitus, concubitus, copulation.
- collected.) A crowd, an assembly, a troop, meeting, society, congregation.
- A. المال jamāl, s. m. Beauty, elegance.
- H. إُرِّ jamāl-goṭā, s. m. (जयपालगुटी) The name of a purgative nut (Croton tiglium).
- A. جمالی jamāl-ī, s. m. A kind of muskmelon (red-fleshed). ¶ adj. Amiable (as an attribute of the divinity, in opposition to جالی)
- g. Line jamānā, (causal of Line r. TH Bind, restrain) v. a. 1. To collect.

  2. To sum up. 3. To coagulate, to freeze or make ice, congeal, consolidate. 4. To pace in the manage. Tv. n. (dakh.) To gape, yawn.
- s. غرام jamā'o, (from جماو) s. m. 1
  A crowd or multitude, collection,
  accumulation. 2. Coagulation.
- ع. جمانا jamāwaṭ, (from جماوت) s. f. Coagulation, consolidation.
- g. jamā'orā, s. m. (dakh.) A collection: see [perpetually.
- H. jam-jam, adv. Always
- A. جمل jamd, s. m. Congelation, connexion, concretion.
- إلى jam-dhar, (dakh. جمدهر jam-dhar, (dakh. جمدهر from 각부 Death, Jam, and খা
  Sharp edge) s. m. A dagger.
- P. جمشید jamshid, n. prop. Name of an ancient king of Persia.

- \*. \* jam\*, s. f. (\*\* collected.) A congregation, conjunction, collection, assembly, amount, sum total, whole, revenue generally and the government demand in particular, plural number. جمعیندی s. f. Accounts of the revenues, rental, settlement of the revenues, rent-roll, a statement of the rents fixed on every field in the township, the annual settlement of the revenue place s. m. 1. A native officer of the army so called. 2. The head of any body, as of guides, مع كرنا ، To collect, جمع كرنا ، To collect assemble, heap. جمع و خرج s. m. Account of receipt and disbursement, debit and credit, cash account, ac-جمع و خرچ کرنا count current. To make up, or balance an account. An account stating جمع وأصلباقي payments periodically due, with the amount received and the arrears; an account of the revenue of government with entries of payments and arrears.
- weekly allowance to schoolboys paid on a Friday; also, the present given on a Friday by schoolboys to their preceptor. 2. (dakh) The giving of entertainment on five successive Fridays after a marriage.
- which day Musalmans assemble to pray at the great mosque). [day.
- A s. " jum'a-rat, s. f. Thurs-
- ion, assemblage, accumulation of followers, &c. 2. Wealth, affluence. 3. Recollection, reflection. 4. Peace of mind. 5. An army.
- H. نوکلی jamuknā, v. n. To succeed, go on well, fit, be assembled. دوکلی Buyers and sellers are collected in the shop.

  الزائی جمکی The fight was joined. لتانی جمکی The cause is begun to be debated.

- ह. ्येक्ट्र jamghat, (r. यम Bind, restrain, and घट Body) s. m. Crowd, multitude.
- A. Jaml or jamal, s. m. A camel.
- A. اجمله jumal, s. plur. (of حمله)

  The whole, the sum. حساب جمل

  The reckoning by abjad.
- A. P. غملگی jumla-gī, s. f. Universality, totality.
- A. ملم jumla, s. m. (الجمل he collected) 1. The whole, the sum, aggregate, total, amount. (جمع Upon the whole. في الجملة From or out of the whole. 2. A sentence, clause. (Plur. اجمل)
- इ. jaman, (यमन) s. (dakh.) Coagulation, congelation, jelly. The buttermilk used to curdle milk.
- s. Line jamunā, (यम्ना) n. prop. f.

  Name of a river: (in mythology) twin
  sister of Yam. [minate, to grow.
- s. الب jamnā, (जन्म) v. n. To ger-
- y. n. 1. To be coagulated, to curdle, to be congealed or frozen, to consolidate. 2. To be collected, to cake, to clot. 3. To adhere, stick, set. 4. To pace in the manage. 5. To be settled firmly. 6. To fit to, in, or on.
- ब. جمهائی به jamhā'ī, (जम्भा or जुम्भा r. जम or जुम Yawn, gape) s. f. Yawning. جمهائی لینا To gape, to yawn.
- he collected together.) adj. Universal, all. s. m. High heaps of sand, a republic, the populace, a whole people, community.
- A. جميع jamī\*, adj. All, universal.
- A. ميل jamīl, (from اجميل) adj.

  Beautiful, elegant. (Fem. جميله)

- s. جن jan, (রব to be born.) s. m.

  Man (individually or collectively), a
  man, person, mankind.
- Whom, what, which; (in dakh, used occasionally in verse for the singular inflected or for the nominative of either number) who, what, whoever.

  2. A neg. particle, Not, don't.
- A. jinn, s. m. 1. A genius, spirit, demon, one of the Genii. 2. Anger.
- g. النج janā, l. (जन) s. m. A person, individual. 2. part. pass. (of الجنان)

  Born; a son. 8. To be delivered (of a child). 4. To breed. جنتى s. f. A mother جنى s. f. (जनना) The actual mother of a child, in contradiction to a step mother.
- A. بناب janab, s. f. 1. Side, brink, margin. 2. Majesty, highness, excellency. Your majesty, your or his excellency, the most high. 3. Vestibule, threshold.
- A. جنابت janābat, s. f. Pollation.
- A. جنات jinnāt, s. plur. (of جنات)
  Genii. [an army or bird]
- A. خناج janāḥ, s. f. A pinion, wing of
- غازة janāza or jināza, s. m. 1. A
   bier. 2. A Corpse. [Gardens, paradise.
- ه. بانج jinān, s. plur. (of جنان)
- إذانا janānā, v. a. l. (causal of الجنانا) To deliver, to bring to bed.
  (causal of الجانبات) To inform, to warn, to point out, to shew, to seem (used but little except in the Braj. dialect; الجنانات being more commonly adopted in this sense).
- ع. إلى الله عنه عنه s. f. A midwife. (دائی). [of country.
- A. Lie jamb, S. A side, part, tract
- A. junub, adj. Defiled, polluted.

- P. جنبان jumbān, (part. act. of Lous, vibrating. 2. (in compos.) part. act. Moving, shaking.
- P. جنبیدی) s. f. Motion, gesture, shake, trembling.
- s. m. One of the seven parts of the world. (India).
- عنبهيرى ع jambhērē, (जंभीर or जंबीर) s. f. A fruit of the lime kind.
- A. ننب junnat, s. f. The garden, heaven, paradise. خنت آشیانی Whose nest (abode) is paradise; the deceased or late (King, &c.). مكان or جنت نصیب whose abode or lot is paradise.
- ह प्रंक्त jantā, (यत्र) s. m. An instrument for drawing wire.
- machine in general, any instrument or apparatus. 2. A musical instrument. 3. A dial. 4. An observatory.

  (אלשללל) 5. A diagram of a mystical nature, or astrological character. 6.

  An amulet. 

  בונ סוו (प्रमित)

  s. m. Juggling, conjuring, enchanting by figures and incantations.
- instrument for drawing wire. 2.
  (यंत्री) A conjurer, a wizard. 3. An almanac or register. [heavenly.
- A. جنتى jannat-i, adj. Of paradise,
- s. janjāl, (जंजलिं) s. m. Trouble, difficulty, embarrassment.
- substance found in the castor beaver.

- A. بنس jins, s. f. l. Genus, kind, gender, species, sort. 2. Family, race of the same stock. 3. Goods, merchandise, moveables; grain, commodities, products. (Plur. الجناس بشر Mankind. جنس بشر In the kind or in the particulars of it.
- nature, similarity of kind, homogeneousness. [gentian.
- A. Liujanā, s. m. The herb
- H. جنگ jung, s. f. l. Emotion.
  2. A volume containing several books.
- s. jangal, (जंगल) s. m. A forest, a wood. A waste land.
- a. پنالا janglā, (जॉगल) 1. adj. Wild; s. m. Woody country, forest. 2. s.m. Name of a rāyinī or musical mode.
- ي. جنگلى jangl-ī, adj. f. and m. Wild, savage, of the forest, barbarian.
- in jangam, s. m. A kind of fuqīr who has matted hair and rings a bell. 2. The animal kingdom.
- s. jangam, (जंगम r. गम Go, move) adj. Removable, moveable, mendicant. [thigh.
- s. lelia janghā, (जंगा) s.f. The
- P. جنگی jang-ī, s. m. A combatant, a warrior. adj. Warlike, of war, martial, military. (لتّالَى).
- P. جنگيز خان janges khān, n. prop.
  The famous Mughal conqueror, born A.D. 1154.

- عنم بنج janam, (जन r. जन Produce) s. m. 1. Birth. 2. Jife. جنم بهوم جنم بهوم or رطی) s. f. Birth-place.

  عنم بتری کی جنم پتری کی بده ملنا To meet one's fate. اجنم پتری کی بده ملنا adj. Burned or spoiled from its birth, originally bad.

  s. m. A father. جنم روگی s. m. A father. جنم روگی S. m. Birthday. جنم روگی Valetudinarian.
- g. النج jannā, (जनन r. जन Produce). 1. v. n. To be delivered (of a child), to give birth to. [mother.
- B. خننی jananī, (जननी) B. f. A
- عنوائی الله janwā'ī, s. m. (जामातू)
  A son-in-law. (اداماد)
- A. جنوب janāb, s. m. South.
- A. جنوبي janūb-ī, adj. Southern.
- A. غنون junūn, s. m. l. Madness, phrensy. 2. A demoniac. 3. Lunacy.
- A. P. غنونى junūn-ī, adj. Mad, insane; passionate, lunatic.
- s. جنى jan-ī, s. (dakh.) A dangerous fainting fit to which lying-in women are subject. [unborn child.
- A. جنيري janīn, s. Fostus, embryo, an
- ह. جنيو jane'o or jane'ā, s. m. l. (यज्ञीपत्रीत) The brahmanical thread,
  2. A flaw in a jewel, thread-like and hence an object of worship.
- p. جو jo (or jū) l. s. f. A river, a brook: see جوی 2. part. act. (جستن) used in compos. Seeking, seeker.

- P. ع. jau, (in Braj jav, 직국) s. m. l.

  Barley. جو جو حساب لينا To

  take a strict account. 2. The mark
  between the joints of the finger.
- H. أجو jawā, s. m. 1. A clove of garlic
  2. A kind of stitch in needlework.
- ह. أجوا jawā, s. m. 1. (यव) Mark in the joints of the fingers. 2. (जवा)
  Name of a flower, China rose.

/

- answer. جواب قطعى To be dismissed or discharged. جواب نامه s. m. A writing fixed to the winding sheet, on the breast of the deceased, which it is intended that Munkar and Nakir should read, in case the poor soul should be too much flarried to answer their questions. See
- A. جوابى jawāb-ī, (from جوابى) s. m.

  1. A respondent. 2. A kind of bill of exchange, the price of which is not paid till notice is received of the bill's having been cashed. 3. The chorus, especially in repeating a margiya or elegy. 4. A defendant.
- A. اجول jauwād, adj. (superl. of جوال Liberal, beneficient.
- ار می jawār, or juwār, s. m. Neighbourhood, vicinity. (آس پاس).
- H. juār jo'ār or juār or jawār, s. f. (ज्याहिय) 1. The name of a grain, Indian millet. ¶ 2. jawār or jwār, or jō'ār, Flood-tide. إلى عالية s. m. Flood and ebb-tide.
- a yoke or pair of bullocks: a yoke or pair of bullocks, especially when employed at a well: the barley which is forced in earthen pots by Brahmans for presentation at the dasahrā, or by women for presentation to their brothers or fathers on the same festival: (in Dehlī) the area ploughed in half a day.
- P. جوارش jawārish, s. f. A stomachic medicine. (An Arabism of گوارش To digest or concoct).
- हुं جواری بنتان नहीं करों or jwari or jwari, (यूनिनारी) s. m. l. A gambler. 2.

  A thread stretched over the bridge of a musical instrument (ستار) beneath the cords, whereby the sound is said to be improved.

- موز jawās, s. m. (جواز was current or lawful.) Permission, toleration, lawfulness, propriety.
- jawākhār, (यवश्वार) s. m.
  Name of a medicine, impure saltpetre.
- A. أجوال jauwāl, adj. Going about or travelling much. ¶ jiwāl, s. plur. (of جول) Walls or enclosures of wells.
- sil woven of wool for holding things.
  2 Fraud, deceit. 3. The human body.
  4. Any thing opened, expanded.
- s. الم jwāl, ज्वाल عوال s. f. Flame.
  s. الم jwālā, ज्वाला
- g. اجو jawālā, (from यव see P. हा.) s. m. Grain mixed with barley as food for cattle. [लामुखी) s. f. A volcano.
- عوالامك jwālā-mukh, (from ज्वा-
- 1. adj. Young. 2. s. m. A youth, adult; s. f. Young woman. 3. A young soldier. جوان بخت adj. Fortunate (person), one of blooming prospects. جوان صالح s. m. A fine youth.
- H. جوان  $j\vec{u}$ ān, s. (plur. of جون) Lice.
- in the bloom of youth, untimely death.

  To die prematurely.
- م. جوانب jaucānib, s. plur. (of جانب) Sides, environs.
- generous. 2. s. m. A fine young fellow, a brave fellow, a hero. جوان مردی s.f. Manliness, gallantry.
- e. جوانی jawān-ī, s. f. 1. Youth, adolescence. 2. Puberty, full age.

- A. جوهر jawāhir, s. m. (plur. of جواهر but used in either number). 1. A jewel, gem, jewels, genis, &c. (Plur. واهرات) 2. Essences, substances. حواهرات Ornamented with jewels.
- क جوبی joban, or jauban, (योत्रन) s. m. l. Puberty, prime. 2. (met.) Breast, a fine bust.
- s. jot or joti, (उपाति:) s.f. l.

  Brilliancy, lustre, light. 2. The sunbeams. 3. The flame of a candle or lamp. 4. Vision. 5. Eyesight, optics.
  6. Spirit. ¶ jot (from جوتا s. f. Cultivation, ploughing, also, signifying the rent paid by a cultivator.
- н. jūtā, s. m. A shoe, slipper.
- إجوتا عبر jotā, (from جوتا) s. m. A ploughman, husbandman. [Mace.
- عوتری به jawatrī, (जातीपत्नी) в. t.
- جوتکهه jotish, s. m. See جوتش ع
- جوتکهی jolish-ī, s. m. See جوتشی ی
- ह. جوتکه jolikh, (उयोतिष) s. m. Astrology, astronomy.
- s. جوتكهى jotikh-ī, (उयौतिषिक) s. m. An astrologer, an astronomer.
- jot-mān, (उयोतिष्मान्) adj. Splendid, illustrious.
- s. jotnā, (योजन r. युज Join, yoke) v. a. 1. To yoke 2. To plough.
- H. جوتى jūlī, s. f. A shoe, slipper, عرتى پيزار s. f. Scoffle.
- s. جوجن jojan, (योजन) s. m. A measure of four cos. (See کوس).
- A. عبول  $j\bar{u}d$ , s. f. m. Liberality, munificence.
- مورت jaudat, s. f. Ingenuity, intelligence. Benignity.

- jaur, s. m. f. Violence, oppression, injustice, tyranny.
- H. جورو jorā, s. f. A wife. (जाया)
- s. بور جور با jor, (जोड r. जुड Bind, join)
  s. m. Junction, soldering, a patch, a seam, society. جور دينا To cast up, to add the sum. جور تور دينا s. m. Contrivance, arrangement, mechanism.
- ছ jārā, s. in. 1. (রভ) Cold. 2. (রভা) The hair done up in a knot behind. 3. The hinder part of a turban. 3. Crest or plume of a nightingale.
- a. jorā, (রাউ r. রেউ Join, couple)
  s. m. 1. Joining, connexion a pair, a couple; a pair of shoes; a suit (of clothes). Consort; wife or husband, counterpart. 2. Alchymy.
- join, to mend, to patch. 2. To add together. 3. To reckon, to cast or sum or add up. 4. To get or rather to save and scrape up a fortune, &c. to fabricate, cement, solder, unite, set (a bone, &c.), annex, affix, attach, join, invent, contrive.
- غ المجازي jorī, (জীউ Junction, &c.) s. f.

  A pair, a couple: a fellow (to some one) an assessor.
- A. بوز jauz, s. m. l. A nut. 2. Nutmeg. جوزالمائل The thorn apple.
- A. أب jauzū, s. m. l. The sign Gemini. 2. Orion.
- g. جوسی josi or joshi, (उयौतिषो) s.m. An astrologer, an astronomer.
- P. جوش به josh, l. s. m. Ebullition, effervescence; heat, passion, lust, emotion.

  s. m. Anger, passion, rage. جوش خروش

  To cause to boil, to boil. جوش زن adj. Boiling up,

- in a state of ebullition. جوش کهانا or جوش مارنا To boil or bubble up. 2. (In compos.) part. act. (from جوشیدی) Boiling, effervescing.
- P. جوشان joshān, part. act. (from Boiling, bubbling up.
- P. غوشانده joshānda, s. m. A decoction. (کاڙها)
- s. f. 1. Heat, ebullition. 2. Violent, desire, emotion, fervour.
- iaushan, s. m. 1. A cuirass, armour, coat of mail. 2. An armlet.
- م. جوع الكلب or جوع البقر adj. Voracious.
- cavity (of any thing; hence, a drum called حجوف) concavity, hollow.
- A. جوق با jauq, s. m. A troop or body of men. جوق جوق
- part. act. of کونتی reduced to particles like barley corns) adj. Half-pounded, coarsely ground.
- enterprise. اتهان jokhim, s. f. Risk, venture, جوگهم اتهان To run the hazard, to venture.
- H. جوگهم jokhon, s. f. See جوگهوں
- g. جوگی jog, s. m. (योग) 1. Junction, fitting. 2. A fortunate moment, opportunity, occasion. 3. Penance, devotion, religious meditation, union with the supreme being by means of abstract contemplation. 4. Certain divisions of a great circle, measured upon the Ecliptic. 5. (योग) adj. Possible, capable, fit. (In compos. it

answers to able, worthy, &c.). S. f. A deceptive power which Jogis are supposed to possess. 6. Name of the person on whom a draft or bill of exchange is drawn.

- s. The life and practice of a Jogī.
- ع. جوگی Jogan, or jogin, (योगिनो) s. f. Female of جوگی
- g. جوگنی jogini, (योगिनी) s. f. 1. A female fiend or sprite, attendant on and created by Durgā. 2. (in astrology) Spirits ruling periods of good and ill luck.
- jog-ī, (योगी) s. m. l. A Hindū faqīr, a devotee. 2. A caste of Hindūs who are commonly weavers. (The people of this caste do not burn, but bury their dead; and, the women are sometimes buried alive with their husband's corpse).
- H. جوگيا jogiyā, s. m. l. Name of a colour (reddish yellow ochre. گيرو
  2. f. The name of a rāginī or musical mode. 3. A kind of pigeon.
- en the place of exercise), coursing, springing, wandering. عبولانگاه s. f. Place of exercise (especially, of an army or of horses).
- A. جولان jawalān, s. Going about, walking around, motion, agitation.
- p. جولانی jaulānī, s. f. 1. Strength of mind (or body), quickness of apprehension, aumen. 2. Fleetness.
- ब. جوں با jaun, 1. (for य:यद् &c.)

  pron. rel. Who, what, which: sec

  2. join or jaun (for यथा or यदा)

  adv. As, when. جوں توں

  As originally, as

- it was, as in fact, as in reality, unaltered. [A woman.
- H. جوں jūn, s. f. l. A louse. 2. (met.)
- ਭ جوں اللہ javan, (यवत) s. m. A Greek, a Muhammadan or European invader of India. See s. جوں مالا \* ہمن An
- ਭ. יבּנּט ક. m. l. A rope of grass for cleaning vessels, or tying

ornament worn on the neck by women.

g. جونک jonk, (जहींका) в. f. leech. جونک لکانا To apply leeches.

a bundle.

- H. جونہیں jon-hīn, adv. As soon as.
- ous.) (from Pers. (Let a some spicutus) s.m. f. l.

  A gem, jewel, pearl. 2. Skill, knowledge. 3. Matter, substance, essence (distinguished from accident). 4. Virtue, worth, merit. 5. Blackish marks in the steel of well-tempered soimitars. 6. adj. Bright, glittering.
  - scimitar marked with jauhar,

    To kill one's self, to commit suicide. (When the Hindus are attacked by a force too great for them to resist, they sometimes, in such cases, blaughter or burn their own wives and children, and then take to flight, or are themselves slain; and, this act of killing their wives, &c. in such extremities, they call jūhar or jauhar).
- indivisible atom. 2. (met.) A person unrivalled or unequalled.
- A. جوهری jauhar-i, s. m. l. A jeweller, lapidary. 2 adj. Essential, relating to a jewel. 3. A tester.
- water at the bottom of mountains, johar, A large pond or lake (Dehlī). Any inundated land (Centrul Doab, and there pronounced jhor.).

- क إنتاء jūkī, (यथी) s. f. 1. Jasmine, 2. A kind of fireworks resembling the jasmine. 3. An insect destructive to certain crops.
- jo'e, s. f. A rivulet, a brook. A large river formed of many جويبار smaller streams. ¶ jo-i (from جستی) in compos. s. f. Seeking, searching.
- H. جوگی jū'ī, s. f. An insect destructive to certain crops. See عندر

P. جویان joyā,

part. act. One who searches for, an inquir-

er, جوينده يابنده Finds who searches, search and you shall find.

- باز ۶۰ پاز جوئے باز ۴۰ jū'e-bās, s. m. Gambler.
- جويى عdy. Of barley.
- H. Jes jhābā, s. m. A leathern pot for measuring oil, ghi, &c. basket.
- H. jhā pā, s. m. A narrow-mouthed
- ه الله jihāt, s. 1. plur. (of جهات م Duties on manufactures. 2 The faces, the surfaces.
- इ. جها جها jhājhur, (झझर) в. Cymbals, or an ornament with little bells for the ankles; see خلخال
- A. البح jihad, (inf. III. of عبال striving.) s. m. War (especially, against infidels), crusade (a Mah. religious war.
- H. jhār, s. m. (新己 a wood.) 1. A tree, shrub, plant. 2. A kind of firework. 3. A lustre or chandelier. 4. A purge. جهار باندرا (dakh. lit. tree-A game of children (so called from the circumstance of one being mounted on a tree), called also To rain جهاڙ باندهنا \* ڏاب ڏبولي without ceasing. خار يهونک عبار يهونک

- Juggling, conjuring, hocus pocus (particularly, to cure the bite of a enake or a disease). جهار جهانک s. f. Sweeping.
- H. jhārā, s. m. A stool, a purge. To walk among the bushes (which means) to go to the necessary. To submft to search جهازا دينا To search (a person.)
- الله غورت jhārā-jhūrī, s. f. Search, dusting, cleaning.
- H. جهازنا jhārun, (from جهازنا) s. f. 1. Sweepings. 2. A coarse cloth for wiping furniture, &c.
- H. jhārnā, v. a. To sweep, brush, clean, dash, strike, to cause to drop or fall, beat corn &c, flap, strike fire (as, with a flint), to beat (bushes, &c.).
- H. japa jhārū, s. m. f. A besom, broom, whisk; a comet.
- H. جهاری jhārī, s. f. Forest, small bushes, shrub.
- A. jahāz or jihāz, s. m. 1. A ship. 2. The tree of a camel's saddle. 3. A portion in the disposal of the wife. The ornaments, jewels, &c. of a bride, which she carries to her husband's house, exclusive of her dowry. Funeral apparatus. 5. Vulva, pudenda mulieris. جهاز پر adv. Aboard a ship. 6. Anything very large, wide-
- A. خیازی jahāz-ī, s. m. A sailor, naval.
- H. jhāg, s. m. Foam, froth (of the ocean), scum-
- н. Jhāl, s. m. 1. Sharpness, heat, (as, of pepper), acrimony. 2. A large 3. Joining or soldering of 4. Waves, billows. metals.
- sign. 3. See also, سراب and اوجهل
- A. اجاهل juhhāl, s. plur. (of جاهل) Fools, simpletons.

- الت jahālat, s. f. Ignorance, barbarism, brutality.
- H. بهالر به jhālar, s. f. Fringe, frill. adj. Fringed.
- P. غمان jahān, s. m. The world. جہاں بان .World-adorning جہاں آرا World-protector, a sovereign. جہاں World-protection: asylum of the world, his majesty, your majesty! جہاں تاب Heating the world. جہاں جہاں adj. Much, many. جہاں دار Ruler of the world, a king. جہاں دیده adj. One who has seen the world, a great traveller, experienced. جہاں گیر World-taking, world-subduing. جہاں گرد adj. Going round the world; s. m. A traveller. جہاں کا adj. Exhibiting the world,
- m. يانب jhāmp, s. m. A matted
- تهانینا بنا jhāmpnā, (like جمانینا علام). a. To cover, to shut, shroud.
- H. جهانت jhānṭ, s. f. The hair of the private parts, pubes.
- H. Asiger, passion.
  2. Stillness. 3. Impatience (of hunger, or in a horse expecting his corn).
- 2. إلا jhānjh, (इडिर) s. f. Cymbal. (Two small brass cups tied together

- with a string, and played upon by striking one against the other.)
- H. | jhānjhā, s. m. The name of an insect, caterpillar, cabbage-worm.
- play. (Children in the month of Asia go about at night, dancing, begging, and carrying on their heads earthen pots perforated on all sides, within which lamps are kept burning).
- H. jhānsā, s. m. (dakh.) Eagerness, aptness, avidity, inclination, design. An assessment formed without specific ground and only by general estimate.
- H. Liwiles jhānsnā, v. s. To debauch to seduce, to wheedle, to coax, to court.
- المن المناكث jhānk, (अध्यक्षनं overlooking.) اجہانكنا 1. s. f. A peep. 2. s. m. A herd of deer, flock of birds, &c.
- H. جهانکا جهونکی jhānkā jhonkī, or بانکی الله jhānkā jhānkī, s. 1.
  Peeping, bopeep
- to spy. 2. To pry, look through a key hole. 3. To pay a very short or flying visit.
- P. جہانگیری jahān-gīr-ī, l. adj. Princely. 2. s. f. The name of an ornament, a sort of bracelet.
- جهاما jhānwān, s. m. See جهانوان ع
- H. جهانولی jhānwlī, s. f. 1. A wink, coquetry. جهانولی باز A coquette.
- P. جہانی jahān-ī, adj. Relating to the world, a person of this world.
- P. جہانیاں jahāniyān, s. plur. (of People, creatures.
- ال جہائی jhā'ū, (झावु or झावुका) s. m.

  Name of a tree, called in Persian

  from its growing in marshy
  ground.

- क्र بائیں غ jhā'in, (छाया) s. f. Shadow. 2. A freckle, or black mark on the face (not a mole). (عكس).
- H. jhabbā, s. m. A tassel.
- H. UKuz jhabkānā, v. s. To astonish.
- H. jhabbū'ā, adj. l. Long-haired (cattle or dogs), shaggy. 2. Bent, curved, bending (as, the bough of a tree).
- H. jhap, 1. adj. Quick. 2. adv. Quickly. جهرب adv. Quickly, in a trice. انام حهر v. n. overset (a paper kite in flying).
- H. جبيا جهيا جهيا جهيا جهيا jhapā jhapī, s. f. Haste, hurry.
- म. न्यादे jhapat, (जवपत a quick fall.) (اجبیتنا s. f. A snatch, a spring (as, of a tiger), rush, snap. To snatch, seize.
- H. Luga jhapaṭṭā, s. m. l. Assault, sudden attack. 2. The spring of a tiger. 3. An evil eye or spirit. snatch. حبيتا مارنا To snatch.
- H. Line jhapatnā, v. n. l. To snatch, to attack suddenly, to spring or pounce upon. 2. To walk fast, go quickly.
- H. جهيكنا jhapak, (جهيكث s. f. m. shame, fanning, winking, moving to and fro, blast, gust (of wind), &c. See
- See جبيكى 2. Puff, gust (of wind).
- H. Jhapkānā, v. n. To wink, to twinkle.
- H. Like jhapaknā, l. v. a. To fan, to move to and fro (a fan). 2. v. n. To spring (as, a tiger). 3. To snatch. 4. To wink.
- H. جهيكي jhapkī, s. f. A snatch, a

- spring (as, of a tiger), drowsiness, wink, twinkle.
- A. jihat, s. f. 1. Cause, reason, ground, motive, account. 2. Side, surface. form, manner, mode.
- ब्र بين jhaṭ, (झटिति) adv. Quickly, instantly. جہت مح adv. Quickly, hastily.
- ع. انالتَّهِ jhuṭālnā, (هوه جهتَّالنا عبدًالنا عبد الله 1. To prove to be false, to prove one to be in the wrong, to disprove, to falsify. 2. To pollute victuals by touching or tasting them, &c. النام حبتالنا منها منه جهتالنا . To eat something To give a man the lie to his face.
- н. جہتی jhaṭkā, (झटा + कृष a quick pull) (جهتگنا) 1. part. The slaughter of an animal, offered as a sacrifice by cutting off the head at one stroke (in the Hindu way), broken asunder or torn by a sudden jerk, torn to pieces. 2. s. m. A shake, a pull, a twitch. حجهتكا كرنا v. a. (dakh.) l. To steal, filch. 2. (جلدى كرنا) To make haste.
- H. Licia jhataknā, 1. v. s. To touse, twitch, pull, jerk. 2. v. n. To become lean; to shake. [belie, to falsify.
- ع. أجبوته jhuṭlānā, (from جهتالنا) To
- ع. انالية jhuṭhālnā, / ۷. a.
- ع انالمته بنالنا على المناسبة المناسبة
- ه بنک jhajar, (dakh.) See مشبک
- н. العبي jhapkā, s. m. (dakh.) 1. عبيكا jhajjhar, (आ Cascade) s. m. A porous goglet, pitcher.
  - H. جهجکن jhijhak, (from الجهجک) s. f. Start, recoil. (به الله عند) •
  - H. UKart. jhijhkānā, v. n. To start.
  - H. ناركارنا jhajhkārnā, v. a. To browbeat, to speak snappishly.
  - H. Use jhijhaknā or jhajhaknā, v. n. To start or boggle, to feel the sensa-

- tion of the limbs being asleep, or as if pins and needles were striking into them.
- A. غبك jahd, s. m. Struggle, endeavour, diligence, care, earnestness, fatigue, power, strength.
- enough to be heard by the company.

  Revealing. 3. Perceiving. 4. Evident.
- ي jharā, s. (dakh.) Spring (of water). See جهرنا [Very thin
- ي jhir-jhirā, (झर्डार) adj.
- 2 bipe jhirjhirānā, (अझर) v. n.
  To trickle, to rill, flow in a thin stream.
- tude, a crowd, (بهية) assembly, ball. 2.

  A battle, conflict. 3. A shawl twisted round the head, or the head and face being folded in a cloth.
- H. نامرنه jhurmuṭānā, v. n. (dakh.

  To be or become

  withered, or faded, or blighted, &c.
- s. m. A skimmer. 2. A spring, a cascade. 3. v. n. To spring, to flow.

  4. A kind of sieve. See じょう
- v. n. To pine (from grief), wither fade. To have the green sickness.
- eye; air hole, round window) s. m. A lattice, window, casement.
- E. جهری jhurī, s. f. A wrinkle. ¶
  jhirī, s. f. Withered wheat, blight.
- H. g. جهاتر jhar-beri, s. f. (جهاتری A bush, and बदरी see بیر) A wild ber-tree.
- H. جهڙب jharap, s. f. Heat, fieriness (as, of paper), acrimony, sparring,

- contention: (dakh.) being possessed of a devil. ¶ jhurup, s. f. (dakh.) Thicket, bushy place, shrub (thorny).
- H. جهڙي جهڙي jharpā-jharpī, s. f. Fighting (particularly, of birds), sparring, contention.
- s. نب jharap-nē, v. n. To spar, to fight (as, cocks, &c.), to contend.
- H. g. جهڙتي دينا خام jhartī denā, v. a. (dakh.) To give or render an account.
- H. ي. أبينا جهرتى لينا hartīlenā, v. a. (dakh. To take an account. ¶ jhartē lenā, To search (a person).
- H. جهڙکا جهڙکا جهڙکا جهڙکا بنام jhiṛkī, s. f. Mutual wrangling.
- H. is jhiraknā or jharaknā, v. a. To browbeat, speak snappishly to, scold.
- H. جهراکی jhirki or jharki, s. f. Rebuff, frowning. Soolding.
- H. جهرتا (نجم) s. f. 1 The act of falling off (as, of fruit from the tree). 2. Snuff. 8. verb. noun of
- fruit from the tree), to be swept off, to drop, to fall, to shake, to strain, to be sounded (the ...) to be discharged (a volley).
- H. جهزى jhaṛī, s. f. l. Continued rain, showers, wet weather. 2. Perquisites.
- H جهك jhak, s. f. Passion, emotion.

  Delirium. Nonsense, babbling. Insanity. A bad smell. المالية على المالية المالية
- H. الجهكانا (caus. of جهكانا) v. a.

  1. To cause to stoop.
- H. jkęż jhukż'o (Likęż) s. m. The state of being bent downward, stoop, inclination.
- H. جهوری jhakjhori, s. f.
  Scrambling and wrangling, snatching.

- H. jhakri, s. f. A milk-pail or vessel. [a storm, a tempest.
- s. إلا jhakkar, (इंकार) s. m. A squall.
- stoop, especially downwards (as, the bough of a tree), bend, lean, to be tilted.

  2. To be angry, to be perplexed.
- H. جهکور jhakor, s. f. l. Loss, misfor
  tune ارامی سے بہت

  This illness has reduced him much. 2. A breeze, gust.
- jhakornā, v. a. 1. To shake.
  To drive or beat as wind or rain in a squall.
- H. جهکولنا jhakol (from جهکول) s. f.
  The act of shaking in the water.
- jhakolā, s. (dakh.) A shove, push, swing. A wave. A splash or dip in the water.
- H. Wykę- jhakolnā, v. a. To shake.
- ihak-i, s. m. One who talks to himself.
- H. jhagar, s. m. A kind of hawk or falcon. [relling, strife.
- H. ਸਿੰਘ jhagrā, s. m. Wrangling, quar-
- ihagṛā-lū, m. adj. Quarrel-some. [quarrel. To dispute, argue.
- H. ناگرت jhagarnā, v. n. To wrangle,
- e. نجهل jhal (উবুজ Flame) s. f. 1.

  Passion, anger, jealousy. 2. The heat from a fire. 3. (dakh.) affection.
- A. جہل jahl, s. m. Ignorance.
- م الجاهل juhalā, a. plur. (of رجاهل)
  Ignorant people.
- shining, covered with jewels and ornaments. 2. s. f. Splendour.
- عبار جهار عبار بها بهار عبار المجال عبار بهار عبار بهار عبار المجال عبار المجال عبار المجال المجال

- v. a. 1. To swing, to shove a swing in which others are, to rock (a cradle). 2. To dangle, to hang. 3. To make another (as a dun) dance after one.
- v. n. 1. To glitter. 2. To be in a passion. 3. To throb.
- ع. علجهان jhaljhalāhat, (from العلجهان) s. f. 1. Glitter. 2. Smart
- E. P. distant, s. m. Jail-house, prison.
- H. جهلدی s. f. (dakh.)

  H. جهلای jhulṛī, 

  Wrinkle: see
- g. الجهلسن jhulasnā, (r. उवल Blaze; burn) v. n. To be singed, scorched or seared. جهلس جانا v. n. To be scorched or singed.
- s. جهلکنا jhalak, (from جهلکنا) s. f.
  Brightness, reflection of light.
- s. iile jhalaknā, (ज्वलका Flame) v. n. To shine, to flash.
- H. jhilam, s. f. 1. Armour, a coat of mail. 2. The visor of a helmet.
  - 3. (dakh.) Cymbal جهلم کا توپ
    An iron helmet.
- H. جهرجهرا jhilmil, (هورجهرا) s. m.
  - 1. A kind of gauze. 2. A shutter, a venetian blind. [ling.
- H. Lales jhilmil;ā, adj. Thin, spark-
- v. n. To undulate as the flame of a candle or as water, to twinkle.
- move to and fro (as, a fan), to flap. 2. v. n. To be soldered or repaired. 3. (dakh.) To be sifted.
- fine, or of an excellent quality (cloth or paper).

skin, a pellicle, inner bark (of a tree, &c.). 2. The membrane in which the fœtus is enveloped (secundines). 3. The caul (omentum).

H. ptp jham-jham,

H. ptp jhamā-jham,

Heavily and during the whole day (raining). Heavy continued rain.

shower. 2. Quickness, haste.

sparkle, shine. ¶ jhumjhumānā, v. n. (dakh.) To smart or pain (a foot or hand) from the infliction of a blow.

shaped pendant of an ear-ring. 2. The wain, Ursa major. 3. A bunch of flowers or fruit. 4. Name of a flower. 5. A cluster.

H. jhamakrā, s. m. Splendour.

H. Like jhamaknā, v. n. l. To glitter, to flash. 2. To dance.

H. جهاجوتي jhinjoṭī, s. f. Name of a rāgiņī or musical mode.

gnaw flesh with the teeth (as a dog).

Ing. 2. Perplexity. 3. Encumbrance.

H. Like jhunjhlana, v. n. To be peevish or fretful. [ing, storming.

H. Lag-jhunjhlāhat, 8. f. Rag-

H. Light jhunjhunā, s. m. A child's rattle. [v. n. To tinkle, clink, ring.

ع. الناجنب jhanjhanānā, (इंत्कार)

H. jhunjhuni, 8. f. Little bells worn on the feet.

H. jhinjhinī, s. f. The tingling sensation felt when a limb or ones leg is asleep.

P. جبنده jahanda (part. act. of جبنده)
adj. Springing up, skipping; elastic.

ب jhund, s. m. 1. A crowd, the

buzzing noise of a crowd. 2. (Ed. of A clump (of trees). [banner, flag.

н. أجبند jhanḍā, (जयंत) в. т. А

न jhanḍū (झॅट) s. (dakh.)

Petals or foliage of a flower; a lock of hair.

ي jhanḍū-lā, adj. With thick handsome foliage (a tree), with a fine head of hair (a child).

عِبْنَدَى عَالَى jhunḍī, s. f. A bush, a tuft of grass. The roots of grain stalks, sugar cane, &o.

H. جہنڈی jhandī, s. f. A flagstaff.

(نسان) an ensign, flag used by surveyors to direct their observations.

ing, clinking, tingling, clank, gingle.

عبنكار ع jhankār, (झंकार) s.f Clinking.

g. Linke, jhanaknā, इति) v.n. To tinkle, to clink, to tingle, to ring.

HEB.-A. جبنم jahannam, s. m. Hell (The valley of Hinnom.)

الا جهو پڙا . الله الله jhopṛā, s. m. عبونيڙي Seo جبونيڙي الله الله jhopṛī, s. f.

ब. المِهِ الْهُوبِ بِهُ الْهُوبِ وَالْهُ الْهِ الْهُ الْ

or कूट) adj. False. s. m. Lie, جبوته موته To tell a lie, جبوته موته False-

ब्र. النام المنافقة المنافقة

or مراق adj. 1. Liar, false. 2. (among Hindus). That which has touched food and is thereby defiled. 3. Offal, refuse, left (food); s. m. Leavings of food. المالية عبوتها حباتها عبوتها حباتها المالية المالي

To eat leavings, to be very wretched

- يهول juhūd, 8. See جهور
- H. جهوک jhok, s. f. A jolt, a puff or gust. (Mech.) Sensibility (of a balance).
- H. bj., jhokā, s. m. A blow, a contact, collision, a gust, blast, breeze or current (of wind): (dakh.) bunch (of grapes, &c.) see
- H. jhol, s. m. 1. Puckering or wrinkling (as, of ill made clothes). 2. A litter, brood, farrow, hatch, a birth. 3. Palsy, a paralytic contraction and incurvation of the joints.
- s. f. Body-clothes of cattle, housings, horse-cloth, a bag, a knap-sack.
- م اجبل jahūl, (from جبول ad j. Very ignorant.
- H. J. jholā, s. m. l. A stroke of the sun. 2. The palsy. 3. A knapsack, a wallet. 4. A cold wind which affects wheat by drying up the ears.
- عبولا جهولنا عبولا s. m. A swing, the rope on which people swing; (dakh.) a cradle.
- s. نابخ jhūlnā, (दोलन from दुल to oscillate.) l. v. n. To swing (for exercise). 2. To swing, to rock. 3. s. m. A kind of poem.
- H. جهولی jholī, s. f. A wallet.
- H. jhūmar, s. m. (মূর্ণ move to and fro.) A company, band. A jewel.
- H. Liest jhāmnā, v. n. To wave, move the head up and down, slumber, move loose, to gather (the clouds).
- H. جهونپرا جهونپرا A cottage, H. جهونپرا جهونپرا با jhomprī, s. f.
- s. m. The hair of the back part of the head: (or, dakh.) the whole hair of the head.
- H. جهونرا jhaunrā, adj. Tawny.

- H. See Jhonkā, s. m. See Lee 1.

  Ear or beard (of corn), bunch (of grapes), bunch, cluster. 2. A swing.
- H. jhonknā, v. a. To cast, to push, to throw, to toss; to cast into or supply fuel to (an oven).
- a bride.) A bride's portion, whatever a wife carries with her to her husband's house, dower, paraphernalia.
- H. Lique jhīknā, to lament, to think of any thing with sorrow, to recommend any thing seriously.
- الله jhīl, s. f. A lake, shallow lake or morass. Marsh, low ground. (Mus.) The bass part of a song.
- H. نایز jhelnā, v. a. To strain (colare).

  To bear. To digest. اجهیل لینا

  To fold in the arms, to grasp. [prawn.
- H. Liuş jhīngā, s. f. A shrimp, a
- H. jhingar, jhingur, s. m. The name of an insect, a cricket.
- self, spirit, mind. اتهانا To جى اتهانا To withdraw one's friendship or desire.

  To have the mind suddenly fixed (on any thing). جى الراكنا كرنا 1. To vomit, to have a nausea.
  - 2. To be displeased. جى بڙهانا To be moderately desirous. جى بكهرنا

v. n. To faint. جي بهر جانا To be at ease and contented. انا To be touched with compassion or seized with grief. جي بهلانا To amuse one's self, to dissipate reflection. جی پر کھیلنا To risk one's life, the hazard: see جان ير كهيلنا جي پسيجنا ٥٠ يگهلنا ٥٠ يگهل جانا To be compassionate, feel affection. جي پکڙا جانا To be sorry. الجي پهر جانا . To be contented. 2. To be satiated or disgusted. 1. To befriend. 2. To plague, to perplex. خي جانا To be vexed or troubled in mind. اجی جاهنا جي ڇپيانا or حرانا . To desire do a work carelessly or lazily, to neglect. جى چلانا To act bravely. جي دان کرنا .To desire جي چلنا To grant life, to pardon a capital crime. جى دهڙکنا To have a pal. pitation of the heart. جي ڏوب To be جي رکھنا .To faint جانا easily pleased, to please. 1. To sink in the opinion of 2. To be brokenhearted. To excite desire or love, to place or fix the mind. لنا To contract affection for any person or thing, to hanker after. 1. To penetrate one's thoughts. To excite one's desire. 3. To kill. To mortify one's desire, to جي مارنا displease. عجى مثلانا v. n. To feel nausea, be sick at stomach. جيملير آنا To come into the mind, to oc-

cur to the recollection. جانا جانا To be tormented with envy or jealousy. حی میں گھر کرنا To be pleasant, agreeable or acceptable. جی میں تا مارنا To be discouraged, to be depressed from fear, to be spiritless.

- shoots of barley which are carried about in the turbans of Hindus during the dasahrā: the first sprouts of germinating rice (see under jawārā) when the seeds are steeped in water previous to sowing: a small species of barley.
- H. جى jī, l. Yes. 2. Sir master, madam. 3. A form of address to one's self. جى هاں intj. Yes sir, quite so, very good, true.
- s. جى بai, (जय or जि Conquer)
  s. m. f. Conquest, victory, triumph,
  bravo! huzza! all hail! جى جى
  s. m. Rejoicings, triumph
  جى كاركرنا
  حى كاركرنا
  عدمال عدم
- A. Line jaib, s. f. The breast, the heart, the breast collar of a garment.
- r. جيب jeb, s. f. A pocket; purse.
  s. m. A pickpocket.
- tongue. (بان) انتال جيبه حاتنا (بان) التال حيبه To long after or covet unattainable enjoyment. التال التال

- عيتا ع jitā, adj. (for जीवित) Alive. living. جيتے جی adj. Alive, living
- عيننا ع jītnā, (r. जि Conquer, excel)
  v. a. To win, to conquer.
- 2. إلى jeth, (उपेष्ठ) s. m. l. Husband's elder brother. 2. Name of the second Hindu month (the full moon of which is near उपेष्ठा) May-June. 3. adj. Elder, first-born.
- ब. جيتهانى jeth-ānī, (उपेष्ठ) s. f. The wife of a husband's elder brother.
- عيتبي مده و jeṭhī-madh, (यष्टीमधु) s. m. Liquorice.
- ميك jid, s. The neck.
- a. جوك jaiyid, (from جوك) adj. Excellent, elegant, arable, fertile.
- ع. البياب jaisā (यादरा) adv. or adj. In the manner which, as, what-like, such as, according as. جيسا چاهئے As may be desired, as it ought, sufficiently. البيا كا تيسا Such as in the original, or as before, the self same, unaltered, عيساكة tit for tat.
- gold worn on the turban, a band about six inches long and two broad, consisting of a piece of velvet beautifully embroidered, and a gold plate set with precious stones sewed on it.
- A. die jīfa, s. m. Carcass, corpse.
- a. جين jain, (जैन) s. m. A sect of Hindus. They deny the authority of the Vedas and disregard the distinction of castes.
- e. نین jīnā (जीवन r. जीव Live)
  v. n. l. To live. s. m. Living. 2.
  To enjoy life. 3. To rally. Worship
  twenty-four divine teachers.
- عينى jain-i, adj. of a Jain, A follower of the Jain sect, or religion.

- s. m. 1. Life, soul; animated being, animal. 2. A sweetheart, a lover. 3. interj. Bravo! [adj. Brave, courageous.
- ह. جيوت jīwaļ or jīyauļ (जीव Life)
- H. je'orā, s. m. Cord, string.
- B. إن الله jīwar, (जीवन) s. m. l. Living, livelihood. 2. Water.

## ভ

che or chim, called also jim-i-farsi or jīm-i-ajamī, the seventh letter of the Persian Alphabet, sounds like ch in the English word cheek. It does not occur in Arabic. According to the abjad, it stands for 3, like (jim). The permutations of the letter z are the following; into عدر as Glass, a pine tree; into j a physician or پزشکت apothecary; into شعه على as جي Made of glass; into For F's; and, arabistically, into China. حين for صين China. This letter corresponds to 국 in Sanscrit; and when aspirated, or with affixed, to \overline{\overline{9}}.

- thief, a tortoise, seedless, vile, base, and, also, moreover, mutually, equally, otherwise, for on account of, but, &c., or it may be used as an expletive to fill up the measure of a verse. [Teapot.
- follower of the Jain sect, or religion. P. La chā, s. f. Tea. w. m.

g. پانا چ chābnā (चर्वण) v. a. To chew, to masticate, to gnaw, to champ.

H. چابی chābī, s. f. A key. (تالی).

H. La chāp, s. m. A bow.

P. چاپلوسی chāplūs-ī, s. f. . Flattery, wheedling, fawning, sycophancy.

в. چاتر chātur, (चातुर) adj. See چاتر

عاترى ع. chātur-ī, s. f. Cleverness.

H. تاچ chāṭ, s. f. 1. Longing, taste.
2. Habit, custom. 8. A delicacy,
bonne bouche. احات لتا To lick up.

الله chāṭā, s. m. (dakh.) See بزاز

H. Lilla chā nā, v. a. To lick, to lap.

H. جاتى chāṭī, s. f. A churn.

H. L. chāchā, s. m. See L

round which they play at the festival of the holi. 2. A fair or assemblage of people collected after the holi.

H. چاچی chāchā, s. f. A paternal aunt: see

plain white calico wrapper, mantle or cloak, that reaches from the head to the ankles. 2. A waterfall. 3. A kind of firework in imitation of a waterfall. 4. Shot and shell.

P. جار chār, (국예진:) adj. Four. چار e. m. A kind of dervis who shaves his eyebrows and whiskers.

s. m. A palm (four inches). جار s. m. Iron armour. چار s. m. A throne, couch, or sofa. s. m. A kind of saddle without a tree). چار چشم s. f. Meeting, interview, the eyes of two s. f. A چار دیواری حار زانو . court-yard, enclosure, area ابتین To squat, to sit cross-legged. پ سو A cross road, two roads crossing each other, a square or court. حار شانه adj. Tough, hardy, حار شانه ه . f. a چار کونی Wednesday شنبه square, a quadrangle. چار مغز s. m. جاروں شانے جت یژنا .A walnut To fall at full length on the back.

H. جار chār, s. (dakh.) A kind of soup, mulligatawny. [A quadruped.

P. مار پایه chār-pāya, s. m. (चतु:पद)

P. چار پائی ده chārpā-ā, s. f. 1. A bed stead, a bed. چار پائی پر پڙنا To get sick. 2. A litter for carrying the sick.

ब्र. چارگنا چ chār-gunā (चतुर्गुण) adj.
Fourfold, or times.

P. چار نا چار دhār-nā-chār,

ār,
nāchār,

P. چارونا چار chār-o-nāchār, Certainly, inevitably, by force, right or wrong, nolens volens.

s. چارواک chārvāk, (আবলি) adj.

The head of a tribe of atheists; a sceptic, a sophist. [of a nut.

H. چارولی chārolī, s. f. (dakh.) Kernel

P. چاره chāra, s. m. Remedy, expedient,

help, resource, redress چاره

ness.

- s. f. Preparing a remedy. چاره گری s. f. Remedying, cure.
- #. چاری chāra, s. m. ( To eat.) 1.

  Forage, food for cattle, bait for fish;

  truss, grass. حارة دّالنا To bait.
- P. چاريارى chār-yār-ī, s. m. A sect of Musalmāns who venerate equally the four successors of Muhammad.
- الله جازی داه. د. f. (dakh.) Backbiting, talehearing, accusation, charge: see چاری خور \* چغلی Backbiter. هاری کهانا To backbite, &c.
- hour between sunrise and the meridian; also, what is eaten at that time, breakfast, a collation.
- P. چاشنی chāshnī, s. f. (司列 to taste.)

  1. Flavour, relish, a mixture of sweet and sour. 2. A specimen. 3. Sirup.
- T. چاق chāq, adj. 1. Active, alert. 2. Erect (a horse), ready to cover. 3. In spirits. چاق چوبند adj. Healthy and vigorous, athletic. [penknife.
- r. چاقو chāqū, s. m. A clasp-knise, a
- r. جاک د chāk, l. s. m. A narrow opening intentionally left in clothes, a slit, a fissure. 2. adj. Bent, slit, lacerated, torn, cut. جاک کریاں To rend, to split, rip. جاک گریبان Having the collar rent; afflicted, sad.
- potter's wheel; a wheel; (especially amongst cultivators) the pulley over which the lā'o passes at the well. 2. (dakh.) Wheel (of a carriage, &c.).
- P. جاكر chākar, s. m. A servant.
- P. جاگری chākar-ī, s. f. Service, employ.
- P. جاكسو chākeū, s. m. (司領 an eye.)

  The name of a medicine (a small black seed) for diseases of the eye.

- P. چاکوت chākūt, s. (dakh.) See چاکسو
- e. الجاكية chākhnā, (चाषण r. चप Eat, taste) v. a. To enjoy, to relish.
- s. しゃ chēl, (국帝 r. 국帝 Move)

  s. f. Gait, motion, movement, pace, procedure, habit, custom, conduct, practice, method, way. A metre, tune. しょししゃ 1. To behave. 2.

  To deceive. しょうしょ s. f. Gait, manuers, behaviour, breeding, polite-
- P. ڪالي chālāk, adj. Laborious, active, hard working, nimble, ingenious, quick, clever, dexterous, expert.

  s. f. Sleight of hand.
- P. چالاکی د chālāk-ī, s. f. Activity, agility, sharpness. چالا کی سے adv. By unfair means.
- P. chālān, s. (可形 to more.) 1. An invoice, bill of lading. 2. Transportation. 3. A remittance. 4. Passport.
- p. جالش chālish, s. f. 1. Exertion in battle. 2. A pompous or graceful gait.
- ह. چالیس chālīs (चलारिंशत्) 1. adj. Forty. 2. Weighty, important.
- of sight which is supposed to come on at forty years of age, and often to be removed on approaching the forty-eighth or fiftieth year. 2. The fortieth year of any era, or of the century.
- adj. 1. Fortieth; (hence) 2. The fortieth day after childbirth, death of a relation, when food is distributed, &c.
- e. جام کے دام جلانے (جمراً) s. m. Hide, skin leather. (چمراً) v. a. To stretch to the utmost a temporary authority. (lit. To give currency to a coin of leather).

جام جوں (dakh.) Acarus siro, the flesh louse of the morbus pedicularis.

- s. m. A kind of fast, in which the food taken is diminished by one mouthful daily as the moon wanes, and increased in like manner as the moon increases.

  [light. ]-
- ब्र. اچاندنا چاندنا د chāndnā (चांद्र) в. т.
- عالدنی دhāndnī (चाँद्री) s. f. 1.

  The moonbeams, moonlight. 2. Name of a flower. 3. A kind of cloth spread over a carpet, or to walk on occasionally or for other purposes (as, for an awning or canopy or cope, in dakh).

  4. Any thing white and shining.

  4. Any thing white and shining.

  5. m. A wide and public street or market.

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  5. m. To be affected with a disease supposed to proceed from a stroke of the moon (a horse).
- s. عانده chanda, s. A common station of the Revenue survey.

- s. إلى chând-ī (चंद्र) s. f. 1.

  Silver (pure), electro-plate. 2. The crown of the head. 3. Wealth. 4.

  Profit. ¶ (dakh.) Hair of the top of the head gathered up and tied.
- stack or heap of grain, called also chhāpā: name of a ceremony observed, in the threshing ground at the time of forming the winnowed corn into a heap. [horses. Healthy. Expert.
- s. المات chānglā, s. m. A colour in
- H. چانول chānwal, s. m. (বঁডুক) Rice.
  One-eighth of a ratti. See
- P. Lib chāna, s. 1. The lower jaw, the chin. 2. A lump of leavened flour, from which one loaf may be baked. 3. Conversation, talk.
- H. چاو chā'o, s. m. f. l. Eagerness, pleasure, taste, gusto, zest, desire. (﴿عَالَمُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ
- H. جاوزی chāwrī, s. f. Name of a place in Dehlī. ¶ chā'orī, (dakh. TEL.) A caravansary, a choultry.
- an officer that goes before bearing the wand of state.
- H. جاول chāwal, s. m. Rice (cleared of the husk and not dressed).
- e. الله chāh, (इका) s. f. Desire, love, liking, choice, want, appetite.
- عا الله عنه chāhā, (نهاع) s. m. Love,
- عادی د chāhat, (اچاهات) s. f. Desire, volition.

- To love, wish for, demand, choose, require, pray, approve, ask for, call for, propose, crave, attempt, try.
- عامیاً chāhītā, (عامیاً Desire) adj.

  Agreeable, desirable, beloved; sub. A sweetheart, one beloved, a darling.
- عاهیتی chāhītī, (عاهیتی دhāhītī, (عاهیتی A mistress, a sweetheart.
- P. \_\_ chā'e, s. f. Tes.
- H. چاکیی chā'in, s. m. 1. Name of a low class of Hindus. 2. Seed of tamarind. 3. A litigious person.
- e. جبان پر chabānā, (चवण) v. a. To chew, gnaw, champ, masticate, bite (the lip). چباکے بات کرنی To speak with study or preparation; also, without reserve, or haughtily and scornfully. [boyish.
- H. كباولا chabā-olā, adj. Childish,
- H. جبانی chubukni, s. f. (dakh.) A puncture, prick, stab; motive.
- H. عبل chibil, ad j. Unpolite, childish, boyish.
- H. چبلاپی دhibillā, کبلاپی Boyish-ness, childishness.
- H. چبوترا chabūtrā, عبوترا (चलर)
- or mound to sit and converse on, an elevated seat or platform. 2. A custom house. 3. A police-office.
- H. じにこ chubhānā, (caus. of じょう)
  v. a. (智刊) To stick into, thrust into pierce, goad, stab, prick.
- H. Lique chubhna, v. n. To be stuck, &c.
- H. Ligez chubhonā, v. a. See Lilez
- e. العنبي chabenā, (चर्नण or चर्च to chew.) s. m. Parched grain to exercise the teeth with when more substantial food is not at hand.

- e. چپ در است s. m. (lit. right and left). 1. Unsteadiness, want of principle. 2. Carelessness.
- H. چپ داسه, adj. (च्प silence.) 1.

  Silent. (خاموش) 2. interjec. Silence! (the word & being understood).

  3. s. f. Silence: as, چپکی اگنی or چپکی گذی v. n. To be struck dumb.

  4. adv. (dakh.) Gratis, for nothing, uselessly.
- H. 以文 chappā, s. m. (司叹 a span of land) A measure of four fingers.
- s. f. (dakh.) A shoe of the European fashion.
- म. چپاتی chapātī, s. f. (चपटी) ▲ thin cake of unleavened bread.
- ਸ. בيتا chipṭā, adj. Clammy, glutinous.
- s. द्वापट flat.) l.adj. Flattened, compressed, shallow. 2. A jar. 3. One having a flat nose.
- e. پیتنا chapaṭnā, (चिपिट) v. n. To
- H. اچپتنا chipaṭnā, v. n. To stick, to adhere. (نتبع)
- الله الله chapṭī, s. f. Congressus mulierum. کهیلنا or پیتی v. n. Libidini sapphicæ indulgere.
- H. چاپ chup-chāp, adv. Silent, silently.
- H. Ling chip-chipā, adj. Clammy.
- H. ਪਿੰਡ੍ਰਿਡ chup-chupānā, v. n. To

keep silence. چپچپاتے Silently, secretly. [here.

H. liuzus chipchipānā, v. n. To ad-

H. چپے chippakh, (see چپے) s. m. A sparrowhawk. [male hawk or falcon.

H. chipkhā, s. m. (dakh.) A

H. La chipchipāhat, s. f. Viscosity, stickiness. [eyes).

H. chiprā, s. m. Gum (of the

H. چپراس chaprās, s. f. A buckle, a breastplate, clasp, badge.

H. چپراسی chaprās-ī, s. m. A messenger or other servant wearing a chaprās. A peon. Orderly.

H. 

chapar-chapar, An imitative sound of the noise of the mouth in eating, or a dog lapping water.

H. Chuprā, adj. Plausible speaker.

H. 大文 chapṛā, s. m. (新中己) 1. A kind of lac. 2. Clear land. [eyes).

H. عيرًاها chipṛāhā, adj. Bleared (as

n. چپڙن chuparnā, v.a. To varnish, to cover, to smooth, to palliate, to anoint, besmear. To oil. To butter.

H. چپڙى chupṛī, adj. f. 1. Oiled, greasy. 2. Smooth, plausible چپڙى Flattery, soft words. جپڙى Cakes rich with clarified butter.

r. چپقلش chapqulash, s. f. 1. Fighting with sword. 2. Crowding, want of room.

s. f. Name of a bird (perhaps, the same as

н. کیے chup-kā, adj. Silent. Crafty

ndhere, to stick on. 2. To compress. 3. To threaten. 4. Get one a berth.

H. چپکی chapkan, s. f. A kind of vest,

a sort of coat (like the but breast covered.).

H. نيک chipaknā, v. n. 1. To stick, to adhere. 2. To spread or sink (as, ink on damp paper). 3. To be compressed, to be indented.

v. n. 1. To be compressed. 2. To be sold on account of its sweetness. 3. To fall in love at first sight.

H. Live chapaknā, v. n. To collapse. (dakh.) To become flat or level.

H. عيكي chup-kī, s. f. Silence.

H. چپل chappal, s. f. Slipper. چپل v. (dakh.) To strike the slipper (on); to reject or abandon.

s. چپل chapal, (ব্যক্ত) adj. 1. Tremulous, shaking. 2. Wanton, restless.

H. Jim چپل سيند chappal-send, s. Cactus
Indicus the prickly pear or Indian fig.

H. chappan, s. m. A lid or cover of a pot (large).

H. نپټ chapnā, v. s. (चप to be quiet.)

1. To be silent. 2. To be ashamed.

H. چپنی chapni, s. f. A lid, a cover, (قهکنا)، saucer, top (small); cap of the knee, kneepan. The crown of the head. چپنی میں دوب (lit. to drown one's self in a saucer-full of water) To be greatly abashed. چپنی چاتنی جاتنی (lit. to lick the pot-lid) To be contented with little.

H. چپو chappā, s. m. (क्षेपण from क्षिप to throw.) A paddle, an oar.

H. chippi, s. f. A patch on paper.

H. chappi, s. f. Gently kneading the limbs. Shampooing.

- s. च्या chape!, (चपिट) s. f. A slap, a blow; a sudden misfortune, risk. Loss, damage.
- slap, a blow. adj. Illegitimate; stolen, secret s. m. A bastard.
- adj. Supine, lying flat on the back.
  adj. Supine, lying flat on the back.
  تحت کرنا To throw (one's adversary) on his back (a term in wrestling).
- s. بن chit or chitt. (বিবা to take notice.) s. m. Mind, life, soul, heart, attention, memory. بنت لل (বিবাজায়) adj. Amusing, pleasant.
- ह. چت chit (चित्र) adj. (dakh.) Dirty. الوده
- s. چט chitā, (चिता from चि to pile.) s. f. A funeral pile. [paint.
- عارنا على chitarna (r. चित्र) v. a. To
- ह. چتاری chitārī (चित्रकार) s. m. (dakh.) A portrait-painter.
- ब्र. धाँड chitānā (caus. of धाँड for चितन) v. a. To caution, warn, alarm ¶ chatānā (dakh.) To excite, to blow up or kindle (a fire).
- e. چڌاونى chitā'onī (चेतन) s. f. 1.

  A token. 2. admonition, warning.
- s. تر مال होताला) s. m. A picture.

  You or الله (चित्रशाला)

  A gallery of pictures, a picture-room.

  A drawing room.
- s. ಫু chatur, adj. (বনুর) Clever, ingenious, sagacious. [brella.
- P. بتر chatr (छत्र) s. m. An um-
- e ہتر ehatrā or chaturā (चतुर) adj. Wise, intelligent.

- s. إلَّا chitrā, (चित्रा) s. f. Name of the fourteenth mansion of the moon (Spica virginis).
- ह. چترائی chaturā-ī, s. f. (चतुरता or चात्री) Cunning, accomplishments, cleverness, skill.
- s. مصور chitr-kār, (चित्रकार) s. m. A portrait-painter. (مصور)
- e جتر کاری ع chitr-kār-ī (चित्रकार्य्य)
  - s. f. Portrait-painting, painting.
- e. چترگر chitr-gar (चित्रकार) s. m.
  A portrait-painter, painter.
- chatar-mār, s. m. Toadstool, mushroom. [paint.
- s. چترنا د chitarnā (r. चित्र) v. a. To
- و. چترنگی chitrangi, adj. (dakh. هفت رنگی) Artful, cunning, versatile, of various colours.
- s. چترنی chitrini (or, chitarni (चिति-णी) s. f. The second description of woman. Accomplished and fascinating woman. (See under پدمنی).
- P. چتری chatrī, s. f. 1. A canopy, veil,
  a parasol. 2. A tent, a pavilion.
- ब. کبرا چت کبرا (चित्रकबेर) adj. Piebald, speckled. See چيتل
- a. प्रेंड chitlā (चित्रल) adj. Spotted, piebald. [a look, glance.
- H. چتوں chitwan, B. f. (चित्रन) Sight,
- pieces. 2. To fill a paper with writing. 3. To abuse, revile.
- H. इंद्रें chithrā, s. m. (चीर cloth.) A rag, tatter.
- a spot, freekle, &c. 2. A kiud of

- speckled serpent. 8. A kauri worn smooth with rubbing. 4. Mildew.
- e. پتيرا chiterā, (चित्रकार) s. m. A person who paints flowers, &c. on wood and walls. A painter. An engraver.
- H. こっ chat, 1. (気を行) adv. Quickly, instantly. 2. s. f. An excoriation, a sore, scab, chancre. 3. The noise of breaking, snap. じんこう To eat, dissipate, make waste. マ. n. To be consumed.
- H. L. chittā, 1. adj. (名司) White, fair.

  2. s. A silver coin. ¶ chaṭṭā, s. (dakh.) Coat. [Reiterated sound.
- ह پے چت chaṭāchaṭ, (चटाचटत्)
- s. m. A crash, an explosion, a smack (on giving a kiss).
- H. جَنَّات chaṭāk, l. s. f. A crash, an explosion. 2. adj. Intelligent.
- H. لالَّهِ chaṭākā, s. m. See اختاح
- H. چتان chaṭān or chaṭṭān, s. f. A large block of stone, rock, rocky ground.
- H. احاتنا chaṭānā, (causal of حتانا) v.a.

  To make lick or lap up.
- H. چتائی chaṭā'ī, s. f. (কাट) A mat.
- e. چت پت chat-pat, (झटिति Quickly, and r. पट Move) adv. Hastily, instantly.
- يت يتا ية chat-paṭā, (see يت يتا) adj. l. Active, lively, smart, clever. 2. Stout. 3. Meat dressed with little sauce or gravy.
- ع بنانا چ chaṭ-paṭānā, (هود تپانا) v. n. To be agitated, to be frying (grain). (نانا)
- e. چت پتی chaṭ-paṭ-ī, s. f. Haste, hurry. [(as, charcoal). See جتنا دhaṭakhnā, v. n. To orackle

- H. chaṭak, s. f. 1. A crash, a crack. 2. Intelligence, gaudiness. 3. (EST) Glitter, prime of life. 4. adj. Intelligent, quick.
- H. Kind of grass or grain. 2. Mucus, slime.
- H. لگنی chaţkā, s. m. Scarcity. چتکا
  To thirst, to wish.
- chaṭkhārā, s. m.) A clack with the tongue occasioned by an acrid or nice taste. حثنارے بھرنا v. a. To clack with the tongue.
- tle by the clacking noise made by drawing the tongue from the palate.
- v. a. l. To crack (as, a whip), to snap the fingers (in rejoicing). 2. To split. 3. To fire off a musket. 4. To irritate.
- ing discourse, नहीं art.) 1. Pleasantry, facetiousness, wit, humour (طيفة) 2. See توتكا adj. Amusing.
- H. چتکنا chaṭaknā, v. n. (국군 to break). l. To crackle (as wood on the fire), to crack (as, a whip). 2. To split. 3. To open out; bloom (a flower). گلب چتکنے or چتکنے کا
- g. الله chaṭkanā, (चपेटकर्ण) s. m. A slap on the face, a box, a blow, cuff.
- Bnapping of the fingers. 3. The hammer of a gun. 4. A mode of printing cloth or gulbadan. 5. Name of an ornament worn on the toes. 6. A handful of grain. 7. A medicinal powder (حورب) مين بهرنا (حورب) مين بهرنا 1. To nip, to pinch. 2. To

throw out provoking insinuations.

To put one off with a joke.

- H. Line chatkīlā, adj. 1. Splendid, gaudy. 2. Tasty. 3. Excess.
- e प्राप्त chuțlă, (चुडा top knot). s. m. A cue or lock of hair worn behind.
- H. چتنی chaṭnī, s. f. A kind of acid sauce (condiment or marmalade).
- بدكار .2 چتورا chator, 1. See چتور . Wicked, sinful. [A greedy.
- H. ) chatora, s. m. An epicure.
- H. Line chutta, s. (dakh.) A cheroot.
- out a messenger). A memorandum of money paid, or the pay of servants of the state, a rough note. Schedule.
- H. چتهی chiţţhī, s. f. A note, a letter, chit, a billet. عللب چتهی s. f. A summons, a process or precept.
- H. chachā, s. m. Paternal uncle, father's brother (or, dakh, a father's younger brother).
- H. chachā-nī, s. f. A father's brother's wife, aunt.
- m. جرّی chichri, s. f. A tick or louse (of dogs and sheep).
- H. 以表示 chuchkārnā, v. n. To fondle, to chirp to (司司+更) to cheer by making the noise occasioned by drawing in the breath with lips protruded. To chup (a child &c.).
- عندری دhachandari, s. f. See چندری
- H. इंड्रें chichinda, s. m. (चिचिंड a snake gourd.) The name of a vegetable.
- H. しょうま chachornā, v. a. (司内 to B. じょうな chachornā, suck). To

- suck (a dry substance from which nothing can be obtained).
- e. چوندری chuchondari, s. f. The female musk rat: a sort of fireworks.
- H. chachi or chachchi, s. f. Father's brother's wife, aunt. ¶ chichechi or chichi (dakh.) Breast (of a woman), adder, pap, dug, teat.
- rom or related through a paternal uncle; as, مرا المالية على المالية على المالية الما
- P. chakh, s. f. Quarrel. [Wrangling,
- P. چغې chakhāchakhī, s. f.
- H. よ chudás, s. f. (司廷 to drive in) Lust, the sexual passion.
- v. a. Viri amplexibus se submittere (mulier). [person.
- H. "Salacious chudakkar, s. m. A salacious
- H. چدما chaddhā, s. m. 1. The groin.
  - 8. A bubo. [shorter than Line ]
- H. حِدّی chaddi, s. (dakh.) Breeches
- P. chirágh or Pers. charágh, s. m.

  1. A lamp, a light. 2. (met.) The
  - light of the house. A son. (Plur. جراغ تهندا کرنا (چراغان) or
  - v. a. To put out, to ex-
  - tinguish a lamp چراغدان ع. m. A
  - stand for a lamp. جراغ کشته An extinguished lamp.
- P. ψέζς chirāgh-pā, adj. 1. Rearing (a horse).
  2. Turned upside down.
- made to the Mulla for offering up oblations at the tomb of a saint. 2. Alms given to beggars who walk the streets at night as the class called

Nagshbandi. 3. Present to soothsayers. [meadow.

r. چراگاه charā-gāh, s. f. A pasture, a

ع. المن charānā, (चारण or चर to eat. or cans. of المجرنا v. a. l. To graze, to pasture, to feed. 2. To command, lead by the nose. 3. To make a fool of (الحق بنانا)

g. ८०० churānā, (चीरण r. चुर to steal). v. a. To steal, filch.

H. Lip charrānā, v. n. 1. To burst.

2. To ache, to smart.

ਸ. چراند chirand, s. f. (चर्मगंघ) The smell of burning leather, hair, &c.

H. چراندی chirāndī, s. f. (dakh.) A
by lane, alley.

a. چرائی charā'ī, s. f. 1. The price paid for pasturage. 2. Pasturage, grazing.

rich, viscous, oily. 2. (also charab)
An overmatch. 3. Sharp, active, quick.

عرب عمل علي adj. Active, ingenious; (met.) a thief.

adj. Smooth-tongued, fairspoken, plausible, conversible, entertaining.

s. f. Speciousness of language, fine talk. الجرب غذا Dainties, viands. [drum.

H. چربانا charbānā, v. a. To brace a

r. جربی charb-i, s. f. Fat, suet, grease, tallow. [wound.

H. چرپتا charpaṭā, s. (dakh.) A small

H. چرپر charparā, adj. 1. Acrid, hot
(as, pepper). (تيز) 2. Smart (in
conversation).

s. عربر charpāj, adj. Useless, stupid, miserly, wick-ed, mean.

H. چرپهر charpharā, adj. Active, clever.

e. جرتر charitr, (चरित from चर to move.) s. m. Conduct, disposition, history, story, legend.

s. ्रें charchē, (चर्ची from चर्चे to talk.) s. m. f. l. Talking over past events, mention, discourse, discussion, the talk of the town, gossip. 2. Adoration. 3. Perfuming by plastering the whole person with sandalwood, &c.

H.  $\Rightarrow$  char char, s. f. Spluttering (of a pen in writing).

H. جرچرات charchar-it, s. f. (dakh.)
Sharpness, acrimony, pungency.

v. n. To cracle (as, wood in the fire), to sputter, to chew with a cracking noise, scold, storm. ¶ charcharānā (dakh.)
l. To talk nonsense. 2. To be pungent or sharp (on the tongue).

wheel (particularly, a potter's, or of a watermill, a well, or an oilpress). 2. The sky, heavenly sphere, the celestial globe, heaven's, the sphere. 3. Circular motion, 4. Turn, press. 5. Fortune. chance.

Ine sphere or heaven.

A ceremony observed by the lower orders of Hindus in Bengal, on the day when the sun enters Aries, for the expiation of their sins. They are suspended, by an iron hook passed through the skin of the back, to one end of a lever, which is raised on the top of a high pole, and whirled round by means of a rope fixed to the other

end. چرخ دوار s. m. The sky,

s. The sky, the celes-

tial orb. چرخ زن 1. adj. Whirling, turning. 2. s. m. Spinner. چرخ زنی

f. A spinning wheel, spinning.

- wheel. (It is commonly made of pieces of bamboo lashed together in the form of a cylinder.). 2. The instrument with which the seed is separated from the cotton. 3. A globe. 4. A kind of fireworks, catharine-wheels. 5. A dumb-waiter. 6. The pulley by which water is raised from a well by two water-pots tied to the ends of a rope and raised alternately.
- chirdandi, s. f. (dakh.) A dish of fruit with the juice of the sugar-cane.
- tion of the flowers of hemp collected with the dew and prepared for use as an intoxicating drug. 2. ( A large leathern bucket used for filling water from wells. [Envy, enmity.
- H. churs or churus, s. m. (dakh.)
- H. charsā, s. m. A hide, a skin, dressed leather; especially the thickest and strongest sole leather.
- P. ¿ chargh, s. m. A kind of hawk.
- P. كذب charghad, s. m. A cricket.
- r. چرک chirk, s. m. 1. Dirt, filth, ordure. 2. Matter from a wound, pus.

  Filthy, &c. [(of birds).
- H. churuk, s. (dakh.) Chirping
- white-spotted (as from a leprosy).

  2 s m. A small wound, scratch. ¶
  (dakh.) Cauterization, burning; smart
  of a wound (from a sword, &c.).
- e. क्ट or इत् Cut) s. m. The person who cuts forage, for cattle, elephant-keeper's mate.

- stool. [slovenly. 2. s. m. Dung.
- P. چرکین chirk-in, 1. adj. Filthy,
- H. Churugna, v. n. To gabble, to prattle. [babble.
- n. چرگنا churagnā, v. n. To chirp, talk,
- P. S. इ. charm, (चम्म) (इ. m. Leather, a skin, hide.
- P. خرمینه دوز charm-ina, adj. Made of leather. چرمینه دوز s. m. A shoe-maker. [graze, to feed upon.
- g. نا پ charnā, (चरण) v. n. To
- up to the knees. الجرنا چرهانا v.a.
  To put on half trousers.
- ehiran-jī, }(चिरं Long
- عرجيو ehiran-jīw, stime, and
  - जीविन् Living or lived) adj. Longlived, (as a benediction) long life!
- P. چرنده or چرنده charand or charand or charand. adj. Grazing (an animal).
  s. m. A beast, an animal that grazes.
  s. m. Beasts and birds.
- ع. چرندهول على charandhūl, عرندهول على charandhūl, A species of skylark.
- ع. چرنی charni, s. f. (司 to eat.) A feeding trough: see
- ब. की इंटर charwāhā, (धी) इ. m. (चर to eat. वह to carry.) A grazier, shepherd.
- H. جرونجى chironji, s. f. Nut of the Chironjia sapida, and the tree.
- e جری chari, (r. चर Eat) s. f. Unripe corn (jawār) cut for the food of

- cattle. T Small portions of land held rent free by cultivators.
- ਸ. ਜੁੜ chir, (ਪੰਜ਼ਤ) s. f. (ਬਫ to be angry). 1. Vexation. 2. Aversion, antipathy. Mocking. sparrow.
- 4. । केशंरवं, (चटक) s. m. A (cock)
- H. انایے chirānā, (trans. of انا v. a. To vex, irritate, provoke, offend, mock.
- H. Una chirnā, v. n. To be vexed.
- 1. إوا churū'ā or churwa, (चिपिट rice beaten flat.) s. m. A dish prepared from parched rice. (Rice prepared by soaking, pounding and roasting in the husk).
- H. ناهان charhānā, (उचर) (trans. of پرهنا) v. a. l. To make ascend, embark, &c. 2. To offer up oblations or sacrifice. 8. To string (a bow), to brace (a drum). 4. To raise, die (with colour), cock, fix (a bayonet), run.
- الله الله charhā'o, (چڙهائر) s. m. Ascent, rise, attack, flood-tide.
- هاكي ۳۰ جڙهائي charhā'i, (چڙهائي ۳۰ ج Acclivity, dignity. 2. Price paid for ascending, riding, embarking, &c. 3. Invasion, attack, assault. 4. Ascent.
- H. جرهائي charhti, s. f. Advantage, gain, rise. Increase; advance.
- H. Lingscharhnā, v. n. To mount, advance. چڙهنا اترنا v. n. hire and dismiss. 2. Congressus.
- H. چڙهواں charhwān, adj. Rising up (a shoe over the heel of the wearer).
- ধু چری chiri, s. f. (चटका) (fem. of اچرا A hen-sparrow.
- الله chiriyâ, s. f. 1. A bird. (a hen-sparrow). 2. A kind of sewing. s. m. Anaviary.
- chiriyâ, (चटका) چڙيا ا hen-sparrow, (the generic term) a sparrow or sparrows.

- H. چڙيل churail, s. f. 1. The ghost of a woman who died while pregnant. 2. A hag, a fury, harridan. 3. A dirty or ugly old woman, beldam.
- حِرِّى or چِرِّيا), chirī-mār چِرِّيمار بهِ A bird, and مار part. of To kill) s. m. A birdcatcher, a fowler.
- ع chusânā, (caus. of حيسانا على ) v. a. To cause or give to suck.
- P. عسياك chaspān, adj. Viscous, slimy.
- P. چسپیدی chaspida-gi, (چسپیدگی) s. f. Love, tenacity.
- F. الإسيدن chaspida, (حسييدك) adj. 1. Joined to, adhered. 2. Addicted to, liking, fond of, attached.
- P. : chust, adj. 1. Active, smart. 2. Narrow, tight, compact. عالات adj. Agile, vigorous.
- P. Ling chustā, s. m. Tripe, rectum.
- P. lime chustā, (from \_\_\_\_\_\_) Tight, fitting well (as, clothes).
- P. جساتي chust-i, s. f. Activity, alert. ness, fleetness, nimbleness.
- H. Land chasak, s. f. Pain, a stitch (sharp lancinating pain).
- H. Kuz chaskā, s. m. Love, ardent desire, a relish, habit, custom.
- H. Likuz chasaknā, v. n. To throb.
- s. حسکی chuskī, s. f. (च्या to suck.) A mouthful of drink. A pull at a pipe.
- H. Ling chasnā, v. n. To burst, or split (as, tight cloth).
- इ. پسنی chusnī, (चूषणीय) s. f. See
- P. chash, part. in compos. (of تميدن (A tasting. بشيدن Tasting. بشيدن (A tasting. بشيدن در chashak, (fron: چشيدن) ه.ه.

- s. پشک chashak, (चंपक) s. m. Any drinking vessel.
- P. چشې chashm, s. f. m. (可領) (انکه) 1. The eye. 2. Hope, expectation. Fawn-eyed, soft-eyed (an epithet expressive of beauty). بد دور Avaunt malicious glances! To wait for, to expect. چشم بیمار s. m. An eye that looks half closed (from modesty, an epithet applied to beauty). s. f. Turning away the eyes, affecting not to see or hear a petitioner, د. connivance چشم تر s. m. Weeper. خانه The socket of the eye. چشم داشت s. f. Hope, confidence. چشم نمائی s. f. Reproof. چشم و چراغ Dearly beloved.
- P. چشمک chashmak, s. f. l. Wink, winking, misunderstanding. 2. Spectacles. 3. (called also چاکسو and مالی مینز مینز که The seed of Cassia absus, used as a remedy in diseases of the eyes.
- P. مشب chashma, s. m. 1. Spectacles. (عينك) 2. A fountain.
- P. چشي chash-ī, s. f. in compos. Tasting.
- a Mughal family, to which the house of Timur belongs. [screech-owl.
- P. عفد chughd, s. m. An owl, the small
- P. jez chaghar, s. m. A wall-eyed horse.

- P. چغل خور chughul, or چغل عنول s. m. A tell-tale, a talebearer.
- e. چغندر chughundur, s. m. See
- r. چن chiq, s. f. A kind of screen used to keep out the glare, a blind.
- ج chaqāchāq, s. f. See چات دhaqāchāq, s. f. See چات إ
- r. چقماق chaqmāq, s. f. A flint or
- ت. چقماتی chaqmāq-i, s. f. A firelock.
- root. (Arab. سلتى silq).
- 1. A pain in the loins, or back.
  2. A screen or shutter of bamboo: see 二二 3. (dakh.) Involution, intricacy.
- e chak, (司斯) s. m. Landed property, a farm; a portion of land divided off, detached fields of a village, a patch of rent-free land.

  s. f. Defining or marking the boundaries of an estate or chak.
- 호 chakkā, 1. s. m. Coagulated milk, curd. 2. A carriage wheel, a circle, round. (국和). 3. The weight (generally, of clay) used to press down the small arm of the dhenklī. 4. adj. Thick (as duhī, &c.). See
- H. g. جكاتے جانا chakāte jānā, v. n. (dakh.) To be in amazement or astonishment.
- of the repeated strokes of a sword, dagger or mace.
- H. خانج chakāchaundh, s. f.
  The state of being dazzled, radiance.

antelope found on the banks of the Jamunā. (dakh. A fawn. 2. A kind of fiddle. ¶ A chukārā, Customs duty.

H. الله على chikāra, s. m. See الله جكارة

P. 3, Kara, (comp. of & What and , Business) adj. Useless.

P. چکیدی) part. in compos. Dropping, distilling.

1. To finish, settle, adjust. 2. To fix the price of. 3. To pay off (a debt).

H. chakāwar, s. m. Name of a disease in horses.

P. چگاوک chakāwak, s. m. 1. A lark.

2. An aquatic bird, said to be the

same as the سرخاب

e P. جگبرآر chak-bar-ār, s. Collecting rents according to the size or productiveness of chaks.

r. الله chakattā, s. m. Bee الله عنا الله عنا الله عنا الله عنا الله عنه علم الله عنه الله عنه الله ع

على جكتا و chaktā, (司和 A circle) s. m.

1. A scraping of the skin, a scrape, a scar. 2. A round slice (of a vegetable)

&c. البنا or حكتا دينا or حكتا دينا or البنا.

1. The hide of a rhinoceros (of which shields are made). 2. A round patch of leather, a washer, a slice, compressed, flattened, a patch, the round of a cheese. 3. A round plate of metal, &c. 4. The crown of the head.

n. 上上, chikket, adj. (日本川) 1. Filthy, covered with greese and dirt. 2. (dakh. TEL.) Clammy, mucous: clotted (hair). see

د. نگنې chikaṭnā, v. n. To be filthy, &c. To be matted. See

kind of dagger worn on the waist.
2. adj. f. Resplendent.

عگرول علی chak-dol, s. A kind of swing.

chakkar, (司和 a circle.) (A. دائرة) s. m. l. A whirlwind or whirlpool. 2. A discus or sharp circular missile weapon. 3. A circular course, the lounge (in manage). (dakh.) A whirlwind. (dakh.) To deceive, to فریب delude) چکر کهانا .dekh کهانا) To be deceived or tricked. To wheel round, to whirl-To گھوڑے کو چکر دینا round. lounge a horse. 4. (met.) A misfortune, scrape, perplexity. 5. A side or quarter; as, چہوں چکر میں the four sides, on all sides. 6. Wheel, circle. 7. (dakh.) A kind of plaything, whirligig. sion, trick. P. Sho Sho chakar-makar, s. m. Eva-

assemblage of singers. 2. (dakh.) A plaything for children, a bandalore or small wheel with a cord fixed to its centre, which winds and unwinds itself alternately by the motion of the hand. 3. A pully ((よう)・

H. Luke chiksa, s. (dakh.) A perfumed powder, composed of a variety of odoriferous substances.

A kind of cloth made of silk and cotton. 3. adj. Wide, broad, 4. (TEL. dakh.) A log, large piece of wood.

g. 比声 chaklā, (可称の) 1. s. m. A division of a country containing several Parganas. より よう s. m. The governor or superintendent of a province or chaklā.

u. ப் උ chikalnā, v. a. To masticate, to chew (slowly). ¶ (dakh.) To bear down, squeeze, press upon.

- H. المكتب chakmā, s. m. 1. A game at cards. 2. Cheat. (حبل) 3. Loss, damage. النها لا عبد النها النها لا عبد النها لا عبد
- glossy, slippery. 4. Incontinent, wanton. خکنا باس or گهڙا بننا To be incontinent, deaf to admonition. و چکنی دلی or سپاری په چهاليا s. f. A kind of betel-nut prepared by boiling.
- H. Liber chuknā, v. n. 1. To be finished, to be completed. 2. To be agreed upon, be fixed, be adjusted.

Clay, potters' earth.

- Scraps, small pieces, atoms, filings. لخور كرنا To shatter, break to pieces. چكنا چور هونا To be dashed to pieces.
- g. P. chak-nāma, s. m. A deed or statement shewing the area and boundaries of a chak.
- a. الخانات chiknānā, (चिक्रण) v. a. 1.

  To clean, polish, smooth, lubricate, sleek. 2. To become plump, fat.
- e ट्रोडंड chiknāhaṭ, (चिक्रण)

- s. f. 1. Sleekness, polish. 2. Greasiness. 3. Beauty.
- g. H. چکنی سپاری chiknī supārī,
  Nuts used in Betel.
- ehakwā, s. m. l. (चक्रवाक)
  Ruddy goose. 2. (चक्र) Whirlpool.
- agreement, adjustment, decision, settlement. (the lime kind, a citron.
- H. چکوتره chakotara, s. m. A fruit of
- عرت ملكون adj. (dakh.) Delicious, savoury, delightful.
- s. ڪکو chakor, (चकीर) s. m. The
  Bartavelle or Greek partridge or Indian red legged partridge (Pers.

  Said to be enamoured of the moon and to eat fire at the full moon.
- e. چکوی chakwi, (चक्रवाकी) s. f. The female of the چکوا
- ड़. ん chakh, (चक्ष:) s. m. The eye
- ع. ناله پ chakhānā, (caus. of المنج)
  v. a. To cause to taste.
- s. Light chakhnā, (चेषण) v. a. To taste, to relish.
- stone, a mill, handmill, corn-mill, grinder. 2. Kneepan. 3. A thunderbolt.
  4. A plaything for children: عكى كا پات ـ چكرى A millstone (one of the two parts.).
- H. چکی chukkī, s. f. Deceit, fraud. جکی دینا ۲. a. To play tricks.
- r. چکیدگی chakidagi, (چکیدگی) s. f. A drop, distillation.
- P. چکیدی chakida, (چکیدی) part. pass. Dropped, distilled.
- rel. chugur, s. (dakh.) New leaf or foliage of trees.

- renew the leaves or foliage.
- r. جكل chigil, s. Name of a city of Turkistan, the people of which are extremely handsome, and unequalled in archery: clay, mud. [out appetite.
- H. Wigalna, v. a. To eat with-
- n. الله chuẩnā, v. n. To peck, to pick up food with the beak, to pick up food, to feed. الله عند الله v. a. To select, choose, cull. [stance, manner.
- P. چگونگی chi-gūna-gī, s. f. Circum-
- P. Eigena, adv. How? of what kind?
- s. しゃ chal, (국帝 r. 국帝 Move) s. f.

  1. Going, dispersion. 2. Variation, departure from truth, failure in the performance of a promise or accomplishment of a prediction. マルル・シャ、a. 1. To march (as, an army). 2. To beguile. [2. Sexual passion.
- H. Ja chul, s. f. 1. Itch, scratching.
- which the religious fraternities of the East sometimes pass, retired to their cells or remaining at home, in fasting and divine worship; the fast of Lent. 2. Quarantine. 3. The period of forty days after childbed during which a woman remains unclean, a period of forty days. 4. (dakh.) A shrine of a saint, or a faqīr's residence.
- bow. 2. Gold threads put in the border of a turban. Liquid la l. To bend a bow. 2. To prepare for battle.
- H. چلاتی chilāṭī, s. f. (dakh.) Scream, screech. [v. n. To scream, shriek.
- ध. ध्रीक् chillana, (चिक्तार a scream.)

- e. 以上 chalānā, (可两 or 可数 to move, or caus. of 以之) v. a. 1. To impel, set a going, to drive, actuate, direct. 2. To fire a musket or cannon or discharge (an arrow), forward, send, walk. 3. To put in execution.
- على chalā'o, s. m. Custom.
- P. جگر chulā'o, s. m. A kind of dish, said to be a pulā'o without flesh.
- علراً على chalāwā, (نلي) s. Movement, motion, going, custom.
- e. چلاونی chalā'onī, (چلنا) adj. Current (as a coin).
- ਭ. ਪੜ੍ਹ chal-bichal, (ਚਲवਿਚਲ) s. m. 1. Error, mistake. 2. Disordered. 3. Disjointed. 4. Panic.
- R. لبلي chulbulā, adj. 1. Restless, fidgetting. 2. Airy, sportive, lively. عليلي s. m. Gaiety.
- less, be agog, to fidget, to roll or toss from side to side. [purifying nut.
- ع. چلبینے chil·bīnj, s. (dakh.) The
- P. چلپاسة chalpāsa or chilpāsa, s. m. A lizard.
- H. الله chalta, s. m. 1. The name of a tree (Dillenia indica) producing an acid fruit. 2. (a.) part. act. (of الهاله) Going. الهاله ال
- P. خيل ته chilta, (for خيل عه) s. f. A thick reduplicated coat for soldiers, a coat of mail.

الله جلان چلانا chilānā v. n. To shriek, scream. [tion for journey.

e. , chal-chalā'o, s. m. Prepara-

tail (selling). By re-

P. خلغوزة chilghosa, s. m. A kind of nut like the pistachio, or the kernels of the pine.

H. Lille chilaknā, v. n. To glitter, (dakh.) To emit sperm (as mares).

H. chilam, s. f. The part of a prepared huqqa which contains the tobacco and fire.

s f. 1. A wash-hand-bason of metal with a cover to it. 2. Part of a huqqa fixed under the chilam.

ehil-mardan, s. m. The leather fixed to the vacant part of the tree of a saddle.

H. چلون chilman, s. f. See چلمن

s. ১৯ chalan, (বিলো) 1. s. m. Habit, way of life, custom, process, course, fashion, conduct, behaviour, carriage, deportment, gait. 2. Ceremony. 3. Currency. 4. adj. Current.

e. الجاد chalnā, (चिल्ल) v. n. To move, go, proceed, walk, go off, pass (as, coin), be discharged (a gun, &c.), to blow, flow, drive, behave, sail, work, answer, succeed, avail, last, serve, stand. الكناك To turn out vitious, to exceed bounds. الجادات To go along, be off, depart.

4. پلنی chalmi, 1. s. f. (चालनी) A sieve, a kind of basket for winnowing grain. 2. adj. (चलन) Current, usual, fashionable.

علو على chullā, (বুলুকা) s.m. A handful, the palm of the hand contracted so as to hold water. چلو بهر پانی self in a handful of water) To be greatly abashed: see چپنی بهر پانی میں دوب مرنا۔ چلو چلو پانی میں دوب مرنا۔ چلو چلو پانی میں دوب مرنا۔ چلو چلو پانی میں الو هونا To get a habit of drinking by چلو میں الو هونا To be intoxicated with a mouthful.

علی chalo, (from اچلی) interj.
Away! begone!

H. جاوی chilwan, s. f. (जबनिका) A screen for keeping out the glare, a venetian blind, a lattice.

e. خلونا د chalaunā, s. m. A small stick with which the spinning wheel is turned.

P. H. علم chilla, в. m. See P. and н.

H. chilli, s. f. 1. A kind of dish made of eggs. 2. A blockhead, one who plays mischievous pranks.

e. پیپاچ chalipā, (corrupt. of حلیپا) s. m. A cross, crucifix:

way of walking with a bend or leaning from side to side. 2. adj. Prepared, adorned: gained: bent.

ह. مار په chamār, (चर्मार or चर्मकार) s.m. 1. A worker in leather, a shoemaker, (موچی) cobbler, tanner, currier. 2. A dirty person (تيلی)

P. chamān, s. See

s. چمنک chumbak, (चंबक) s. m.

1. A loadstone. Magnet (مقناطيس)

2. Extract (from a book, &c.).

river. ¶ A log of wood with grooves fixed on banks of canals, and used in drawing water for irrigation.

क एक champā (चेंपका) See एंक्

- H. g. اهوجانا champathonā or -hojānā, v. n. To vanish, disappear, run away.
- ق. ملي champa'ī, adj. Yellow; golden. Of the colour of Line
- H. Chimia, s. m. Tongs, forceps, pincers, pippers.
- H. chimṭānā, v. n. To adhere, to cling to.
- H. lie, "chimat rahnā, v. n. To [to stick. cleave to.
- H. Lina chimatna, v. n. To adhere,
- H. چمتی chumțī, s. f. (dakh.) 1. Ant. . هو چیونتی and چیونتی 2. A nip or pinch (with the fingers). چمتی لزنا To nip or pinch.
- #. ع. كاتنا چمتى كاتنا ehimți kāṭnā, (currupt. from چتکی) v. a. To pinch.
- H. lika chamchamana, v. n. To tingle, to sleep, glitter. ¶ chumchumānā, (dakh.) To smart, to be felt the sensation of pain from a blow.
- P. 大文 chamcha, (司甲刊) 8. m. A spoon. بهر adj. Spoonful. A sponger, one who meddles in every one's concerns.
- 2. ركب chamrakh, (चमेक) s. f. 1. The apparatus of a spinning-wheel. 2. (met.) A lean woman, all skin and bone.
- e निक् champa, (चम्मे) s. m. Leather, a skin. حمرًا أدهيرنا To flay, to skin.
- H. Chamak, (USA) 8. f. Glitter, [loadstone.
- e. کمپ chummak, (चुंबक) s. m. A

- H. chumkār, s. f. A sound with the lips by which dogs and horses are called or coaxed.
- H. U, Kas chumkār-nā, v. a. To coax, to speak kindly to, to sooth (by drawing in the breath with protruded lips).
- H. احمكنا chamkānā, (caus. of حمكانا) v. a. 1. To cause to glitter. 2. To provoke, to make to start, to startle. 3. To wave, brandish, flourish, brighten, burnish. 4. To display.
- H. \_\_\_ chamkāhaṭ, s. f. Glitter splendour, gleam, lustre, flourish, brightness, much light, flash, startle.
- H. Like chamaknā, v. n. 1. To glitter, shine, flash. 2. To prosper. 3. To be angry. 4. (dakh.) To be alarmed, to startle. [Tinsel. See \_\_\_\_\_.
- H. جمکی chamki, B. f. (चकास glare.)
- H. عمالي chamgādar, s. m.
- H. جمگدری chamgudri, s. f. } A bat.
- H. عمليدڙ chamgidar, s. m.
- H. La chammal, s. m. A beggar's cup.

- H. جملي chamlī, s. f.
- P. chaman, s. m. A bed in a garden, a parterre: a flower garden.
- P. جمنستان chaman-istān, s. m. flower-bed. [A razor-strap.
- इ. په د chamoțā, s. m. عموتا چهوتا علی (from चम्म)
- rel. chumorā, s. (dakh.) Pinch, nip (with the nails of two fingers).
- ह. पंज chanā, (चणक) s. m. of pulse, chickpea, vetches.
- H. Lis chunnā, 1. v. a. To gather, pick, choose, select, cull, glean. 2. To pick up food (as, birds). 8. To place in order, arrange. 4. To plait (cloth). 5. s. m. Ascarides. فروازه

To close a door with bricks.

- P. "chanār or chinār, s. m. 1. A poplar, a plane-tree. 2. chanār, A circle stained by women on their hands and feet with hinna.
- P. chunān, adj. Like that, such,
- P. چنین chunān-chunīn, adv. In this and that manner; (met.) evasion, subterfuge.
- P. de in chunanchi, adv. As, like as, so that, in such manner that; for example, e. g.
- P. chambar, s. m. A cover (sarposh) for the chilam of a huqqa, a circle, hoop (of a tub, &c.), ring. Stocks, pillory, necklace, handkerchief, dog's collar. [circular.
- P. چنبری chambar-ī, adj.
- 8. خنیک chumbak, (चंबक) s. m. A magnet. (مقناطيس)٠
- H. chambū, s. m. A narrow-necked vessel for holding water.
- H. \_\_\_\_\_ chambeli, s. f. The name of a flower. (Jasminum grandiflorum).
- 2. الله champā, (चंपक) в. m. name of a flower-tree. (Michelia champaca). چنيا کلي s. f. A necklace, each piece of which resembles the unblown flowers of the champā.
- H. s. خنیت هونا د champat honā, (चप to go) (بهاک جانا) v. n. حميت هونا
- H. Line chunat, (line) 8. f. Plaiting (cloths), plaits, ruffles (of a shirt). Crimping.
- e جنت chint, }

  s. الله chintā,

to think.) s. f. Thought, consideration, reflection, anxiety, care, doubt, study, to think. risk, danger.

- H. chinchā, s. (dakh.) The stone of the tamarind.
- 8. حنيل chanchal, (चंचल) adj. Trembling. 2. Restless, wanton, fickle 3. Perishable, transitory.
- H. Lima chunda, s. m. Ascarides.
- H. \_\_\_\_\_ chunchune. s. f. Ascarides: هوه لنحني. purse.
- TEL. \_\_ chanchī, s. f. A kind of
- P. Lischand, adj. How many? how much? how often? some, a few: (in compos. quantity, as much, many). adj. Several, various. adj. Of a few days, epheadv. Although, هر جند meral. nevertheless, notwithstanding, however, with all that, so much the more.
- H. Line chanda, s. m. Assessment, contribution, subscription.
- P. عندان chandān, adj. So much, much, many, numbers, more, as many as, as much as, how many soever, so As many, as حندانکه greatly. much, whatever, so greatly.
- s. جندر chandar or chandr, (चंद्र) B. m. The moon. چندر بنسی Descendant of the moon; name of a tribe of Kshatriyas who claim descent from the moon. چندر بدنی Having a countenance چندر گرهن .beautiful as the moon An eclipse of the moon.
- (चंद्रमाः) chandarmā, چندرما ۽ s. m. The moon.
- s. چندر هار chandra-hār, (चंद्रहार s. m. A necklace composed of circular pieces of gold, silver, &c.. (each piece resembling the moon in shape.).
- e. خنتا chintană, (चितन) v. a. To إلى chandlā, (चानिरु) adj. Bald.

- s. جندن هار chandan, (चंदन) s. m. Sandal-wood or -tree, sanders. جندن هار A necklace or ornament for the neck.
- canopy, an awning. The Crown of a hat. A sunshade of cloth.
- H. عندها chundhlā, s. m. Blinkard.
- H. Like Like chundhlā-na, v. n. To be purblind, to see dimly.
- P. چندی chande, adj. Some, a few, a little, awhile. [&c. See
- H. حندی chindī, s. (dakh.) Piece, rag,
- عنديا ع chandiyā, (चंद्र) see چاند s. f. The crown of the head. [many.
- P. جنديري chandin, adj. So much, so
- s. الجندال chandal, (ব্রান্ত) s.m.

  A man of the lowest Hindu caste; originating from a Sudra father and a Brahmin mother. (met.) an outcast, wretch, miser.
- H. خنداول chandawal, s.m. The rearguard.
- see گیندا) 2. An intoxicating substance made of opium.
- H. خنڌول chandol, s. m. (चत्दिलि)

  A sort of sedan with two poles.
  The name of a bird. 8. A plaything jonsisting of four little earthen pots vined together.
- dying chunari, s. f. A mode of dying differentloths, in which they are tied in them in places previous to dipping parts tied the die, so as to prevent the also, cloths from receiving the colour: ied in this manner.
- the husk of a seed to the sun.

  chana, s. f. The bursting of to the sun.

  or pods by exposure
- fall out (as a seed from the husk).

- H. ع. کهای chun-khā'ū, s. (dakh).

  1. A'bird. 2. A beggar: see
- P. خنگ chang, s. f. 1. A claw. 2.

  The hand expanded. 3. A kind of guitar, a harp. 4 Fame, report. 5. A paper kite which they fly at night, or otherwise. 6. The name of a suit at cards: see under حنگ \* تاری \* درازی \* قرازی \* قرازی \* درازی \* دراز
- ولك ي changā, (चा Handsome, dexterous, sound) adj. Healthy, cured. sound. ابلا جنگا كرنا To cure چنگا كرنا كرنا كرنا adj. 1. In health and vigour. 2. Perfect, good. Pure. True.
- n. چنگاری chingātī, s. f. A spark (of fire).
- P. كالن ي changāl, s. m. See چنگال
- P. خنکل changul, s. m. Claw, talon, hand, clutch, grasp, hook. ¶ chungal, A handful of anything dry.
- g. الجناهات chinghār, (चित्कार) s. t.
  Scream, screech, الماتي مارنا To
  scream. The trumpeting of an elephant
- e. چنگهارنا chinghār-nā, v. n. To scream. (applied properly to the elephant).
- جنگاری chingi, s. f. 1. See چنگی. چهرتنا or نکلنا or دیگنای or چهرتنا To sparkle. [a tray.
- H. حنگنے changer, s. f. A flower-pot,
- H. | changerā, s. m. | l. A large basket.
- H. چنگیری changeri, g. f. ) 2. A trough or tray.
- H. Libia chunwānā, (causal of v. a. To cause to pick, &c.
- s. چنوتی chunautī, (च्णितती) s. f.

  1. A box for holding the lime used to chew along with betel. 2. A small spoon used to take out the lime.

- aging troops in the time of battle (for which purpose there is an officer in Indian armies). 2. Selecting from an army the fittest men for a desperate enterprise. 3. A practice which formerly prevailed at Benares. (On the lith of Jeth, shukl-pakeh, the inhabitants were wont to swim across the river, and forming themselves into two parties, to fight with swords, clubs, &c.) 4. (Fac.) A watch.
- s. m. The tail of the Bos grunniens (a species of ox) used to whisk off flies, &c. The yalk.
- epot, stain, scar, sign, symbol, token by which any thing is known, trace, track, symptom, feature, signature, الله عنه حراها .
- B. جنی chunni, s. f. (शोण) 1. A small ruby. 2. Ascarides. [thus.
- r. جنيي chunin, adj. Like this, such,
- H. , chau, s. m. 1. A back-tooth. 2. Ploughthare. 3. (ব্ৰুষ্) adj. (in s. m. A حو بغلا , Four. الم kind of jacket not open under the arms. چرېلدي s. f. 1. Giving a horse new shoes. 2. The fastenings of baggage. چو جگی adj Of the four ages or great periods. -(चतुरस्र from चतुर् four अस्र cormers.) Even, square, adj. چو کدهن or کدری (dakh.) Four sides, (on) the a. I. A quadri-چو کهونت a. I. A quadrilateral. 2. The four quarters, the جو محالا adj. world. Of four چو مُکھی . stories (a house, do). adj. Four-faced, having four faces-Tying the albows behind.

- P. عود chi, (for عود) adv. Like, as, when, how.
- name of a perfume (musk, ambergria, saffron and the juice of the flowers of the Arbor tristis, ground together to a paste) 2. The pod, siliqua or skin of any kind of pulse. 3. A windfall (fruit). 4. (dakh.) A small square hole. 5. A disease to which new born children are subject. 6. Four, four finger's breadth, fours; the four or quatre at cards, dice, &c. ¶ chā'ā, A plant which forms one of the chief harif products of the hills supposed to be the Amaranthus oleraceus.
- e چوالیس chan'élie, (चतुश्रलारिं– शत्) adj. Fôrty-four.
- t. اچونا cho'ānā, (caus. of نچو) v. a.
  To cause to drip, to distil, drop, filter,
  draw off. [part of a rupee.
- chau-anni, s. f. The fourth,
- P. پوپ دhob (or Pers. chib,) s. f. Wood, timber, a pole, a post, drumstick, stick, staff, a mace, club. چوب or کاری s. f. 1. Beating with a stick. S. A kind of embroidery
- د موبار عدر chaubar, (see موبار عدرار عدر
- . chau-bar-a, s. m. A shed.
- P. A. chaubachcha, n. m. Corrupt,
- ehob-chini, s. f. The name of a medicine, China-root.
- P. چرب دستی chob-dast-i, s. f. A. staff, a walking stick.
- whose business it is to announce the arrival of company, a macebearer.
- ehobak, s. f. A drumstick.

- kind of victuals given upon great occasions, marriages, &c. (said to be) a dish of pulā'o mixed with slices of cocon-nuts, dates, and almonds. 3. Prey. 4. Puncture.
- E جوبے chaube, (चत्वदी) s. m. A

  Brāhman acquainted with the four

  Vedas (see بيك bed or veda.) Now,
  however, the term is applied indiscriminately to the descendants of such though not learned).
- P. چوبی chob-i, adj. Wooden, of wood.
- عوبيس e chaubis, (चतुर्विशति) adj. Twenty-four.
- P. چوبيي chob-in, adj. Wooden.
- s. جوپاڙ chau-pār, (see چوپاڙ s. A small shed in which the village community meet for public business.
- s. न्यांटिका) A kind of summerhouse or pavilion (generally built jointly by several people as a resting place common to them all). 2. (चतुष्पद) A quadruped, an animal, a beast.
- عبوپاڙ chau-pāl, s. m. See چوپاڙ and چوپار [A litter, sedan.
- ع پالا چ chau-pālā, (चतुष्पाद) в. т.
- P. جوپان chaupān, s. m. A cowherd or shepherd.
- ह. چوپایته chau-pāya, (चतुष्पाद) s. m. An animal, a beast, a quadruped.
- H. chaupat, adj. Ruined, destroyed, levelled, flat, plain.
- a game played with oblong dice (like chausar, differing merely in the form of the game. The cloth or board on which it is played (having two transverse bars in the form of a cross). See

- H. چوپی chopar, chūpar, s. m. (सिपि butter) Grease, oil.
- ह چوت چوت دhāt, (च्युति) s. f. Vulva. Strumpet.
- e. چوتال چوتال s. m. A mode in music the time

of which is marked by four claps of the hands)

- H. چوتر chūtar, s.m. (代刊司) The backside, bum, buttock, breech, hip, rump. چوتر جمانا To be overjoyed. چوتر سے کان گانتهنا To speak in parables, to use far-fetched expressions.
- ड. چوتها adj. Fourth.
- ह. چوتهائی chauthā'ī, (चतुर्थोश) в. f.
  The fourth part, a quarter.
- s. द्वांक्र chauthi, (चत्थी) s. f. l. The fourth day. 2. A Mahommedan ceremony performed on the fourth day after marriage.
- عرتيا عي chūtiyā, s. m. A blockhead, dunce. One who lives on the earnings of his faithless wife. چوتيا s.m. A cully, a dupe. A man who dies from excess of copulation.
- इ. چوتيس chautis, (चतु स्त्रंशत) adj.
  Thirty-four.
- blow, bruise, damage. 2. Fall. 3. Spite, effort, assiduity, desire, aim. 4. An ingenious way, adopted by shepherds and husbandmen, of folding a blanket or sheet into a covering for the head and shoulders: also, the tying the end of a blanket in a knot, and so placing it over the head, which in some places is called ghangha.

One misfortune follows another, misfortunes come not singly. چوت باندهنا 1. To de-

fend. 2. To bind up the edge of a sword, &c. 3. To restrain by magic. ا چوت کهانا 1. To be hurt, to receive a blow. 2. To suffer loss.

- H. Cop choṭṭā, s. m. A thief.
- 2. چوتی choṭī, (चूडा) s.f. 1. A single lock of hair left on the top of a shaven head, the hair braided behind, a oue. چونتی 2. Top. See
- چوزه chūja, B. See چوجه
- H. Legendre chochla, s. m. Playfulness, blandishments, endearing arts expressions, coquetry, toyishness.
- e چوچې د chūchī, (चूचुक) Breast, pap, nipple, teat, dug. See چونچی
- H. الله chodnā, (चंद to drive in) (trans. of اچدنا v. a. To copulate. To have sexual intercourse with.
- क ४८०० chaudah, (चत्देश) adj. Four-[man of a trade and caste.
- ehaudhari, s.m. The head چولهری
- g. H. جولهوال chaudah-wān, adj. Fourteenth. چودهویی رات Fourteenth night of the moon.
- ع. جوٽول chau-dol, s. m. sedan with two poles.
- s. ور chor, (चोर) s. m. A thief, false, treacherous, sly, hidden. چور پهرا s. f. A quicksand. پالو or چررچهره The advanced guard of چور چکار \* هراول the army: see ه جور خانه . m. Byroom, concealed drawer. چور دروازه . s. m. 1 چور ڏهور . Trap-door Plaintiff and defendant. 2. All the | 3. - chaurenawwe, or chaura-

parties of a law suit. 3. A thief and what he has stolen. چور رسته by-way. چور زمین A quagmire, bog. چور سوداگر A smuggler, dealer in contraband or stolen goods. هيرهي s. f. Backstairs. s. f. A back-door, a by-door. عورگلی s. f. A by-road, back-lane v. n. To be injured, to To waste, چور لکنا شمع کو .damage a candle, by a thief being attached to it. چور محل s. m. The apartments the concubines of great men. s. m. A game played by چور مندورا children in villages.

- # chūr, (चणे) 1. s. m. Powder, filings, atoms. 2. adj. Bruised. چور رهنا Broken to atoms چور To sot. چور کرنا To break into small pieces, to shatter. چور هونا 1. To be broken into small pieces. 2. To be enamoured of, to be in love, to نشے میں چور .dote. 8. To be tired To be intoxicated.
- ह. الله chūrā, (चूणे) s. m. ings. 2. Sawdust. 3. Grain reduced to coarse particles to be chucked into the mouth. 4. Powder.
- हे. چوراسی chaurāsī, (चतुरशीति) adj. Eighty-four; s. applied to a subdivision of a pargana or district, amounting to eighty-four villages.
- H. جوراسي chaurāsī, s. f. Morris-bells worn on the ankles by dancing girls

nawe or chauranwe. (चतुर्नवति) adj. Ninety-four.

- e. P. الماري chau-rāh-ā, (عور Four, and Way) s. m. A cross-road, place where four roads meet.
- e. جورس chau-ras, adj. Level, even:
  Four square; a four-sided glass.
- s. হাট্টি chūran or chūrņ, (ব্র্টা) s. m. A powder composed of medicines for promoting digestion: dust.
- g. בּورنا e chūrnā, (चूर्णन) v. a. To reduce to very small pieces or to atoms.
- e. چورنگ chaurang, (चत्रा) s. m.

  l. A practice of the sword exercise.

  2. Cutting the four legs of an animal off at one blow. نگ کاتا v. a.

  To cut off the four legs of an animal at one blow. جورنگ مارنا To lose the use of the limbs by illness.
- ehūra, s. m. (dakh.) Piece, bit, scrap. [s. f. Theft, robbery.
- ehor-ī, (चोरीय or चौर्य्य) چوری ا
- silver or gold ornament worn by the Hindū widows. 2. The ring fastened to elephants' teeth.
- H. p chaur, adj. Spoiled, destroyed.
- saturated with mineral alkali, impure carbonate of soda in its native fossil state, used by washermen instead of soap.

  Fixed mineral alkaline salt, prepared soda or salt of soda, pure carbonate of soda.
- ample. چوڙا جكلا adj. Wide, broad, عوراً علا adj. Extensive, spacious.
- H. چوڙان chaurān, (from چوڙان) s. f. m.
- H. چورائی chaurā-ī, s. f. l. Breadth, width, extension.

- H. chiwarnā, v. (dakh.) To squeeze, wring, rub.
- Bangles or rings made of glass, sealing wax, &c., and worn on the wrist.

  The ring of an eye glass.

  Drawers, or sleeves, made too long, so as to be crumpled into plaits.
- young bird. چوزه باز s. f. An old woman who keeps a young gallant, an old woman fond of striplings.
- e. چوسته chausaik, (चतु:षष्टि) adj. Bixty-four.
- Name of a game like pachis-i, but played with dice (pāse) instead of kauris. The dice are four or six-sided, four inches long and half an inch thick on every side, are thrown by the hand, not from boxes, and fall lengthways. What the game is played on.

  See
- chausar-ī, s. (dakh.) An ornament worn tight round the neck, by women, and hooked behind.
- s. نبوسنا پ chūsnā, (चूपण) v.a. l. To suck, absorb. 2. To exhaust.
- g. چوسنی chūsnī, (चूपणीय) s. f. Child's coral, a sucking-stick for children. [(ಪ್ರ) garment.
- P. اخوغ choghā, s. (dakh.) A sort of
- H.  $ch\bar{u}k$ , s. f. An error, fault, blunder, mistake, failing, miss.
- s. কেন্দ্ৰিk, (বুক্তা) s. m. 1. Sour, acid. 2. A medicine made of boiled lemon-juice and pomegranates.
- chauk, s. m. (dakh. s. f.) 1.

  A market. 2. A square of a city. 3.

  A court-yard. 4. A square place filled, at marriages and on other occasions of rejoicing, with sweetmeats, which after certain ceremonies are distributed. 5. (dakh.) An ornament-

ed square bench or form on which the bride, and bridegroom take their seats a short while at their respective houses, during a certain number of nights, before the wedding. 6. A grinder or cheek-tooth. if the coloured meal, perfumes, sweetmeats, &c., on some occasion of rejoicing.

- عری دhūkā, (चुक्रिका) s. m. A kind of French sorrel.
- e. کوک chaukā, s. m. l. The space in which Hindus dress or eat their victuals. 2. A square slate of marble, &c., a square space of ground. The four front teeth. 4. The cube of a measure called
- two pearls worn in each ear. ¶ Division of crop in which the cultivator gives only one fourth.
- a spring, a bounce. 2. (see جوکتی)

  A ring of pearls worn by men in the ears. ¶ chaukṛī (dakh.) An ornament worn by women tight round the neck, formed of stars of gold, strung on three black silk or wire threads, with black glass beads filling up the interstices. جوکتی بهرنا To leap,

  To forget one's bound.

  i. e. to be fascinated, to have one's senses benumbed.
- B. چوکس chaukas, adj. (বাস্থ্র্য) 1. Cautious, watchful. 2. Full weight.
- H. جوکسی chaukas-i, s. f. 1. Watching, diligence, attention. 2. Four people employed together, or eating out of the same dish or plate.
- H. is chāknā, v. n. To blunder, to mistake, depart from, miss, err, fail. miscarry.
- alert, circumspect, sly, on one's guard wary.

- ड. رکور chau-kor, عوکور chau-kor, عرکور علی chau-konā, (चतुष्कोण) adj.
  Four-cornered, square.
- g. چوکها chau-khā, s. m. A station where four boundaries meet.
- s. m. f. l. Frame of a door, door. 2.
  The upper and lower piece of the frame of a door.
- s. س. A square. Square.
- H. こくらった chauki, s. f. (可であ a hall resting on four columns.) 1. A frame to sit on, a stool, bench. 2. Guard or watch. watching. 3. The post where a guard is stationed, police station. 4. An ornament worn on the breast. 5. (dakh.) A present to a dancing girl. こくらい しょうしょう 1. adj. Keeping guard. 2. s. m. A watchman. こくらい ではいい To watch, guard, mount guard.
- resembling cricket (or tennis) but played on horseback. 2. The bat or club with which the game is played.

  8 کوگانگاه A place for that game.

  8 حوگان بازی s. f. Playing of the game of چوگان بازی
- sides, all round, all about. s. Neighbourhood, district. [Fourfold.
- a. Life chau-gun-ā, (न्त्रार्ण) adj.
- g. P. جوگوشه chau-gosha. 1. adj. 2. A kind of oblong tray.
- g. P. جوکوشیا chau-gosh-iyā, s. m. A turkī horse, a horse with alit ears.
- s. ्रेड्र chau-ghar-ā, (चार्हि) s. m.
  A small box of gold or silver, with four partitions, for holding spices or perfumes.

- try consisting of four small cups joined together. چوگهڙا الاچي s. f.
  The best kind of small cardamom.
- H. چول داند. I. A tenon, the part of joiner's work which fits into another (as, a dove-tail). 2. A pivot upon which a door turns (as on a hinge). 3. An axle-tree-arm. چولیس اکهڙنا To be tired, worn out with labour. 4. (dakh.) Itching.
- হু cholā, (বাল) s. m. 1. See

  2. A garment worn by a bride
  at her marriage. 3. A long coat
- ehaulā'ī, s. f. A kind of vegetable (Amaranthus polygamus).
- g. H. کورترا chau-lar-ā, s. m. A neck-lace of
- g. H. جولتری chau-lar-i, s. f. four strings (four rows of small round gold beads threaded on silk.).
- cholnā, s. (dakh.) Short breeches reaching only half way down the thighs. [place, oven.
- த பு ு chālhā, s. m. (चुंलि) A fire-
- e. إلى choli, (चोली or चोल) s. f.

  I. A bodice, a waistcoat, the body of a gown, a jacket. 2. A small betelbasket.
- इ. क्रंबिन) इ. m. A kiss. इ. ट्रियान इ. f. Dalliance.
- ehāmak-patthar, s. m. چومک پتهر علی د chāmak-patthar, s. m. منبک A magnet. See
- इ. نومنا chūmnā, (चुंबन) v. a. To
- عرما chūma, s. See چومه
- r. چرن chūn, adv. Like, as, when When that, whereas.
- e देश के chausoan, (चतुष्यंचाशत्) adj. Fifty-four.

- go, to drop). v. n. To leak, distil, drop. 2. To drop from the tree when ripe (fruit). 3. (चूर्ण) s. m. Lime, staked lime. UU نے To defame.
- جبوتره chauntarā, s. m. See چونترا
- chauntis, adj. See چونتیس یه چوتیس
- ਜ. ਪਿੱਤ chūnṭā, s.m. A large ant.
- e. Libon chontla, s. m. 1. The ribbon with which hair is tied or braided at the end, the cue or lock of hair behind.

  2. False hair mixed with the real.
- r. چونتی chūnṭī, (the diminutive or fomale of چونتا) s. f. A small ant.
- ह. چونې chonch, (चंचु) s. f. l. Beak, bill. 2 A point, (نوکئ), spout.
- H. chonchā, adj. (dakh.) With a contracted hand, handless.
- P. چون و چوا chūn-o-charā, (when and wherefore?) Wrangling, altercation.
- s. इंड ट hūnchi, (चचुका) s. f. Breast, bubby, dug, nipple.
- H. چوندها adj. Dim, purplind, dimsighted.
- H. چوندهلان chondhlā-nā, v. n. To see dimly. [dulness of sight.
- H. ےوندھے chondhi, s. f. Dimness,
- enses, to be amazed, dazzled.
- s. m. 1. The head. 2. Hair braided on the top of the head; or (dakh.) the whole hair of a woman's head gathered up into a bunch or knot and fastened a little above the back of the neck.

- e. f. An instrument for driving away flies, a fly-flapper. See
- عونسته و chaunsath, adj. See
- e جونسر ع chaunsar, (चत्रशारि) s. m.
  1. The name of a game, the same as.
  2. A garland of flowers.
- الله الله chaunknā, v. n. To start, boggle, start up from sleep. چونک پڙنا To start, wince. اتهنا To bounce, start up. [because that.
- P. خون که chūn-ki, When that, since that,
- الله د chaungā, s. m. Wheedling چونکا کرنا To wheedle out of money
- H. کونکا chongā, s. m. A funnel.
- e. کونکا جونکا د chongā, s. (dakh.) A sort of bread.
- e. چونگنا chāngnā, v. (dakh.) To suck.
- عونه على chūna, s. m. Lime, chunam see جونا sign. 3.
- a. الله من الله chāhā, s. m. A rat, a mouse.

  s. m. A mouse-trap.

  s. m. A sparrow-hawk, cormorant, a mouser.
- e. چوهای chauhān, (चाहुवान) s. m. A caste of Rājpūts.
- हे جوهتر chau-hattar, (चतु:सप्ति) adj. Seventy-four.
- H. chūhar, s. m. The act of hunting by deceiving game with a stalkinghorse.
- H. چوهتا chāhṛā, s. m. A Hindū sweeper, the lowest caste of village servants: see

- H. چوهرتی chūhṛī, s. f. Wife of a
- mouse or rat. A mouse, a she
- P. من chah, (contract of انجالا s. m.
- P. کې cha, a particle affixed to various
  Persian nouns to form diminutives; as
  A little street, from کوچه
  and,
  sometimes نه is prefixed to it; as
  ماغنجه ماغنجه ماغنجه A little garden,
- H. چهاپ chhāp, s. f. Stamp, print, copy, impression; a seal, seal-ring.
- marks representing a lotus, trident, &c., delineated on the body by the Vaishnavas or worshippers of Vishnu.

  2. Edition, impression, stamp, print, seal, &c خانے کا Printing-office.
- H. Liles chhāpnā, v. a. To print, to stamp, bring out an impression.
- The village seal used to impress grain with: the heap of refuse corn and chaff which is formed in winnowing: a small heap of grain appropriated to purposes of charity: the basket used for throwing water out of a pond for the purpose of irrigation. A printing-office. A press.
- s. টাৰু chhātā, (ন্তন) s m. A large umbrella. (brella.
- g. چهاتی chhātī, (छत्र) s. f. An um-
- H. چهاقی chhātī, s. f. Breast, dug,

bubby. چهاتی بهر Breasthigh, چهاتی .To weep چهاتی بهر آنا To be chest-foundered. بهر جانا To have pa- چهاتی پر پتهر رکهنا چهاتی پر مونگ دلنا .tience (lit. to grind pulse on the breast) To do any thing in presence of another person by which he is vexed يمتني To break, the heart, with grief or sorrow; to sympathize. چهانی لييتاً To lament, to regret, repent. 1. To encourage. To assure. چهاتی تهندی هونا To چهاتی جلنا .be pleased or overjoyed To have the heart-burn. lament. چهاتي کا پتهر Nuisance, pest. چهاتي گدراني The breast to swell (in young women). چہائی سے UU To fondle.

H. chhāj, s. m. (夏克 a leaf.) A kind of basket used in winnowing or clearing grain. [Buttermilk.

H. では、chhāch, s.f. (図句)

P. عہار chahār, adj. (चत्र) Four. يايه (dakh.) A quadruped. چهار عند adj. Fourfold. چهار چند s. m. Throne (Indian) with four cushions. جہار سو A square, a mar-Wednesday. حبار شنبه

- P. چہارتگ or تک chahār-lag or -tak, s. m. Gallop.
- ۲. عبارک chahēr-dah, adj. Fourteen.

- s. এ ১৯৯৯ chhāg, (ন্তানা) s. m. A he goat.
- ع. كال عيد chhāgal, s. f. 1. A leathern bottle with a spout to it, a goatskin. 2. s. (छागल) A goat.
- এ তাৰ্ক chhāl, (বস্তু, তান্তি skin, bark. see کهال) s. f. Peel, skin, rind, bark. To peel, to decorticate. حيال اتارنا
- ع. المجي chhālā, s. m. A blister, a pustule, pimple, watery vesicle, skin, hide.
- H. چہالیا chhāliyā, B. f. (छटाफ्ल) A kind of betel-nut. (عيال)
- इ. धीर् chhānā, (छादन, छद to cover) v. a. To thatch. v. n. (dakh.) To be shaded. چها جانا To spread, to lie.
- H. g. في جهان جهان han bichhan, B. I. (dakh.) Investigation, search.
- H. Liules chhāntnā, v. a. 1. To pare, elip, prune, lop, shear crop, trim, dress, to cut out (clothes); clean, select. 2. To separate the husk from grain by pounding it in a mortar, to husk. 3. To vomit, cast up; to kill, to slaughter.
- H. چهاندّنا chhānḍnā, v. a. 1. To let go, leave, abandon, loose, release, forsake, emit. 2. To vomit. (ا, كنا)
- н. پاننا پے chhānnā, v. a. (বালে making to go.) 1. To strain, filter, sift. 2. To search, investigate. اينا چهان مارنا . To cull, to select search, to rummage, explore, canvass
- ड़ मंद्र chhānw, ] (छाया) s.f. 1.
- ع. چهانوں Shade, shadow. 2. The ع. چانه chhānh, reflection of
  - any object in a mirror, &c. (Plur. ه. ۴. Aus- چهانهه بانهه ۱۰ چهائیس چهانو 800] pices.
- عبارم على chahār-um, adj. The fourth. على chhā'on, s. f. Shade, shadow.

- عارنی د chhā'onī, (see چانی عارفی) s. f.

  1. Cantonments, barracks or huts for soldiers. 2. Thatching, the art of thatching.
- s. प्रेक्ट्र chhāyā, (छाया) s. m. 1. Apparation, spectre. 2. Shade. 3. (met.) Somewhat resembling. 4. A mode in music. 5. Refuge, asylum.
- ع د مایار چ chhāyān, s. m. Shade, shadow: see
- على على chhāhīṅ, हे (छाया Shade)
- ع د جهائیں s. f. Discoloration. ¶ chhā'īn, (dakh.) Goblin, ghost. An evil spirit.
- عبر chhab, (छिनि) s. f. 1.

  Beauty, splendour. 2. (Arab. شبک )

  Shape, form, figure, body, structure.

  عبر تختی s. f. Handsomeness.
- P. Asymptotic chah-bachcha, s. m. A small reservoir of water, vat, cistern, font (for ablution). [large basket.
- H. L. chhabrā, B. m. A sort of
- adj. Twenty-six. (षड्विंशति)
- عبيلا چ chhab-ālā, adj. Handsome,
- H. چهپا دهای chhipā, adj. Close, hidden. چهپا چهپا رهنا To abscond. چهپا رهنا adv. Underhand, secretly.
- H. Liya chhipānā, chhupānā, (उद to cover) (caus. of Lya) v. a. To conceal, cause to be concealed.
- H. Lily chhapānā, (caus. of Lily)
  To cause to print.
- Edition, the price of printing, the act of printing. [thatched roof.
- H. چہٹر chhappar, s. m. (छदि) A
- m. g. ごぬ or こしょ chhapparkhat or -khāt, (包含い) s. m. A bedstead with curtains.

- H. چهپکلی chhipkalī, s. f. (ਪਲ਼ੀ) A lizard. [Fifty-six.
- عبي دhhappan, (पट्पंचाशत्) adj.
- H. Liga chhapnā, v. n. To be printed
- H. چهپوانا chhapwānā, (caus. of پهپوانا v. a. To cause to print.
- g. جهت chhat, (उत्) s. f. A roof, a cloth stretched across the roof of a room, a platform. الثانا يانا يوب or اللا To ceil, to cover the inner roof of a building.
- s. chhattā, (ন্তন) s. m. l. A honey-comb. 2. A roofed lane.
- s. प्रंम chhattar or chhatr, s. m. 1.
  (छत) An umbrella, a canopy.
  इत्यति or छत्रधारी
  s. m. One entitled to carry an umbrella, i. e. a Rāja, prince, &c. 2.
  (corrupt. of इम्में ) A house set apart for the charitable entertainment of strangers, guests, &c.; (dakh.) an hospital for the poor, &c.
- H. 二字 chhitrānā, v. a. (智用套 from 智用 thrown, 乭 to do.) 1. To scatter, to strew. 2. To spread.
- H. Chhitarnā, v. n. To be scattered, strewed or spread.
- tester or covering of a bed, &c., a small umbrella. 2. A frame made of bamboos for pigeons to settle upon. 3.

  s. m. (श्रिय) A man of the second or military tribe of Hindus. See
- ब چهتیس chhattīs, (प्रट्तिशत्) adj.

[Thirty-six.

under برن (वणे).

- e. چهتیسی chhattis-i, (چهتیسی one who knows thirty-six postures and pretends innocence) adj. f. Prude, prudish. Cunning, crafty.
- عِثَانَكُ وَ chhaṭānk, (河京市) s.f. The sixteenth part of a ser, two ounces.
- #. التبتان chhatpatānā, v. n. To toss, to tumble about, to flounder.
- g. н. چهوتا , chhuṭpan, (چهوتا) в. т.
  Infancy, childhood. (چین)
- s. الله عند chhuṭ-kār, emption, liberty, de-

liverance, release, discharge, acquittal.

- ethiṭaknā, v. n. To be scattered, to spread. To shine, to be bright. کچهتگنا چاندنی کا The diffusion of moonlight. To be displaced.
- B. چهتگی دhhiṭkī, s. f. Small shot, speck. چهتگی دینا To flecker, to spot, to mark with strokes or touches. تالنا To splash.
- ع. النبي chhuṭnā, (r. चूट or छूट Divide, cut) v. n. To be adrift, be got rid of, be let go or left off, be left or abandoned, عبربار جهت گيا to slip (from), escape, be liberated, to be loose, to be dishevelled (the bair).
- جهدوان ع chhaļwān, adj. Sixth.
- a. ক্লিক chhathā, (পপ্ত) adj. Sixth.
- adj. f. Sixth; sixth lunar day. 2. s. f. A religious ceremony performed on the sixth (sometimes on the seventh or ninth) day after childbirth. خبائعی کا دوره یال دلانا کا دوره یال دلانا
- عبتى على chhuṭṭī, (from چهتى على) s. f.
  Discharge, release, acquittal, leave,
  time, leisure, cessation, disengage-

- ment, intermission, dismission, permission, freedom. Holiday, vocation, furlough. (ف) Chaff, jest.
- H. chhajja, s. m. 1. Gallery. 2. The expanded branches of a tree.
- H. J. chhichrā, s. m. Sink, slough (of a wound), skin: (dakh.). The cellular membrane that covers the surface of the body: the internal cellular web. Guts. (met.) A brat.
- H. U. S. chhuchkārnā, I. v. a. To drive away contemptuously. 2. To set on or encourage a dog.
- H. Josephichorā, adj. 1. Childish. light, mean, base. 2. Showy.
- P. & chahchah, s. The warbling of the nightingale.
- P. لريان chahchahā, (for ريان) s. m.

  The song of a bird, warbling. اران To sing, to warble (birds).
- v. n. To sing (as, a nightingale), to whistle, warble (as, birds).
- s. H. جهدام chha-dām, s. (In money)
  six dām (or, six and a quarter dāms,
  equal to two damrīs:), a small coin.
- عبدانا چ chhidānā, (causal of چهدانا عبد)
  v. a. To cause to pierce, to perforate.
- e. Use chhidnā, (छिद्र or छिद to pierce. To be pierced or bored.
- H. جهر chhar, s. f. l. Spikenard. 2.

  Shaft, pole, pike, staff, flagstaff, flag.

  See جهر المحالية ال

- P. , chihr, for \$,
- H. | chharrā, s. m. Small shot.
- عبرا المترة (छरिका) s. m. l. A large knife. 2. A razor. (استرة)
- عبری علی chhuri, (छुरी) s. f. A knife, an offensive weapon. چهری تلے To be patient in difficulties.
- spear. 2. Spikenard. 3. A fishing rod. 4. A long pole or bamboo.
- H. chharā, s. m. An ornament made of pearls worn in the ear.
- a. ्रिक्ट chharā, (r. चंट Separate) adj. Alone. Solitary, unaccompanied.
- ي د chhurānā, (caus. of الحجانا على chhurānā, (caus. of liberate, caus. of liberate, caus.
- H. UK chhirkana, v. a. To cause to sprinkle.
- H. इडिन्स् chhirkā'o, s. m. (शीक to sprinkle). Sprinkling, watering.
- H. چېژنا chhiraknā, v. a. To sprinkle, to water, to asperse.
- e. i. chharnā, (r. चट Separate)
  v. a. 1. To beat or pound rice, to separate the husk from it, to husk.
  2. To beat, chastise. See
- v. n. To be touched, (نجهرتا) pass or run the fingers over. To tickle. Handling, excited, played on.
- a. lil ehhurwana, (causal of

- v. a. To cause to let go, to cause to set free.
- H. 二字 chhari, s. f. (可見 stick.)

  A switch, wand, rod, cane. A walking stick. 2. A procession of the followers of the sollowers of the switch.
- H. Kend of firework. 2. The smarting of a wound. &c. by the application of a medicine.

  3. To be paved. US Kend To burn, the skin slightly by fomenting.
- عبی chhakkā, (ای s. m. 1. The sixth (at cards, &c.), the six (or size at dice, &c.), the aggregate of six. 2. A cage with a net attached to it. لاجه كرنا To deceive, to play tricks.
- r. H. Kap chahkār, s. f. Singing or talk or chirping of birds. Make merry.
- H. Ukę chhakānā, (caus. of ukę)
  v. a. 1. To pamper, to cloy, to sati
  ate. 2. To chastise.
- H. چهکڙ chhakkar, s. f. A slap, blow, cuff, thump. (تهيڙ)
- H. Chhakṛā, s. m. (राकट a cart.)

  A kind of carriage, a cart, car, a two wheeled bullock cart, (carrying burthens on a sort of platform).
- P. H. chahaknā, v. n. To whistle, sing, warble, chirp, (birds.)
- ehhagri, (ন্তাगल) в. f. A
- s. چهل جهل د chhal, (평전) s. m. Fraud, trick, deception. چهل بل s. m. Force and fraud, stratagem.

- H. چہل د chuhal, s. f. 1. Mention. 2. Cheer, jollity. چہل کرنا To carol, to make merry, &c.
- 8. f. Coat of mail. چہل متار or چہل ستوں n. prop. Name of Persepolis. چہل منار s. f. 1. Walk, ramble. 2. A custom, at the funerals of Musalmāns, of stepping back forty paces from the grave and again advancing to it before reading the service over.
- H. Les chhallā, s. m. A small ring of silver or gold worn on the fingers or toes: a ring of knotting or chainwork embracing the top of the huqqa snake where the mouth piece is inserted.
- jumping, a spring. چهلانگ مارنا To spring, to jump.
- علاوا علي chhalāwā, (نلوب) s. m. Ignis fatuus, will-o'-th'-wisp. To deceive.
- H. چہل پہل chahal-pahal, s. f. Jollity, merriment. Life, movement.
- make water slowly (as, mares, &c. in heat). Weak in the loins. Discharging semen quickly. Boyish.
- H. الجهارة chhillar, s. m. The husk of chanā. [s. f. Running over, overflow.
- er उचलत्) عہلک ethalak, (پہلک or उचलत्)
- ع. نالاچ chhalkānā. (trans. of نالاچ)
  v. a. To spill. To splash.
- e. نالی chhalaknā, (see چپلکنا v. n. To be spilt, to spill, to overflow.
- H. Lilley chhulaknā, v. a. To make water slowly (as, mares, &c. in heat).

- P. chihlum, adj. Fortieth, the fortieth day (of mourning. &c.).
- H. چهلنی chhalnī, l. adj. Battered. 2.
  - s. f. (चालनी winnowing). A sieve.
    A strainer. احيلني كرنا To batter.
- echhalori or chhilori or chhilori or chhilori or chhilori, s. f. A whitlow, a blister.
- H. Chamchhamānā, v. n. l. To shine, glitter. 2. To sound as heavy rain. To tinkle (as small bells, &c.).
- strained, to be percolated, to be sifted or cleansed. 2. s. A sieve, a cloth through which any thing is sifted.
- H. Jie chhināl, s. f. A harlot, a prostitute, drab, trull. A loose woman.
- H. النوي chināl-ā, s. m. Fornication, adultery. چهنالاکرنا To whore, commit adultery.
- thin. 2. To diminish. 3. To be extracted or separated. 4. (dakh.). To be washed (as clothes) by beating them out wet on a flat stone.
- الله الله chhantwānā, (caus. of الهاتانات) v. n. To cause to clean rice.
- H. Liuşiş chhanchhanānā, v. n. 1.

  To simmer. 2. To sound, chink, clang. 3. To smart, to pain.
- s. چهند chhand, (छंद:) s. m. Measure of verses; a measure (in music).
- H. تچندنا chhandnā, v. (dakh.) To vomit, spew: see انگنا sign. 2.
- now, to sift. 2. v. n. To go away offended. 3. (dakh.) To sprinkle.
- عهوتی chhingulī, s. f. چهوتی little, آنگلی finger). The little finger.
- a. ليلكني chhungliyā, s. f. The little finger.

- H. چهو chhū, l. s. (dakh. چهو کرنا Blowing on repeating a prayer, incantation. 2. interj. used to excite a dog upon his prey.
- H. ناچې د chhū'ānā, (causal of نچهوانا v. a. To cause to touch, &c.
- H. chhūt, s. f. l. Defilement. 2. Contamination, touch.
- H. وبوت chhot, s. f. l. (छाया) Impurity. 2. An evil influence on a sore eye.
- 1. Remission of revenue, reduction in the assessment, leaving. 2. Striking off hand or playing loose in fencing.

  3. Radiance or splendour of jewels, reflection of a mirror, &c. 4. Giving money off hand or at will to jugglers, &c. at entertainments. 5. Separation, divorce. Leisure ().
- عبوتا عبوتا. (য়ৢঽ) adj. Little, younger, junior, least, low, niggard, &c. جبوتا بتا adj. Varied, various, great and small, high and low.
- ed, be left, to remain, slip away, be discharged, to spout, to shoot forth.

  2. v. a. Ree U;
- H. چهو چهو د chhechho, s. f. l. A nurse:

  commonly applied to a dry nurse. 2.

  Bosom. چهو کونا To fondle.
- H. chhūchhī, l. adj. Contemptible, mean. 2. s. f. A narrow pipe, a tube. 3. A needle-case. 4. The ear without the grain.
- s. chiaur, (शीर) s. m. The shaving of the head or beard.
- H. chhor, s. m. (최국장) 1. Border. 2. Edge. 3. End. 4. A tow-boat. ¶ chhaur, 1. A large stack of

- jawār or bājrā, collected for fodder. 2. Walking a boundary with a raw cowskin on the head, under a solemn oath to decide correctly.
- الراكا); lad. (perhaps for الراكا); lad. (perhaps for چهوراً Boy and چهوراً چهوری \* چهوکرا Boy and girl. Children.
- emit or discharge (semen), forgive, forsake, leave, quit, desert, except, loose, free, omit, pardon, release, resign, discharge, lay aside, shoot, fire (a gun, &c.). spare, abandon, abdicate, abstain, breathe.
- н. پهوکرا chhokrā, s. m. (शावक)
  (أجهورا) A boy, a lad.
- H. چهوکری c'hokrī, s. f. A girl, a lass.
- H. مجول chhaul or chhūl, (dakh.)

  Gaiety, &c. See جهل sign. 2.
- H. 나, chhūnā, v. a. (평년) To touch, meddle with, to feel.
- H. خبونكنا c'haunknā, v. a. To senson, to fry with a seasoning of spices (ابگهارنا)
- H. جهوى chhū'ī, s. f. Chalk.
- ي. چې chha, (٦٤) adj. Six. چې سات Trick, cheat, juggle.
- H. I, La chhuharā, s. m. A date.
- ब. इक्सित क्षेत्र क्ष
- H. こまっ chhai, (網型 to destroy)

  s. f., Mortality, frailty, destruction.

  (第四刊刊) Consumption.

  (ごり じょう)・

- foh! [s. A little mouse.
- ال چوهى chuhiyā, (dimin. of چهيا)
- 9. جياستې chhiyāsaṭh, (पर्पष्टि) adj. Sixty-six. [Eighty-six.
- क چپیاسی chhiyasī, (षडशीति) adj.
- इ چہیالیس :chhiyālīs, (षट्चलारिं– शत्) adj. Forty-six.
- ह. इम्राह्म chhiyānawwe, (वणवति) adj. Ninety-siz.
- tion or spot on the skin. 2. Fishing-rod. 3. The act of a buffalo's pushing with his horn. 4. A leather strap for buckling on the saddle. 5. An inferior palm tree.
- cloths. 2. To push with the horn as a buffalo. 3. To draw up the rod in fishing.
- H. چهیپی chhīpī, s. m. A cloth-printer; one who stamps chintz, floor cloth, &c.
- s. تابی دhhetr, (AA) s. m. l. A field. A battle field, (کهیت) land, plantation. 2. A pure or sacred spot, a place of pilgrimage (as Benāres, &c.). 3. A geometrical figure. 4 (Math.) A plane surface. پهیترپهل s. m. The measurement (or superficial contents) of a field, of a triangle, or of other geometrical figure.

- skinny and rejected part of meat, a piece of flesh.
- श प्रार्क् chhed, (छिद्र, छिद् he cuts.)
  - s. m. A hole, an orifice. (سوراخ)٠
- ع. لنكيوت chhed-nā, (from छिद्र) v. a.
  To pierce, bore, perforate, penetrate.
- H. چهیزا) s. f. Irritating. irritation, vexing, &c. See the verb.

  s. f. 1. چهیز کهانی or چهیز چهاز s. f. 1.

  Stricture, animadversion. 2. The act of vexing, provoking, exciting, &c.
- trickle, spur, to joke with, make fun of, lease, to commence, excite, fret, trouble, disturb, molest, abuse, insult, aggress, to touch, handle, stir up, jog, interrupt. 2. To play on a musical instrument. Begin. Lance.
- म. نچیکنا chheknā, (छेदन cutting)
  - 1. To come between ( ) 2. To cross one's path; stop one on the road; hinder one's progress. 3. To cut out; draw the pen across; erase. 4. To cancel; annul; nullify. 5. To surpass; excel. ( )
- H. ليبي chhail, ਰਿਸ਼ ਬ. m. A fop, a H. ليبي chhailā, beau. (ਲਕਿਲ
  - from छिवि beauty) چهیل پی s. m,
    Spruceness. [he-gost
- H. Liga chhelā, s. m. (dakh.) A goat.
- H. Lingsing chhelchhabelā, adj. (dakh.) At ease, free to stay or go.
- ع. النابي chhilnā, (छिद्धि Skin) v. a.

  To peel, skin, excoriate, pare, bark (a tree, &c.), erase, scrape, scratch.

  النابي مهال حهال منابي كرنا حهال v. a. To pare, to peel, &c.
- H. چهیلی ehhelī, s. f. (छागल) (بکری) A she-goat.

- جهینا چهانی کرنا . To pull, tear, pluck, rob, snatch. چهینا چهانی کرنا . To scramble. چهینا چهانی کرنا . To scramble . پیری لینا . To snatch up, acquire, take possession of, deprive. [colour) s. f. Chintz.
- ह. द्यां chhint, (r. चिल Paint,
- عبنتا على chhīnṭā, s. m. 1. A splash;
  sprinkling. 2. A shower; light rain
  (یک جهینتا ہوگیا)

Dagh Says:-

کوئی چھینٹا پڑے تو داغ کلکتے چلے جائیں \* عظیم آباد میں ہم مُنتَظِر

ساوں کے بیڈھے ہیں 3. Scattering; sowing broad-cast. 4. A احند, کے اump of tobacco or opium. ... Stimulus; ex-; قو جهينتے اڙائے) citement (برهارا). 6. Chaff; joke; jesting. دو چهینتوں میں رو دیا 7. Deception; cheat; trick. کس کے e. Sowing) عبد اگئے) 8. Sowing an inferior crop between the lines of the chief crop. 9. Seed scattered at the extremities of a village with a view to secure possession. v. a. 1. To sprinkle; splash. 2. To sprinkle water over a person just recovered from small-pox. 3. To cheat; play a trick upon. 4. To pat on the shoulder; to cheer. s. m. Splashing one چهانتم چهانتا another.

- e. خبینتنا و chhīnṭnā, (r. चित्र Paint)
  v. a. To sprinkle. [Sneezing, sneeze.
  e. خبینک chhīnk, (छिका) s. f.
- network or loop of strings or cords to hang any thing on (as a burthen at either end of a yoke or pole, &c.), the cords of a bahangi. T An ox-muzzle.

- عبنانا ع chhinknā, (चिना sneezing.)
  v. n. To sneeze.
- e. چهیون chhe'o, (see چهیون) s. m. A mark, a piece of wood cut off. جهیو To line out, to mark.
- e. چهيونا په chhe'onā, (छेदन) v. a. l.

  To pierce or to bleed a tār ·(اتات) tree,

  to extract tārī (تاتى) 2. To mark.
- हार to cut چهیونی) s.f. 1. A chisel, punch, piercer. 2. A wedge.
- H. Liuz chepnā, v. a. To stick to-
- s. پيت chait, (चेत) s. m. The Hindā name of the twelfth month, the full moon of which is near चित्रा chitrā; March-April.
- s. تينا s. m. Memory, دينتا s. m. Memory, remembrance, thought, perception, consciousness, circumspection.
- a. ليے chītā (चित्रका) s. m. 1. A panther or small hunting leopard. 2. Name of a medicinal plant. 3. (चेतना) Wish. 4. Understanding, wisdom.
- e. چيتل chītal, (चित्रल) 1. adj. Spotted, variegated, speckled (colour). 2. s. m. The spotted deer of India.
- g. چينن chetnā, l. v. a. (चेतन r. चित Think, be sensible) To remember, think of, advise, reflect, be aware, perceive. 2. To recover the senses, to be roused; (dakh.) to be blown up (fire), be ignited.

g. نینی chītnā, l. (r. चित्र) v. a. To draw, to paint. 2. (चिंतन) To wish, to think or imagine. [A Rag.

ع. إليَّ chīthrā, s. m. (चीर cloth.)

e. chetak, 1. adj. Showy, miraculous. 2. (包含 to think.)
Care. 3. Readiness. 4. Divine inspiration.

T. چیچک chechak, s. f. The smallpox. (ماتا ـ سیتلا)٠

ह. چين دانه chikh, (चित्कार) s. f. A scream, shriek, yell. چين مارنا то screech, to cry. (scream.

g. List - chīkh-nā, v. n. To roar, to

P. چيده (چيدن) part. pass. Gathered, picked, select, culled.

8. چير chār, (국국) s. m. 1. Rent, strip. 2. Cloth, clothes, attire. 3.

(خيرنا) Tearing. 4. A sort of cloth for women: see عارى (longifolia).

H. \_\_\_ chīr, s. Name of a tree (Pinus

عبرا على cherā, s. m. See عبرا ع

s. ميرا chīrā, (चीरि to hurt or wound.)
s. m. 1. Incision, cut, wound. The opening of a wound. 2. Maidenhead.

8. Turban. الله چير على الله s. m. A physician, practitioner, so called from his chīrā (turban), without which he could not be admitted in the royal court. چيرا اتارن To deflour. چيرا اتارن) دلواري) دلواري)

ह. چیرن chīrnā, (چیر चीर) v. a. To rend, split, rip, cleave, saw, harrow.

P. خيره chira, adj. Powerful, daring, rude. [A slave-girl, a girl-servant.

ع. جيري cheri, (चेटी or चेडी) в. f. إ ديري chinā, (त्यवन) v. (dakh.)

P. چيز د chīz, s. f. Thing, commodity
s. f. Chattels, furniture,
goods. Ornaments, jewels.

P. چيستان chīstān, s. m. lit. What is that? An enigma, a riddle.

H. Chik, s. f. Mud, slime (dakh.) Thick milk. The turf or rushes on which the water pot of the dhenkli is made to rest when it is brought to the top of the well.

ness). 1. s. f. A mixture of oil and dust. 2. adj. Greasy or dusty (as, cloth). 3. Clayey soil.

H. chikar, s. f. Mud, slime.

ब. چیل جهپتا مارنا or کرنا عیل جهپتا مارنا pupil, disciple.

ब. المن chelā, (चेट or चेड) s. m. A

H. Lip chīlā, s. m. A thin cake of pulse-meal. Oppers.

H. באב chain, s. m. 1. Ease, (רולה)
relief, repose, tranquillity. 2. Denying a bet in gaming, imposture.

P. ここっ chin, (司 to collect.)
(ここっ) part. act. in comp. Gathering, picking. A wrinkle.

P. چین جایل برنا chin, s. f. 1. Fold, plait, wrinkle, crease. پی جایل برنا ۱. To actro frown. این ماننا ۱. To acquiesce or submit to blame or loss. 2. To cry out; squeal. 3. To be defeated, beaten (هارنا) 4. To acknowledge oneself beaten; to give in. 5. s. m. China (वीन).

g. النب chenā or chīnā or chainā,
(चीन) s. m. A small species of millet. [To leak. see نبات chīnā (स्यवन) v. (dakh.)

- u. چينتې chinți, s. f. Small ant.
- H. چينچ chenchi, s. f. A needle-case.
- الله دارگای chendki, s. f. (dakh.) The hair braided: see چوندا
- 2. Lina chīnnā, v. a. (dakh.) 1. To make a mound or bank of earth.
- H. چینی دhin-i, s. f. Sugar (بورا).

  (coarse; being, perhaps, so named from چینی China, whence it might have been first brought to India; as, sugar-candy is called مصری apparently from مصری Rgypt.)
- P. چینی chin-i, (चीनीय) adj. Belonging to, or produced in China.
- H. چيونتا chyūnṭā, s. m. Black ant.
- H. چیونتی chyūnṭī, s. f. The diminutive of چیونتا See also

## て

- Commonly called hā-i-muhmala or hā-i-huṭṭī, the sixth letter of the Arabic alphabet, does not occur in Persian, nor is there in Sanskrit any letter corresponding to it. It is one of the six guttural letters; its sound being an aspiration much stronger. and formed deeper in the throat than that of 3. In reckoning by abjad it stands for eight: and, in astronomical tables, it denotes the sign, Sagittarius.
- It is sometimes substituted for &; as, in which is for خیاک (ten vices; the proper name of that prince being بیورسپ or the lord of 10,000 horse: بیور in Dari signifying 10,000).
- is sometimes used for it; as نہاوند properly نوح آوند the name of a city built by Noah, and also the name of a mode in music.

- to sign, to confirm, to decide, to judge) part. act. used substantively, 1. A judge. 2. A black crow (probably, from decisions being formed by augury from that bird). 3. The proper name of a most liberal Arabian, surnamed
  - dh from his tribe طأئى whence 4. (met.) adj. Liberal, generous.
- ماجی hàjj, s. m. See حاج
- A porter, a door-keeper, a chamberlain; a minister of state. 2. A curtain, a skreen. 3. The eyebrow.
- A. ساجات hājat, (حاجات Heb. Moved round, frequented, stood in need of) s. f. l. Need, want, necessity, poverty.

  2. Hope, wish. 3. A call of nature.

  Producing what is wanted or desired. المادة الم
- A. حاجی hajī, (part. act. from ج he repaired to. Heb. He turned round, danced, celebrated a festival; peculiarly, performed the pilgrimage to Mecca) s. m. A pilgrim to Mecca; one who has performed the pilgrimage.

  A. pilgrim to both Mecca and Medina. (Plur. جاجی).
- new, existed for the first time) adj. New, quite new, just appearing. احالات هونا To appear, to happen.
- new). A novelty, accident, occurrence, event, calamity, misfortune.

- A. حادق ḥādiq, (from حادق) adj. Ingenious, skilful, industrious, adept.
- A. خذق Was acute, حذق Was acute, pricked, stimulated adj. Ingenious, skilful, excelling. [ardent.
- a. عاسل بَهُ الله envied.) 1. adj. Envious. 2. s. m. An enemy.
- excluded.) 1. adv. Besides. 2. or علما الله interj. God forbid, by no means. حاشالک and عاشاک الله Far be it from thee.
- A. مشح بُقَهُ بُهُ الْمَالِي اللهُ اللهُ

God preserve thee from it.

Thyme.

- A. محول hāṇil, (part. act. of المحصل was extracted.) s. m. 1. Produce, product, realt, inference. 2. Acquiring. 3. Profit. 4. Corn. 5. A tax, duty, custom, revenue. مال كان The produce of multiplication. المال كرنا 1. To acquire, obtain عاتها ( हिंदि) 3. To produce. 4. To collect. 5. To learn. حاصل كلام In short, briefly. احاصل هونا حاصل هونا حاصل هونا المالت To be acquired, accrue. (Plur.
- مفور معنات بقيرة, (part. act. of حفور or was present.) adj. Present, ready, prepared, at hand, willing, content; the second person (in grammar). حاضر باش (be ready) adj. Content,

- ing or imprisoning demons, قدر raising the devil.
- ماضرین به ḥāṣir-īn, plar. (of حاضریب)
  People present.
- s. m. 1. A guardian, governor, preserver. 2. Having a good memory.
  3. One who has the whole Qur'an by heart. 4. The poetical name of a celebrated poet of Persia (Muhammad Shamsuddin).
- he restrained him.) s. m. A ruler, a governor, a judge, a commander, chief magistrate, master. (Plur. حكام) [judicial, judicially.
- A. P. zilla hākim-āna, adj. or adv.
- A. Jahal, (Jacondition. Heb. Turned, passed, changed) s. m. 1. State, condition, case. 2. Business, matter, circumstance. 3. Present time, the present. 4. Ecstacy. 5. (used in revenue accounts to represent). The existing state of collections (Plur. Jacobs). Jacobs thrown into ecstacies.

adv. Whereas, now that, since, though, yet, however, even, although, notwithstanding. عال عدال عدال عدال عدال بي عدال بي حال بي حال عدال بي حال عدال وقال To be altered from good to bad, to be disordered.

- present. An instalment of revenue (Dehlī). [States, conditions.
- A. حالت ḥālāt, s. f. plur. (of حالت)
- of one's affairs. 2. Case. 3. Circumstances. 4. Nature. 5. Constitution. 6. Strength. (Plur.
- A. الحالي hāl-ī, adj. 1. Modern, new. 2.
  adv. Present, now, soon. 8. Current (coin). 4. The government assessment (Dehlī). [of Noah.
- A. مُمْ بُهُ بُهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ
- a. عامد hāmid, (part. act. of محامد s. m. A praiser (peculiarly, of God).
- bore. Heb.) 1. s. m. A carrier, porter, bearer. 2. adj. 1. Pregnant (a woman).

  A commentary rehearing, or annexed to, the text.
- A. مامله بقسناه, (الحاملة هونا carrying.) adj. f. Pregnant. حاملة هونا To conceive, to be pregnant.

- I will then consent to endure her capricious airs, when by soft persuasion I have fortified my heart for perseverance.
- he drew it together.) part. act. 1. Comprehending, collecting; collector. 2. Getting the upper hand.
- A. عانط hā'it, s. A wall.
- vening.) Restraining, hindering; (used substantively) s. m. Hinderance. shelter, defence, protection.
- A. hubb, (— was beloved.)

  Heb. s. f. 1. Love, affection, friendship.

  2. Means, resources, power.

  Love of one's country, patriotism.

- habbasi, interj. Excellent! bravo! How charming!
- habs, (سبع he confined it.)

  (Heb.) s. m. 1. Retention, imprisonment. 2. Prison. 3. A prisoner. 4. A bank, mound, dam. 5. A tank, pond, reservoir. منس البول s. m. A retention of urine, a strangury.

- (which some faqirs do as a religious act for a very long time. This is esteemed a means of prolonging life, on the principle, that every man has a predestined number of inspirations to make, and the more slowly these are performed, the longer will be the period of his existence). 2. An asthma.
- A. شبت habash, ) n. prop. (شبت habashat, ) black.) The people or race of Abyssinians.
- A. حبشی habash-ī, (belonging to adj. Abyssinian, or Ethiopian, a Caffre, a negro.
- مبل مبل اله. A. مبل اله. abl, (Heb.) s. m. 1. Rope, cord. 2. A league, alliance, compact.

  آمرید Jugular vein.
- grain, one seed. 2. A particle, a part, a jot, tittle. 3. A measure equal to two barley-corns. 4. A pill.
- substantively), Beloved, a lover, a sweet-heart, a friend, a mistress.
- A. المقدور Conj. Until, up to, as far as, so that, in such a manner, and thus. حتّی المقدور or امکان or وسع Power, or وسع Means) adv. To the best of one's ability, to one's utmost.
- s. m. l. Act. of moving round, or going to a place. 2. Pilgrimage to Mecca. 3 To visit the pilgrim shrine.
- A. بابک به hijāb, (بیرک veiled) s. m.
  1. Modesty, bashfulness, shame, concealment.
  2. A veil, a curtain. (پرکه)

- Night. جاب کرنا
   hide, conceal.
   To shame.
- A. خارة أنامة, (خارة المحدود المحدود
- A. جام جام به hajjūm, (adj. superl. from جرم جامت cupped) s. m. A cupper, scarifier, barber, phlebotomist.
- ped, &c.) s. f. Cupping, scarifying, shaving. Plunder, robbery.
- 1. An argument, proof, reason. 2.

  Altercation, disputation.
- hujjat-ī, adj. used substantively. l. A sound reasoner. 2. A disputatious person, a sophist, wrangler.
- hajar, s. m. (جر hindered.) A stone جر الاسول s. m. The black stone in جر الاسول the temple of Mecca. جراليهود

  s. m. A calcareous stone used in medicine, jews-stone, resembling an olive or acorn, found in Palestine.
- A. کج hujra, (ججر) s. m. A cell, a closet, a chamber, a private room.
- partridge. 2. The ornamented chamber where the bride sits, the curtain which hangs before her, the marriage-bed.

- hajm, s. f. Thickness, bigness.
- A. مد به hadd, s. f. (الله was conterminous with.) 1. Boundary, limit, extremity, extent. 2. An impediment. 3. A definition. 4. A starting-post. 5. Punishment agreeable to the laws of Muhammad, which fix the exact number of lashes, &c. to be inflicted for certain crimes. Also, same as حد سے زیادہ or از حد Beyond bounds, extremely. Lo To bound, terminate. حد كرنا To push any thing to extremity, to go beyond bounds. حد مارنا To punish.
- blacksmith.
- A. P. حد بندى had-band-i, s. f. The settling and demarcation of boundaries.
- A. شکت hiddat, s. f. 1. The edge of a sword. 2. Keenness, acuteness, acrimony, passion, vehemence, impetuosity, poignancy, virulence.
- ملات hadas or hads, (Hob.) s. m. 1. Any thing existing for the first time, recently happening, novelty, contingency, event, accident. 2. An accidental cause of impurity, according to Musalman traditions, whereby it becomes unlawful to commence or finish a prayer without ablution.
- A. مدوث إسdūs, s. m. Novelty, the being new or recent, invention.
- A. المارة بالمارة بالمارة بالمارة المارة ال boundaries.) 1. Boundaries, definitions. 2. Penal laws.
- مديث hadis, (شاع narrated.) s. m. f. 1. A history, a tradition. 2. The traditional sayings and doings of Muhammad, having for the most part the force of law; the Talmud of the Mohamedans.
- A. مدلك إلى Meb. Wassharp or it sharpened) s. m.
- مديقة hadiqa, s. m. A garden.
- dence. 2. Fear.

- Taking away, ejecting, cutting off a letter or syllable of a word, apocope.
- A. , hurr, (Heb. and Chald). adj. Free, (not a slave) well-born genteelly born. ¶ harr, s. Heat, ardour.
- مرارت به harārat, (حرارت being hot. Heb.) s. f. Heat, burning fever, ardour, passion (جوش) fervour, fieriness; zeal. حرارت دينى s. f.

s. f. حرارت غریزی Fanaticism. Natural heat of the body.

- A. جراست hirāsat, (حراست guarding.) s. f. Care, guarding, escort.
- harrāf, adj. (superl. from احرفت) 1. Ingenious, clever. Pleasant, facetious.
- A. جرام was unlawful. Heb.) adj. Unlawful, prohibited, sacred, wrong. حرام خور or حرام s. m. One who lives on the wages of iniquity. حرامزادگی s. f. Wickedness, rascality, illegitimacy. adj. 1. Illegitimate, bastard. 2. s. m. A wicked rogue, rascal. حرام کاری s. f. Forbidden acts (particularly, adultery and fornication). حرام کهانا To receive the wages of iniquity. حرام مغز Spinal marrow, spinal cord.
- haram-i, s. m. A robber, assassin, doer of what is forbidden or unlawful, wicked, atrocious, rascal, cheat. adj. (dakh.) Illegal. حرامي يلًا Bastard.

  A. جرب harb, (Heb.) s. f.

A. بے hirbā, s. m. A chameleon.

A. خربت harba, (حربت made war, plundered.) s. m. Arms, warlike apparatus. ¶ (dakh.) A place of deposit for arms, &c. حربتا كرنا To attack, to thrust (at).

A. حربی harb-i, adj. Warlike, relating to war, hostile. s. A warrior.

harg, (Heb.) s. m. Ploughing, sowing; a plough-share.

let, a charm. 2. A fortification, an asylum, a place of refuge.

مراست hirs, s. m. Same as حراست

a. birs, (حرص hankered after.)
b. f. l. Desiring eagerly, avarioe, ambition.
2. The love of imitation.

harf, s. m. 1. A letter of the alphabet. 2. A particle (in grammar). 3. Inverting, changing, turning (as, a coat). 4. A crooked pen. 5. Writing diagonally. 6. A margin, side. 7. A word. 8. The summit of a mountain. 9. (in Hind.) Blame, censure, reproach. (Plur. The letters of the alphabet, an alphabet. Being just able to read, knowing the letters. ii حرف انا (Heb. Infamy). The approach of infamy, to be incurred infamy. کرف پکڙنا حرف تردید . To censure, to criticise Disjunctive conjunction. The adverb of similitude. The definite article. حرف تنكير The indefinite article. حرف زدن s. The talking.

A. حرفاً حرفاً ما harfan harfan, adv. Letter by letter, literally, syllable by syllable.

Deceit, wickedness, see

A. شرکت harakāt, s. plur. of حرکت harakat, s. f. 1. Motion, gesture, action (usually improper). 2. Prevention. 3. A short vowel عرکت کرنا To move, to do or to commit an improper action.

bidden.) (Heb.) Sacred, forbidden.

2. s. m. The temple of Mecca (or, the court of the temple), a sanctuary.

3 s. f. A concubine. A female slave who becomes a mistress. 4. A daughter, women's apartments, a seraglio, a harem. [pulse, disappointment.

A. حرمان ه. m. Re-

hurmat, (حرمت being inviolable.). s. f. l. Dignity, character. (آبرو) 2. Chastity, honour. 3. Reverence, esteem.

- مرير ه. harīr, (حر) s. m. Silk-cloth.
- A. غريره harira, (حر) s. m. A kind of
  - -pap of milk and flour; caudle (sūjī, sugar, milk and water, aniseed and cardamoms boiled to a thin consistence).
- بری بری به harīr-ī, l. adj. Of silk cloth.
  2. s. f. A very thin kind of paper.
- مریص به haris, (حرص) adj. Covetous, voracious. An imitator.
- الحريف harif, (حرف) 1. adj.

  Clever, cunning. 2. Pleasant, facetious. 3. s. m. A rival, an enemy. 4.

  An associate, a partner, a friend.
- s. m. l. A sacred place, a sanctuary. 2. The enclosure of the temple of Mecca. 3. A house or dwelling.
- (a load). The being resolved (upon a thing) and persevering (in it), firm resolution, vigilance, industry.
- A. أحزن أسعة, s. m. Grief, sadness. (plar. احزان). [grieved.
- مزين مه hasin, (حزين) adj. Sad,

- s. m. Accounts. کتاب To take an account. لینا s. m. An accountant.
- A. مساس hassās, adj. (superl. from ) 1. Possessed of the five senses. 2. (used substantively) m. An animal. [sword.
- A. مسان hussān or hassān, adj. Very good, most beautiful.
- estimated) s. m. l. Pedigree, nobility.

  2. Number, computation. 3. Quantity, measure, proportion, value.

  4. Way, mode, manner.

  5. Religion.

  2. Number, computation.

  4. Way, measure, proportion, value.

  4. Way, mode, manner.

  5. Religion.
- A. براهم المعمل المعمل
- A. مسک ḥasad, s. f. m. (عسک envied)
  Envy, malice, emulation, ambition.
- stripped. Heb. Defect, want, privation) s. f. Regret, grief, desire.

  adj. Overwhelmed

with grief. خسرت زلاه adj. Wobegone, afflicted. Keep.

- A. جسی ḥasan, (حسن was beautiful.)

  1. adj. Good, beautiful. 2. A proper name, a son of علی Ali.
- A. نسے بُنیم, s. m. (سے was beautiful). Beauty, elegance, goodness.

  A good disposition.

  A good opinion, a favourable judgment.
- Envious, malignant. ¶ husūd, s. Envying, envy. [ful. Handsome.
- A. حسیس ḥasīn, (حسب) adj. Beauti-
- A. مسيى husain, (dim. of حسير)
  adj. 1. Good, beautiful. 2. A proper name, the younger son of
- A. بشاش بهاش بهاش hashshāsh-bashshāsh, adj. Joyful. Hilarious,
- A. Amma hushāsha, ( ) s. m. The remains of life, last breathings of a dying man.

together.) (Heb.) s. f. l. A meeting, congregation, concourse. 2. The resurrection. يوم أحمش Day of resurrection. 3. Mourning. 4. Yell.

- A. حشرات به asharāt, s. plur. (of احشرة)

  1. The buzzing noise of a crowd, uproar, tumult. 2. Reptiles, insects, animal-cules. الأرض Reptiles, insects.
- A. خشفه hashafa, s. m. Glans penis.

- regarded with awe.) 1. State, dignity. 2. Equipage, retinue.
- Stuffing a pillow, cushion, bed, &c. also, whatever it may be stuffed with.

  2. People of the meanest condition. 3. Small camels. 3. Trash.
- مصار ۸. مصلی s. m. An enclosure, a fence, besieging, a fortification, fort, fortress, bulwark.
- haṣr, (Heb.) s. m. 1. A siege, blockade. 2. Reckoning, counting, number. 3. Dependence.
- ۸. مصعه hisas, s. plur. (of مصعه)
  Shares, lots, portions.
- a thing is protected) s. m. A castle,
  - a fortification. 2. The title of a book of Musalman traditions.
- A. مصول به به المعالية المعال

- A. حصين ḥaṣīn, (حصى) adj. Fortified, strong.
- A. ماضر huṣṣār, s. plur. (of حاضر)

  The present, the people present, attendants. Audience.
- haṣar, s. m. A fixed residence, bome, resting, remaining in a place, presence.
- A. Livnity 3 Majesty highness &c.
  - 2. Dignity. 3. Majesty, highness, &c. (a title addressed to the great: and, when used respectfully instead of a pronoun or name, the gender of the person to whom it has reference is

م و ، حضرت ظل سبحانی His majesty, the shadow of God, the king. حضرت عيسيل Jesus Christ, (Plu. صفرات) 4. Mohammed.

- ه. مضر) s. m. حضور ۱۸ حضور sence, attendance, court, government. The presence, the royal presence, the person of the prince.
- huṣūr-ī, s. m. tendant, courtier. s. f. Presence. adj. Of the court, royal, divine.
- مفيض مه بنوتج, (حض) 1. adj. I.ow. 2. s. f. The lower extremity or surface of any thing. 3. The foot of a mountain. 4. (in astronomy) The lower apsis in an eccentric orbit, (opposed to 7).
- A. Laba hatab, s. f. Firewood.
- A dabo hutama, s. m. Intense fire; first of the seven hells.
- A. Es hagg, s. m. (Es was fortunate.) 1. Pleasure, delight, enjoyment. 3. Good fortune, Flavour, taste. حظ نفسانی (حظوظ Plur.) حظ نفسانی Sensual pleasures.
- Memory. 2. Custody, preservation, care, guardianship, protection.
- A. bas hifs, s. m. 1. Memory. By heart. 2. Custody, guardianship, keeping. حفظ مراتب Observing etiquette, attention to the rank, &c. of persons addressed.
- A. () haft, 8. m. An assembly, council, congregation.
- A. حق haqq, (خق was right.) (Heb. To describe, engrave, decree) 1. adj. Just, right, true. (تهيك 2. s. m. The deity. 3. The truth. 4. Justice, rectitude. 5. Right, due, just claim, lot, portion, share, proprietorship. 6.

Equity. (Plur. حقوق Rights, duties, laws, just claims). حق ادا كرنا To render every one his due. حق السعى The wages of labour, recomi~ 5% حق الله pense for trouble. The rights of God, punishment inflicted حق الناس for religious offences. The rights of man, punishment of crimes against society. حق بينى عدق يسند . Seeing the truth. حدق يسند Approving what is right, equitable, honest. حق تعالى God who is the most high, the Almighty. Destruction of right, perversion تلفي of justice. حق جو adj. Seeking truth. حقدار Rightful, owner, proprietor. حق شناس adj. 1. Knowing and performing one's duty, rendering to every one his due. 2. Grateful. عق شفاسی s. f. Knowledge of what is right or of God, gratitude. حق .s. f. Truth-speaking حقگوئي with respect to, as for, as to, in behalf, for. حق نا حق Right or wrong. Unjustly. God. A. Las haqqa, adv. Really, truly, by

- هه حقر) haqārat, حقارت ۸۰ مارت temptible.) s. f. Contempt, scorn, disgrace.
- م جقانی .ه haqqānī, adj. Of the deity,
- (حقيقت ḥaqā'jq, s. (plur. of حقائق) Truths, &c.
- A. هنقے  $huqn\bar{a}$ , (قص) 8. m. syringe, a squirt, a clyster-pipe, a clyster. An injection.
- مقوق الم بيرية بيرية بيرية بيرية بيرية بيرية الم Rights, dues, just claims, laws.

- A. Les hugga, s. m. A casket or little box, a sort of rocket used in war, the pipe and its apparatus, by which tobacco is smoked through water. The حقه بردار .A juggler حقه باز servant who prepares the hugga.
- مقير معارت haqīr, (from حقير مها. 1. Contemptible. 2. Thin, lean. 3. Vile. To contemn, to despise.
- A. تقيقت به haqīqat, (قيم) s. f. Truth, rightness, sincerity, reality, fact. 2. Account, narration, relation, story, state, condition, explanation.
- ۸. اتقیق haqiqat-an, adv. Really, truly, in reality.
- A. مقيقى به ḥaqīq-ī, adj. Real, true. certain, accurate, just, actual, own. حقیقی بهائی A full brother.
- A. Lakk, s. m. Scratching out.
- A. علات بakkāk, (adj. superl. of ما حلات با hakk-ī, (حک) s. m. s. m. A cutter and polisher of precious stones.
- Governors, rulers, commanders, judges, magistrates.
- م حایات hikāyāt, s. plur. of حکایات.
- مکی or حکو hikāyat, (حکیت معایت To narrate, Heb. The palate; speech) s. f. A history, romance, story.
- hukm, s. m. Order, command, decree, sentence, authority, jurisdiction, precept, effect, influence, efficiency, permission, a warrant, a call, demand, requisition, article (of faith, حکم انداز ۱۰(احکام Hitting the mark aimed at, obedient to حکم) حکم ران directions. the part. act. of راندن To drive) Ruling, exercising sovereignty. s. f. Sway, sovereignty.

- مکم hakam, s. m. (حکم commanded.) 1. An umpire, a mediator, an arbitrator. 2. (Heb.) Knowledge, wisdom, &c.
- A. مكيم ḥukamā, s. plur. (of حكيم) Philosophers, sages, physicians.
- A. مكمت ḥikmat, B. f. (حكم knowledge) 1. Wisdom, knowledge. 2. Skill, cleverness, contrivance. 3. Philosophy, mystery, miracle.
- A. مكمتى hikmat-ī, adj. Clever, artful, of wisdom, philosophical.
- A. P. حگمی ḥukm-ī, adj. Obedient to directions. (Generally, applied to medicine unfailing).
- مکم) ḥukūmat, حکومت unfailing order.) s. f. Dominion, sovereignty, government, authority. To govern, to rule. حکومت کرنا
- erasing-knife.
- A. حکمت hakīm, (حکمت science.) adj. used substantively. A sage, a philosopher, a physician.
- A. P. مكيمانه ḥakīm-āna, adj. Physician-like, philosophical.
- A. P. ميم hakim-i, B. f. The practice of medicine.
- A. مل به hall, (Heb.) s. m. (محل he untied it). Solution, loosing. حل كرنا To loosen, solve, dissolve, discuss, dilute. حل هونا To be solved.
- ملج به hallāj, (حلج) s. m. ber, a carder of cotton.
- A. علال halūl, (محلل being lawful.) (opposed to حرام). adj. 1. Legal, allowable, lawful, lawful to eat, right. 2. (A woman) laying aside mourn-

ing for the death of her husband, at the expiration of 100 days (during which time she is not by law allowed to marry).

A person of the lowest caste, generally a sweeper, or employed in the meanest and dirtiest occupations (so called, because he well and lawfully earns his food.

Light 1. To make lawful; to slay according to the forms prescribed by the Muhammadan law.

2. To murder. 3. To marry.

- again with her first divorcer after she had been divorced by her second husband.
- to polish; and, thence, to be smooth or sweet. Ch.) s. f. Sweetness.
- A. جلبه hulba, s. The plant fenugreek.

  (In Hindi میتهی)
- A. حلبى ḥalab-ī, adj. From, or be-longing to Aleppo.
- ۸. حلتیت hiltit, s. Assafætida.
- A. حلف half, s. (حلف he swore.)
  An oath. Swearing by what is sacred.
- halq, s. m. The windpipe, the throat.
- - he drew a circle.) l. A ring, circle, hoop, link; an assembly, a fraternity; a village circuit, a boundary line, which comprises the lands and dwellings of a mauza. 2. A kind of firework. 3. A knocker (of a door). 4. The collar (of harness). حلقه بيوس A slave, a servant: i. e. One who wears a ring in his ear, as a badge of servitude.
  - was mild and longsuffering, forbearance. Heb. To be fat, healthy, restraint of temper,

exercise of patience. s. m. Gentleness (برداشت) gravity, wisdom.

- A. ملم hulm, (ملم He dreamt.) A dream.
- A. أحلو being sweet.) s. m. A kind of sweetmeat made of flour, ghī, and sugar. (Or, sūjī, ghī, sirup, khoprā, and spices.). Sweetmeats of all sorts; an electuary.
- A. ملوان به hulwān, s. m. A kid, a lamb.
- A. Julul, s. m. 1. Descent. 2. Stopping or sojourning. 3. Entering or penetrating. 4. Transmigration.
- A. La hulla, s. m. A robe, a garment.
- A. حلى huli, (الله Heb. To polish) s.f. Jewels, female ornaments.
- humane, affable, unassuming. 2. Kind of food dressed in the Muharram. ¶ (dakh.) Linseed.
- himūr, (Heb. from 7 To be hot, to be red: because asses in the east are of this colour. Vide Ezech. XXIII. 20.) s. m. An ass.
- م. پاقت به hamāqat, (ت was foolish) s. f. Folly, stupidity.
- a. Je hammāl, adj. (superl. from Je)
  used substantively, A porter, a carrier
  of burdens.
- A. 2 hammāla, s. f. A female carrier of burdens.
- became hot. Heb. To become warm)
  s. m. A hot bath, bagnio. A Turkish
  bath. ¶ hamām, s. A pigeon.
- a bath or an attendant at a bath.

- A. جایت himāyat, (حایت s. f. Protection, defence, guardianship, patronage, countenance. حایت کرنا To defend, vindicate. To befriend onc.
- A. P. himāyat-ī, s. m. f. Protector, assistant, colleague.
- A. word-belt hung from the shoulders.

  2. A necklace of flowers.

  3. A small Qur'an suspended to the neck as an amulet. [To praise or bless (God).
- مد کرنا .pamd, s. f. Praise کرنا
- A. J. humr, adj. Red. (Heb.).
- A. j. humq or humuq, s. m. Foolishness, inadvertency. [Fools.
- A. التي humaqā, B. plur. (of عقا).
- load. کل کو To load, to impute, to accuse, to ascribe. 2. The fruit (of the womb), pregnancy. 3. Fruit (of any kind). ¶ hamal, Aries, the first sign of the Zodiac. A ram. A large lamb.
- A. جای به hummā, s. A fever. جای A quartan ague.
- A. پیت hamīyat, (اح) s. f. Ardour, zeal, a nice sense of honour.
- A. U. hinnā, hina, s. f. The tree with which the Indians stain their hands

- and feet. (Lawsonia inermis). The Indian myrtle, henna (مهيندى)
- A. P. خنائی ḥinnā-ā, adj. Of the colour of ḥinnā, stained with ḥinnā.
- A. 8, s. m. The throat.
- A. كنظل hangal, s. Colocynth, or bitter purging apple.
- A. \(\frac{1}{2} \sim \text{hawwa}, \) (Heb. from \(\sim \sim \) Heb.

  To live; "because she was the mother of all living," Gen. iii. 20.) n. prop. Eve, the mother of mankind.
- A. P. جوالاتات ḥawādiṣ-āt, s. plur. of plur. Occurrences, misfortunes.
- having a white skin. Heb. and Ch.) s. m. l. Having a white skin. 2. A washerman, a fuller. 3. A friend, companion. 4. An apostle, disciple or apostle (of Jesus Christ), a friend associate, companion (of Muhammad. Plur.
- A. جواس جواس ما باخته from حاسة The senses. عاسة adj. Ont of one's senses, beside one's self, crazy. The five senses.
- م. حواشی به a w ū s h ī, s. plur. of Skirts, margins, borders.
- مواصل على ما المستقادة ال
- A. حوالات ḥawālāt, (الحال Heb.) s. f. Things given in charge, trusts; custody. A lock up.
- and حواله) s. m. A military officer of inferior rank.

- A. ماله به المعنواء, s. m. Charge, custody, care, possession. Reference, allusion. حواله كرنا To give in charge or possession, to commit, consign, in trust, deliver. حواله دينا To make a reference, to cite, quote an authority.
- A. عوالى hawali, s. f. Environs. out, skirts, suburbs.
- A. عرت أبقار, s. f. 1. A large fish.
  2. The sign Pisces. A whale.
- A. احرى hūr, (from حورى Heb.

  A. عرى hūri, and Ch. To be white, to see, to have intensely white and black eyes) s. f. A virgin of paradise, a black-eyed nymph.
- A. Sjor hauza, (Heb. from jor Heb. To collect, to accumulate) s. m. A tract, side, part, middle.
- s. m. 1. The stomach, maw, crop, craw. 2. (met.) Capacity, ambition, ability, courage, boldness, pluck, spirit, desire, resolution. s. f. Capacity.
- a. حوض المدين ا
- haul, (Heb.) 1. Changing, returning. 2. Passing by or over. 3. Detaining. 4. Power, strength. 5. Deceit. 6. A year. ¶ hawal, adj. Squinting, blind of an eye.
- A. Louse built of bricks or stone, dwelling, the districts attached to, and in the vicinity of, the capital of a province.
- A. ي hayā,(حيا having shame.) s. f.

  Modesty, shame. عيادار adj. Modest.

- A. حيات hayāt, (حيات living,) s. f.

  Life. المائة New life, regeneration (used to express recovery from severe illness, the pleasure derived from meeting with a friend, &c).
- A. Ubiquity, universality. 2. Capacity, ability, merit. 3. Conditional proposition. Appearance; nature.
- ميدر م. haidar, s. m. 1. A lion. 2. A name of Ali, son-in-law of Muhammad. عيدرى s. One of the sect of Ali.
- A. P. حيرانى hairān-ī, s. f. Astonishment, confusion or distraction (of mind), distress. Difficulty.
- A. حير hairat, s. f. (حير) Stupor and perturbation of mind, astonishment. عيرت أفزا Astonishing.

  Struck with astonishment, thunderstruck, aghast, amazed.
- A. جيز haiyiz, (حاز) s. m. 1. A place, part, a tract of ground. 2. A courtyard, an area.
- A. حيص بيص hais bais, (حيص بيص To escape, to retreat, and بيص Adversity, confusion) s. f. Perplexity, hesitation, suspense, a perplexed business, dilemma. Argumentation. (حكمة)
- مر من المنافع به به به المنافع المناف
- A. ميك المارة, s. m. A court, a place, an enclosure.
- a. حيف بaif, 1. interj. Ah! alas! 2. s. m. Iniquity, oppression, a pity.

- A. حيله hiyal, s. plur. (of حيله).
  Frauds, tricks. Disguise (بهانه)
- A. عيله الله المراه المورد الله became altered.)

  (Heb) s. m. Stratagem, deceit, pretence, trick. المحيلة بان adj. Artful, insidious, wily, deceitful. حيلة ساز Preparing deceit, deceitful. عيلة وحوالة كرنا s. f. Preparation of deceit, artifice. حيلة وحوالة كرنا To use deceit and trickery.
- A. حین بقه, s. m. Time, interval of time. حین حیات s. f. Lifetime.
- A. جيوان hayawān, haiwān, حيوان على hayawān, haiwān, (حيوانات An animal, a beast. A fool an idiot. (Plur. حيوانات)٠
- ۸. عيرت hayāt, s. Life: see عيرت

さ

the seventh letter of the Arabic alphabet, is a guttural letter, uttered by compression of the top of the throat near the mouth. It has no corresponding sound in the English language, but is expressed by the Scottish pronunciation of gh in the word right. It seems to have the power of the Greek  $\chi$ . In numeration by the letters of the Arabic alphabet, it stands for 600. And in astronomy, it denotes the planet Mars.

Its permutations are 1. into ف as ستيخ for ستيخ A spear, straight, high.

خات A tree fit for firewood

2. into as خاك for خاك An egg. 3. into as حسك for خسك as مسكن acaltrop thrown in the road to prevent

an enemy's approach. It is substituted 1. for 8 as جير for Meridian, manner, bitter plants re-2 jected by cattle. for 5 88 جونے ; A flint چخمانے for جوق A multitude. In the conjugation of Persian verbs, - of the preterite is changed in the aorist l. into پزد as پزد from چند 2. into . ه . شناخت from شناسد as س •فروخت from فروشد هه ش into In derivation  $\stackrel{\cdot \cdot}{\smile}$  appears to be sometimes put for  $\rightleftharpoons$  i thus, bow may be deduced from Bending.

- P. خائیدن <u>kh</u>ā, part. act. (of خائیدن)
  in compos. Chewing, eating.
- A. خاتم الفرسلين Heb. To seal, to close, to finish) s. f. l. A ring worn on the fingers. 2. A seal. 8. Finish, end. خاتم المرسلين The seal of the prophets, i. e., Muhammad.
- stamped, ختم <u>khātima</u>, (عن stamped, sealed.) part. Sealing, concluding, final. s. m. Conclusion, (آخر) epilogue, finis, end. Death.
- P. خاتون <u>khātūn</u>, s. f. A lady, a matron. Madam. خاتون جنت Queen of heaven (a title given to Fātima daughter of Muhammad).
- من خلومت <u>khādim</u>, part. act. (خلوم خلام or خلام he served him.) used substantively, A servant. خادم الطلبا A public teacher, a professor (of a

college). خادم درگاه A servant who takes care of a tomb, mosque, &c.
(Pers. plur. خادمان)

- A. هنانم <u>khādima</u>, s. f. (of خالرم)
  A female servant.
- P. اخارة المفتر, s. m. 1. A thorn, spine.

  2. A spur, a cock's spur. 3. Hair, beard, whiskers. خاربندی s. f.

  A fence or temporary defence made of thorns, &c. خاربشت s. m. A porcupine, a hedge-hog.

  Troublesome, barbed, thorny.

  خارستان s. m. Place of thorns, thistles, &c. خارستان A woodcutter.
- P. اخارا <u>khārā</u>, s. 1. A hard stone. 2.

  A kind of undulated silk-cloth. خارا Stone-splitting.
- A. خرج فلامة فلام
- of Muhammadans, who do not reckon Alī among the legal successors of the prophet. They are the mortal enemies of the Rāfiṣīs or Shī'as, who reject Abūbakr, Ūmr and Ūsmān; while the Sunnīs consider the four as legal successors, &c. Yet the Shī'as, also, call the Sunnīs, khārijī. 2. adj. One without, an outcast or one excluded.
- P. خارز An egg) s. (dakh.) A dish prepared of eggs, &c.
- الفاريدن) s. f. The itch (کجلی) the scab, the mange.

- P. خارشت khārisht, s. f. The itch, the scab. [s. m. Treasurer.
- A. خازن <u>kh</u>āzin, (part. act. of خازن).
- P. خاستن <u>kh</u>āsta, (خاستن) part. pass. (in compos.) Risen, got up.
- P. <u>khāshāk</u>, s. m. Sweepings, chips, shavings, rubbish, trash.
- A. خاص غمل particularized, appropriated. Heb. To cut, to divide, to appropriate) adj. 1. Excellent, noble, pure. 2. Particular, private, special, particular, what is kept for the king's (or the master's) private use, His Majesty's, own, proper, peculiar, select, single, gentle. 3. adv. Especially, peculiarly. خاص بردار s. m. A servant who, in a great man's retinue خاص خواص carries a firelock. A royal female servant. خاصدان A kind of canteen to carry water-vessels in. حاص محل s. m. Private apartment, the apartments of married women (in opposition to khurd. mahall); (met.) First married wife Noble and plebeian, خاص وعام high and low.
- A. مَامَة khāṣṣat or مَامَة khāṣṣatan, or الله khāṣṣatā, adv. Especially, peculiarly.
- A. Ladj. Excellent, good, charming, delightful. 2. s. m. Dinner (of great men). 3. A kind of cloth (fine muslin). 4. A confidential servant. 5. The king's property, &c. 6. Stable.
- A. فاصيت <u>khāṣṣiyat</u>, s. f. Quality, innate property, peculiarity, attribute, natural disposition. (بان)
- خاطر الخطر) s. f. (dakh. s.m.)

  The heart, soul, mind, inclination memory, propensity, account, sake, behalf, will, choice. Regard. خاطر آزرده adj. Melancholy.

Distressed, dispirited, agitated. adj. Troubled in mind ا خاطر جمع 1. adj. Collected, comforted, contented, confident, tranquil, at ease. 2. s. f. Satisfaction, collectedness or peace of mind, assurance. ه خاطر جمعی B. f. Comfort, composure, ease of mind. خاطر خواه Agreeable to one's wishes, satisfactory. عاطر داری s. f. Encouragement, satisfaction. خاطر رکهنا 1. To con. ciliate, encourage, comfort, quiet. 2. To fix the mind or intention. خاطر ارگر 1. To fondle. 2. To be desirous of pleasing, to study the interest (of any one). 3. To encourage, To re-خاطر میں رکھنا . To remember. خاطر میں گذرنا To come into the mind or head (an idea). To regard, mind, care خاطر مین لانا for, attend to. خاطر نشیب adj. 1. Fixed in the memory, by heart. 2. Chosen, beloved.

- mind or memory. For one's sake; as a favour.
- A. خاطف <u>khāṭif</u>, part. act. (of خطف Heb.) Snatching away (the sight).
- A. P. خاقان <u>kkāqān</u>, s. m. A king, an emperor of China and Chinese Tartary (نغفور)
- A. P. خاقانی <u>khāqān-ī</u>, adj. l. Royal, imperial. 2. n. prop. Name of a most celebrated poet of Persia.
- earth; ashes. خاکنازی s. f. Playing with dust. خاکنازی To wander, to stray. خاک چاننا (lit. To sift the dust) expresses excessive labour and exertion in fruitless search.

- P. Kin khākā, s. m. 1. A plan, deliniation, sketch. 2. A caricature, satire.
- P. خاكدان <u>khāk-dān</u>, s. A receptacle or pit for dust, earth, ashes, &c. (met.) the world.
- P. خاکستر <u>kh</u>ākistar, s. f. Ashes, calz.
- P. خاکستری <u>kh</u>ākistar-ī, adj. Of the colour of ashes, covered with ashes, ashy.
- weight used by goldsmiths (seed of Abrus precatorious). 2. A red bramble. 3. A small red seed used in medicine.
- P. خاكنائے khāk-nāe, (كردن زمين)
  - s. f. (डमरमध्य) (Geo.) An isthmus.
- P. خاکی <u>khāk-i</u>, adj. 1. Dusty. 2.
  Earthy, earthly; of ashes, of the dust.
  3. Epithet of a kind of arrow. 4. An earthy brown dye.
- P. خاگ khāg, s. An egg.
- P. خاگینه <u>khāg</u>-īna, s. m. Fried eggs a kind of dish made of eggs, an omelet.
- A. الله خال A mole on the face (black and ornamental). 2. An artificial spot made for ornament. 3. A maternal uncle, mother's brother. كال خال خال على adj. 1. Thick, close, thickly spread. 2. Little, scarce. 3. adv. Barely, here and there.

- adj. Pure, gennine, real, sincere; (substantively) A friend.
- s. m. An office of government in which the business of the revenue department is transacted; exchequer.

  3. Land held immediately from government. Revenue paying lands.
- he proportioned the hide and served it.) used substantively. The creator, the Deity, God.
- مال خالو ه. Maternal uncle, husband of mother's sister. See خال sign. 3. [ternal aunt.
- A. & khāla, s. f. Mother's sist r ma-
- adj. l. Empty, vacant, void, desert, exempt or free (from). 2. Pure, mere, only, unmixed. 3. Unoccupied, unemployed, without effect. خالی هاته adj. l. Empty-handed; penniless. 2. Unarmed. At leisure.
- P. خام پنے kkām, 1. adj. Raw (کے)، unripe, green, crude; inexperienced, vain, of unbaked earth or of mud. خام پاره

  A term of abuse, applied to a woman who has been cohabited with before the age of maturity. Bad.
- P. الجنب <u>kh</u>āmosh, l. adj. (چبب)

  Bilent. 2. s. m. A disease in horses.
- \* خاموشی <u>kh</u>āmosh-ī, s. f. Silence, taciturnity. [reed.
- P. khāma, s. m. A pen, a writing-
- P. <u>khām-ī</u>, s. f. l. Rawness, immaturity; inexperience. 2. Loss. 3. Defect, fault.

- principally used by Pathans, Persians or Turks. Headman of a village.
- P. خاندان <u>kh</u>āndān or <u>kh</u>ānadān, s. m. Family, race, house (of a prince), household. Lineage, descent.
- P. خان <u>khānsāmān</u>, (الخان Lord, and سامان Stores, &c.) s. m. A house-steward, butler. [an abbey.
- A. خانقاه khānqāh, s. f. A monastery,
- P. خانگی <u>khāngī</u> or <u>khānagī</u>, (خانک) 1. adj. Domestic, household, relating to a house. 2. s. f. A prostitute.
- P. خانم <u>kh</u>ānam, (خان) s. f. Lady, princess. Wife of a <u>kh</u>ān.
- P. المباب <u>khānmān, khan o mān, s. m.</u>

  Household-furniture, (اسباب) domestic, every thing belonging to
  the house, household, house family.

  خاتمان خراب
- a house, a race or tribe of people.
- P. هانه <u>kh</u>āna, s. m. 1. (معنى House, place. 2. A drawer, a partition, a compartment, column (of a book). 3. Department. (Plur. " خاخ) اباك اباك 1. adj. Prosperons. (A benediction meaning) may your house flourish. خانه باغ Kitchengarden. خانه بدوش adj. (used substantively) A traveller, a pilgrim, a خانه برانداز gipsy, rover, sojourner. خانه تلاشي . A prodigal, a spendthrift s. f. Search of a house. خانه جنگ A breeder of disturbances, a duellist. s. f. Civil war, skirmish, duel, bickering, intestine broils. خانه خانه خراب Adj. Cellular. خانه adj. 1. Ruined. 2. Base, abject; a vain, empty fellow. خانه خرابی s. f. Ruin. اخانهٔ خانهٔ Master of a

house. خانه داری в. f. The state

of the master of a family, bouse-keep-

ing. المال خانه المال A son-in-law who lives in the house of his wife's father. المانة خانه زال The child of a slave. خانه نشيل s. f. A census. خانه نشيل Sitting in the house; retired, unemployed. [The sun. 3. The east.

P. <u>khāwar</u>, s. m. 1. The west. 2.

P. خاوران <u>kh</u>āwarān, s. A country in Khurāsān: the east, the west.

P. خاوند <u>khāwand</u>, (contract. of فداوند) s. m. Lord, master, husband. خاوند کرنا To marry.

م خانف <u>khā'if</u>, (part. act. from adj. Afraid, fearful, timid pusillanimous, fearer.

A. خیانت) part. act. A deceiver, a traitor. Perfidious.

A. نبائت was bad.)

B. f. Wickedness, depravity, baseness.

A. خباز ه. m. A baker.

he knew.) (or, dakh. s. m.) News, information, intelligence, acquaintance, advice, rumours, report, fame, account, care, notice. Knowledge (حاطاع) مخبر دار اطلاع) To put on (one's) guard, caution, alarm خبر داری To be on (one's) guard, to take care. خبر داری s. f. l. Caution, care, taking care, carefulness. 2. Informing, getting information.

خبر داری ۲. n. To be informed or ac-

quainted. خبر کرنا To apprize, inform, acquaint, advise, report. خبر الدراك الدراك الدرك الدرك

A. خبرت <u>kh</u>ibrat, s. f. l. Wisdom, learning.
 Learning. 2. Experience, experiment. trial, proof.

منط منط ملك فبط ملك فبلك فبط ملك في ملك

A. P. خبطی <u>khabṭ-i</u>, adj. Mad, insane.

A. شبین <u>kh</u>abīg, (شبنت) 1. adj. Wicked, malignant, impure. 2. s. m. An evil spirit. 3. A miser.

منير ه. <u>kh</u>abīr, adj. Knowing, wise, skilful, learned. [club or stick.

P. ختک <u>kh</u>uttak, (see ختک) s. A

P. كتك <u>khulkā</u>, (corrupt. of كتك or كوتك s. m. l. A club. 2. Penis.

seal, end. 2. (used adjectively) Done, finished, concluded.

Seal of the sent (of God). ختم كرنا to be concluded.

P. ختى <u>kh</u>utan, n. prop. A country in Turkistan, Tartary, or the north of China, famous for musk.

A. ختنه khatna, s. m. (ختنه rendering imperfect. Circumcision. ختنه To circumcise.

- H. ختيان <u>Mattī'ā</u>n, s. (dakh.) The silk cotton tree (Bombax pentandrum).
- ashamed) Bashfulness, shame. was
- P. Emis Hujasta, adj. Happy, fortunate, auspicious, blest.
- adj. Modest, (خالت) adj. Modest, bashful, ashamed. ¶ khajal, s. Shame.
- H. हे Machchar, (or Machar) s. m. f.
  (खेसर or खचर) A mule. An ass.
  (P. ప) adj. Fat, plump.
- A. J. khadd, s. Cheek.
- P. Lis khudā, s. m. God. adj. God-worshipper, godly. عدا يرستى s. f. The worship of God. ترسیدن part.act.of ترس) خدا ترس To fear) adj. 1. Fearing God. 2. Virtuous. کدا خدا کرکے With difficulty, by hook or by crook. خدا God (be) the protector; adieu, farewell. خدا داد adj. Given of God, granted by God. خدا دانی عدا . The knowledge of God. سيدة, adj. God-arrived; Godly. adj. Knowing God. عناسي عناسي s. f. Knowledge of God. خدا طلبی s. f. The seeking of God. خدا کرے Would to خدا نا کرده or خدا نخواسته .God God forbid!
- A. مانخ khuddām, s. plur. (of مانخ)

  Servants.

- P. اخداوند khudā-wand, s. m. Posses-sor, master, husband. Your worship.

  1. (a form of address to superiors) Beneficent master or lord 2. Rich, opulent.
- P. خدائی <u>khudā-ī</u>, 1. s. f. Godhead, divinity, providence. 2. The world.

  3. adj. Divine. خدائی رات Singing hymns and watching all night, a religious feast kept by women.
- P. كدايا خدايا <u>kh</u>udā-yā, s. voc. O God!
- P. A. خدایتعالی <u>kh</u>udā-e-ta'ālā, The most high God. [lord or sovereign.
- P. خدایگان <u>kh</u>udāyagān, s. A great
- anxiety, alarm, doubt, question, apprehension, solicitude.
- A. خدم <u>kh</u>adam, s. plur. (of خالم)

  Servants, retinue. <u>kh</u>idam, s. plur. (of خدمت)

  Services, offices.
- P. خدنگ khadang, s. m. A tree of which arrows are usually made; an arrow: the white poplar tree: the beech.
- P. خديد <u>khide'o</u>, (<u>khude'o</u>), s. m. Lord, master, king, mighty monarch. The Khedive, (applied generally to the sovereign of Egypt), the unequalled of the age.
- A. P. خذف kh agaf, s. See خزف
- P. خر <u>kh</u>ar, s. m. An ass. (گدها)
  - (खर), خر دماغ Stupid, perverse

obstinate. خردماغى Stupidity, obstinacy, perverseness.

A. براب was ruined.)

Heb. adj. 1. Bad, (برا) depraved,

naught, noxious. 2. Ruined, depopulated, deserted, abandoned, lost, miserable, spoiled, waste.

A. خرابات خرابات kharābāt, l. s. plur. (of خرابة) Ruins, desolate places. 2. s.f.
A tavern, a brothel.

A. P. خراباتی <u>kh</u> a rā bā t · i, s. m. A haunter of taverns and brothels, a rake, a debauchee.

مرابع kharāba, 1. s. m. Devastation, ruin. 2. adj. Depraved, ruined, waste.

A. P. خرابی <u>kh</u>urāb-ī, s. f. 1. Badness,
 depravity. 2. Ruin, mischief, misery,
 an ill or evil.

الله خراتا ه. الخرخر) s. m. عراتا Snoring. خراتا مارنا To snore.

A. خراج kharāj, (خرج passed out.)

s. m. Tax, duty, rent, revenue,

tribute. خراج گذار Paying tax or

tribute or rent; a tributary.

A. خراط) s. f. A lathe.

To be polished (as, a clown by intercourse with the society of a city).

[a country.

P. H. خراسانی اجوان khurāsān-i-ajwān,
Seeds of Hyoscyamus niger, black
henbane.

ecratch.) 1. s. f. m. Scratching, scraping, excoriation. 2. (in compos.) part. act. Scratching, lacerating, clawing. [filings of iron, small debt.

P. خرشه <u>kh</u>arāsha, s. m. Scales or

A. خرط Heb.) s. f. A turner's lathe. s. m. A turner.

A. P. خراطی kharrāṭ-i, l. s. m. A turner. 2. adj. Turned (on a lathe).

A. خرط <u>kharrāt</u>īn, (خرط) s. m. An earth-worm.

P. خرام خرام) s. f. Pace, stately gait, graceful walking, march. خوشخرام adj. Walking elegantly. [pres. Walking stately.

P. خرامان <u>khi</u>rāmān, (خرامیدی) part.

P. کربزه kharbuza, s. m. (پخ sun جربوزه kharbūza, p. پوز kharbūza, p. پوز kharpuza, A musk-melon.

A. جن <u>kharj</u>, s. m. 1. Expenditure, spending, disbursement, expense, price, outgoing. 2. Cost, the debit side of an account. (Plur. عرج واخراجات Expenditure.

P. خرجی <u>kh</u>urji, s. f. A portmantean, a wallet, a sack, especially one of skin or leather. See

A. H. خرجنا خرجنا kharachnā or kharchnā,

(خرج) v. a. l. To expend, spend,

2. To sell. 3. To bring out, utter, produce. 4. To bring into use.

P. خرجنگ <u>kh</u>archang, s. m. l. A crab (fish). 2. A kind of herb.

A. خرجه <u>kh</u>arch-a, s. m. Costs of lawsuits. Expenses, charges.

مرجى مرجم <u>kh</u>arch-i, 1. s. f. Price of stupration. 2. adj. Prodigal. 3. Provision for a journey.

P. خرخر khur khur, or khar khar. 1.

Purring (of a cat). 2. Hawking up phlegm from the throat. Snoring.

A. H. خرخرانا <u>kh</u>arkharā-nā, v. (dakh)
To snore. [crowd, riot, quarrelling.

P. خرخشه فرخشه Markhasha, s. m. A tumult,

- ه کرک ه khirad, s. f. Wisdom, intellect.
  عران عند a d j. Wise, intelligent.
  عران مندی s. f. Wisdom. Sagacity.
- P. كن فلسل, adj. Small, little; young. A fragment. Small coin or change. خردسال Of tender years.
- الم خرد خام الله khurd khām, adj. Bruised, broken, ground small.
- الله الله khardal, s. Mustard-seed.
- P. خرزهره <u>kk</u>ar zakrs, s. m. Rhododaphne or rose bay.
- خرس خرس د khirs, s. m. A bear. خرس خرس s. m. Rudeness, romping bear's play.
- جرسند <u>kh</u>ursand, adj. Contented, satisfied, pleased. [mirth.
- P. خرسندى خلاستعماط-i, s. f. Content,
- A. خرطوم khurtūm, s. m. Proboscis of an elephant. [man.
- A. خرف kharif, s. m. A doting old
- from a tree. Heb. To strip off honours or decoration, to inflict ignominy) s m.

  1. That which is plucked from a tree.

  2. Autumnal fruit.
- P. خرنه khurfa, s. m. Purslain.
- A. خرق عادت <u>kharq-i-ādat</u>, s. f. Contrary to nature, a miracle. (Plur. خرق عادات)
- he tore it.) s. m. A religious habit, dress of a dervis, a garment of patches. خرقه پوش
  Clothed in the khirqa, a dervis.
- vilion, tabernacle. 2. The royal tent, court or palace.
- a rabbit. (خوش ass, عركوش ear = donkey-eared). 2. Negligence.

- P. خرم <u>kh</u>urram, adj. l. Pleasant, delightful.
   2. Cheerful, glad.
- P. خرما <u>kh</u>urmā, s. m. A date (عجور) الجور) للجور) المجاهة المجاهة المجاهة المجاهة المجاهة المجاهة المحاهة المحاطة المحاهة المحاهة المحاطة المحاطة المحاطة المحاطة المحاطة المحاطة ا
- P. خرمست khar-mast, adj. 1, Athle-
- P. خرمن <u>khirman</u>, s. m. 1. Harvest, crops, produce, heap or stack of unthrashed corn. 2. Barn.
- P. خرموش <u>kh</u>ar-māsh, s. A kind of large rat. See H. گهوس sign. l.
- P. خرصهری <u>khar-muhra</u>, s. m. The small shell called kauri, used as coin.
- P. خرمى <u>kh</u>urram-i, s. f. Cheerfulness, pleasure, delight. (خوشى)
- P. khar-war, s. An ass-load.
- A. خروج <u>khurāj</u>, s. m. Going out or forth, sally, egress, issuing, issue, eruption, excretion. خروج کرنا To sally, issue, go forth. [cock.
- P. خروس khurūs, s. m. A dunghill-
- P. خروش <u>kk</u>urosh, s. m. f. A crash, loud noise, tumult, cry, clamour.
- P. خروشان <u>kt</u>uroshān, (part. act. of adj. Making a loud noise, resounding.
- P. خرید to buy.) l. in compos. part. pass. Bought. 2. s. f. Purchase. خرید و فروخت Buying and selling. [buyer. A customer.
- P. خریدار <u>kh</u>arīd-ār, s. m. f. Purchaser,
- P. خریداری <u>kh</u>arīd-ār-ī, s. f. Buying, purchasing. [chase, to buy.
- Р. н. خريدن <u>kh</u>arīd-nā, v. a. To pur-
- P. خریدی <u>kh</u>arīd-ī, s. f. (dakh.) The price. Cost price, prime cost.
- A. خرط <u>kharīta</u>, s. m. (غرط made fast.) A purse, packet, bag, letter-bag, mail. (Letters are sent in India enclosed in bags, diversified according to the quality of the person to whom

sent, being more or less rich or embroidered agreeable to their rank). (Met.) A letter from one ruler to another. A hold-all. A pocket.

الله الله الله به من الله الله plucked خريف plucked خريف plucked خرفه plucked خرفه s.f. Autumn, the autumnal harvest.

A. j khazz, s. f. A coarse kind of silk-

P. خزان <u>kkazān</u>, s. f. Autumn, the fall of the leaf. (پنجهز) Decay. Old age.

A. T. خزانه khasānchī, (نانجی and s. m. A treasurer. Cashier.

A. خزانه khisāna, (خزانه laying up) s.m.

1. A treasury, magazine, granary, repository, reservoir. 2. Treasure, revenue. 3. The chamber of a gun. عامره s.m. The royal treasury. Exchequer. (Plur. خزائی)

hazof, s. An earthen vessel, potsherds, broken shells. [treasury.

P. خزینه Mazina, or khizina, s. m. A

P. سخ khas, s. f. l. The name of a grass of the roots of which tattis are made. 2. Any useless herb or stick.

s. m. Litter of things, rubbish.

A. Lass, s. 1. A lettuce. 2. A mean fellow. 3. A miser.

he lost.)

8. f. 1. Loss, harm, hurt. 2. Perfidy, fraud. 3. Plunder, devastation.

A. الله فساره في الله في الله

A. نساست <u>kh</u>asāsat, s. f. Being o = avaricions, mean. See

mean). 1. Stinginess, (کفل) parsimony, avarice. 2. Meanness.

e. خستک <u>Mistak</u>, (for خستک)
s. f. Codpiece. The gusset or piece

between the legs of a pair of trousers (میانی) Trousers.

P. خستگی khasta-gī, s. f. l. A wound,
 a sore. 2. Sickness. 3. Fatigue.

P. مُسَنَّة المُعالِمَة, عَمَانَ اللهُ ال

P. خسر <u>kh</u>usur, s. m. A father-in-law. (اسسرا). [injury, fraud.

A. خسر khusr, s. m. Damages, loss,

P. خسرو khusrau, s. m. l. Name of a celebrated king (Cyrus or Chosroes).

2. A king in general. 3. Name of a most famous poet of Dehli.

P. خسروانه <u>kh</u>usrawāna, adv. or adj.
Princelike, kingly, royal, princely.

P. خسروى <u>kh</u>usrawi, adj. Belonging to <u>kh</u>usrau or to a king; royal.

P. خسک <u>kh</u>asak, (dimin. of خسک)
B. 1. Rubbish. 2. A triangular thorn. 3. Caltrops.

or lying concealed under ground, swallowed.) s. m. An eclipse of the moon.

A. خسیس <u>kh</u>asīs, (خست) adj. 1.

Penurious, sordid, avaricious. 2. Ignoble. 3. Stingy, parsimonious.

P. خشت <u>kh</u>isht, s. f. (इिटका) A brick or tile. پر A brickmaker. خشتی Of brick.

P. خشتک <u>kh</u>ishtak, s. f. A square piece of cloth under the armhole in a vest. See also خستک

- P. Àkashkhāsh, s. m. (वस्वस) Poppy-seed, a poppy.
- P. نشخ khushk, (الموكها) adj. Dry, (السوكها) withered, sapless. نشخ كاس A general dearth, a dry year, a drought. سالى s. f. Drought, sterility. سالى adj. Dry in the lips or in the shore. عند مغز adj. Crack-brained, crazy, hotheaded. P. كشك المناه المناه
- P. خشکی <u>kh</u>ushk-i, s. f. 1. Dryness.
  2. Dearth occasioned by drought. 3. Dry land. 4. adv. By land, (in opposition to تری By water).
- P. مشخ khashm, s. m. Anger, passion.

  adj. Deformed with rage. خشمنات or خشمنات adj.

  Enraged, passionate.
- P. خشن khashan, s. m. 1. Canvass.
  (تات) 2. The mat or carpet on which a banker sits. 3. The capsular pod of green gram.
- A. خشن khashin, adj. Rough, severe, rude. [self; humility.
- A. خشوع khushū\*, s. Humbling one's
- A. خشن) s. f. Asperity, harshness, ansterity, animosity, disdain, fierceness, indignation.

- 1. khasm, s. m. An enemy, antagonist. 2. khasam, A husband, master, owner. (خصت the side).
- دخاص ۱. An affair, business, thing,

- particular. 2. Doing any thing particular. 3. adv. Particularly.
- A. خصوصا <u>khuṣūṣan</u>, adv. Particularly especially.
- husūsiyat, s. f. Peculiarity, particularity, attachment, friendship. Special property.
- A. خصم disputed.) s. f. Enmity, quarrelling. (بیر)
- A. خصی khaṣī, s. m. A castrated animal (particularly a goat), an eunuch.

  A women with no breasts. خصی کرنا

  To geld, castrate: (dakh.) To prune or dress (a tree).
- A. خصية khusya, s. m. Testicle.
- s.m. 1. Hair tincture. 2. Tinging the nails and hair, but particularly the beard. A hair dye.
- A. خضر khiṣr, khaṣir, n. prop. A companion of Moses, Phineas: or, the prophet Elias or Jeremiah. A guide
- A. خضوع khuṣa\*, s. Humility.
- A. فغ khatt, (Ch. To dig, to engrave) s. m. (bis he made a mark.) 1. A letter, epistle. 2. A line, lineament. 3. Writing, handwriting, chirography. 4. Mustaches, beard, youthful beard or down on the face. خط استوا The equator, (मध्यरेखा), the خط آنا or نكلفا prime vertical. بنوانا .The beard to appear To shave the The tropic of A ray of خط شعاعي of Cancer. the sun; also the name of a kind of مخط عود A perpendicular

line. خط کتابت Correspondence.

A kind of flourished hand

Writing. خط متوازی A parallel line.

A circular line. خط مستدیر
خط منحنی A right line.

- he did wrong.)

  Heb. To err) s. f. A mistake, error, fault, crime, sin. A slip; oversight.

  A miss; failure. خط خش A forgiver of errors, &c.
- ed.) s. m. l. A title. 2. Conversation, speech, address, harangue خطاب کرنا To address, to accost.
- منطاط . <u>khattāt</u>, adj. superl. (غط) used substantively. A good writer, a penman. Caligrapher.
- oration delivered after divine service every Friday, in which the preacher blesses Muhammad, his successors, and the reigning sovereign.
- A. خطره ه. m. (اندیشه was in peril.) 1. Danger. (اندیشه) 2. Fear, apprehension, risk, venture.
- A. خطمی <u>khatmi</u> or <u>khitmi</u>, s. f. Marshmallows, used medicinally.
- A. babà khulūt, s. plur. of bà
- ing into the mind, remembrance. 2. Dignity. [territory, district.
- A. خطه khitta, s. m. Region, country,
- A. خطیب s. m. A preacher, a public speaker or orator.
- adj. Great, خطر) adj. Great, important, honourable, dignified.

- A. خفت khiff, (from خفت) adj.

  Light (of weight or morals), undignified. ¶ khuff, s. m. A boot.
- A. Lis khafā, (Heb.) s. f. Concealment, a secret. Occult, hidden.
- P. اغفی <u>kh</u>afā, adj. (خفو flashing)
  Angry. Vexed, enraged.
- light) Lightness of weight, levity of conduct, want of dignity, affront, slight, disgrace. Shame.
- P. <u>kh</u>uft, s. Sleep, sleeping.
- A. الغنه <u>kh</u>aftā, عفتا adj. (dakh.) Mad. lunatic, fana-
- A. خفته <u>kh</u>afta, Mad, lunatic, fanatic, nonsensical.
- worn in battle, a coat of mail or quilted vest.
- pass. Asleep, sleeping, put to sleep. (Plur. خفتگان).
- a. خفق khafaqān, (غفق fluttering) s. m. Palpitation (a disease of the heart, especially) hysterics.
- A. خفقانی <u>khafaqān.ī</u>, adj. Subject to palpitation. [pleasure, anger, pet.
- P. خفک <u>kh</u>afa-gī, (خفخ) s. f. Dis-
- Light, of no weight or consequence, of light character, immoral.
- A. منفخ <u>khufya</u>, (فخ) 1. adj. Disguised, concealed. 2. (Also عنفخ adv. Secretly.
- A. كخل khall, s. m. Vinegar.
- P. خلاب khalāb, s. m. Mire, clay, filth

- he freed himself. Heb.) s. m. Deliverance, libration; (ازادی) used adjectively, Free, redeemed, done, out. خلاص

  To release, rescue. کرنا ۱. To be freed or set at liberty.

  2. To calve, to be brought to bed. 3. Emissio seminis, semen emittere.
- Lisence, the best part of any thing, flower. 2. Abstract, abridgment, conclusion, inference, moral, sum. 3. adj. Spacious, roomy. Loose.

halāṣ-ī, 1. s. f. Freedom, liberation, redemption. 2. s. m. A sailor, a native artillery-man.

- a. خلاف خلاف came after.

  s. m. 1. Opposition, in opposition, contrary to, against, adverse. 2.

  Falsehood. علاف خلاف Against

  (one's) opinion or will. خلاف شرع Contrary to reason, absurd, irregular, habit of the body (medicine, &c.).
- after.) s. f. l. Deputyship, lieutenancy, office or dignity of khalifa (Caliph). 2. Imperial dignity, monarchy.
- A. خلق <u>khallāq</u>, adj. superl. (of خلق)
  used substantively, The creator.
- A. خلائق <u>kh</u>alā'jq, s. f. plur. (of خلق) Men, people, creatures, the creation.
- A. خلت <u>kh</u>ullat, s. f. Friendship.
- A. Jishalkhāl, s. m. A ring of gold or silver with bells to it worn round the ankle.
- A. كلت khuld, s. m. Eternity, paradise.

- P. خلیدی To prick) داده To prick) s. m. and f. Putting a stop to, interruption, solicitude, suspicion, anxiety.
- A. خلے <u>kh</u>al<sup>2</sup>, verbal noun, Stripping off, deposing, removing.
- he took off from himself and خلعت he took off from himself and bestowed upon him a garment.) A dress, robe of honour, with which princes confer dignity on subjects.
- A. خلف khalaf, s. m. 1. A successor, an heir, a favourite son, posterity, descendants. 2. (adjectively) Depraved, corrupted. خلف الصدق True or rightful heir. ¶ khulf, Breach of promise.
- ه. لفلغ <u>kh</u>ulafā, s. plur. of خليفة
- A. خلت <u>khulq</u>, s. m. Nature, quality. good disposition, civility, politeness. Etiquette. (Plur. اخلاق).
- A. خلق <u>khalq</u>, s. f. Creation, people, mankind. (Plur. خلائق Creatures, &c.) خلق هونا
- A. خلقت <u>khilqat</u>, s. f. The creation, people, populace, the world.
- A. خلقی <u>kh</u>ilq-ī, adj. Natural, innate.
- A. کلک <u>kh</u>alal, (کنک a breach.) s. m.

  Interruption, disturbance, confusion, prejudice, damage, injury, mischief, defect, ruin, hiatus, breach.

  خلک s. m. (lit. Injury of the brain)

  Madness, melancholy.
- A. خلد <u>kh</u>ulū, (كلف) s. m. Vacuity.
- s. f. l. Retirement, solitude, pri-

vacy, a closet, private apartment, private conference. A place of retirement. المنافذة s. f. A place of retirement. كرين adj. Recluse; (met.) A hermit. خلوت علين adj. Retired: (met.) A hermit. مثلوت مين In private and in public.

- ه. خلوص ه. <u>kh</u>ulūs, (خلص) s. m. Purity, sincerity, candour, friendship.
- A. خليے <u>Khalij</u>, (कोल) s. f. A bay. (کھاڑی).
- adj. Descended from, or related to a maternal aunt; as, خليرا بهائى s. m.

  The son of a maternal aunt; cousin.

  خليرى بهن s. f. The daughter of a maternal aunt.
- Heb. To pass over or beyond; to succeed or follow) s. m. l. A successor, a sovereign, particularly applied to the successors of Muhammad, who united the characters of head of the state and of the Mah. religion, a caliph. 2. (in Hind.) Cooks, tailors, barber, &c. are called khalīfa. 3. A fencing-master. 4. A monitor (as a senior boy at school becomes).
- منتی مه <u>khaliq</u>, (خلق) adj. Of good disposition, kind, polite, obliging, genteel, civil. Courteous, urbane.
- A. خليل <u>khalil</u>, s. m. A friend; the friend (of God), Abraham.
- ed, crooked, curved, bowed. 2. s. m. A coil, fold, ply, curl, ringlet, bend. 3. That part of a noose which encircles the neck. خم تهرك v. a. To strike the hand against the arms previous to wrestling, &c., to challenge (as wrestlers do).

- 1. Coquetry, blandishment of a mistress. 2. adj. Elegant, graceful.
- jar, an alembic, a hogshead, a still.

  v. a. To boil cloths preparatory to washing.
- A. P. خماری <u>kh</u>umār-ī, 1. adj. Drunken languishing. 2. s. f. See
- A. خماسی khumāsī, adj. Consisting of, or belonging to five; a word of five letters, or composition of five lines.
- P. H. خمانا خمانا v. a. To twist, to crook, to bend, to bow.
- H. <u>khamchī</u>, s. (dakh.) Lash, whip (short jockey).
- P. Lika khum-khāna, s. m. A tavern.
- Heb. To be hot, to boil, to ferment) s. m. 1. Wine, spirituous or fermented liquors. 2. Covering, hiding. 3. Fermenting, leavening.
- A. khams, (Heb.) adj. Five.
- A. khums, s. Fifth part.
- P. 8 khum-kada, s. m. A tavern.
- P. II. Line kham-nā, v. n. (dakh.) To bend, to bow.
- e. خموش <u>kh</u> a m o s h, (contract. of adj. Silent, dumb; silence! (خموشان)
  (Pers. plur. خموشان)

- P. خموشى <u>kh</u>amosh-ī, s. f. Silence.
- P. kh a m i, s. f. Crookedness, enitred -
- T. كال خمياز غمياز غمياز غمياز غمياز غمياز غمياز غمياز على المرابع ال yawning (جمهائی) stretching one's arm from fatigue or drowsiness. Retribution, punishment.
- P. <u>kh</u>amīda-gī, s. f. Crooked-
- P. & Lamida, part. Crooked, bent, curved.. عُميدة adj. Bent in statuare.
- المير فمير هـ <u>kh</u>amīr, (خمر s. m. A. کمیر khamīra, Leaven, whatever is used to ferment with. Earth, clay.
- دخنزیر Lhanāsīr, s. plur. (of خنازیر ۸ Hogs: ulcers in the neck, or scrofula.
- A. خناس منه <u>kh</u>annās, (خناس To abscond, to retire; to backbite, to calumniate: because, says Jauhari, he flees when God is named) s.m. 1. The devil. 2. (met.) A wicked person.
- A. خناق ظهر Heb.) 8. m. The quinsy, suffocation, strangulation.
- H. غ. كرنا خنبى كرنا يه <u>kh</u>umbī karnā, v. a. (dakh.) To bleach, to whiten (clothes).
- A. جنثول <u>khung</u>i, s. m. 1. An hermaphrodite. 2. Asphodel. 3. A eunuch.
- A. A. Manjar, s. m. A dagger, puniard. (law) An offensive weapon.
- A. P. خابحری khanjar-i, B. f. mode of printing, or staining silk (کلیدیی) 2. A sort of small tambourin, played on with the fingers.
- H. Lius khon-khonānā, v. (dakh.) To snuffle, speak through the nose.
- P. خندان <u>kh</u>andān, part. Laughing, merry.
- A. خندق khandaq, (码元 to dig.) (Pers. dug, engraved.) s. m. f. A P. خواجة khwāja, s. m. A man of disditch. fosse, moat. ditch, fosse, moat.

- P. viis khanda, s. m. l. Laughter, a laugh. 2. A laughing-stock. خفده رو adj. Of a smiling countenance, cheer-
- A. خنزير <u>kh</u>inzīr, (Heb. and Ch. from تخنز To stink.) s. m. A hog.
- A. خنصر khinsar or khinsir, B. little (or middle) finger.
- P. خنک khunuk, adj. 1. Cold. 2. Temperate, cool. 3. Fortunate.
- P. خنگ khunuk-ī, s. f. l. Coldness, temperateness. 2. Prosperity.
- P. خنگ khing, 1. adj. White. 2. s.m. A white, dappled, groyish, or creamcoloured horse, a steed.
- P. Liż khingā, l. s. m. An athletic clown. 2. adj. Able-bodied.
- P. Linyā, s. m. Melody, singing. s. m. Musician, singer.
- P. غخ kho or  $kh\bar{u}$ , s. f. (بان) Habit, custom, disposition, nature. خوگر or ad j. Accustomed, پذیر or گرفته habituated.
- P. خواب <u>kh</u>voāb, s. m. f. 1. Sleep. 2. A dream (سينا)، vision. 3. Nap (of cloth). خواب آلوده adj. Bleepy. Producing خواب آور Drowsy. sleep; (in medicine) a soporific, s. m. خواب و خيال anodyne. خواب Spectre, phantom, delusion. خواب گاه To dream. دیکهنا خواب گاه Sleeping apartment, bed-room, dormitory.
- P. خوابيدن <u>kh</u>wābīda, (خوابيده to sleep.) part. Sleeping, asleep.
- P. A. خواتين <u>kh</u>awātīn, s. f. plur. (of لخاتون Ladies.

governor, master. خواجه خضر n. prop. The name of a prophet skilled in divination, and who is said to have discovered the water of life; hence, he is considered as the saint of waters. The Muhammadans offer to him oblations of lamps, flowers, &c., placed on little rafts and launched on the river, particularly on Thursday evening in the month of bhādon: and, it is in his honour that the feast of the bera, is .s. m. خواجه زاده held. Master. s. m. An eunuch, usually employed in the charge of a seraglio. A butler, chieflof a household.

- P. خوار <u>kh</u>wār, 1. adj. Poor, distressed, wretched, contemptible, abject, ruined. 2. part. act. (خواردی) (in compos.) Eating, eater, drinking, suffering, sufferer.
- خارجی khawārij, s. plur. of خوارج
- P. خواری <u>khwār-i</u>, 1. s. f. Baseness, meanness. 2. (in compos.) Eating, drinking; suffering. 3. Difficulty. 4. Fighting, quarrel.
- Bire, wish, respect. خواست ه. f. De
  Bire, wish, respect. خواستگار s. m.

  Candidate, competitor, bidder, suitor

  خواستگاری s. f. Competition, solicitation. (چاهنا)
- or خاصه ) 1. Attendants, domestics.

  2. Grandees, ministers of state, people of quality or distinct from the vulgar, gentry. 3. Properties, qualities, attributes. 4. A page or a female attendant on the great. 5. A favourite, a companion. 6. Nature (خاصیت)
- P. خوان kh w  $\bar{a}$  n, l. s. m. A tray.

  8. m. A small خوانجه v. . . m.

s. m. A cloth for covering a tray, a tray lid. 2. part. act.

(خواندی) used in compos. Reading, singing, repeating, res

P. خواند <u>kh</u>wand, s. Reading.

- P. الخواندي kh wānda, part. pars. (of كواندي) Read; (adjectively) Having the knowledge of reading and writing. الخواندي adj. Ignoramus, one who cannot read.
- P. عنانان <u>khwānanda</u>, part pres. nsed substantively, A reader.
- P. خوانی <u>kh</u> wān-ī, (in compos.) a.f.
  Reading, repeating, recitation.
- P. A. خوانين khawānīn, s. plur. of
- P. خواهان <u>kh</u> wā hā n, part. act. (of Wishing; (adj. or subst.)

  Desirous, desiror, seeker.
- P. خواهر <u>kh</u>wāhir or <u>kh</u>wāhar, s. f. A sister.
- P. خواهش خواهش عند <u>kh</u>wihish, (خواستی) s. f.
  1. Desire, wish, will, inclination. 2.

  Request, demand. خواهش مند adj. Desirous, solicitous, curious.

Read (اچها) Good, ex
Mant, well, beautiful, pleasant, ami
che, pretty. خوبرو (plur. خوب مورت adj. Beau
tiful, a beauty. خوب مورت ه ورتی s. f. Beauty, handsomeness.

(Plur. خوبان The fair, the beautiful).

P. خوبانی <u>khūbānī</u>, s. f. An apricot, or a dried apricot with the kernel of an almond inserted.

P. خوبكلان <u>khūbkalān</u>, s. m. (خاكشى)

Name of a seed of a cooling quality.

P. خوبی <u>khūb-ī</u>, s. f. Beauty, goodness, excellence, merit, pleasantness, wellbeing. خوبی Well, excellently.

P. خوجه khoja, s. m. An eunuch.

P. خوك <u>kh</u>od, s. m. A helmet, steel head-piece.

جود (آب <u>kh</u>ud, pron. Self. (حود الله خود عود الله عنود 1,1 adj. Setting off self, proud, arrogant. کود بخود Of thine, his, &c., own accord, of itself, voluntarily. You, your worship, sir! His majesty, your majesty, your honour, &c. خود بين adj. خوك . conceited, proud, presumptuous خود s. f. Pride, self-conceit. بيني خود adj. Self-conceited. يرست خوں s. f. Self-sufficiency، پرستی adj. Self-complacent. Self-complacency. adj. Self-possessing; content, patient. خود داری s. f. Selfpossession; self-restraint. خود رائی Self-conceit. ¶ khud-ra'e, adj.

Growing of خود رو . Self-conceited itself without being sown, wild. خود خون سر . Self-praise ستائی adj. Obstinate, self-conceited, acting خود شری of self, wilful, absolute. خود s. f. Obstinacy. خون غرض adj. Selfish, self-interested, designing. خول غرضي s. f. Selfishness. خول غرضي adj. Following one's own desires, self-willed, libertine. خود كامى s. f. Self-will, persisting in what is pleasing to self. خود کرده Made or done of self. خود گشی s. f. Selfslaughter, suicide. اخود مندًا 🛦 dervis the disciple of no saint or pir. d disable adj. Ostentatious, proud. عول نمائي s. f. Self-conceit, vanity.

P. خودی <u>kh</u>ud-ī, s. f. Selfishness, pride, vanity. Self. Personal identity.

P. خوركان <u>kh</u>urā, part. (from خوركان)
Eating, suffering; adj. Voracious, fit, capable.

P. خوراک <u>kh</u>urāk, s. f. (dakh. s. m.) 1. Food, victuals Provisions. 2. Daily food, diet, board, eatables. 3. One meal, one dose (of medicine).

P. خوراکی <u>kh</u>urāk-ī, s. f. Daily allowance of food or of money to purchase it, subsistence-money, board-wages.

P. خورجیس khurjīn, (for خورجیس)
s. m. A wallet, a portmanteau.

P. فران خوران ألم khurdan, s. 1. Eating, drinking. 2. Suffering. [any thing eatable.

P. خوران المخوران المخور

F. خوردى <u>kh</u>urd-i, s. f. Childhood, mi-

criticiser, caviller. [nority, smallness.

ing and drinking, food, victuals, fare.

ترشید خروشید خدرشید خدرشید خدرشید The sun. (آفقاب)

P. خرنده khuranda, part. act. (from used substantively, An eater, feeder, gormandizer.

lofty palace, which Nu<sup>2</sup>mān son of Mungir built for Bahrām Gor, king of Persia.

B. خوره <u>kh</u>wara or <u>kh</u>wara, s. m. The leprosy, what eats or corrodes, as rust, خدام).

خودزادی دهه <u>kh</u>uzadi, (for خودزادی .ع from خود Self, and اله Born) adj. f. Undressed, unadorned (a woman).

ed, pleasing, pleasant, excellent, delicious, sweet, acceptable, amiable, cheerful, gay, healthy, elegant, good, willing, glad, happy, content, merry.

الطوار adj. Mannerly, well
bred. خوش الحان adj. Sweetly singing.

ing. خوش الحان s. f. Sweet singing, melody خوشامد s. f. Flattery

s. f. Flattery

s. f. Flattery, fawning.

To be خوش آنا .To be agreeable or pleasing (to), to be acceptable (to), to be delightful. خوش زر With a sweet voice. حُوش -adj. Plea خوش آینده or آیند santly coming; flattering (caresses), gratefui, wholesome, amiable, agree-خوش باش able, pleasing, charming. adj. Free to stay or depart, unrestrained. خوشبو 8. f. .adj خوش بيال خوش تقریر quent, perspicuous. adj. Eloquent. حوش حال adj. Happy, fortunate, in pleasant circums. f. Glad خوش خبری خوش tidings, good news. adj. Graceful in walks. f. Paying ready money, purchasing in private sale. خوش خط Fine writing. خوش خصلت or خوش خصال adj. خوش خو or خوش ځلق or Affable, of good disposition, wellbred. s. f. Mother-in-law, wife's or husband's mother. خبوش مل adj. Happy, pleased, delighted, s, f. Halp-خوش دلی cheerful. piness, cheerfulness. خبوش دماغ م خوش دهن ٥٠ خوش دهان Having a pleasing or beautiful mouth. s. f. Elegance of المخوش دهني beauty of mouth. خوش ذائقه adj. High-flavoured, tasteful, palat خوش رفتار able, dainty. Graceful in walking or in motion

adj. Pleasant in adj. Fortunate. خوش طالع s. f. Prosperity, good خوش طالعي ndj. Jooular, خوش طبع merry, funny, jocose, cheerful, gay, adj. Tractable, easy, خوش light in hand (a horse). adj. Well-خوش قد or قامت shaped, of elegant stature; a sweet adj. Well-خوش قطع shaped, nicely cut out. adj. Of good texture or qua-To gratify, please, خوش کرنا delight, amuse. خوشگوار adj. Sweet, easy of digestion (food), delicious. خوش منولا adj. Pleasant-خوش معاش delicious. خوش نصيب Well-fed. خوش نصيبي adj. Fortunate, lucky. خوش کا .f. Good fortune, luck. کوش adj. Pleasant to the sight, beautiful, neat, pretty, becoming, seemly. adj. Writing an elegant hand; a fine writer, writingadj. خوش نيت master. Well-disposed. خوش وقت adj. خوش Happy, pleased, delighted. خوش adj. Cheerful, gay. خوش To be pleased, to rejoice.

- e. خوشا ظهیه نامی ظهیه نامی Happy! O happy! blessed! how fortunate! how happy! (مبارکبادی)
- e. خوشبو <u>khush-bo</u>, l. adj. Sweetsmelling, fragrant. 2. s. f. Perfume, edour. خوشبودار adj. Aromatic, odoriferous, fragrant.

- F. خوشبوكى <u>kh</u>ush-bo-ī, 1. s. f. Perfume, fragrance. 2. adj. Of perfume, fragrant.
- P. خوشتر khush-tar, adj. compar. More Pleasant, very pleasant, &c.
- P. خوشنود <u>kh</u>ushnūd, adj. Pleased, contented, delighted. (رضامند)
- P. خوشنودى <u>kh</u>ushnūd-ī, s. f. Good pleasure, satisfaction. Delight.
- eorn. 2. A bunch, cluster (of grapes, &c.). (حَيْثُ ) 3. An earing, a spike.
- P. خوشی خوشی الله khush-ī, s. f. Delight, pleasure, cheerfulness, gladness, fun, will, choice. خوشی سے or خوشی خوشی ماد. Happily, with pleasure, gladly.
- solving, intending, considering, consulting, attention, deep thought or meditation. Search.
- P. خوک khūk, s. m. A hog, swine, pig.
- P. <u>kh</u>o-gar, part. Rendered mild, tamed, accustomed.
- P. خوکير <u>khogīr</u>, s. m. The stuffing of a saddle, a pad, a packsaddle. A cant term for a turban.
- عول غول s. m. A case, sheath, hollow. (dakh.) Crest, helmet. [Galangale.
- P. خولنجان غرلنجان kholinjān, (कुलंजन) s.m.
- P. خون <u>khūn</u>, s. m. 1. Blood. Gore.
   (لبو) 2. Murder, killing.

Slaughter, homicide. خوناب or s. m. Bloody water, tears of blood: خون آشام adj. Drinking خون آلود blood; ferocious, cruel. خون or خوں آلوں adj. Stained with blood, bloody. خون بار Raining or weeping blood (generally spoken of the eyes of a lover). خونباری s. f. The raining or weeping of blood. Bound or clotted together with blood. خون بها s. m. price of blood, forfeit or retaliation خون جگر پینا or کهانا To work one's self to death. خونچكان adj. Dropping blood. خون خرابه s. m. Bloody work, deeds of death, murder on either side, mutual slaughter. خوں خوار 1. An animal that feeds on blood. 2. A murderer. 3. adj. Bloodthirsty, murderous, cruel. خوکتواری s. f. Devouring blood; bloodshed, slaughter, murder, Bloodshedder, خون ریز murderer, cut-throat, assassin. خون s. f. Bloodshed, slaughter, carnage. خون سر چڙهنا To be distracted by assassinating a person. To be unkind, to be خون سفید کرنا displeased. خون كرنا To assassinate, to kill, to murder. خون گرفته Doomed to be slain.

- P. خونی <u>khūn-ī</u>, s. m. f. Murderer. adj. Sanguinary, bloody, relating to murder or blood. [colour of blood.
- P. خونين khūn-in, adj. Bloody, of the
- خو kho'i, s. f. See خوئى
- P. خويك <u>khawid</u>, (or in Pers. <u>khwid</u> or <u>khwaid</u>) s. m. A green field, a sown field, green grass cut for cattle, green

- corn. Unripe wheat or barley crop used as fodder.
- P. خویش <u>kh</u>wesh, 1. pron. Self, own.
  2. s. m. A kinsman. 3. A son-in-law, a family. [man.
- P. خویشاوند <u>kh</u>wesh-āwand, s. A kins-
- P. خویشی <u>kh</u>wesh-ī, s. f. Relationship, consangunity. [bravo! how good!
- P. <u>kh</u>ahe, interj. Well done!
- P. خيابان <u>kh</u>iyābān, s. m. A flower-bed.
- دير) s. m. 1. كيار ه. Miyār, (خير) s. m. 1. Choice, election. 2. A cucumber.
- A. خيارى khayārī, s. f. A kind of violet.
- A. خيارين <u>kh</u>iyārain, s. m. Cucumbers (of two kinds), i. e. the cucumber and the musk melon, the seeds of which are used medicinally.
- A. خيط <u>khaiyāt</u>, (adj. superl. of خيط Ch. To thread) s. m. A tailor.
- A. مياط هيناط هيناط هياط هياط A. needle.
- he خيل خال) s. m. l. Imagination, fancy, thought, idea, consideration, care; respect; apprehension, conceit, whim, chimera, suspicion, opinion, notion. 2. Phantom, delusion, vision.
  - 3. A kind of song. الطل خيال خيال

Foolish imagination. خيال خام A vain, ridiculous idea.

- م. تالات خيالات ه. m. plur. (of كيال) Imaginations, fancies.

  Ill-grounded expectation, vain thoughts.
- A. خيالى <u>khayāl-i</u>, adj. Fanciful, capricious, imaginary, ideal, chimerical. خيالى بلاء بكانا To indulge in vain speculations or absurd fancies, to build castles in the air.
- unfaithful.) Perfidy, treachery, treason, knavery, embezzlement. A breach of trust, dishonesty.

A. خيبر هله Maibar, n. prop. A town in Hijās. خيبر کشا Conqueror of Maibar (applied to Ālī.).

A. خير khair, 1. adj. Good, best, well, very well; be it so; never mind (جانے در); it is of no consequence; very good; yes; that will do! 2. adv. Well. 3. s. f. Goodness,

خيرالبشر good, health, happiness. خيرالبشر The best of men, i. e. Muhammad.

The best of women.

Fāṭima. خير انديش A wellwisher,

a friend. خير انديشي a. f. Good

will, benevolence, good intention.

خير خواه May he prosper. خير باك

Well-wishing, benevolent; a friend, a

wellwisher. خير خواهي s. f. Good

will, wishing well, friendship, benevo
lence. خير و عافيت a. f. Health,

welfare. [Alms, charity.

ه خيرات ه. لا شيخ Mairāt, s. f. (pl. of

A. P. خيراتى <u>khairāt-ā</u>, adj. Intended for charitable purposes, given (or to be given) or received in charity.

P. خيركي khīra-gī, s. f. Darkness, malignancy, astonishment, stupefaction, the state of being dazzled or of having the sight overcome, dizziness.

P. خيره <u>kh</u>īra, adj. 1. Dark. 2. Wicked, malignant, vain. 3. Stupified, dazzled.

A. خير يت <u>kh</u>airiyat, (خير) s. f. Welfare. Health, good circumstances or condition.

P. خين To arise) generally in compos. 1. part. act. Rising, leaping, bounding, galloping, capering, raising, exciting, producing. 2. s. Rising.

P. خيزان <u>kh</u>ezān, part. act. (of خاستن)
Rising. [springing.

P. خيرش khhez-ish, s. f. Rising.

A. خيشوم <u>kh</u>aishūm, (خشم) s. m. 1.

The nose, the cartilaginous part of it.

2. Nasal letters. 3. The ridge or summit of a mountain.

P. خيث khīk, s. f. A leathern bag or sack, a bag in which water is carried.

A. خيل <u>kh</u>ail, (Heb.) s. m. Horsemen, cavalry. Imagination, fancy.

P. خيل خيل غانه A house or family, a noble family.

A. خيل <u>kh</u>ailū, (from خيل) A woman having many moles (A great beauty among the Arabs).

على غيلا ) adj. A playful, dolish (girl). الجنيلا ياغ adj. Unsteady, foolish, inconsistent, unchaste (woman). [extremely.

P. <u>kh</u>ails, adv. Many, much, very,

A. لمين khaima, (خام) s. m. A tent,
pavilion. عنيمة لاوز A tent-maker.

عنيمة عنيمة الله عنيمة الله عنيمة الله B. f. A camp. ¶ qima,
Minced meat. See

١,

is the eighth letter of the Arabic, and the tenth of the Persian alphabet. In the representation of Hindi words by the letters of these alphabets, it denotes the Nāgarī alphabets, it denotes the Nāg

This letter, in Persian, may be changed to تر (te); as, in بدتر for بدتر for بدتر Worse: or, when the next preceding letter is اور or or is moveable by a short vowel, it may be converted to تر (عقا); as استاد A master, کنند for کنند A dome.

- s. ) da, (द r. दा Give) in compos.

  Giver: as सुखद sukha-da, Easegiver.
- pains, to labour. Heb. and Ch. To suffer pain, grief, or patience) s. m. 1. Custom, manner, institution. 2. State, condition. 3. Vehement or forcible propulsion.
- H. しい dāb, (る中元) (いい) s. (dakh.) Fear, reverence, pressure; weight; force; power; authority; control. Check; restrain. Impression; copy.
- P. النب dāb, s. Ostentation, pride magnificence.
- cond beast mentioned in the Revelations: by Muhammadans it is believed that it will issue from a mountain in Mecca, with the staff of Moses and the ceal of Solomon; with the first it will strike the believer, and with the latter it will impress a stamp on the face of the infidel, in which will be inscribed, "this is an infidel."
- H. البنا dābnā, (trans. of البنا) v. a. 1.

  To press down, suppress, depress, snub. 2. To squeeze. البنا البنائية المائية الم
- s. Uld dātā, (दाता r. दा Give) adj. Liberal, generous; subst. Giver, benefactor, donor. God, Creator.

- ह. اتى dātan, (दंतधावन) s.f. A toothbrush.
- a wood), set close, crowded, close, thronged, a thicket, arbour.
- م. رئي المجال s. m. 1. Darkness, obscurity. 2. A dark night.
- A. داخل dā kh il, (اخل entered.) part. act. 1. Entering, penetrating, arriving. 2. (adjectively) Entered, registered, inserted, produced, forthcoming. 8. (substantively) Inside, interior part; within. 4. Included or comprehended in. 5. Filed. To transfer داخل خارج کرنا property (by taking out the name of the former proprietor from a deed or register and inserting that of the new). داخل کرنا To cause to enter or arrive, to place or fix in; to produce, to include, to insert or introduce, to enrol. داخل هونا To enter, to arrive, to penetrate, to belong, to appertain, to be inserted.
- م. داخلی dākhil-ī, (داخلی) adj. Contained, inclusive, belonging to, inherent: (applied to a hamlet) included in (an aṣlī village.).
- इ. ১।১ dīd (दद्रु, दद्रे) s. m. A ringworm, herpes, blotch, shingles.
- ال كرنا To demand justice. كال خوالا كال خوالد كال عنال الله عنال

ਸ. ਹਿਹ dādā, s. m. (ताततात) 1. Paternal grandfather. 2. Elder brother.

act. of آوردن To bring) s.m. Bringer or distributor of justice (an epithet of the Deity).

म. مان dādūr, dādar, в. m. (ददुर)
A frog. (مينڌڪ)٠

a quick air, resembling the quick notes of the frog.

s. m. Name of a plant, used to cure the ringworm. (Cassia alata).

r. كالانى dādnī, s. f. l. Advances (of money), for purchase of produce, labourers and manufacturers. 2. Debts.

א. בונט dādī, s. f. Paternal grandmother. [plaintiff, a complainant.

ع. مارى فريادى dād-ī-faryād-ī, A

A. J. dār, (Heb. and Ch. To encircle, to dwell) s. m. Adwelling, a mansion, habitation, country. Land S. m.

The house of safety, i. e. a country

with which there is peace. دار البقا The abode of permanency, i. e. the next world. دار البوار s. m. The abode of perdition, i. e. hell. دارالخلانت or امارت or حکومت or s. m. The seat of empire, the royal residence, the capital. العرب (lit. The mansion of war) A country where the Muhammadan religion does not vail. دارالسلام The mansion of safety, heaven. دارالشرع A court of law, a spiritual court. دارالشفا An hospital. دار الضرب s. f. The mint. دار العدالت The court ۵ دارالعلم or hall of justice. college, school, university. دار الفنا The abode of frailty or of mortality, i. e. the world. را لقرار The mansion of rest, i. c. the grave, or one of the heavens according to Muhammadans. حار المكانات The abode of recompense or retaliation; the world.

lows (سولی), a gibbet, an empaling stake. اسولی) To empale. 2. part. act. (of داشتی To have) in compos. Having, holding, possessing, keeper, lord, master; as, ااب دار Resplendent. 8. s. m. A person entrusted with the charge of water for drinking. المحمد دار A partaker. المحمد دار A tax-gatherer.

s. m. Seizing (particularly, thieftaking), tumult, conflict. دار s. m. Agreement, stipulation, adjustment of a dispute.

P. J. O • dārā, n. prop. Darius: holder, possessor, sovereign, king, God.

رايگان dārā, adj. (dakh.) See رايگان

P. اراب dārāb, n. prop. Darius.

P. دارائی dārā'ī, adj. Of Darius; s. f. Red silk cloth.

P. كار چينى dār-chīnī, (दाह Wood, and चीनीय Belonging to China) s. f. Cinnamon: or (dakh.) bark of the Laurus cassia.

H. ماروت dārā, s. f. 1. Spirituous liquor, wine, drink. 2. Gunpowder. (باروت)

دارو . Application of medicine, drug دارو . Application of medicine, medicine. Remedy, cure. (علج)

of an office, a superintendent, an inspector of police, manager, director, intendent, overseer. [having, holding.

P. داری dār-ī, s. f. in compos. The

two abodes, namely this world and the next. The present and future life.

slave or servant. Follower, disciple. (Coupled with the name of some deity, this word is borne as a name by men of the baniyā caste, by bairāgī faqīrs, &c.:). داسی s. f. A slave girl. A maid-servant.

P. Lul J dās, s. m. A sickle, a scythe.

H. 나나 dāsā, s. m. (문격진 a flat stone)

1. A piece of wood sticking out from a wall to support the thatch (or chhappar). 2. (김정) A reaping-hook.

P. استان dāstān, s. f. A story, fable, tale. [player, actor.

ع. كأسرى dās-rī, s. (dakh.) A (stage)

P. الشتى dāsht, (داشتى) s. f. 1.

Bringing up, breeding, taking care of, keeping, care, patronage. 2. Service.

1. A well-wisher, one who prays for the welfare of another. 2. A plaintiff, claimant. 3. One who instigates another to any thing, instigator, author, cause.

A. مردی  $d\tilde{a}'iya$ , (حد) s. m. Petition, plaint, desire, wish. A claim.

P. さし dāgh, 1. s. m. Spot, stain, bad name, mark, scar, wound, sore, cicatrix, blemish, freckle, speck, pock, a mark made by burning with a hot iron, brand, stigma, sorrow, grief; loss, cautery. (るでは、 (adjectively) Wounded, cauterized, having many scars. じじ or じゅうし To vilify, to defame. しじ adj. Scarred, cauterized, spotted, marked, streaked. じじ こし 1. To mark by burning with a hot iron, to cauterize, brand, scar. 2. To blemish. じじ さい To be damaged, to get a bad name.

P. H. Lield dāgh-nā, v. a. 1. To cauterize, to mark by burning with a hot iron. 2. To fire (a gun, &c.).

P. داغی طقی کرنا کی dāgh-ī, adj. Spotted, marked, stained. Spoiled. داغی کرنا 1. To stain, spot. 2. To blemish.

A. كانع dāfi\*, (part. act. of دنع) adj. Repelling, repulsing, driving away.

- اللت dāll, (part. act. of دلالت) adj. Indicative, significant, expressive, typical; index.
- r. در دالای dālān, s. m. A hall. در دالای s. m. An outer hall, antichamber. ییش دالای A balcony.
- P. دال چینی dāl-chīnī, s. Cinnamon see دار چینی (snare.
- P. مان dām, s. m. A net, (حال) a
- H. dām, s. m. (英円) 1. Money. The twenty-fifth part of a paisā. 2. Price. Value, rate. (ごよう)・
- A. مان dāma, v. past tense. 3d. pers. sing. mas. (from فال) May (it) be perpetual or endure for ever. مان May his fortune or prosperity continue. May his or their prosperity continue.
- P. كامان dāmād, s. m. (जामाता). A son-in-law, daughter's husband. 2. Bridegroom.
- P. John dāmān, s. m. l. The skirt of a garment, a P. dāman, ) petticoat. 2. Sheet (of a sail on shipboard). The foot or declivity of a mountain. ا دامن یکژنا 1. To be the accuser or plaintiff (of any one). 2. To prevent, oppose. 8. To take protection, to take refuge. اداس بهیلانا To beg, petition, desire. دامن جهازگر أتهنا To rise quickly in displeasure. .... To refuse, to decline جهتک لینا clownishly. المن چهڙانا To escape, get rid of, come off. ادامن گیر 1. Seizing the skirts; attached to, depending on; an adherent, a dependant. 2. Demanding justice; an accuser, a prosecutor.

- Scrap of the shroud kept by relations of the deceased. 2. A saddle-cloth, furniture, housings. 3. An ornament worn on the forehead. 4. Part of a woman's dress, veil, mantle.
- H. دامنی dāmnī, (सीदामिनी) Lightning. (جلی)

- P. دانائی dānā·ī, s. f. Wisdom.

To be the most intimate friend of any one. النت كتكتان v.a. To gnash the teeth. النت كچكچان To grin, to shew the teeth. النت كلي (dakh.) لانت كهتي كرنا To dishearten, to displease. النت كانت كان To teeth, grow (as teeth). النات نكالنا 1. To laugh, to grin. 2. To express or confess inability and helplessness.

- ब्र. دانتا کلکل aāntākilkil, (दन्तिकिल-किला) s. f. Quarrel. (domestic).
- ब دانتی dāntan, s.m. (दंतधावन)

  A tooth-brush made from the branch
  of a tree (nīm or babūl), (مسواک)
- a. كانتى dānt-ī, (दिन्त) s. f. The tooth of a saw, comb or other instrument, cog (of a wheel): a sickle.
- ع. عنا الله dand, s. m. 1. Fine, mulct, punishment, penalty: oppression, injustice, injury. 2. An oar: see
- عند القامينة المختالة المناف المناف
- ع. كاندو dānḍū, s. (dakh.) The bat or stick in the boy's play of cat-and-trap.
- P. كانستى dānist, (دانستى To know)
  s. f. l. Knowledge. (جان) 2. Opinion, view.
- P. دانستگی dānista-gī, s. f. Knowledge.
- P. كانستك dānista, part. pass. Known, knowing. P.P. used adverbially.

  Knowingly (جان بوجه كے)

- P. انستی) s. f. Knowledge, science, learning. [wise,
- P. كأنشمند dānish-mand, adj. Learned,
- P. كانشمندى dānish-mand-ī, s. f. Learning, wisdom. Sagacity.
- A. انتى dānaq or dāniq, s. A weight. the sixth part of a dram or dirham:
- P. فانك dang, s. f. 1. A weight, the fourth part of a dram. 2. The sixth part or the side or quarter (of a city, country, &c.), side.
- P. كانندى dānanda, (دانستى) part.
  Knowing, intelligent, skilled.
- P. الويتان dānw, (Pers. كار) s. m. 1. A stake, bet, hazard, a wager. 2. A throw or cast of the dice. دانو پڙنا To have a good throw.
- s. انو dānav, (दानव from दन् the mother's name) s.m. A demon, Titan, giant. Rākshasa.

- s. انى dānī, (दानी r. दा Give) adj.

  Munificent, liberal, bountiful, charitable, giving.
- as, or dimin. of, دانی Receptacle, stand, place, &c.; as, دانی s.f.
  An oil-pot. 2. (دانی Knowing) Knowledge.
- P. H. الوند dā'o, s. m. (द्वा to cut) 1. A bill or kind of hatchet with a hooked point. A sickle. 2. Vicissitude, turn, opportunity, stake, wager, &c. See H. باندهنا or لاوبدنا \* دانو to wager.
- A. If da'ad, (Heb. Beloved) n. prop. Name of a prophet, David.
- bears a flower like chamomile; a kind of firework like that shrub. 2. A kind of armour. 3. adj. Relating to David, of David.
- P. dāwar, s. m. A sovereign, God.
- P. داوری dāwar-ī, s. f. Sovereignty.
- دانو .Bee H. داول dā'on, s. m. See
- adj. Right (opposite to left hand or side. CAU South or right; because the earth, the navel of which corresponds to Hindustan, has its head to the west, its feet to the east, the right side to the south, and the left to the north; or, perhaps, from the position of eastern people in adoration

of the sun. In Arab. denotes the north or left: and, this agrees with the manner in which the Roman augurs determined the regions of the heavens, according to Livy, I. 18).

P. الله dā'ī, (Pers. الله) s. f. (अपखदा from अपत child, दा to give.)

1. A milk-nurse. 2. A midwife. 3. (dakh.) A maidservant.

- a lady's maid. دائی پلائی s. f. A wet nurse. دائی جنائی s. f. A midwife. دائی کهلائی s. f. A dry nurse.
- A. اگر dā'ir, part. act. (of واگر acing round; in process, of adjudication, pending, agitated (as a suit at law), capable of being agitated, cognizable. واگر و ساگر و
- s. m. 1. A circle, a ring of (persons); circumference, orbit 2. A tambourin. (The largest variety, being from a foot and a half to two feet in diameter, played on with a stick). 3. A monastery.
- A. مان المرف المرف المرف الكراك الكر
- A. P. دانمی dā'im-i, 1. adj. Perpetual, continual, lasting, standing. 2. s. f. Perpetuity, eternity. [and left.
- ع. دائيس بائيس dā'en bā'en, On the right
- P. عال dāya, s. f. A nurse, a midwife.
- tution, condition, custom, manner, property, quality. 2. (Heb.) A bear. The constellation of the bear.

  The lesser bear.
  - The greater bear. 3. (met.) A fool.
- A. دباغ dabbāgh, (adj. superl. of دباغ He tanned) s. m. A currier, a tanner,
- A. دباغت dibāghat, s. f. The art of tanning. دباغه A tannery, tan-yard.

- H. じい dabānā, (ス円) (caus. of いい)

  v. a. 1. To press down. 2. To snub, chide, keep under, check, curb, restrain, repress, awe, depress, compress, suppress. いい To encroach upon.

  しいしい 1. To overcome, get the better of. 2. To crush to death.
- H. נולט) s. m. Strength, authority, pressure, crush, suppression, depression, cavity, resignation, submissiveness. Influence (נוֹשִי)
- A. دبدنه dabdaba, s. m. 1. Noise, sound, din. 2. (نبد walked leisurely.)
  Dignity, state, pomp, parade.
- إ. المنى dubdhā, (द्वेबिध्य, द्वेधक) s. f.
  Doubt, suspense, uncertainty, dilemma.
- A. دبر dubur, (from Heb. To lead: also, to follow, to be behind) s. f. The backside, posteriors, podex.
- P. دبر dabz, adj. Thick.
- P. دبیر dabistān, (contract. of استار Place) s. m. A school.
- H. UKI dabkānā, (causal of UKI) v.a.

  1. To snub, check, chide, threaten, awe, daunt, browbeat, cow, intimidate.

  2. To conceal, hide.
- H. الجهنا dabaknā, v. n. l. To crouch, sculk, be awed, lie in ambush, (چهنا) lurk, to set (a dog), twinkle. 2. To hammer, beat (wire).
- H. دبكى dabkī, s. f. Ambush, crouching. دبكى مارنا To lie in ambush.
- H. مبکیل dabkel adj. Sculking, sculker. adj. Sculker.
- ब्र. البنائ dublā, (दुवेल) adj. Thin, (اپتلا) lean, poor, meager; weak. انبان or لبلايا s. m. Leanness.
- H. Lie dabnā, v. n. (石田) 1. To be snubbed, to crouch, shrink, be pressed down, be bowed down, give way, to be awed. 2. To be concealed. 3. To

- H. كننگ dabang, a d j. Ill-bred, brutish, bar-barous, foolish, dolt, lout.
- H. كبوچنا dabochnā, v. a. 1. To conceal, to hide (generally, furtively). 2. To strangle, seize by the throat.
- א. לאָנע dabūr, (טִּאָן) s. f. Zephyr, west wind. [bin of a ship, stern.
- P. كبوسا dabūsā, (دبوسة) s. m. The ca-
- P. منبر dabīr, s. m. A writer, a se-
- P. دبين dabīz, adj. Thick, strong (cloth, etc.) [rich silk cloth.
- A. دبیقی dabīqī, s. A kind of very
- H. دبیل dabel, (الابان) s. m. Subject, person under dominion. [gallop.
- H. دپتا dapaṭ, (نیتا) s. f. Course,
- H. دپتنا dapṭānā, (cans. of دپتنانا)
  v. a. To gallop.
- H. كيتنا dapaṭnā, l. v. n. To gallop, to rush. 2. v. a. To rebuke, to reprimand.
- g. ा dut, l. (दूर or दुर्) interj.

  Away! begone! avaunt! 2. or duti
  (द्वित) s. f. Splendour, light, beauty
  3. Spite, malice.
- away scornfully. 2. (see الاهال عنا المناه عنه dut-tā denā, v. a. 1. To drive away scornfully. 2. (see الاهال عنه المناه المناه
- ع. نارنا dut-kārnā, v. a. To reprove.
- H. W. daţnā, v. n. Tostop, to be confronted.

- A. Jis digar, s. An upper garments.

  (The word is used in opposition to and like the latter sometimes in composition to denote habit, custom, &c.).
- A. الجل dajjāl, (المجل Chald. He lied, put on a false appearance) l. Liar, impostor. 2. Antichrist. A one eyed man.
- A. ماجال dijla or dajla, s. m. 1. The river Tigris. 2. A lake.
- A. الخان dukhān, s. m. Smoke. Tobacco.
- الخاني dukhān-i, adj. Smoky.
- دختر du<u>kt</u>t, s.f. See دخت نخت رز s.f. Wine.
- P. دختر dukhtar, (दुहितृ) s. f. A daughter, (الزكى) a girl, (لزكى) a virgin. دختررز s. f. (Daughter of the vine) Wine, a grape.
- P. Last dakhma, s. 1. A vault or tomb for the dead, a coffin. 2. The house for the reception of the dead among the Gabrs or fire-worshippers. 3. A thing the camel protrudes from the mouth when in heat.
- A. كخول dukhūl, s. Entering, commencing. The consummation of marriage, the positive act of sexual intercourse. Entrance, access. Income.
- A. كذيل dakhil, (لخل) 1. adj. Intimate, familiar. 2. Admitted, allowed entrance; adopted (a word); in possession (of land, &c.). 3. s. m. A friend, a confidant, an accomplice.
- P. 22 dad, s. A beast of prey, a forest full of game.

- P. T. しひ dadā, (Pers. しし) or Turk.
- H. Ul Conductiona, v. (dakh.) To swell.
- B. של dadorā, B m. A bump (occasioned by the bite of an insect).

  (See نارانا)
- ह. الحقال duddhī, الإقامات s. f.

  Name of a medicinal herb.
- عدل على dudhail. (دولهر) adj. f. Milch, giving milk animal.
- H. g. JUDD dadiyāl, (IND Grandfather, and 제한리 House) s. m. Descent (by ancestors), pedigree, ancestors, paternal grandfather's family.
- TEL. کا diḍḍī, s. f. (dakh.) Door (small), wicket. ¶ doḍḍī, s. f. (dakh.) A place for the sale of wood or for tying up a buffalo.
- P. الم dar, (علل 1. s.m. A door.

  From door to door. الربدر

  v. n. l. To enter, come in, engage
  (in), arrive, penetrate. 2. (for Pers.

  المربدد المدال المد
- H. と dar, s. m. (そ to honor) Price: a
- A. الموقى durr, (Heb.) s. m. A pearl. (موقى)

  (In Pers. and Hind. dur).

  Scattering pearls; eloquent. عربار

  Raining pearls. دربار (Shedding pearls) adj. Eloquent. عربین s. f. Eloquence.

- P. g. کر dur, (contract. of Pers. کرو (दूर) interj. Avaunt! Stand off!
- P. درآمد) dar, prep. In, at, on, into.

  (درآمد) s. f. Coming in, ingress.

  2. Import, الريرك adj. Behind the screen, private (پوشيده) عطريي (پوشيده).

  adv. In the pursuit of. درپيش (بازآنا) درپيش).
- P. Jo darā, s. f. A bell.
- A. راج durrāj, (from درج) s. m. A partridge.
- A. مراج darrāj, s. A hedge-hog.
- P. دراز darāz, adj. Long, tall. دراز s. f. Oppression.
- P. گرازی darāz-ī, s. f. Length, extension. [standing.
- A. های darrāka, s. m. The under-
- entrance, access, arrival, receipt: an account of fees paid for serving processes: the return of a process.
- H. U. darrānā, adj. Going straight and quickly, without fear or delay, straight forwards.
- ब. درانتی darāntī, (r. ट्रू Divide, tear) s. f. (दात्र) A sickle.
- a tribe of Pathans, inhabiting the country about Kandhar. They are said to have got this name from wearing pearls in the ear. They are also called Abdalis.
- P. درائی darā'ī, s. f. 1. A bell. 2. (in compos. from درامدن To enter, or from درامدن To talk, to vociferate)
  Entering, conversation, talking, beginning of a discourse. هرزه درائی s. f. Talking nonsanse, chattering.

- P. درباب darbāb, Prep. Respecting, anent. (بابت).
- P. الربار فالله الم darbār, s. m. (الله within, الم darbār, s. m. (الله within, الله a courtyard) House, dwelling, court, hall of audience; the holding of a court, levee. الربار خاص s. m. Private audience. الربار عام s. m. Public audience. الربارى زبان s. f. Court language.
- P. کرباره dar-bara, In respect (of), respecting. [adj. Courtly.
- P. درباری dar-bar-i, s. m. Courtier,
- P. دبان dar-bān, s. m. A doorkeeper, a porter. [bar of a door.
- P. دربند dar-band, s. m. The bolt or
- H. P. L. L. dar-band-ī, s. f. A statement of the different rates of a village: assessing the price or value of crops or produce.
- s. الرين darpaņ, (दर्पण r. द्रप Light) s. m. A mirror, looking-glass.
- P. كربى dar-pai, In the footstep, in pursuit, in prosecution, intent on, following; see under P.
- P. درپیش طون To propose adduce, bring forward. درپیش هونا To be in front or before, to be in hand, be on foot, occur or happen, be on the carpet or anvil, be incumbent or necessary. [before (a court at law).
- P. درپیشی dar-pesh-ī, s. f. The being
- A. durj, s. m. f. A little casket for gems. Placing anything in.
- A. رئی darj, s. m. A closet, a place for writing, or any thing written on, a volume, entry (in a book, &c). کرتا 1. To write, copy, enter, insert, to book, record. 2. To fold.

- A. P. فرجك durj-ak. s. A small casket, a cabinet, box (for jewels).
- s. رجن dar-jan, s. f. Corruption of Eng. dozen.
- A. هجاعت darja, (properly daraja) s. m.

  1. Step, stair, gradation, degree, rank, division (جماعت)، dignity, station.

  2. Act (of a play.) 3. A degree of a circle. 4. Plight (حال). 5. Story, room, compartment. درجه بدرجه بدرجه
- P. A. كرحالتيك dar-ḥālat-e-ki, In case
- P. A. الرحاليك dar-ḥāle-ki, In case that.
- P. كرخت darakht, s. m. A tree.
- P. كرخشان darukhshān, part. Shining, flashing. [ing, splendour.
- P. درخشانی darakhshān-ī, s. f. Shin-
- P. درخشندگی darakhshanda-gi, s. f.
  Splendour, brightness.
- P. الرخشنده darakhshanda,
  (درخشیدی) part. act. Shining.
- To wish, petition) s. f. Application, request, entreaty, tender, offer, proposal, desire, wish, demand, petition, appeal, or petition of appeal. Beg, seek, entreat. درخواست کرنا To beseech &c. [ablc, proper.
- P. كرخور darkhwar, adj. Fit, suit-

- P. J. durd, s. f. Sediment, dregs, lees.
- P. كرى dardā, interj. Alas!
- P. الرفاض dar-dāman, The ornament to the border of a gown or robe.
- H. Job dardarā, (로딘 somewhat, 로장 to bruise) adj. Half-pounded, granulated, coarsely ground.
- P. A. j. darz, s. m. 1. Seam or suture (of a garment, &c.), a crack, a cleft, flaw. 2. A rag, a slip of cloth, a long strip of cloth, a narrow shred.
- P. گرزی darzan, s. f. A needle.
- P. درزی darz-i, (ال وزی) s. m. A tailor
- A. درس لینا dars, (Heb.) s. m. Reading, learning to read, a lecture, teaching, instruction, a lesson. درس لینا To teach to read, to instruct. درس لینا To read a lesson.
- P. الشرك durust, adj. Right, (تهيك fit, proper, just, true, well, safe, sound, entire, straight, correct, accurate. A golden coin. (اشرف)

  To admit, to allow. الرست كهنا To arrange, adjust, put in order, repair, rectify, mend, amend, restore.
- P. درستی durust-agī, s. f. See
- P. كرستى durust-ī, s. f. Rectitude, soundness, propriety, exactness, fitness, justness, reformation, amendment.

- s. س. darsan, (दर्शन r. दश See)
- ع. درسنی darsan-i, (दशनीय) 1. adj.

  Payable at sight (a bill of exchange);
  s f. A bill of exchange payable at sight. 2. Offering, present. 3. adj.

  Handsome (اديدارو), sightly.
- A. P. درسی dars.ī, adj. Relating to reading or study.
- P. رشت durusht, adj. Rough, hard, stiff, rigid, stern, morose, surly, oppressive, fierce, harsh.
- P. درشتی durusht-ī, s. f. Roughness, severity, asperity, violence.
- 8. درسی darshan, s. m. See درشی
- of shoemakers, &c., an awl. 2. A flag or banner raised on the day of battle 3. Lightning: splendour, any thing splendid or shining. 4. A sash which on the day of battle they wind round the turban and helmet. [splendid.
- P كرفشان darafshān, part. Shining,
- P. درفشانی dur-fishān-ī, s. f. Scattering of pearls; eloquence.
- مرک dark, s. m. Comprehending, understanding, preception, knowledge.
- P. كار dar-kār, adj. (ن in, كار in, كار work.)

  Necessary, wanting. (نچانجا)
- н. الركانا darkānā, (causal of الركانا) v. a.
  To cause to crack or split.
- ال. نرکنا daraknā, v. n. l. To split, rend (قترکنا), be torn, crack. 2. To palpitate, beat.
- apart, out of the way, (put it) aside.
- difficulty, and part. of r. TH Go. Difficult of passage). 1. adj. Impenetrable, impassable inaccessible. 2. s. m. A strong fort.

- s. Jodurgā, (द्वा) s.f. l. One of the names of Bhawānī. 2. (met.) A word. 3. Name of a Hindū book containing the narration of the goddess Durgā.
- royal court. 2. Threshold, door. 3. A mosque, a shrine or the tomb of some reputed saint.
- P. ع. کذر کزا کا dar-gugar karnā, v. s.

  To pass over, to neglect, to excuse, to overlook, to forgive.
- decline, to leave off, to abstain or refrain (from), to pass by or over.
- P. کره diram, s. m. Money: see
- P. درمان darmān, s. m. Medicine, remedy (علاح)
- P. درماندی dar-mānda-gī, (درماندی)
  s. f. Misery, distress, penury.
- P. درمانده darmanda, (part. pass. of darmanda, (part. pass. of adj. Helpless, destitute, without remedy.
- P. lale, o dar-māh-ā, s. m. Monthly wages, salary,
- P. ماهم فرماهم. ) pay. (النخوالا) عبر النخوالا).
- P. درمان darman, (contract. of درمان)

  8. m. Drug, remedy, medicine.
- val, middle, midst. 2. adv. postpos. or prepos. In the midst (بيع) between, before, in view.
- P. كال الميانة dar-miyān-a, P. ميانة dar-miyān-e, In the middle, between.
- P. كرميانى darmiyān-ī, 1. adj. Midmost. 2. s. m. A mediator. 3. An interpreter. (مُترجم)
- P. عنى darand, part. act. (of Coff وريدن Tear-P. عنى daranda, ing; (adjec-
- P. Solid daranda, ing; (adjectively) Rapacious, fierce, ravenous; (subst.) Ravenous beast, beast of prey.

P. Cidinang, s. m. Delay, hesitation. [diness, delay.

P. دنگی dirang-ī, s. f. Lateness, tar-

P. J. dirau, s. m. Reaping, harvest, cutting corn at harvest.

P. کروازه مین darwāza, s. m. Door. (در) که مینا که تهوکنا To knock at the door. این تهوکنا Implies a door's being built up with bricks and mortar.

الروبست. dar-o-bast, adj. Whole, all, entire.

P. كروك durād, s. f. m. Congratulation. benediction, salutation, blessing, thanksgiving. كروك بهيجنا To bless,

P. کرودگر darod-gar or durod- or dirād-gar, (کروک Wood, plank, and گروک Maker) s. m. A carpenter.

P. فروغ كروغ الله darogh, s. m. 1. A lie, false. hood. (جهوت على على) 2. adj. False. كروغ كو على s. m. A liar. دروغ كوئى s. f. Lying, false speaking.

P. كرون darūn, 1. adv. In, within. 2.
s. m. Interior. 3. The heart, bowels.

P. كرونك darūna, s. m. The heart, core, inside.

P. كرويزة darweza, (from كرويزة Door, and Search, a searcher) s. m. Beggary.

P. درویش darwesh, s. m. A dervis, a beggar.

P. & J. darra, s. m. A valley (especially between hills through which a stream flows), a pass or way between two mountains.

A. 8,3 dirra, s. m. A scourge.

P. كرهم المرهم adj. Confused, angry, higgledy- piggledy. مرهم برهم برهم كرنا To confused. كرهم برهم كرنا To confused, confound, jumble.

Money. 2. A silver coin, of which from 20 to 25 have at different times passed current for a dinār, which latter is nearly equal to a ducat, or sequin, about 9 shillings. 3. Name of a weight (the word dram being apparently

hence derived). Pl. مراهم

P. گرهمی dar-ham-i, s. f. Confusion disorder.

P. دری dari, s. f. 1. A small carpet (of cotton) (شطرنجی) 2. A dialect of the Persian language, the origin and peculiarities of which are variously defined by Persian lexicographers. Some allege its distinctive mark to be when the form of the word is complete, without contraction; as bugo, ishkam, Dari; go and shikam, Pārsī. Others make it the dialect of a certain district, comprehending Balkh, Bukhārā, Badakhshān, Marū-Shāh-Jahān, and Bāmiyān. The name is by some said to be derived from dara, a valley among hills; which corresponds with its origin in Badakhshān and the mountainous parts of Kandhar. Others assert that it was spoken at the court of the monarchs of the Kaianian dynasty, and derive the name from dar a gate or dargah a court. 3. (from

الريكي) in compos. s. f. Rending, tearing. [the waters.

P. دريا daryā, s. m. f. The sea, a river,

Do good and throw it in the river. (Expect not good in return).

دریا کو کوزے میں بند کرنا

v. n. lit. to put the ocean into a goblet.

l. To say much in a few words; to be laconic, concise, or comprehensive.

To attempt impossibilities.

s. f. (lit.) Sea-like expansion of heart; generosity, great liberality.

Spume, froth of the sea; the bone of the cuttle fish.

r. دريا برآر daryā-bar-ār,

P. الريا برآمد daryā-bar-āmad, ∫
luvion: lands reclaimed from a river.

- P. كريا برك daryā-burd, s. Lands cut away by encroachments of a river.
- P. دریافتی daryāft, (دریافتی) s. f. Conceiving, understanding, comprehension, discovery, finding out, enquiry, reference. (پوچه), investigation. دریافت کرنا To conceive, understand, comprehend, discover, perceive, find out; detect. دریافت هونا To be discovered.
- P. كريائى daryā-ī, adj. Of the sea or river, aquatic, marine, maritime; s. A kind of silk cloth. Satin.
- الريباً. الله darebā, s. m. A stall (in a market) where betel is sold.
- P. Asindow, casement.
- P. کریدی darīda, part. pass. (of کریدی ) Torn. کریده دهی adj. Plain-spoken, saying whatever comes uppermost.
- row, repugnance, disinclination. 2. interj. Alas! دریخ کرنا To withhold, to grudge, to think much.
- P. لغي م direghā, interj. Alas!
- P. كرين darin, In this.
- P. كريوزه daryūza, s. m. Begging.
- ع. التاريخ darār, s. Fissure, chasm.
- H. كركنا daṛaknā, v. n. 1. To split: 2.

  To gormandise. see دركنا
- H. درگی duṛkī, s.f. (dakh.) Trot: see
- ತಿ. الريزا darerā, (೯೪) s. m. Impetu-

- P. J.J duzd, s. m. A thief, a robber.
- P. كزى duzd-ī, s. f. Theft, robbery.
- P. さいこうこう duzdīda, part. pass. (of こうにょうこう) Stolen.
- s. سى das, (दशन्) adj. Ten.
- 8. سن dis, दिश ) 8. f. Side, quarter, point (of the s. الله disā, (दिशा) ) compass).

  To travel.
- s. كساسول disā-sāl, s. m. The quarter towards which it is deemed unlucky to travel on particular days.
- B. disāvar, s. m. (देशापर from देश country, अपर other). 1. A foreign country. 2. A place of importation to or exportation from. 3. Imports. كساورى adj. Of or belonging to a foreign country.
- P. **(表表)** 1. Hand, cnbit. 2. Stool, purge, evacuation. 3. Suit (of armour or clothes): any thing complete (as a house with its offices). مست اموز adj. 1. Tame, familiarized, tractable. 2. Skilful, dexterous. انداز ۱. adj. Intermeddling, interfering; s. he who commences a business. 2. An oppressor, a plunderer. دست اندازی s. f. Putting the hand (to any thing); interference, meddling with. Purgative (as a medicine), cathartic. ه هست آوينر s. f. man takes with him as the means of promoting his suit: what a man gets into his hand and depends on: a small present which may be given into the hands of a person whose favour is sought: a signature, a note of hand, bond, title-deed, certificate, charter, &c. (Arab. plur. ستاويزات Bonds, ال ست بدست ال Hand in

hand, from hand to hand, quick, ex-

editious. 2. Ready-money purchase. علام برك s.m. Superiority, advantage, victory.). بردار To leave off, desert, resign, desist, abstain, cease, relinquish, retire, decline. كست adj. With close hands (in token of respect) wrapped up. نبن s. m. A string of pearls or precious stones with which women adorn their hands. یداه s. m. Tongs. مناه s. m. 1. Signature. 2. A manuscript, chirography. دستخط کرنا To sign. الستخطى adj. In manuscript, written with one's own hand, s. f. Oppression. دسترس 1. adj. Come to hand, obtained. 2. s. f. Ability, power, means, facility, dexterity, skill, acquisition, attainment. ه رسی s. f. Ability. افش سسی adj. Epithet of a physician who is successful in restoring his patience to health. دست قدرت s.f. Power, ability, strength. دستگار 1. s. m. A handicraftsman, manufacturer, artist. 2. adj. Dexterous, adroit. دستگاری s. f. Haudicraft, manufacture, operation (in surgery). انست کیر ا Taking by the hand; aider, patron, saint. 2. adj. Laying hands on, made prisoner. دستگیری s. f. Taking or seizing by the hand; aid, help, friendship. الست مال s. m. A handkerchief, towel, napkin. -Regard) دست نگران ۵۳ دست نگر ing the hand) adj. Needy, wanting. To engage دست و گریبان هونا in combat. باب عادى Attainable, procurable.

- P. دیگزی dastār, s. f. A turban. (پگزی A servant whose business it is to make up the turban. دستار s. m. A tablecloth.
- or, for Limil 1. The name of the father of Rustam. 2. The stratagem, deceit. 3. A song. 4. A sound, voice. 5. Romance, story.
- P. Liud dastāna, s. m. A glove, a gauntlet. (The gloves are of leather, cloth, &c. and are of the form used in England for children, having a receptacle for the thumb, but the fingers are all contained in the same bag).
- P. دستر dastar, s. Tablecloth: see (tablecloth)
- P. دستر خوان dastar-khwan, s. m. A
- P. المنتك dastak, s. f. 1. Clapping of the hands, rapping or knocking at a door. 2. A pass, passport, summons, citation, warrant. 3. Commission. المنتك To knock or rap at a door, to clap the hands. [means.]
- P. dast-gāh, s. f. Power, ability,
- A. P. التراك) fashion, usage, mode, manner. 2. A minister, senator. 3. Model, regulation. 4. A district, an aggregate of parganas. الستر العمل s. m. A rule, regulation, a body of instructions and tables for the use of revenue officers under the native government. Arab. plur.
- e. المتورى dastār-ī, 1. s. f. Perquisites paid to servants by one who sells to their master. 2. Leave, license, congé. 3. adj. Customary, ordinary.
- P. Lind dasta, s. m. 1. A handle, hilt.

  2. A pestle. 3. A quire of paper. 4.

  A bundle consisting of twenty-four arrows. 5. A handful. 6. A skein of thread. 7. A division of an army, a brigade, squadron. 8. A nosegy, a

bouquet. 9. A flower bed. دسته دار s. m. Commander of a dasta, a brigadier.

- P. ناتی dast-i, s. f. A torch or link that is carried in the hands. adj. Of or from the hand, manual; s. f. (dakh.)

  1. Glove. 2. A present given to native officials at the dasahrā. 8. A hand-trick in wrestling.

  (الستياب adj. Attained, reached (ايان))
- P. دستيار dast-yār, s. m. Aider, assistant.
- 8. كسرته dasarath, (ইরাখ) n. prop.

  Name of an ancient Rājā, father of Rāma.

  (Tenth.
- s. كسم dasama or dasam, (दशम) ad j.
- s. السمى dasami, (दशमी) s. f. The tenth day of the lunar fortnight.
- g. Lime disnā, (r. 문진 See) v. n. To appear, be seen, to seem.
- ब्र. السواري das-wāń, (दशम) adj. Tenth.
- H. دسوندهي dasaundhī, s. m. (दशाब्द)
  Panegyrist, a bard.
- s. dasahrā or das'harā, (दशहरा comp. of दश Ten, and noun from r.

Seize, take) s. m. 1. The tenth of Jeth shukl paksh, which is the birthday of Gangā. Whoever bathes in the Gangā on that day, is purified from ten sorts of sins. 2. The tenth of Asin shukl paksh, on which, after the worship and religious ceremonies performed during nine nights mavarātri) they throw the images of On this day Devi into the river. Rāma marched against Rāvaņa; for which reason it is called vijai dasamī (see under کفی). This day is celebrated with great pomp by Hindū princes: the weapons and instruments of war are hallowed: and, if war be intended, the campaign is then opened.

- ع. الشاء du-shāl-ā, على du-shāl-ā, على الشاء du-shāl-a, shawls.
- P. نشک dasht, s. m. A desert, a forest. کشت کرد or کشت کرد A traveller of deserts. کشت گردی s. f. The travelling or wandering over deserts. [wild, savage.
- P. مشتی dasht-ī, adj. Of the forest
- P. كشمى dushman, (दुमेना:, दुष्ट Wicked, and मन: Mind) s. m. f. An enemy (بيرى) خانى المنافي في طفعال في طفعال في طفعال في المنافي في المنافي في المنافية في ا
- P. کشمنی dushman-i, s. f. Hatred, detestation, enmity.
- P. dushnām, (夏夏 Bad, 司田 Name) s. m. Abuse, scurrility.
- P. Lims dashna, s. m. A poniard.
- P. J. dushwār,adj. Difficult, arduous.
- P. د شواری dushwār-ī, s. f. Difficulty
- A. لوع du'ā, s. f. l. (عدا prayed)

  Benediction, blessing, salutation, congratulation, prayer, wish, invocation, imprecation. 2. A text from the Qurān. (Plur. عادنی)

  Or مانکنی To wish for, to pray.

  One who blesses or prays, blesser, a well-wisher, a friend.

  العادی s. f. Benediction, blessing.
- A. كائيك du'ā'iya, adj. Benedictory.

- A. عوات da wāt, s. plur. (of عوات Benedictions, invitations, feasts.
- 1. Invitation, convocation, benediction, exorcism. 2. Pressing people to become Musalmāns. 3. Pretension. 4. A feast, banquet.
- A. الاعوى da²wā, s. m. 1. A lawsuit. 2. Claim, pretension, plaint, accusation, action at law. الاعوى الما A plaintiff a claimant, pretender. الاعوى كرنا To claim, make claim on, accuse.
- P. اذا daghā, s. f. Deceit, imposture, treachery, cheat. الفاباز Deceitful, cheat, knave, impostor, betrayer traitor. الفابازي s. f. Cheating, foul play. الفاديني To deceive, impose on. الفاكرني To act deceitfully or treacherously. الفاكهاني To be deceived, &c.
- A. LÉJÉJ daghdaghā, s. m. Alarm, mental disturbance, tumult, fear, dread, awe.
- A. or P. الفل daghal, 1. s. m. Vice, corruption, depravity. 2. Luxuriant and entangled herbage. 3. An impostor, a villain, a pickpocket. 4. adj. False, deceitful. 5. Base (as coin). الفل على على على Treachery, deceit, depravity.
- P. H. Lied daghnā, (Eld) v. n. 1. To be fired off (as, a gun). 2. To be marked.
- P. A. H. كنيك daghīlā, adj. 1. (داغ)
  Stained, spotted. 2. (دغل) Deceitful.
- P. نف daf, (Arab. النف) A sort of bass tambourin, played on with a stick.
- P. H. دفالی daf-ālī, s. m. He whose business it is to play on the tambourin.
- A. نائی dafā'in, s. plur. (of دنینه)
  Hidden or buried treasures.

- P. كفتر daftar, s. m. A book, a large volume, journal, record, register, account-book, archives, roll, an office. A long story or report. دفتر خانه s. m. An office, counting-house, archives. (Arab. plur.
- P. Did daftar-i, s.m. A man employed in preparing and taking care of articles of stationery, and in ruling or binding sheets of paper, mending pens, and preparing envelopes, etc. for official purposes.
- A. نتين daftin, s. f. The boards of the binding of a book, pasteboard.
- A. فعن daf, (Heb.) 1. s. m. Repulsion, averting, preventing, warding off. 2. (for هنگ) s. f. A time, a turn. لنع كرنا To repel, dispel, remove. لنع هونا To be turned back to return, defeated etc.
- A. عالعن daf'at, s. plur. of هنات
- adv. Often, all at once, at one time.

  At one stroke. Suddenly (احانجك)
- A. كنعيك dafiya, s. m. Repulsion,
- P. dafla, s. m. A smaller tambourin.
- A. دنی dafn, s. m. (الفن hid, interred.) Burial, interment, hiding, concealing. دفن هونا To bury. دفن کرنا To be buried.
- A. H. كفنانا dafnānā, (دفن) v. a. To
- A. Liuid dafina, s. m. Buried or hidden treasure, hoard.
- A. كن diqq, (كن become thin). (Heb. and Chald.) s. m. (تب دن) 1.

  Hectic or chronic fever. 2. Teasing,

trouble, difficulty, &o. See دقت کرنا To perplex, plague, annoy. دق هونا To be irritated, &c.

- 1. Subtleties. 2. Difficulties. 3. Flour, meal. 4. Minutes, moments. 5. Minutiæ. 6. Small things.
- difficulty, uneasiness, diligence. 2. Industry, accuracy. 3. A subtile or minute thing. 4. A delicate affair.
- A. دقیق daqiq, (دق) 1. adj. Difficult, 2. Fine, minute. 3. s. m. Flour, meal.
- A. كانتها daqiqa, s.m. 1. A minute, a moment of time. 2. Any thing small, a particle, a subtle question, a nice point, a trifling business.
- ع. مالان dukāl, (दुर् Bad, and नाल Season) s. m. (dakh.) Famine: see
- P. دکان dukān (or Arab. dukkān) B. f.
  A shop. See دوکان (Arab. plur.
- s. دکیال dik-pāl, (दिक् Region, and A guardian पार Preserver) s. m. (दिश dis) deity of one of the ten regions or points (of the compass: i. e. ब्रह्म Brahmā, for upwards; Ananta, for downwards; ইন্দ্র Indra for east; आंत्र Agni, for southeast; Yama, for south; वर्ण Nairrita, for southwest; Varuna, for west; वाय् प्वन Pavana, for northwest; क्वर Kuvera, for north; इशान Isana or হাব Siva, for northeast).

- s. بان dukh, (दाव r. दाव Afflict)
  s. m. 1. Pain, grief, affliction, suffer
  (اپیتا) 2. Labour, fatigue. 3. Annoyo
  ance, distress. الكه بهرنا To labour,
  to suffer, distress or trouble. الكه بانا
  To be afflicted.
- a. الكهان dukhānā, (caus. of كهان) v. a.
  To inflict pain, to torment, to grieve.
- ब الكهان dikhānā, (हिष्टि sight) (causal of الايكهان) v.a. To cause to see, to shew, expose. [show.
- ع. عامل dikhā'o, (كهانا) s. m. Display,
- ق. عن dikhā'ū, (from كهائي) adj.

  Comely. Exposed to view.
- ي. د کهائی ه. f. Shew. او کهائی s. f. Shewing, display, appearance. د کهائی د To appear. [tunes, calamities.
- এ ডিওও dukhṛā, (বু:ख) s. m. Misfor-
- ع. نیکهان dikhlānā, (caus. of نیکهان v. a. To shew, exhibit, denote, direct. نیکهانی دینا To appear.
- ع. المكالم dikhlāwā, (from المكالم) s. m.
  1. Show, pageantry. 2. A guide.
- ع. كهائى dikhlä'i, s. f. See كهالكي
- ड. گهی dakhan or dakkhan, (दिश्चिण) s. m. South (جنوب) the southern part of India.
- s. 以此 dakhnā or dakkhinā, (民籍可) 1. adj. Southern. 2. s. f. Southerly wind. [ache, to pain, to smart.
- इ. Ligs dukhnā, (दु:खन) v. n. To
- ع کهنایی dakkhiṇāyan, (दिक्षणायन)
  - s. m. Southing. (दक्षिणायनस्य्ये) The winter solstice, sun's southing, the period of the sun's being in the southern hemisphere, southern declination.
- g. كهنى dakhn-i, (दक्षिण) adj. Southern (generally, things or persons from the south).

- s. کهی dukh-ī, (दु:खो) adj. Afflicted, in distress or pain.
- ब ليني dukh-iyā, (दु:खी) adj. In distress or pain, unfortunate.
- ع. الكهيارا dukh-iyārā, adj. Sorrowful.
- ع. کهیاری dukh-iyārī, adj. Afflicted.
- r. Lill du-gāna, s. m. 1. Two prostrations at prayer. 2. (in the dialect of women) Two intimate female friends, sworn sisters. 3 adj. See
- ब्र. एउए dagdagā, adj. (दाध burn)
- gleam, twinkle, shine.

  عد كدكانا dagdagānā, v. n. To glow,
- ع. ما الككاف dagdagāhaṭ, (from كككافانا) s.f. Splendour, sparkling, twinkling (as, of a star).
- P. دیگر digar, adj. See کیک Another, other. مازگون adj. Of another complexion or colour; altered, changed.
- H. L'S daglā, s. m. A kind of quilted vest worn as armour.
- inflect. of दिश Space, and अंबर Clothing). One whose only garment is the atmosphere. An epithet of Siva, or Durga. 1. adj. Naked. 2. s. m. An order of Hindu ascetics, who go naked: they are worshippers of Siva. 3. A Buddhist mendicant, going naked or wearing coloured clothes.
- हें مُرَى augan, (द्विगुण) adj. Two-fold, double, twice.
- ع. كان dugnā, adj. See دگنا
- P. كان dil, s. m. Heart mind, soul.

  (حجى) كان O heart! كان adj. 1.

  Beloved. 2. An epithet of a sweetheart. المان (lit. Heart-easing)

  B. m. A sweetheart. عان adj.

  Heart-tormenting, vexing, cruel;

  B. m. f. A sweetheart. كان آزارى

  B. f. Torment of the heart, anxiety,

trouble. will s. m. Comfort, soothing, encouragement, consolation. 13 adj. Heart-broken, pensive, melancholy. دلاويز adj. Heart-suspending, heart-ravishing, heart-delighting, transporting, charming, engaging. Heart-ravisher, lovely, attractive, beloved; a sweetheart. دلبری s. f. Heart-ravishing, loveliness, comfort, pacification. عن المراهات v. a. to hearten, encourage. رل بستگی s. f. Affliction or anguish of mind, attachment. دل بسته (Heart-bound) afflicted, attached, enamoured. عنان adj. Attractive, heart-stealing; (met.) A son: see, also, ال v. a. To amuse, to divert. يذير adj. Grateful to the soul, pleasant, delightful, amiable, approved. دل يسند adj. Satisfactory to the mind, plausible, agreeable, desirable. اللهيرنا To disincline. دل تنگ adj. Distressed, mournful, sad. ال تنكى s. f. Distress. دل توڙنا To disappoint, mortify. ال جلنا The heart to be warmed, moved or affected. s. f. Ease of mind, confidence (اطمينان)، content. جو a d j. Heart-seeking, studious of pleasing, grateful. دل جوئي s. f. to gain the heart, attention. انا جرانا 1. To steal the heart of any one. 2. To abstain from any thing, to be deterred and desist from an enterprise. پسپ کا (الله and part. act. of چسپیدی To incline, to have a propensity) adj. Beloved, delightful, نال چىسىي. interesting, charming.

s.f. Delightfulness. كل حِل or Ladj. 1. Brave, generous, en-دل خوالا Persevering. عوالا 1. s. m. Heart's desire, affection-2. adj. Beloved, desiring, in love. adj. Contented, cheerful. צטוט adj. One who has given his heart. ال دار adj. Possessing or delighting the heart, charming, having heart. s. m. f. A lover, a mistress, a sweet-heart; دل داری s.f. Blandishment, kindness, consolation, encouragement. دل دهي s. f. Heartgiving, alacrity. دل ديكهنا To atudy one's temper. کل دینا To lose one's heart, be in love. נע, וו Heart-ravishing; bewitching alluring; s. m. A sweetheart, charmer. دل ربائی s. f. Heart-stealing. كل ركهنا (dakh.) To apply the mind; to conciliate, encourage, comfort. دل ریش adj. Wounded to the heart, afflicted. adj. Heart-alluring, beautiful. كل سرك adj. Cold-hearted, indifferent, averse. كل سوخته (burnt to the heart) adj. Afflicted. دل سوز 1. adj. Inflaming the heart, beloved, affecting, moving, pathetic, passionate, ardent, fervent. 2. s. f. m. A mistress, a friend. دل سوزى s. f. Heartburning; affection, sympathy. کل شاد دل شکسته Glad, cheerful. comfortless. Broken-hearted, adj. ن فروز Heart-enlightening; delightful, refreshing. فريب adj. Heart-alluring, beautiful, enticing. ا دل نگار 1. adj. Melancholy. 2. An epithet of a sweetheart. K 13 

to renew a half-forgotten grief. adj. Heart-attracting, allaring, chosen, approved of, beloved, lovely, pleasant. الى كشا adj. Heartexpanding, delightful, charming, blissful. كداز adj. Heart-dissolving. دلگیر Occupying or captivating the heart, oppressed in mind, melancholic (آداس) عيرى دل گيرى Melancholy. US JS To apply the سنام بنا گنا .mind, to intend, to affect To apply to, to be attentive. , كل لكى s. f. Application of mind, diligence, diversion, attachment, inclination. To put in one's mind دل میں ڈالنا (spoken of God), to inspire. دل مين To obtain a place in one's heart; to possess one's heart. To contract intimate friendship. دلنشير، adj. Heartresiding, impressed on the mind, constant thought; grateful to the mind. عل نواز adj. 1. Soothing the mind conciliating, beloved. 2. An epithet of a sweetheart. دل نوازی s. f. Blandishment. دل و جان Heart and دل و جاں سے soul; tooth and nail. adv. With heart and soul, heartily, على و دماغ s. m. Ambition, pride, v.n. دل هت جانا v.n.

s. Ju dal, (조현 r. 조현 Tear asunder or divide) s. m. 1. A large army. 2. The leaf of a tree. 3. Heap or quantity; thickness. 4. Cubic contents.

على دار adj. Fleshy, thick.

H. Jid dulār, s. m. Love, affection.

B. J. J. dulār-ā, adj. Dear, darling. ¶
s. m. (dakh.) A sort of swing.

- baths that rubs, &c. the bodies of those who bathe, a barber.
- a. الله dallāl, (الله guiding) (adj. superl. from دلالت) s. m. A broker, a salesman. ¶ (dakh.) Appraiser.
- (haughtily or amorously) through half-shut eyes. 2. Looking with affected anger (as, lovers). 3. Cinædus libidine infamis (Qāmūs).
- A. Direction, indication, sign, token, argument, demonstration, proof. 2.

  Brokerage. دلاك كرنا To allude, demonstrate, prove, typify.
- A. دلای dallāl-ī, s. f. 1. Brokerage.
  2. The business of a broker.
- E. UND dilānā, (causal of Lind) v. a. To cause to give, occasion, consign, assign, cause to yield, cause to give up. ¶ dulānā, (दोल्ल) v. a. To agitate, toss, shake.
- P. J. dil-āwar, adj. Brave, intrepid, bold. [boldness.
- P. درى dilāwar-ī, s. f. Bravery,
- s. دلائی du-lā'i, s. f. 1. A certain article or part of dress 2. A quilt, double sheet. [Proofs, arguments.]
- A. كالكل dalā'il, s. plur. (of دليل)
- e. ال بادل dal-bādal, (বল An army, and বাবিৰ A cloud) s. m. 1. A mass of clouds. 2. A large army. 3. A large darbār tent or pavilion.
- H. P. كل بنك dul-band, s. A turban, or the fine cloth of one.
- P. H. دلتی ماری Two, and التی Two, and التی الله A kick) s. f. A kick of the two hind legs of a quadruped. دلتی مارنا
  To wince, kick with the two hind legs.

- H. P. دلدا پیش گیر daldā-pesh-gīr, s. m. A skreen or cover in front of a bed.
- ع. مان dalidr, s.m. (दारिद) Poverty, pauperism. (إنلاس) [needy.
- ع. دلارى dalidrī, adj. A wretched
- A. كال duldul, s. m. The name of Muhammad's mule or of the mule (or horse) of على son-in-law of Muhammad. (It was given to Ali by Muhammad).
- H. ১১১১ daldal, s.f. (ব্লান্তা)
  A quagmire, slough, bog, swamp, mire, mud, marshy land.
- G. كافين dulfin, s. f. A dolphin.
- A. التى dalq, s. m. A mendicant's habit, made of patches and shreds.
- H. دلکی dulkī, s. f. Trot of a horse. v. n. To trot.
- runnet, and formed into a lump; new cheese: ¶ dulma, s. A venomous animal like a spider; tarantula; in
- g. W. dalnā, (বৈতাৰ r. বেজ Divide, tear asunder, split.) v. a. To grind coarsely, to split pulse.
- على عادر عالم dalindar, s. (dakh.) See
- ع. ماندری طulindr-i, adj. (dakh.) See
- A. Jodalv, (Heb.) s. m. (新刊) 1.

  A bucket, an urn. 2. The sign Aquarius. 3. The hopper of a mill.
- - دلی کے دلوالی منه چکنا پیت The inhabitants of Dehli appear to be opulent, when in fact they are starving. (A proverb used to expose

the vanity and indigence prevalent in that city).

এ) v. a. To cause to be coarsely ground. دلوائی s. f. The price paid for bruising pulse.

ع. الاينا dilwānā, (causal of دينا) v.a.
To cause to give or to pay.

H. dulhan or dulhin, s, f. A bride.

H. فكن dillī, s. f. Name of a city, the metropolis of Hindūstān, called also Shāhjahānābād. [the heart.

P. دلى dil-i, adj. Hearty, cordial, of

split) s. m. Half-ground or coarsely pounded grain or meal, split pulse. ¶ A thin kind of rice-milk.

H. P. خني عن dale-panj, A sign of weakness or last stage in a horse.

الير diler, adj. Intropid (بهائر)، daring, animated, presumptuous.

P. فاليرانه diter-ana, adv. Boldly.

P. دليرى diler-i, s. f. Intrepidity, courage, bravery, assurance.

A. دلیل or کا guiding.) s. f. l. Argument, proof, demonstration. 2. A guide, director.

A. الأخويى Heb.) s. m. Blood فرم المائلة الما

P. J dam, s. m. 1. Breath, life. 2. Boasting, pride. 3. Spring, elasticity. 4. Ambition. 5. Cheerfulness. 6. A moment (以) an instant. 7. The stewing over a slow fire. 8. The edge (人なり) (of a sword) or the point (of a spear, &c.). 9. Deceit (され:), coaxing. 10. A draught of water. 以り、v. n. 1. To breathe one's last. 2. To relinquish one's usual bits. り、とり、adv. Continually

successively: adj. Continual الم باز s. m. A wheedler, a deceiver. دم .The last breath باز پسین s. f. Wheedling, artfulness. عود adj. Silent. مبدر adv. Breath by breath, every moment, constantly. الم بهرنا To boast. دم s. m. A stew, a kind of دم پهونکنا .(8ee دم sign. 7) v. n. دم توژنا To breathe, inspire. وه دم تورّ . To breathe one's last رھا ہے تہوڑی دیر کا مہماں ہے دم جهانسا دینا . To die دم توتنا v.a. Cajolery (دهوکا) 1. To trick, delude (دم دينا) deceive. 2. To shuffle, dodge. دم چرانا To feign death. دم چڙهنا v. n. To pant, respire. دم چهوڙنا v.a. To breathe, expire. دم دلاسا s. m. Encouragement, comfort, soothing. الم دينا 1. To wheedle. 2. To leave to simmer or stew. دم روکنا v. a. To suffocate, one's breath, when feigning death; or, as some faqirs do, as religious exercise, for hours together. (See دمساز ۱۰ حبس under دم adj. Concordant, harmonious, agreeing in sentiment, assenting. intimate. 2. A confident, a friend, an intimate. s. f. Concord, harmony. s. m. The edge of a sword. کم قدم s. m. 1 The living

breath and moving power; the animating spirit; mainstay. 2. Existence; life; health and strength.

## Insha says:-

(1) الله كرے سلامت جم جم رهے يہد بيڙا \* ہے جس كے دم قدم سے دنيا كا سب بكهيڙا

God's blessing on him be! may he live on for aye,

Whose breath sustains this house and its prosperity?

دم قدم کی خیر (2) Mendicants. Good fortune attend each breath you draw and every step you take! 1. To blow (as a fire). 2. To blow (as, a conjurer when juggling or exorcising). م کش adj. ing in the breath, breathing, gasping. لام كهانا 1. To be deceived. be silent. 3. To be dressed over a slow fire (a stew, &c.). دم لينا To take breath, rest. الم مارنا (breathstriking) 1. To speak, utter a word دم ناک میں آنا .To boast 1. To be fatigued to death, to be tired to death. 2. To gasp for life. 3. To be much distressed. Usi Lo die. v. n. Not to say a word. To be stewed, to be left on the fire after cooling (as, a pula'o, &c.). P. dum, s. f. 1. Tail, end, extremity.

م فاع الماغ الماغ

of wealth. دماغ چرهنا To be proud with excess of wealth. دماغ کرنا To be vain, haughty; or rather, to act proudly, هدا کماغ هونا To be vain, proud.

- P. دماغی 1. dimāgh-ī, adj. Of the brain. 2. damāgh-ī Vain, proud.
- P. Lolod damāma, s. m. A kettledrum.
- P Lowerful, damān, adj. Powerful, terrible, impetuous, fierce, raging.
- P. في dum-chi, s. f. A crupper the lower part of the back.
- heap up earth as a mole does) s. m. A cavalier, a mound, a raised buttery.
- P. & damdama, s. m. Fraud, deceit, fascination: noise, report of a drum, kettledrum or the like.
- ع. نام damṛi, (द्रम्म) s. f. The eighth part of a paisā. (A small copper coin current in the Carnatic, four of which go to a pice:) (fig.) A farthing, a nominal coin. المرابي كے تيل تيل هونا

  To be ruined, demolished, or very cheap.
- W. محک damak, s. f. 1. Glitter. 2.

   Ardour. 3. Sheen. 4. Flush.
- H. List damaknā, v. n. To shine, to glow. 2. To bloom.
- g. K. dam-kalā, s. m. 1. A squirt, a fire-engine. 2. Ajack, or crane (for raising weights).
- A. مل dummal, s. m. A bile, a swelling, a felon, imposthume, abscess.
- ons ceremony very popular with the agricultural and lower classes in Upper Hindostan, which consists in jumping into a fire and treading it out, with the exclamation of dam-madar! dam-madar! see
- P. daman, (दमयन्ती) n. prop.
  A lover, mistress of is celebrated in romance.

- A. كام damawi, (كاموى Blood) adj.

  Plethoric, bloody, tinged with blood.
- P. Led dama, (ed Breath) s. m. 1. A pair of bellows. 2. An asthma.
- P. کمیدی damīda, (کمیدی) part. Blown (a flower), shot forth, vegetated (a plant).
- s. い din, (行す) s. m. Day. い یں بھرنے Day by day. بدن expresses time spent in pain and trouble. ن پهرنا To begin to prosper (after adversity.) دن جڙهنا 1. The day being far advanced. 2. The period of a woman's menstruation being pro-دن دونی رات چوگنی tracted. Prov. Saying. May your days be twice as long and your nights four times as long! (A blessing or a curse). Prov. Each عيد رات شب برات days was festive Id, and every night was Shab-barat (festive night). v. n. To grow late, to decline (the sun). کن کاتنا To pass time with difficulty. دن کو دن To be totally رات کورات نجاننا absorbed in thought or business. To begin to prosper after adversity. دن گنوانا To spend carelessly, or trifle away, time.
- A. عن danā'at, (غنی) s. f. Mesnness, baseness.
- P. كن dumb, s. See كم
- P. النان dumbāl, S. m. 1. A tail. 2. The outer P. النان dumbāla, angle or corner of the eye. 3. adv. After, behind; pursuit. النالة دار adj. Tailed.
- A. الاعلى dumbal, (prop. الاعلى) s. m. A bile, an imposthume, a bubo, a boil, an abscess.
- P. منا dumba, s. m. A kind of sheep

- with a thick tail, originally from Persia. List adj. (Met.) Fat.
- ब्ध دنتيل dantail, or dantel, (दंतुल) adj. Tusked.
- ब्रेट dantelā or dantīlā, (दंत्रु)
  adj. 1. Having large or prominent
  tusks (an elephant, boar, &c.).
- ع. منی dund or dundu, s. (﴿ وَ ه sort of drum) 1. A large kettledrum. 2.

  Noise; yell, scream. اسلامی کی نہیں کہ کوئی کسی کی نہیں ایسا 3. Riot; tumult. 4. Injustice (اندھیر) باندھیں کی ندھیں کی ندھیں کی ندھیں کی کہریوں میں ایک (اندھیر کرنا) کچہریوں میں ایک (اندھیر کرنا)
- P. J.J dand, 1. s. A rib, a toothed instrument used by weavers, a tooth, any astringent that contracts the mouth, name of a very purgative grain or seed, a sort of beggars that would themselves if something be not soon given them, a sort of herb or grass. 2. adj. Poor, needy, foolish, ignorant, fearless, self-willed, thief, irreligious.
- P. しいい dandān, s. m. (され) A tooth. [a saw, &c.
- P. كالكانك dandāna, s. m. The tooth of
- H. Ulidid dandanānā, v. n. To enjoy one's self, be contented and independent, to live at one's ease.
- s. دنکر dinkar, s. m. दिनकर (दिन
  Day, and कर Who makes). The sun
  (آنتاب)
- P. فائك dang, adj. l. Astonished, in astonishment. 2. Careless, foolish.
- H. لذى dangā, s. m. Wrangling, confusion, rebellion. كنگ باز adj. Mutinous, riotous.
- P. T. Jii dangal, s. m. f. l. A crowd, the sitting face to face in an assembly.

  2. An amphitheatre; arena; esp. for wrestling.

A. دني danī, adj. Mean, paltry, base.

A. الني dunyā, (either as being near and present or as worthless, from low) s. f. 1. The world. 2. (niet.) People, goods of the world. رنیا دار Worldly, a person of the world. كنيا s. f. Economy, worldliness, attention to the concerns of the world. عنياطلبي s. f. Seeking the goods of the world. Lil of the world and whatever is in it.

A. منياوى dunyāwī, adj. Belonging to this world, A. دنيوى dunyawi, worldly.

P. 4. , 3 do, (夏 or 夏) adj. Two. adj. Of two fires; double-Double- شراب دو انشه Doubledistilled liquor, i. e. very strong. (Time بار Two, and دو) دوباره or بالا adj. Twice, double, again. دوبدو دو بها شیا . Face to face, tête-à-tête. (from ) and भाषा Language) s. m. Of two breadths or folds. عوباره adj. Halved in two pieces. هو يابع adj. Two-legged, i. e. a man. دوپته (twobreadthed) s. m. A kind of veil or a piece of linen in which there are two breadths. A cloth thrown loosely over the shoulders. (It should properly have a seam in the centre to indicate its being formed of two breadths, whence its name; but, vulgarly, the name is applied to any cloth thus worn). دو يهر s. f. (द्विप्रहर) Mid-day, noon, دوبهریا l. s. m. A kind of (Pentapetes phoenicea). 8. m. A دوییازه Meridian. kind of dish without gravy. دو پیکر

دو توت هونا .The sign Gemini To be adjusted, to be completed. دو چار .s. f. Interview دو چار To meet, have an interview. دو چندان or دو چند adj. Double, twofold, as much again. adj. Two-handed, ambidexter. としょう (しら Heart, mind) adj. Wavering, doubtful, in suspense, absent in mind. دو دم adj. Twice sharpened, very sharp, two-edged. adj. Two-edged (sword). ا دورخا 1. Double-faced. 2. That which is the same on both sides, not having a wrong side. دوخی s. f. 1. A kind of bow. 2. adj. Having two faces, i. e., of different colours the two sides (cloth). دو رنگی 1. s. f. The property of having two colours. 2. Duplicity, hypocrisy, double-dealing. deceit. 3. adj. Of two colours, capricious, double-faced. کو روزه s. The space of two days. فوروقي s. f. 1. The being double-faced, hypocrisy. 2. adj. Hypocritical. دورویه adj. الله Double, two-faced; hypocrite. هوزانو v. n. To kneel and sit on the two feet behind. فوسار adj. two, divided. دو ساله adj. Of two years, two years old, biennial. र्धाढ cloth) A pair of shawls (worn like the دو يتنه A single shawl is never worn.) دو شنبه Monday. دو ضربی adj. Of two blows or shots (applied to a pistol, lock, &c.). adj. On both دوطرفی or دو طرفه sides. دومنزله Of two floors or stories (a house, &c.), of two decks (a

ship). دونوں conj. Both, either. دونیم Two halves, divided in two. s. f. 1. A second; another. 2. Disunion; enmity.

P. عن dau, (دویدن) part. act. in compos. Running.

- diseased. Heb. To be sick) s. f. Medicine (دارو) a remedy. دوایندیر adj. Admitting a remedy, remediable. دواخانه s. m. A room for medicines, an apothecary's shop, dispensary. دواساز A maker or compounder of medicines, an apothecary.
- A. رابع dawābb, s. m. (plur. of دابع from الله Heb. To move slowly, to creep) s. m. An animal, a quadruped, cattle, beasts.
- P. كرابك du-āb-a or do-āb-a, A country between two rivers; the country (we call the Doab) between the Gangā and the Jamunā. See
- s. كوا پر dwāpar, (夏风) (Doubt) s. m.
  The third yug or brazen age, comprising 864,000 years.
- a. دوی dawāt, (Heb. from دوات s. f. An inkstand, ink-bottle, pen-case.
- s. دوالاسى dwādas-ī, (द्वादशी) s. f.
  The twelfth day of the lunar fortnight.
- P. كويدن) s. f. Labour and fatigue, bustle, toil.
- P. دوال و dau-ā-dau-ī, s. f. Toil, &c.
- A. در dauwār, adj. (superl. of درر)

  Round, revolving. چرخ دوار

  The revolving heavens.
  - s. b) dicārikā, (夏下和) s. f. Name of a Hindū holy place on the shore of the western sea, near the mouth of the gulf of Cutch.

- P. كازلك duwāzdah or do'āzdah, adj. Twelve.
- P. كوازلهم duwāzdah-um, adj. Twelfth.
- P. کری do-asp-a, (علی Two, and A horse: i. c., having one horse to relieve another, or relay of horses) adj. Quick, expeditious, proceeding or travelling with haste.
- P. الوال ما do'āl, (or dū'āl), s. f. A leather strap, a belt دوال با adj. 1. Web-footed. 2. A fabulous race with legs like thongs, who are said to deceive and devour unwary travellers.
- H. Y diwālā, s. m. Bankruptoy.
- P. دوال dū'ālī, (properly دوال) s.f. A leather strap, a belt, waist-belt.
- ديوالي diwālī, s.f. See دوالي ع
- A. مان dawām, l. s. m. Perpetuity, persevering. 2. adv. Always, eternally. على الدوام adv. Continually, incessantly.
- P. دويدن) part. Run-
- इ. كوبر dūbar, adj. 1. (दुर्बल) Weak, lean. 2. (दुर्वह) Difficult. [preter.
- ع. من do-bhāsh-ī, s. m. Inter-
- ی بهاشیا ه. do- or du-bhāshiyā, s. m. See under ی
- g. وبے dobe, (द्विदी Knowing two reds) s. m. A title of Brāhmans.
- P. كوپيازه do-piyāz-a, s. m. A kind of dish, meat dressed dry with onions.
- P. قرق کا do-tah, adj. Double, twice, bent.

- ع من من القراع s.f. The second day of a lunar fortnight. [other.
- ع لجي طَعَانِ dūjū, (द्वितीय) adj. Second,
- ع. کو جیوا do-jīw-ā, adj. (Having two lives) Pregnant.
- P. دوختی dokkt, (from دوختی) s. f. Sewing, a stitch, seam.
- P. دوختی dokhta, part. (of دوخته)
  Sewed, stitched.
- P. りょう dūd, s. m. Smoke. しょうご Exhalation of the heart, deep sigh.
- P. كول مال dūdmān, s. Generation, race, noble family, house.
- على المناه المن
- P. 8000 dūda, s. m. 1. Family. 2. Lampblack, soot. [much milk.
- ع. مردهل dūdh-al, (दुग्ध) adj. Giving
- ع. الرواهي المراهي ا
- ع. ع. dūdh-iyā, l. adj. Milky. 2. a. m. See عراميا

Avaunt! be off! دور بهاکنا To abstain from, abhor, abominate, avoid, shun. در بین 1. s. m. A spy-glass, a telescope. 2. adj. Having the quality of shewing a distant object. 3. Farseeing; (met.) prudent, provident, ingenious. دوربيني s.f. Foresight, prudence. 801id عقل دور بین judgment. دور پار God forbid (a female phrase). دور دراز adj. very distant, long. دور دست adj. Difficult to reach, inaccessible. To remove, dispel, reject, avert, keep at a distance. نور هون To be removed. دور هو Begone, avaunt, be off!

- (of time or of any heavenly body), passing round (of wine), circular motion. 2. A species of argument, reasoning in a circle. 3. Age, period, cycle, tour, turn, time, vicissitude, circuit. 4. Course, career, progress, process. 5. Repetition of a lesson, especially of the Quran. 6. Border, margin.
- a. الراك daurān, (وراك turning round)

  s. m. l. Time. 2 Fortune, vicissitude. 3. A revolution, period, a circle, cycle. الراك عن s. m. A swimming in the head, dizziness, giddiness, vertigo.
- A. کری daura, (کری) s. m. Revolution, turn, going round; circuit; course (in law or in medicine).
- P. کوری dūr-ī, (ری) s. f. Distance, separation, remoteness, farness.

and exertion for the accomplishment of any object, to bustle. So so m. A mounted high-way-man.

ع. كوراً كوراًا كوراً ك

ي. کا daurāk, s. m. A racer, a

ع. الاورانا daurānā, (caus. of الاورانا) v. a.

To cause to run, speed, despatch.

a. الرزن daurnā, (r. धार Run) v. n. To run, to gallop, course, drive, assault, rush, invade; toil.

a. كورنا دهوينا daur-nā dhūp-nā, v. n.

To run hither and thither violently, to use great exertion, to toil.

P. دوزی doz, part. act. in compos.

(ختن) to sew.) Sewing, one who
sews; piercing. دوزی s. f. (in
compos.) Sewing, stitching.

P. dozakh, s. m. 1. Hell. 2. (met.) Belly.

P. درخی dozakh-i, adj. 1. Hellish, infernal, damned; inhabitant of hell. 2. Glutton. 3. A great sinner.

e. دوس dos, (दोष r. द्ष Be defiled, &c.) s. m. Crime, fault, blame. الوس To be sick after childbirth, from neglect of regimen.

P. دوست dost, s. m. l. A friend, a lover. 2. A sweetheart. دوستدار s. m. l. A friend. 2. A sweetheart.

P. دوستداری s. f. Friendship, love.
See کوست ک To like, to hold dear.

• A. Job dan dost-āna, adj. or adv. Round, revolva, amicably.

revolving heaven; i, s. f. Friendship,

s. है। अ dicārikā, (द्वार amity.

of a Hindū holy place on रतीया) a dj

the western sea, near the
the gulf of Cutch.

ह. دوسنا dosnā, (दोषण) v.a. To accuse, to blame.

H. دوسی dosī, s. m. 1. Thick sour milk. 2. A Musalmān milkman.

P. دشی dosh, s. The shoulder adv. Yesterday evening, last night.

ع. كالى du-shāla, (द्वी Two, and राहि A shawl) s. m. Two shawls (being always worn together by the natives).

P. دوشیزگی doshīza-gī, s. f. Virginity.

P. كوشيزة doshīza, s. f. A virgin.

P. دوشینه dosh-īn, adj. (for دوشینه)
Of last night.

P. خشینه dosh-ina, adj. Of last night.
 s. A shoulder's load, what is carried on the shoulder.

P. ¿ dogh, s. m. Buttermilk.

P. ماغول doghla, (properly عول) adj.

Mongrel, cross-bred, mixed.

P. A. نوفصلی do-fael-i, adj. (Lands)
producing two crops a year.

P. こうし dāk, s. m. A spindle.

ള. ১৮১ dūkāl, (বু:কাল) s. m. (dakh.) Famine.

P. دوکان dūkān, s. f. A shop, a works shop. عرکان دار A shopkeeper. s. f. Shopkeeping.

P. كانك do-gāna, adj. Double, two together. s. m. A prayer in which two inclinations of the body are made. See كانك [fold, double, both.

ब्राण) adj. Two-

A. الله الله duwal, or diwal or dawal, s. plur. of دولت Riches, wealth, &c.

P. دولاب Bucket, and Water) s. m. A wheel for drawing water with (چرخ) (Adopted in Arabic, and the Arab. plur. is دواليب)

- ه. دول daulat, (الحولت changing as fortune). s. f. 1. Happiness, felicity, wealth. 2 Fortune, prosperity; empire, state or government. ما فالت خانه s. m. (house of fortune) A palace, a دولت خانهٔ المه house (your house). A royal residence, the king's palace. دولت خوالا Wishing prosperity or empire, well-wisher, loyal. دولت خواهی s. f. The wishing happiness or prosperity or empire, good wishes, good will, s. f. دولت سوا palace (your house, as a respectful mode of address). عام adj. Wealthy, opulent, rich, fortunate.
- H. كولها dūlhā, s. m. A bridegroom.
- ال ولهي dālhan, s. f. Bride: هو دلهي طلق الم
- P. عن duwum or dū'am, adj. 1. Second.
  2. Inferior, second sort.
- A. دون همت dan, adj. Base, mean, ignoble, المجن inferior, poor. المجنى) adj. Mean-spirited, low-minded.
- ましょう daunā or donā, (て円可) s. m. The name of a plant or flower. Southern wood. (Artemisia austriaca.).
- folded up in the shape of a cup for holding betel, flowers, sweetmeats, &c.
- عربا ع dūnā, (द्विगुण) adj. Double, twofold. [barrelled (a gun).
- ع منالي ع do-nāl-ī, (द्विनाल) Double-
- 生 jo dono, from ま Two) e di Both はない。

adj. Both. دونوں وقت ملنے expresses the evening twilight, when day and night meet. [distich.

म موما dohā, s. m. (द्विपद) A couplet,

- ع do-hattar, (द्वी Two, and हस्त Hand) s. f. A slap or pat with both hands.
- دوهتر do-halthar, s. f. 800 دوهتر الم
- ع طورا على dohrā, (द्वी Two) s. un. A distich. adj. Double. [see المرانا
- ي dohrānā, v. a. To repeat:
- u dohnā, (दोहन r. दुह Milk) دوهنا يو v. a. To milk. دوهنی A<sub>,</sub>milk-pail.
- P. وى dū'ī, l. adj. By twos, being twofold or double, binary. 2. s. f. The being two or twofold; disunion:
- P. دريم doyam or dāyam. adj. Second.
- Rustic, rural. 2. (in compos. from مال) part. act. Giving, giver.

  3. ¶ dah, adj. Ton. المالي على على على المالي على المالي على على المالي على على المالي على المالي على المالي على المالي المالي على المالي على المالي المالي على الم
- P. Lad dah-ā (from S. Ten) s. m. 1.

  The first ten days of the Muharram:

  called also sime and limite. 2. The models of the tombs of Hasan and Husain, or the model of a building containing the tombs, which are car-

ried about in procession during those ten days. On the tenth day the tombs are buried, or in some places thrown into water: the building, if made of cheap materials, shares the same fate: if costly, it is carried back and deposited in the dargāh or Karbalā.

- dhābā, s. m. (dakh.) A house with a terrace or flat roof of earth, a flat roof of earth.
- H. دهاپتا dhāpṭā, s. (dakh. explained by اجرا لعام باجرا) Food of Panicum spicatum.
- 8. 二人 dhāt or dhātu, (河南) s. m.
  1. Ore, metal, mineral. 2. The Sanskrit root or crude form of a word.
  The root letters. 8. s. f. Semen virile.
  4. A principle or humour of the body, an elementary substance or property.
- P. كالمات dihāt, s. m. plur. (of كالت Villages; the country.
- g. المان dhār, (역전 r. 된 Hold) s. f.

  1. A line, lineament. 2. Stream,
  current. 3. (역전) Edge (of a sword,
  &c.). 4. Sharpness. 5. Milk. 6.
  Libation. المار مارنا or المار مارنا or دهار مارنا or دهار مارنا To contemn, despise.
- in the mouth of wells in the Tarā'ī, to keep them from falling in.
- a current. A water-course.
- ## Hold, bear) To hold, bear, have, keep, place, owe, sustain, support, uphold.

  2. (, ) or 틱() To pour (water).
- II. Cas dhāk, s. f. l. Pomp, glory.

- B. Caland dhāman, s. m. (খাবন) 1. A long snake said to suck the milk from cows. 2. A bamboo of which bows are made. دهامنی s. f. A vein.
- s. ুটা dhān, (খান্য) s. m. 1. The rice plant, or rice before it is separated from the husk. 2. Slight; tender.
- P. مان dahān, s. m. The mouth, an orifice. [v. a. To cause to milk.
- ع. اناهی duhānā, (causal of الروهنا)
- H. לאונגאל dhāndhal, s. f. Wrangling, trick, cheating, juggle. [ler.
- H. دهاندهلی dhāndhlī, s. m. A wrang-
- H. دهانسنا dhānsnā, v. n. (कारा) To cough (from taking snuff, or from the fumes of tobacco, pepper, &c.). عناسي s. f. A cough (of a horse).
- bit of a bridle. 2. The mouth of a water-bag, river, or water-course. 3. Any thing which covers the mouth.
- ي مانى على dhān-ī, (دهان) s. f. l. A kind of rice in the husk. 2. A light green colour. 3. Rice-land.
- s. ) a) dhāwā, (धावन from धाव to run) s. m. 1. Running. 2. Overrunning an enemy's country, attack, incursion, assaulting. 3. A stock, a store. 4. Crowding together. 5. Name of a tree. 6. To toil and labour. 7. To worship. المارا الم
- P. しまる dahdī, (さり) s. f. (द्रान Tens)

  1. The figure ten. 2. The tenth part.

  3. The decimal places of figures in arithmetic, the tens.
- 2 Renown, fame (شهرت) 3. Fear, الله على على duhā-ī, s. f. See كرهائي

H. دهایی دهایی dhā'en dhā'en, s. f. 1.

The report of cannon heard at a distance. 2. A sound made by burning any thing. دهایی دهایی رونا To cry aloud, to weep bitterly. [sign. 1.

H. دهپا dhabbā, s. (dakh.) See دهپا

P. T. دهباشی dah-bāsh-ī, (Pers. على dah-bāsh-ī, (Pers. على Head) s. m. A commander of ten men, a person having a place of trust, a valet.

H. المنا dhablā, s. m. A petticoat, skirt, or any loose garment for covering the legs. دهنهایی A fat woman.

H. الهيا dhappā, s. m. 1. A stain on cloth. 2. A slap, box, thump, blow. 3. Deception. [age elephants. dhat, A word used to encour-

ब. نعنا ما dhuttā, (दूर्तता) s. m. Trick, deception. لهنا دينا To deceive.

الله على dhatkārnā, v. a. See كارنا على الله عل

a. المترا dhatārā, (r. धत्र or धुत्त्र) s. m. Name of a plant, Datura fastuosa, or thorn-apple. A narcotic poison.

2. عن المعنى dhāj, (जा to move) s. f. m.

1. Shape, form. 2. Attitude, posture.

المع بالتنا

To change one's attitude

in sword-playing, &c.

وهجي المجيال الرائا دهجي المجيال الرائا دهجيال المحيال المحي

a. A. a. a. a. a. weit-tooking,

H. Kad dhachkā, s. (dakh.) A jolt.

way, to sink (as, a bog, slough, &c.). (dakh.) To fear. [To blaze.

इ. धंकाका dhadhaknā, (दहन) v. n.

a. ملكور dahr, s. m. 1. Time, an age, custom, habit, mode, manner, care, solicitude. 2. The world. 3. Atheism. 4. Fortune, chance, adversity, danger.

فهر مارنا \* دهار See دهر مارنا \* دهار To strike a stream (on) i. e. To make water (on): see دهار مارنا

4 ट्रोकेट dhirāj, (अधिराज) s. m. A potentate, a monarch, an emperor.

ي الروهرا) v.a. To fold, to double, repeat, reduplicate.

4 کھر پک dhur pad, (ध्रुवपद Burden of a song) s. m. A kind of song.

s. كهرتا dhartā, (धत्ती) s.m. A debtor.

عرتا على dhartā, s. Discount and commission.

ودهرا के dharti, (धरिती See المرتى ع

s. f. Earth; soil. الهول عبول s. m. A mushroom.

s. から dharam or dharm, (知 r. 된 To hold or bear) s. m. 1. Justice, virtue, religion (しん). 2. Usage, practice, the customary observances of caste, sect, &c. 3. Duty, especially that enjoined by the Vedas.

s. m. (धमराज) Just king; Yama or Pluto. الهرم سألا (धमराज) s. m. A place where alms are distributed.

8. کمری dharm-ī, (धर्मी) adj. Virtuous, just.

A mode of extorting payment of a debt or compliance with any demand, by sitting at one's door, dunning.

- A. الهريا dahr-iyā, كهريا time.) s. m.
- A. کی مرینه dahr-iya, An atheist, materialist.
- H. 为 dhar, s. m. (智) The body, trunk.
- II. Jad dharā, s. m. 1. A party, side, faction. 2. A weight. (智 a balance)

  Balancing a weight. Lad line and to weigh by, with bricks or any thing else; as, by having one weight (of a pound, suppose) it is doubled, quadrupled, and so on, till the weight requisite is obtained.
- P. تراکیدن) s.m.

  P. اتراکیدن) s.m.

  A crash, report of a gun, explosion.
- ਸ. ਪੀਛਣ ਹੈ dhar dharānā, v. n. To flutter, to palpitate.
- H. دهرینا) f. l. Palpitation. 2. Fear.
- H. اندیشک dharkā, s. m. 1. Fear, alarm (اندیشک) doubt, suspense. 2. Palpitation, throb, beat. 3. Thunder.
- H. كراه dharaknā, v. n. To palpitate.
- H. Yund dharallā, s. m. 1. The sound of hammering, &c. 2. Frightening, bullying, bravado. 3. A crowd, a band, swarm (以此) 4. A scarecrow.
- H. Jah dhari, s. f. (日本) 1. A line, particularly the black lines made on the lips with missi. 2. A weight of five ser. 3. The quantity weighed at once. 4. Five hundred rupees.
- H. Ludd dhussā, s. m. (दिशाट) Flannel, a kind of coarse stuff made of shawl-wool.
- ■. Limas dhasānā, (causal of limas)

  v. a. To cause to be thrust into, to drive or thrust in.

- ال الهسال الهسال dhasān, الهسال s. m. A slongh, bog, quagnire, a swamp. مراكة على adj. Sunken.
- H. Limb J dhasaknā, v. n. l. To cough. 2. To give way, to sink (as, a quagmire or slough).
- H. (ध्वंसन) dhasan, (ध्वंसन) 8- f. (घंसन) 1. A quagmire. 2. The state of being thrust into.
- H. Limb J dhasnā, v. n. To be pierced, stuck into, to be penetrated, to sink, to enter, run into. [bounty.
- P. شهی dihish, (مالی) s. f. Charity,
- A. نیسی dahshat, s. f. Fear, (بهری) fright, terror. انگیز Horrible, hideous. انگیز adj. Panic struck, frightened. الشمان adj. انگنات المشان علی المشان علی المشان المشان علی المشان المشان علی المشان علی المشان المشان علی المشان المشان
- P. A. كهكان dihqān, (from كان Village, and خان Lord:) s. m. A villager, a head man of a village.
- villager, a husbandman, countryman, peasant, rustic. 2. Agriculture, the profession of a husbandman. 3. adj. Rustic, boorish, clownish, country.
- H. لاها dhakkā, s. m. l. A shove, push.

  2. Impetus in coitu. S. Damage loss.

  4. Calamity. (آنت). دها دينا دها دينا ال
- 2. UKDJ dahkānā, (caus. of UKDJ) v. a.

  1. To burn, to kindle. 2. To ruin, lose. 3. To cause to regret. 4. To heat (iron, &c.). [tation, tremor.
- H. کهکدهک dhakdhak, s. m. Palpi-
- н. g. Ukakaba dhakdhakānā, v. n. 1. To palpitate. 2. (dakh.) To flash, blaze forth, shine, glitter.
- ornament worn on the breast or round the neck. 2. Perturbation, anxiety,

apprehension. 3. Consideration, reflection. 4. The depression at the bottom of the throat.

- H. هوجانا or الهجانا dhak-rahjānā or -hojānā, To be confounded at a sudden disaster.
- H. لهكم كهك dhakkam dhakkā, s. m. Shoving and jostling, justling.
- 1. To burn, be burnt, to blaze up, to be ruined, lost, destroyed. 2. To regret. [to thrust forwards.
- H. دهکیان dhakiyānā, v. a. To shove,
- عدهكانا على dhagdhagānā, v. n. To shine, glitter. See الهكدهكانا sign. 2. and حمكنا
- H. אולם dhaggar, s. m. A paramour, a gallant.
- P. Jas duhal, s. m. A drum.
- And dahal, s. (sometimes used as daldal for) A quicksand or quagmire (from Lad.). The name of Dehli is said to be derived from this word; the ground on which the city was built being so loose and infirm that tentpins could not be fixed in it.).
- п. Ulas dahlānā, (caus. of Ulas) v. a. To agitate. [To cause to wash.
- ع. ناهونا dhulānā, (caus. of كهونا) v. a.
- g. دهلانا) s. f. ادهلانا) s. f. 1. Washing. 2. Price of washing.
- H. Was dahalnā, v. n. To shake, to tremble, to fear.
- ع. ناهونا dhulwānā, (caus. of الهونا ع. ع. To cause others to wash.
- H. دهلی dihlī or dahlī, s. m. Name of a city, the metropolis of Hindūstān, See دلی and under دلی and under
- P. دهليز dihlīz, s. f. A portico, a
- H. دهلیندی dhulendi or dhulaindi, s. f.
  The first day of the month Chait, or

- the second day of the holi, on which it is the practice to scatter ashes.
- P. ما dahum, عن Ten) adj. Tenth.
- H. دهما چوکڙي dhamā chaukṛī, s. f. Noise, tumult, row, bustle.
- H. Alamadham, s. m. The sound of stamping, thumping.
- H. Kladd dhamākā, s. m. A kind of cannon carried on an elephant.
- Running through fire on religious occasions (among Mussulmān faqīrs).

  2. Noise, uproar 3. A kind of music.

  4. A kind of song sung during the saturnalia of the Holi. 5. Jest, joke.
- H. LADJ dhamkā, s. m. 1. Great heat, 2. Threatening, chiding. 3. Thump, noise produced by the fall of any heavy body. [en, menace, chide.
- H. UKADJ dhamkā-nā, v. a. To threat-
- H. Liable dhamaknā, v. n. 1. To throb, to shoot (as, the pain of a headache). 2. To palpitate, to thump. 3. To flash, to glimmer. [menace,
- H. Shanki, s. f. Threat,
- s. अंग्रे dhun, s. f. 1. (ध्यान) Inclination, propensity, application, any absorbing thought, diligence, perseverance, ardour, ambition, assiduity.
  2. (Hind.) Pains in the bones. 3.

  dhun or dhuni (for ध्यान) Sound, musical sound, key-note, tune.
- g. s. هی ملک dhan, 1. or dhani or dhane or dhanya (for 독리) adj. Fortunate, well-fated; (as an interj.) well done!

  Blessings on you! نافی ماننا To thank.
  - 2. (日刊) s. m. Fortune, prosperity; an expression of praise or endearment, thanks, riches (じしょう)・3. Cattle. 4. A sign of the zodiac. Sagitarius. 4. A sign of the zodiac. Sagitarius. wealth.
- P. من dahan, s. m. Mouth.
- A. رهی duhn, (Aram. and Ch.) s. m.
  Oil, ointment.

- g. Lad dahnā, or dahinā, (दांक्षण) adj. Right, the opposite of left.
- s. Lidd dhunnā, (धुनन r. धु Shake, make tremble or ধন্প a bow.) v. a. 1. To comb, to card (cotton). beat (the head). اسر دهنا To beat one's head with vexation, &c.
- ब. دهناسی dhanāsrī, (धनेश्वरी) в. f. The name of a ragina or musical mode.
- ह. دهنتر dhanattar, 1. adj. (धनवत्तर) Opulent, powerful. 2. s. m. (धन्वंतरि) Name of a physician in the court of Indra.
- H. Jib J dhund. s. m. 1. Dim-sightedness. 2. (dakh.) Design, intention idea, thought: قصد and خيال adj. Drunk. دهند کرنا To stupify.
- P. Vailed dihanda, (or, contracted نافی from المانی) part. act. Giving, giver; donor.
- এ کفنکھ dhundh, (धम Smoke) s. m. 1. Dimsightedness. 2. Haziness, mistiness. 3. Foul weather.
- H. dailed dhandhā, s. m. Business occupation, way of life (پیشه)
- H. دهندهار dhandhār, adj. Solitary.
- و. مندها dhundh-lā, adj. Foggy. [ness, mistiness. misty, dull, dim.
- عه dhundh-lā-ī, s. f.
- H. دهندلات dhandlāṭ, s. (dakh.) Coming and going without profit, assiduity,
- H. Vaikil dhandlānā, v. n. (dakh.) To wander without profit, to run about uselessly: from extreme affection to seek any one.
- 8. كا dhanishthā, (धनिष्ठा) The twenty-third mansion of the moon, the dolphin.
- e نکنی dhanuk, (ध्रन्ष) s. f. 2. A rainbow. 3. A kind of

- . s. f. (in mediدهنگ بائی \* اوڙهني cine) Tetanus. Pins and needles in the leg.
- H. ناکن dhanak, s. f. Embroidery, thin narrow lace.
- 8. كنك dhanik, (धनिक) 8. m. A wealthy man, a banker.
- e. الانكى dhunaknā, (धन्ष see دهنكنا) v. a. To card or comb (cotton).
- H. Likia dhanaknā, v. n. (dakh.) To be set on fire.
- g. ু এ dhanuk-ī, (धन্ष bow) l. s. f. The bow with which cotton is cleaned. 2. adj. Arched.

- H. الهنكانا dhingānā, s. m. Clamour, oppression, to tease, torment.
- g. کنک dhan-gar, s. m. (dakh.) Herdsman, shepherd, goatherd, milk-جرواها man: see
- g. Libo dhunnā, (धुनन) v.a. See
- s. دهنی dhan-i, (धनी) 1. adj. Rich, wealthy. 2. An epithet of the Deity.
  - 3. s. m. Owner, proprietor. भ्रा dhanya, adj. See کھی [ander seed.
- इ. كنيف dhaniyā, (धान्य) s. m. Cori-
- ع. كا كا dhuniyā, (نهنا A carder, comber (of cotton).
- A. کھنیت duhn-iyat, s. f. Oil, oint-
- ছ় المراري dhū'ān, s. m. Snioke. (ध्रम) دهونوان دهار] دهونوا See (دود ۲۰۰۱)
- عدار على المار على المار على المار على المار على dhū'ān-dhār, Soo
- ع. كهوانسا dhū'ān-sā, s. (dakh.) Soot, smoked cobwebs. B. m. A دهوانلا chimney, or exit for smoke.

- عرب على dhob, (نهوب) s. m. (धाव to wash.) Washing, a wash (P. شوب)・
- ه کرین کا dhob-in, f. A washerwoman, washerman's wife. [washerman.
- عوبى ع dhob-ā, s. m. (धावक) 🛦
- B. نهوپ دانی s.f. A perfume or incense burnt by Hindus at the time of worshipping. دهوپ دانی s.f. A pot for keeping or burning dhūp.
- H. إ. المويكالا dhūp-kālā, s. m. The hot weather.
- H. נאפים dhot! intj. Get out (dog)!
- a. دهوتی dhoti, (धीत) s. f. A cloth worn round the waist, passing between the legs and fastened behind. [tree.
- عورى .ع dhūrī, (धुरा) s. f. An axle-
- H. אפריט אל dhūriyā-malār, s. m. Name of a musical mode (particularly, sung in the beginning of the rains).
- H. گوسا dhosā, s. m. A coarse kind of shawl.
- H. دهوکا dhokā, s. m. 1. Fear, terror:

- s. دهول dhūl or dhūli, (খুলি) s. f.
  Dust. (خاكف).
- قام المول على Ahaul, s. f. A thump, a rap, a slap. الكانا or الكانا or عارنا v. a. To thump.
- H. دهول دهيا dhaul dhappā, s. m.
  Thumping and slapping.
- ತಿ. ವಿಶವಿ ahālī, (धूलि) s. f. Dust.
- H. مرم dhām, s. f. (तुम्ल) Tumult, noise, fame, rumour, report.
- H. לפק טפו dhūm-dhām, s. f. Pomp, parade, tumult, bustle, noise.
- s. المون dhwanī, (ध्वनि) s. f. Sound, musical sound. [resin.
- ছ. ს এও dhānā, (খুणक) s. m. Rosin,
- এ. এ এ dhonā, (धावन) v. a. l. To wash, washing. 2. Efface, forget.
- H. کونسا dhaunsā, s. m. 1. (दुंद्सन)
  A large kettledrum. 2. (slang). Ability, strength. [with bellows, &c.
- ع. نكنا dhaunk-nā, v. a. To blow
- ي. دهونکنی dhaunkni, } s. f. Bellows.
- هونکی dhaunki,
- عونوا ع dhūnwā, (धूम) s. m. Smoke
- ع. منوارا dhūnwā-rā, s.m. A chim-
- ع. کا مونوالا dhonwala, s ney.
- عن مار عن d h ū n w ū n d h ā r. (धूमाधार) 1. Much smoke. 2. adj. Smoky. 3. Beautiful, adorned.
- ब्र. کھونور adj. (dakh.) Blue, or of the colour of smoke.
- ع. نام dhūnī, 1. adj. Persevering
  - 2. (되지) s. f. Smoke. 3. A fire lighted by a Hindū faqīr, over which he sits, imbibing the smoke, by way of penance. It is often practised in

the manner of dharnā, to extort compliance with demands. Hence المعانى To dun, to importune: to smoke. المانى or للهونى v. n. 1. To light a fire after the manner of faqīrs, 2. To become a jogī. دهونى لكانى To insist obstinately, or to persevere in a demand. 4. Fumigation by way of exorcising one possessed; or, as a medical application. لهونى لينا To inhale smoke or undergo fumigation.

- عديا دهايا على dhoyā dhāyā, (نهونا دهايا )
  part. pass. m. Washed, ready washed.
- a. نام dahī, (दिघि) s. m. Thick sour milk, coagulated milk, curds, curdled milk (at Madras called "tire" or "tyre"). المن والا A seller of sour milk. [the act of giving.
- P. کھی dih-ī, s. f. in compos. Giving,
- 8. נאבוט dhyān, (ध्यान r. ध्ये Think on) s. m. Meditation, thought, imagination. נאבוט كرن To advert, think, consider, reflect, contemplate.
- 4. الميت dhait, (देख) s. m. A demon, one of terrible form.
- H. دهير dhīr, s. m. (dakh.) Side; towards, to. چارودهير On all sides.
- ह. الهير dhīrā, (धीर) adj. Gentle,
  patient, grave. وهير Gently, softly.
- H. الميزى كوا dheri kauwā, s. (dakh.)

  1. A large black crow, a raven. 2.

  The nut-oracker.
- A. هيز dihez or dahez, (corrupt. of جهاز) s. m. A dowry, every thing a wife carries with her to her husband, paraphernalia: see
- H. Las dhelā, s. m. Samo as Las l
- ॥. مريما dhēm-ā, adj. (मंद slowly)

- 1. Slow (آپسته)، lazy. 2. Gentle, mild, temperate, abated, allayed; gently عليم دهيم adv. Gently, softly.
- n. المينك dhīng, s. m. 1. A paramour, gallant. 2. Strong bodied.
- H. ع. مشتى dhengā-mushṭā,
  s. f. Fisticuffs, a fight, mill.
- solar year, when the sun is in the sign Capricorn, December, beginning of winter; winter.
- s. الله dayā, (दया r. दय Give, protect) s. f. l. A gift. 2. Affection, tenderness, sympathy, mercy, kindness, favour. 8. Pity (ترس).
- ع diyā, l. s. m. (दीप) A lamp.
  ع دیا سلائی s. f. A match (for catching fire). 2. part. past (of لینا To give) Given; s. m. Gift.
- A. کیار diyār, (plur. mult. of کیار) s. m. A country, region, province.
- ब. الله dayāl, (दयालु) adj. Merciful, compassionate, gracious, kind.
- A. تبانت diyānat, (دین) s. f. Conscience, honesty, justice, piety, virtue. بانت دار adj. Honest (ایمان دار) just, conscientions.
- P. Lud debā, s. m. Brocade, gold tissue.
- A. مناجة dībāja, s. m. Preface, exordium, introduction, preamble.
- P. خيابي dibācha, s. m. Preface, &c.:
- ब دیبی debī, (देवी) s. f. A goddess, the goddess Durgā; a queen.

- ع. ديپ dip, (夏可) s. m. l. An island (جزيرة) 2. A continent.
- s. ديپ dip, (दीप) s. m. A lamp,
  a light (چراغ) вее دي
- s. النبك dipak, (दीपक) s. m. 1. A light, a candle, a lamp. 2. A kind of firework. 3. Name of a rāg, or musical mode, sung at noon or evening in the hot weather. 4. An evening song.
- taliation, the price of blood, the fine paid for murder, wounding or maiming. (In cases of murder it is exacted, when the homicide is committed in any other way than with sword, dagger, &c.).
- 2. इंड dejā or daijā, (देय) s. m. Dowry, portion. [or dowry.
- عر عن dejū, s. m. Part of a portion
- particle ورائحة, (حال Darkness, and particle) s. m. l. The night of conjunction of sum and moon. 2. A dark night without moonlight. 3. Every thing black. 4. adj. Dark, pitch dark. (Adopted in Arab. plur.
- P. اليدار didār, s. m. Sight, interview
- P. ميدارو didār-ū, adj. Well-looking (fellow), personable, handsome.
- P. فيده بان did-ban, (for بان عيد)

- which has the same meaning) s. m. f. A watch, sentinel. [seeing.
- P. دبین didan, v. To see (بین)،
- P. ديدنى didan-i, adj. To be seen, fit or worthy to be seen, visible.
- P. dair, s. m. (lit.) A tower. A temple where idols are worshipped; a Christian church or monastery.
- P. البري der, s. f. Delay, slowness, a long time. adv. Late, slow. البريائي adj. Durable, lasting. البريائي s. f. Durablity. مير تلك or البرتك or البرتك s. f. Late sleeping. البركاء adv. From a long time. البركاء adv. Always.
- P. ديروز dī-roz, adv. Yesterday.
- P. کیروزه dī-roz-a, adj. Of yesterday.
- P. ديرى der-i, s. f. Lateness, delay.

  To be late, slow, &c. ديرى الكنا

  To delay, dally. ¶ dair-i, adj.

  Of the idol temple, &c.

- ال يريى der-in, adj. l. (by poets for كيرين) Old. 2. Experienced.
- اليرينة der-ina, adj. 1. Old. 2. Wise, cunning. Experienced.
- ال يرو ها derh, adj. (dakh.) See ال يروية على الله الله على الله
- s. رجال des, (देश) s.m. Country, territory, region: a term applied in Rohilcund to cleared villages on the borders of the tarā'ī; and, in the Dakhan, to signify a champaign country. An air sung at midnight. الشي المالية كالمالية كالمالي
- a. کیساکه desākh, s. m. Name of a rāgiņī, or musical mode, sung at noon in the spring. [A foreign country.]
- ع. ميسانتر desantar, (देशान्तरं) s. m.
- a desäwar or disäwar, (देश Country, and अवर Posterior) s. m. A foreign country.
- desāwar-ī or disāwar-ī, (देशावरी Foreign) s. m. l. A kind of betel-leaf. 2. A kind of dove.
- H. كيسكا deskār, s. m. Name of a rāgiņi, or musical mode, sung in the morning.
- ह. دیسی des-ī, (देशीय) adj. Of the same country, native, indigenous.
- P. Last night.
- P. خین degh, کیک and
- ع. مچنی dogh-cha, ) مچکی

- s. الكثيا dīkshā, (दीक्षा) s. f. Receiving the initiatory mantra or incantation.
- see, to look at, view, observe, mark, inspect, behold, perceive, to experience. To weigh well, take care, to expect, اليكها يهائي To see, to look at.

عنیا دیکها دیکها دیکها دیکها دیکها دیکها دیکها دیکها s. f. Emulation, competition, the looking at each other or being within sight (of objects).

- P. دیگئ deg, s. f. A caldron, kettle, boiler. A large culinary copper vessel. s. m. A fire-place, a trivet. کیگ شر A scullion. [small caldron.
- P. مَحِثُ اللهُ deg-cha, s. m. A pot, kettle,
- P. میگر digar, adj. Other, another.
- P. دیگر کون digar-gān, adj. Changed in form or figure.
- ع. میکنیر degambar, adj. Naked : عود
- e. U, le e de mārnā, v. a. To dash on the ground, to throw, to stamp.
- H. ديوك dimak, (prop. ديوك) a. f. (Old P.) white ant.
- A. دین din, s. m. l. Faith (ایکان)
  religion. 2. The next world. (Plur.
  الایان) Protection of the faith, a defender of the faith. دیندار adj. Virtuous, religious, pious.
  دینداری s. f. Religiousness.
- م. المسكى dain, s. m. Debt, liability.

  s. f. The certificate given to a bankrupt who has given up his effects. دين دار s. m. A debtor.
- g. الالالا den, (বান) verbal n. To give, giving.
- give, to grant, to yield, afford, allow, permit, admit, emit, let, resign, pay,

to give in charity, to offer, cause, occasion, produce, to lay (eggs): s. m. Giving. لينا پانا s. m. Debt. دينا پانا s. m. Profit and loss, settling of one's affairs.

- A. النار dinar, (दीनार A weight of gold). s. m. f. The name of a coin, a ducat, dinar. (See the value under but but in the Qanoon-e-islam it is made equal to two and a half rupees only.
- الله الله الله dengi, s. f. (dakh.) Favour:
- عن لين لين den len, s. m. Pecaniary transactions upon interest, debts and credit; barter, traffic.
- A. دينى dīn-i, adj. Religious, spiritual, clerical. [(رجرب)، giant
- P. کیر dew, s. m. A demon, devil
- a. ريان dew, (देव) s. m. l. A god,
- ड. أيو تهاى devoā, ∫ deity, demon. اليو تهاى (देवस्थान) s. f. A temple, place of idols. 2. (met.) The rain.
- ع ايا dewā, (دينا) s. m. A giver.
- P. دیوار کنوی diwar, s. f. A wall; bridge (of the nose). دیوار کیری s. f. Tapestry or cloth to adorn a wall.
- A lamp, and Arow) s. f. A Hindu festival (celebrated on the day of the new moon of kārtik: when the Hindus, after bathing in the Ganges, or other river, put on their best attire, perform a srāddha, and at night worship Lakshmi. The houses and streets are illuminated all night: and, in Hindustan, the night is universally spent in gaming).
- a. ديوالي dewālai, देवालय (देव A god, and आलय A house) s. m. A temple of idols.

- ene who ديوالکي) dowāliyā, ديواليا ene who has dissipated all his fortune in gaming) adj. Bankrupt.
- P. فيول diwan, s.m. l. A tribunal divan. 2. A steward, a minister or secretary. 3. A book of poems, the rhymes of the different poems ending successively with every letter of the alphabet. فيول أعلى s.m. A prime minister, wasir. ويول خاص s.m. Privy council chamber, cabinet-council. ديول خانه 1. A tribunal, an office. 2. A court, hall, hall of audience, a public room detached from the house. ويول عام Public hall of audience. [Insanity, lunacy.
- P. ديوانگي diwana-gi, (ديوانگي عاديوانگي) 8. £
- P. منايال dīwāna, adj. Mad, inspired.
- P. ديوانه پي dīwāna-pon, s. m. Madness, insanity.
- P. دروانی diwān-i, L. s. f. Office of diwān, ministry. 2. adj. fem. Mad, insane. 3. adj. (ديوان) Of a tribunal or court (of law). 4. s. f. (or اصدر ديواني) The high court of justice for civil suits in India.
- s. געט dew-tā, (देवता) s. m. f. 1.

  A heathen god, a divinity. 2. A good man. 3. A simple man. 4. (Ironic.)
  A cunning fellow.
- عرت عن diwaj, (दीप, दीपाटिका) s. f. A lamp-stand.
- a. ديرك daiyæs, s.m. A contented cuckold, or one who winks at the fornication of his wife or female relations from interested motives.
- s. البران dewar, (देवर) s. m. Husband's younger brother.
- ब. البورانى dewrānī, (देवर) a. f. Husband's younger brother's wife.

- ह. الان diwar, (दीप) s. (dakh.) A candlestick of wood. [tion of demons.
- P. ديوستان dow-stan, s. f. The habita-
- ब. ديوستهان dewa-sthān, (देवस्थान) s. f. A place of idols, a temple.
- H. کیوک diwak, s. f. The white ant.
- B. اليوكى devakī, (देवकी) s. f. The daughter of Devaka, wife of Vasudeva and mother of Krishna.
- عری فیری فیری فیری فیری فیری فیری فیری این dew-giri, (देविगिरी) s. f.

  Name of a musical mode, or rāgiņi.
- ब. البول dewal, (देवालय) s. m. A temple where idols are worshipped, a temple, a pagoda.
- s. البناكر dewa-nāgar, (देवनागर) s. m.

  The letters usually adopted by the Hindus in writing, (perhaps from Banāras (city of gods).
- ब. ديونى dew-nī, (देवपत्नी) s. f. A female dew or demon.
- s. البوى devi, (देवी) s. f. A goddess; a name very commonly applied to the goddess Durgā.
- P. ديهاتي dihāt-i, adj. Rustic; a vil-
- s. اليهن dehrā, (देवगृह) s. m. A temple where idols are worshipped by Jains, a Hindū temple.

دّ

Is written thus to denote the Nagari E, which is the twenty-ninth letter of the Sanskrit alphabet, and has no corresponding sound or character in the Arabic or Persian language. It is

- pronounced by applying the tip of the tongue inverted to the palate.
- H. قاب dāb, s. m. 1. Sword-belt. 2. Unripe cocoa-nut-
- H. قابر dābar, s. m. 1. A vessel for washing hands in. 2. A round tank. 3. Low ground where water settles.
- ع. ارّه طقه, (दादा, दंदा) s. f. A jaw-tooth or grinder.
- ع. دَارَهي بَهُ مَهُ مَارَهي بَهُ مَا يَّهُ عَلَيْهِ لَا يَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ لَا يَّهُ عَلَيْهُ ف beard) s. f. A beard.

- H. دّاننا đāknā, v. a. To vomit.
- s. داننی ḍākinī, (डाकिनी) s. f. A kind of female imp or evil being; a witch, a termagant.
- н. قاكر đākū, s. m. A robber, pirate. freebooter. [Postman.
- H. دَاكيا đāk-iyā, s. m. 1. Robber. 2.
- H. Ji dāl, s. f. A branch, a bough (in Dehlī and the upper Do'āb, the word is also applied to the basket used for the purpose of raising water by artificial means from a canal. [branch.
- H. Y dālā, s. m. A litter, a large
- H. אוֹם dalna, v.a. To throw down, to fling, cast, drop, let fall, shed, pour, inject, lay, put, push, set, shake, submit, hurl, thrust, destroy, cause, occasion, produce, excite. "עוֹם לוֹט לים v.a.

  To throw away, cause, occasion, &c.
- H. قالى dālī, s. f. l. A present of fruit,

&c. a basket of fruit, &c. 2. উপ্তেক A branch, a bough.

dāmar, s. m. Resin (المونا dhānā) (dammer), more especially, in commerce, the resin of the Sāl tree used as pitch, a torch.

ع. قيت قيت به dānṭ dapaṭ, s. Gallop.

n. دَانَتَن dānṭnā, v. a. (दांति subjection.) To menace.

m. دَانتهل dānṭhal, s. m. Pedicle, peticle, footstalk. [ble, pedicle, stalk.

H. دانتی dānthī, s. f. A straw, stub-

Retaliation, punishment, penalty, fine, forfeit. 2. An oar. 3. The backbone. 4. A stick, cudgel. 5. A line. 6. High ground, opposed to dābar, sterile land. قاند بهرنا تد لينا تد كاند لينا [2. Road.

ع. دَاندًا عُرَّامَة طِقَامِة طِقَامِة عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ

e. گاندی dān ḍ - ī, (दंड) s.m. 1. A rower. 2. A carpet seat swung on a pole borne on the shoulders of two porters.

2. دانس dāns, (देश) s.m. 1. The sting of a reptile. 2. A large musquito, a gadfly. 3. A gnat.

H. List dank, s. m. (dakh.) s. f. 1. Foil (under precious stones). 2. The sting of a scorpion (and sometimes of other animals). 3. (dakh.) The claw (of a crab, &c.).

A lean beast. Starveling. 3. Flowering stem of radishes or mustard. 4. Horned cattle.

H. الكناء dāngrā, (dakh.) 1. adj. Tall, lean. 2. s. A bull; a wooden trough or manger sufficient for the feeding of one horse, ox, &c.

ब्र. دَانواندول dānwāndol, (धावन and दोलन Bunning and roaming) adj. 1.

Wandering (8)) without house or home, errant, ruined, lost, destitute.
2. Unsettled.

H. قاوان ḍāwān, adj. (dakh.) Left (in opposition to right). تاویس To the left (hand).

ع. قاهی إلا dāh-ī, (दाह) adj. Malicious, spiteful, envious.

ब. گایی đāyan or đã'en, (डाकिनी) s.f. l. A witch, female goblin. 2. An ngly old woman.

H. دب dabbā, s.m. A leathern vessel for holding oil. ¶ (dakh.) Explained by كرج طبله

H. נֿיִל dibbā, (dakh. dabbā:) s. m. 1.

A small box. 2. The left hand.

H. توبنا dubānā, (caus. of توبنا) v. a. 1.

To cause to sink, to immerse, dip. 2.

To demolish, destroy.

H. گبرا dabrā, s. m. Marshy land, a puddle, a bog, a small pool. ¶ A small field. [plunge.

H. دَبكي dubkī, s. f. A dip, dive,

H. قبوانا برنا dubwānā, v. a. (caus. of تبوانا To cause to drown, &c.

H. قبونا dubonā or dabonā, (caus. of "كوبنا") v. a. To drown, immerse, flood; to ruin, &c. see قبودينا \* قبانا v. a. To exhaust, demolish.

H. قبع dabba, s. m. (dakh.) A box, a (soldier's) pouch.

H. دبيت dibiyā, s. f. A very small box.

H. قيتنا dapaṭnā, v. n. To call, to bawl at, to halloo, to rebuke, to gallop

H. ב" dațțā, s. m. A plug, spigot, stopple, cork. [still.

ਸ. ਪੱਤੌ đạtnā, v. n. To stop, to stand

ع. قرر طar, (द्र r. ق Fear) s. m. f. Fear, dread, awe. قريوكت adj. Timid, cowardly, chicken-hearted, white-livered. قريوكنا adj. A coward.

ع. قرالو dar-ālā, adj. Timid, fearing, apprehensive.

ع. انا تو darānā, l. v. a. (causal of ادّرنا) To frighten, terrify. 2. adj. Frightful, terrible.

v. a. To frighten. 2. adj. Frightful, fearful, furious. [frightened.

عرنا ع dar-nā, (r. عَلَى v. n. To fear, be

e. تسنا đasnā, (दंशन) v.a. To bite or sting (as, a venomous animal).

H. さず dakār, s. f. (3気に) A belch, eructation, bellowing.

. II. ان dakārnā, v. n. 1. To belch. 2.

To bellow, low, roar. قاربيتهنا
or جانا
v. n. To embezzle.

H. قکر dukkar, s. (dakh.) A wild hog.

H. じらら dakrānā, v. n. (新द to cry).

1. To cry bitterly or with pain. 2.
To low (as an ox.). [net.

#iborī, s. f. (dakh.) A hor-

H. دّکی dikkī, s. (dakh.) Attack, onset:

akait or daket, s. m. A robber, pirate [gang-robbery, piracy.

H. دگیتی dakait-i, s. f. Robbery,

#. ੱਤੇ dig, dag, s. f. (त्या to go) A pace, one step (measure).

H. دگنا digānā, (caus. of دگنا) v. a. To cause to shake or move.

H. دگدگان dugdugānā, v. n. To sound (a kettledrum), to twinkle.

n. گڏگانا dagdagānā, v. n. 1. To shake.

2. To burn brightly, to burn clear (charcoal). تگڏگاکر پاني پينا To drink greedily, or a large quantity at a draught. 3. (dakh.) To turn round (the eye) from weakness.

H. S. dagar, s. f. (高有 to go) 1. A road, highway, path. 2. A wide track between fields for the passage of cattle.

H. گری dagarnā, v. n. 1. To travel, walk on the road, roll. 2. To go away.

H. دگله dagla, s. (dakh.) A quilted mirzā-ī, see مرزائی sign. 2.

H. دگگت dag-mag, adj. Tremulous, quivering, unsteady: see چنچل

H. ULL dagmagānā, or digmagānā, v.n.
To totter, stagger, shiver.

H. L. dignā, v. n. 1. To shrink. 2.

To shake, to vibrate, to tremble, to move. 3. To be displaced, dislocated.

H. こう こう dag-e-dag, adv. (dakh.)
At each step.

H. No dalā, (まで a clod) s. m. 1. A large lump, a clod. 2. A large basket of wicker work. ¶ dallā (まます) (dakh.) A bit, piece. See よう

ع. أيات dulārā, s. (dakh.) Hammock.

s. نات dulnā, v. n. (dakh.) To move.

H. ادّالنا dalwānā, (caus. of دّالنا) v. a.
To cause to throw down or to throw,
to occasion, &c. See الناقة

H. گلی dalī, s. f. l. A lump (of sugar, meat, &c.) 2. Dim. 3. A kind of betelnut.

- s. j. damru, (云州文) s. m. A sort of small drum shaped like an hour-glass, held in one hand, and beaten with the fingers.
- above the elbow. 2. A kind of exercise, placing the hands on the ground and then bending down so as almost to touch the earth with the breast. 3.

  A rod. 4. Fine or penalty. 

  Cone who exercises himself at the dand.
- ع. اگنت dandā, (حَق) s.m. 1. A staff, an ensign-staff. 2. The beam of a pair of scales. 3. A collector of market duties. See گنت sign. 2.
- 2. दंडवत्) s. f. Hindū salutation, bow, obeisance, prostration before a superior or a god.
- a. دُنْدَى وَهُمْ وَنَدَى عَلَى اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰلِمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰمُ اللللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ الللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ
- H. בُنَدُّن dandiyā, s. m. l. A kind of garment for women. 2. A collector of market duties.
- H. ごご dank, s. m. (され to bite).

  1. The sting of a reptile or wasp, &c. but particularly of a scorpion. こここと v. a. To sting. 2. The nibs of a pen, steel pens.
- kettledrum; middle size between the naqqāra and takorā: the bass end of the small kettledrum.
- ع رَنكنى و dankinī, (डाकिनी) s. f. See [a sting, stinger. H. تنكيلا dank-īlā, adj. Armed with

- н. ٿور r, (दोरक) s. f. 1. String. 2. s. m. See P. ٿول
- H. الكورة, s. m. 1. Thread, string, line, cord, &c. 2. Edge of a sword, &c. الكورة كا ترابط كا ترورة A blood-shot eye, vessels distended with blood on the tunica conjunctiva of the eye (from intoxication or other cause). قرر على الله على ترور كا ترورة كا تروزة كا
- H. Jos dorlā, s. m. (dakh.) 1. Apple or ball of the eye. 2. Solanum Jacquini, Jacquin's Nightshade.
- H.  $\ddot{c}$  dori, s. f. A string, cord tied round the arm or wrist, thread, rope, fillet; a chain or line with which lands are measured.
- H. گوريا doriyā, s. m. l. Striped or checked muslin. 2. A dog-keeper.
- n. دُوك dok, (from دُوك) s. f. Vomiting. Pulmonary disease in animals. ¶ (dakh.) A sort of fish.
- H. こっちょう doknā, v. n. To vomit.
- H. درکنا په ط م که اورکنا part. act. Vomiting.

- P. しっぱ dol, ( controlled to raise up) (Pers. dol, ( controlled to raise up) (Pers. state to signify) water. ¶ (applied locally to signify) The richest black soil.
- H. J. daul, s. m. 1. Manner, method, mode. 2. Shape, fashion, form, figure. 3. Plan, plot. 4. A pattern, model. 5. Nature, constitution, state or form of being. ¶ Estimate of assets for the purpose of assessment.

P. دُوچی dolchī, s. f. A small bucket for drawing water.

- 2. धं, उं dolnā (or, dakh. ḍālnā, from दोलन r. दल Throw up, swing) v. n.

  1. To move, shake or be shaken, to rock, wag. 2. To roam, wander. 3. To swing, be tossed backwards and forwards. 4. See-saw.
- ع. قولى قولة, (दोला, दोलिन a litter) s. f. A kind of sedan (for women), a small portable cot, a dooley.
- H. J. dom, s. m. l. A low caste of Hindus. 2. The name of a caste of Musalmāns, the males of which are musicians, and the females sing and dance in the presence of females only.

H. قومر domar, s. m. (dakh.) A ropedancer, tumbler.

H. قومرنى domar·nī, s. f. (dakh.) A female dancer or tumbler; a common hussy.

- H. دمنی domni, s. f. A female of the caste called علم above described.

  (ومنیان) Females who sing in presence of women only, and play, sitting, on the dholak and manjirā).
- H. בُوندًا dāndā, s. m. l. A bullook with only one horn (in parts of Dehli ap-

plied to a bullock with two horns, and tunda to a bullock with only one.). 2. A whirlwind.

ह دندی با dondi or daundi, s. f. (डिं-डिम) Proclamation by beat of drum. See الهندهورا

H. じょう dongā, s. m. 1. A spoon:
(dakh.) A ladle made of the shell of
a cocoa-nut with a long wooden handle.
2. A canoe. 8. A trough. ¶ dongā,
adj. (dakh.) Deep, profound.

H. دنگان dongān, s. m. (dakh.) Depth; abyss, gulph. [deepness.

H. دُونگائی dongā-ī, s. f. (dakh.) Depth,

ط. قونگر dongar, s. A mountain.

#. دنگری dongri, s. f. A hill, mount.

H. دنگی با dongi, s. f. A small boat:

see تونکا [a skiff, barge, canoe.

H. دنی با doni, s. (dakh.) A large boat,

- н. دُونی do'i, s. f. (दवी) A wooden spoon, ladle; oar.
- eaves of a house, extending three or four cubits beyond the wall, so that people may sit under them.
- H. בשלים dhāṭā, s. m. A handkerchief tied over the turband and over the ears, also tied under the beard to make the hairs incline upward.
- عارس على dhāras, (दाह्य) s. f. m.

  Firmness of mind, confidence, animation, encouragement, comfort.

  الله تدهارس بندهانا v.a. To encourage, comfort, keep in spirits.

  الله على v.a. To animate.
- H. گھاگ dhāk, s. m. Name of a tree (Butea frondosa).
- H. قمال بالم dhāl, l. s. m. Declivity, slope.
  - 2. s. f. A shield (টান্টা), target, buckler. 3. A gradient. 4. Condition,

state. 5. Mode (قرل). 6. A mould.
7. Habit (بان). 8. A gradient. 9.
Like, as.

H. Cast (metal in fusion). 2. To pour out, tilt, spill. 3. (met.) To do mischief, mar, spoil. 4. To mould, form, coin. 5. To compose (a sentence).

n. گهانی طافی به طافی ای dhālā, adj. 1. Slant, sloping; descent of a hill. 2. part. act. (of التا الله الله ) Spoiling, doing mischief, casting, &c. تهانی To shift goods, &c. occasionally over shallows, &c. [declivous. 2. Cast (metal).

H. دهالوال dhālwān, adj. 1. Sloping,

H. じぬう dhānā, (さま) (caus. of じん).
v. a. 1. To break, batter, knock down or raze (a building, &c.), demolish. 2.
To bring upon one.

II. دهانچا dhānchā, s. m. A frame-work a plan, skeleton.

H. قطانكنا dhānknā, v. a. To cover, to shut. s. m. (dakh.) A cover.

ह دُهائی ḍ h̄ a' i, (आर्द्स्य) adj. Two and a half.

H. באם dhab, s. m. Shape, form, manners, breeding, behaviour, mode, method, manner, knack, knowledge, fashion, style, way, address, dexterity, art, position, practice (בול). Habit (بان) conduct. Intercourse. Kind.

H. دُهينا dhapnā, 1. v. n. To be covered, be concealed or hidden. 2. s. m. A cover, lid, covering.

H. בَّهَا dhaṭṭā, } B. m. A plug, cork, bung.

ब. دهتهائی đhiṭhā'ī, (घृष्ट्रता، धार्क्का)

s. f. Forwardness, assurance, impudence, audacity, presumption, pertness.

H. נאגע dhathiyā, s. f. A cord used instead of a bridle.

H. قطي dhichchā, s. (dakh.) A blow or butt of the head (of a ram, goat, &c.).

H. قام المحتان بالمحتان بالمح

H. בֿמבֿמ dahḍahā, adj. 1. Flourishing, blooming, green, fresh; pleasing.
2. Bright, gay, shining. 3. Large, great, excessive. [to blossom.

#. دهدهان dahḍahānā, v.a. To flourish,

H. Lida dhaknā, (代刊) v. a. 1.
To cover, to conceal. 2. s. m. Lid, pot-lid. 3. Dim. [a pot).

H. قمكنى đhaknī, s. f. A lid, cover (of

H. گهکوسلا dhakosla, s. m. 1. Deception (بتا) 2. Delusion, phantom, fable, hallucination.

H. گھکوسنا dhakosnā, v. a. 1. To guzzle. 2. To drink greedily.

н. دهگار dhigār, s. f. (dakh.) Heap pile.

H. دُهلائی dhulā'ī (from الله) s. f.
1. Act of carrying. 2. Price paid for carrying or transporting.

H. قطلک dhalak, s. f. Rolling, tilting.

н. Цъй dhalkā, adj. 1. Blear-eyed. 2. Spilling. ¶ dhulkā, s. (dakh.) Nap (short sleep.).

H. الله تو dhalkānā, (caus. of الله تو الله ت

- H. Libe An affection of the eye causing it to water. To run down.
- from side to side, to totter, waver! change. [be spilt, roll.
- H. ப்பிக் dhulnā, v. n. To be poured out,
- H. دھلیت dhalait, (ਫੀਓਨੀ) s. m. 1.

  A person in the equipage of great men armed with sword and buckler. 2. A constable, a targetier.
- s. گفندهورا dhandhorā, (दुंदन) Seeking) s. m. Publication or proclamation by beat of drum.
- s. m. A public crier, a proclaimer by beat of drum.
- manners, (قطنگ dhang, s.m. 1. Behaviour, manners, (قطنگ) mode, method.

  2. Frame, cut, build. 3. Plan. 4. Property, phenomenon. 5. Art, accomplishment.
- H. گھو dhau, adj. (dakh.) Deep (water):
  subst. Deep water, a marsh, moor,
  morass.
- a clod of earth. ¶ dhauwā (dakh.)

  See عليان and قلتبان
- مربر dhopar, s. (dakh.) See قرير مروبر and سرين [Cattle: a bull.
- म. בֿמּרָן dhor, s. m. (धुर्य cattle.)
- ਸ. ਹੈ ਹੈ dhol, m. (ਫੀਲ) A drum (one foot two inches long, and eight inches

- in diameter, both ends covered with leather, and played on with the hands.).
- H. دهولک dholak, and (smaller than the dhol, and only one end co-

vered with leather.).

- H. دُهولكيا dholkiyā, s. m. A person that plays on the dholak.
- e. تولنا) v. (dakh.) To wash rice: excess of bile to be perceived.
- about two hundred betel-leaves. 2. s. m. A drummer.
- H. じゅう dhonā, v. a. 1. To carry, to bear. 2. (気を) To remove, transport.
- H. خری با dhonchā, adj. Four and a half.
- ع. دَهُونَدُهنا بَهُ طُمُونَدُهنا بَهُ طُمُونَدُهنا بَهُ طُمُونَدُهنا بَعُونَدُهنا प्रकाती क्षेत्र प्रकारी किंदिन प्रकार किंदिन किंदि
- H. قمرندهيا dhandhiya, s. m. Name of a kind of faqir of the sect of Jain.
- H. قهونگ به dhong, s. (dakh.) Deceit, imposture, artifice, trick: see
- H. قهونگی dhong-ī, adj. Deceitful.
- H. گھیپا dhepā, (dakh.) 1. s. m. A large lump or clod. 2. adj. Corpulent, bulky. See دھیر
- 4. قميته ḍhāṭh, (경영) adj. Forward, impudent, familiar, bold. ¶ (for 문명) part. pass. Seen.
- H. s. Lud Lation, dha'i denā, v. a. To force an invitation, by fixing one's self in a house till dinner comes on table.

H. گهنر dher, 1. s. m. (dakh. s. f.) A heap, accumulation: (dakh. also) a tomb, grave. 2. adj. Much, abundant, enough. [eyed.

H. دهيرا dherā, adj. Squinting, squint-

Name of a tribe of workers in leather, also employed as watchmen and messengers in village establishments. They also trace their origin from crows whom they worship. They est dead animals, clean the skins, and sell them to the .......................... 2. A crow.

: # بار هیگ با په باز هیگ با بار ههه انبار ههه انبار ههه

H. دهيگار ۴ Å ig är, 8. (dakh.) See

ת. באנט dhīl, s. f. (शिथिल loose.)

1. Looseness, relaxedness, laziness, delay. [clay, chalk, &c.

H. دهيل dhelā, s. m. A clod, lump of

H. Loose, not tight, flabby. 2. Remiss. 3. Lazy, inattentive 4. Slack, lax, dull. 5. Clumsy. 6. Weak in the loins, impotent. 7. Slow, dilatory.

of joining breadths of cloth or of cutting out cloth. 2. A machine for drawing water; being a lever supported on a long post, having a bucket suspended to one end, and a weight of earth or stone to the other. (dakh.)

1. A crane, lever, windlass, or other such machine for raising massive and ponderous bodies. 2. See sign. 2. above.

gentleman is in his garden consisting of a tree and a half (and the bukiyan, Melia sempervirens, here mentioned, is a tree of no use or estimation) is applied to a person who assumes consequence without reason.

H. دُين denā, s. m. A log tied to the neck of a vicious ox.

E. دُينگ بات ding, s. f. Boasting. دُينگ بات عارنا v. a. To make boast (of), to boast, brag. [a skiff.

H. دينگي dengi, s. f. A kind of boat,

H. گيروها dewrhā, s. m. 1. Half as much again. 2. A mode of reckoning. (Used to express interest in kind on grain at the rate of fifty per cent.).

H. گيوڙهي dewrhi, s. f. Threshold, door, antichamber, porch.

ن

is the ninth letter of the Arabic alphabet. Its existence in Persian, except as a substitute for J (see J), appears very doubtful. It is pronounced by the Arabs like th in the English word thou; but, in Hindustani, its sound is not to be distinguished from that of J s. In denoting numbers by the letters of the Arabic alphabet, it stands for 700; and, by way of abbreviation, it is written for J the last month of the Arabic lunar year.

werb, the in the form انتعال is changed into J, and either the J or j is changed into the other of the two, which is doubled; as, from نكر comes الذكر or الذكر.

- cleaving, slaughtering.) s. m. A sacrificer, a cutter, a butcher.

  Two bright stars in the left horn of Cappicorn.
- A. فر sāt, (from ف Master, owner, possessor) s. f. 1. A mistress, possessor. 2. (জানি) The essence, nature, soul, self, substance, property, the body, person, caste, race, breed, origin. 3. Kind, sort, character. بنيا s. m. The pleurisy. تان Peripneumony, inflammation of the lungs. العمود Being at a perpendicular. فات بهائي (dakh.) A relative, kinsman. الناج تان v. n. To become an outcaste نات دینا v. a. To give up one's caste or relinquish the benefits of one's religion by eating, &c., with a person of another sect: also, to give caste, or to receive into any sect as a member. To act wickedly ذات کے گن نکالنا or villainously. بذاته adv. Of himself, of itself, in person.
- A. ذاتی <u>sāt-ī</u>, adj. (जातीय) Essential, (اصلی) real, material, natural, innate, intrinsic, fundamental, personal.
- A. ذكر <u>sākir</u>, part. act. (of ذكر) Remembering, grateful, a praiser of God.
- A. مَقْنَانَ عَمْ 'iqa, (قَوْنَ tasted.) s. m.

  The sense of tasting, the palate, relish,

  taste, flavour, savour, smack.(چَسكا)
- slaughter. ن ج كرنا 1. To sacrifice,

- to immolate. 2. To kill (animals for food agreeably to the Muhammadan law), to slaughter. in to be sacrificed or killed, &c.
- A. عبن عملی الله 1. part. Sacrificed. 2. s. m. A sacrifice. الله A name of Ismāi'l), the son of Ibrāhām.
- A. مناخ ن عمله غالم ن غائر عالم على عائم على المنائر كالمناخيرة Victuals, provision, treasures, stores.
- A. من عن عندی s. m. (من نخر).
- A. كنيرة Ṣakhīra, J Treasure, provisions, victuals, stores, munition.
- cubit. 3. Two bright stars in the head of Gemini. 4. The arm. 5. The fore-leg of a horse.
- A. فروت sirwat or surwat, s. f. 1. The summit, the pinnacle. 2. Majesty, pomp.
- A. كان يه عاد الله ع
- الرى عن يarrī, (dimin. of فرى or fem.)
  An atom, a little, &c.
- A. هنري غير stretching forth.) Medium, means, cause, occasion. فريع or ندريعة By means, by the medium; through.
- A. قرية surriyat, s. f. Offspring, race, stock, descendants, progeny.
- A. نقن <u>saqan</u>, (Heb. The beard) s. m.
  1. Chin, beard. حالا فقى s. m. Dimple in the chin.
  2. Bound, spring.
- in mind. Heb. To be pure, clean, splendid) s. m. Acumen, vivacity acuteness of genius, penetration, sagucity. ¶ sukū, s. m. The sun.

- sharp.) Brightness of genius, acuteness, ingenuity.
- hrance, memory, commemoration, mention. 2. Praise, fame, recital, relation. 3. Reading of the Qur'ān and recital of the praise and names of God. 4. Talk, mention, report. 5. Taking or repeating the name of God. 6. An invocation, prayer. (3) v. a. To recite, mention, relate, express, &c.). 7. Mental remembrance.
- A. گر <u>sakar</u>, s. m. Membrum virile, penis, male, masculine. (Arab. plur. فكور Males, &c.).
- A. كن يوملة, (كن) adj. 1. Acute, ingenious, sharp, intelligent, clever. 2.

  Fiery, flaming. فركي المعى Of a splendid genius.
- A. Ji gull, s. m. Baseness, meanness. ¶ gill, s. m. Gentleness, ease.
- A. indignity, disgrace. was vile) s. f. Baseness, vileness, meanness, dishonour. abasement, affront, insult, indignity, disgrace.
- A. الله فالله الله الله على adj. 1. Abject, submissive, contemptible, disgrace, indignity, wretched. 2. Shameless الله كرنا (بي حيا) To abase, debase.
- A. j. samm, s. f. Blame, reproach, accusation, detraction.
- A. هن simma, s. m. (ن a compact).

  Trust, charge, responsibility, obligation, subjection, duty, service, fidelity, lineage. نص لنا To take in charge.
- A. نام zimmī, s. One not a muḥam-

- madan, allowed to settle in a muhammadan country on paying the politax.
- A. ننوي <u>s</u>amb, s. m. A crime, sin, fault. (Plur. ننوب). ¶ <u>s</u>anab (Heb.) s. m. l. A tail. 2. The descending node.
- A. عَرَبُ الْمَا الْمُ الْمُرْدِينَ الْمُعْلَى الْمُ الْمُرْدِينَ الْمُعْلَى الْمُرْدِينَ الْمُعْلَى الْمُرْدِينَ الْمُعْلَى الْمُحْدَدِينَ الْمُعْلَى الْمُحْدِينَ الْمُعْلَى الْمُحْدِينَ الْمُحْدِينَ الْمُعْلَى الْمُحْدِينَ الْمُعْلَى الْمُحْدِينَ الْمُحْدِينَ الْمُحْدِينَ الْمُحْدِينَ الْمُحْدِينِ الْمُعْدِينِ الْمُحْدِينِ الْمُعْدِينِ الْمُحْدِينِ الْمُحْدِينِ الْمُحْدِينِ الْمُحْدِينِ ال
- A. بناغ <u>sawānib</u>, s. plur. (of الناب)
- A. فرق <u>sauq</u>, s. m. Taste (mental) delight, voluptuousness.
- A. في gawi, (plur. in obj. case of في المرحام, Lords, masters, possessors. Having, possessing, endowed with. فوي الارحام Relatives by the mother's side.
- A. باهن يعاشة sahāb, s. Departure. فهاب كالمناب كالمن
- A. Lai sahab, s. Gold.
- A. نهل عمال, s m. Forgetting, leaving, carelessly abandoning.
- A. في نشين was acute.)

  Acuteness (of mind), acumen, apprehension, sagacity, wit, understanding, mind, memory, capacity, mind, genius, ingenuity, ability.

  Bubtle genius. فهي دقيق كالم

settled in the mind, impressed on the mind. نهی نشین کرنا To impress on the mind. [ting.

- A. المران guhāl, s. m. Oblivion, forget-
- A. فين غير ahīn, (part. نفين) adj. Sagacious, ingenious, acute (ذكي).
- s. m. The name of the last month of the Muhammadan year. (On the 10th day is the festival of عيد عيد the 10th day is the festival of
- A. لين sail, s. m. (لين had a long tail or pendant) The skirt of a garment, the train of a robe; the last, hinder, or supplementary part of any thing; train, retinue, the sequel, that which follows or is annexed, a list of particulars mentioned in a letter, an appendix, as undermentioned, as proceeding, as below.

re, called الى مهمله and منقوطه is the tenth letter in the Arabic and twelfth in the Persian alphabet, corresponding to in Sanskrit. Its pronunciation is that of the English r when fully sounded. In denoting numbers by the letters of the Arabic alphabet, it stands for 200. It is interchangeable with dand di

he will send; الرسل for الرسل the river Tigris; الرفد المنال for الرفد the name of a mountain. Sometimes في is used for it; as, blue for قراط for قراط for قراط for قيراط for قراط for قيراط for قراط for قيراط for قيراط for قيراط for asserting the name of a weight. In Hindi, besides of it is also interchanged with of the lastronomical character for the moon: and, in dates, it denotes the month مربيع الأول

- H. رابری rābrī, s. f. A kind of food like pap, meal mixed with butter-milk.
- binding.) s. m. 1. Whatever serves to bind one thing to another, bond, relation, alliance, connexion; 2. The copula. 3. A catchword. 4. System, regularity.

s. ابن, rūban or rāvaņa, (रात्रण) n.

- prop. See رأون (It is said, that Vishnu, having an inclination for war, occasioned a Brahman to curse his two door-keepers जय and विजय wishing that they might be born on earth three times, returning after each time to their original forms of porters to the deity. By these means, Vishnu contrived to be nearly matched on earth, so as to have a good battle. They first appeared as Hiranyaksha and Hiranyakashipu; then, as Ravana and Kumbhakarna; and, lastly, as Sisupāl and Dantavaktra; in each of which characters they opposed the deity in different avatars).
- H. lil, rābnā, v. n. (dakh.) To labour.
- H. رابی rāpī, s. f. (dakh.) Shoemaker's knife.

ब. ा, rāt, (राति) s. f. Night, night-رات تهوایی اور سانگ بهت fall. is applied to express a hurry of business with little time to perform it in; also great expense with a small in-

## Mir says:-

بن جو کچھ بن سکے جوانی میں رات تھوڑی ہے اور بہت ہے سانگٹ Acquire whatever you can in the season of youth: the task is arduous and the time short. (Ars longa vita bre-راتور Midnight. آدهی رات In the middle of the night.

- A. راتب rātib rātab, s. m. Daily allowance of food, rations (to animals, particularly dogs and elephants), allowance, portion, provision.
- A. Lui, rātiba, s. m. Salary, stipend,
- 2. तो, rāj, (राज्य r. राज Shine) s. m. Government, sovereignty, royalty, reign, kingdom. In compos. also (for বালা or rather for the gen. case বাই:) Prince, king: (in dakh. moreover, it may be used absolutely for) king. راج پت or پتی (राज्य Kingdom, and पति Lord) s. m. A Hindū title, prince. اج بهوراً A gangrenous carbuncle, a cancer. Lemal, (राज-सभा) s. f. The king's court or assembly. انج کنور (राजकुमार) s. m. A king's son, a prince. راج وارا على الجكنيا rāj-wārā, s. m. The country (राजकन्या) s. f. A princess. حل عا به المجارة به المجارة به المجارة ا ا الله Amaranthus polygamus. راجمندر (राजमंदिर) s. m. A palace, [king, a prince. a royal residence.

- هراج الم tājādhirāj, (राजाधिराज) s. m. A paramount sovereign.
- ع. راج بنسى rāj-bans-ī, (राजवंशी) s. m. l. Descendant of a rājā. 2. The name of a rajpat tribe.
- क جيوت , rāj-pūt, (राजपुत prince). s. m. l. A descendant of a rājā. 2. The name of a tribe.
- ع. P. اجبوتانه rājpūl-āna, adj. Like or belonging to the rajputs. The province of Ajmeer is so termed.
- s. راج دهانی rāj-dhānī, (राजधानी)
  - s. f. The metropolis, seat of empire.
- rāj-rānī, s. f. A king's wife, a queen, royal consort.
- म् راجس rājas, (रजस्) s.m. Passion or love of sensual enjoyment or pleasure, &c. See 7 sign. 4.
- 8. اجس rājasa, (राजस) adj. ing to the quality, raja: see under [The king's throne.
- 8. راجسنگهاسی rāja-singhāsan, B. m.
- ह. راجسو , rājsū, (राजस्य) s. m. sacrifice performed only by an universal monarch, attended by his tributary princes (as in the case of Yudhishthir and others). [to be adorned.
- g. اجنا, rāj-nā, (राजन) v.n. Toshine,
- s. راجنی rājnī, (राज्ञी) s. f. Queen:

- s. اج هنس rāj-hans, (राजहंस) s. m. A goose. (A white goose with red legs and bill, or more properly perhaps the flamingo). [Hoping, hopeful.
- ع. اجا البار rējā, (राजा r. राज Shine) الجا مارجا به rējā, (एart. act. of اجا) adj.

- A demon, fiend, an evil spirit. 2. A fabulous race with horns. 3. A child born with horus.

  \*\*CHRHPAIE\*\* A form of marriage, the violent seizure and rape of a girl after the repulse or destruction of her relatives.
- م. رای rāḥ, s. Wine.
- To breathe gently, &c.) s. f. 1. Quiet, repose, rest. ease, (آرام) tranquillity, pleasure. 2. The palm of the hand.
- ing burthens, a party of travellers, caravan.
- مر مراب المراب المراب
- s. a), rādhā, (যাঘা r. যাঘ Become perfect). The name of Kṛishṇa's mistress, also called যাঘিকা.
- vided) s. m. Sustainer, a title of the Deity. Providence.
- val among the cowherds, including songs and dances, especially the circular dance as performed by Krishna and

- the Gopis or cowherdesses. (加田司司) A dancing boy who imitates the rās of Kṛisḥṇa. 2. rāsi for (司司) f. A heap of husked grain in the field. 3. A sign of the Zodiac.
- H. رأس بتهانا or لينا or رأس بتهانا or رأس بتهانا or رأس بتهانا or رأس بينا or رأس بينا or رأس الله or رأس الله عنه عنه عنه عنه عنه والله عنه عنه والله عنه والله عنه والله عنه والله وال
- A. سال rās, (Chald.) s. m. (سال head)

  The head; a head of cattle (i. e. one ox,

  or one horse). السرطان The sum
  mer solstice. السركان The winter

  solstice. الس كلان A horse of middling breed. الس كلان A horse of
  high caste. الس كلان s. m. Principal,
  capital, stock.

- P. Limi, rāstā, s. m. 1. A road, way, street, lane, alley. 2. Manner. To slink راستا کترانا ۱۰ دهنگت) sign. 2. مترانا عway: see
- P. مسته, räst-a, l. adj. Right-handed: (dakh.) right (oppos. to left). 2. s.m. راستا Road: see
- P. راساتي rāst-ī, s. f. Honesty, probity, uprightness, veracity, truth, justice.
- مرسوخ rāsikh, (part. act. of راسخ A.) adj. Firm, durable, solid, constant, rooted, sincere; learned.
- P. اسو عقدة, s. m. A mongoose (Viverra mungo), a weasel.
- ه. عطر رأس .ه. متراسى ۵۰ رأسى ۵۰ مراسى ۵۰ adj. middling breed (a horse). 2 Indifferent, so so. 3. Firm.
- A. مثل rāshid, (part. act. of رشك) adj. Pious, faithful, orthodox, following the right path. (Plur. رأشديي)٠
- A. رشوت rāshī, (part. act. of رأشي) s. m. Briber.
- A. رضو rāṣī, (part. act. of رأضي Heb. was content) adj. 1. Satisfied, contented, agreed, pleased, willing, ready, compliant, approving; approver. راضي برضا Well; in good health. Resigned to the will of God. علمة s.m. An acknowledgment of a cause being finally settled, given by the plaintiff (the defendant gives a راضی .(A general release صافی نامه To content, satisfy, please, gra-To consent, acquiesce, assent, comply, accede, agree, be content, deign.
- A. أضية rāṣīyatan, adv. Contentedly, [Shepherd, pastor. to one's content. ا عى الم بي الم

- P. c., rāgh, s. m. 1. A meadow. 2. A desert. 3. The skirt of a mountain on the side of a desert.
- م. بغنا، raghib, part. act. (of بغني) inclined to) Willing, wishing; (adjectively) Desirous, curious.
- To رفض rāfiṣī, (part. act. of رأفضي A. reject, forsook) s. m. A heretic, par-شیعهٔ ticularly a
- A. رافع rāfi\*, part. act. (of رافع l. Elevating, exalting. 2. Repelling. 3. Carrying off.
- اقم به rāqim, (part. act. of راقم Heb. impressed) 1. Writing. 2. s. m. A writer, correspondent. راقم الحروف The writer of these letters; i. e. of this epistle, of this book, &c.
- م. راكب rākib, (part. act. of راكب Heb.) 1. s. m. A rider. 2. part. Riding, mounted (on a horse, ship, &c.).
- ع. راكس rākas, (राक्षस) s. راکشس rākshas, ) A demon, an evil spirit.
- ع. على, rākh, (रक्षा) s. f. Ashes. (خاک)
- s. j, rāg, (刊) s. m. l. A mode in music (there being six in number), music, song, tune, air. 2. Anger, passion. 3. Love. 4. An account; a narrative, story. اک چهانا , v. n. To be in concert. راک رنگ s. m. s. m. A song راك ساكر composed of many rags or musical modes. It s. f. The name of a treatise on music (being merely a collection of pictures, exhibiting the traditional history of the primary and subordinate modes, and the subjects appropriated to each).
- ह. راکنی rāgiņī, (रागिणी) s. f. mode in music, the wife of a rag,

(there being thirty rāgiņī, in number). داگی s. m. l. A singer. 2. A lover, libertine. adj. Carnal; sensual.

TEL. راكی rāgī, (राजिका) s. (dakh.)

A sort of grain, commonly called raggy, much cultivated in the south of India.

s. ال rāl, s. f. 1. (বান্ত) Resin, rosin,
pitch. 2. (from নান্তা) Saliva.

H. Y, rālā, s. (dakh.) An excellent farinaceous grain of the millet kind.

P. rām, 1. adj. Obedient, tame. 2.

s. m. A domestic, one who receives orders.

s. הוא (राम) s. m. The Hindu god.
The seventh Hindu incarnation (see
הוא לוא (לוא בינת ). God. הוא לוא (לוא בינת A Hindu form of salutation. رام كهانى 1. The rāmāyaņ. 2. A long story.

epic poem by Vālmīki, containing the history of Rāma. (Poems on the same subject and under the same title have been composed by other authors).

s. رام بهل rām-phal, s. (dakh.) Annona squamosa. [knife: see رانیج

H. رامپی rāmpī, s. f. A shoemaker's

H. رام ترئی rāmtura'ī, s. f. The name of a vegetable, Ochra.

s. رام جنى, rāmjanī, (रामाजनी i. e. रामा Pleasing, and जनी Woman) A Hindū dancing-girl, a prostitute.

n. prop. Son of Dasaratha, and conqueror of Lankā or Ceylon. ام دهائی s. f. An asseveration, by Rāma, by God.

P. شهای rāmish, s. l. Rest, ease. 2.

Harmony, modulation. 3. Mirth

hilarity. رامش گر musician, singer.

P. ران rān, 1. s. f. m. The thigh. الله دبانا (عاجز کرنا) تله دبانا (عاجز کرنا) تله دبانا الله سه ران سه ران عاجز کرنا) تله دبانا الله الله عند ال

title of a prince or rājā: a tribe of rājpāts. 2. adj. Spontaneous, wild.

H. انپی rām pī, s. f. An iron instrument for scraping leather, shoemaker's or currier's knife.

s. क्यों, rānjhā, (रंजन) s. m.
s. क्यों, rānjhan, A sweetheart:
Leander, the

who is called in Hindi Hir).

P. H. اراندن, rāndnā, (Pers. راندن) لله على To expel, excommunicate.

H. licia, rāndnī, s. f. Parsley.

P. الندن rānda, part. pass. (of راندی)

Driven, driven out, rejected, expelled.

g. Libabil, rāndhnā, (स्वन r. स्व Mature, ripen) v. a. To cook, to boil, to dress food.

ع. انداپا عرب rānḍā-pā, (from रंडा) ع. m.

s. Ji, rāng, s. f. (刊) Pewter, s. lil, rānga, s. m. tin.

انی یو rānī, (राज्ञा عاد f. A (Hindū)
queen or princess.

P. رانی rān-i, s. f. in compos. Driving.

H. ورو ، rā'ō or rāv, s. m. (राजा) A prince.

H. راوتی rāwṭī, s. f. A kind of gable tent (without boots). An attic.

1. Gayety, amusement, dalliance. 2. Affection, endearment, caress.

H. John rāval, s. m. (राजा) A chieftain; prince; warrior.

s. اروں rāvaņ, (रावण) s. m. Son of Visravā and Kaikasī, and sovereign of Lankā (Ceylon), who carried away Sītā, and lost his life and kingdom to her husband Rāmachandra.

ed) s. m. An historian, the author of a fable, romance, fiction, &c. narrator, relater. (Plur. Pers.

s. s), rāhu,

((I)) s. m. l. Typhon,

or the dragon that is supposed to devour the sun or moon during an
eclipse. 2. The ascending node or
dragon's head.

(on the road). راهداری s.f. 1. Collection of duties (on roads); رالا دارى راه دکهانا .A passport کی چتھی To make one wait for. الا ديكهنا or Lici To expect, await, rook for or wait for. الا دينا To grant access, admit. الا دّالنا To establish a custom. الا جلنا To continue in one's usual practice or mode of conduct. الا ركهنا To keep up an inter-رالا روش A traveller. رالا رو s. f. Manners, habits, customs. 3) ن s. m. A highwayman, footpad, robber. راه زني s. f. Highway-rob-والا كاتنا adj. Just, right. والا سر 1. To travel a road. 2. To quit a path, or take a short cut. الا كرنا راه کهوتی . To contract friendship راة To linger on the road. کرنی s. m. l. Boad, way. 2. A traveller. راه کير s. m. A traveller, wayfarer. Lil sl, To follow one's own devices. راة لينا To go, depart الا ماركا . To waylay, rob. 2. To lay one under restraint, to ruin one's prospects in life. الا نكالنا, To devise a new mode of conduct. ( ) s. m. A conductor, guide, leader. راه تمالي s. f. Guidance. راهوار adj. Ambling (in horsemanship, going a certain gait, which is generally taught to tangans), (dakh.) fit for the road, that travels at a round rate, active, speedy; s. An ambling horse,

- A. Lab, rāhib, s. m. (Lab, he feared) A monk, hermit; a christian priest. (Arb. Plur. (مالية)
- م راهی, rāhin, (part. act. of placed as a pledge) s. m. A mortgager, pawner, pledger.
- $r \tilde{a} h \cdot i$ , (from اهي s.m.  $\Delta$ traveller, wayfarer.
- म. हा, rā-e or rā-ī or rāo, (राजा Prince) s. m. l. A Hindū title, prince, chief. 2. s. m. رائے رایاں (بھات) A bard The chief of A Hindū title, (lit.) princes. 2. The Diwan of the khālisa, or chief treasurer. Adj. Large, great.
- ब. رائی, rāī, (राजिका) s.f. l. A kind of mustard seed with small grains. 2. A small particle, ramosa.
- م. رائی seeing with the eye or mind.) 1. Wisdom, opinion, thought, notion, counsel, advice. 2. Minute, vote. 3. A judgment ()
- A. تارا، rāyāt, s. plur. (of سيار) 1. Standards, banners (especially of an army in motion). 2. (met.) A camp.
- a. رائی rāyān, s. f. plur. (of رایاں i n dakh.) Kind of mustard seed: see [called. (Jasminum zambac).
- a. رائے بیل, rā'e-bel, s. f. A flower so
- م. رأى rāyat, (from رأيت Heb. see; because it is seen by all or is conspicuous) s. f. A standard.
- н. ایتا, rā'etā, s. m. (राजिकाक्त) Римkins, &c. pickled in sour milk. A salad. ایتا کرنا, v.a. To beat to a jelly.
- مروج or رواج rā'ij, (part. act. of رائم or روج had a ready sale) adj. Customary, current, usual, fashionable, vendible, The fashion رائم الوقت or custom of the time.

- rā'ī-jāmūn, s. (dakb.) A species of the Jamblong tree with very small fruit.
- A. مرازح rā'iha, (part. act. of مرازح m. Fragrance, perfume, odour.
- P. رايگار, rā'egān, 1. adj. Gratis, gratuitous, acquired without labour, useless. 2. adv. In vain. (تاكارت).
- H. رائيل rā'īl or رايل rāyal, s. (dakh.) Giant.
- A. رب rabb, s. m. (ب possessor.) 1. A lord, protector, preserver. name of God. رب العالمين God, preserver of the world. رب العباد God, the protector of his servants.
- P. , rub, s. m. Juice, rob, sirup, jelly. (Adopted in Arab. rubb of which the plar. is رباب or رباب رب السوس Extract of liquorice.
- P. بربولان) in compos. Stealing, stealer, robber. a rebeck.
- P. باب rabāb, s. m. 'A kind of violin,
- م. باط ribāt, s. An inn, caravansary: rope, ligament. A bond.
- م. باطات ribāṭāt, s. plur. (of ارباط ribāṭāt, s. plur. (of ارباط Firm structures; a public edifice for travellers; ropes, ligaments.
- مِناطى مَا ribāṭ-ā, s. m. The keeper of a
- ه. باعی rubāi, (from رباعی Four) s. f. A quatrain, a stanza or composition of four lines, a tetrastich. (Plur. ۰(رباعیات [cause to labour.
- ارابنا rabānā, (dakh. caus. of رابنا) To
- A. ربت rabbānā, (from ربانی) ad j. Divine, godly.
- ع. ببار, rabi-bār, (रविवार) s. m. Sunday.

- H. ;, rabar, s. f. Fatigue, fruitless labour, trudging.
- H. יִבְּיטׁ) v. n. To fatigue one's self, to run about fruitlessly.
- H. יינט, rabrī, s. f. Thick milk.
- A. he, rabi, s. m. (بط ربط). Connexion, binding, bond, friendship, familiarity, intercourse (النا جانا)، practice (استعمال)، habit, use; construction (in grammar) The copula.
- م. بنے مسکو, (Heb.) s. m. A fourth part, a quarter; a quarter of a sheet or leaf of paper. ربے مسکوں The inhabited parts of the earth.
- A. بنا rabba-nā, O our Lord!
- P. ربولان rubādan, inf. or verbal noun,
  To rob, robbing.
- by a former husband. (educated; from to educate).
- A. daughter by a former husband.
- spring. 2. The spring harvest, or grain then cut (as peas, wheat, &c.).
- month, and ربيع الأول or ربيع الأول. The fourth month of the Muhammadan year. The 9th and 12th days of the former are festivals.
- A. ربیعی rabī·ī, adj. Produced in the spring, belonging to the spring, versal.
- s. رپ ripu (or, dakh. rip), (रिपु)
  s. m. An enemy (سشمن)، رپ رپ انا
- الله الله rapaṭnā, v. n. To slip, to slide

- s. ्रांध, (ऋत्) (vulg. rut) s. f. Season, weather. The Hindus divide the year into six seasons; viz. (वसन्त spring) vasanta, (प्रीष्म hot weather) grīshma, (वर्षो rains) varshā, (शरद autumn) sarad, (हिम cold) hima, and (शिशिर dewy or foggy) sisira.
- s. رح, rati, (रित) s. f. 1. Love. 2. Venery, coition. 3. Name of the wife of Kāmadeva. See
- عالو ع ratālū, (रक्तालु) в. т. А уаты
- A. رتب rutba, (تب the steps of stairs.) s. m. 1. Rank, dignity, degree, stair, step, honor. 2. Weight, importance. 3. Class, quality. 4. Capacity (of soil).
- ع. لجنَّ rat-jagā, s. m. See under
- s. رتی ratan, (آها) s. m. 1. A jewel, gem, a precious stone. 2. The pupil of the eye. 3. Semen. رتی پرس Viola suffruticosa. تی جنت Set with jewels. رتی سنگهاس. A throne adorned with precious stones.
- s. f. l. A plant. 2. Name of a medicine, said to be good for the eyes.
- s. التي ratan-mālā, (रन्नाहा).
  s. f. 1. A necklace of precious stones.
  2. Name of a book in astronomy. 3.
  Name of a flower.

- s. رتبى rath-i, (रथी) s. m. l. An owner of a رتب or a rider in a car or chariot. 2. A bier.
- Enjoyment, pleasure. 2. The sexual passion, sexual intercourse. n. prop. 3. The Venus of the Hindus, and the wife of Kāmadeva (Cupid). 4. Propitious star, fortune, luck. 5. rati or ratti (रितिकी) s. f. A weight equal to eight barley corns; the seed of the Abrus precatorius used as a weight, or a fictitious weight; the seed weighing about 1 and 15 of a troy grain, and the artificial ratti averaging nearly two grains and a quarter. رقى بهر عليه في عليه عليه في عليه في المناسبة عليه في عليه في المناسبة عليه في ال
- عن rat, (حقا) (قال) s. f. Repetition, iteration.
- g. 以, raṭnā, (记可 r. 记 Talk) v. a. To repeat, to iterate, to order or demand repeatedly. s. f. Repetition.
- A. جا rajā, s. f. Hope. Prayer, supplication, intercession.
- A. رجل rijāl, s. pl. (of رجل) Men.

  (by the Hindus called رجال الغيب) (by the Hindus called deling which moves in a circular orbit round the world. People on foot.
- A. رجب rajab, s. m. The seventh month of the Muhammadan year. It is also called بجب المرجب To respect).

- rajas, s. 1. A species of verse.

  2. A kind of camel's disease.
- بجز م. rijz, s. 1. Unholy, not pure.
  2. Punishment for the blasphemy.
  Recitation of verse.
- ing). Return, return of the person divorcing to the person divorced, return of a man to his family, answer to a letter, the resurrection. 1. (Mah. law.) Receiving back a divorced wife. 2. A return of a fit of lunacy.
- A. رجل, rajul, s. m. A man.
- rajm, s. m. 1. Detestation, repulse, dejection. 2. (Heb.) Stoning to death. Strewing a grave with stones.
- s. رجنی rajanī, (रजनी) s. f. Night.
- s. lill بجوارا , rajwārā, (राजवाट) s. m. A kingdom or Hindu dominions, a country under the control of a rājā.
- ing) s.m. f. l. Return, recourse, turning towards, bent, bias, appearing. 2. Reference, appeal, bringing (into court, as a suit).

  To return, allude, have recourse to, repair to, bring into court (a suit).

  Lid حبى To turn towards, to betake one's self, to refer or have recourse to, to side with, to submit, to yield.

  To be returned or referred.
- s. Jest rajo-gun, (INIJU) s. m. The second of the three characters or dispositions assigned by the Hindus to the human mind. They are, 1. How sat wa, Goodness, benevolence. 2. In: raja, Passion or love of sensual enjoyment or of pleasure. 3. In: tama, Darkness, ignorance, delusion, promptitude to the vindictive passions. These are all exhibited in the

Hindu Trinity: in Brahmā, raja prevails; in Vishnu, satwa; and in Siva, tama. [Virility.

- g. Lile, rijhānā, (রেন) v. a. 1. To please, gladden, captivate. 2. (met.) To plague, to tease, to perplex.
- Shine, please) s. f. l. Desire, wish, avidity, desire of or pleasure from eating, pleasure. 2. Light, lustre.
- ارچان rachānā, (caus. of رجان) v. a.
   To set to work, set a going. 2. To make, to do. 3. To make merry. 4. To stain the hands, feet, &c. with hinnā, &c. 5. To celebrate.
- ع. رچاوت rachāwaṭ, s. f. Staining red with hinnā or Pān, &c.
- form, make) v. n. 1. To be made, be created, be prepared. 2. To be set to work, be employed, be about (a business). 3. To stain, colour. 4. To love, like. 5. To keep time in music. 6. To penetrate. 7. To predestinate. 8. v. a. To make, form, invent, prepare, compose, perform. 9. (for the stain of the st
- e. رجنا , ruchnā, (रोचन from रच to please.) v. n. To excite desire; to be agreeable to the mind or palate.
- a. رحل, s. m. (رحل, saddling a camel.) Departing, travelling: a mansion, a resting-place. ¶ rihl, s. f. A support for a book or Quran.
- مدت بنه rihlat, s. f. Marching, departure (particularly to the other world); death, decease. رحلت کرنا v. n. To depart, to die.
- mercy.) Mercy, compassion, kindness, pity: a sort of sweet cake of a white colour. Trihm or rahim, s. m. The womb. (ایکا دان) adj.

- ارحم دل Inclined to mercy, merciful. مم الله adj. Tenderhearted, merciful, kind. الله To feel pity, to pity.
- adj. Merciful, (حمر) adj. Merciful, forgiving. (An epithet of God).
- م. رجانی raḥmān-ī, adj. Divine.
- in a future state. Mercy, kindness.

  The mercy of God

  (be) upon him. Rain.
- مرجان raḥmān, adj. See رجن الم
- ميق, raḥīq, s. Wine, pure and of the best quality.
- A. رحيم raḥīm, (محم) adj. God, the Merciful. (An epithet of God and the prophet Muhammad).
- P. خرب الملكة, s. m. 1. The cheek. 2.

  The castle at chess. 3. Face, point, side, quarter. المن ما منابع منابع منابع الملكة المنابع ا
- P. رخت rakkt, s. m. 1. Goods and chattels, property, apparatus, furniture, apparel. 2. (Cobblers) Leather. 3. Sweetmeats piled up as a cone. اخت باندهنا
- P. اسخ، rukh-sār, s. m. The cheek

  P. الكال) face.
- p. رخش rakhsh, s. m. 1. A horse, a famous horse of Rustam. 2. Splendour, rays or reflection of light.

P. رخشان rakkshān, (part. act. of dazzling. Resplendent, reful-

P. رخشندگی rakhshandagī, (from رخشندگی) s. f. Flash, lightning.

P. رخشنده rakhshanda, (part. act. of رخشیدی) adj. Shining, flashing

P. خنک, rakhna, s. m. 1. A fracture, a hole, a notch, a cleft, perforation, flaw, crevice. 2. Hitch, spoke, obstacle.

A. J, radd, s. m. (J, returned) 1. Rejection, repulsion, resistance, refutation. 2. (met.) Vomiting (قى كرنا) Returning, restitution. 4. To رد العبيز على الصدر .cancel, erase The antistrophe, repeating at the end of a verse the same word with which it begins, or beginning another with the word which terminated the preceding; a kind of rondeau. Argument, discussion, altercaagitation, tion, controversy. براب A reply, rejoinder, retort. Returning compliments. ل كرنا, 1. To reject, disprove, confute, refute, repel, turn back, frustrate, abrogate (a law). 2. To vomit to be abolished or abrogated (a law).

(worn by Dervises). 2. An upper garment of fine linen unsewed (or sewed, if made of other cloth), reaching to the middle of the leg; any kind of cloak put on when going out.

H. 13, raddā, s. m. A layer of a wall, stratum, the work of a day.

ع. راح المراحة المراح

away, waste. s. m. Rejected things, refuse. s. f. Waste paper.

A. رايف radif, (from رايف) Heb. To follow) l. s. m. A man riding behind another on the same horse. 2. s. f.

The rhyming word of a poem. الله المالة المالة

A. الله raṣāla, adj. Worst, after the best has been picked out; mean, base.

P. j, raz, s. f. 1. A vineyard, a vine, agrape.

2. A battle. 3. A castle in Medina.

A. رزق razzāq, adj. (superl. of رزق God provided.) An epithet of the deity, provider of daily bread, supporter of all; providence.

A. P. رزق razzāq-ī, (from رزق) s. f.

An attribute of the deity, providing daily bread or necessaries of life.

مرزق risq, s. m. Food, wealth, a pension, allowance, support, daily bread.

- P. رزم rasm, s. m. War, battle, combat. علاق s. f. The field of battle.
- s , ras, (स) s.m. 1. Juice, liquid, fluid, serum, sap, humour, essence (ww). 2. Flavour, taste, of which are reckoned six kinds, viz. sweet, sour, salt, bitter, acrid, astringent. 3. Taste, sentiment or emotion, as an object of poetry or other composition: eight sentiments are usually enumerated, viz. (1.) श्राार sgingara, Love; (2.) 程程 hāsya, Mirth (3.) कार्णा karuņā, Tenderness; (4.) रीद्र raudra, Anger; (5.) वीर vira, Heroism; (6.) भयानक bhay ā naka, Terror; (7.) वीभत्स vibhatsa, Disgust; (8.) अस्त adbhuta, Surprise; যান sānta, Tranquillity or content or वात्सल्य vātsalya, Paternal tenderness, is sometimes considered as the ninth. 4. Relish, enjoyment. 5. Quicksilver, mercury. (Harris gives also, Arsenic, vermilion, lead, red lead, and sulphur). 5. Beauty.
- P. رسیدی, (سیدی part. act. used in compos.) Arriving, happening, touching at, causing to arrive, one to whom (a thing) arrives; as, دال رس An administerer or dispenser of justice.

  One whom lamentation reaches, i. e., a protector.
- P. ارسیدن, rasā, 1. part. pres. (of رسیدن)
  In compos. Arriving, attaining (or, perhaps, from رسانیدن) causing to arrive. 2. adj. Quick of apprehension, penetrating, skilful, capable, clever.
- H. رسا rassā, (रिम) s. m. Rope, cable.
  (Arab. رسی Pers. رسی)٠

- a. سالت بنه sending news)

  s. f. Mission divine mission: see,

  also, مالت يناه رساله Asylum of

  prophecy, i. e., Muhammad.
- A. Alm, risāla, s. m. (Jm, sent a letter.) 1. Mission, sending a letter, &c. 2. A book, a treatise, an essay, pamphlet, a small tract. 3. A troop of horse. cavalry, squadron. The commander of a troop of horse.
- or neut. of رسانیدی) in compos. Causing to arrive, arriving.
- H. Liu, rasānā, v. s. To solder.
- s. اللي risānā, (r. আ Be angry) v.n.
  To be displeased, to be vexed.
- rasā-ī, s. f. l. Access, en. trance, arriving. 2. Wisdom, quickness of apprehension, cleverness, skill.
- s. رسایی rasāyan, (सियन, सि Mercury, and अथन A road, a going, r. इ Go) s. m. 1. Chemistry. 2. A medicine composed of mercury or other metals. رسانیا s. m. An alchemyst (کیمیاگر)
- s. رساینی rasāyan-ī, (रसायनी) s. m. A chemist.
- ous, spirited, firm. 2. s. Growth. رست وخيز Springing up.
- rastā, s. m. Road. See منسار rastā, s. m. Road.
- day, the day of judgment, the resurrection. 2. rustukhez, part. act. Newly sprung up. [deliverance.
- P. رستگاری rastagārī, s. f. Salvation,
- rustam, n. prop. One of the twelve champions of Persia. His combat with Islandyar is famous in

the east; it lasted two days: and, as the brazen body of his enemy was proof against his arrows, he at last killed him with his mace. He was son of Zal, who was son of Sam, son of Narimān. He was general to Kaikā'us, and considered by the Persians descended from Māmūn, son of Benjamin, son of Jacob. He overcame Afrasiyab, king of Turkistan, who was joined by the Indians and Tartars: nevertheless, he fell into disgrace with his master, principally on account of his rejecting the religion of Zoroaster; and, it was upon this occasion that he killed Kaikā'us's son Isfandyār above mentioned. He was killed by the wound of an arrow in battle with Bahman (or Artaxerxes Longimanus) son of Is-Hence a hero is called fandyar. Rustam. رستمى ق. f. 1. Valour, heroism. 2. Absolute power.

- P. wiin, rustani, s. f. A vegetable.
- P. Lim, rasta, s. m. A road, way, path.
- P. نستن rusta, part. pass. (of رستن)
  Grown, vegetated. ¶ rasta, Saved, delivered.
- p. رسك rasad, s. f. Imports, esp. of grain. 1. Store of grain laid in for an army, &c. grain, provision, supplies. 2. Allowance of food; rations.
- a. رسکبور i. e. रस Quicksilver, and कपूर Camphor, from its resemblance to this drug) s. m. Corrosive sublimate, or a preparation of mercury.
- مسل rasl, s. m. Sending news.

  ¶ rusul or rusl, plur. (of رسول) Prophets, messengers.

  phets, messengers.

  Epistolary correspondence.
- nasm, (سم Heb. He marked رسم rasm, (سم Heb. He marked or marking or wrote) s. f. l. Custom, settled mode, order (حال) 2. Law.

  3. Model, plan. 4. A game among children, the laws of which are, that one puts a question to another, who is obliged to reply in words which do not contain either of the three

which compose the word , which compose the word , which compose the word , which confidence and the second of these should be found in his answer, is to condemned, by way of penalty, to imitate the voice of any animal which may be directed by the questioner.

S. f. Pl. of , way [light.

- s. رسم rasmi, (रिन्म) s. f. A ray of
- and ART Anointing or smearing over) v. n. To wet with perfumed essences or perspiration.
- بسمی rasm-ī, adj. 1. Customary.
   Middling, second sort, ordinary.
- مسيات, rasmiyāt, s. plur. Usages, customs.
- P. رسی rasan, s. m. String, cord, rope.

  A ropedancer. بان باز
  Ropemaker. A lowly, to ooze
- H. Lim, risnā, v.n.
- ع. لنس, rusnā, v.n. To be angry, منا
- H. im, rasnā s. f. (रस taste) The tongue.
- P. اسوائی ruswā, 1. Infamous, ignominious, dishonoured, disgraced. 2. s.m. Opprobrium, disgrace. رسوائی s. f. Infamy (بدنام) المالئے عالم (بدنام) Infamous throughout the world.
- P. رسوائی ruswā-ī, s. f. Ignominy, disgrace, disrepute, &c.
- ع. رسوت rasaut, s. f. A kind of collyrium, extracted from the root of the Amomum anthorhizum.
- s. رسوتى rasawatī, (रसवती) sdj.
  Juicy, luscious, tasteful.
- الموخ ، rusūkh, s. m. (سوخ was firm.)

  1. Firmness, constancy. 2. Actess

- reach ( ) 3. Importance, influence.
- העפיבעיי ruskkiyat, s. f. Firm-ness, steadiness, steady friendship.
- message.) s. m. I. A messenger. 2.
  The prophet Muhammad.
- A. P. سولى rasūl-ī, s. f. Mission.
- الله مسولی rasūlī, s. f. (dakh.) Excrescence, wen, boil, proud flesh.
- Customs, &c. a fee, duties, perquisites, taxes, postage of letters, commission (on sales, &c.).
- رسوم rusūmāt, s. f. plur. of رسومات
- ارسوت rasont, s. f. See رسونت
- e. رسوئی raso'ī, (रसवती) s. f. 1. Victuals, food. 2. Cook-room, kitchen. 3. The Hindu's dining room and kitchen combined.
- ه. ع. رسويا عي raso'iyā, (رسويا عي ) s. m. A cook.
- ब. رسى rassi, (रिन्म) s. f. 1. String, cord, rope, halter. 2. A serpent.
- P. رسی ras-ī, (see P. رسی) s. f. in compos. The arriving, the obtaining the being performed.
- a. رسيا rasiyā, (रिसिक) s. m. A rake, one who enjoys life, a voluptuary.
- g. رسیان rasiyānā, (स Juice) v. n. 1.

  To be moist, to be juicy. 2. To commence ripening, to coze.
- ع. رسيانا risiyānā, (الا Anger) v. n. To be vexed, to be angry.
- p. رسیلی rasid, (سیلی to arrive) s.f.

  1. Acknowledgment of arrival or receiving, receipt. 2. (slang) A belch.

  ¶ In compos. contract. of مسیله
- P. رسیدگی rasīda-gī, s. f. Arrival, attainment.

- P. کیس rasida, (رسیدی) part. pass.
  Arrived, received, ripe, matured, overtaken by. کر رسیده Advanced in years. (Plur. رسیدگان)
- ع. اسيلاً rasīlā, (सि Juice) ædj. · 1.
  Juicy, luscious. 2. Voluptuous, rakish.
- علاور علاية. ras-sendur, s. m. A chemical preparation of mercury, &c.
- P. تشن rishta, s. m. 1. A string, thread, line (قرراً) 2. Series. 3. Relationship by blood or marriage, Affinity; alliance, connexion, kin. 4. The hair worm or guinea worm. شته دار s.m.
  - A relation, kinsman. رشته داری s. f. Relationship.
- sweat, juice. (Plur. شحث Drops, drippings).
- ارشد rushd or rashad, s. m. Rectitude, being in the right way.
- P. شکئ rashk, s. m. Malice, spite, envy, emulation, jealousy, grudge.
- مشوت rishwat or rushwat, s. f. (شوت he bribed him.) A bribe. رشوت One who takes bribes. خور شوت s. f. Taking of bribes. خوری To give a bribe, to bribe; bribery. کهانا To be bribed.
- A. P. شوتى rishwat-ī, adj. One who takes bribes.
- nashīd, (شكر following the right way) part. 1. Guiding to the right way and conducting in it; God. 2. Guided to the right way and conducted in it (by God). 3. Dutiful.
- united firmly. Heb. To beat, to impinge; which may produce either consolidation or fracture) s. m. 1. Tin. 2. Lead. ¶ rassās, A tiuman.

- مد رصد rasad, s. (صد watching)
  Observation (particularly, of the stars).
- A. ف, razā or prop. rizā, (فو) was content) (Heb. To approve, be pleased) s. f. 1. Consent, acquiescence, assent, good pleasure, will. 2. Permission, leave (esp. furlough). 3. Connivance. فا حبل عنه عنه عنه s. f. Seeking the good pleasure or approbation. مناه فا مناه عنه عنه s. f. 1. Consenting, compliant, permitting, wishing, willing. عنه فامندى s. f. 1. Consent, good pleasure. 2. Permission.
- منعت sucking the رضع sucking the mother, as an infant.) s. f. Sucking, fosterage. [brother.
- ع. رضائی raṣā'ī, (रंजिक Cloth) s. f. A quilt, a coverlet.
- منوان s. m. 1. Good pleasure, complacency, contentment, satisfaction. 2. The name of the door-keeper of paradise. 3. A blessing.
- a. رطب, ratb, (Heb.) adj. Moist, green, fresh, tender, verdant. ¶ rutb, s. m. Green herbage or tree. ¶ rutab, Ripe dates. رطب اللسال Celebrated, frequently mentioned (with praise).
- مطل الله ratl, s. m. 1. A pound of twelve ounces 2. A cup of wine.
- مطب , رطوبت being moist.) s. f. l. Humidity, moisture, damp (تری) 2. Freshness. 3. Sap, juice. 4. Saliva. (Plur. أرطوبات)
- مایا مایا, ri'āyā, or prop. ra'āyā, s. plur.

  (of رعیب) (معیب) (pastured.) Subjects, tenants, common people, peasantry, the public.
- to pasture, to feed, to protect, to observe) s. f. l. Observance, respect, regard, attention, honour. 2. Kind-

- ness, favour. 3. Guarding, protecting, taking care (of), paying attention. 4. Remission, indulgence, favour. 5. Partiality, bias. رعایت کرنا To make observance (of), to take care (of). To show favour or indulgence.
- مايتى ri'āyat-ī, s. m. Favoured or privileged person, a protégé.
- he feared). 1. Terrifying, trembling with fear. 2. Awe. 3. Dignity.

  () adj. Awe-inspiring.
- مد عد, ruad, (Heb. Tremor) s. m. Thunder.
- ارعش ra\*sha, (عش) (Heb. Trembling, concussion) s. m. A tremor, shaking, the shaking palsy. عشه adj. Palsied, having the palsy.
- (woman) or languid. Heb. To be relaxed to flourish) adj. 1. Moving gracefully.

  2. Beautiful, lovely, delicate.
- a. P. عنائی  $ra^2n\bar{a}-\bar{i}$ , s. f. 1. Graceful gait. 2. Beauty. [haughtiness.
- ه. عونت سارعون ru'ānat, (رعن) s. f. Pride,
- A. رعیت ra'aiyat, (prop. ra'iyat, from رعیت الله Heb.) s. f. A subject or the subjects, tenant, servant, peasant.

  Plur. رعیت پرور (رعایا Protector of subjects. رعیت پرور s. f. Protec-
- tion of subjects. عيت نواز Cherisher of subjects.

  A. بغيت نواز Cherisher of subjects.

desire, avi-

- A. سبخ, raghbat, s. f. ) dit y. 2.

  Wish, curiosity. 3. Esteem, affection, inclination (هاچ)، pleasure. كرنا To desire, to covet.
- A. رغم raghm, (Heb. To be indignant)
  - s. m. l. Looking down, shame, re-

proach. 2. Repugnance, abhorrence. 3. Contempt. 4. Violence, force, constraint. رغم سے In despite.

- ing. 2. Eating much. 3. Kissing (a woman) with the tips of the lips. 4. Sucking (the lips) when kissing. 5. Sucking milk (a colt). 6. Defending, preserving. 7. Favouring, serving. 8. Honouring. 9. Swelling with moisture (herbage). 10. Winking or twinkling with the eye. 11. Moving tremulously. 12. Sewing something to the lower part of a garment, in order to lengthen it.
- s. m. Mending (a garment), cementing broken friendship, quieting, pacifying, peace, tranquility.
- accompanied. Heb. To associate with) s. f. 1. Companionship, society, friendship. 2. Adherence, loyalty.

  3. Being a companion. رفاقت کرنا

  To accompany, to associate with.

ease.) To live comfortably and at ease. Heb. To be at rest, to desist) s. f. 1. Content, affluence, enjoyment of life, repose, quiet, tranquillity, relief (مهتری) که در ایمتری) که در ایمتری).

- P. رفتی) 1. s. f. in compos. Going. 2. contract. of رفتی Gone.
- p. رفتار to go.) s. f. Gait, pace, walk, going, motion, procedure.
- P. وقتى raftan, s. Going, leaving this life. ¶ ruftan, To sweep, sweeping.
- P. زنتنی raftan-ī, adj. Fit to go, obliged to go, departing, transient.
- perf. (of رفت و گذشتی) Past.
  Past and gone, gone-by.

- ورفتی rafta, part. pass. (of رفتی) Gone, deceased, lost. (Plur. رفتگان)٠
- P. نته رفته rafta rafta, adv. 1. Going, in the act of going, by degrees, gradually (هسته) in process of time, in due course. 2. Leisurely, easily.
- s. m. 1. Schism, heresy. 2. Abandoning, leaving, abdicating.
- A. if-at, s. f. Elevation, height, altitude, dignity, eminence, nobility.
- A. ونق rifq, s. Benignity, kindness, benevolence, courtesy.
- رفیق rufaqā, plur. of رفیق
- منو معن rafū, s. m. Darning, a darn. See

  Making one's escape,

  de عرب الله Making one's escape,

  To darn. منو كرنا To darn. وفوكر s. m. A darner, esp. of shawls.

  To run away, to retire.
- adj. High, sublime, exalted. رفيع الشان A person of dignity, a nobleman of high
  rank. وفيع القدر Of high estimation.

  Of exalted rank.
- tying together a camel's fore legs. See

رفاقت) 's. m. f. 1. A friend, ally, companion, accomplice, adherent. 2. A confederate. (Pers. plur. رفیقال)

- A. J. raqq, (J. Heb. To be thin) s. m. Parchment, vellum. ¶ Riqq, Servitude.
- م. رقبة riqāb, s. (plur. of رقبة Necks, slaves, servants. [(Fem. رقاصة))
- م. رقاص ه. raqqāṣ, (رقص) в. Dancer.
- A. رقاع riqā<sup>n</sup>, s. l. A kind of hand. writing. 2. Plur. of رقعة
- slave. ¶ raqba, (رقب) s. m. Neck; slave. ¶ raqba, Enclosure, esplanade, environs. An area, extent of land.
- Heb. To be thin) s. f. 1. Thinness, minuteness, attenuation, subtileness. 2. Affection.

  3. Pity, sympathy, tenderness. 4. Weeping. 5. (dakh.) Inspiration.
- a. رقص raqs, (Heb.) s. m. 1. A dance, a ball. 2. Dancing, leaping. وقص part. Dancing. [about.
- raqaṣān, s. Dancing, skipping رقصان
- A. رقعات ruga'āt, s. plur. (of رقعات) l.
  Notes. 2. A collection of epistles.
- ment, he patched it, to piece: Heb. To extend. to expand) s. m 1. A bit, a piece of cloth. 2. A note, epistle, letter, billet. 3. A receipt. 4. An invitation. See
- ed, impressed. Heb. To mark, to embroider) l. s. f. A mark, sign, writing, hand-writing, character. 2. A mode of arithmetical notation, chiefly taken from the initials of the Arabic words denoting the numbers. 3. One character in the notation above described. 4. Arithmetic. 5. Manner kind, method, sort, article (of goods). 6. A royal edict. 7. An embroidered ornamented garment. 8. Entry, item. 9. Amount, sum, total sum. 10. A

- raqam-i, adj. Written,
- s. m. A rival, competitor, enemy, one who watches, a guardian.
- م رقیق raqīq, (قیق thin.) Subtile, minute, thin, fine, liquid. A female slave. Compassionate.
- A. رقم raqīma, (رقم) s. m. An epistle, note, letter.
- ع. ركنا) s. m. Stoppage.
- he mounted.) على rikāb, (كاب he mounted.)
  s. f. 1. A stirrup. 2. Equipage,
  train. كابدار A companion, stirrupholder.
- P. ركاب rikāb, s. f. A dish, a plate.
- p. ركابى rikāb-ī, s. f. 1. A dish, a plate, a copper saucer. 2. A kind of rupee current in Lucknow. ركابى مذهب adj. Parasitical, timeserver.
- ع. ركانا) s. f. Prevention, hinderance, backwardness.
- in prayer, also a genuflection (in prayer). (The word seems applied to the ceremony of performing a prayer). A chapter from the Quran.
- aid, support; a grandee. 2. Foot of a verse. 3. A little of Mohamadan nobles. (Plur. ارکان).
- s. ענו, ruknā, (r. विंच or ीधन Confine)
  v. n. To stop, be hindered, be enclosed,
  be prohibited. 1. Hesitating. 2. Stammerring, 3. Hobbling; limping. 4.
  By fits and starts.

- rukūb, s.m. 1. The act of riding on a horse, carriage, &c. 2. Commission of a crime.  $\P$  rakūb, adj. Riding, ridden on (an animal).
- he bowed himself) Bowing the body in prayer. (This consists in bending the body forwards and resting the palms of the hands on the knees, with back and neck horizontal, and eyes fixed on the great toes). Low, hollow ground.
- ع. ارکهانا به rakhānā, (caus. of ارکهانا) v. a.
  To give in charge, to cause to keep,
  put, place. رکها لینا To take in charge.
- ع. رکهائی rukhā-ī, (رکهائی) s. f. (रक्ष)

  1. Plainness, dryness, roughness. 2.
  Unkind looks, indifference.
- ع. ركهنا) s. m. A (ركهنا) s. m. A ي. الله rakhwālā, keeper, guard, shepherd, cowherd, goatherd.
- a. ركبوالى rakhwāl-ī, s. f. Keeping, guarding, custody, grazing cattle.
- ع. رکهنا rakhwānā, (caus. of رکهنا) v. a.
  To cause to keep, place, &c. See
  الانا \* رکهانا To take in charge.
- e. رکهوانا rakhwā-i, (from رکهوائی)
  s. f. The price for keeping, &c.
- ع. ركهى rikhī, (新旬) s.m. A sage.
- ع. ركها) 1. s. f. A tribute paid to a Sikh chief for protection. 2. s. m. A protector, guardian.

- 8. adj. used subst. Grass which has been preserved for cattle, cut down and dried, hay.
- ع. ركهيا rakhiyā, (रक्षा) s. f. Protection, keeping.
- ع. رکهیا, rakhaiyā, (کهیا) s. m. Keeper, protector.
- A. ركيك rakīk, (كيك To be weak or thin. Heb. To be soft or tender) Fine, minute, subtile, thin.
- H. الله rakel, takela, rakela, rakela,
- P. رگ rag, s. f. l. A vein, an artery, a fibre: (dakh, also) tendon, sinew, nerve. 2. (Met.) Reins (فاگ).
  - 3. (Met.) Obstinacy. رگت آترنا v. n. 1. To be appeased. 2. To have a rupture. وگت زن s. m. A surgeon, a bleeder, a phlebotomist. الکت حراها کت کردن To be obstinate, pettish, or proud. وگت کردن v. n.

    To lose virility, to become impotent.

To lose virility, to become impotent.

1. The blood vessels and fibres of any living body, every vein.

2. Everything, all.

- ו. "ב", ragar, (from رك") s. f. (Mech.)

  1. Attrition, friction, abrasion, gaze.

  2. The state of being worn.
- H. ב"ל, ragarā or ragrā, (from ל"ל"ל) s. m.
  1. Quarrelling. 2. Rubbing, polishing.
  8. Name of a collyrium.
  - 8. Name of a collyrium.

    8. m. Quarrel, debate, discussion.
- H. ragarnā, v. a. To rub, scour, grate, fret, abrade, excoriate, chafe, grind, rub down or wear out.
- H. كيدن, ragednā, v.a. 1. To pursue, chase. 2. Breeding, pairing.
- H. U.S., ralānā, (causal of U.) To mix: to pulverize, grind. Disagreement.
- s. Ul, rulānā, v. a. 1. (causal of U)

  To cause to cry, to vex, to displease



- to afflict. 2. (causal of (causal of to roll, plane, smooth.)
- To be pulverized or ground. 3. To be in enemy's pay. 4. To get lost, as a paper among other papers, a thief in a crowd, etc. ¶ rulnā, v. n. To be rolled or planed, smoothened.
- ram (or A. ramm,) s. m. Flight, elopement. ارم خورك Taken to flight.
- he wove) s. m. A soothsayer, a fortuneteller, prophet, conjurer; (dakh.) a mathematician. [granate.
- A. olo, rummān, (Heb.) s. m. A pome-
- ع. P. ارمنا, ramānā, (रमण or caus. of P. H. ارمنا) v. a. 1. To entice, to beguile.
  2. To take possession of.
- or resembling the pomegranate; ruddy, ruby (wine).
- nament for the foot. Anklet.
- A. رمز ramz, s. f. 1. A wink, nod, sign, hint (اشارة)، riddle, enigma, mysterious allusion (بهيك)، ambiguous expression, sarcasm. 2. In u endo; double entendre. (Plur. زموز)،
- مضان ، rama بān, (مضان To be scorched by the sun; because when the ancient name given by the Pagans was changed, this month happened in the season of greatest heat.) s. m. The name of the ninth Muhammadan month, during which they who profess that religion are interdicted from eating, drinking, and conjugal duty, between the morning dawn and appearance of the stars at night: in short, this is their Lent. On the 27th of this month the Qur'an began to descend; and, every prayer offered up on that night will be complied with. Also, prayers offered up on the 19th, 21st, and 23rd days of this month are supposed to be peculiarly efficacious.

- مق ramaq, s. m. (مق the remains of life.) The last breath, departing spirit. Looking or glancing at.
- s. m. Geomancy, for et elling by figures, divination.
- P. H. Lie, ramnā, (ميلان) 1. v. n.

  (H rove, revel.) To turn. 2. To roam, to go, to range, make a tour. 3. s. m. A park or chase (for game). A pasture land.
- ع. نن, ramnā, 1. (स्मा from r. सि Sport, play) v.a. To enjoy, to have connexion with. 2. s. m. A park. (هکارگاه) 3. To take a fancy to. 4. To occupy, dwell in.
- P. die, ramna, s. m. A park or chase.
- موزات rumās, (or رموزات) Winks &c. s. plur. of رموزات [or multitude.
- P. do, rama, s. Flock, herd; an army
- P. ارمیدن, ramīda, part. pass. (رمیدن)
  Terrified, disturbed, afflicted.
- A. ميم, ramīm, adj. Carious, decayed (a bone), corrupted, worn.
- s. رن يزن, (天可) s. f. 1. Borrowing, debt (قرض) 2. Negative quantity in algebra, minus.
- s. بنها rambhā, (天刊 r. 天刊 Be pleased with). 1. s. f. A harlot, whore: a plantain. 2. Adj. Beautiful.
- ranj, s. m. Grief, affliction, trouble, hardship, suffering, pains, toil, anguish of mind, offence, disgust.

  adj. Enduring grief, &c.

P. رنجیلی ranjish, (نجیش) s. f.
Unpleasantness, coolness. See

der. ازانا v. a. To burn priming, to flash in the pan. ازنا v. n. To flash in the pan (priming). ازنا s. m. Priming-pan or firepan.

what incites, an inciter of affection, &c.; a painter, dyer, a stimulant.

H. ranjan, s. (dakh) A large pitcher or pot; large belly.

P. رنجور and P. (ور and P. adj. Sick, afflicted, infirm.

P. رنجوری ranjūr-ī, s. f. Affliction.

P. La, ranju, s. m. 1. Trouble, pain, grief. 2. A delicate and affected gait.

P. رنجيدكى ranjīda-gī, s. f. Affliction, vexation, displeasure, offence.

P. المجيدة ranjida, part. pass. (of رنجيدن) Afflicted, offended, chagrined. رنجيدة خاطر Afflicted in mind, displeased, grieved. المجيدة كالمنا To afflict, grieve.

P. ند rind, s.m. I. A reprobate, a drunkard, a debauchee, a rake, a libertine, a profligate, a blackguard. 2. A freethinker, a sceptic. (Pers. plur.

P. المن randā, عند To polish)
P. عن randa, S. m. A carpenter's

plane (for smoothing wood).

P. رندانه rindāna, (زند) adj. or adv. Licentious, like a debauchee.

g. iie , rundhjānā, (r. 可日 Confine) v. n. To be confined, restrained or afflicted (in mind).

على randhna, (현기 r. 리티 Mature, ripen) v. n. To be boiled (victuals).

P. رندى rind-i, s. f. Trick, debauchery.

ع. تد. rand, (एउंड) s. m. The name of a tree (Palma Christi. Ricinus vulgaria). [s. m. Widowhood.

s. H. نڌاي ranḍā-pā, (from रंडा Widow)

ع. انگسالا به rand-sālā, عنگسالا اله rand-sālā, عنگساله s. m. عنگساله s. m. Widow's dress, widow's weeds.

يَّدُوا عَنَّ randِ a 'ā, (أَقَا) s. m. 1. A widower. 2. A batchelor.

ی بندی باز randi, (زقا) s. f. A woman. رندی باز A whoremonger. رندی باز s. f. Whoring, fornication.

ينڌيا .eandiyā, (خڌا) 1. A widow. 2. A low woman (an abuse).

P. a. نگن, rang. (रंग or रंज to dye). s. m. l. Colour, dye. 2. Manner, method, sort, hue, paint. 3. Amusement, pleasure. 4. Suit (at cards: see under (3). 5. A mountain goat, a wild ox. نگ اترنا 1. To become pale. 2. To be grieved. ازجانا To change colour; to be afraid. رنگ ع s. f. Scattering colour adj. Mixing colour; painting, of various colours. زگری s. f. Painting, colouring, the being or becoming of various colours, variableness, inconstancy; stratagem. انگ باخته , Naving lost colour, being lost in fear or astonishment. रंगविरंग) s.m. Varions برنگ colours or sorts; adj. Various.

Changing the state or condition of any thing. رنگڪ چڙهنا رنگدار To be elated with liquor. adj. Coloured, showy, fine. To look at or examine the state, condition, result, conclusion or consequence of any thing. To be affected or imbaed (with love), to become attached to any one. اليان s. f. plur. Merriment, pleasant society of a lover. روپ, (रंगर्प) s. m. Colour, form, appearance. نگئ ریز s. m. A dyer, one whose business it is to dye. .s. f. رنگ ريزي Dying, رنگساز s.m. A painter. رنگساز Colour-altered (through affliction). نگے فک هوجانا To grow pale (from fear or astonishment). نگے کرنا To enjoy, to lead a life of pleasure. نگے کھیلنا Playing with colours (a marriage ceremony). ارنگ کانا 1. To colour. ونگے مارنا۔ To excite a quarrel. رنگے To win (in gaming: an expression taken from the game of chaupar). An apartment for festive or voluptuous enjoyment. [dyer. P. H. J. i, rang-ārā, s. m. (dakh.) A P. زگارنگری rang-ā-rang, adj. Various, many-coloured, motley, of many ki da, party-coloured. colour. p. g. انگن, rangāna, (شكن) v. a. ر نگانا rangā'ī, (from انگائی علی ا

1. The price paid for dying. 2. A certain space of time, during which a

eloth is dyed.

IJ P. رنگت rangat, s. f. Colour, dye, tint, hue. H. in rangit, s. (dakh.) Vulture: p. رنگترا rangtarā, s. m. A kind of orange. (This name was given by سنگے ترا Ree استگے ترا ब. رنگرس rang-ras, (रंगरस) s. m. Delight, melody, pleasure. P. a. نگن, rangnā, (نگن, रंजन) v. a. To colour, to dye, paint. P. g. Li, rang-īlā, (or rang-elā, from رنگئ) 1. s. m. A rake. 2. adj. Gaudy, fine, showy, airy, buxom. P. رنگیی rangin, (زگیی) adj. Coloured, ornamented, ornate, painted; fine, showy, flowery, various. انكين اله رنگین ادائی Of excellent manners. s. f. Elegance of manners. P. نگینی, rangin-i, s. f. 1. The being bright coloured or of various colours, figurativeness, variety, variableness, gaudiness. 2. A florid style. g. رنمار ṛiṇ-mār, (ऋण Debt) s. m. One who does not pay his debts. म्र رنواس, ranwās, (राज्ञीवास) (from انی A queen, or from रडा woman, and वास Abode) s. m.

seraglio of a rājā.

s. رنى riṇ-ī, (来听) adj. m. In debt;

ع. ينا riniyā, (宋明) s. m. f. A debtor

P. 91 rū, s. m. 1. Face, surface. 2. 3. Cause, reason. 4. Mode, adj. Hiding the manner. face; concealed being externally one thing and internally another, ab-موپوشى .soonding, sheering off

a.f. Concealment, &c. الله عنه والمالة عنه الله عنه الله

- 1. To attend to, to regard. 2. To happen, to occur. رو سفيد Fair-faced, of a bright countenance; unblamable, honest, respectable, select. s. f. Honourable conduct. وسياة, adj. Disgraced, cri-رو سیاهی .minal, sinner, unfortunate Disgrace, dishonour, criminal conduct. وشفاس An acquaintance, one whose face is known, a cap-acguaintance. روشناسی s. f. quaintance. روكش adj. Being externally one thing and internally another. رونکشی The being externally one thing and internally another. adj. Turning away the face, deserting, abandoning, averse, backward. رو بمائی s. f. A shewing of the face, a sight of the face.
- Pre- رفتی To go) رفتی To go) In compos. Going; as, پیشرو Pre- ceding, going or singing before another.
- P. روی ro, (for روی) part. act. in compos. (from رستی) Growing, germinating.
- s. , rav, (石) s. f. Sound, cry, noise.

  ¶ 石 ravi, s. m. The sum.
- Going, passing. 2. adj. Allowable, lawful, current, right (جایز) proper, accurate, worthy, obtained.

  An approver, chooser, approving, judging, or holding (it) right.
- رواروت roā-rāi, See روارات
- e. راروت) s. (रोदन) (dakh.) Weeping, lamentation.

- A. راح به was easily saleable) 1. s. m. Usage, custom, fashion,
  prevalence, currency, vent, sale. 2.
  adj. Customary, current, vendible.
  (مراح دینا difficulty of sale). کسان
  To publish, to make current or customary.

  رواح دینا adj. 1. Current in
  the market. 2 Ordinary, usual.
- ارافض ما ruwājiz, s. plur. (of رافض الفض الفض الفظافض الفلان الفلان الفلان الفلان الفلان الفلان الفلان الفلافض الفلان ال
- A. elivaq, ruwaq, s. A portico, a pallery in front of a house, a lofty building resting on columns, a curtain stretched like a canopy before the door of a house or tent.
- eauan, (part. pres. of رفتن) 1.

  adj. Going, moving, flowing, running, fluent, current. 2. s. m. Text. 3. Reading. 4. Life, soul. 5. Expert, sharp. رأن كرن v. a. 1. To set agoing. 2. To despatch, forward, send. 3. To make current.
- s. رواں, ro'ān, (रोम or रोमनू) s. m.
  1. Hair of the body, down, wool, fur.
  2. Nap, pile. See
- flowing. 2. Passing, travelling, going, departure. 3. Despatch of a letter, etc.
- port. 2. adj. Despatched, departed, proceeding. ارائه کرای To despatch. ارائه هونا 1. To flow. 2. To be despatched, to be in motion, proceed-
- rawān-ī, s. f. Going, proceeding, running, flowing; fluency, reading.
- A. روایت riwāṇāt, s. plur. (of روایت)
  Histories, narrations, traditions.

- related) s. f. روایت . A. روایت riwāyat, (وایت A history, legend, tale, fiction, fable. Story, conversation.
- P. رونتی rob, part. act. (of رونتی) in compos. Sweeping.
- P. عن robāh or rūbāh, s. f. A fox. s f. Stratagem, cunning.
- P.  $r\bar{u}$ -ba-rāh, adj. 1. Setting out; fit for business, adjusted, prepared. 2. Reformed, from an erroneous course.
- P.  $r\bar{u}$ -ba- $r\bar{u}$ , s. m. 1. Presence. 2. adv. Face to face, before one's face راکے)، over against.
- P. روبكار, rū-ba-kār, adj. Face to business: ready for business, intent on, in hand, on foot; agitated, proceeded on (as a suit at law). An order. Irreg. plur. Causes or matters brought
- P. روبكارى, rū-ba-kōr-ī, s. f. Proceedings (of a cause), a record in a cause.
- روبالا robah or rūbah, contract. of روبلا
- s. பற்ற rūp, (文字) s. m. 1. Countenance, form, shape, figure, appearance, face, picture, beauty, manner, mode, method. 2. Silver. 3. Case, condition.
- وپ بروپ rop, s. (dakh.) A shrub or bush, a young plant intended for transplantation. ¶ Standing or green corn.
- உ பூ, ரார் ரன், (독대) s. m. Silver.
- s. H. Come, rūp-jast, s. m. Pewter.
- ع. نيا , ropnā, (रोपण r. रूप Sow) v. a. 1. To sow, to plant, transplant. 2. To hinder; to undertake; bear.
- ويوان rūpa-wān, (इपवान्) adj. Beautiful, handsome.
- в. وپوتى rūpa-watī, (इपवती) sdj. f. Well-shaped, elegant, beautiful. ייי פיניי rūp-want, (plur. קפיליי) adj. Well-shaped, handsome.

- ي. هي rūpa, s. m. Silver: see ي
- ع. اروپار rūpahrā, اروپار) adj. Sil-s. اروپار rūpahlā, vered, made of
- silver, silver.
- ع. اروپا) s. m. وپيه ع. so called; money, a rupee; riches. The Calcutta Sicca Rupee is worth two shillings, and the silver of it is better than English standard silver by 2<sup>‡</sup> pence the ounce. (The inflect. of the sing, and the plur, nom, is generally made روپئے rupiye, rupa'e or ريي rupai or ريي rupai).
- <u>s.</u> ्र roț, हे(रोटी) s. m. 1. Thick s.  $\ddot{U}_{2}$ , rotā, bread, large loaf. 2. Sweetened wheat-cake besmeared with sandal. [s. f. Mutual coolness.
- g. نوتها, rūṭhnā, (ጚ정) v. n. a misunderstanding with a friend, to be cool, to quarrel, to be angry or displeased. To be in the dumps.
- ع. روتهني rūļhnī, (瓦里) 1. adj. Quarrelsome. 2. s f. The name of a species of sensitive plant. 3. Touchy, testy, choleric. (Mimosa natans).
- روتى roți, (रोटो) a.f. 1. Bread. Wheaten cakes toasted on an earthen or iron dish or plate. (The term is generally applied to leavened as well as unleavened bread. 2. The soum or dregs of liquids. 3. Maintenance. s. m. A domestic servant who خمیری روتی.gets food in lieu of wages The bread used by Europeans made with yeast.
- H.  $\tau ij$ , s. m. 1. The name of an insect very troublesome to birds. 2. Weeping (i,). Troj. (in dakh. for
- A. راح ، (Heb.) s. f. (عرب a gentle

wind, breath) Soul, incorporeal spirit, the breath of God, prophecy, faith.

Jesus Christ. روح افزا Increasing the spirit or life. روح الأمين The angel Gabriel (the faithful spirit).

The Holy Spirit, روح القدس The spirit of God, the Holy Ghost, Jesus Christ. (Plur.

- م. روحانی rūḥānī, (روح) adj. Spiritual.
- م. رحانیت rūḥānī-yat, s. f. Spirituality, sanctity.
- P. J<sub>j</sub> rod or rūd, s. m. 1. A river, a stream. 2. The string of a musical instrument.
- P. J.J., rū-dād, s. f. Narrative, statement, account, state, occurrence, accident. [of a river, a river.
- P. & rūd-khāna, s. m. The bed
- P. &J, roda, s. m. A gut, an intestine.
- ع. روروكر ro-ro-kar, (from <u>s.</u> اروكر adj. With difficulty, labour and pain.
- H. । roṛā, s. m. Name of a caste of kshatrī (श्रिय). An old inhabitant.
- stone, a fragment of stone or brick, a brickbat; pebble.
- P. روز (or roj, or Pers. rūz) s. m. A day (دن افزون افزون الارد). Increasing daily. Jadv. Daily, constantly. Day of judgment. روز روز روز سیاه Adversity, misfortune, trouble. روز کذاری s. f. Passing of time. مرزو شب Day and night, always, constantly. The day of (reckoning) judgment.

- P. ¿j j ros-āna, adj. or adv. Daily, by day. s. m. A daily allowance.
- P. روزگار, roz-gār, s. m. 1. Service. 2. Earning, livelihood. 3. The world, time, age, fortune. اروزگار کرنا 1. To serve. 2. To earn.
- ing, a turn) 1. s. m. Daily conversation, common discourse, idiom, ordinary, daily transactions or proceedings.

  2. Always, daily.
- P. روزي rauzan, s. m. A hole, a window.
- P. & roz-nāmcha, s. m. A
  P. & joy roz-nāma, daily account-book, a journal.
- P. قام rosa, s. m. Fast, Lent. روزه دار s. m. One who fasts or keeps Lent. اروزه رکهنا To keep a fast, to fast. v. a. To break a fast.
- P. روزى roz-i, s. f. Daily food, employ-ment. [day, daily.
- P. وزينه roz-ina, s. m. Daily pay; per
- P. روستا روستا
- Be angry) v. n. To be angry, passion, rage, to be displeased, to have a misunderstanding with a friend.
- म्बर्गः, (इक्षीय) s. f. Sourf.
- P. روسلیهی rū-siyah-ī, s. f. Blackness of face; disgrace, dishonour. See under و سیاهی
- P. رفتی to go) s. f. 1. Custom, fashion, institution, law, rule, mode, way, manner. 2. Avenue, walk, passage in a garden, way, gallery.
- P. روشن roshan or raushan, adj. Light, splendid, bright, shining, luminous, manifest, conspicuous, plain, clear. روشن s f. 1. A kind of serenade,

with pipes and small tabours, round the apartment of a great man when he 2. The same kind of retires to rest. music used on other occasions. s. m. A small hole for admitting light روشن دل adj. Enlightened in mind. روشن رائے adj. Of en-روشن ضمير .lightened understanding روشن طبع adj. Enlightened in mind. adj. Of a bright genius. روشی عقل روشی Luminous in understanding. To light. کرنا

- ۲۰. روشنائی roshnā'ī, s. f. l. Light, splendour. 2. Ink (سياهي)٠
- P. وشنى roshn-ī, s. f. l. Light, splendour, brightness, illumination. Eye-sight. 3. A lamp kept burning at a Mah. tomb or shrine.
- A. خنع rausa, s. m. 1. A garden (باغ). A meadow. 2. A mansoleum shrine ه. m. One who روضه خوان ۱۰ تربت recites the praises of Husuin in the month Muharram, an eulogist at the tomb of a saint or beloved person.
- raughan, s. m 1. Grease, oil, boiled butter, ghī, varnish, lacker or lacquer. 2. Complexion, bloom. (2) s. m. Oil روغن تلخ Balsam. بلسان (of mustard). روغن جوش s. m. A kind of dish. روغن داغ s. m. vessel for boiling butter in. روغی علی rog-īl, adj. Invalid, علی تروغی raughan-i-sard, s. m. Boiled علی rog-īlā, well. Dutter. وغن فروش s. m. An oil. (इत)
- raughan-ī, adj. Greasy, oily.
- ع. عن ra'uf, (أف) adj. An attri- الله, rolnā, v. a. 1. Te roll, to plane. bute of God. Merciful, forgiving (God).

- ह. وکی rok, (रोक buying with ready money.) s. m. Ready money,
- ع. وكنا) rok, (रोध) (وك ع. f. vention, let, hinderance, restriction, limitation. روك توك Let and hinderance, opposition, resistance. sentry's challenge.
- ع. rokar, s. f. (रोक) 1. Ready
- ع. مرکزے rokre, s. m. ) money, cash. 2. Stock, capital.
- ع. روکڙيا rokar-iyā, s. m. A cashkeeper, a treasurer.
- ع. روکن rokan, (from روکی) s. f.
- ع. ركنا, roknā, (रोधन r. रूध Shut up, confine) v. a. To enclose, surround, stop, block, fend, prevent, coerce, detain, prohibit.
- H. ぬり, rūkh, (夏智) A tree.
- g. しょう、rūkhā、(可智 or 下智) Dry. plain, rough, harsh, unkind, unfriendly, pure, simple, unseasoned; not buttered or spiced. روکها سوکها adj. Plain, blunt, harsh (words, &c.). s. f. A carpenter's chisel.
- ع. روكهائي rūkhā-ē, s. f. Roughness, unfriendliness.
- s. وگی rog, (रोग) s.m. 1. Sickness, disease. 2. A bad habit.
- . rog-i, روگي s. ع. اوگیا rog-iyā, ) A siok person.
- Noise ریکار)، tumult, sedition, alarm.
- to polish, to smooth. 2. To rub, curry-

comb. 3. To winnow. 4. To gain or earn abundantly. 5. To select, to pick. Saudā says:—

کھ جسکی خاک سے لیتی تھی خلق موتی رول

- From the earth of which people picked out pearls. 3. (dakh.) To winnow, cleanse husked rice or any other decorticated grain of its impurities: to sift or separate jewels, by rolling them or tossing them up and down in a sort of fan, from the rubbish in which they may be found.
- turmeric, and alum, with acid, used to paint the forehead. 2. A red insect which attacks standing wheat crops.
- B. com, (刊刊) s. m. Down, small hair of the body of men and animals.
- A. روم rūm, n. prop. Rome, the Turkish empire, Greece, Romelia, Asia Minor.
- act. of ماليدن To rub) s. m. 1. A handkerchief, towel, napkin. 2. A pessary.
- pigeon. 2. A mode of exercising the arms by turning the mugdars over the head. 3. A sodomite. 4. A hand-kerchief worn about the head.
- s. etanding erect of the hairs of the body, horripilation; hence delighted.
- A. رومی rām-ī, s. m. A Grecian, one from Turkey, &c. A Turk.
- e. رومی مصطکی rūmī-maṣṭakī, s. f.

  Name of an herb or drug.
- ع. ب. م. To cry, to weep. 2. To be displeased, to be melancholy. 3. adj. Addicted to crying. 4. s. m. Lamentation, grief. 5. To recite one's sorrowful tale. رولينا 1. To cry, weep. 2. To be displeased, be filled with in-

- attends at the gate of the women's apartments to purchase articles that are required.
- H. الهاني raunā, s m. (स्पा) 1. Bringing home a wife to consummate a marriage. 2. A noose (الهانيا)
- H. j, raunt, s. f. (ro weep, nat refuse). Cheating so called from boys affecting to cry when they want to shirk giving a turn, etc. \_\_\_\_\_\_ adj. Dishonest; unfair.
- H. رندهنا, raundhnā, v. a. (मद) To trample on, to tread down, to ride over.
- P. رفتن rawanda, part. act. (of رفتن)
  Going, goer.
- s. Liani, rūndhnā, (বিঘল r. চ্ছা (lonfine) 1. v. a. To surround, to enclose (as, with a hedge). 2. To watch. 3. v. n. To be restrained. 4. To be confounded, astonished.
- A. رفتی raunaq, (قتی cleared) s. f. 1.

  Beauty, complexion, color, elegance, splendour, ornament, gayety. 2. (met.)

  Order; symmetry. 3. (illit. Fac.)

  Tumult, row. ونق أفزا هون v. n.

  To grace (by the presence of the person addressed or spoken of, when a person of consequence honours a place with his presence); to arrive.
- e. ونكتا بي rūngṭā, (राम) s. m. 1. The short hairs of the body. 2. Down, fine wool. of the hairs on end (from cold, fear, &c.).
- P. فقى ravannah, s. m. (ونك to go) 1.

  A passport 2. Mah. Wom. A servant who attends at the gate of the

women's apartments to purchase articles that are required, an errand boy, a page.

- #. رونى ravnī, s. f. A woman (H. تريا)٠
- s. روش rohaņ, (रोहण) s. m. Name of a Rājā.
- s. f. 1. The name of the fourth mansion of the moon, comprising Aldebaran and four other stars in Taurns.

  2. (in mythology) The wife of Chandra or the moon.

  3. The daughter of Rohan, wife of Vasudeva and mother of Balarāma.
- H. رومو, rohā, s. f. (रोहित) 1. A fish.

  2. The corners of the eyelids.
- B. روی ravi, s. m. (零 to go) The sun.
- ed cotton, separated from the seed.

  In the seed it is called کیاس and in the field روئیا \* بازی s.m. A seller of cotton.
- P. روے rū'e, s. Face, &c. see ور rū'e, s. Face, &c. see ور ro'i, part. act. (of رستی) Growing, vegetating. ¶ ro'i, s. f. Bell-metal: see
- مرويا . منه به تعبير الرويا . The interpretation of a dream.
- To see) s. f. l. Shape, appearance.
  2. Seeing, regard, consideration. 3.
  Aspect of the planets. 4. Aspect, view.
  5. Countenance.
- P. ويدان بيران المرابع بيران بيران
- P. رئيدگى ro idagi, (or dakh. ri idagi,
  from رئيدن To grow) s. f. Vegetation, growth of a plant. [Grown.
- P. ارهروان , ro'ida, (روئيدن) part. pass. (Pers. plur روئيده) وأيده الم

- P. روگیی rū'in, s. m. Brass, bell-metal.

  Brazen-bodied; a hero, an epithet of Isfandyār, whose body was impenetiable to weapons.
- ع. روان ro'en, (plur. of روان) s. f.
  The hair on the arms, &c. bristle, pile
  nap, down. روگیس بدلنا To become
  sleek and fat (a horse), to change his
  coat.
- p. رفتی) s. m. Custom, fashion, manner, institution, law, rule.
- road, path. (من s. m. A guide, a pilot. المن عن A traveller, a galloping horse. 2. Time (i. e. twice, three times, &c).
- P. b, rihā, adj. Released, disengaged.
- H· رهاس to live)
  Dwelling.
- p. رهائی rihā-i, (ستی) to be free)
  s. f. Liberation, deliverance, relief
  (اچهتگارا)، acquittal, freedom, salvation.
- مبان ruhbān, s. plur. (of باهبان)
  Monks, Christian priests.
- P. رهبر, rah-bar, (comp. of 8, Way, and part. act. of بركن To carry) s. m. A guide.
- P. رهبری) s. f. Guidance, direction, shewing the road.
- H. رهنا) part. pres. used as a s. m. (In the) remaining; in the presence, before, during, not-withstanding.
- for drawing water with.
- H. Lid, rahtā, s. m. A spinning wheel.
- H. و. رو جانا, rah-jānā, v. n. To wait, to stay, to delay, to desist, to give up.

P. رهروگی rah-rau-i, s. f. Travelling.

P. رهزي rah-zan, s. m. A highwayman, footpad. bery.

P. رهزني rah-zan-ī, s. f. Highway rob-

H. رهس, rahas, s. m. (रहस्य) 1. Enjoyment (liik) 2. A kind of ballet or representation of Kanhaiyā and the milkmaids; also the form of ballet invented by Wajid Ali Shah of Lucknow and performed in his court.

) s. m. l. A small H. Ko, rahkalā, cannon, a swivel, H. aka, rahkala, ) field piece.

A cart.

rah-guṣār, }s. m. 1. Highway, passage 2. Wayfarer, traveller. P. رهگذر rah-gugar,

P. ارهگیر) adj. Tending towards, taking the way (of).

P. رهگرائی rah-girā-ī, s. f. Travelling.

P. رهگير rah-gir, s. m. A traveller.

A. رهی rihn, (properly, rahn) s. m. رهی) placing as a pledge). pledging, giving in pawn ; a pledge, a pawn, a sum lent on mortgage.

H. Lid, rahnā, v. n. To stay, stop, halt, remain, be, exist, last, stand, continue, lie, live, inhabit, dwell, reside, escape, to be in the family way (نيت رهنا). To loose the use of (a limb, etc.). Benumbed, paralysed. رهنے والا Inhabitant. موا 1. A servant. 2. A destitute person taken into a family.

P. laid, rah-numā,

adj. Guiding; guide, conductor.

P. رهنمون rah-namūn,

rah-numā-i, رهنمائی P. رهنمونی rah-namūn-ī,

راهوار rah-wār, s. m. See رهوار P. under si,

H. s. مواس rah-wās, l. s. f. m. Residence, abode. 2. adj. Inhabitant.

H. رئى ra'ā, s.f. (أَلَّ to go) 1. A churning-staff. A churner. 2. Bran.

s. \_ re, m. ((1) A vocative particle .rī, f ری ع used by way of disrespect or from a superior to an inferior; holla! bravo! O!: (in Dakhanī, moreover) used by way of familiarity [Persian Iraq. or endearment.

P. ري rai, s. f. Name of the capital of

A. ريا ، To see) s. m. Hypocrisy, dissimulation, subterfuge, evasion, affectation. ریا کار Hypocrite, dissembler.

A. ریاح riyah, s. f. (H. ریاح) Wind in the stomach.

م باحین riyāḥīn, s. plur. of ریاحین

مراست riyāsat, (أس became chief) s. f. Government, dominion, sway. Nobility.

اروضه riyāz, s. plur. (of روضه Gar-

راض) riyāṣai, رياضت 🗚 To exercise, to tame, to run) s. f. Abstinence, austerity, ( ,) abstemiousness. 2. To live honestly, اریاضات. (Plur. اabour, toil. (Plur. الماضات)،

riyāṣat-ī, s. m. 1. A practiser of austerities, a devotee. 2. An industrious person.

A. ياضي, riyāṣī, s. m. Mathematics. PORT. Ju, re'āl, s. A rix dollar.

A. ريان raiyān, adj. Full of juice, [hypocrite, sophist. flourishing.

A. P. ريائي riyā-ī, (see ريائي) s. m. f. A

A. بیار raib, (بال Heb. To doubt, to dispute) s. m. l. Doubt, suspicion, scandal. 2. Necessity. 3. Bad fortune. بے ریب Without dissimulation, undisguised.

- p. ريباس rebās or rītās, s. The, plant, of which rhubarb is the root. Rheum palmatum (?). [Sand. 2. Filings.
- ع. ريس ret, (रेतजा or रेणु) s.f. 1.
- s. ביי rīt or rīti, (रीति) s. f. Cus.
  tom, usage, rite, habit, rule.
  - ينا بيتاً, ret-lā, (ينا Sand) adj. Sandy.
  - ع. ریتا ret-nā, (ریتا Filings) v. a. To file, to rasp, to polish, to thrum.
  - s. ریتی ret-i, (بیتی Sand) s. f. 1.

    Sandy ground (4th quality) on the shore of a river: sand (fine). 2. A file. 3. A tract of alluvial land.
  - ع. بنها بنها rīṭhā, (रिष्ट्र) s. m. The name of a fruit, soap-wort, soap-nut.
  - g. ्रंगोता, (रेजन to be pleased)
    v. n. To be pleased, to be gratified,
    to be delighted, to enjoy.
- s. richh, (末智) s. m. A bear.
- A. (7) Heb.) s. f. 1. Wind. 2. Odour, exhalation.
- A. رياحين rīḥān, s. m. An odoriferous plant esp. myrtle, sweet basil. (Ocimum basilicum. Plur. رياحين)٠
- ing of the riḥān. 2. (from the name of the inventor) adj. A kind of Arabic writing used in titles of books, on monuments, &c.).
- A. P. ریحی rīḥ-ī, adj. Windy, flatulent.
- raikh, 1. adj. Loose, relaxed.
   Straddling wide with the thighs.
   Having a prolapsus ani. 4. s. m. A prolapsus ani.
- P. جن الله rikh, s. m. Thin excrement in diarrhœa. اريخ نكلنا A term of abuse.
- rekhta, (ريختن) 1. adj. Scattered. 2. s. m. The Hindustäni, language is called Rekhta, being a mixed dialect. 3. A Hindustäni ode. (rikhta,

- in dakh. A ballad, ditty). 4. Mortar, plaster.
- a. رير) v. n. l. To cry (as, a child). 2. To murmur. 3. v. a. To importune, beg earnestly.
- H. ریزهی rīrhī, s. f. A young mango (کیری).
- P. ریختی res, part. act. (of ریختی) in compos. Pouring, scattering, dropping, &c.; as, اشک ریز Shedding tears; میز a murderer; کرریز a murderer; کرریز ا. To shed or scatter. 2. To begin to speak or talk (as, young birds).
- rezān, part. pres. (ریختی)
  in compos. Pouring, scattering.
- rezish, (یختی) s. f. 1. A running at the nose. 2. A running, flowing in small quantities, pouring out, scattering, effusion.
- P. ریزی rez-i, in compos. s. f. Pouring scattering. [Equality, emulation.
- н. ريس ris, s.f. (ईषी or स्पर्ध)
- مَيْس ، مَنْ مَنْ ، مَنْ م native. See رئيس (thread, rope.
- P. ریسمان resmān, s. f. String, cord,
- اریش resh, s. m. A wound, a sore, pus, matter. In compos. adj. Wound-

ed; as جگر ریش or ملا ریش Wounded to or in the heart.

P. ریش rish. s. f. Beard. ریش خند Laughing, risible, ridiculous. s. f. l. Risibility. 2. A laughingstock, a proverbial saying when a man does anything unworthy of his beard. [long beard.

P. H. ریشائیل rīsh-ā'īl, adj. Having a

P. ریشم resham, s. m. Silk: see

reshm-ī, عشمى reshm-ī, adj. Silken.

P. Limina, Jreshmina, J

P. مثنی resha, s. m. Fibre, nerve, filament, (Bot.) a vein, stringiness (of a mango). ریشه دار Fibrous, stringy.

ब. ریکی rekh, (रेखा or लेखा r. s. لهدی rekhā, ) (रेखा or लेखा r. किख Write) s. f. Writing, line, mark; fate, destiny.

B. ريكم rekhā, s. f. A furrow: see

P. ریگی روای reg, s. f. Sand. ریگی (یگی Sand agitated as waves by the wind, quicksand. ریگی مالی s. f. Polishing with sand paper ریگی ماهی s. f. A skink. A lizard-like sandy fish, used in medicine in a dried state. (Lacerta scincus).

H. ریگر regar, s. Black soil.

p. ریگر regar, s. (dakh.) A sort of earth or mud: see

P. ریکستان reg-istān, s. m. A sandy desert or place, a strand.

ब. ریگهاری reghārī, (रेखा or लेखा r. रिख or लिख Go) s. f. A furrow. الله بيل بيل دهير rel, s. Seo ريل بيل ييل دهير s. f. l. Abundance, plenty. 2. Crowd, bustle. ريل چهيل s. (dakh.)
Abundance: continued line (of people), a promiscuous crowd. (بهيڙ)

or string of animals. 3. Rushing, rush, push, shove, assault.

H. يلنا, relnā, v. a. To shove, &c.

P. ريم rīm, s. f. Pus, matter, humours, dregs, dross, lees, rheum:

g. رین rain or ren, (रजनी) s. f. Night

H. رینت rent, s. m. 1. The same as 2. Snivel, snot, mucus from the nose.

s. يندهنا rindhnā, (रंघन r. रघ to boil, ripen) v. a. To dress (victuals), to cook.

H. ریندی rendi, s. f. A small melon.

н. بنكنا renk-nā or rainknā, l. v. n. (र to sound) To bray (as an ass). 2. To bellow as a buffalo.

ينگنا , rīngnā or rengnā, (r. रिंग Move or रिंगणा to creep) v. n. To creep, crawl, plod, go on all fours.

B. رینگنی rengni, s. f. Name of a me-dicinal herb. See

P. rev, s. Trick, fraud, deceit.

s. בניט rewatī, (रिनेती) s. f. 1. The twenty-seventh mansion of the moon, consisting of ζ Piscium and thirty-one other stars. 2. Name of Balarāma's wife. [goats.

H. בניתי, s. m. flock of sheep or

- meat. ریوری کے بہیر میں بتانا v. n.

  To be involved in difficulties. (This alludes to a game founded on the principle of geometrical progression, wherein one party bets that he will eat one of these sweet cakes so many times doubled, and is confounded at finding it amount to a quantity far beyond his expectation).
- rewand or ريوند چينى rewand or ريوند. rewand-chini (or rewand-i-chini), s. f. Rhubarb. [The lungs (پهيپڙه)
- A. دریات riya, s.m. (See plar. ریات)
- H. באר, reh, s. f. (miṭṭī). Fossil alkali, used for washing, and making soap.
- H. يبر rehar, adj. Barren (land).
- s. m. 1. A prince, a chief, head, principal, president, commander, captain, pilot. 2. Citizen. (Pl. of رؤسا) gentry, big wigs.
- مُنِيسة, ra'īsa, adj. 1. f. Chief, principal. 2. Queen. 3. A lady of rank.

j

is the eleventh letter of the Arabic, and the thirteenth of the Persian, and the sixteenth of the Hindustāni alphabet. It has no corresponding letter in the Sanskrit alphabet; and, I is substituted to represent it in the Nāgarī characters. Its sound is that of the English z.

In the denotation of numbers by the Arabic letters, stands for seven. In almanaes it represents Saturday, and the sign Scorpio. In Persian poetry it is used by way of contraction for it is used by way of contraction for from, by, &c. as in abundance, although.

It is changed (1) into جه ها روج for ایاس as س (2) into روز for ایاس A person's name. (3) into عمرین for کریخ

الله substituted (1) for على المنتخبي A physician. (2) for المنتخبي A physician. (2) for in Arabic verbs of the form المنتخب الله is the first letter of the root; as, ازال from ازنال and that to ازال 3. for خ in the aorist of Persian verbs which have خ before the final آويز of the infinitive; as, آويختن

- P. |; sā, in compos. for &l); Born; son.
- م راج عن الله عن الله
- A. عان عقط, s. m. Food, provisions.

  ال عان ال الحلة s. m. Way charges, provisions for travelling.
- P. كان عقط, m. part. pass. (زادن)

  P. كان عقط, m. part. pass. (رادن)

  Born; substantively) A son, a male child; as, الدبي زال A man, born of man; كان كان Born of an angel or fairy; a beautiful woman; كان بوم A prince. شهزال لا Native land.
- P. رائی عَرَالَ عَلَى بَانِ عَلَى عَرَالَ عَلَى اللَّهِ Daughter, born of; as, مَهْزَالُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى princess.

terly. زار و نزار Lamentation. زار و نزار Emaciated. 4. (in compos.) It implies place, multitude; as, گلزار s. m. A garden of roses.

- P. زاری zār-ī, s. f. Trying, supplication, crying for help.
- P. ¿ ; zāgh, 8. m. A crow.
- راج عقر اگ عقر اگ عقر اگ عقر اگ عقر اگ عقر اگ عقر ال ال علی ال ال علی ال علی ال علی ال ال علی ال ال علی ال ال
- haired (man or woman). 2. n. prop(or ) The name of the father
  of Rustam, and son of Sām, son of
  Narīmān. He was called )
  because he came into the world with
  white hair, and a red countenance; the
  former like that of an old man, the
  latter of golden hue.
- P. عنان sānū, (s. जानु) s. m. The knee, the lap, the thigh. دوزانوبیتهنا v. n. To kneel.
- a. زانی sānī, (part. act. of انی Heb. To commit adultery) s. m. An adulterer, a whoremonger, a fornicator. زانیه s. f. An Adulteress.
- a. يانان sāniya, (part. act. of ازنا)
  s. f. A whore, a strumpet.
- he sat in a corner, he contracted it. Heb. To verge, to tend towards any point, q. d. the point towards which two lines mutually tend) s. m. An angle (in geometry), a corner, retired place, &c. (Plur.
- A. مان عقد الهدان غلام zāhid, (part. act. of مان على abstinence.) 1. s. m. A monk, a hermit, a recluse, a zealot. المان O zealot!

  2. adj. Religious, devout. (Pers. plur. عاد الهدان). An ascetic.
- a. P. زاهدی zāhid-ī, s. f. The life of a recluse, devotion.
- rule or line.) s. m. Horoscope, astronomical table. One's natal star.

- increasing.) adj. Redundant, superfluous, exceeding, more, over and above.
- a pilgrimage) s. m. A visitant; visiting; pilgrim.
- A. رُوْل zā'il, (part. act. of رُوْل decline, decay) adj. Deficient, ceasing, failing, perishing, vanishing, waning, declining, transitory.
- P. النيدة عنانيدة إلى المنانيدة إلى المنانيدة إلى المنانية sāidah, (خياً المنانية ا
- A. P. زباک zabād, s. Civet, the perfume
- P. زبان sabān, or subān, s. f. 1. The tongue.
  - 2. Language, dialect, speech (بولی)
- زبان آور عن s. f. Eloquence, زبان آوری s. f. Eloquence, fluency, volubility of tongue. زبان To chatter, prattle. زبان s. f. Deposition, affidavit (in a couft of law). ازبان پرچڙهنا 1. To be public. 2. To learn by heart. زبان پرلانا To speak, say, mention.

ing, to criticise. ربان پلتنا To equivocate, to retract, eat one's words
زبان حالنی To give abuse. زبان دابک To hold one's tongue. زبان دابک To detract in whispers. زبان Skilled in language; a poet, a
linguist. زبان دانی درازی های ملی adj. Abusive,
saucy. زبان درازی کرنا To give
abuse. زبان درازی کرنا To give

زبان . To ask, to put a question دالنا

ال هونا To be told, to be carreatly

reported, be often mentioned. زبان ۱. To grieve, lament. 2. To interrupt one's speech. زبان میں پڑنا To be blamed. زبان هارنا To speak.

- P. زبانه zabāna, s. m. Flame (tapering, as of a candle, &c.).
- P. زبانی sabān-ī, 1. s.f. From the tongue, by word of mouth, language.
  2. adj. Traditional, unwritten, oral, verbal, of or by or from the tongue.
- A. غبن zubda, (بند To churn) s. m. l. The best of any thing. 2. The cream of milk. 3. Butter.
- P. A. زبر جدل zabarjad, s. m. A kind of emerald, a chrysolite, a topaz, a beryl, jasper, a chrysolite. [sion.
- P. زبری zabar-i, s. f. Violence, oppres-
- P. ازبس zi-bas, (for ازبس) In plenty, sufficiently. [psalms of David.
- A. زبور تabūr, (ببر To write, s. f. The
- P. زبون zabūn, adj. Bad, ill, evil, faulty, unlucky, wicked. [depravity.
- P. زبونی zabūn-ī, s. f. Vileness, vice,
- ווע saṭal, s. f. Chattering, gub talking much and foolishly, quibbling,
  tattle. زتل مارنا To chatter, to talk
  nonsense. زتل هانكنا To quibble.

- s. m. One who talks nonsense.
- A. جاج zujāj, s. m. A glass.
- a. زجر sijr, s. m. Threatening, an impediment; force; divination.
- H.  $\approx i c h$ , (corrupt. of  $\approx$ ) s. m. Teasing.
- P. sich, s. f. Checkmated.
- ارچا zachā, s. f. A woman who has lately brought forth. See
- P. زچگی zacha-gī, s. f. Child-birth.
- من يور zuḥul, s. m. (शनि) The planet Saturn. (سنيچر)
- م زجت (تكليف) (from رخم) To press, as in a crowd or he straitened him) s. f. Disquietude, pain, affliction, sickness, trouble.
- a. P. زحتی zaḥmat-ī, adj. Afflicted, sick, troubled. Grief; disorder.
- P. زخم sakh, s. (for زخم) A bad sore, deep-seated ulcer.
- A. زخار تار غام j zakhkhār, adj. (superl. from jig (the sea).
- P. زخم نوم عدم sakhm, s. m. f. l. A wound, sore, scar, cut, gash (چوت) 2. Damage;
  loss. زخم کهانا To be wounded.
- P. خمن zakhma, s. The plectrum of a musical instrument, a small metal instrument for playing on the guitar.

  (Also, dakh.) For زخم
- P. زخمی zakhm-ī, adj. Wounded; hurt.
- P. ن zad, (زن ) s. f. 1. Striking. What is struck; the object of an aim; range. 2. Damage; loss.
- P. زدگی sada-gī, s. f. in compos. Strikeing; as زدگی

- P. في sadan, verbal n. Striking, to strike.
- P. زنی zadan-ī, (ن ت To strike) adj. Fit or deserving to be stricken, killed,
- P. زن و کوب zad.o-kob, (verbal n. of To beat, and کوفتی To knock, to strike) s. m. Beating. s. f. Assault and battery. (صار پیت)٠
- P. & j zada, ( part. pass. Struck, stricken, beaten, oppressed.
- P. بن sar, s. m. (نبونا) Gold, riches, wealth, money. زراندود or زراندود Gilt, plated with gold. زر پرست زر خریده or زر خرید زر خرید adj. Purchased (as, a slave). زر خيز adj. Rich (a country), producing gold and silver; fertile. j, (comp. of j) and part. of دوختن To sew) 1. adj. Embroidered. 2. s. Embroiderer. ر دوزى 1. s. f. Embroidery. 2. adj. Embroidered. زرسرخ s. m. l. Gold. 2. Pure gold of a red colour, gold coin. 3. Name of a suit in cards: s. m. زر سفید \* تاج s. m. Silver. 2. A suit in cards: see under زرگر Gold-beater. زرگوب \* تاج s. m. A goldsmith. زرگل The yellow stamina of a rose. زرق Ready A. زر نقد zarq, s. m. 1. Turning the eyes. money, cash. زرنگار adj. ی نگاری s. f. Gilding.
- زرع from (کهیتی) (from زراعت ۸۰ he sowed Heb. To scatter seed, to sow) s. f. Agriculture, husbandry, sowing, sown land, crop. tissue.
- r. زرباف sar-bāf, s. Brocade, gold

- P. زربانی zar-bā/-ī, adj. Woven in gold, embroidered.
- P. زربفت Gold, and بفت To weave) s. m. Brocade, cloth of gold.
- P. كن sard, adj. Yellow (ييلا), pale, wan, livid. زرد آب The pus or yellow matter running from a wound, yellow water, bile. زرد رنگ adj. 1. Yellow. 2. (met.) Bashful. زرد رو adj. Bashful, ashamed. زر روتی s. f. Bashfulness.
- P. اَلُو عَالَقَ zard-ālū, s. m. An apricot.
- P. زرك چوب عام zard-chob, (ملكى) s. f. Yellow wood, turmeric.
- P. wasj zardusht, n. prop. Zoroaster, founder of the ancient religion of Persia. ٠(گاجر]
- P. زرک zardak, s. f. A carrot. (See
- P. 80; zarda, s. m. 1. A kind of pulā'o, dressed with saffron. 2. Tobacco for chewing (تنباكو); a quid.
- P. زركى zard-ī, s. f. 1. Yellowness. 2. The yolk of an egg. 3. The jaundice. v. n. To turn pale.
- A. وبونا) Sowing, scattering seed sown, a sown field.
- A. ابغ نا عبا ghibban, Visit rarely.
- 2. (in Pers.) Hypocrisy, fraud, imposture. 3. Detraction. s. m. 1. Glare, glitter, show, splendid cloths or clothes, splendour. 2 Thunder-and lightning; (Slang) gaudy.
- zurumbād, s. Name of a زرنیاد ۴ plant, an ornamental gourd, zedoary. (نرگچور) (Curouma zerumbet).
- ازرنی or زرنه zirnākh, (or فرنیخ or

- s. m. (אנ"ל) Arsenic, orpiment. (Perhaps inverted from αρσενικον.
- P. قررة يوش zirah (prop. zirih), s. f. Iron armour made with rings. زرة پوش A man in armour.
- P. زرى عمr-ī, (from زر s. f. Any thing woven with gold thread. زرى باف A gold-lace worker.
- work surrounding a temple or tomb.
- P. زرین zar-rīn, (زر) Golden.
- P. غزر zar-ina, (رز) adj. Golden; golden stuffs or goods.
- P. نشت خو zisht, adj. Deformed, ugly, inhuman, hideous. زشت خو Of ugly habits or disposition. زشت رو adj. Ugly. [mity.
- P. نشتى sisht-i, s. f. Ugliness, defor-
- A. رعافت zu'āf, (عافت) s. m. Sudden death (by poison).
- A. رکیسر za²farān. s. f. (H. کیسر)
  Saffron. (Hence Ital. zafferano). Meadow saffron.
- A. زعفرانی za<sup>\*</sup>farān-i, 1. adj. Of saffron, saffron-coloured, yellow. 2. s. f. A yellow colour.
- ing, opinion, presuming, presumption, speaking from belief. 2. Vanity, arrogance, assurance.
- P. كويلا) Charcoal.
- P. زغن zagkan, s. f. 1. A kite (چيل)
   2. A spring, bound.
- P. كنذ عوا and, s. f. Jump, leap, spring, bound; sally, flight, levity. ازغند مارنا To bound, jump.
- م. زفاف zifāf, (زف) s. m. Leading the bride home to her husband's house.

- صفير zasir, s. See زفير ۸۰
- رفیری ما zafīr-ī, s. (فیری drawing im of the breath). A sort of wind musical instrument. A whistle (سیتی)
- ه. (dakh.) A whistling (loud), a bird-call.
- A. نهوهت) s. Name of a prickly plant, cactus (Euphorbia antiquorum), an infernal tree (mentioned in the Quran), the fruit of which is supposed to be the heads of devils. Infernal food.
- walking from weakness) s. f. Injuring, injury, affront, check, lose, deceiving, disappointing. To be ashamed. 

  Liu To put to shame.
- A. sib; zakāt, (b) blessed by God) s. f. Alms, alms-giving, a portion of a Musalmān's property (generally one fortieth, which is to be paid in kine, or in money, or other equivalent, given in charity agreeably to the rules laid down in the Qurān. (Pl.
  - a. رُزُم sukām, (رُزُم) s. m. Rheum, defluxion, catarrh, a cold in the head.
- A. j sakāwat, (b) s. f. Probity, purity, ingenuity, innocence.
- A. قرى zakāt, s. f. See قلاغ
- tuous, just. 2. Continent. 3. s. m.

  One who regularly pays the قلان
- A. ازلزله alāsil, s. plur. (of زلزله)
  Earthquakes, tremblings.
- A. J); zulāl, (J; moving) adj.
  Pure, limpid, wholesome (water); s. m.
  Water of that quality.
- An earthquake. (زلزل) s.m. (العونجال)
- P. زلف zulf, s. f. A curling lock, ringlet, side lock, tress. زلف پریشان

Por- زلف عنبرین Por- fumed (with ambergris) locks.

- A. قان تولق عام zalaq, (H. (امتهولا) s. m. Selfpollution.
- P. زلغی sulfi, (H. سنگل) s. f. 1. A door chain to keep the door from being lifted from jts place; chain hinges, 2. A sword-knot.
- ing. 2. Stumbling, falling. 3. Deficiency, loss.
- ع. ونك عالم عودك عالم عالم على الم عودك على عالم على الم على ا
- home by the guests from an entertainment. [name of Potiphar's wife,
- P. salīkhā or sulaikhā, n. prop. The
- رم (نكيل) (from زمام) (from زمام) Heb. and Ch. To bind, to rein) s. f. m. A rein, a bridle.
- A. Jois samen, (Heb. from stayed a long time. Heb. To define, to determine, to appoint) s. m. 1. Time, an age. 2. The world. 8. Fortune. 4. The heavens. 5. Tense. (Plur. (Lioil) Julia Liloi Turncoat, time-server, temporizer. Lioi Turning with the tide, yielding to fortune. [emerald.
- P. Doj sumurrud (or sumrud) s. m. An
- P. زمرایی sumurrad-in, adj. Of the colour of an emerald.
- to play on a flute. &c.: and, perhaps, so named from its buzzing noise) s. m. A troop, a group, number (of persons).
- A. joj samsam, s. m. The name of a well at Mecca, called also Hagar's well.
- a distant sound, إمان a distant sound, quadril. inf. 1. of زمزم) s. m. Sing-

- ing, modulation, a concert. Soft murmur of voices. زمزمه پرداز Singer, songster.
- P. زمستان samistān, (منتان Cold, and Place) s.m. 1. Winter. 2. Wisdom.
- A. j saman, s. m. Time.
- being red with anger) s. m. Cold, intense cold, shivering.
- P. زمین samīn, s. f. The earth, ground, soil, land, floor, a region, country, the ground of a picture. Metre. زمین هونا To make a profound bow. To persevere obstinately in any design, to insist. زمین میل adj. Oppressed or broken down by age or time, paralytic. گرمین میل میل To be greatly ashamed.
- eamin-dar, زمین Ground, زمین Ground, and part. act. of داشتی To hold) A landlord, landholder, farmer.
- P. زمینداری samān-dār-ī, e. f. A landed estate, a fief.
- P. زمینی samin-i, adj. Earthy, terrestrial.
- P. ن عمرین san, l. s. f. A woman, a wife.
  adj. Hen-pecked. 2. part.
  act. (from زن مرید) To beat, to strike) in compos. Beating, striker; as,
  A highwayman.

- P. زناخی zanākh-ī, s. m. A woman who engages with another woman in sexual intercourse with the aid of a dildo.
- sunnār, s. f. A belt, the brahmanical thread (جنير) a Hindū rosary. (From Gr. ζωνάριον).
- P. زن zanān, part. pres. (from ززدن)
  Striking, beating, striking up.
- P. نانخ zan-āna, 1. adj. Female, effeminate, womanly. 2. s. m. Female apartments, a seraglio. 3. A family, a wife. [of the seraglio.
- P. زنانی zanān-ī, adj. Of the women,
- P. زنبن zambaq, s. Name of a flower, the white jasmine, a lily, or an iris.
- i zambūr, (Chald. Heb. To lead, to speak; so named, perhaps, from following its leader; or, from its humming noise) s. m. f. l. A hornet. 2. A bee. 3. A wasp. 4. Bell mouthed guns carried on camels. 5. Pincers, dental forceps. زنابیر s. A fusilier. (Plur. زنابیر) See, also, H.
- P. zankha, s. m. l. A ennuch. 2.
- gun or swivel, usually carried on a camel.
- P. المبورة sambura, s. m. 1. A hornet, large bee. 2. The point of a musical stringed instrument called in Hindi مبورجى 3. Small gun. زمبورچى (or hornet.
- a. P. زنبورى zambūr-i, adj. Of the bee
- P. زنبیل zambīl, s. f. 1. A basket. 2. A purse, a wallet. (Adopted in Arab. plur. زنا بیل).
- A. البنية; zanjabīl, s. f. Dry ginger (جنييل). (शृंगवेर comp. of शृंग A horn, and वेर A body; shaped like a horn).

- P. زجیر sanger, (शंबला) s. f. A chain. 8. m. 1. A necklace. 2. Chainstitch.
- P. زمیری zanjīr-ī, adj. Chained, in chains; mad, a prisoner. (dakh.) Fetters.
- P. zanakh,

  B. m. The chin, the pit in the chin
- P. زندان zindān, s. m. A prison
  (چیل خانه)
  (چیل خانه)
- P. زندانی zindān-ī, adj. Imprisoned,
- a. ندقته zandaqa, s. A bad religion, unbelief, heresy. [livelihood.
- P. زندگانی sinda-gānī, s. f. Life, living;
- P. زندگی sinda-gī, s. f. Life, living (حیات)
- P. اجیتا sinda, adj. Alive, living (جیتا) Lively, gay, brisk.
- A. زندیق sindiq or sandiq, s. A follower of Zoroaster; one of a bad religion, magian, infidel.
- P. Ki; zanka, s. f. A little woman.
- p: زگار zangār, s. m. Verdigris, rust; green.
- P. زنگاری zangār-ī, adj. Rusty, of the colour of rust. [of a country.
- P. زنگبار zang-bär, s. Black ink: name
- P. زنگونگرو) s. m. A little bell, the small bells on a tambourin, a cymbal. [Moor.
- P. زنگی sang-ī, s. m. Ethiop, negro
- زینهار sinhār, 800 زنهار .P.

- P. زنی zan·i, (in compos. only) s. f. Striking.
- مرجر sawājir, plur. (of روا جر or ازجرة) Prohibition, forbidden things.
- مريارت s. m. وزيارت s. m. Visitor, pilgrims. (Pl. of زاگر)٠
- a. رول عسمة إول putting to a distance, removing.) s. m. Decline, the instant after the sun has attained the meridian and begins to decline, wane, decay (اتار) declination, cessation, fall, failure; misery, wretchedness, setting of the sun. زوال پزیر adj. Transitory, fading.
- A. زاهرة zawāhir, s. plur. (of المرة)
  Flowers, ornaments.
- A. زائدة zawā'id, s. plur. (of زائدة more) Things additional, additions superfluities, redundancies.
- a pair, equal, alike, consort, a spouse, a husband, joined, attached, next to.
- ۸. خورو) zauja, s. f. A wife (جورو)٠
- state; wife, the state of coverture.
- P. اجلای)، suddenly. ور جلک)، suddenly. خبر نج adj. Irascible, soon irritated.

- falsehood, adulteration. 2. A false deity, idol. 3. A false gloss or coloring. 4. Hypocrisy, dissimulation. 5. Violence, a strong effort; by force. ¶ saur, Going on a pilgrimage.
- A. 8; zah, Semen, child, son, to give
- border or edge of any thing, the collar or facing of a garment. 3. interj. Excellent! bravo! 4. Act of bringing forth (a child, &c.).
- A. الهن عدل على عبد على عبد الهناك على عبد الهناك . A. عبد الهناك عبد الهناك عبد الهناك المناك الهناك الهناك الهناك الهام المناك الهناك الهناك المناك الهناك المناك المناك المناك المنا
- The lower part of the belly. 3. Mons veneris. موے زهار s. m. Pubes, pecten.
- adj. کیش zuhd, s. m. Continence, devotion, abstinence. زهد کیش adj. Devout, continent.
- P. وهدان zih-dan, s. m. The womb,
- وهر الوك sahr, s. m. Poison زهر الوك adj. Poisoned, mixed with poison. زهر باد (dakh.) l. A dangerous disease of horses, in which the yard and testicles of the animal become suddenly swollen and violently inflamed. dangerous disease in elephants. 2. The adj. Poison- زهردار ous, bitter as gall; pernicious; hateful; abominable. زهر قاتل Deadly poison. زهر هلاهل s. m. poison. زهر کهانا کسی پر To imitate an act unsuitable to one's state or condition, to ape. زهرمار adj. Poison-destroying. زهر مار کرنا To do a thing by force or unwillingly. Bezoar, an antidote to poison.

- did, clear, serene, beautiful, bright; applied as an appellation to Fatima, daughter of Muhammad.
- P. قره zahra, s. m. 1. Gall-bladder (پتا) bile. 2. Boldness, spirit.

  To be much distressed or terrified or seized by panic.
- A. 8, 2; suhra, s. f. Venus (the planet).
- P. زهری zahr-ī, adj. Poisonous.
- p. رهي sihī or sahī or sahe, interj. How good! how admirable! excellent! bravo!
- A. ازین siyād,

  A. ازین siyādat, f.

  S. Augmenta. زیانتی siyādatī, f.

  crease, a d-

A. الله siyāda, m.

- dition (بهبت)، surplus, excess. 2.

  adj. More, additional, too many, too

  much, excessive. زیادتی Force, op
  pression, tyranny. تیاده تر adv. More.

  ازیاده کرنا ۱. To augment, to increase.

  2 (met.) To take away the dinner and tablecloth.
- م visited, honoured.) s. f. Pilgrimage (جاترا) visiting.
- P. زيان ziyān, s. m. Hurt, harm, injury, detriment, damage, deficiency, loss. مزيان كار adj. Doing mischief, mischief, the occasioning of loss or damage, mischievousness.
- P. ببیدن seb, (زیبیدن) s. f. Ornament, elegance, beauty. زیب آور adj. (dakb.) Ornamental. خینا To suit, to become.

- P. ينا sebā, adj. Adorned, beautiful.
- P. زيبائی zebā-ī, s. f. Beauty, grace-fulness.
- P. زیبائش sebā-jsh, s. f. Ornament.
  (آراستگی)، adorning, elegance.
- A. يبتى sibaq, s. m. Quicksilver.
- P. زيبنده sebanda, part. pres. (of junction) Adorning, ornamenting. adorned.
- A. زيتون saitan, (Heb.) s. m. An olive
- A. zīj, s. m. Astronomical tables, a mason's rule.
- A. المن said, s. m. 1. Increasing, adding, augmentation. And imperatively. 2. n. prop. A fictitious or hypothetical name (often used with said as John Nokes with Thomas Stiles, in English).
- P. زير ser, l. adv. Under, below. 2. adj. Inferior, lower. 8. s. The vowel point called by the Arabians June marked thus (,) and sounded like the الداز .s.m. The cloth زير انداز .Italian i or carpet, which is spread under a huqqa. زير بار هونا To be indebted, to undergo a great expense. زير بند s. m. A martingal. زير پای s. f. . Slippers. زير حكومت Jurisdiction. ازير نست l. s. m. A subject, a vassal. 2. adj. Powerless. under command, subdued, vanquished. (Also, dakh. the younger hand at cards). ير ران adj. Subject, under control (any animal), ridden on. زير كرنا To overpower, subdue. زيرلب Under the lip, inarticulate, mumbling. Something of leather or زير مشق paper placed under leaves for writing

upon. زير نكين adj. Submissive, subject. وبر وبالا or إير وبالا adj. Topsyturvy, higgledy-piggledy, inverted, overturned, ruined.

- smallest string of a lute, &c., the treble (in music).
- ع. إيرا or زيرا कंrā, (जीर or जीरक to digest.) s. m. Cumin-seed.
- P. غراكة sīrā-ki, Because that.
- F. زير بم ser-bam, s. (dakh.) 1. Small kettledrums, one called ser, the other bam. 2. Low and high notes.
- p. زيرك sīrak, adj. Ingenious, intelligent, sagacious, penetrating, acute, shrewd. [acumen, discernment.
- P. زيركى zīrak-ī, s. f. Ingenuity,
- P. a. زیرة क्रांत्व, (जीर to digest) s. m. Pollen. See زیرا
- ج. زیستی) s. f. Life (زیستی) ه. f. Life (زندگی) living. [shrill note, &c.
- ج. ریل تاریخ The treble زیر The treble
- ارین sin, s. m. (dakh. s. f.) A saddle زین To saddle. زین باندهنا (پالان) To saddle. زین باندهنا ه. m. A cloth fastened over the saddle, housing. زین گر s. m. A saddler.
- A. زين sain, s. Ornament, adorning.
- sinat, (زین) s. f. Ornament, elegance, dress, decoration. [steps.
- P. die sina, s. m. A ladder, stairs,
- tion, defence, patronage. 2. interj. Take heed! have a care! beware! mind! adv. By no means.
- P. زير sewar, s. m. Jewels, ornament or ornaments (of gold, silver, &c.).
- ويورات. sewar-āt, s. plur. of

ژ

the fourteenth letter of the Persian alphabet, has no corresponding character in the Arabic or Sanskrit. Its sound is that of s in the English word pleasure; or, of the French g or j in gens, jour: and, that sound is here denoted by sh. This letter is sometimes changed to as sometimes

P. ثاثر shāzh, s. m. 1. Idle, trifling, or indecent speech. 2. A kind of thistle.

A trifler, one who speaks obscenely. ثائر خالع s. f. Trifling or obscene talk. [hail.

- P. zij shāla, s. m. Dew, hoar-frost,
- p. رف zharf, Deep (pit, water, &c.), acute (of mind). [ment.
- P. خنن shinda, s. m. A patched gar-
- P. ژولیده شماه غرانیده holida, (part. pass. from ژولیدی) adj. Intricate, entangled. شرولیده مو Entangled hair.
- P. ژبان shiyān, adj. Formidable, rapacious, raging. شیر ژبان A fierce lion.

ښ

or which and which welfth letter in the Arabic and fifteeeth in the Persian alphabet, corresponds to I in Sanskrit. Its sound is that of the English s in sun, sin. In denoting numbers by the letters of the Arabic alphabet, it stands for 60. In almanacks it represents the Sun, and a sextile aspect of the planets. It is also used as an abbreviation for the salutation

It is changed (in Arabic) (1) into هادی هه The sixth: (2)

lessness, simplicity (ساله دلی)، openness.

- sādhan, (सावन r. साव accomplish) s.m. Practice (استعمال): accomplishing: good works: expedient. Performance; worship; settling.
- 1. v. a. To familiarize gradually to any habit, to teach, learn, habituate, accustom, to use, practise, regulate, discipline, pacify, correct, rectify, prepare, settle, fix or determine, accomplish. 2. s. f. (1) The act of familiarizing by habitude, practice. (2) Accomplishment. Like a li

air of scales).

عنا المسات ا

- Iron. 3. Pith, essence, quintessence. 4. Value, worth, importance, weight. 5. (知识) The piece used in playing at chaupar. 6. Juice. 7. Sap, strength, vigour. 8. A chess board. 9. Backgammon, &c. 10. See g. sar.
- P. سار sār, 1. Particle denoting plenty,
  magnitude, or similitude; as,
  A mountainous country. 2. Head as;
  Inverted, with the head
  undermost. 3. A camel. 4. The name

- of a blackbird of a musical voice, called in Shiraz گوتنگ the maind.
- ছ , w sār, (from হালো) s. m. A cowhouse, cow-shed.
- P. اسار sārā, (सर्व) adj. 1. All, the whole. 2. (र्याल) s.m. Wife's brother, brother-in-law. 3. Gross; entire; complete.
- P. اسارا sārā, adj. Pure, excellent, sweet-smelling, undefiled; as, عنبر The most odoriferous ambergris.
- P. ساربان sār-bān, s. m. A camel-driver.
- s. which saras, (HRH) s. m. A species of heron, the Indian crane. (Ardea antigone). [pine.
- H. who sārsal, s. (dakh.) A porcu-
- A. سرق sariq, part. act. (of سرق) s. m.
  Thief.
- s. b, w sārikā, (田民和) s. f. Name of a bird (Turdus salica): also, a mainā (Gracula religiosa).
- form, accomplish, effect, complete, make, mend, tame, manure. 2. To apply (collyrium to the eye.)
- عارنده عقر sārinda, s. (dakh.) A violin, fiddle: see
- s. with strang, (HIII) s.m. 1.

  Name of a musical mode or rag sung at mid-day. 2. A peacock. 3. A snake, a serpent. A frog. 4. A cloud. 5. The cry of a peacock. 6. A deer. 7. A woman. 8. Water. 9. The name of a country. 10. A lamp. 11. The Nymphæa lotus. 12. (for The bow of Vishnu. 13. (dakh.) See

سارنگ نے سارنگ گہیو سارنگ بولیو آئے \* جو سارنگ سارنگ کہے سارنگ منہ تیں جاے A peacock seized a snake; a cloud thundered: if the peacock utter his cry, the snake will escape from his mouth. (It is said to be a property of the peacock that on hearing thunder he utters a cry of pleasure and dances for joy).

- musical instrument like a fiddle. (Much resembling the sitär, with this difference, that, although it has seven strings, only one is played upon, and that with the right hand, the left not being used at all; and there are holes on the board: in another passage, however, this instrument is described as played on with a bow).
- عارنگيا .sārangiyā, s. m. A flddler.
- P. Ju sāro, s. f. Name of a black bird or starling or the mainā.
- \* سارى sārī, s. f. 1. (村尺) Cream. 2. (和己) A dress consisting of one long piece of cloth worn by Hindū women round the body and passing over the head, the only ordinary attire of the lower classes.
- ماری ه ق ت ق المری sārī, (part. act. of سری)

  adj. 1. Passing, penetrating, pervading, flowing. 2. Infecting, contagious.
- عارهو عة sāṛhū, (३यालीवोढा) Wife's
- nake.) Making, preparing, feigning; maker, counterfeiter. 2. s. m. Arms, apparatus, accoutrements, harness, furniture. 3. A musical instrument.
  - 4. Concord. سازباز 1. adj. Trim, dressy. 2. s. m. Ornament, apparatus, accontrement, &c. (the word باز

being expletive). ساز کاری adj. Proper. consonant, concordant. ساز کاری s. f. Concord, harmony. ساز کرنا To put in order, prepare, make to accord. ساز یران s. m. Warlike instruments, furniture, baggage.

- P. ساختی) s. f. Combination, collusion, confederacy, unlawful combination. cabal, conspiracy.
- P. عازند sāsindu, (properly sāzanda, part. act. of ساختی) s. m. 1. Maker.

  2. Musical performer, musician.
- P. ساز وار sās-wār, adj. Agreeing.
- P. سازى sās-ī, in compos. s. f. Making, preparing. [in-law.
- ਭ ساس sās, (ধ্রপ্নু) s. f. A mother-
- P. ساس sās, s. m. A bug.
- s. when sāsan, (訂刊) s. m. 1. Order, edict, command. 2. A patent, a grant. 3. Punishing, snubbing.
- ماعت sā'āt, s. f. A moment, minute (پل)، hour; clock or watch, time. اساعت ساز Clockmaker.
- s. f. The arm from the wrist to the elbow, the forearm.
- worked) 1. s. m. An attempter, an endeavourer. 2. A recommender. 3. adj. Earnest, eager, assiduous. 4. Diligent, laborious. 5. A messenger, a courier. A calumniator.
- P. بناغر کش sāyhar, s. m. A bowl, cup, wine cup, goblet. ساغر کش Exhauster of the cup, &c.
- P. ساغرى sāgharī, s. f. The space between the tail and anus of a horse.
- A. سوق sāq, (Heb. from سوق Heb. To drive, to impel, to run) s. f. 1. The leg. 2. The trunk or stem of a

tree, stalk of an herb ساق عروس s. A kind of sweetmeat.

- A. اقط هونا sāqiṭ, part. act. (of سقط fell. Heb. To fall, to be quiet) Falling; fallen, unavailable, dropped, lost, vile; out of use (as, a law). ساقط هونا To be fallen, to be degraded.
- A. ساقی sāqī, (part. act. of ساقی gave him to drink. Heb. To irrigate) s. m. 1. A cupbearer, a water-carrier, a page. 2. A sweetheart, love. (Plur. ساقی Capbearer! ساقی د. f. A barmaid.
- ملکت sākit, (part. act. of سکت Heb. To be silent) adj. Silent, quiet.
- at rest. Heb. To rest, to dwell). 1. s. m. An inhabitant (Pers. plur. ماكنان). 2. adj. Quiet, peaceable. sedate, firm, fixed. 3. Quiescent (letter).
- ब्र. ساکهه sākh, (साक्य) s. f. Trust, (اعتبار), oredit, reputation.
- ع. ساکهی sākhī, (सार्श्ती) s. m An evidence, a witness, an eyewitness. ¶ s. ياکهي (शाबी) s. f. A tree.
- edible vegetables, culinary herbs, potherb. عاكت يات s.m. Greens.

  To become soft.
- s. پاکر sāgar, (सागर) s. m. Sea, ocean.
- اگو sāgā, s. Sago (from the pith of the Sagus Rumphii.).
- ساكون sāgwān, s. See ساكوان
- H. ساكون sūgūn or sāgaun, s. f. Teak-wood or tree (Tectona grandis).
- s. سال sāl, s.m. 1. (মাল or হালি)
  A common timber tree. (Shorea robusta). 2. (হাল্য) A thorn. 3.

Perforation, bore, mortise, a hole made by driving a pin into the ground, &c. 4. (웨덴) s. f. House, place. 5.
A school. 6. (for આ전) s. m. A jackal. 7. (for 제전) s. m. A sort of fish (Ophiocephalus wrahl).

- g. No sālā, s. m. 1. (for स्पाल) A wife's brother, brother-in-law. A common term of abuse implying the disgrace attaching to a man whose sister has been had by another; hence, a pander; pimp. 2. s. f. (शाला in compos. mostly) House, place.
- P. الله عقلقة عنه الله عقلة الله sālār, s. m. A chief, head, leader, general or commander (of an army), prince, captain. سالارقانك The chief of a caravan, leader of a troop. [annual, annually.
- P. كالانم sālāna, adj. or adv. Yearly.
- saliba, (part. act. of سلبه saliba, (part. act. of سلبه To snatch) A negative sentence or proposition in logic.
- H. Lulu sālsā, s. m. Sarsaparilla.
- ع. سالسترى sālastarī, s. m. (dakh.) Farrier : see سالوترى
- A. نالک sālik, (سلک) 1. part. act' Going. 2. s. m. A traveller. 3.

(met.) A devotee, one who follows a road or example.

- B. সাদ) or rather হাাতিসাদ An ovoid black quartzose worn by the action of water and sometimes found impregnated with gold. s. m. A flinty stone, containing the impression of one or more ammonites, conceived by the Hindus to represent Vishnu who was turned to stone by a curse of Binda, wife of the Rakshas or demon Jalandar.
- H. الله الله sāl-ghāl, s. (dakh.) Accord, friendship.
- a. سالم sālim, (part. act. of سالم was safe. Heb. To be safe or entire) adj.

  Safe, free, perfect, sound, whole (ثابت); (Gram). Regular.
  - sālan, ) s. m. Meat, fish, or vegetables, dressed with condiments in various ways, curry.
- g. الله sālnā, (शस्य) v. a. l. To penetrate, to perforate, bore, prick, pierce, drill (الجهيد) 2. v. n. To ache, be in pain, to smart, cut to the quick.
- a. سالو sālū, (হাতি Red) s. m. A kind, of red cloth (calico) (dyed with Morinda). A sort of fine cloth, usually of a red or violet colour. (Turkey red).
- ब. سالوترى عقlotarī, (शालिहोन A horse) s. m. A horse-doctor.
- P. سالوس sālās, s. m.
   P. سالوسی sālās-ī, s. f.
   trick, subterfuge.
- r. كالس sāl-a, (in compos.) A termination affixed to numbers, to denote so many years old; as كالس Two years old; كالسجني Five years old; كالس Of a hundred years.
- P. الل عقائم, plur. of الل Years,

- for years. Jh Who For years, many years, annually.
- ड. سالی sālī, (३याली) s. f. Bister-inlaw, wife's sister, especially younger sister.
- Year, and the adverbial particle عالی s. m. l. An annual stipend, annuity, salary. 2. adj. Annual, yearly.
- 1. Venomons. 2. Poisonous wind of the desert. 3. The son of Noah.

  s. A sort of large lizard, whose poison is said to produce leprosy

  P. مام عقم sām, n. prop. Name of the fa-
- ther of Zāl and grandfather of Rustam.

  ¶ s. A swelling.
- things (الساب), apparatus, necessaries, instruments, tools. 2. Measure, quantity. 3. Understanding, reason, intellect. 4. Custom, habit, mode, order, proportion. 5. Opulence, power. 6. Probity. 7. A landmark. 8. Preparations, arrangements. 9. Sign, token. علم المال علم المال
- ड. sāmbhar, s. 1. (for शाका-म्भरी) The name of a town, near
- . Ajmīr, in the vicinity of which is a lake, from which salt is extracted. 2.
  - s. m. (for शाकम्भरीय) The salt itself.
- A. who, in the time of Moses, made by magic a speaking calf.
- heard. Heb. and Ch. To hear) s. m. A hearer. (Plur. سامعین) . :
- A. Leclu sāmi'a, s. m. (H. Lilu) The sense of hearing.

- ع. لنوه sāmhnā, (सम्मख) s. m. Encountering, facing, opposition. لنوه To confront.
- pos. or adv. In front, fronting, before, opposite. [Sublime, exalted.
- Yallen, to Li, (part. act. of Law) adj.
- hir sāmī. (रिवि). The sāmī. (रिवि). The sāmī. (रिवि). The sāmī. (रिवि). The samī.
- sān, adj. Like. s. 1. Likeness.

  2. Muster, review (of an army). سان کان

  To make muster. کرنا

  s. m. Understanding and imagination
  (شان being for سان).
- P. s. الله sān, (Sans. হাাণ r. হালি or হাা Sharpen) s. f. A whetstone, a grindstone. المجنان v. a. To make one understand by hints.
- 8. سانبر sāmbar, (शाम्बर) s. m. An elk: هابر вее سابر [A snake, a serpent.
- क سانب sāmp, (शर्प or सर्प) в. т.
- ع. سانپی sāmpan, (सिपिणी) s. f. A female snake, &c.
- ع. سانتنا sānṭ, (from الله) s. f. 1.
  Joining, sticking. 2. Confederacy,
  collusion. 3. A stick for threshing
  corn with, a flail.
- H. الناس sānṭ-ā, (perhaps, allied to النونتا s. m. 1. A stick, or whip, with which elephants are beaten at the time of fight. 2. A spur.
- e. استنا sānṭ-nā, (caus. of ستنا)
  v. a. To join thread, to join, splice,
  to stick together.
- عانت عقاله sānṭh, s. f. See سانته

- ड. क्ट्रांफ sā क्रिक्रंत, (संध्या) s. f. Evening.
- g. 爱加 sānc (代码) adj. True,
- s. sānchā, proper, correct, exact, real, authentic.
- H. sānchā, s. m. A mould; s matrice; a cone.
- A. coloilu sāniḥāt, s. plur. of soiu
- A. de lu saniha, (part. act. of \_iu)
- ع. سانگ sānd, or sānr, (पंड) s. m. 1.

  A bull set at liberty as an act of piety, and privileged to wander about at will.

  2. A stallion. 3. An independent, extravagant fellow. 4. (Contemp.) A lecherous fellow.
- H. اسانگا sānḍā, s. m. Name of an animal resembling a lizard (the oil of which is supposed to have restorative powers for gout and impotence).
- H. هاندنی ه ق andni or sānni, s. f. A fe male camel, a dromedary: see ساندنی سوار سازی One who rides on a camel.
- g. سانس sāńs, (वास) s. f. l. Breath, sigh. 2. The unit of time. 3. A fissure, orack. سانس التى لينى To gasp or draw in the breath (as a person in agony). سانس بهرنا To sigh, to regret. سانس بهرنا To be smothered or throttled. سانس بهرنا v. a. To suffocate, stifle. سانسنى s. m. A tribe of Indian gipsies.
- ation, reflection, fancy, fear, apprehension. [Of the world, worldly.
- ع. سانسارک عقnoārik, (सांसारिक) adj.
- II. سانک sānk, s. f. A lump of a sweetmeat (particularly, of جلیبی).

- ع. انكر عاسة sānkar, عانكر عاسة sānkar, عانكر عابية عانكرى عانك
  - A chain. 2. (शृंब्ल) A kind of female ornament. 3. (from संकीर्ण)
    A strait, a narrow lane. 4. (met.)
    Difficulty. 5. adj. Tight, narrow, close, strait, strict.
- ع. لكناس sānkal, (ফুৰেন্ডা) s. f. A chain.
- ह. سانگ sāng, (शंकु or शक्ति) s. f. A spear, or javelin, all of iron.
- عبرانگی sang, (corrupt. of سوانگی هانگی s. m. l. Disguise, mimicry, sham, acting, imitation. 2. A scene.

  اللائی کرنا v.a. To act foolishly.

  اللائی کرنا To imitate, to mimic.
- P. ع. سانگر sāngar, s. m. A outter of whetstones, grindstones, &c.
- g. الناس sānnā, (शानन r. शान Sharpen) v. a. To whet.
- 2. إلى المنابوا عنه المنابوا المنابوا
- a. انولا sāṅwlā, (३यामल) adj. Of a dark or sallow (complexion).
- عانون sānwan, s. m. Bee سانون
- ع. هائيس sānīń, s. m. See سائيس
- 2. s. m. A relation. 3. (dakh.) Honest, respectable, innocent.
- عاون على اله sāwan, (প্রাবিণ) s. m. The name of the fourth Hindū month, the full moon of which is near প্রবিণা। or a Aquilæ, July-August. ساون هر (Flourishing in

- summer and not fading in autumn) is applied to express continuance in the same state or situation.
- a shopkeeper. 2. An innocent person. 3. A title or appellation of respect, given to merchants, bankers, &c.
- s. ياهي sāhan, s. f. Female of على sign. 1.
- عامو عقل sāhū, (田門) adj. Honesh dj.
- e ساهوکار sāhūkār, (মান্ত্র Right, ang কার্য Doer) s. m. A great merchant : (dakh.) a banker, broker. [cupine
- ब. ساهی sāhī, (श्राह्यकी) s. f. A por-
- P. سائے sā'e, part. (of سائے) in compos. Rubbing, &c.: see اس sign. 3. ¶ sā-ī, in compos. s. f. Rubbing. s. f. Rubbing the forehead (on the ground in adoration).
- عاياً sāyā, s. m. Shade. See ساياً
- P. سايبان sāya-bān, s. m. A canopy.
- A. کاس sā'ir, s. m. 1. The whole. 2.

  The remainder. 3. part.act. (of سلير)

  Going, walking, wandering. 4. Tax,
  duty, levied on personal property.
- اليس sā'is, (part. act. of ساس He ruled; or, from Heb. A horse) s. m. A groom, a horse-keeper.
- a. P. سائیسی sā'is-ī, s. f. The business of a groom.

- P. g. ساینه هفره هاولور saya, (ত্তাখা) s. m. 1. Shadow, shade, shelter, protection. 2. An apparition, spectre. 3. A petticate the manner of another. الله كسى كا پرتانا 1. Shady. 2. A protector. الله كستى الله كالى 1. Shady. 2. A protector. الله كستى الله كستى الله كستى كالله كالله
- h. Lim sabā, n. prop. A country in Arabia Felix, where they suppose Bilqīs, the queen who visited Solomon, to have reigned.
- A. Lilum sabbāba, s. The forefinger.
- A. عبياع sibā<sup>2</sup>, s. plur. (of عبياء sabu<sup>2</sup>)
  Lions, savage beasts.
- A. بایس sabab, (Heb. from بایس To cause, or Heb. To turn. A turn of affairs) s. m. 1. Cause, ground (باعث)، reason, motive. 2. Relationship, affinity. 3. Instrument.
- a. ساحان sub'hān, s. m. Praising, glorifying (God): (in dakh. it seems occasionally used for) God. ساحان الله interj. O God! O holy God! Good! God! Ha! ساحان Praise to him! Heaven be praised! Good gracions! Bravo! well done.
- A. سبتحانى sub'ḥān-ī, adj. Of God, divine.

- P. سيد sabud, s. m. A basket.
- P. سبز باغ دکهان ههه. Green, verdant, fresh, raw, unripe, flourishing. سبز باغ دکهان B. f. Prosperity. هسبز بنگ های adj. Of black complexion. سبز هون adj. Unfortunate, unlucky, ill-omened. سبز هون To flourish. (Plur. سبز هون Herbs, vegetables).
- P. سبزک sabzak, s. m. The name of a bird (Coracias). A jay.
- P. سبزوار sabzawār, n. prop. Name of a place in Persia.
- bage. 2. Incipient beard, bloom. 3. A green stone worn in the ear as an ornament. 4. Sweet basil, Ocimum basilicum. 5. Cuaabis sativā (bhang). 6. An iron grey (horse). 7. The down on the cheek. A place abounding in verdure, a meadow, mead parterre, lawn, a green.
- P. سازى sabz-i, s.f. l. Greenness, verdure. 2. Greens, culinary vegetables. 3. An intoxicating liquor made of bhang, also the large leaves and capsules of the hemp plant. 4. A goblet or flask for wine.
- sibt, (Heb.) s. m. l. A grandchild. 2. Progeny, a family, a tribe (especially, of Israel).
- A. سبعه sab (Heb.) adj. Seven. هياس The seven planets. ¶ sub A seventh part.
- مابق sabaq, (from سبق preceded, Chald. To precede, to leave behind) s. m. A lesson, lecture, reading.
- A. سبق sabaqat, (سبق عب f. Got-

ting before, outstripping, surpassing, preceding, excellence, aggression. To get before, to outstrip or precede, to surpass, to advance.

- P. نامس sabuk, adj. Light (either in weight or character), debased, unsteady, delicate, trifling, frivolous, futile. سبكبار adj. Lightly burthened, unencumbered. اسبك يا Swift-footed. Light or swift in flight. سبک دوش Lightly laden. حبیک دوش سير adj. Quick, swift, light-footed. adj. Soon satisfied.
- P. sabk-i, s. f. Lightness, levity, frivolousness, disgrace, contempt.
- P. Juliu sabuk-sār, adj. Mean, base, without power or dignity, hasty, unsteady, light-headed.
- A. سبيل subul, s. plur. (of سبيل) Ways, manners. Institutions.
- مبيل sabal, s. m. 1. A disorder or inflammation of the eyes, a cataract or the being bloodshot or blear-eyed. 2. An ear of corn. 3. Rain (especially, whilst falling). [lever): a key.
- H. سيل sabbal, s. A crow-bar (iron
- P. سبو sabū, m. A jar, pitcher, cup, [jar, ewer, &c. glass, an ewer.
- P. غير sabū cha, s. m. A pitcher,
- P. Jugum sabūs, s. m. Bran.
- в. سله subh, (श्रीम) adj. Good, pleasant, agreeable, happy, fortunate, auspicious. s. f. Welfare, good health.
- s. الإنس sabhā, (सभा) from सह with, H to be. s. f. 1. An assembly, meeting, company, convention, council. A court.
- s. اللها sabhā-pati, (सभापति) s.m. Chief or president of an assembly.

- and भाव Natural state of being, disposition, nature) s. m. 1. Good disposition, nature, natural (حالت)، property, disposition. 2. Habit, custom. 3. General properties of matter, adj. Well-disposed, of good me بهاو quality. See
- इ. प्राथम subhītā, (शम Luck, happy, and हित Suitable) s. m. 1. Opportunity, convenience, accommodation, 2. Comfort, relief, \ time, leisure. ease (ارام) ease).
- ड. سبير saber, (सवेला i.e. स with, and वेला time) adj. Early, soon, in good
- قىليرا saberā, s. m. Morning, dawn. (سبير ٥٩٤)
- عبليرے عbere, adv. In the morning, early, soon.
- عنبهون sabhon, adj. plur. inflect. of [ All.
- A. سبيل sabil, (سبل) (Heb. and Ch.) s. f. l. A road, way, path, mode, manner. 2. Water distributed to thirsty travellers during the ten first days of muḥarram. 3. Instrument, means. 4. Sheds in which such liquids are placed for distribution.
- H. " sapūt, adj. 1. Smooth, level: 2. Ornamented with gold or silver work (a shoe) see سل يٿ
- א. שياتا sapātā, s. m. A long run, quick march, a heat.
- P. سپرل sipār, part. in compos. (سپرل ) Resigning, committing.
- H. سيار su pārā, s. m. Glans penis: also (dakh.) a large betel nut. See
- P. سپرکی sipārish or supārish, (سپرکی) s. f. A recommendation, intercession.

- H. سيارى supārī, s. f. 1. Betel-nut (Areca catechu). 2. Glans penis.
- P. سپاس sipās, s. f. Praise, thanksgiving. مباس نامه s. m. An address presented to one.
- P. كان sipāh, s. f. (used in the plur.)

  Boldiers, an army. مىناة سالار A general, a commander of an army.
- s. f. The military profession, soldiership, tactics.
- soldier. (کورا)، in contradistinction to a European soldier (کورا) 2. A beadle; a peon or messenger of a court.
- P. سپائی sipā'ī, (prop. سپائی s. A tripod, trevet, a three-legged stool, table, &c.
- الله عناية si-pāya, s. m. See سپائی
- इ. سپتر saputr, (सुपुत्र) s. m. A tractable or dutiful son,
- P. www sipar, s. f. A shield, target.
- B. نابران supurd, or sipurd, (سپران)

  B. f. Charge, keeping, care, trust, delivery (حواله), commitment. سپران

  To give in charge, recommend to one's care, to consign, intrust, commit.

  المال مون To be consigned, &c.
- P. سپردگی sipurda-gī, s. f. The charging, consigning; commitment (by a magistrate).
- P. سپردن sipurda, (part. pass. of سپردن adj. Committed, resigned. [milt.
- P. supurs, s. m. The spleen, the
- عبرتا sapṛānā, v. a. (caus. of سپرتا)
  To cause to be involved, seized, &c.
- عن saparnā, (स्म and r. पत Fall)
  v. n. (dakh.) To be taken or caught, or involved, or entrapped, or seized, or comprised, to fall into.

- #. سپڙنا saparnā, v. n. l. To be finished 2. To سارا کهانا سپڙگيا (تمام ہونا) 3. To bathe.
- P. الس السال sipistān, (H. السال) s. m. A glutinous fruit; Cordia mysca, used medicinally. [small house).
- H. سيلک siplak, s. (dakh.) Lizard (the
- الله supli, s. f. 1. Name of a plant.
  2. Dim. of سوپ See سوپ
- ق. سپس sapn, ((स्वप्त) A s. m.
- 2. iju sapnā, dream, sleep.
- P. مانیس sipand, s. m. See مانیسا
- इ. سپوت sapāt or su-pāt, (स्पुत्र) s. m. Tractable or dutiful or worthy son.
- ह. پاپس sapolā يا الله sapoliyā, (सर्पपोत i. e. सर्प

A snake, and पीत The young of any thing) s. m. A young snake just hatched.

- P. منه sipah, (contract. of عليه الله Having an army; commander of an army. سية سالار s. m. A general.
- P. سپه گری sipah-gar-ī, s. f. Military life or profession.
- P. سپهر sipahr, s. m. The sphere, the celestial globe, the sky, fortune, time, world.
- H. سپيارى supyārī, s. f. Betel-nut.
- P. سیید siped, adj. White See سفید
- P. سپیدی siped-i, s. f. Whiteness; light (of the dawn).
- snake). A snake-charmer; a snake-catcher.

- adj. True, right, actual. 2. adv. Actually. 3. (for 田司) s. m. Power, strength, essence, the principle of goodness, &c.: 4. Good; faith; virtue; chastity; conjugal fidelity. see under 4. Juice, sap. 5. (for 田司)
  Virtue. 6. Truth. (田司리) s. m. The first or golden age, comprising 1,728,000 years of mortals.
- s. Lim sattā, (for 日日) s. m. 1. Power, strength.. 2. (from 日日) Seven (in cards). ¶ sutā, s. m. (dakh.) Sleep; pert. Sleeping: See Lim ¶ sitā, s. f. See Lim
- String) s. m. A kind of guitar with three strings. (A sort of guitar made of wood, without any holes on the board, and mounted with from five to seven steel wires, all of which are used in playing, and that with both hands. Sometimes it has nine or eleven steel wires; but, generally three, whence its name). 

  its name). 

  constantly playing on the guitar.
- A. ستر sattār, (adj. superl. of ستار Heb.) s. m. (An attribute of God)

  One who covers. ستار العيوب

  Hiding sins (with the veil of mercy).
- P. القارئ s.m. (الآراء) s.m. (الآراء) s.m. (الآراء) s.m. (الآراء) s.m. (الآراء) s.m. (الآراء) s.m. (القارء) s.m. (القارء) strings. (القارء) strings. (القارء) strings. (القارء) strings. (القارء) s.m. An astrologer, astronomer.
- म. ستاری sutārī, s. f. (स्त a thread, आरा an awl). An awl, a bodkin.

- g. ستاسی sattāsī, (सप्ताशीति) adj. Eighty-seven.
- nsed in compos. Taking, seizing, captivating. ¶ stān or sitān or istān (affixed to certain words, denotes)

  Place, station; as, اللوستال 'ndia;

  (place of fragrance) Flowergarden.
- ह. الناس satānā, (संतापन) v.a. 1. Yo tease, gall, to trouble, afflict, harm, annoy, grieve, harass, molest. 2. To persecute; oppress; give pain to. 3. To exact; take by force.
- sattānawe, (सप्तनविति) adj. Ninety-seven. [ing.
- P. ستانى sitān-ī, in compos. s. f. Tak-
- इ. ستاوی sattāwan, (सप्तपंचात्ता) adj. Fifty-seven. [adj. Twenty-seven.
- ह. ستائيس sattā'ī s, (सप्तविंशति)
- P. ستودن sitā'ish, (ستودن) عدد المتودن Praise, returning thanks.
- P. win sitabr (or dakh. situbr) adj.
  Thick, coarse. [receiving.
- P. متد sitad, (ستدن) .s. f. Taking,
- ब. ستر sattar, (सप्तिति) adj. Seventy.
- ing, veiling, suppressing. 2. Privities, private parts. ¶ sitr, A covering, a curtain, a screen.
- adj. Big, corpulent (a man,) bulky, robust, quarrelsome, passionate, immodest.

  [teen.
- ब. ستر satrah, (सप्तदश) adj. Seven-
- satrah-wān, adj. Seventeenth. [adj. Sixty-seven.
- इ. عت ست sat-sath, (सप्तपष्टि)
- عند sitlā, s. f. (dakh.) See السيد عند الما عند
- g. H. Ilim sat-lar-ā, adj. Bevenfold, of

seven strings or rows (a chain of pearls, &c.). ستاری s. f. A neck-lace of seven strings.

- g. ستاوك satiok, (स्टालाक) s. m. Satyaloka, called also Brahmaloka, world or abode of Brahmā, translation to which exempts beings from further birth.
- sutli, s. f. 1. Packthread;

  coarse twine. 2. (Brokers) A score.

  See سوتلی
- injury, violence, vexation. المتمالية adj. Oppressed. هتم رسيده adj. Oppressive, oppressed.
- s. Luliu sat-māsā, (from HH Seven, and HH Month) s. m. A feast given in the seventh month of pregnancy.
- stambhan, (हतम्भन) s. m. Stopping, stoppage.
- sitam-gār, عستمكار على sitam-gār, an oppressor; adj. Tyrannical.
- P. ستمگری sitam-gar-ī, s. f. Tyranny.
- satmī, (सप्तमी) s.f. The seventh lunar day.
- H. Lim sutnā, suntnā, v. n. To be sunken (the cheeks).
- grain, reduced to meal and made into a paste.
- satwa or sattwa, (सल or सत्त)
  or सलगुण satwa-guṇ, s. m. The
  principle of goodness: see under
- ع. ستوانسا satwānsa, (from AA Seven,

- and HIR Month) 1. A child born in the seventh month. 2. Mah. An entertainment given to a pregnant woman by her parents in the seventh month of her pregnancy (80%).
- P. متوله sitūda, part. pass. (of ستول الله)
  Praised, laudable.
- P. متور sutūr, s. m. An animal, quadruped, horse, camel, a beast of burthen, cattle.
- satūr or ستور satūr, s. (dakh.)

  A chopping-knife, butcher's knife.
- salwa-gun, (स्वाण) The principle of goodness or benevolence; the quality of truth; attribute of Vishnu. See under
- P. ستون sukān or satūn or sitān, (स्थूणा) s. m. A pillar, a column (تهمب)، a prop.
- g. ستونتا satwantā, (सियवत्) adj. Virtuous, chaste, honest; adhering to truth: celebrated.
- P. كانس عبد sutoh or sitoh, 1. s. f. Distress, uneasiness, indigence. 2. adj. Sad, afflicted. [dignity. See
- s. الاستها sthān, (स्थान) s.m. Rank;
- कat'hattar, (सप्तसप्तित) adj.
  Seventy-seven.
- H. استهرا suthrā, (단평) adj. Neat, tidy, clean, clear, beautiful, (خوبصورت) elegant, adorned, excellent, well. ¶ s. m. Nānaksāh's Purohit.
- H. ستهرائي suthrā-ī, s. f. Neatness.
- A. दां बां के बां sattah i-mutnāsibah, (पंचराशिक) s. m. Double rule of three.
- s. ستى satī, (共行) 1. s. f. A woman who burns on her busband's funeral pile. 2. adj. f. Chaste, virtuous,

- P. ستيز sitez, s. Conflict, contention.

any thing), to blast (reputation).

the rain, or mischief (of any one or

- P. هنايزه sitesa, s. m. Controversy, altercation, quarrelling, battle. ستيزه adj. Quarrelsome.
- H. של satta-battā, (perhaps from and بنتا s. m. An amour, combination, collusion, a plot.
- founded, to be taken aback, to be surprised. 2. To be anxious, fidgety, restless.
- H. ستر پتر satar patar, s. f. 1. Petty affairs; trifles. 2. Bustling.
- H. with satak, s. f. l. An elastic rod, thick at one end and thin at the other.

  2. A small snake. 3. A tube; a hukkā snake.
- ਬ. لاتَّس saṭkā, s. (dakh.) A walkingstick, staff.
- H. Wim saṭaknā, v. n. 1. To run away, slip, to disappear, to sheer off. 2. To swallow a pili. 3. To gulp down.
- g. Lim saṭnā, (HEI or 田河東 Bound together) v. n. To join, adhere, stick, unite. ¶ H. (dakh.) v. a. To throw, to throw away or down, to cast, to let fall, pour out.
- u. استهورا sathorā, s. m. A sweetmeat, consisting of meal, sugar, ginger,

- spices, &c. (particularly given medicinally to childbed women, and distributed, as candle is, to gossips).
- s. Liusim sathiyānā, (ATD) v. n. To be turned of sixty years; to be decrepit, or in one's dotage, to be apperannated.
- s. f. Shape, ornament, appearance. preparation.

  s. f. Preparation and appearance.
- Heb.) Adoring, bowing the head in adoration.
- a. المجسة sajjāda, (مجس) s.m. A carpet or mat on which Muhammadans kneel or prostrate themselves at prayers, an altar, a mosque.
- s. じ sajānā, (日頭) v. a. (caus. of lim) To cause to prepare. To assort, sort; settle.
- s. عباوت sajāwaṭ, (انجس) s. f. 1.

  Preparation. 2. Contrivance.
- A. ایاجیس sojāyā, s. plur. (of تیجیس from اجس To rest, continue) Disposition, quality, nature.
- A. تجدات sijdāt, s. pl. (of عجدات Bowings, adorations, or prostrations. with the forehead touching the ground.
- A. & sijda, s. m. Bowing so as to touch the ground with the forehead in adoration, especially to God, adoration. 

  \*\*Signal Sijda\*\* S. f. The place of performing the sijda.
- ing of a prose phrase, metre, cadence, poesy.
- a. محسن sijill, s. m. l. A register, the decree of a judge, the record of a court of judicature, written attestation of a notary, seal of a judge (sigillum), Tables of laws, public acts. 2. sijil. The recording angel. 3. adj. Righ, proper, good, well-arranged.

- e. ্ৰু sajan or sajjan, (মজন comp. of মান Right, respectable, and জন Man) s. m. f. A respectable person, a sweetheart, a mistress.
- prepared. 2. To fit, become, beseem.

  3. -v. a. To dress, ornament, accountre, adjust, rectify, prepare. 4.

  8. m. See
- A. Jais sajanjal, s. A mirror.
- e. المجنا sajwānā, (caus. of المجنا)
  v.a. To cause to prepare. [المجناة]
- H. الجيس sujhānā, (सुध्यान) (causal of لنوجهنا) v.a. To shew, to make understand.
- g. جی sajjī, (सिजिका) s. f. A kind of mineral or of a plant alkali, natron, impure carbonate of soda.
- a. سنگ کل sijīl, (Pers. سخیل sijīl, (Pers. سخیل)

  s. m. Hard stones; stones made of clay, hardened in hell fire, on which are inscribed the names of certain men, with a catalogue of their sins.
- e. المجسد saj-īlā, adj. Well-shaped, handsome, graceful.
- sachchā or sachā, (सिय) adj.

  1. True, genuine, real, honest, just, sincere, faithful (to one's engagement), loyal; conscientious; sure. 2. Fair. 3. Pure, unalloyed.
- sach-oṭī or sach-auṭī, s. f. Fidelity, rectitude, honesty, truth, sincerity, certainty, reality.
- indeed, very true.

- ه. باحس saḥāb, s. m. A cloud.
- a. سحبان saḥbān, Name of a celebrated
  Arabian orator.
- ment (P. جالر), magic. سحر حلال ), magic. لجائر Lawful magic; poetry. ¶ saḥar, (Heb.) s. f. Dawn of day.
- saḥar-gāh, عدر گاه The dawn of day.

  A. r. هم saḥar-gah, هم معرد گه
- adj. Of, همرگاهی .a. P. همرگاهی saḥar-gāh-ī,

or relating to, the dawn. See

- H. Los suhafa, s. m. (dakh.) Hall (of a house), dining-room.
- \*\*saḥūr, s. m. Food taken at early dawn or a little sooner, as among Muhammadans in the time of fasting.
- sakhā,

  s. f. Liberality,
  generosity,
  munificence.
- P. نيخس sakht, adj. 1. Hard, strong.

  2. Difficult. 3. Obdurate. 4. Stingy

  (منجوس) 5. Wretched, trouble
  some, violent, vehement, very cruel,
  hard-hearted, fell, painful, austere,
  rigid, severe, harsh (to the ear). 6.
  adv. Very, intensely, violently, extremely. 7. Inauspicious, unlucky.

  Holding fast (an animal.)

  of chase). منجن گيری s. f. Ex
  tortion, taking by force.
- b. sakht-i, s. f. 1. Hardness, firmness, harshness, intenseness, severity, atrocity, grievance, hardship. 2. Obduracy. 3. Stinginess, indigence.
  - 4. Distress (تنگی)، difficulty. 5. Poverty.
- One derided, a ridiculous person; one who is forced to labour without reward.
- مخريك ukhriya, s. Derision, ridicule.

- P. sakhun, or sukhan, or sukhun, 1. Speech (ریخی)، language, word, words. 2. Thing, business, affair. اراً Adorning language, eloquent. سخی آرائی Eloquence, display of language. ينجن پرداز adj. Talking, eloquent. سخندان Intelligent, eloquent; a poet. خیس An informer, spy, talebearer. .... سخس رانی s. f. Eloquence. دانی s. f. Oratory, rhetoric. المخس An orator, speaker, سخن سازی в. f. Oratory, address. منخس مانج 1. A weigher of words; intelligent. 2. A poet, an orator. سخن شناس Knowing or conversant in language, eloquent. سخن فهمي s. f. gence, understanding, apprehension. سخن وری adj. Eloquent. سخن ور s. f. Eloquence.
  - a. سخى sakkī, (H. النا) adj. Liberal, or bountiful person, generous.
  - A. سد sadd, s. f. A wall, barrier, ditch rampart, obstruction of any kind, obstacle. سد رمنن s. m. A hinderance or preventive from breathing one's last; the last remains of life, the agonies of death. سد سکندر Alexander's wall.
  - s. الله sadā, (सदा or सदिदा) adv.

    Always, ever. سدا يهل s.m. 1. A

    fabled fruit, eating of which confers
    long life, &c. 2. adj. Constantly
    bearing fruit (epithet of a tree). 3.

    A kind of lemen. 4. The cocoanut
    tree. 5. The glomerous fig-tree. 6.

    The jack-tree and fruit: see

- (Trogon dilectus): 2. Name of a flower (Hibiscus phœniceus: the white variety). 3. A kind of faqīr who wears bangles and dresses like woman.

  4. A wife whose couch is shared by a loving husband. 5. A prostitute (feme covert).
- P. سداب sudāb or sadāb, s. Name of an herb, rue (Arab. فيجن)
- ह. سدابرت sadā-bart, (सदात्रत) s. m. Alms, or food distributed daily to the poor, travellers, &c.
- A. P. هلدراه saddi-rāh, s. f. An obstacle, obstruction.
- A. قسارة المنتهى sidrat, s. Name of a tree (especially in paradise). مسارة المنتهى

  A station in the seventh heaven, a
  tree of knowledge in paradise. See
- g. H. سل مد sud mud, (dakh.) See
- a. کس sudda, (سک) s.m. 1. (in medicine) An obstruction. 2. Scybala; hardened excrement. 3. Stoppage of the nose, coryza. 4. A threshold.

- क sudhārnā, (स्धारण or शद्रक or caus. of سدهرنا) v. a. 1. To adorn, to set in order. 2 To beat, strike, adjust, arrange, rectify, mend.
- عدهارنا ع sidhārnā, (संधन r. षिध Go) v. n. l. To go, to depart, set out, start 2. To leave this world, to die.
- عدهان suddhān, (स底) adv. Together, with.
- عدهانا ع sadhānā, (साधन or शुध् correct. see سالاهی) v. a. 1. train or tame animals. 2. To perform.
- इ. الله sudharnā, (सुधरण from सु and r. I Hold) v. n. To be correct, be or seem right or good, be mended, avail, succeed or answer. ¶ (dakh.) سدهارنا See
- عاله على sadhnā, (intrans. of الماله على ال v. n. To be fully instructed or disciplined. ¶ sudhnā, v. n. To be purified (metal).
- B. H. سڌول su-ḍaul, adj. (턴 good н. درل shape). Well-shaped, graceful,
- عد الله عدد الله عدد
- sir, (शिरः) s. m. The head, the To سر اتھاتے ھی پامال ھوجانا .top be crushed in the commencement of one's undertaking. سر اتهان To rebel, سر پر چڙهانا rise up against one. 1. To spoil (a child, &c.). 2. To raise an inferior above one's self. 3. سر پر خاک ڈالنا .To shew respect To lament. سرپهيرنا To revolt from obedience. سرپیتنا To lament. .adj سر حبرها .To subdue سر تورنا Proud, haughty. سرچڙهانا 1. To

2. To assume, be arrogant.

- 3. To shew respect. اسر دهرن To be To shake the head سر دهننا obedient مر قرب adj. Perfect ly wet. اسر سے سروالا The conducting of an affair depends on the leader or head: to this is sometimes added. جب بيل پهوٿي رائي رائي هو گئي When the bel bursts it falls all about like mustard seed. سرسے کفی To engage in a desperate undertaking, giving up all regard to one's own safety. Lia "K . n. To Behead we will become conspicuous. ed, decapitated. سرکوقدم کرنا To go quickly but with respect. سركرنا To begin. اسر کیجانا To court punishment. سرکے بہل adv. Head-foremost, amain. سرکے زور With all (One's) might. سنهتی (dakh. سنهتی) المينيكن) To suffer hardship, to endure distress. In my To take great pains, search diligently. اس مندانا To quit one's connexions and adopt a life of mendicity. سر میلی s. Menstrual discharge. سر نوانا To be humble, to be obedient.
- s. w sur, s. m. 1. (ңर) A god, a deity. 2. (for 每7) Tone, melody, accent, song, note. 3. The breath passing through the nostrils. 4. A bass, drone, or accompaniment to 5. A vowel. 6. The gamut. To sing in tune.
- P. w sar, s. m. l. The head, caput; skull; pate, top, crown, pinnacle, origin, end, point. 2. Chief. 8. In-

clination, desire. 4. Responsibility, liability. 5. Beginning, commenceadj. Exalted, سر افراز ment. سر فراز سر افگنده promoted: see adj. Head cast down, سر انداز 1. s. A veil or coif which women throw over the head. 2. one who by way of blandishment or pride or from intoxication moves his head from side to side in walking. adj. Bloody, intrepid, fearless, im-سر باز .pure, active, ingenious; a thief (سر and part. act. of باختی To play) adj. Intrepid, risking one's life or head. سر بازی s. f. Intrepidity. adj. 1. Closed, shut, hidden. 2. Inextricable. 3. Wearing a turban. سر بسر All, the whole, from one end to the other, entirely. سر سر adj. Eminent, glorious. سر سر بمهر s. f. Exaltation. بلندى سر پیش or سر پیچ An ornament worn in the turban, a band two or two and a half cubits long, which only encircles the turban two or three times (it consists of square pieces of gold plates, threaded together, each plate being set with precious stones): سرتاج 🛦 chief. سر خوش adj. Cheerful, tipsy. سر s. f. Gaiety, exhilaration, tipsiness. سر دردى ع. f. Vexation, trouble, toil. سر دست At hand, ready to the hand. اسر راة s. m. The high road, the higher part of the road. سر زماین s. f. l. The earth. 2. Country, region, territory. 3. Limits, confines. w adj. Mutinous, rebellious, headstrong. سر زوری s. f.

Mutiny, disobedience. سر شام Evening, early in the evening. سر کشیده adj. Lofty. سر كوب 1. adj. Overlooking, overtopping, commanding (as a fort or situation). 2. s. m. Overlooker, superintendent, a superior in any art, a commanding fortress, a powerful adversary. 3. Beating the head. 4. Reproof, reproach. s. f. Event, accident, adventure, transaction, history, narrative, سر گران . account of circumstances adj. 1. Tipsy, drunk. 2. Proud B. f. Heaviness of head, headache or heaviness from intoxication, stupidity, pride. سر گردان adj. 1. Distressed, humbled. 2. Confounded, stupified, wandering, straying. s. f. 1. Distress. 2. Confusion. سرگرم adj. 1. Intent on, earnest, eager. 2. Attentive, assiduous, zealous, diligent. 3. Inflamed with love. سر گرمی s.f. 1. Application, enthusiasm. 2. Love, or being in love. سر گروه s.m. The chief of the troops, &c., leader, commander, a chief of faqirs, a provincial. adj. Intoxicated (with wine, lust, power, &c.). سر مستى 8. f. s. f. Copy lines سرمشق or copy for writing. سر صو The point of a hair, a hair's breadth. سر نگون 1. Hanging the head, ashamed, downcast. 2. Vile. 3. Backward, topsyturvy, upside down. سر نو Recommencement, renewal; renewed, anew, a fresh. سر نوشت s. f. Destiny, fortune. سروپا 1. adv. All, the whole, from head to foot. 2. s. m.

A. sirr, s. m. A secret, a mystery,

- P. اس sarā, 1. s. f. A caravansary, a house. 2. part. act. (سرائيدن) in compos. Singing.
- e. سر sirā, (शिरः) s. m. l. (Math.)

  Head, extremity, end. 2. Beginning

  Adv. From the beginning.
- sembling the sea at a distance, formed by the rays of the sun or moonlight on a sandy plain, glare. (French, mirage).
- P. سرای sar-ā-pā, adv. From head to foot, cap-a-pie, totally; s. m. The whole from head to foot. A complete description in verse (of beauty).
- royal tent, a curtain (especially one suspended before the apartment of a sovereign). 2. See
- A. سرج sirāj, (Chald. from سرج Heb.

  To weave, entangle; shine: or, perhaps, from P. (حراء) s. m. 1. A

  candle, a lamp, lanthorn, luminary.

  2. The sun. ¶ sarrāj, s. m. 1. A

  saddler. 2. A groom.
- sarā-cha, (dimin. of اسرا s.m.

  1. A tent surrounded with an enclosure. A single-poled tent. 2. A long bamboo. 3. (Fac.) A tall man.

  (Ast.) Parhelion.
- entirely, from end to end, from beginning to end. adj. Cursory; rough (measurement).
- عبر اسرى sarāsar-ī, s. f. 1. Name of an ornament worn on the head, going

- all round the head. 2. Summary. 3. Easy; facile. 4. A rough estimate.
- P. سراسیمکی sarāsīma-gī, s. f. Amaze. ment, distraction or confusion of mind.
- P. هراسایه sar-āsīma, adj. 1. Amazed, disturbed. 2. Distressed.
- surāgh, s. m. 1. Search, inquiry. 2. Sign, mark, trace, track, clue, intelligence. 3. Spying. سرائع To search, &c.
- H. هراگائي surā-gās, s. f. (सुरिभगी:)
  The Yāk of Tartary or bushy-tailed bull of Tibet (Bos grunniens).
- sar-āmad, adj. 1. Perfect, complete, accomplished. 2. Master of any art, &c. 3. Chief.
- paratus, utensils, furniture, harness, goods and chattels, stores, materials, ingredients, requisites. 2. Conclusion, end. 3. Preparations, arrangements.

  To accomplish, finish:

  prepare.

prepare. سرانجام هونا To be accomplished or finished.

- H. in sarāh-nā, v. a. (সামা from মান্তম to praise.) l. To praise, commend, approve, applaud, celebrate. 2. To appreciate, admire. 3. To flatter; butter; beslaver.
- sarā's, s. f. 1. A caravansary, an inn. 2. A house. 3. (Met.) The world. ¶ sarī-ī, s. f. in compos. Singing.
- A. went).

  Passing from one thing to another, penetrating, nightly journey, contagion, infection, pestilence.
- P. مراینده sarā'inda, part. act. (of سرائیدن) Singing; a singer.
- अ sarāīi, sarāī, s. f. (शराव)
  A small earthen saucer or cover.
- P. سرب surb, s. m. Lead.

- 2. Travelling expenses, or cash to pay them. 3. A steward or manager (of a feast, &c.). سربرالا کرنا Expert or skilled in business; a commissary of supplies, agent, manager. سربرالا کرنا To furnish, to supply.
- P. سربراهی sarbarāh-ī, s. f. 1. The act of providing supplies. 2. Direction, management, adjustment, accomplishment.
- #. سرپت ه ar-pat, s.f. Galloping, full gallop. تربت بهینکنا To set off in a gallop. [potlid.
- P. سرپوش sar-posh, s. m. Cover, lid,
- string of flowers worn round the head in the form of a turban by women.
- שים surat or surt, (स्ति) s.f.

  1. Recollection, thought, consideration, reflection, memory, attention, accuracy. 2. Intention, aim, design. שים adj. Attentive; careful; considerate; sensible. سرتای Attention, &c.
- ड. سرت su-rat, (सुरत) s. Copulation.
- عرتا ع surtā, (सत्ती) adj. Mindful, considerate, attentive, prudent, intelligent, accurate.
- B. سرتا برتا برتا eartā bartā, s. m. Distribution. [rebellion.
- عرتابی sar-tāb-ī, s. f. Disobedience,
- sirajnā or srijnā, (for सर्जन from सूज to create) v. a. To create, to produce, to form. [Creator.
- عرجنا sarjan-hār, (see سرجنا)
- P. dome, w sar-chashma, s.m. A

- spring, a fountain, source, fountainhead.
- with all the might of one person in the buttocks of another; labour, distress, trouble.

  [frontier, confines.]
- P. A. سرحل sar-hadd, s. f. Boundary,
- P. سرخ surkh, adj. 1. Red (لال)
  - 2. Dear. سرخ رو adj. Red in the face; honourable, unabashed (not pale with the consciousness of any guilt, nulla culpa pallescens). سرخ روئی
  - s. f. Honour, character, fame. (Red and white) Fair.
- eurkhā, adj. Of a white or gray or cream colour (a horse).
- sar-khatt, s. m. 1. An agreement to hire service. 2. Bill of sale. 3. A lease of a house.
- P. سرخه surkka, s. m. 1. A sort of pigeon of a red colour. 2. Name of a son of Afrāsiyāb. 3. A roan horse. 4. Liquid fire; red wine. See
- P. سرخی sur<u>kh</u>-ī, s. f. l. Redness. 2. Blood. 3. Brickdust. 4. Erysipelas, St. Anthony's fire.
- P. سرخیل sar-khail or sar-i-khail, s. m. Commander of horse, a general, chief or leader.
- P. سرن همزی (ই국국) Cold, damp (اتهندا) مرن سیر (تهندا) adj. Cool (country or place). سرن مهر A cold or luke warm friend, سرن مهری 8. f. Colo-

ness or lukewarmness in friendship, indifference. سرد هون To die.

- عبر sarad, (शरद्) s. f. See سرد
- H. سرنا sardā, s. m. A kind of watermelon from کابل
- bath; place built under ground to shelter from heat, a cool room for summer. 2. A grave.
- ear-dar, s. m. A chief, com-mander.
- عبرداری sar-dār-ā, s. f. Chiefship, supremacy, domination, lordship, government.
- عبرانتر sar-duftar, s. m. The frontispiece; the chief clerk or secretary, the head or chief.
- P. ع. سردوال sar- or sir-do'āl, (س Head, end, and الوال s. f. Reins of a bridle, headstall.
- ار جالا ( احیالا )، sard-i, s. f. 1. A cold ( احیالا )، the cold, coldness. 2. Catarrh ( زکام)
- P. سار سراس sarirās, See يكسان Alike, &c.
- end of the cord or thread. 2. A rope, series. 3. Connexion, a finity. 4. Office, employment. 5. Desire.

  An officer so called, a keeper of records or accounts.
- F. w sar-i-rū, s.f. The cephalic vein in the arm.
- P. سرزل هونا sar-sad honā, v.n. To happen, appear, to come out, to come to light, to proceed. [rebuke.
- P. wijm sar-sanish, s. f. Reproof,
- P. سرزنی sar-san-i, s.f. Buffeting, butting, striking the head.
- عرس saras, हे (श्रेयस्) a d j. 1.
- prime. 2. More, additional, abundant, plenty.

- P. سام Head, and سرسام Head, and سرسام Head, and Head, Head, and Head, Head, and Head, Head, and Head, and Head, and Head, and Head, and Head, and
- عرسائی sarsā-ī, s. f. (नर्स) Increase, abundance, excess, excellence.
- P. سرسانر sar-sabs, adj. 1. Fresh. verdant. 2. Prosperous, happy.
- P. سرسازی sar-sabz-ī, s. f. Verdure, flourishing state.
- H. W. n. To creep along as a snake, to make the

noise a snake does when creeping. (dakh. also, To hiss as dull powder before exploding, or as water when becoming hot. 1. To rustle, hiss, fizz. 2. To grow (crops), thrive. 3. To feel cold, to be chilly.

- H. "sursurāhaṭ, s. f. Creeping (sensation), titillation.
- eareless, without attention or consideration, transacted loosely, without due consideration, summary (as, a process at law), trivial, trifling, easily.
  - 1. Titillation. 2. An insect bred in grain, a weevil. 3. (dakh.) A sort of fireworks (so called from the rustling, low, continued sound produced when they burn). 4. A squib (firework).
- s. saraswatī, (स्विती) s. f.

  The wife of Brahmā, the goddess of speech and eloquence, learning; the patroness of music and the arts, and the inventress of the Sanskrit language and Devanāgarī letters.
- g. سرشف sarson, (सर्पप) (P. فسرشف) s. f. A species of mustard. (Sinapis dichotoma).
- redundant, glutted. 2. Intoxicated, tipsy. 3. Steeped; soaked: reeking.
- P. wirisht, (世間) s. f. 1.
  Nature, temperament (亡山山),

- constitution, disposition, complexion.
  2. Intellect.
- usage; form (حال). 2. Judicial usage. 3. Ceremonies, rites. 4. Office of records; establishment, department. See
- s. 中面,srishti, (明智) (P. 中面) s. f. The creation; world.
- P. سرشف sarshaf, (सर्पप) s. m. Mustard seed.
- P. سرشک sirishk, s. m, A tear
- A. سرطان saraṭān, (السرطان To swallow: or, شرط Meb. To cut) 1. A crab. (کیکڑا) 2. The sign Cancer. 3. A cancer. 4. A disease incident to the feet of cattle.
- a. was was quick). 1. Haste, speed; velocity. 2. Despatch; expedition.
- P. مرغنی sarghana, s. m. A chief, a great person, one unequalled.
- A. wight saraf, s. m. Extravagance.
- P. سرفراز sar-farāz, edj. Exalted, eminent, distinguished, promoted.

  To dignify, honour, ennoble.

  [exaltation.
- P. سوفرازی sarfarāz-ī, s. f. Promotion,
- P. di, surfa, s. A cough.
- a. سرق sariqa, (سرق To steal or stole)
  s. m. Plagiarism, theft, larceny.
  Petty larceny.
- H. sarak, s. f. m. (dakh.) Noose, loop, snare.
- conrt. 2. Government. 3. Estate, property. 4. A district comprehending several parganas. 5. s. m. A landlord. 6. A title by way of respect given to a person present or absent.

- 7. Master; chief; lord. 8. A subdivision of a sūba in Bengal. 9. A bill collector in Bengal.
- ernment, or to the king's court, of the state. 3. Public.
- H. Usum sarkānā, (cans. of under which was a sar
- sarkarā, (श्राकाण्ड) s. m. l. A reed or grass of which screens, &c. are made. 2. The flowering stalk of the jalas grass. Saccharum procerum.
- P. سرکش sar-kash, adj. Rearing the head, rebellious, refractory, licentious.
- P. سرکشی sar-kash-ē, s. f. Disobedience arrogance, insolence, insurrection (بغارت)
- to remove, stir, to get out of the way, give way, budge. 2. To draw back; recede; retire. 3. To slide, glide.
- عركندًا sarkandā, s. m. See
- P. نسرکه sirka, s. m. Vinegar.
- H. سرکی sirkī, s f. (२१३) A reed screen, a cevering over carts, etc.
- g. سرك sarg, (स्वर्ग)
- क्ष عرك لوك يو sarg-lok, (स्वर्गलोक)
  - m. ( gods, from H happiness.)
    1. Heaven, Indra's paradise. 2. The firmament, the sky.
- eargashta-gī, s. f. Affliction, astonishment, wandering.
- P. سرگشته sar-gashta, adj. Head-turning, giddy, at a loss.
- 8. سرگم sari-gam, (सिरिग्स) L. The

- gamut, the descending scale. 2. Solfa-ing, solmization.
- H. (元列) 1. All qualities (an epithet of deity). 2. Hymns in praise of the gods.
- P. سرگوش sar-i-gosh, s. m. The ear.
- P. سرگوشی sargosh-ī, s. f. Whispering.
- P. سرگین sargīn, s. m. Cow-dung.
- s. Ju saral, (HTS or হাতি s.m. 1.

  Name of a fragrant wood. (Pinus longifolia). 2. adj. Perpendicular, straight. 3. Plain, artless, honest, simple, sincere.
- P. Logu sarmā, s. m. Winter.
- P. سرمایه sar-māya, s. m. Stock in trade, capital, fund, means, materials (پونجی). [ceasing.
- a. سرمك sarmad, adj. Eternal, un-
- a. سرمدای sarmadī, adj. Eternal, divine.
- P. Low surma, s. m. A collyrium (generally considered to be antimony or sulphuretum antimonii; but what is used in India is said to be an ore of lead or a galena or sulphuret of lead). Antimony ground to a fine powder. adj. Stained with surma: whose eyes are stained with surma. سرمه دانی or سرمه دان A سرمة كش .box, &c. for holding surma One who has tinged his eyes with surma, or who applies that collyrium to the eyes of any one; an enlightener of the eye or aider of sight, &c., a dark night. سرمه هونا To be reduced to an impalpable powder. لا علم K s. m. A black-lead pencil.
- P. سرملی surma-i, adj. Of the colour of surma, greyish.

- H. w. n. (刊号 do). 1. To be performed, accomplished, be carried on, to issue, be ended. 2. To suffice; do. 3. To pass one's days; to live.
- P. سرنام sarnām, adj. Well-known, famous.
- P. نسونا surnā, s. m. A kind of pipe, a clarion, a haut-boy.
- P. autim sar-nāma, s. m. 1. Title, address, superscription of a letter, direction. 2. A heading.
- P. سرنای surnā'e, s. m, See سرنای
- mine (particularly, dug by thieves), a gallery, tunnel, subterraneous passage, an adit. 2. s. m. (共初) Red colour.

  3. adj. Red-coloured, light bay or chesnut (horse). 4. Beautiful; showy; splendid.
- s. سرنگ sring, s. m. 1. Precipice, cliff, peak. 2. Horn.
- P. سروقله sarv, s. m. The cypress tree. adj. Cypress-like in stature; tall and graceful.

  A moving cypress; a sweetheart moving gracefully.
- a. سروال sarwāl, (Pers. شلوار) s. m.
  Trousers, breeches, long drawers: see
- P. w sur-wāla, s. A prickly grass,
  Andropogon muricatum, commonly
  called love in India.
  - sarūp, (for 西可) s. m.

    1. Own or natural shape or form, appearance, identity, shape, form, a spectacle. 2. (日下口) With form, with appearance; handsome face or figure, elegant, beautiful. ¶ su-rūp (日下口) adj. Handsome, well-formed, beautiful.

- ਬ. سروتا sarotā, (संदंश:)
- H. سرو ترا sarotrā, A kind of scissors for cutting betel-nut.
- s. سروج saroj, (सरोज, सर: A lake, and ज Born) s.m. The lotus.
- P. りょ surod, s.m. (モモ) A song, air, modulation, melody. (モモマン・
- To make or be glad, was joyful). s. m. l. Pleasure, cheerfulness. 2. Slight intoxication.
- P. سرور sar-war, s. m. 1. A chief, principal, leader (سردار) 2. n. prop. Name of a Muhammadan saint. سرور کائنات (chief of created beings) Muhammad.
- P. سرورى sarwar-ī, s.f. Chiefship, rule, sway.
- عسروش surosh, s. m. 1. An angel.
  2. A voice from heaven. 3. The seventeenth day of the solar month.
- earokār, s. m. Business, concern; interest; share, intercourse.
- wheat-flour, ghī, sugar, poppy-seed, dates, and almonds, made into a paste, formed into little pieces between the fingers and boiled in milk.
- H. we sarohi, s. f. A kind of scimitar, a two-eyed sword noted for its flexibility, so called from the town where it is made.
- sura-yā'o, Tartary or bu-shy-tailed bull of Tibet (Bos-grunniens), an animal of the tail of which an instrument is formed to drive away flies. And, see
- sir-hānā, s. m. (शिरोधारण)
  Head part or side of any thing (as, of a tomb or bedstead), place where the head rests or reclines. A pillow.

- H. سرے sire, adv. Firstly; imprimis.
- neral, commander, captain, chief, overseer, boatswain, a foot soldier. 2. adj. Disobedient, rebellious, strong.
- عبرى عiri, (शिरः) s. f. The head.
- s. i. i. A name of Lakshmī, the wife of Vishnu, and goddess of plenty and prosperity. 2. Prosperity. 3. Beauty. 4. (Mah. sharif). An auspicious or honorific word prefixed to the proper names of persons or divinities, and at the beginning of manuscripts, letters, documents, &c. (河田) Pride or intoxication of prosperity.
- P. سرى sar-ī, 1. s. f. Chiefship. 2. adj. Good.
- H. سرے گزگئ sare, A (as گزگئ )

  How much a yard?).
- H. سريانا sariyānā, v. a. To arrange;
  pack (ناجسانا)
- P. سریانی suryānī, adj. Syriac, the Syriac language.
- P. اپ کیس sare-pā,
   P. اپ کیس sare-pā'o,
   Bee سریا کیس
   under سروپا
- an ornamental sofa or couch.
- srī-rāg, s. m. Name of a musical mode, or rāg, appropriated to the afternoon in winter. (The personification is a florid graceful man proceeding from the womb of the earth).
- P. سریش sirīsh, s. m. Glue, starch.
- A. سريع sarī\*, (سرع was quick) adj.

  Quick, swift, making haste, nimble,
  ready. سريع الاجابت Quick in
  answering. سريع التائير
  Ready, penetrating, active (a medicine).

الزوال Soon passing away, fading, frail, fleeting, transient. سريع الفهم a quick understanding.

adj. (田麗) in sarīkā, adj. (田麗) in H. مريكا sarīkhā, dakh, uninflected, and used as a particle of similitude) Like, resembling; so, as.

P. سریں surīn, s. f. The buttocks, hips, thighs.

sir. s. f. l. Madness, mania. 2. Drivelling; foolish talk.

الباولا) sir-ā, adj. Mad الباولا).

וות saṛā, adj. (אולק) Rotten, stinking, putrid, ulcerating.

H. שלוט sarānā, (cans. of سرتا) v. a. I.
To cause to rot. 2. To make ferment,
to steep.

H. سراند sarānd, s. f. l. Rottenness;
putrifaction. 2. A stink; stench
(بدبو)

H. ستین surap, (from ستین) s. f. Sipping, or sucking up (as, broth), or the noise made thereby.

H. ייני sir-pan, s. m. Madness.

m. سرين surapnā, (dakh. surupnā) v. n.
To sip, lick, suck.

H. ボッカ saṛak, (共行) s. f. l. A road. 2. adj. (dakh.) Drunk, haughty: see ル A deep sleep.

gulps, to sniffie. ¶ saṛaknā, v. (dakh.)
To draw a sword in a moment from the sheath.

H. ستركى sark-ī, s. f. (dakh.) Intoxication.

H. ستركى surkī, s. f. The sudden slackening of the string of a paper kite.

H. ستّم saram, s. (dakh.) Tow from the Crotalaria junces.

H. איני saran, s. f. Rottenness; (in surgery) a gangrone.

H. ستن siran, adj. f. Mad (woman).

H. Unu sarnā, v. a. 1. To rot, decay

2. To ferment. 3. To gangrene; corrupt.

B. سريل eariyal, adj. Rotten, stinking.

P. انس sazā, s. f. l. Correction, punishment, retribution. 2 Requital; penalty. سزادينا To chastise, avenge.

P. wijm sazāb, s. Watercresses.

sasā-wār, adj. Worthy, deserving, excellent, able, applicable, proper, liable; suitable. سزاوار هونا To deserve, to merit.

a rent-collector, land-steward, bailiff.
A superintendent; supervisor.

T. P. سزاولی sazāwal-ī, s. f. The business of a sazāwal.

H. سس sis, s. m. (शिष्य) A disciple (ਫ੍ਰਿਪੁ)

P. — sust, adj. 1. Loose, slack, heavy, drowsy, sleepy, lazy, negligent, inactive, languid, feeble, indolent, remiss. 2. Dejected; downcast. 3. Tardy. 4. Languid; weak; feeble. 5. Dull (market); depressed. — adj. Unsteady to one's engagement, fickle.

H. تسس sastā, adj. (समर्घ) Cheap.

ब्र. سستانا sastānā or sustānā, (स्य or सुस्य) v.n. To rest, lie down, (نم لينا) stop.

H. sustar, s. (dakh.) A string for making images dance.

P. sust-ī, s. f. Relaxation, &c.

इ. Jum susar or sasur, (श्रश्रार) s. m. Father-in-law. (Either husband's or wife's father).

- sisir, (शिशिर) s. f. 1. The sixth of the seasons, comprising Māgh and Phāgun, cold season. 2. Dew.
- g. hum susrā, s. m. (知刊) 1. Father-in-law. 2. An abuse; a pest; devil. See hum
- 2, سسرال susrāl, (श्वरा्रालय) s. f. Father-in-law's house or family. s. f. Mother-in-law. (An abuse).
- late, hiss (as, a snake). 2. To urge a dog to the chase.
- n. Likum sisaknā, v. n. 1. To sob, suspirate; cry; blubber. 2. To be in one's last gasp. 3. Throb with fear. 4. To grudge. ¶ sasaknā (dakh.) To falter from fear or apprehension.
- H. سسكى siskī, s. f. l. Sobbing; suspiration of deep sighs. 2. E. A hole in a pot. سسكيال بهرنا To sob.
- H. سيرگرم عده susum, (P. سيرگرم) Adj.

  Lukewarm (water).
- su-swād, (सुवाद) adj. Well-tasted, delicious.
- P. wdj. Thick, gross, dense.
- he spread it. Heb.
  To expand) s. f. (되지장) 1. An expanse, a platform, terrace, flat roof.
  2. Surface, superficies.
- مطر .a. سطر satar or satr, s. f. 1. A line of writing, a line drawn on which to write straight, row, rank, series, lineament. 2. Delineating, describing. سطر s. f. Ruling, lines for writing on. (Arab. plur. سطر)
- sāṭal, s. f. (dakh.) A jug, large can with one handle, a vessel with one handle, used in baths, to pour water on the bathers, a broad

- shallow bason or pan of brass or copper having two handles. A brass kettle. A large bucket.
- salwat, s. f. Power, dominion, majesty, authority, awfulness, force, violence.
- a. سعالت sa'ādat, (معس was prosperous.) s. f. Felicity, auspiciousness, happiness, beatitude, good fortune. مند عالت مندى adj. Fortunate, prosperity.
- A. Jam sa<sup>\*</sup>tor, s. f. 1. Origanum. 2. A woman that loves a woman. 3. Instrumentum in modum virgæ virilis, confectum ex serico vel simili materià, quo, ad medium corporis sibi alligato meretrices utuntur.
- A. Jam sa<sup>2</sup>d, s. m. Felicity, happiness, prosperity, propitiousness. A fortune aspect of the stars.
- معدین sa<sup>2</sup>d-ain, s. dual, Two fortunate planets, Jupiter and Venus.
- A. معن هم<sup>2</sup>i, (Heb. To run) s. f. 1.
  Endeavour, exertion; effort, enterprise, essay, purpose, intention, design.
  2. Diligence, care, labour.
  To attempt, strive.
- A. سعيل sa'id, (معل) adj. Fortunate, happy, august, auspicious.
- a. سعلير sa'ir, s. 1. A certain hell, or quarter of hell, a flaming fire. 2. An Arabian idol.
- a. wifarat, s. f. Mediating, embassy. legation, mission, pacifying: (Heb. a book) composition, writing (of a book). Ambassadorship.
- P. سپارش sifarish, (for سپارش from mendation, نسپردن) s. f. Recommendation, intercession, influence, interest.

  To recommend.
- a. المفك saffāk, (adj. superl. of المفك s. m. A shedder of blood; cruel, blood-thirsty, butcherly (man). [blood.
- A. P. will soffak-i, s. f. Shedding of

- A. Jiam safāl, (from Jiam Heb. and Chald. To be low or depressed) s. m. 1. Meanness of rank. depression. 2. Descent, fall.
- P. سفال sifāl, s. m. 1. Earthenware.
  2. (in Hindī) Glazed earthenware.
  3. Potsherd. ((ware).
- P. سفالی sifāl-ī, adj. Earthen, earthen
- pidity, buffoonery, insolence. Insipidity.
- P. wie saft, adj. 1. Firm. 2. Thick, close (a cloth).
- A. سفت saft, s. f. Drinking a great deal without quenching thirst. ¶ sift (P. نفت) Pitch) Soft pitch.
- P. تفتی sufta, part. pass. (سفتی)
  Bored, pierced (a pearl).
- A. مفر safar, s. m. Journey, voyage, travelling, campaign. السفر كرنا 1. To travel. 2. (met.) To go, depart, retire, die. السفر وسيلة الظفر Travel produces advantage.
- ه مفرجل ه safarjal, s. A quince.
- safar mainā, s. f. Cor. of Sappers and Miners.
- napkin. 2. The anus. سفرة جين A remover or spreader of the table-cloth.
- A. سفک safk, (Heb.) s. Shedding, pouring out (of blood, &c.). Effusion.
- منفل suft or sift, s. m. 1. Meanness (of origin). Refuse. 2. adj. Ignoble, inferior.
- منفل sifta or safila, adj. was (سفل low). 1. Ignoble, contemptible, mean. 2. Stingy, miserly. 3. Envious.
- A. سفلی suft-ī, adj. Lower, inferior, infernal.
- الهنكى بكنى عنى safūf, (A. يهنكى بكنى)

  To take a medicine in a state

- of powder and dry) s. m. A medicine taken dry and unmixed, a powder (in opposition to an electuary).
- P. منیف sifid sufaid or sufed or safed, adj. (धेत) 1. White. 2. Blank.
- P. Suim sufaid-a, s. m. 1. The dawn, whiteness, white lead, ceruse. 2. The whites; fluor albus.
- whitewash 2. The white of an egg. 3. Morning light. 4. Leprosy.
- An envoy, سفير ها safir, s. m. (سفر) An envoy, mediator, arbiter, an ambassador (ايلچي)
- ه فصيل safil, s. for فصيل
- A. Line safina, (Heb. from when Heb To cover, &c.) s. m. 1. A ship, a vessel, boat. 2. A blank book, a commonplace or note book, a book of a long shape. 3. (in India applied by the natives to the English word) Subpæna. 4. Summons of a law court.
- A. Liam safih, (Liam) adj. Foolish, ignorant. Impertinent, licentious, extravagant.
- A. نقس saqqā, (سقی Heb. To water, give to drink) s. m. l. A water vendor or carrier. 2. A cupbearer.
- A. سقر saqar, (سقر The sun's heat burning the face) s. m. Hell.
- A. bam saqat, (Heb. To rest) s. m. l. An error, blunder, defect. 2. Any thing of a base or useless nature, merchandise of a perishable quality, either spoilt, or spoiling. Abortive. Lame, mutilated. Lame, and lame a saqt, 1. Fire. 2. Sparks struck from a steel.
- a. P. مقطى نامه saqtī-nāma, s. m. A casualty list of horses which have died in the cavalry.
- a. سقف saqf, s. f. l. Roof, ceiling, canopy. 2. The sky. 3. A platform.
- منقف saqf-ī, s. f. A beam, a rafter.
- P. سقلاط saqillat or saqilat or

saqilat (or, dakh. saqlat), s. Scarlet cloth.

- ۸. مقس suqum, s. m. Flaw (اوگی)
- σ. سقمونيا saqmāniyā, s.m. Scammony. (Hippoc. and Diosc. σκαμμωνια Dried juice exuding from the root of Convolvulus scammonea).
- ه سقنقور ه saqanqūr, s.m. ▲ skink (ریگ ماهی) (Lacerta scincus).
- 1. A water-carrier (بہشتی) 2. The pelican so called from a tradition that, during a severe drought at Mecca, numbers of these sagacious birds brought water in their pouches for the relief of the inhabitants of the sacred
- A. سقم saqīm, (from سقم) adj. Sick, infirm.

oity.

- a. Sakkāk, (Sum To cover or strengthen with plates of iron, from Heb. To cover) s.m. A cutler, one who makes knives. [ness of a cutler.
- A. P. www sakkāk-i, s. f. The busi-
- s. 以 su-kāl, s. m. (日南で) 1. Goodness of seasons, time of plenty, abundance. 2. An auspicious time. 3. Morning; dawn. 此 In the morning, at dawn.
- A. سكن sukkān, (سكن Heb. To rest, to stop, to inhabit) s. m. 1. A rudder, helm. 2. (Plur. of ساكن) inhabitants.
- G. سکبینی sikbīnaj, (Arab. but Pers. سکبینی) s. m. Saga-penum, a kind of gum resin, (Greek σαγαπηνον Hippoc. and Dioseor.).
- sakat or sakti, (राक्ति) s. f.

  1. Power (بل) strength, ability. 2.

  sakti, The energy or active power of a deity, personified as his wife, as Gauri of Siva, Lakehmi of Vishau. 3. The female organ as the counterpart of the phallick personification of Siva, and

- worshipped either literally or figuratively by a sect of Hindas, thence termed saktas.
- became still.)

  s. m. l. A trance, an apoplexy, stupefaction, a swoon, a pause, vacancy,
  hiatus. 2. Rough or bad verse.
- e. الله sukṭā, (المولهنا or शुष्क) adj.

  Lean, thin, dry, emaciated. ¶ sikṭā

  (शकरा) s. m. Potsherd, shard.
- et Venus. 2. Friday. 3. Sperma genitale.
- drink to intoxication) s. m. 1. An intoxicating drink; wine. 2. Intoxication. Saker, shutting (the eyes, a door, etc.). Damming up (a river, etc.). Sikr, A mound or dyke for confining water. ¶ sukkar, s. m. Sugar.
- हुं sakrā, (संकीर्ण) adj. Small (not having room enough), narrow, strait.
- H. سکر sakrā, s. m. Unfried food, held by Hindus not proper to be eaten outside the رسوى
- a. عمرات عود sakarāt (or, sakrāt) s. f.

  Agony, fainting. مسكرات موت

  s. f. Senselessness, point of death, pangs or agony of death.
- a. سکرانت sakrānt, (共和行) s. f.
  The entering of the sun into a new sign. [Friday.
- ह. سکروار sukr-wär, (शुक्रवार) s. m.°
- sukarnā, (संकोचन) v. n. l.
  To be shrunk or contracted, to shrink.
  2. To draw in, to collect, gather up shrivel, dwindle.
- s. ১৯৯৯ sakal, (सकल from स with, কালা part.) adj. All, the whole-every. Each and all
- s. اللي sakun, (হাজুন) (a bird) s. m. An omen.

- ع. سكنا saknā, (शक्त r. शक Be able) v. n. To be able, can.
- P. سنجنيس sikanjabin, (Arab. of سنجيبين Honey) s. f. l. Oxymel. 2. Lime-juice, vinegar or other acid mixed with sugar or honey.
- اسكندر sikandar, n. prop. See سكندر
- ing to Alexander; s. f. The dominion or power of Alexander. ¶ (dakh.)

  A stumble, trip. اسكندرى كهانا To trip or stumble (a horse).
- e. سکنی sakun-i, s. m. 1. One acquainted with omens. 2. (for शक्ति)
  A bird. [Inhabitants.
- A. منكس sakana, s. plur. (of سكنه)
- sukāt, (سکت was silent)
  s. f. Silence, taciturnity, quietness,
  peace.
- P. سکوری sakorī (or dakh. sikorī) s. f. A saucer, a small earthen cup.
- sakornā, (संकोचन) v. n. To shrink, to draw up (the limbs), to gather up, to shrivel, to tighten, contract. v. a. To contract, draw up.
- A. سکوں sukān, s. m. (سکی) A mute.

  Quietude, peace, rest. Contentment.

  Firmness, constancy. The quiescent state of a consonant, or the not being followed by a vowel in the same syllable.
- a. سكن sukānat, (سكن) s. f. 1.

  Residence, habitation. 2. Tranquillity.

  Freedom from hurry or disturbance.

  Tranquillity of deportment.
- cularly with a plate of iron. Heb. To cover. Talmud. To number or sum up money. A hiding place, a cottage, a nail or button, a coining die) s. m. 1. A coining die. 2. An impression on m o n e y. 3. Sterling, current coin. 4. Stampt coin. 5. Type, printing letter. 6. A stamp; seal, signet, royal signet.

- 8. سکه sukh, (ңख) s.m. (Opp. of كه) Ease, tranquillity, easy circumstances, content, happiness. (آرام)

  (ңखास) Abode of happiness. سکه بانا To get ease, &c.
- s. wakhā, (सवा) s. m. A friend, a companion. ¶ sikhā (शिवा) s. f.

  1. A lock of hair on the crown of the head; a crest. 2. Flame.
- ع. الله sikhānā, (causal of الميكهان)

  v. a. (शिक्ष) 1. To teach (الهران);

  (met.) to admonish, to chastise, to instruct. 2. To advise; admonish.
- e. Ukw sukhānā, (शोषण or शुष्क or caus. of well well up, absorbed.) v.a. 1. To dry; to emaciate, to cause to pine away. 2. To evaporate.
- ع. همهائی sikhā'ī, s. f. ) (from ناهائی)

  Teaching,
  instruction.
- 8. سکهپال sukhpāl, (सुखपाल) a. m. A kind of pālkī.
- உ سلهس sukhit, (सुखी) adj. Tranquil.
- 2. Light sukh-talā, s. m. A piece of leather placed on the sole within the shoe.
- sukhdās, (comp. of 턴데 snd दास) (or چاول s, m. A kind of rice.
- B. سکهدرسی sukh-darsan, (सुखदर्शन

or सुद्दान) s. m. A shrub, the juice of which is given for the ear-ache. (Arinum asiaticum and zeylanicum).

- sikhar, (शिक्य) s. m. Three or more strings tied together, forming a support to hang any thing on; the cords of a bahangi, in which the baskets rest.
- ع. الكلاس sikhlānā, v. a. See الكلاس
- sukh-ī, (सुवी) adj. At ease, happy (४८) tranquil, contented, comfortable.
- s. sakhī, (共间) s. f. l. A woman's female friend, companion or confidant. 2. A kind of faqīr, who dresses like a woman. 3. An effeminate person. ¶ 단던 sakhya, s. m. Friendship. ¶ 和 sikhī, l. adj. Crested. 2. s. m. A peacock. 3. Fire.
- على عدل sukhiyā, adj. See سكهيا
- н. سکیت suker, s. f. (संकोचन) Contraction.
- H. בייני sukernā, v. a. 1. To shrink;
  shrivel, collapse. 2. To draw up (the limbs). 3. To compress; contract;
  narrow; draw in; purse up; pinch;
  squeeze.
- TEL. سکیکائی sikekā'ī, s. f. (dakh.) Mimosa abstergens.
- P. عنان sag, s. m. A dog. (Plur. سنگ ).
- s. Lu sagā or saggā, (包针U own) 1. adj. Related (of the same parents), full, own; whole blood; as, whole blood as, own brother. 2. A blood relative, akin. 3. s. m. Kin. 4. (dakh.) Friend, intimate, cousin.
- P. سكال sigāl, s. 1. Thought, suspicion.
  2. Word. 3. Enmity.
- s. هگاوت sagā-wat, ) s. f. 1. Relationship by the same parents, consanguinity, relationship.

tionship, kin. (dakh.) Friendship. 2. Betrothing for marriage. 3. Second marriage of a woman of low tribe.

- على الله sagat, 1. (संगत) adj. (dakh.)
  Alike, indiscriminate: see
- عكرا على sagrā or sigrā, (समप्र) adj. All, every, the whole.
- عبكل sagal, adj. (dakh.) All: see
- e. سکی sagun or sugan (হাকুন) s. m. شگون or سکی or سکی or شگون
- इ. Jilm sugand, (स्गन्ध) 1. s. f.
- s. مالنده su-gandh, Good smell, odour, perfume. 2. adj.

  Fragrant, sweet-smelling. سالندرائے

  Name of a flower.
- s. عالله su-gandh-i, (स्गन्धि) s. f. Fragrance. adj. Fragrant.
- s. سگوتر sa-gotr, (सगोत) s. m. The like family, a distant kinsman.
- swiful, accomplished, beautiful, virtuous. 2. Clever; expert.
- اسگهر sughrā'i, ) (from هگورائی ع
- accomplishment, beauty.
- a. سل sall, s. Drawing (a sword) from its scabbord.
- A. الله sill, (from الله Heb. To extract, take away, plunder: in the passive, To have a consumption) s. m. A consumption, decline, hectic fever, pulmonary consumption.

  A galloping consumption.
- s. Jun sil, (IRINI) s. f. 1. A stone, a rock. 2. A flat stone on which condiments, &c. are ground with a muller, for an Indian curry, &c. 3. A flat stone for a pavement. ¶ sillā, adj. (dakh.) Cool: sce Lun

- علاجت silājit, (शिलाजित् or शिलाजत्) (or سلاجيت) Storax, stone lac; mineral coal; bitumen, red chalk. Gum (resin) A beautiful crystallized foliated gypsum).
- A. سلم silāḥ, (سلم Heb. To send forth, to stretch out, to extend the arm for the purpose of attack) s. f. 1. Arms, implements of war, armour. 2. (In law) Any sharp-edged weapon capable of mutilating or causing death. سلام خانه An armoury, arsenal. سلے دار An armour-bearer. حالر An armourer. [A skinner.
- ملخ sallākh, (سلخ To skin) s. m.
- s. سلارس silāras, (शिलारस) க. m. See سلحت (in Sanskrit, however,) Benjamin or Olibanum.
- ملس salāsat, (سلس was loose) s. f. Perspicuity, clearness, plainness, facility of diction, an easy, flowing manner of speech, ductility, easiness, simplicity; urbanity, gentleness.
- اسلس salāsil, s. f. (plur. of ملسله) Chains.
- A. مالطيري salāṭin, s. l. Emperors; kings; princes. 2. The younger branches of a royal family; minor سلطان princes, plur. of
- P. ভ আ salāk, s. f. (হালানা) (dakh.) 1. An ingot (of gold or silver). 2. An iron bar. 3. Streak; line.
- الله عدد عدد الله عد Salutation; compliments. 2. Peace, safety. 3. Adieu, farewell, goodbye. ا سلام کرنا 1. To salute, to hail, accost. 2. To give up, desist, refrain, bid adieu. Peace or safety to thee: سلام عليكم (Heb. Peace, &c. to you (forms of salutation). سلام لينا To return the salutation.

- A. سلم salāmat, (سلم) s. f. Safety, salvation, recovery, tranquillity, peace health; adjectively, Safe, well, in safety. سلامت رو An economist, a good manager or administrator s.f. l. Economy, good management. 2. Good behaviour.
- ه. P. سلامت salāmat-ī, s. f. 1. Health, safety; in health or safety. 2. Protection; peace ( ) 3. A coarse kind of cloth.
- A. P. salām-ī, s. f. 1. Salute. 2. A present given to a landlord for granting a lease, &c. or, on particular occasions, to a person making a salute. 3. Presentation of arms; reception; welcome. 4. A salute of guns; salvo of artillery. 5. A present to a superior, or to a bride groom. 6. A slope (دَهلی) 7. A pavement across the bed of a watercourse; an Irish bridge.
- g. lilm silānā, (causal of lim) v. a. To cause to sew or stitch.
- इ. Ullu sulānā, (शायन or causal of سوتا) v. a. 1. To cause or put to sleep, to rock or sing a child to sleep; to quiet; allay; calm; lull; still; hush, to repose. Il, white Putting to sleep, soporific. 2. To kill, murder. To kill, to murder. 3. To lay; repress; smother; quell; subdue.
- ع. ملائى عاد silā'ī, (سينا) s. f. 1. The price of sewing. 2. Seam, sewing.
- बु. سلائي salā'ī, (शलाका) в. f. l. A needle, bodkin, probe, or piece of wire for tinging the eyelids with a collyrium: also, used for depriving people of sight, which is effected by drawing it while hot close over the eyes of the sufferer. A lead pencil. 3. A catheter. 4. Matches. 5. A line; stripe. v.a. To blind; to de-سلائي بهيرنا adj. Striped سلائی دار adj. Striped or twilled (cloth).
- A. salb, s. m. 1. A negative argument in logic; wanting. 2.

Plunder, spoiling, seizing by force. Rejection, denial. سلب كلى General negation. Special negation.

इ. बाँग प्रेम sil-batta or प्रेम प्रिला A stone, and पृष्ट A stone for grinding on with a muller, &c.). s. m. Two stones with which spices, paint, &c. are ground.

عن پت این sil-pat, adj. 1. Smooth (چورس)، even, level. 2. Blind. s. f. (Eng.) Slippers.

الیکی silapchī, s. f. See چلمچی

- H. Lighanā, v. a. (शोधन) 1. To unravel, to disentangle. 2. To settle a case. [ravelled.
- H. light sulajhnā, v. n. To be un-
- su-lachchhan or su-lakshan,
  (स्ट्या) s. m. An auspicious sign
  or omen or well-betokening mark, sign
  or character; beauty: adj. Clearly or
  strongly distinguished by (marks,
  features, or) character (Carey); of
  auspicious marks and signs. Good
  conduct.
- ملک silaḥ, s. Arms: see سلے پوشی s. f. The wearing of
- arsenal, armoury. s. m. An
  - عرب salaḥ-shor or silaḥ-shor,
    (کیا Armour, and شور Exercise,
    habitude) adj. A champion, gladiator, horse-breaker.
- He skinned, took off) v. a. Skinning (an animal), peeling (bark). s. f. The end of the month, or day of new moon: the last day of such a month as has thirty days.
- مالسنيل salsabil, я 1. Name of a fountain in paradise.
   Running, limpid, sweet water.

- H. المالية salsalānā, v. n. 1. To creep (as, a snake), to feel a creeping sensation (from an ant, etc.). &c. See المرانة 2. (dakh.) To rankle: see كهتكنا to have the eye wounded or irritated with earth or sand. 3. To tickle; titillate. 4. To itch.
- ملسل بول عنه silsil-i-baul, (Arab alsalu-l-baul) s. m. A diabetes, a morbid copiousness of urine.
- A. كاساله silsila, s. m. 1. A chain, series, concatenation; succession, line, descent, family, pedigree, genealogy: a catalogue. 2. Arrangement (ترتيب) 3. Way; mode. ماسله مو المالة مويان) 4. Way; mode. اسلسله مويان) 5. Way; mode.
- n. white sultan, (but Heb. To have power, to rule) s.m. Prince, sovereign, emperor, sultan. Absolute power, despotic authority.
- a. P. whitan-i, 1. adj. Regal, royal, princely, belonging to a sovereign. 2. s. f. A kind of broad cloth. 3. Sovereignty, dominion.
- a. سلطنت saltanat, s. f. 1. Empire, dominion, kingdom. 2. Government rule (حکومت)
- A. Libu salaf, (Libu Passed away.

  To level the ground, to go before) l. adj. Past, preceding, former (times).

  2. s. m. Ancestors. 3. Money advanced for merchandise, &c. 4. Purse, bag. 5. The past or old times, former times.
- H. Little balls of tobacco smoked in a huqqa without the intervention of a tile.
- H. چامچى سلفچى سلفچى سلفچى
- a. wilk, s. m. A thread, string; inserting; threading; order, series, train, a road.
- H. سلکنا salaknā, v. (dakh. جستی To fall or از جلدی بیرون افتادن come out hastily, to leap or apring.

- s. الله sulakkhan, (सुलक्षण) (الله sulakkhan, (सुलक्षण) (الله in dakh.) adj. 1. Clever: see جتر chatur. 2. Fortunate, auspicious. 3. Of good marks or features; beautiful.
- g. 以如 sulgānā or silgānā, (causal of ulu v.a. (中西州) 1. To light, to inflame, to kindle. 2. To ignite; strike a light; stir a fire. 3. To incite; rouse; stir up; irritate.
- g. w. n. 1. To light, to be kindled. 2. To burn without smoke or flame.
- a. الكهانا silghānā, v. a. (dakh.) See
- adj. ملکت salg-i, (see سلکی) adj. (dakh.) Familiar, friendly, tame, gentle, obedient: see
- entire or sound) 1. s. m. Peace, safety. 2. Saluting, submitting, cultivating peace, friendship. 3. adj. Free from fault or flaw. ¶ sullam, s. m. A stair. الله تعالى sallamahu-l-lāhu ta'ālā, May the Almighty protect him.
- g. الله salnā, (शल or शल्य) v. n. To pierce, prick, perforate, enter.
- sallā, s. m. l. A thong, narrow slips of leather with which shoes are stitched. 2. Fine leather inserted in the seams of shoes, saddles, etc.
- silwānā, (caus. of الليان) v. a. (सिन to sew) To cause to sew or stitch. سلوائی s. f. The price of sewing. ¶ sulwānā, (caus. of الليونا) v. a. To cause to put to sleep.
- ਬ. سلوترى salotri silotri, s. m. (शालि होतो A horse-doctor, farrier.
- sulūk, (سلکت string) s. m.
  1. Road, way. 2. Manner, mode, conduct. 3. Intercourse, usage, treat-

- ment, civility, behaviour towards one; peace, kindness, attention. Proceeding; an institution. Library To treat, proceed with, treat with kindness, be friend.
- slok, (अकि) s. m. A verse, stanza.
- s. سلول salol, (सलोल) adj. Wanton, sportive.
- sa.lon, (सल्वण with salt) 1. adj. Salted (food). 2. Name of a district.
- sa-lon-ā or salaunā, adj. 1.
  Salted, salt, saline seasoned; tasteful.
  2. Beautiful, expressive (countenance).
  3. Nut-brown (Jilu).
- a-lon-i, adj. 1. Seasoned, tasteful. 2. Beautiful (when applied to a mistress).
- H. سلويل salwā, s. Honey, quails.
- ছ. سلی silī, (হািলা) s. f. l. A whetstone, hone. (پتهری) 2. A stone, block of stone. 3. A small kiln.
- H. whistling teal, from its sharp cry.
- ملس salis, (prop. سلس from was loose) adj. Easy, not abstruse, simple, plain سال آسال
- s. with slesh, s. m. A pun, a double meaning, an equivoque in writing or speaking; as,

کیکر پاکر تار جامی پهل سا آملا سیو کدم کچنار پیپل رتی تو نتم

- (This seems to be a catalogue of trees; it also means) God has been kind to you; that which you desired is obtained; adore his footsteps; silly woman! leave not your lover for a moment.
- a. مليقة saliqa, s. m. Nature, genius, taste, good disposition, method, knack

knowledge, dexterity, address. مليقه adj. Of good disposition.

- A. سليم salim, (سليم was sound) adj.

  1. Pacific, mild, meek. 2. Perfect,
  healthy (حنكا)، الطبع الطبع adj.

  Affable, sound mind, gentle, pacific;
  a real genius, a genuine poet.
- A. سليمان sulaimān, (Heb.) n. prop. Solomon the son of David.
- مانى sulaimān-ē, l. adj. Of or belonging to Solomon. 2. s. m. An onyx, a kind of precious agate. 3. s. f. The state of Solomon.
- ه. ماليمي salim-i, s. A kind of cloth.
- A. samm, s. m. Poison, venom.
- P. هس sum, s. m. (H. کهر) A hoof (of a horse, etc.).
- similar, all, entire. 2. (HP or H)
  an inseparable prep. signifying, Together, altogether, with, together with (in comp. Eng. con-,col-,com-,cor-): it is the reverse of P, and generally implies conjunction, fulness, perfection, &c. 8. TH sam, s. m. Absence of passion, quiet of mind, stoicism.
- g. Law samā, (田田山) s. m. 1. Time, season. 2. Plenty, good harvest, or season, abundance. 3. State, condition. 4. Concord, harmony, unison. 5. Opportunity (اوسر) 6. A scene; landscape; view. العما بندها بندها بداها بندها بداها بندها بداها بندها بداها بالدها بداها بالدها بداها بالدها بداها بالدها بداها بالدها بداها بد
- heavens, the sky, the firmament. 2. A canopy. 3. Altitude.
- A. sign, mark made on anything to distinguish it. A characteristic. ¶ simāt, plur. (of Law) Signs, marks.

- s. ट्रांक्स samāj, (समाज) s. m. 1.
  Apparatus. 2. Society (اسبه)
- adjectively) Deformed, filthy, base.
  2. Adulteration. 3. Adulation, entreaty, solicitation.
- samāchār, (समाचार) s. m.

  News, tidings (خبر), advice of a bill,
  account of circumstances or health, &c.
- samāḥat, s. f. Beneficence, liberality.
- E John samādh, (田田田) s. f. 1.

  Tomb of a Jogī, particularly where Hindūs, from religious motives, submit to be buried alive. 2. An exercise of austerity among Jogīs, whereby they are supposed to acquire the power of suspending during their pleasure the connexion between their soul and body.
- s. Land samādhān, (田田司) s.m.

  1. Consolation, the act of satisfying.

  2. Religious meditation. 3. Absorption in Brahm.
- P. نسماروغ samārūgh, s. m. A white mushroom resembling an egg.
- s. m. Victuals set, or spread out on a table. ¶ (dakh.) samat, 1. A table-cloth. 2. The bloody sheet or bed of justice, usually made of fine leather, on which the blood of offenders or malefactors was formerly shed in the presence of the sovereign.
- or heard) s. m. 1. Hearing, listening.

  The sense of hearing. 3. Singing, a song. 4. Ecstacy occasioned by hearing singing, particularly in Dervises when hearing hymns.
- a. سمع samā'at, (سمع) s. f.

  1. Hearing. 2. Hearing or trial (of a suit); cognizance.
- has been heard, traditional. 2. (in grammar) Irregular.
- A. sumāq (prop. summāq) s. m.

- 1. Samach (Rhus coriaria). 2. Porphyry, the hardest species of marble.
- الكهار على Poison, عمم الكهار على samu-l-khār,
  - and id A mouse) s. m. white oxyde of Arsenic, ratsbane.
- ड़. المالو samālū, (सिंघ) s. m. of a plant: also, called Me'ori. (Vitex trifolia and negundo). [see g. Law
- عمال على samān, s. m. Time, state:
- 8. رمانند samān, (समान) (P. مانند) adj. Equal, adequate, similar, alike, like (ایسا) akin. s. f. Equality, level, تو میری سمان کا نہیں ,rank; as, Thou art not my equal.
- इ. Ulaw samānā, (समान) To be contained in, to fit, to go into, to fill, or occupy space. see ULI
- 1. Jlam samā'o, (from lilam) s.m. Room, space.
- اسما عند samāwī, (A. أسما) (lit. the above) adj. (مس uplifted) Heavenly, celestial. Sky-coloured, cerulean, azure.
- ع. سمائع samā'ī, s. f. 1. (for र्जाम्य) Endurance, patience. 2. (Ulum) Capability, room, space, capacity. 8. The act of containing or holding anything. [800 g. LAW
- عمایا .samāyā, s. m. (dakh.) State:
- H. Lisu sumbā, s. m. l. A sponge staff, a ramrod. 2. A peg; a punch.
- इ. سمنت sambat, (संवत्) s. m. A year; an ora. اندهنا establish an era. (The sambat or samwat era or the era of Vikramāditya, reckons from about 561 before Christ).
- a. Jism sumbul, or , les Jism s. (dakh.) for سم الكهار Arsenic.

- ع. الله sambhālnā, (HFHRUI from सं prep. and r. म support) v. a. 1. To support, sustain, hold up, assist. 2. To shield, protect, stop, restrain, check, repress.
- e. Uleisu sambhalnā, (intrans. of سمبهالنا) v. n. To be supported, to stand, to be firm, to recover one's self from a fall, &c.
- B. سميت sampat (सम्पत्) or sampatti, (सम्पत्ति) s. f. Affluence, wealth, riches, prosperity.
- A. WAW Samt. (improp. simt) s. f. way, path, a part, side, quarter, towards. سمت الراس The point of the heavens directly over-head, hence improperly called Zenith. ¶ simat, A mark (especially, made by burning).
- H. simat, (linu) s. f. 1. Act of collecting, condensing, or constringing. 2. Tone, elasticity. اسمت جانا v. n. To shrivel, to shrink.
- म. سمتنا simaļnā, (समेत collected) v. n. 1. To be concentrated, be contracted or drawn together, to shrink (سکڙنا) • 2. To be rumpled, crumpled. 3. To be got right, or in order. سمتى s. f. Twilled cloth.
- 2. samajh, (सम Together, and জন্ম r. জন্ম Reason) s. f. Understanding, judgment; apprehension, view, opinion, conception, thought,
- ع samjhānā, (causal o v. a. To make comprehend, to explain, to account for, to convince, impress on the mind, describe, inform, satisfy, undeceive, warn, admonish, instruct, apologize. To beat.
- ع. P. مشابع samjhā'jeh, s. f. (dakh.) Giving to know or understand, communication.

- 2. (ighther samajh-nā, (see find) v.a.

  1. To understand, suppose, think, conceive, consider, deem, fancy, perceive, apprehend, know, come to an understanding (with). 2. To look to one (for payment, etc.). 3. To retaliate; to be even with.
- 2. (संबंधनी relation) Child's mother-in-law. The mothers of the bride and bridesgroom respectively who become sandhans to one another.
- 2. سمدهی samdhī, (संबंधी) s.m. Child's father-in-law. The fathers of the wedded pair who become samdhīs to one another.
- family of a child's father-in-law. The mutual relationship between two parties whose children are married to each other.
- versations (such as the Arabians hold sitting round their tents). 2. Night, darkness. 3. Time. 4. A vestibule. 5. An adventure befalling any one. ¶ sumur, 1. Narration. 2. A small lake.
- क samrut, (समर्थ) adj. (dakh.) Fit, proper, intelligent, cautious.
- ह. المرتب samarth, (सामध्य) s. m. 1.
  Strength, power. 2. (समर्थ) adj.
  Capable, power.
- عدرته samrūt, (dakh.) See سمرته
- sumran or sumaran, or sumiran, 1. (or smaran, for सिण from to remember.) s. m. f. Remembrance (continual theme), mentioning.
  - 2. (for सिर्णी) s. f. Counting one's beads. A small resary, or string of beads. 4. (in the dakhan) Bracelets made of coloured thread, or of flowers.

- A. sim, The grain sesame. [2. Hearing.
- A. مسمع sam<sup>2</sup>, (Heb.) s. m. 1. The ear,
- Heb. To prop, support, raise) s. m. 1. Height, depth, profundity. 2. samak, A fish on which the earth is supposed to rest; hence, S. A fish in general. 4. The sign Piscess of the zodiac.
- P. wasanan, s. m. 1. Jasmine. 2. Lily of the valley.
- P. Jian samand, s. m. 1. A horse of noble breed, a steed, courser. 2. Bay or chesnut (colour of a horse).
- इ. المناكر samundar or samandar, s. m. (समुद्र) Sea, ocean. [A salamander.
- P. Jisu samandar, s. m. (lit in fire)
- १. سمندر بهل samundar-phal, (समुद्र-फल) s. m. Name of a medicine. A

fruit used as a drug.

- samundar-phen, s. m. (lit. The froth of the ocean) s. m. The dorsal scale or bone of the cuttle fish.
- s. plur. (of law) Skies, the heavens.
- narten, a sable; mustela sibellina.

  Sable-skin; fur. 3. Of a tawny brown.
- s. m. l. A kind of small pastry of minced meat of a triangular form. 2. A shawl, or handkerchief, &c. doubled diagonally to throw over the shoulders.

  A species of the dish named مسموسة
- s. f. A very hot pestilential wind (which destroys travellers) blowing from a desert; the Bimoom.

- a. سمون sumān, (سمن Heb. To be fat) s. 1. Being fat. 2. plur. (of سمن)
  Butter.
- a. المونا samonā, (शमन) v. a. To cool warm water by mixing it with cool water. [s. m. A namesake.
- A. سمى samī, (سام Heb. A name)
- s. سیس samet, (समेत) With, along with, together with (ساته)
- H. (田司 collected) 1. An astringent, a medicine used by women (ad constringendam vulvam). 2. Contraction.
- v. a. 1. To collect together, amass.
  2. To constringe, contract, compress, brace, to cause to shrivel or shrink.
  3. To condense (in writing).
  4. To scrape together; rake up.
  5. To finish; accomplish.
- sacred mountain Meru, allegorically represented as composed of gold and gems, and the residence of the gods: (in astronomical works) the north pole. (A. imān) A large bead in a rosary.
- اله عس, (كاتا Void, empty) adj.

  Insensible, without sensation, anæsthetized, speechless; struck dumb, still as death, quiet, palsied; void, empty. سي كرنے والا Void, dreary, desolate and silent. الله كرنے والا Narcotic (in medicine). ¶ san (dakh.) s. A dangerous fainting fit, death-like or deadly swoon, to which lying-in women are subject, and from which they seldom recover.
- s. سن san, (হাতা) s.m. Name of a plant (Crotalaria juncea), a kind of flax or hemp (Cannabis sativa), tow.
- of life. 2. (Heb.) A tooth, 3. The

- nib of a pen. ¶san, A year سال Age.
- A. Lim sanā, s. m. Senna. (Cassia senna.) Also, Senna Italica.
- g. Lim sunnā, (প্রবা) v. a. l. Tohear, listen or attend to; regard; mind; observe; s. m. Hearing. 2. To hear abuse; to be abused. 3. To hear or entertain (a case). 4. (মৃত্যু) s. m. A cipher; nought. (Gram.) A mute.
- 1. The roaring of the waves, rumbling noise made by wind and rain at a distance, sound, bluster. 2. A howling wilderness; a dreary spot. 3. A sudden heavy shock. 4. Listlessness; langour. 5. A state of consternation, surprise, astonishment. 6. (Jaipūr) A very hot and peppery salad.
- عنار ع sunār, (खर्णकार) s. m. A goldsmith.
- عناری sunār-in,
  عناری sunār-in,
  عناری smith's wife.
- h will, sunār-ī, s. f. (النار) 1. The business of a goldsmith. 2. (सु Good, and नारी Woman) A good handsome woman.
- عنیاسی sannāsī, s. m. See سنیاسی
- منامكى .anā-makk-i, s. m. Senna of Meoca. [See
- s. سنان snān, (রান) s.m. Bathing.
- s. f. The point of a spear, arrow, needle, &c.; a spear.
- of Lim sunana, (MATO or Marson or causal of Lim) v. a. 1. To cause to hear, inform, advise, tell, bid, to warn. 2. To speak at one. 3. To cause one to hear; make public.
- 4. sunăvani, s. f. Intelligence

or news of the death of some one in a foreign country.

P. سنبل sumbul, s. m. l. Spikenard (to which the locks of a mistress are compared). سنبل خطائي Angelica

الله عندى s. m. The spikenard (Valeriana jatamansi). 2. The hyacinth. سنبلستان Hyacinth-garden or-bed.

- A. wim sumbul, s. m. A flower (especially of an odoriferous plant).
- A. Lim sumbula, (Heb.) s. m. (新刊)
  The sign Virgo of the zodiac. (Spica Virginis.)
- P. Lugiim sambosa, B. m. Boo kugam
- g. الله sambhālnā, v. a. संप from सं

(Eng. con—) and J support. 1. To set right, settle. 2. To uphold, espouse, maintain. 3. To manage (ایتمام کرنا) • 4. To take care, look to or after, assure oneself of. 5. To settle, punish. See

- 2 lilgim sambhalnā, v. n. See lilgiam
- ral. Baskets are made of the twigs, and the leaves are used as a cure for hydrocele. See
- which the body is seized with universal chilliness, Deliquium. (It is explained by the Hindû physicians to be that, in which the three humours, bile, phlegm, and atrabilis are corrupted).
- ع. کاینس sampolā,
  ع. کاینس sampoliyā,
  ع. عنیولیا sampoliyā,
  ه snake See
  الله and سپولیا and سپولیا
- عنييرا ع samperā, (सप) s. m. A snake.
- A. wim sunnat, s. f. (lit. a religious ceremony necessary to be performed:

from ..... To be constantly observing, instituted, to follow rule, or from Heb. To repeat, that which is constantly to be repeated, observed or performed).

- v. a. To circumcise. 2. The traditions of Muhammad or his sayings and doings, scarcely inferior in authority to the text of the Quran in the estimation of the Sunnis although not recognized by the Shiās. The prayers enjoined by Muhammad, ordinance, institute, rite, an institute or ceremony mentioned in the traditions of Muhammad and not of divine origin, right way (of life). ¶ sanat (Heb. the repetition of the same course of the sun, with its concomitant changes).

  s. f. A year.
- in compos. Weigher, examiner; as, or ترانه سني A measurer of sounds, i. e., a musician.
- P. بانجاس sanjāb, s. m. Ermine, the grey squirrel. ¶ (dakh.) Half-lining. See
- Border, hem (tacked to the outer part of a garment), edging, flounce.
- and युज join) s. m. 1. Accident, event, occurrence, (اثفاق)، chance, hap, luck. 2. Intimate union or association, conjunction. 3. (Ast.)

  Equinoctial points. استجوكي 1. s. m. An ascetic with a family. 2. A cage with two compartments for the male and female.
- P. سنجيدگى ه a n j i d a g i, a. f.
  (سنجيدن to weigh) Gravity, weight,
  solemnity, seriousness.
- P. المخيل sanjida, part, pass. (of كارت) Weighed; weighty, grave (بهاري) composed, proved, approved.

- على بديا عن المجيوني بديا sanjīvanī-bidyā, (संजीवनी विद्या) s.f. Science of vivifying or restoring to life.
- sanchār, (Hचार from सम्
  prep. and r. चर Go, move) s. m. 1.
  Entrance, penetration. 2. Beginning, commencement. 3. The entering of the planets into a new sign.
- s. 山坎京 sanchhep, (书籍中) ad j. Abridged, short.
- A. Lim sanad, s. f. 1. Signature, a deed, a grant, a diploma, charter, the seal of a magistrate, a warrant. 2. A prop.; any thing on which one leans, or is supported; a document or proof, voucher, argument, authority, an example, authentic, certificate. 3. Relation, connexion. 4. (dakh.) Manner, way, means. 5. Reliance, trust. Lim adj. Reliable.
- يسند عسائل sund, adj. (dakh.) Benumbed, numb, senseless, asleep, stupid, callous.

  see س عسه
- P. سندان sindān, s. f. An anvil.
- s. سندر sundar, (स्ंदर) adj. 1. Beautiful, handsome, comely (خربصورت)، seemly. 2. Good, effective, virtuous.
- الله sindur, (सिंदूर) s. m. Red lead, minium.
- Sandarak, or Sandaracha; a resin. supposed to be produced by the Juniperus communis, but now proved to exude from a species of Thuia (Thuia articulata).
- s. سندري sundar-ī, (Ḥदरी) 1. adj. f.

  Beautiful, handsome; a handsome
  woman, a belle. 2. s. f. (abstract from
  سندر)

  Beauty, comeliness.
- A. with sundus, A rich silk, satin, lustring, brocade.
- sanad-wār, adj. Having proof, supported by document or proof.

- sindar, (सिंदूर) s. m. Red lead, minium. [lane, by-lane
- H. سندوری sandūrī, s. (dakh.) Alley,
- H. اسندولا sandolā, s. (dakh.) The wild date (Phœnix sylvestris).
- s. m. sindh or sindhu, (刊句) s. m. l. Sea, ocean. 2. The river Indus, the country along the Indus, i. e. Sindh. 3. Name of a musical mode, or rāgiņī.
- A. P. سندى sanad-i, adj. Held by written deeds.
- s. سيئنس sandes, s. luيئنس sandesā, (संदेश) s. m.
  - A message, news, tidings (خبر) عبر) عبر) .
     Embassy (پیغام) 8. Present.
- s. سنديسى sandes-ī, (संदेशी) s. m. A messenger.
- a. الله sund, (शंडा) s. m. Trunk or proboscis (of an elephant). See سوند
- #. النّد sandā, (राँड) 1. adj. Strong, fat, sinewy, lusty, stout. 2. سندّيانا v. n. To grow stout or lusty. 3. s. m. Hardened excrement, Scybala.
- H. سنداس sandās, s. m. (सन्देश) A necessary, a water-closet (opening into the streets), sink, sewer, latrine.
- عندگا sundkā, s. (dakh.) Hump of a cow or bull, a twist or manœuvre in wrestling. [world.
- s. سنسار sansār, (संसार) s. m. The
- s. wim sansār·ī, (共刊刊) adj. Worldly. s. m. l. A worldly man. 2. A man of business.
- g. النسان sunsān, (शून्य) adj. Still, lonely, silent, dreary, dismal.
- s. النسائر sanskār, (संस्तार) s. m. 1.

  An essential and purificatory rite among the Hindās; purification, consecration. 2. Share (انس); lot.

- s. سنسكرت sanskrit, (संस्कृत) s. m.
  The sacred or sanskrit language.
- w. n. l. To jingle, ring, tingle. 2. faint. 3. To rustle or sound (wind).
- H. Estimin sansanāhat, s. f. 1. An imitative sound, ringing, jingling. 2. Fainting. 3. Simmering.
- عنكار الله sankār, (سنكارنا) (संकेत) s. f. A sign, nod, wink, beckoning.
- عنا الكسانا \* اشارة كرنا) عند عند الكسانا \* اشارة كرنا) عند عند الكسانا \* اشارة كرنا) عند عند عند الكسانا \* اشارة كرنا)
  عند عند الكسانا \* اشارة كرنا)
  عند عند عند الكسانا \* اشارة كرنا)
  عند عند عند الكسانا \* ا
- s. wiw sankar, (共和人) s. m. Mixing, blending, a man born of parents of different castes.
- sankarā, (शंकरा) s. f. Name of a rāgiņī, mode in music.
- عنكرانتي sankrāt, s.f. See سنكرانتي
- عنکراچاری ع sankarāchārī, s. m. A follower of Sankarāchārya.
- عنكرانتى sankrāntī, (संक्रान्ति) s. f.
  1. The sun's entering into a new sign.
  2. A Hindu festival.
- ছ. سنكل sankal, (হাবেল) s. f. Chain; link, a staple (of a lock); a fetter (بيرى).
- s. wilver chain worn on the ankles, gold chains which support the ears and appendages. [nose.
- H. Likim sinaknā, v. a. To blow the
- which the Hindus blow in worship, a shell. 2. A kind of ornament. 3 A large number, ten billions or a hundred billions. 3.  $(B\tau ij)$ . To be in the Gazette (UK).
- sankhinī, (शंखिनी) a. f. A

- description of woman: see under را بلامانی (The Sankhini, is described as tall, with long hair, neither stout nor thin, of irascible disposition and strong passions).

  [Arsenic.
- عنكهيا sankhiyā, (शृंगिक) s.m.
- P. ڪنس sang, s.m. 1. A stone (پٽهر)٠
  - 2. Weight. سنگبار Showering stones,
    a stony place. سنگبارای Shower of
  - stones, pelting with stones.
  - The white stone, i. e. Zinc.
  - ه. m. A stonecutter.
  - الله عنده s. m. (Cor. of Port. cintra.)

    1. A kind of orange. 2. (Met) A
  - woman's breasts. سنگتول Equal
  - in weight. جراحت 🛦
  - species of steatites. سنگ
    - الله عارا خارا s. m. The
    - gizzard. سنگدل Stony-hearted,
    - سنگدلی .hardhearted ; cruel, obdurate
  - B. f. Hardheartedness. بسنگ ریزه
  - s. m. Gravel, pebble. عنگ
  - سنگ . m. Agate, onyx. سليماني
  - adj. سنگ لاخ Porphyry سماق
  - سنگ مثانه. Stony, rocky; arduous.
  - s. m. The gravel, the stone.
  - سنگے s. m. Marble. مرمر
  - سنگ . The loadstone مقناطیس
  - A black close-grained stone موسى
  - so called. سنگت نشان A mark to be
  - thrown at, يشب or سنگ يشم
  - s. m. A kind of jasper or agate.
- s. سنگ sang, (संग or संक्रोत from
  - सम with, गम to go). 1 कतेप. Llong

with. 2. s. m. (s.'f. m.) Association, union (ساته) company, society. 3. Collectively; conjointly; in a body; in company with; hand in hand; side by side (ساته) 4. Caravan (قافلة)

- عنگا singā, (शृंग Horn) s.m. A trumpet.
- عنکار ع singār, (श्रृंगार) s.m. 1. Ornament, decoration, dress (آراستگی)
  - 2. The sentiment of love (H. رس).

    3. Sexual union; coition. سنگاردان

    A toilet-bad or dressing case.

    See B. سنگاررس
- عنگارنا singārnā, (शंगार) v. a. To dress, to decorate, to adjust.
- a. سنگارهار singār-hār, (श्वारहार) s. m.
  The weeping Nyctanthes. (Nyctanthes. (Nyctanthes. (Nyctanthes. (Nyctanthes.).
- P. سنگ پشت sang-pusht, s. m. A turtle, tortoise.
- s. f. 1. Coition. 2. Collection, congregation, company, society. 3. A place where the Sikhs celebrate their religious ceremonies. 4. (HIA) adj. Apposite, proper. 5. An association; a party; fraternity. 6. A place of worship; a monastry; a place where the Sikhs celebrate their religious rites. 7. An instrumental accompaniment. 8. (Doms). The company of their female pupils.
- B. اسنگترا sangtarā, s.m. See سنگترا under p. سنگت تره
- sang-khwāra, s. A kind of bird, a smallish bird of a dark colour, called in Arabic.
- a النگرا singrā, (शृंग) s. m. A powder-

- a. سنگری singrī, s. f. A small powder-horn for priming.
- P. سنگسار عمر sang-sār, s. m. Stoning to death. تنگسار کرنا To stone to death. [place or region.
- P. الكستان sang-istān, s. m. Btony
- s. سنگر sangam, (संगम) s. m. 1. Coition. 2. Meeting, conflux, union.
- e. سنگوتی singauti, (रांग) s. f. l. A polishing tool made of horn. 2. An ornament of metal on the horns of a bullock.
- 8. سنگه، singh, (सिंह) s.m. 1. A lion
  (سیر) 2. The sign Leo (A. شیر)
  3. A title used by Hindus of the princely or military caste, and by Rājpūts, and Sikh soldiers. 4. The vehicle of Dewi. 5. (in compos.) Preeminent. سنگهنول or
  - The grand entrance gate (to
- s. سنگات sanghāt, s. m. Companionship, society, assemblage.
- s. المجالات singhārā, (المجالات s.m. 1.)

  Trapa natans or bispinosa, or water chestnut or water caltrops. 2. A handkerchief folded diagonally. 3. A triangular piece of land. 4. (Brokers)

  Three rupees. [A throne (التخت)
- B. سنگهاس singhāsan, (सिंहासन) B.
- ع. الوناس sunghānā, (causal of اسونكهنا) v.a. To cause to smell.
- s. سنگی sangī, s. m. A companion, a comrade, an accomplice.
- sang.in, l. adj. Stony, of stone. 2. Heavy, weighty; strong, firm. 3. Solid, close-woven, thick. 4. s. f. A bayonet. 5. Grave; aggravated; serious; heinous.

- P. سنگینی sangin-i, s. f. 1. Aload.
  2. Solidity; firmness.
- g. Lim sunnā, (श्रवण) v. a. 1. To hear. 2. To hear abuse; to be abused. 3. To hear or entertain (a case). 4. To attend to; regard; mind; observe. 5. (शून्य) s. m. A dot, cipher.
- 1. Years. 2. Old coin current at a depreciated rate after a certain number of years.
- s. wier, or san-war, (शनि-वार) s.m. The seventh day, Saturday.
- e. سنورنا sanwārnā, (caus. of سنورنا)
  v.a. 1. To prepare, dress, decorate, amendment, adjust, adorn, arrange.
  2. To correct; amend; improve.
- sanwarnā, (संवरण or see under will) v. n. To be dressed, prepared, to suit, prosper: (in dakh. it seems occasionally used as) v. a. See will, it will be a powder.
- ه. سنون sanan, (سن) s. m. Tooth-
- A. نسن sana, (Heb.) s. A year. سند The year of accession to the throne. سن روان The current year. سن The Christian era. سن عيسوى The fasti or harvest year. نصلى The Mohamedan era. See
- 4. Juliu sunahrā, adj. Golden. See
- عنهرى عيد sunahrī, adj. Golden: هوه سنهري ي
- الناني المناني الم sunn-i, (اسناني) المناني الم على المناني الم المناني الم المناني الم المناني الم المناني الم المناني المنا

- mis; the Fersians are shi'as: 800
- এ sanī, s. m. (dakh.) 1. Saturn:
  2. (হাতা) hemp of finer quality than
  - san. see جينس
- s. m. sannyās, (सन्यास) s. m. Abandonment of all worldly affections; the fourth religious order: see under
- s. with sannyās-ī, (RFUH) s. m. A Brāhmaņ or Hindu of the fourth order, a religious mendicant. The last stage or state of a Brahmin who has renounced all worldly affections and possessions and lives by mendicancy. He is usually a worshipper of Shiva.
- sanichar, (হানিস্কা) s. m. l. Saturn. 2. Saturday (Black Monday). 3. Poverty. 4. A dirty, ill-looking fellow. 5. Dirt; dirty clothes. 6. A miser. 7. A glutton.
- P. سنيس sanīn, s. (dakh.) Bayonet, for
- # שע sau, (হান) (ף. صد adj. A hundred, cent.
- siva, (包含) s. m. Name of an Indian deity, Mahādeva. ¶ 包 swa, pron. Own: s. m. Wealth, property; soul, self-identity.
- - P. سو بسو sw, s. f. A side, part, quarter, towards. سو بسو Side by side; on every side.
  - H. we so, pron. (日:) (Cor. of , who.)

    He; she; it; that. we conj. Therefore; because of; hence; so.

- ৪. ابه sivā, (হাবা) s. f. A name of
  . the goddess پاروتی wife of Siva.
- a. ايس siwā, l. adj. More, better. 2. prep. or postpos. Besides, without, save (جز) except, but, over and above. عبوائے s. Cesses; additional items of income from an estate over and above the ordinary rents.
- sawād or swād, (सद) (Hin. swād, (सद) (Hin. swād, (सद) (منزة) s. m. Relish, flavour, taste (ذائقة) sweetness; pleasure, enjoyment. ¶ सद् swādu, adj. Sweet.
- blackening, soot, smoke. 2. Environs of a city, the villages, country houses, and territory belonging to any town or country. 3. Reading. 4. Ability.
- s. 의원국() adj. 1. used substantively, A rider. 2. Mounted or riding (on a ship, or any thing else), on horseback, a cavalier. Used to ride. 3. Cavalry, a trooper, a horseman. 4. (met.) Drunk, tipsy.

- P. سواری sawār-ī, s. f. l. Riding. 2. Equipage, cavalcade, suite. سوأرى s. f. A trick in wrestling.
- موكت sivāk, (سوكت To rub) s.m.
  Rubbing the teeth, a dentifrice.

- 8. سوالى sivālaya, ) A temple of Mahādeva.
- A. P. عوال عدامة على عدائقة على المعالمة على المعالمة على المعالمة على المعالمة على المعالمة على المعالمة على
- su'āl-ī, s. m. 1. A questioner. 2. The person who sings the margiya.
- S. wāmī, (वामी) s.m. l.

  Master, owner, lord, proprietor. 2.

  A husband. 3. The dandī faqīrs are so called. 4. A spiritual preceptor; head of a religious order. 5. The Divine Being. 6. Your worship or reverence (حضور)
- a. منوح sawāniḥ, s. plur. (of سنو from منس To be manifest). Accidents. occurrences, incidents, events. موانحة نكار or نگار ما A news-writer, intelligencer.
- # まるwāng or swāng, (for 田川川 or for 田 Own, and आ川 Body) s. m. Mimicry, acting, imitation, disguise, sham. じょうしゅ To imitate. [Actor, mimic-
- ع. هوانگی savoāng-i or sucang-i, s. m.
- ब. سوانه siwāna, (सीमा) s. m. Verge, limit, boundary of a field or village, laudmark.

ع. هواكى sawā'ī, (田पद) s. m. 1. A title of the Rājā of Jaipūr. 2. (اسوا) A quarter more. [without.

A. P. elom sivā'e, See A. lom Besides,

عوایا عawāyā, (سوا) adj. A quarter added. ((silver).

H. سوبر sābar, adj. Impure, alloyed

e سوبرن sūbaran, (स्वर्ण) 1. s. m. Pure gold. 2. adj. Golden.

s. اراستگی sobhā, (शोभा) s. f. Beauty,
splendour (آراستگی), show, ornament, dress, decoration.

s. سوبهاکییه saubhāgya, (सीभाग्य) s. m. Anspiciousness, good fortune.

good, and 커同 Nature, disposition)
s. m. Good disposition, good nature.
adj. Well-disposed. See also
well-disposed.

i e. 晉 Own, and 커크 Nature)
s. m. Nature, natural state, property
or disposition, genius. [come, to be fit.

عديها عن sobhnā, (शोभन) v. n. To be-

इ. سوپابینا sāpābenā,(सूर्प and विणिका) s. m. Name of a bird, a swallow. (Hirundo apus batassia). [see اسپارا

H. هي پاره sūpāra, s. m. Glans penis:

H. سوپیاری sūpiyārī, s. f. Betel-nut.

4. سوت sāl, s. m. 1. (共南) Throad,

yarn; a silver thread; a stamen (in botany), a tendril. سوت بونتى A kind of needlework. 2. A line; row. 3. An awn. 4. Straightness. 5. One sixteenth of a tasu. (सूत) A charioteer, a carpenter.

ब्राहि क्या का saut, (سوکی) (सपती from स with पती a wife). s. f. Rival (wife), a co-wife, contemporary, wife. (One wife is saut to another). First wife is called نیایت in contradistinction to a kept woman.

sot, s. m. f. (तितः) 1. A

sum sotā, s. m. spring, a

fountain (همشي)، a jet d'e a u, a

stream, a rivulet, an arm (of the sea).

The backwater of a river; channel.

2. ¶ sotā, part. pres. (of اسون) Asleep.

8. s. m. A sleep, sleeping.

ਸ. البوتلا sūtlā, s. m. (ਜ੍ਰੀ) The nail skin. [twine.

ع. سوتلى sāllī, (सूत्र) s. f. String,

इ. سوتى sautan, (सपती) s. f. See, (thread, threaden.

र. سوتى कûtī, (सूत्रीय) Made of cotton

ह. الله sautiyā-dāh or sautiy

e. سوتيلا هdj. Belonging or relating to saut, of one father
by different mothers; as, سوتيلا بهائي

Step-brother: سوتيلى بهن

Step-brother: هوتيلى بهن

ब. سرج कां, (श्वयथु) s. f. Swelling.

g. سرج skjan, (вое سرجی) (श्वयधु from श्वि to swell) s. m. Brelling.

- عبر عنا عن السوج الله عنه عنه عنه الله عنه عنه الله عنه
- to be seen, to appear (دکهنا) to seem, to be able to be seen.
- H. سوجى sūjī (or dakh. sojī) s. f. Meal, flour (ground coarse), or the coarser part of pounded wheat (اورا)).
- عبوچنا) s. m. Consideration, reflection, meditation.
- sorry) v. a. n. To consider, think, meditate, imagine, sorrow, grief; abstraction; reverie; self-communing, musing. ¶ सूचना suchand, s. f. Information, informing.
- P. سوختی ه به نظر الموختی) 1. adj.
  Burnt. 2. s. f. Burning: a revoke
  at cards. s. m. Wood fuel; charred
  cow-pats.
- عرفتگی sākhta-gī, (سوختگی s.f. l.
   Burning, combustion. 2. Vexation, heart-burning.
- P. سوختن sūkhtan, s. Burning.
- عرختنى عند sūkhtan-ī, adj. Fit or deserving to be burnt.
- ابياج، عبول sād, s.m. Profit, gain, interest, usury (بياج) Profit and loss.
- Melancholy. 2. (Poet.) Love. 8. Ambition. 4. Desire, concupiscence. 5. Madness. 6. Atrabilis, black bile (a eupposititious humour of the body).

- Any fixed idea, wish or monomania. 7. Hypochondria.
- P. المبانب saudā, s. m. 1. Trade, traffic goods (السباب) 2. Marketing, purchase; bargain (خرید و فروخت)
- A. P. سودائی saudā-ī, adj. 1. Melancholic, insane, mad (باولا) 2. s. m. A madman.

Merchandise, trade, commerce.

- s. سولر sūdr or sūdra, (মুর) s. m. A person of the fourth or servile tribe among the Hindus. See under
- B. اسول (রারা) s. f. A female Būdr.
- ब. المولار sodarā, (lit. one belly of)
  (सोदर from स with and उदर belly.)
  adj. Born of the same mother; an own brother.
- P. Jia Jam sād-mand, adj. Profitable, useful, beneficial, lucrative, profited.
- P. سول مندی sūd-mand-ī, s. f. Profitableness. سول (H. بیاجو) adj. Lent or borrowed at interest.
- হাত sodh, (اسولهان) (রাঘন from হাত to purify) s. f. 1. Discharge (of debt.) 2. Correction, search, inquiry, collation. 3. Purity; cleanliness. 4. Sanctity. 5. Scrupulosity; nicety.
- s. তিটা sodhnā, (হাঘিন) v. a. 1.
  To pay, discharge (a debt), liquidate.
  2. To collate. 3. To refine by fusing (metals). 4. To search; scrutinize.
  5. To calculate.

- war, (紀刊) s. m. 1. Tone, voice, accent, note. 2. A vowel (A. しょう)
- عندر الهادر) عند هندر). 2. (सूर) The sun.
- 1. A hog. 2. A term of abuse. 3. A greedy, filthy, or miserly person. See سور کی چربی \* سوار A desperate onset or attack.
- a. المور sūrā. (كآلا) s. m. A hero: see we sign. l. (A wife thus addresses her husband, who is preparing for battle:

سورا رن میں جایکے لوھا کرو نسنک نامه چڑھے کلنک نامه چڑھے کلنک

- O hero, when you enter the combat, wield your sword without fear; so shall I never suffer widowhood, nor you disgrace).
- siva-rāt or siva-rātra or sivarātri, (for शिवरावि) s. f. A festival held on the fourteenth of the dark fortnight in the month of Phālguna (February-March) in honour of the birth of the linga or phallus.
- s. سوربير عقر هيربير عقربير عقربير sār-ðīr, (शूरवीर) s. m. A hero.
- A. سورت sūrat, s. f. A chapter or division of the Qur'ān: A sign, trace, a vestige. See المورة See المورة See المورة saurat, s. f. Impetus, force, violence, power, height (of glory).
- ड. سورته sorațh (or, dakh. sūrațh,)(सी-

- or rāgiņī. [of a metre in Braj-bhāk'ā.
- ड. سورتها sorthā, (सीराष्ट्र) s. m. Name
- ਭਾ ਆਫ਼ਾਗਰਂ, (for सूरुर्घ) s. m. The sun; sol. سورج گہی (ਜੂਣਬੰਸ਼हण)
  s. m. Eclipse of the sun.
- इ. अंद्रेश क्षेत्रका क्षे
- s. سرداس sūr-dās, (सुरदास) n. prop.

  Name of a Hindī poet and singer who was blind; hence a blind man is called sūrdās. (lit.) a worshipper of the sun.
- swarg, (स्त्री) s. m. Heaven, Indra's paradise and the residence of deified mortals and the gods; the sky.
- इ. مورما sūrmā, ) (शूर) adj. Bold.
- ه (بهادر) brave (بهادر) هناس على الله الدر)
- sūrmā-pan, s. m. Valour, bravery. [mode or rāgiņī.
- H. سورملار sūr-mallār, s. m. A musical
- s. سورن इसंत्वक, (श्राण) s. m. An edible tuberous root. (Arum campanulatum.).
  प स्पण swarna, or स्वण su-warna or suwaran, s. m. Gold.
- sūrinjān, a.f. Name of a medicine. Meadow saffron. (Hermodactylus: Colchicum).
- ह. سورنى s war·ni, (शूकरी) s. f. (dakh.) A sow.
- sion of the Qur'an (there being 114 in number).

Plant or flower. سوریا گائی Bos grun-سره کام niens : هوه

- عرية sūrya, (सूर्य) s. m. The sun. स्य्युप्रहण surya-grahan, s. m. lipse of the sun. سوريبنسي (सुर्य-1. Descendant of the sun. 2. Name of a tribe of Kshatriyas who claim descent from the sun.
- P. سوختی) s. m. (dakh. f.) 1. Burning. 2. Vexation, heart-burning. 3. Ardour, passion. 4, A stanza of a margiya or elegiac poem. 5. part. (in compos.) Burning. سوزگداز 1. Burning and melting. 2. An impassioned style in poetry.
- ه. سوزاک عند عند عند اکث عند عند اکث . m. A gonorrhœa, a clap. Burning.
- P. سوختن sūsān, part. pres. (of سوختن)
- (سوختی) (جلن) (sūzish, سوزش ۲۰ s. f. Burning, ardour, inflammation, solicitude, smart, pain, vexation.
- P. weizan, s. f. l. A needle. Pricker (of a gun). 3. A quilted cloth used as a carpet.
- P. كان عسوزنك عبر عبر عبر عبر عبر عبر عبر عبر عبر الله عبر عبر الله عبر عبر الله عب سوختی) adj. Burning; burner.
- P. هوزني عقام عنونني B. f. of small embroidered carpet, quilted linen, tamboured work.
- A. سوس sūs, s. m. Liquorice.
- अप्रेंड, (शिश्मार) s. m. porpoise. (Delphinus).
- H. سوس 808, S. f. (dakh.) Christ.
- s. سوست swasti, (सिंति) A particle or phrase of benediction, approbation, &c. (so be it, amen). [Porpoise.
- P. Jangur süsmär, (शिश्मार) क. m. | P. كند saugand, R. f. An oath,

- A. wyw sausan (or sosan, Heb. from obsolete root. To be white) s. f. 1. A lily, the iris. 2. (Poet.) The tongue.
- H. Lingus sosnā, v. a. To bear, suffer, or endure, to feel, bear with patience.
- P. سوسنى sūsnī, s. f. A bluish colour. adj. Lilac; purple. [course cloth.
- P. سوسى sūsī, s. f. A kind of striped
- P. wiem saughāt, s. f. A rarity, present (des ), curiosity.
- H. b  $s\bar{s}f\bar{a}$ , s. (dakb.) Hall (of a
- sūfār, s. m. and f. The notch of an arrow, the eye of a needle.
- A. سوت sūq, s. Market, a public square or forum.
- H. wok, s. m. The holes in a bedstead through which the strings for bracing it pass: [grief, sorrow.
- sok, (शोक) s.m. Affliction,
- ब. سوکتا s स k ṭ ā, (शुष्कि) adj. Lean, weak, thin, shrivelled.
- يسوكن saukan, s. f. See سوكن ع
- ع. هند ه هند ه هنده سوكها اله adj. Dry, arid (خشک)، 2. s. m. Dry tobacco eaten with betel-leaf. 8. A consump-8. Shrivelled; thin tion, atrophy. (الله) s. m. l. Drought; a dry year (خشک سالی) 2. Marasmus; consumption. 3. Bhang.
- ब. سوكهنا sūkhnā, (शोषण r. शूष Grow dry) v. n. To dry, dry up, evaporate, pine away, emaciate, shrivel, dwindle, wither. To be kept waiting.
- P. g. ७०९, (शोक) s.m. 1. Grief سوکت . Mourning. See . (رنج)
- ع. كي sogā, s. (dakh.) 1. Blight, mildew. 2. A kind of ornament for the solemn asseveration. вув.

- हंग्-gandh, (सुगंघ) 1. s. f.
  Perfume, fragrance. 2. adj. Fragrant.

  Impregnated or mixed with perfume.
- عن يالا sūgandī-pālā, s. (dakh.)

  The root of a creeping plant resembling Sarsaparilla in its habit. (Periploca Indica).
- P. سوگوار sog-wār, adj. Afflicted, sor-rowful, in mourning, mourning.
- P. سوگواری sogwār·ī, s. f. Affliction, grief, bereavement.
- s. المول sūl, s. m. f. l. (মূল) Colic. 2.

  A trident, pike, dart. 3. The point of a spear. 4. (মূক) A thorn, a prick.

  5. Compassion, tenderness. 6. Pain, ache, grief. 7. Clearing the land.
- rel. سولکا solgā, (dakh. explained by

  A kind of plantain.
- عبوله solah, (वोडरा) adj. Sixteen.
- عبولها solah-wān, adj. Sixteenth.
- a. سولى કરોં, s.f. (মুলা) l. An empaling stake; a gibbet; gallows. 2.
  - s. m. (शूली) A name of Mahādeva.
  - 3. Having the colic, &c., suffering sharp pains. 4. Risk of life; danger.
- $\mathbf{H}$ . سوم  $s\bar{u}m$ , s. m. (Cor. of A. شوم)
- s. سرم som, (सोम) s. m. l. The moon.
  - 2. Monday. (सोमवार) s. m. Monday. [Lazy, sluggish.
- TBL. TAM. سوماری somārī, adj. (dakh.)
- ancient idol temple in Gusarāt: also, the name of the idol.

- हान्य) adj. 1. Silent, stillness. 2. Numbness, insensibility. 3. son or sūn, s. f. An oath (اسوگند)
- इ. الون sonā, (शयन r.शी or सम r. व्यप or स्वप or शी to sleep) v. n. l. To sleep; (met.) to die, to take one's last sleep. 2. (स्वर्ण) s. m. Gold. 3. To cohabit; have sexual intercourse with. المنيا s. m. One who separates gold from ashes.
- sert, void, uninhabited, desolate. 2. Still, silent, calm, peaceful. 3. Unprotected. 4. Untenanted; unoccupied. 5. Plain, unadorned.

سونا لینے پی گئے سونا کرگئے دیس سونا ملا نه پی پهرے روپا هوگئے کیس My love went to earn gold, and left the country desolate; I could not sleep (or he found not gold), my love returned not, my hair became silver.

- g. سنينا sompnā or saumpnā, (सम्पण)
  v. a. To deliver over, commit to charge, consign, resign, deposit.
- H. v. a. 1. To strip leaves off vegetables. 2. To draw (asword).
- H. سونتا sonțā, s. m. A club, mace,
- ginger; (met.) a miser.
  - sondhā, (सुनंत्र) 1. s. m. A composition of fragrant substances used for washing the hair; perfume.
    2. adj. Smelling like that of a new

earthen vessel when wetted or from parching of pulse, potatoes, marshmelon, &c. 3. Fragrant, sweet-smelling.

- sondhā-haṭ, s. f. l. Fragrance. 2. A smell like that of new-earth.
- sondhnā, (शोधन Purifying)
  v. a. l. To rub cloth in mud preparatory to washing. 2. To mix, to smear.
- sondhe, (सुगंघ) adj. Fragrant, smelling like new earth.
- عبوندی sondi, s. f. The wash in which washermen steep their cloth.
- ब. سونگ sūnḍ, (शुंडा) s. f. Proboscis of an elephant. [small insect in corn.
- #. سوندًا sūnḍā, s. m. A weevil, or
- B. سوندگا sūnḍkā, s. m. Saddle-cloth, or pillow under a saddle.
- saunf (dakh. sonf) s. f. Anise seed. (Pimpinella anisum): or the seed of sweet fennel.
- B. سونگرا sūngrā, s. m. A buffalo-calf.
- a. المونكها بن sūngh-ā, adj. 1. Stanch (as, a dog). 2. (used substantively) A person employed in Mahārātta armies, who is said to be able to detect hidden treasure or grain by the smell of the earth. 3. A detective. [smell.
- 1. عونهه عنه هنه هنه العادية الله العادية العادية
- ي همانها هم sonahlā, (سونا) adj. Golden. ياني s. m. Gilding.

- ब. كا عوهاكا sohāgā, (सुभग) s. m. Borax.
- H. الموهاكا sohāgā, s. A harrow.
- r. سوهای sohān, s. m. A file.
- یرهائی .H. سوهائی sohāi, s. f. Weeding.
- H. wohle, suhele, sohele, s. m. A hymn in praise of a goddess.
- s. سوهی sohan, (शोभन) 1. adj. Pleasing. 2. s. m. A lover, a friend.
- u sohan, s. f. m. A kind of sweetmeat. [2. A whetstone.
- P. سوهن sohan, s. f. 1. A file (ريتي)
- H. Libour sohnā, v. n. (रोभन from रुभ to shine.) l. To suit; set off (اسجنا). 2. To look beautiful or graceful.
- II. سوهنى sohinī, adj. Pleasing; charming (خوب صورت)
- H. سوهنى sohini, soni, s. f. (शोधनी)
  A broom.

تها کام یہ تیرا هی خداوند تعالی لا سوئی کے ناکے سے خدائی کو نکالا This, O Almighty, was thy work, to draw the universe through the eye of a needle. [quarter; towards.

- P. سوئي sū-e (or sū), s. f. Side, path,
- e. سویل s نه ق, prepos. Besides: see

- عبريا عبريا
- عبويا ع sawaiyā, adj. A quarter more.
- H. سويا soyā, soā, (शालिय) s. m. Fennel; Anethum sowa.
- savaiyā, s. m. 1. The multiplication table of 1½ times. 2. A kind of song. 3. One who sings savaiyā songs.

  4. A weight of 1½ seer.
- H. سویاں sivaiyān, semiyān, wheat flour (सिमिता) s. f. Vermicelli.
- عبر المالية على المالية على المالية ا
- e سوير awer, adj. Opp. of (اوير)

  Early; timely.
- a. سويرا sawerā, s. m. (स्वेला) Morning, dawn. [In the morning, early.
- عدرے ع. sawere, s. m. inflect. of اسویرے
- P. سويم soyam. soam, adj. Third
- swayambar, (स्यान्तर from स्थम Self, of self, and नर Selecting a husband) s.m. A girl's selecting a husband for herself. The public selection of a husband by a princess or lady of rank from among a number of assembled suitors.
- g. سويمبرا swayambar-ā, (स्वयंवरा) s. f. A girl choosing her husband.
- P. مندی (H. تین) adj. Three. مندی s. f. 1. Quarterly payment. 2. A tribute; a contingent. 3. s. m. A militia soldier, employed in collecting revenues or in police duties, etc. 4. Charges in the revenue accounts for the maintenance of such troops.

- s. m. A tripod, a trivet. منه يهر منه هل Afternoon. لمنه يهل adj. Trilateral. سنة چند \* ستار dakh.) See سنة حزنى شع adj. Triliteral. سنة فصلة s. m. Tuesday. منه فصلة adj. Having three stories or floors (a house, &c.).
- ع. سہاتا suhātā, adj. Agreeable, plea-
- e. سهار eahār, (सह to bear) (اسهار e
  - عبر See ربرداشت) See
- ड. اسهارا ه sahārā, (सहायता) в. т. Авsistance, aid, help, association. To abet. (drag.
- H. Li, Lu suhārnā, v. a. To trail, to
- g. عباك suhāg or dakh. sŏhāg, (刊一

HIPI from H good HIPI portion).

s. m. 1. Auspicionsness, good fortune.

2. The affection, love, attachment of a husband.

3. The happy state of being a wife in opposition to widow-hood.

4. A certain ornament worn by a wife as a sign that her husband is living.

5. Coverture; the conjugal state.

6 A marriage song so-called.

7. Happiness; pleasure; enjoyment.

joyment.

A casket of jewels presented by the bridegroom to his bride.

g. سہاگی suhāgan or dakh. sŏhāgin,

(सीमागिनी) s.f. 1. A woman beloved

by her husband, a favourite wife, a
married woman whose husband is
alive; a feme covert. 2. A favorite

wife (opp. of duhāgan).

ع. عالم suhāga, s. m. Borax. See

H. Ju suhāl, s. m. Bread (or cakes) fried

H. whālī, s. f. in butter. (sǔhālī, Wheat flour kneaded with water, made into very thin cakes and fried in ghī.). Pastry.

(Mah. Law). Portions or shares of an estate or inheritance.

a. الله suhānā, (शिभन) adj. l.

Agreeable, pleasant, charming. 2. v.n.

To be agreeable, to please, to become,
to be liked or approved of, to shine.
3. v. a. (dakh.) To ornament, to
adorn.

e. سہانا sahānā, (corrupt. for سہانا)
s. m. Name of a musical mode.

g. سہاوں suhāwan, (शोभन) adj.
Agreeable, &c.

g. سہاونا suhāwanā, (शोभन) adj. l. Agreeable, &c. 2. v.n. To be agreeable, to please.

g. سہائی sahā'ī, (or, sahāya, for सहाय)
s. m. 1. Aider, assistant, helper. 2.
(or sahā'e, for सहाय्य) Assistance, aid.

s. em sahaj, (田南) adj. Cor. of A. Lasy (山山) Easy, not difficult, facile; adv. Easily. sahaj or aha-ja, adj. Cognate, innate, born together.

g. Lique sahajnā, (शोभांजन) s. m. A tree the root of which supplies the place of horseradish. (Hyperanthera moranga).

P. ع. المهران sihrā, (comp. of كس Three, and الله Garland, &c.) s. m. (H. سرهار ) 1. A bridal chaplet, a garland, wreath (worn on the head by a bridegroom and bride at the marriage ceremony). 2. A marriage song. [shiver, to shake with cold.

म. ال (शीतार्त) 1. To يهنجا ماکه سهرنا الله على الله عل

December is gone and January arrived; the body now shivers with cold.

2. To scrape. 3. To tremble with fear. s. f. Shivering; cold.

H. البرن suharnā, v. n. To trail, to drag.

A. لبل sahl, adv. Easy, not difficult, simple, soft, triding; adv. Easily.

الكارى عال الكارى عالى الكارى عالى الكارى عالى كرنا v. a. To

facilitate; make easy. . s. f. l. Ease. 2. Mildness; gentleness.

H. Lu suhlā, s. m. A kind of song.

H. الله sahlānā, v. s. 1. To stroke, caress, to rub gently, to tickle, titillate. اخایه سهلانا To flatter.

P. سہم sahm, s. m. Fear, dread
(رتّر) adj. 1. Frightened.
2. Horrible, terrible.

shooting or for drawing lots. 2. The transverse beam of a house. 3. A lot, a portion, share. 4. The segment of a circle, segment. 5. (Math.) A versed sine. [v. a. To frighten (U, 3).

P. H. Lilayu sahmānā, (caus. of linyu)

P. H. Lingu sahamnā, (upu) v. n. To fear, be afraid.

- bear meekly (an small ront), to endure, to support ( 2. To allow; tolerate. To be digested, assimilated (ix); to agree with (food).
- A. سهو sahw or sahw, s. f. An error, mistake, fault (بهول)، oversight, inadvertency, blunder, omission. سهو An error of the copyist. القلم An error or slip or omission of the pen.
- A. ابهول سے sahwan, (A. بهول سے) adv. Erroneously, by mistake, inadvertently, through inadvertence.
- B. سہودر sahodar, (सहोदर comp. of सह With, and उदर Belly) adj.
  Born of one mother; as سہودر بہائی
- اسهل suhūlat, (سهل) s. f. Facility, ease, smoothness, plainness.
- An emphatical particle, (it is) true or correct or good; very well!
- P. سہی sahī, 1. adj. Straight. 2. s. f.

  A straight cypress tree. سہی قد adj. Like the cypress in stature.
- H. سہی sahī, sai, adv. (3刊 to be)

  Let it be! be it so! و تو سہی Come

  near if you dare!
- H. Lichum sahejnā, v. a. 1. To try. 2.

  To adjust. 3. To provide. (日野司 Preparation). [star, Canopus.
- A. P. سپيل suhail, s. m. The dog
- H. العريف suhelā, s. (dakh.) (opp. of تعريف كا كيت A song of praise. adj. Easy; feasible.
- ع علي saheli (or, dakh. sahaili, ا

- from HE Together, and MEN A female friend) s. f. A woman's female companion, one lady the intimate and confidential friend of another, a handmaid, damsel, concubine. [equal.
- P. sahīm, Partner, partaker,
- P. سى sī, adj. Thirty.
- H. \_\_\_\_ sai, (P. \_\_\_\_\_\_) (अस्ती from अस to be.) Is.

- A. سیاحت siyāḥat, s. f. Travelling,
- A. P. سياحى saiyāḥ-ī, s. f. Travelling a journey.
- A. سیادت siyādat, (سود) s. f. Dominion, rule, sovereignty, governing.
- s. m. A wanderer, a person taking the air or travelling, walking much for amusement, wandering, moving.
- میره journeyed) ه m. A planet. (Pers. plur. سیارگان).
- nanaged, سوس siyāsat. (سوس managed, ruled.) s. f. l. Government, administration of justice. 2. Punishment, correction (دُنڌ)، pain, pang, agony.
  - 3. Severity; rigour. کرنا To chastise. سیاست مدین هونا To be in pain.

- a. سياق siyāq, (سوق) s. m. What follows in a sentence. The grammatical or logical construction of a phrase. A mode, manner, way. Arithmetic, or enumeration by the Arabic alphabet, accounts. Account keeping; ciphering; book-keeping.
- handwriting used in the finance department. Driving onward, stimulating, impelling.
- A. שבוע saiyāl, (H. (ייאָבו) adj. (superl. from שבע To flow) Flowing rapidly like a torrent, fluid, current, rapid.
- इ. اسيال siyāl, (शृंगाल) s. m. A jackal.
- syām, (ইনাম) 1. adj. Black or dark blue or brown; nut-brown. 2. s. m. A name of a bird, the black cuckoo (کویل) 3. An epithet of Krishna. 4. Name of a musical mode or rāgiņī.
- H. سياس saiyān, s. m. Husband.
- a. سياس syān, (মুল্লান) s. m. Cunning, shrewdness.
- siyānā, or sayānā or syānā, (田利用) adj. 1. Cunning, shrewd, knowing, canny, sagacious, clever, prudent: a cunning man, a conjurer. 2. Mature (in understanding), arrived at puberty or years of discretion, grown up.
- ع. يان پن syān-pan. ع. m. Cun-
- عيان پنا syān,-panā f ning, art
- ع. سياوشان siyāwushān, s. m. See پرسياوشان.

- P. المياسة siyāhā, (for هياسه) s m. An account-book or written account, a list, inventory.
- P. سیاد گوش siyāh-gosh, s. m. Name of an animal. (Felis caracal: Persian lynx:).
- P. A. سیاه موصلی siyāh mūṣlī, s. (dakh.) A plant, Curculigo orchioides.
- P. سیاهی siyāh-ī, s. f. 1. Blackness;
  a black spot; darkness; ink, blacking.
  2. Lamp black. 3. (Met.) A stigma;
  brand.
- H. سیس sīp, sīpī, s. f. (शुक्ति) 1. A shell, an oyster shell (especially, one of the bivalve kind). 2. A kind of mango, the stone of which resembles a shell.
- P. Signara, (w. Thirty, and Piece, division, viz. a thirty-piece) s. m. l. Each one of the thirty sections, or the thirty sections, into which the Qur'an is divided. 2. adj. Of thirty pieces. [valve shell.]
- H. ساييى sīpī, s. f. A shell, any bi-
- שניים set, setu, s. m. (सत्) 1. A bridge ( P. پل); causeway. 2. A mound or ridge dividing fields and serving as a dry pathway when they are under water (مينة).

ai karā, or sai prop. Name of the wife of Rāma und daughter of Rājā Janaka: see under ما جندر स्वां अध्या सीताफिल s. m. The custard apple or sweet pumpkin. (Annona squamosa).

سيكث

- s. سیتل ه हा tal, (शीतल) adj. Cool, cold. سیتل پاتی (शीतलपट) s.f.
  A kind of fine cool mat, esp. the Assam mat. سیتل چینی s.f. Allspice. (Myrtus pimenta). [Small-pox.
- в. المنتلا sītulā or sītlā, (शीतरुग) в. f.
- u. u. saitnā, or setna, v. a. To take care of, to keep carefully, to husband.
- عليت setwā, s. f. (dakh.) Bridge. See سيت sign. 2.
- wholesale merchant, banker, money-broker, a title of respect given to merchants, bankers. &c. The chief of a corporation or trade.
- ब. سابع الله عن (श्या r. शी Bleep) s. f.

  A bed (پلنگ a couch. البنجيس (श्याबंध) s. m. A cord for fastening bedding to the bedstead.
- g. سلح sīj, (सोहंड) s. m. A species of Euphorbia, the milky hedge plant (Euphorbia neriifolia or antiquorum).
- ع. لنجنا sijnā, (r. िवद Sweat) v. n.

  1. To exude, filtrate, percolate
  (ارسنا)، sweat. 2. (刊日 to be cook-

- ed). To see the (indicated) boil, dissolve or become soft by boiling. 3. To be received (as. money), liquidated (as, a debt). 4. To be cold or chilled.
- ह. पंड्रा sīchnā, (सेचन from r. सिच or सिंच Shed, sprinkle, to water) v. a. To water, to irrigate.
- sikh, s. f. (হাতাকা) A spit, a skewer, any long thin piece of metal.

  A piece of iron about a cubit long, with which faqīrs pierce their necks and cheeks). [(a horse).
- P. سيخ پا sīkhpā, adj. Rearing, rearer
- A. سيك saiyid, (verbal adj. from البيد became chief) s. m l. A lord, a prince. 2. A descendant of Husain, who was the grandson of the prophet Muḥammad. سيد الانام (the prince of men and of all living creatures):

  (the prince of mortals):

  (the prince of mortals):

  (the head of the apostles, or prophets) are epithets of Nuḥammad. [male saiyid.
- A. P. سيداني saiyid-ānī, s. f. A fe-
- A. اسلاد saiyida, s.f. Wife or daughter of a saiyid; a lady, a princess.
- #. 교교교 sīdh, (테벌 or 킨롯) adj. 1. Straight, direct. 2. Opposite. 3. Accurate. 4. Aim.
- عيدها عندها عندها sīdhā, adj. 1. (田里) Straight, right, direct. 2. Opposite. 3. Simple, quiet, gentle, artless (ايهوا) 4. Fair, candid, upright. 5. Right (opposite to left). سيدها كرنا To straighten.
  - 6. s.m. (असिद्ध unripe) Provisions, victuals (undressed, uncooked), forage. 7. A settled allowance. 8. A charge made for supplies to travellers. 9. Auspicious; lucky. 10. Correct, regular, according to rule. 11. Easy

    (السال) 12. Favourable, kind. 13.

In good tilth (land). اكنا or الميدها بنانا 1. To straighten. 2. To tame; train; teach. 3. To level (a gun); take aim.

- a. سيلى saiyid-ī, s. An appellation of Africans.
- P. سیر ser, adj. Full, satiated, sated, contented, disgusted, sick and tired. سیر آنا To be distressed, tired of life. سیر چشم
  Satisfied, contented with what one has.
- ser, (सेटिक a seer) s. m. Name of a weight. The Govt. seer, as fixed by law = 1. Kilogramme = 2.2255 lbs. avoirdupois. See Act. XIV. of 1877.
- a. سير sir, (सीर A plough) s. m. f. Husbandry, agriculture. Land under the immediate cultivation of the proprietor.
- P. سلير sīr, s. m. Garlic.
- A. سیرت siyar, s. plur. (of سیرت)

  Qualities, manners, dispositions, ways of life.
- P. سيراب ser-āb, adj. 1. Full of water,
  satisfied with drink, moist, succulent.
  2. Fresh, blooming. 3. Fertile; rich.
- P. سیرابی  $ser \bar{a}b \bar{i}$ , s. f. Moistness juiciness, succulence; freshness.
- اسلير) s. f. Way of wife, morals, manners, conduct, disposition, temperament, quality

- (خصلت). The general tenor of a person's life and deeds.
- P. سیری ser-i, s. f. l. Satiety, repletion, fulness. 2. Satisfaction. سیری v. a. To fill; satisfy.
- H. سيڙهي sīṛhī, s. f. (횟급) A ladder (زينه), stair, step, degree (زينه)
- P. مايزن sezdah, adj. Thirteen.
- ع. لسيس sīsā, } (सीस or सीसक) s. m. غ. هسيس sīsa, } Lead.
- 8. m. sesh, (राप) s. m. 1. Remainder, end. 2. The king of the serpent race, represented as a large thousand-headed snake, at once the couch and canopy of Vishnu and the upholder of the world, which rests on one of his heads.
- ह. سیشناک sesh-nāga, (शेषनाग)
  - s. m. The serpent. See سیس
- منوس saif, (Rab. and Chald. Gr. ξίφος) s. f. A sword (تلوار).

  s. m. A rocket which has a sword attached to its tail.

  dj. One whose curses prevail. ¶ sīf, Bank, margin, shore.
- A. P. سيفى saif-ī, s. f. l. Cursing. 2. A rosary. 3. An evil charm.

- adv. A hundred: per cent.
- H. Likum seknā, senknā, See Likum
- ع. لنكين sīkhnā, (হিস্তা) v. a. 1.

  To learn, to acquire, pick up. 2. To go to school, serve one's apprenticeship. هينها سيلها s. f. Emulation; rivalry.

  [abstergens.

  TEL. عليه sīkī, s. f. (dakh.) Mimosa
- عبيل sail, s. f. 1. A flowing. 2. A current, a torrent, flood.
- ع. الله عند عند عند عند عند عند عند عند الله عند عند الله عند الل
- H. Liu selā, s. m. 1. A kind of silk sheet constituting a part of dress, especially worn and given in presents in the Deccan. 2. A silk turban. 3. A royal tiger.
- H. Lim selā chāval, s. m. (হালি)
  Rice boiled before being husked.
- ing with water. 2. s. f. m. A flood, torrent, deluge, stream, inundation.
- A. سير See سيران sailān, (for سيلن See سيل)
  عدد عدد الله عدد الله
- a. H. سير sailān-ī, adj. (A سير to rove) Fond of walking or going about for amusement, of perambulation, &c.
- H. سيلى selī, s. f. 1. A necklace (of black threads) silk or hair worn by faqīrs, a sash, a belt. 2. (Beng.) A tetter, a mole, a discoloration in the face, &c.
- P. سيلى sīlī, s. f. A blow with the edge of the open hand on the neck.
- ۲. سیم sīm, s. m. Silver (چاندی) ا

- silver-bosomed; with a bosom fair as silver. سیم تی Silver-bodied; with a body fair as silver.
- sem, (सिंबी) s. f. The flat or broad bean, Doliches lablas.
- P. Lalu sīmā, s. m. The forehead, face, countenance, aspect.
- A. أميس sīmā'a, s. Mark, sign.
- P. سیمان sīm-āb, (سیمان Silver, and Water) s. m. Quicksilver, mercury (ایارا) (of quicksilver.
- P. سیمابی sīmāb-ī, adj. Of the colour
- eī-murgh, (lit. of the size of 30 birds) s.m. A fabulous bird, a griffin. See
- semal, (शाल्मिलि) s. m. A coarse kind of silk cotton, or the tree producing it. (Bombax heptaphyllum).
- P. سيمى sīm-ī, adj. Of silver, made of eilver, silvery.
- P. Lalu sīmiyā, s. m. 1. Alchemy. 2. Magic, enchantment, necromancy. 3. Poetry, rhetoric.
- P. سیمیں sīm-in, adj. Of silver, silver. adj. Silver-bodied.
- ब. سیس sain, (संज्ञा or सनयन) s. f. A wink, sign, token, hint, a signal. اسیس کرنا To beckon, to wink.
- H. النيس senā, (स्वन) 1. To hatch, sit on eggs. 2. To adore, worship.
- و. سينا sīnā, (सीवन from सिव to sew.) v. a. To sew, to stitch; darn.
- H. senbhā, S. Rheum or defluxion in a horse.
- ع. سينبل sembal, s. m. The silk cotton tree. (Bombax heptaphyllum).
  See سيمل

- ع. لينبهل sembhal, s. (dakh.) See
- इ. سینتالیس saintālīs, (सप्तचलारिं– शत्) adj. Forty-seven.
- H. with saint, adv. 1. Free of cost; grafite?. Causelessly; for nothing abon.
- adjust, to put to rights. 2. (dakling also) to strike to the ground. 3. To take care of, keep carefully. 4. To put by or aside. 5. To kill, gather to one's forefathers, despatch. 6. To beat, hammer. [Thirty-seven.
- क्र سینتیس saintis, (सप्ततिंशत्) adj.
- g. Uşum sinchna, (सचन) v.a. To irrigate, to water.
- H. سيند send, s. f. Name of a vegetable. (Cucumis Madraspatanus).
- عيندر sendur, (सिन्दूर) s. m. Bee سيندور
- ع. سيندنا sendnā, (ң闰) v. (dakh.)

  To draw or raise water from a well.

  To gape for breath.
- e سيندور sendūr, (सिंदूर) s. m. Red led, minium.
- a. سينده sendh, (Ң戶리) s. m. A hole made in a wall by thieves.

  House-breaking (by making a hole in the wall), burglary.
- s. ladium sendhā, (सैन्धव) s. m. Rock-salt (white).
- g. Lindium sendh-nā, (from 刊行 A breach or mine) v. a. To mine.
- इ. عيندها sendhav, s. m. See المينده सिन्धव saindhav, Salt or a horse from Sindh.

- H. سيندهى sendhi, s. f. The jnice of the wild date tree (Phœnix sylvestris:), used for intoxication; palmwine or toddy.
- H. هسيندهي sen dī, s. f. (सेंटु) See
- H. سيندهي sendhiyā, s. m. 1. Poison.

  2. <u>s.</u> (from سينده ) A thief making a sendh, a housebreaker. 3. Name of a Mahārātta tribe (probably so named as originating on the banks of the river Sindh).
- H. سيندى sendī, s. f. (dakh.) See
- ع. گنیس send, s. f. (dakh.) See بنیت
- H. سینکنا senk, (سینکنا) s. m. Toasting, basking, fomentation. سینک To toast or warm.
- H. الكنيس sinknā, v. a. To raise the wick of a light (اكسانا)
- ह. اینکتا senkrā, adj. (शतक) A hundred; cent. See اسیکرا
- H. النيس senknā, v. s. To toast, bake.

  (روتى سينكنا), parch, warm before,
  or with, any thing hot, to air by
  warming, to foment, to incubate (eggs).
  To seek redress.
- sing, (হানা) s. m. l. A horn

  2. A boil or mark on the forehead. 3.
  (Slang) The penis.
- H. سينكوتى singauți, s. f. 1. Horns. 2. A polishing tool made of horn. 8. An ornament of metal on the horns of a bullock. 4. A tax on the sale of cattle.
- g. النيس sīngā, (र्ह्ना) s. m. A horn (musical).
- इ. إلى singrā, (श्रृंग) s. m. 1. A powderhorn. 2. A musical horn.
- H. wiim singnā, v. a. To identify stolen cattle.
- g. سينگى sīngī, (शृंगी) s. f. l. Name of a kind of fish. (Silurus pungen-

2. (शुंग) A cup or tissimus:). horn for cupping. اسينكى لكانا 1. To 2. (Slang) To kiss. 3. (ज्ञा) تومرش A small horn (musical). 4. See

H. سينه sinh, s. m. A hedge-hog.

P. Lim sīna, s. m. l. Breast, bosom. 2. The chest or thorax. (چهاتی) Descending from father to son. Ji sigm s. m. سينه حاک (انکيا) Bosom-torn, afflicted. s. f. Affliction. Laceration of the breast, tion. سینه ریش adj. Wounded to the heart, afflicted. سينه زي One who beats his breast at the festival of the Muharram. سينه زني s. f. Beating the breast, or a female who beats her breast at the festival of the Muḥarram. مينة زور adj. Robust, proud of strength. هسينه زوری s. f. 1. Strength, robustness, force. Pride of power. שينه سوز adj. سینه سوزی Tormented, distressed. s. f. Anguish, torment. سينة صاف Disinterested. List adj. Wounded in the breast or heart. s. f. The being wounded in the breast, &c. سينه كربى s. f. Beating the breast.

H. سليو sew or se'o, s. m. l. A kind of sweetmeat. 2. (دال سيو) A dessert. P. سايو sew, seb, s. m. An apple. See

سيب

в. سيوا sewā, (सेवा) в. f.

(تَهل)، worship, penance, attendance

इ. سيوانه sīwāna, (सीमा) adj. lating to boundary, boundary.

इ. سيوتى sewti, (सेमन्तिका) s. f. A white rose. Dog rose, China rose. (Rosa glandulifera). [clusion, close-

H. سيوت serva!, s. (dakh.) End, con-

P. سيورغال suyūrghāl, s. A fief, a feudal tenure.

8. عليوك sewak, (सेवका) s. m. A servant, a worshipper, a votary. disciple, follower.

P. سيوم siyūm, adj. Third.

в. سيوس sīwan, (सीवन) в. т. А seam : (dakh.) the seam running along the inferior part of the yard to the anus. Raphe perinei. ¶ (सेवन) Satare. sewan, verbal n. Serving, to serve: sewing, stitching, to sew.

P. سية siyah, adj. Black. See سية اروز adj. Unfortunate, unlucky. adj. Wicked (man), evildoer.

H. سية sīh, s. m. A hedge-hog.

ब. سيهند sehund, (सीहंड) s. m. A species of Euphorbia, or indeed a general name for plants of that kind. The milk hedge plant (Euphorbia antiquorum, &c.).

H. سليهوں sīhon, s. m. A kind of black grain growing in wheat fields.

H. سيه sehi, (see سيه) s. f. A porcupine.

شين معجمة shīn, called مريث is the thirteenth ] شيس منقوطه of the Arabic and sixteentb

Persian alphabet, corresponding nearly to  $\Im$  in Sanskrit. Its sound is that of the English sh; of the French ch, as in cheval; and, of the Italian sc, as in scimia. In denoting numbers by the letters of the Arabic alphabet, it stands for 300. It is used as an abbre viation for the word word North; and, in dates of letters, &c. for the month

In Persian it may be used, 1. To mark the pronoun of the third person singular, in the genitive or accusative case; as, نایش His name, نامش I said گفتم اورا for گفتمش I said to him: and, it is frequently disjoined from the noun to which it has reference; as in this line of Ghanimat, زحیر تها خرد گردید آبش understanding was turned to water by ازحیرتها خردش astonishment, for If, moreover, it relates اب شد to the same person as the agent of the sentence, it stands for the reciprocal pronoun خود ; as

نهد خور هر طرف دامی زتارش کزان رو پر توی گردد شکارش

The sun spreads in every direction a net made of his rays; that, by means thereof he may catch a reflected image. 2. To form the hāsil bi-l-masdar, verbal noun or noun of action. In this case it is quiescent, and requires the vowel kasr to the preceding letter;

as, پرسش Asking, سوزش Burning, &c.

and, خ of نوشتی from نویسم and, خ of the infinitive is changed into هه فروختی from فروختی

sometimes substituted پاشان for پاچان Sprinkling; sometimes مارک as مارک for شارک A species of nightingale; sometimes, in the end of words, ج as جلا for کشتی Would to God! And, it may be substituted for مشتی for کشتی Wrestling.

In Arabic, when a verb, the first radical letter of which is ش appears in the form افتعال the servile نقال is sometimes though but rarely united, by idghām, with the ش as مشا for شبته He doubted.

- P. La shā, in compos. for Ala or for
- P. باش shāb, s. The pure colour of kusum.
- A. بشات shābb, (part. act. of شات To grow, come to maturity, burn, kindle)
  s. m. A youth.
- اشان shā-bāsh, interj. (from شان happy, باش be.) Bravo! excellent!
- P. شاباشی shābāsh-ī, (contract. of شاد باشی) s. f. Praise, applause.
- P. 之 shākh, (지데) s. f. 1. A bough, branch, (of a tree). 2. A horn for cupping. 3. A horn (of a deer).
  4. (فرع) A branch of a family or society. 5. A slip or cutting. 6. A stalk of wheat, &c. 7. A branch of a

ناز چمن وهی هے بلبل سے گو خزان هے \* تہنی جو زرد بھی هے سوشاخ زعفران هے

The parterre still displays the same coquetry towards the nightingale, although the autumn is arrived; the branches, though withered, are as proud as ever. (The conceit, which depends on the yellow colour of a withered leaf and of saffron, is incapable of translation).

able of translation).

is applied to various reports, calumnies, or complaints: so, Mir again says:

شاخ شانے هزار نکلیں گے جو گیا اسکی زلف کا یکتار

- If one hair from her locks should be missing, a thousand reports would be spread abroad. A genealogical table, pedigree. [branch.
- P. شاخسار shākh-sār, (خاش and the particle سار full of branches) s. f. A garden, bower. [grain (Cytisuscajan).
- P. شاخول shākhūl, s. m. Name or a
- P. aim shākha, s. m. The pillory, a yoke.
- P. الشاك المام ال
- P. شاداب shādāb, adj. Fresh, verdant,

- green, moist, pleasant, agreeable, succulent. s. Fresh herbage.
- P. شادابی shādāb-ī, s. f. Freshness, verdure, moisture, succulence.
- P. الله shādān, adj. See الله عال الله
- P. شاری shād-mān, adj. Pleased, cheerful. [rejoicing.
- P. شادمانی shād-mān-i, s. f. Pleasure,
- P. شالی ه hād-ī, s. f. 1. Pleasure (خوشی)، delight, joy. 2. Marriage, nuptials, festivity, rejoicing. شالی s. f. 1. An easy death, death from joy. 2. adj. Dying easily or from joy.
- a. in shāṣṣ, (part. act. from in To remain alone or separate from others) adj. Uncommon, miraculous, wonderful; irregular or anomalous (in grammar), an exception. adv. Seldom.
- explaining) s. Commentator, annotator, expositor.
- A. شرع shāri\*, (part. act. from مشرع shāri\*, (part. act. from مشرع علم s. f. 1. A highway. 2. s. m. A law-giver. مشرع عام s. m. A public road, highway.
- A bird of a dark colour that talks like a parrot, perhaps the maina, starling.
- P. j shāro, s. f. A maina (Gracula religiosa).
- s. شاستر shāstr or shāstar, (रास्ति r. रास्ति Govern, rule, teach) s.m. l. An order or command, a treatise, code. 2. Scripture, science, institutes of religion, law or letters of Hiudus, especi-

ally considered as of divine origin or authority.

shāstr-ī, (शास्त्री) adj.
Skilled in Hindū law or religious books; one skilled in holy science.

हिन्दी क्षेत्र (शास्त्रीयाक्षर) The bremägari character.

Norda shāsh or and shāsha, s.

- J'Urine. الشاكات Bladder, urinal.
- adj. 1. Wanton. 2. Clever (حالات)

  sly, vexing or injuring relatives or friends. 3. (substantively). A chessplayer. 4. A messenger, running footman.
  - A معر shā'ir. (part. act. of معر Heb. and Ch. To divide, discriminate, know, understand) s. m. A poet, bard.

    (Pers. plur. شاعران)
  - shā'ir·ī, f. 1. Art or practice of poetry. 2. Exaggeration, hyperbole.
  - منفل shāghil, part. act. (of شغل)
    Occupied, busy, employed, attentive, intent.
  - Chald. To overflow, to flow out or into, to influence) Deprecating, interceding; (substantively) an intercessor, mediator, advocate, patron.
  - hāfi'ī, n prop. 1. One of the chiefs of the four principal sects of the Muhammadan religion. 2. adj.

    Following the sect of Shāfi'ī.
  - To be fine, or thin, to extenuate, to pinch as cold: Chald. To scrape, to rub, to plaster, to polish) s. m. A bougie, a pessary, a suppository. An enema.
  - a. شفا shāfī, (part. act. of شأفى adj.
    1. Healing, sanative, sanatory, salntary; a healer: categorical (answer).
    2. Decisive; final.

An epithet of the Deity (the actual healer).

- م الله shāqq, } (from شق To split, to tear, to be difficult) ad j. Diffi
  - cult, perplexing, troublesome, severe-
- shākir, (part. act. of mive thanks; perhaps, from Heb. To hire, to pay wages or rent) adj. 1. Grateful, praising, content. 2. Resigned!
- ه. شکو shākī, part. act. (of شکو)
  - Complaining, querulous, blaming.
     s. m. A complainer, a backbiter, censurer, murmurer.
- P. شاگرن ه hāgird, s.m. (H. چتاً 1. A scholar, papil, disciple, proselyte, apprentice. 2. A servant. شاگرن پیشه s. m. A servant. شاگرن بشید s. m. A complete scholar, an apt scholar.
- P. شاگردی shāgird-ī, s. f. Learning, studying, apprenticeship, pupilage.
- s. আল shāl, s. f. (মান্ত) 1. A shawl.

  2. (মান্ত or মান্ত) A common timber
  tree. شال s. m. A shawl-weaver. See also s. اللي
- g. شالی shālī, (হাতি) s. m. 1. Rice (white), paddy. 2. (হালিয়) adj. Made of shawl.

- इ. कोळ shām, (इयाम Black or dark blue) n. prop. A name of Krishņa.
- head or ring of a wooden pestle; a mounting; a socket; the ferule of a stick or umbrella. 2 (Mech.) A carrier.
- الشوم shāmat, s. f. 1. (مَوْمُ)

  Mischance, bad luck, evil days, adversity (آفت) 2. (مَامُ) A black spot or mole.
- A. خوات shāmiḥ, part. act. (خمث) ا. High, elevated. 2. Proud.
- even-tide. شام گاه shām-gāh, s. f. Evening,
- على الله على shāmil, (part. act of الله على الل included.) l adj. Extending to, or surrounding in every part, comprising, including, included, blended, united, joint (سأته) associated, confederated, communicating, common, universal 2. adv. Together. 3. prep. With, along with. 4. Concerned. 5. Living together. 6. Having a common bed and board. الأمل حال Connected from circumstances, of similar circumstances, comprising circumstances; general. شامل کرنا To blend, to mix, insert. شامل هونا To be blended, to be comprised, to partake, participate, comprise, include. A coparcenary state; undivided property. Joint; common. شاملاتی
- مر shāmma, (شم) s. m. The sense of smelling, the scent, the smell.
- a. شاهی shām-ī, adj. 1. Syrian, relating to Syria.
  2. A citizen of Damascus.
- عامی ه skāmī, (रांव) The iron head or ring of a wooden pestle. شامی To shoe with iron.
- عالیان shāmiyāna, (سایبان s. m. A canopy, awning supported on poles.

- A. الشان shān, (الشان Heb. To de, to act, to make, to take care of.) s. f. 1. Business, a thing, affair. 2. Dignity, pemp, state, condition, degree. 3. Constitution, nature, disposition. 4. Sheen, lustre, radiance. 5. Eminence. 6. Glory (اجلال) adj. Stately, a person of state and dignity, or man of rank.
- P. whān, s. m. A honeycomb.
- P. شانزدهم shānzdahum, adj. Sixteenth.
- P. شانگ shāna, s. m. 1. A comb. 2.
  The shoulder.
- a prince; (adject.) Excelling, excellent, great, principal. 2. A title assumed by fagirs. 3. The king at chess. ا شاه باز 1. adj. Reyal, noble. 2. s. m. A royal falcon. شاه باش Bravo! well done! شالا بلوط s. m. Chesnut. شاه خاور . s. m. A beam. شاه تير s. m. The sun. الله على s. f. The highway. الله s. m. A prince, (generally meaning) the prince royal. s. f. Princess; state of prince or princes. شاه سوار A good rider. شاه گام adj. 1. Pleasant-paced (a horse). 2. Name of a particular pace of a horse. شاه گردون s. m. The sun. مالا نامه s. f. A celebrated epic poem, containing a history of the kings of Persia, written by Firdausi about the year of Christ 1000. s. m. The شاه نیمروز or شاه مشرق sun. شاه نشیری King's or president's seat, balcony. (Pl. شاهان)٠ P. عالم shāh-ālū, s. m. A cherry, a

P. tilalå shāh-āna, 1. adj. Royal, prin-

cely, regal. 2. A kind of dress, worm by a bridegroom. 3. An evening song.

- P. شهپر shāh-par, s. See شاهپر
- P. کی د انته shah-tara, s.m. Bitter plant. Fumaria officinalis.
- A. P. شاهدى shāhid-ī, s. f. Evidence, testimony (إظهار) witness, attestation, deposition. [(mountain).
- ه شاهق shāhiq, adj. High, lofty
- P. شاهنشاهی shāhanshāh-ī, s. f. 1. Empire. 2. adj. Imperial.
- P. شاهوار shāh-wār, adj. Princely, royal, worthy of a king.
- eignty. 2. s. m. A follower of the sect of Ali. 3. adj. Royal, imperial.
- P. شاهيى shāhīn, s. m. A royal white falcon.
- P. شایان shāyān, adj. Legal, worthy, suitable, agreeable, desirable.
- A. شرب shā'iba, (part. of شرب s. m. Mixture, pollution, stain; suspicion.
- P. شاید shāyad, (3rd pers. sing. aor. of شاید to become) adv. May be, possibly, probably, perchance, perhaps; in posse. شاید که باشد Perhaps, it may be so.
- P. شایستگی shāista-gī, s. f. Affability, fitness, aptitute, propriety, expediency, consistency, politeness.

- P. شایسته shāista, adj. Worthy, honourable, suitable, proper, expedient, well-bred, polite; quiet, meek.
- A. شوق shā'iq, (part. act. of met. ac
- P. بش shab, s.f. Night (تا)، (Pers. plur. شیان or شیان). One who stays all night, a lodger. شب باشي s. f. Staying all night, nightly lodging. شب Good night, salutation at night. intj. May the night ع شب برات ا pass well ا 14th day of the month Shanban, on which the Musalmans make offerings and oblations, in the names (if not to the manes) of deceased relations: see watching all night, sleepless. شب پرک or شب پره or شب پر s. m. A bird of night (as, a bat, owl, هد.). تار or تاریک A dark night. شب خوابي s. f. Nightclothes. شب خون s. m. A nightwith bloodshed. خيزى Rising at night (to pray). one who walks or travels in the night, a night-watch, a thief. s. f. Walking or going in the night. شبگرد A watchman. s. f. Watching at night. سے گشت Nocturnal perambulation. I Light night, moonlight. وروز Night and day.

- A. 

  shabb, s. m. Alum.
- هباب shabāb, (شب) s.m. Youth, prime of life.
- P. j., im shab·ā·roz, (same as im وروز) adv. Night and day, i. e. always.
- P. And shab-ā-shab, adv. In the night-time, during the night. [pastor.
- P. منان shubān, s. m. A shepherd,
- P. Kilim shaban-gah, s. f. 1. The entrance of night, evening. 2. A place for cattle or sheep to remain in at night.
- P. هنانه shab-āna, adv. By night. adj. Nocturnal. شبانه روز The civil day of twenty-four hours, night and day.
- A. ساهب shabāhat, (شبش) Similarity, resemblance, likeness.
- (کل شب بو shab-bo, (or بن علی شب بو P. s. m. The tuberose. The Polianthes tuberosa.
- عراع . shab-chirāgh, or shabcharāgh, s. m. A carbuncle, a gem of the ruby kind.
- P. شبديز shab-des, (night in colour) s. m. A black horse of extraordinary size, belonging to King Khusrau Parwes, a black horse of noble breed.
- P. هندنگ shab-deg, s. f. A dish composed of meat and turnips dressed all night on the fire.
- A. شبر shibr, s. m. A span, a palm, the distance from the end of the thumb to the tip of the little finger when the hand is expanded.
- P. شبرنگ shab-rang, adj. Dusky or dark-coloured (a horse); name of a horse of Siyavush. [chamber.
- P. شبستان shab-istān, s. m. A bed-
- A. شبک shabak, s. plur. of شبک shaprak, s. (dakh.) A bet
- P. ع. اشب shibkārnā, (from سشارنا عامد)

- and کرنا) v. (dakh.) To whiz (sound, as the end of a switch or whip).
- P. شبكور shab-kor, adj. Night-blind.
- P. شبکوری shab-kor-i, s. f. The night
- هبک shabaka, (Heb. from شبکه To weave) s. m. 1. A net. 2. A lattice, a reticulated veil. [of night, dark.
- P. شبگری shab-gun, adj. Of the colour
- P. شبكير shab-gīr, s. m. 1. A cricket. 2. A nightingale, or any animal that sings at night. 3. A servant that works or travels in the night-time. 4. Early dawn. 5. Nightly march, nocturnal invasion. 6. part. Travelling by night (a caravan or traveller).
- P. شبنه shab-nam, (بش Night, and Moisture, dew) s. f. 1. (اوسی) 2. s. m. A kind of fine linen or muslin.
- P. منبغ shab-bo, s. m. See بنبه
- A. منت shabah, s. m. f. (منت likened) An image, resemblance, similitude likeness. 1. Demur; suspense; ques-2. Uncertainty. 3. tion; scruple. (Law) A legal defect; a flaw.
- P. شبه shaba, s. m. A bead.
- a. شبه shubha, (from شبه To liken to compare, dissemble, render uncertain) s. m. Doubt, suspicion, ambiguity, hesitation, uncertainty; a flaw.
- P. tium shab-ina, adj. Nocturnal, nightly; last night's stale.
- A. شبته shabih, (شبته) l. adj. 2. - s. f. Picture, porresembling. trait, likeness.
- switch, whip. &c.
- P. شیر shapar, (contrac. of سیر shapar,
- P. البرة shapara, عبرة (عرة shapara, عبرة عبرة ) s. A bat.
- (the bird), flittermouse. Bee time

- P. g. الله shipkārnā, v. (dakh.) See
- a. نش \*hitā, (Heb. plur. of قاش or sing. from شدّ To pass the winter in any place. Willmet derives it from شد To scatter, from the scattering of rain, snow, &c. in winter.
- A. Lin shattā, (from with Was separate or dispersed) adj. Distinct, different, various.
- P. شتانب shitāb, s.m. (dakh. s.f.) l. Haste, quickness. 2. adj. Quick, speedy. 3. adv. Quickly, directly (علد), soon.
- e. شتابان shitāb-ān, (part. act. of adj. Hastening, making great haste.
- shitāb-ī, adv. Quickly, hastily.
  s. f. Quickness, despatch.
- H. Win shitālnā, v. a. (dakh.) To abet, instigate, irritate, actuate, prompt, tempt, incite, aggravate.
- P. شدانگ shitālang, s. m. The ankle.
- P. شتر الله shutur, (حقل s. m. A camel. شتر بال A camel-driver (or keeper).

  A camel-driver (or keeper).

  A camel-driver (or keeper).

  A camel adj. Incorrigible, refractory, wild, uncontrolled.

  Mounted on a camel, rider of a camel.

  Wickedness, deceit. Misplaced affection.

  Wickedness, deceit. Misplaced affection.

  A dj. Bearing malice (the camel being remarkable for doing so).

  Camel-step.

  The camelopard.

  Opard.

  S. f. A small gun carried

- on a camel. شترى adj. 1. Light brown. 2. Of camel's hair.
- A. شقر shatm, s. m. Contumely, reproach, contempt, outrage, injury, villany.
- A. شقل shattā, adj. See A. شقل shattā.
- в. ششاستر shaṭ-shāstr, (षट्शास्त्र)
  в. m. The six shāstras, i. e. न्याय,
  वैशेषिक, मीमांसा, वेदान्त, सांख्य
- A. وليش shujā (from عجب To be brave; Heb. To be mad, to rage. Orig. in impetuous action) (H. سورما) a dj. Brave (بهادر) (Pers. plur. البهادر). The brave).
- A. shajā'at, s. f. Bravery.
- shajar, (perhaps from Heb. Offspring, issuing forth, springing up Plur. ) عبار) s.m. A tree, a plant.
- A. P. هجن shajar-nāma,
  A. كاب هجن shajara,
  S. m. 1.
  - A list of saints, or holy predecessors (in the manner of a genealogical tree) given to disciples. 2. A field map.
- A. shaja\*, s. m. Valour, bravery.
- م shaji\*, adj. Brave, bold.
- A. P. شحنائی shaḥnā-ī, s. f. Superintendence.
- propel) s. m. 1. A viceroy, vicegerent, an ambassador, lieutenant, representative, superintendent of police. 2. A peon, or servant of a taxgatherer.
- P. shakh, s. Any thing hard, hard ground, top of a hill.
- Heb. To raise one's self, to be borne on high) s. m. A person, body, any figure appearing black at a distance, individual (آلىدى).

- honor, distinction, rank, humanity, personality, identity; individuality.
- مَدُ اللهُ shadā, (perhaps, from اللهُ To run, to charge an enemy; or, corrupt. of اللهُ shuhadā, Martyrs) s. m The banners that are carried with the taziya, in the muharram.
- A. شدیدهٔ shadā'jd, s. plur. (of شدیدهٔ)

  Difficult things, difficulties. Adversities, troubles, disagreeable events.
- P. شدید shud-bud, s. 1. Circumstances, particulars. 2. Knowledge (little).
- A. A. Heb. To plunder, lay waste; was hard.) s. f. l. Violence, force, vehemence. 2. Adversity, affliction, difficulty; severity.
- eompos. To become, becoming.
- en شدنی shudan-i, s. f. Occurrence, coming to pass. adj. Practicable, possible.
- ing any composition with) due emphasis, stress; force.
- P. هلث shuda, part, pass. (of شدن)
  Become, having become, gone, lost.
- P. هنگ shaddah, prop. shadda, s. m. Banners, carried with the تعزية
- 8. 点流 shuddha, (刊录) adj. 1. Accurate, correct. 2. Pure, clean, unpolluted.
- A. شك shadid, (from شك) adj. 1.

  Difficult, grave; heavy; heinous. 2.

  Afflicting, grievous, atrocious. 3. Violent, strong, acute, intrepid, vehement, intense.
- ه شر sharr, s.f. (شه was corrupt)

  Wickedness, depravity, malignancy.
- A. ایش shirā, s. m. Purchase, sale, traffic. ¶ sharā, An eruption of pimples on the skin: see

- 8. shirā, s. f. A tubular vessel, as a vein, nerve, gut.
- A. شراب ه harāb, (شرب To drink)

  8. f. Wine, any beverage, spiritnons
  liquor (مارو) (dakh.) arrack شراب طهورا

  Portugal wine. پرتگالی

  Nectar. شراب خانه s. m. A tavern.

  Nectar. شراب خوار B. f. Winedrinker. شراب خواری

  8. f. Winedrinking, drunkenness. [dripping, wet.
- ह. شرابور sharābor, (सर्ववोद) Soused,
- sharāb-ī, adj. Intoxicated.

  s. Drunkard. s. m. A drunkard.
- A. شرر sharār, (r. شرر) s. m. A spark [or sparks of fire.
- a. شرر) s.f. Wickedness, vice, mischief, depravity, villany, atrocity.
- هراره sharāra, s. A spark of fire.
- هراعی ه s harā' ā, s. (dakh.) Long شرعی see also شلوار see also
- a. شرف sharāfat, (شرف) s. f. Nobility.
- sharākat, (شرکت To be partner, shared Heb. To connect) s. f. l. Partnership, participation, fellowship. 2. A corporation. 3. Land held in common. 4. Community of interests.
- 1. Agreements, conditions, capitulations, stipulations, requirements. 2. Signs, marks. 3. Laws.
- a. شرب shurb, s. m. Drinking, drink, imbibing, beverage.
- A. شربت sharbat, (شرب drank) s. m.

  1. Sherbet, syrup, sugar and water, beverage, drink. 2. The dose of a medicine. One drink or sip. A cathartic, or purgative medicine.

- A. P. شربتی sharbat-i, s. f. l. A kind of lime or lemon. 2. A kind of muslin. 3. Name of a colour. 4. Juicy (رسیلا) ۹ adj. Of or relating to sherbet.
- A. مربح shark, s. f. (مربح laid open)

  1. Explanation, commentary, annotation, description. 2. Allowance, pay, rate of assessment, proportion, charge.

  مربح adv. Explicitly. شرح وار
- sharar, s. m. Sparks of fire. شرر بار Raining sparks of fire.
- roaring, powerful (a lion or tiger). s.

  Name of a ravenous beast more powerful than the lion: (dakh.) a lion.
- shart, (Heb. and Chald. An incision) s. f. 1. Condition, agreement, stipulation, term; provision; proviso, bargain. 2. Wager, a bet. 3. Sign, mark, signal. 4. (Gram.) A conditional conjunction. شرط باندهنا To bet, wager, etc. شرط کرنا To stipulate, etc. [favourable wind.
- هرطه . shurta, s. f. A fair wind, a
- مرطى . شرطى shart.i, adj. 1. Conditional;
  provisionary contingent. 2. adv. Certainly, undoubtedly. 3. s. f. A lottery.
- ه، شرطيه shart·iya, adj. Conditional.
- الرع shar, s. m. l. The precepts of Muḥammad, as derived from the Qurān, law, equity. 2. A high road.
- a. شرعی shar-s, adj. 1. Conformable or according to the shar, lawful, constitutional, religious. 2. (met.) s. f. Tight drawers. شرعاً adv. According to the Muh. law, legally, lawfully.
- ترغا مرغا sharghā, Pale-coloured horse.
- مرف sharaf, s. m. (شرف exalted).

  Nobility, rank, excellency, eminence, honour, glory, dignity, grandeur, pre-

- cedence (ترجیع) انا جانا v. n. To excel; out wit.
- A. شریف shurafā, s. (plur. of شریف)
  Princes descended from Mohammed.
- ه. P. شرفیاب sharaf-yāb, adj. Ennobled.
- A. شرق sharq, s. m. l. East (پورب)

  2. Bising (as of the sun).
- A. شرقی sharq-i, adj. Eastern, oriental. Bunny, exposed to the sun.
- Heb. To connect, interlace) s. m. 1. Company, society, partnership. 2. Polytheism, paganism, infidelity (i. e. ascribing plurality to the Deity). The sin of professing that God is not one but has associates. [society.
- ه. شرکت shirkat, s. f. Partnership,
- P. شرم الحي sharm, s. f. (لاح) Bashfulness, modesty, shame (لاحيا) adj. Bashful, modest.
- P. H. شرم) \*v. n. To be abashed, to feel shame, to be ashamed, to blush. شرمنده کرنا ـ شرم v. a. To لنا ـ شرمانا ـ لجانا v. a. To put one to shame. اشرمگاه The privities.
- eharm-sār, adj. Abashed ashamed. [modest, coy.
- P. شرمگین sharm-gin, adj. Bashful
- P. شرمندگی sharmanda-gi, s. f. 1.
  Bushfuluess, modesty. 2. Shame-facedness, repentance, disgrace.
- P. شرمنده sharmanda, (part. pres. of شرمیدی) adj. Blushing, ashamed, modest. (abashed.
- P. H. Langi sharm-īlā, adj. Bashful,

- s. m. سروال sharwāl, (see سروال) s. m. Trousers.
- a. شرط shurāt, s. (plur. of شرط)
- A. وي شرع البندا)، commencement, onset, attack, entering. (Plur. شرع كرنا Beginnings). شروع كرنا To commence, to begin, take the lead, set up, institute. اشروع هونا To be begun or commenced.
- sharah, (Heb. To contend for power) s.m. Desire, appetite, gluttony.
- شرا shirā, See شرىل ه
- A. شریان shiryān, s. f. (शिरा) An artery. A tree of which bows are made. (Plur. شرائین)٠
- A. شریر adj. Vicious, شریر adj. Vicious, wicked (برا) (dakh.) haughty, proud, a worthless scoundrel.
- A. شریعت shari at, (ویث shari at, (ویث shari at, (ویث shari at, (e sh
- مریف sharif, (سوف exalted). adj.

  1. Noble (ابرا) honourable. 2. Highborn. (خاندانی) 3. Legitimate.

  4. Sacred (یاک 5. A title given
  - to the rulers of Mecca. Cor. of Eng. Sheriff. شریف النفس adj. Noble of soul. شریف مکه The prince of Mecca.
- A. شریفه sharīfa. s. m. Custard apple (Annona squamosa).
- هریک ه. m. 1. A (شرکت) s. m. 1. A partner (حصة دار) associate, accomplice, comrade, ally.

- To partake, to join in; co-operate with, participate. 2. A friend. 3.

  Joint, united (شامل) 4. An accessory. 5. A confederate (فيق) 6.

  ل فيق v. a. 1. To include. 2.

  To make one a partner in.
- H. هڙي shārappā, s. m. Making a chapping noise in eating (سڙپ)٠
- large fishing-hook (not used in angling with the hand, but left attached to a strong line which is fastened to the shore). 8. The handle of a bow. 4. A thumbstall (used to defend the thumb in pulling the string of a bow). 5. The 'sight' used in a plane table survey.
- P. شستگی shusta-gī, s, f. Neatness.
- P. مُستّ shust-o-shū, (شستّی) s. f. Washing.
- ed, neat, pure. گفتگ or مسته زبان or گفتگ Pure language.
- P. مشش shash-dar, (شش Six) s. m.
  1. A cube, a die. 2. adj. Astonished, confounded (حيران) ashamed. 8.
  A point of the table at the game of nard from which one cannot extricate himself.
- II. 2. U, Kina shushkarna, v. n. To en-

- courage or stimulate a dog to the chase, by the sound shush.
- P. ششم shashum, adj. Sixth.
- s. ششر shishu, (H. چيا) s. m. l. The young of animals; a child under eight years of age; an infant. 2. A pupil, scholar, 3. A disciple.
- P. شصت shast, adj. Sixty.
- مط shatt, s. Bank of a river. The river Tigris.
- A. مطع shattāḥ, adj. (superl. of شطع)

  Meretricious, lascivious, obscene, artful (چالات) See قاته
- ه. شطرالغب shaṭru-i-ghibb, The tertian ague.
- A. شترنگگ shalranj, (Pers. شطرنج عرباز वत्रंग) s. f. Chess. شطرنج باز A chess-player.
- shatranj-ī, s. f. A kind of carpet, a large carpet made of cotton.
- مطل shatal, s. (dakh.) See سطل
- An under garment. 2. Mark, signal, a distinctive sign. 3. Habit, custom (چال), method, manner.
- spread or diffused, dispersed) s. f. Light, splendour, lustre, the rays of the sun, sunshine, radiance).
- eighth Arabian month. (The 14th day of it is the festival called on this day, an angel is supposed to examine a record, on which are written the names of the living or the night of record on which men's lives and fortunes during the coming year are said to be registered in heaven.). A man's name.
- P. هبنده ه. shu<sup>\*</sup>bada, s. m. Sleight of hand, conjuration. اشعبنده باز s. m.

- A juggler, conjurer. شعبده بازی s. f. Conjuration, hocus-pocus.
- crack of a mountain in which water stands, a channel in which water flows especially through the sand.
- هم. مثمر shar, s. m. Hair.
- هرا مه shu'arā, s. plur. (of عرا الماعر)
- s. سُعلَّه shu<sup>2</sup>la, (شعل To kindle fire)
  s. m. Flame, blaze, light, flash. شعله adj. Blazing, flashing, brilliant.
- Shu shu ar, (from mate, knew)

  Chald. To decide, estimate, knew)

  s. m. Wisdom, intelligence, knowledge, discernment, shrewdness, wit.
- P. اشغال shaghāl, (शृगलि) s. m. A jackal.
- A. Lameutation; accusation.
- a. شغل shught or shaght, s. m. 1. Occupation, employment. 2. Labour, study. 3. Pastime, amusement. 4. Religious contemplation.
- A. افش shifā, s. f. Cure, remedy, healing, recovery (from sickness), convalescence. مثلة الفيدة على المالية ا
- من عند shafā'at, (شفع) s. f. Deprecation, mediation, intercession, recommendation, entreaty.

  To intercede, deprecate.
- A. شفاف shaffāf, adj. (superl. from شف Was thin or pellucid). Transparent, clear, pellucid, very thin.
- shafat, (Heb.) s. m. The mouth, the lip.

- P. شفتالو shaftālā, s. m. 1. A peach. 2.

  The colour of the flower of the peach tree. 3. The bloom of the peach.
- م shaftal, s. f. A bad woman.
- Any possession coveted. حق شفعة joined) s. m. Right of preemption in favour of a person whose possessions adjoin to a land offered for sale.
- shafaq, s. m. 1. Evening twilight, ruddiness of the sky between sunset and dark. 2. Condolence, sympathy, kindness. 3. Fear.
- A. نفقت shafaqat, shafqat, s. f. 1. Clemency, compassion, mercy. 2. Kindness, favor, affection (الين).
- A. عنفش shaff, (مثنع) adj. 1. Advocate, patron. 2. Possessing a right of preemption founded on contiguity. 3.

  Intercessor. (See خفش) منفيع جار شفعة The occupant of ground which is simply in the neighbourhood of another estate. 

  of ground in actual contact, or intermixed with another estate. (The right of preemption is stronger in the latter than in the former case).
- هنيعاً shafī'ā, s. m. A kind of Persian character or handwriting.
- A. شفتی shafiq, (شفتی) ad j. 1.

  Merciful, compassionate. 2. Affectionate, kind; a kind friend.
- s. m. 1. Trouble, labour, suspense. 2. Dawn of day. 3. A fissure, crack, rent, cleft. 4. (in India) A large division of a country.

  Splitting of the moon. مثن القبر To be torn asunder, to be split, rent, &c. \( \frac{8}{1} \) shiqq, s. f. The half of a thing, the side of a mountain, a brother, a friend, difficulty. Sort, kind. [or turnip. P. كالكانة shaqāqul, s. f. A wild carrot

- A. شقاوت shaqāwat, (from اشقا) s. f. Misery, disgrace, poverty, villany.
- ه. شقائق ه. المقرق عنه النعمان عائق النعمان عمان عائق النعمان م. tulip.
  - 2. plur. (of مقیقث) Cracks, fissures.
- A. Law, shaqb, s. A cave, cavern, den: a low, deep place.
- officer appointed to collect the revenue from a certain division of land. 2. adj. Perplexing, uncertain.
- business of a shiqq-dār-ā, s. f. 1. The business of a shiqq-dār. 2. Perplexity uncertainty. [Fissures, &c
- هقوق ه shuqūq, s. plur. (of شقو)
- a. مقتی shuqqa, (شقی) s. m. A royal order, a letter (especially from a superior): (dakh.) a note. Notch.
- A. شقى shaqī, (شقا) adj. 1. Wretched, miserable. 2. Villanous, vicious.
- a. كقيقة shaqiqa, (شق) s. m. Temple of the head. A crack. A pass or space between two mountains. A sister german.
- scepticism, suspense, hesitation, uncertainty. ¶ shikk, s. (in the Qāmūs thus explained, عبر السيتين)

  The covering with which the backs of the two extremities of the bow are covered.

  A. Doubtless; certainly; I agree with you.
- P. کش shikar, s. m. 1. Hunting, chase.

  2. Prey, game, animal food, flesh, meat. 3. Plunder. 4. Perquisites. 5.

  A lawyer's client. شکار افک Gamekiller. شکار باز s. m. A sportsman.

  ناد علی افک s. m. Cords, &c. for tying game in or to (tied to a horse's sad-

- dle). مشكار پيشه adj. Whose trade is hunting. كرنا To hunt, to catch (as prey). شكار كهيلنا To go a hunting. مكار گاه s. f. Place for hunting in, chase. مكار هونا v, n. To be hunted; to fall a victim.
- p. منارى shikār-ā, 1. adj. Of the chase, of prey, relating to hunting, &c. 2. s. m. A fowler, hunter, sportsman, angler. منارى جانور s. m. Birds or beasts of prey.
- الله عند عند عند الله عند الل
- ملکی or شکو shikāyat, (شکو or شکی or شکی complained) s. f. l. Lamentation, complaint, (شکوه) 2. Ailment, illness, accusation.
- rent) s. m. Thanks, gratitude, praise of God. شکر کرنا To thank, to return thanks, to acknowledge a favour. شکر کذار شکر داری Grateful, thankful. شکر نعمت s. f. Thanksgiving, gratitude, thanks, thankfulness. شکر نعمت An acknowledgment of favour. ¶ shakr, s. f. 1. Vulva. 2. Coitus.

- Speaking agreeably, eloquent. شكر adj. Sugar-lipped.
- tude, acknowledgment of gratitude, thanksgiving. 2. A present or fee paid to a pleader, etc. by a successful litigant over and above the legal fees.
- P. اشکر پاره shakar-pāra, s. m. A kind of sweetmest.
- ehakar-istān, s. A place where sugar-canes grow.
- shakar-qand, s. m. (شکر هند sweet, H. کند a bulb). Sweet potato, (Convolvulus batatas).
- P. هکره shikra, s. m. A sparrow hawk, falcon. (Falco).
- P. شکری shakari, s. f. A kind of phālsā so called (Grewia asiatica). [sugar.
- P. شکریں shakar-in, adj. Sugary, of
- هکريه shukr-iya, s. Thanksgiving.
- shikast, (شكست to break)
  s. f. 1. Breaking, fracture, deficiency,
  loss, defeat. 2. (for هكست adj. Broken, odd, uneven, unpaired.

  عرده adj. Broken off, interrupted,
  defeated.
- P. شكستكي shikasta-gī, s. f. The act of breaking, brokenness; defeat, sickness, dejection, affliction.
- P. تشکست shikasta, part. pass. (of سکست) 1. Broken; impaired; bankrupt, sick. Carried away by inundation (land, etc). (Plur. شکستا)
  2. s. m. A kind of writing, the Persian running hand. الله نالي or
  لا تسکستا و (lit. Broken-winged)
  Distressed, broken down, wretched. الله علی s. f. Distress,
  wretchedness, affliction.

- منالی shakl, s. f. Shape, form, formation (بناوت)، figure, effigy, appearance, semblance, mode, way. کثر عبی s. m. A portrait-painter. نویس s. f. A model, a pattern.
- P. شکم shikam, or shikm, s. m. The belly, abdomen (پیات) هکم بنده (پیات) An epicure, glutton.
- a bigbellied man, a glutton: adj. as in Dependent ta'alluqs, the rent of which is paid to Zemindars and not to government. مقررى دار One holding a tenure at a fixed rent under a Zemindar.
- P. شکن shikan, s. f. 1. Shrinking, shrivelling, constringing. 2. A curl, ply, fold, furrow, wrinkle, crease, crumple, rumple (چین) plait. 3. part. act. (of شکستن) in compos. Breaking, routing; breaker.
- s. شكن shakun, (বাক্ৰা) s.m. 1. Any lucky or auspicious object or omen, an augury. 2. A present of money. See

- A. H. شکت shak-nā, (شکت) v. n. (dakh.)
  To doubt, to fear, to be afraid. [tripe.
- P. siim shikamba, s. (dakh.) Paunch
- P. Asim shikanja, s. m. 1. Stocks (for the legs). 2. Boards in which binders press books. 3. A press. 4. Rack, torment, torture. 5. (Mech.) A clamp.
- P. شننی shikan-i, (in compos.) s. f. Breaking, defeat.
- shakwa, s.m. Complaint (شكايت), upbraiding.
- P. مُكُونَة shikūfa, s. m. A flower, bud.
- P. کوش shukoh, s. f. Dignity, stato, grandeur, pomp (دکهاوت)، parade.
- ه. شکویل shakwā, s. m. Complaint.
- s. shikhar, (शिखर) s. m. The peak or summit of a mountain or hill.
- A. P. شکی shakk-i, (شکث) adj. 1.

  Doubtful, perplexing. 2. Sceptical.

  adj. Undetermined, wavering, hesitating.
- P. شکیت shikeb, s. f. Patience.
- P. شکیبا shikeb-ā, (part. pres. of شکیبیدن) adj. Patient.
- P. شکیبائی shikebā-ī, s. f. Patience, toleration, long-suffering.
- ه شکیل ه hakil, (شکل) adj. Wellshaped, handsome (خوبصورت)
- P. شكاف shigāf, (properly شكاف)

  (شكاف) s. m. 1. Split, rent, slit, cleft, chasm, fissure, crack (جهری) flaw, chink, crevice. 2. part. act. (of شكافتى) in compos. Splitting, breaking, &c. 3. The split in a pen.
- P. شكرف shigarf, adj. Rare, fine, great, good, of great retinue and

- state, powerful, beautiful, excellent, glorious, vehement, strong.
- P. walk shigift, or shikift, s. m. Wonder, astonishment.
- P. Sie Shigufta-gī, s. f. Expanding of a flower, blooming; delight, astonishment. Beauty. Expansion of the heart.
- P. شگفتی shiguftan, inf. or verb. n. To bloom, blooming.
- P. كنفث shugufta or shigufta, (rather شكفته) part. pass. (of شكفته) Expanded, blooming, blown (as a flower). هنگفته خاطرى s. f. Blooming or expansion of mind. شكفته هونا 1. To be blown (a flower), to bloom. 2. To be delighted.
- P. مَكُونَهُ shigūfa, or shugūfa or (in Hind.) shagūfa, s. m. 1. A flower, a bud, blossom. 2. A fabrication. (الشفا).

  8. A squib. الشكونة 1. To bud, to put forth young shoots. 2. To produce something new and wonderful.
- P. گری shugān, (शक्त) s. m. 1. Augury, omen. 2. Betrothal.
- P. شكونيا shugūn-iyā, s. m. A diviner, an augur, an explainer of omens.
- eather inserted in the seams of shoes, saddles, &c. ¶ shul, adj. Soft. ¶ shil, a. A small spear, a round fruit resembling a quince. [ging.
- هلاتی shalāq, s. f. Flagellation, flog-
- H. شلبين shalbin, s. Vice in a horse.
- r. شلت shiltāq, s. Picking a quarrel with some one for a groundless cause, accusation, dispute.

- s. f. 1. A round (of musketry, &c.), a discharge, a volley, broadside. 2.
- H. شلدّی shildī, adj. (dakh.) Mad, ill-

Sperma viri. 3. Vulva. [tempered.

- P. شلغم shalgham, s. m. A turnip.
- shalq, s. f. 1. A round, a discharge (of musketry, &c.), volley; broadside. 2. A beating with a whip, &c. 3. Coitus. 4. Salute of guns (سلامی). 5. (slang). A fart.
- 4. شلک shalak or shallik, s. f. For شلک شلق
- P. شلم shilim, or shilm, s. Gum, birdlime.
- P. shalang, or shiling, s. f. The springing up and down of runners in their exercise preparatory to a race.
- shalwār (or shilwār) s. m.
  Trousers. (Long drawers but not so
  wide as the خماحیا)
- (or, a couple of pin-afores, one worn on the breast, the other on the back, and fastened above and below the shoulders).
- sack, &c. in which baggage is fastened previously to being loaded on cattle.
- P. Lam shumā, pron. plur. You.
- at the distress of another.
- ing, computing, calculation, amount (تعداد) numbering; number, account, note, estimation. Beyond calculation.
- P. شماری shumār-ī, s. f. 1. Counting, &c. 2. A rosary. 3. (comp.). Enumeration.
- shamāl, or shimāl, (Heb. from لممل Heb. To comprehend, surround, encircle) s. m. 1. The north

- (أتر). 2. The north wind. 3. The left hand (see under لنمال رو (داهنا Facing the north. لممال نما A mariner's compass.
- a. شمالی shimāl-ī, adj. Northern. a. عمالی shimāl-iya,
- P. Lolan shamama, s. A perfumed pastile.
- A. كالمش hamā'il, s. plur. (of كالمثال)
  Dispositions, qualities, virtues, customs.
- H. شمبالو shambālū,
  H. شمبالی shambālī,
  S. (dakh.) Vitex in genere, the Chaste tree or shrub, in general.
- name of one of Yazīd's generals, who slew Husain in the plains of Karbalā; and hence now means, merciless, wicked, vile, infamous, &c.
- P. شمرنة shumurda, (part. pass. of adj. Numbered.
- A. سورج) (Heb. and Chald. To minister or serve; which the sun does in giving light to the universe.) s. m. The sun.
- affixed to a rosary.
- adj. (solar and lunar) 1. A perquisite taken by the officers of government, being the difference between the pay for a lunar and solar month. 2. A monthly period of three or four days, during which the female attendants in the women's apartments have leave of absence. The solar letters. Those letters which, when in Arabic phrases they commence a noun or adjective having the definite article let, The, before them, require that, in pronunciation, the sound of the

should be omitted, and their own

- P. Jaan shamshād or shimshād, s. m.
  1. The box-tree, a tall straight tree.
  2. (met.) applied to the form of a mistress.
- P. شمشیر shamsher, s. f. A scimitar, sword (تلوار) A sword-man.
- A. بتی) 1. A lamp, a شمع sham\*, s. f. (بتی) 1. A lamp, a wax candle. 2. Wax. اشمعد s. m. A candlestick. شمع رو Having a countenance resplendent as the candle.
- A. Liam shamla, (Heb. from Liam Heb. To surround) s. m. 1. The worked or embroidered end of a turban hanging behind or kamar-band, sometimes tucked into the folds, and sometimes left flying loose. 2. A narrow kind of shawl for tying round the waist or the head.

  [an idolater.]
- P. شهن shaman, s. An idol-worshipper,
- hension, comprisal, inclusion, whole, gross, aggregate.
- s. m. l. A smell, odour; a smatch, smack, smatter, an atom, (قرع) a particle, a little. 2. Habit, custom. [ing.
- هدم shamīm, s. f. Odour, smell-
- هميمة shamima, s. m. Odour.
- P. Lim shinā, s. Swimming.
- P. شناخت shinākht, s. f. Knowledge, understanding, recognition (پهانچان)
- P. شناختی shinās, part. act. (of شناختی)
  in compos. Knowing, intelligent, acquainted with.

P. اشانات shināsā, part. pres. (of شناختی) Intelligent, knowing.

شنا

- P. شناسائی shināsā-ī, s. f. Acquaintance, knowledge.
- P. شناسی shinās-ī, In compos. s. f. Kaowledge.
- P. shinā-war, s. A swimmer.
- P. شناورى shinā-war-ī, s. f. Swimming. [turday. 2. Black Monday.
- P. هنش shamba, s. m. (سنچر) 1. Sa-
- ه. منجرف shanjarf, s. m. for P. شنگرف
- T. شنقار shungar, s. A black-eyed sort of falcon, used by kings in hunting.
- s. شنکر shankar, (शंकर) s.m. 1. A name of Siva. 2. Compendium.
- عنكرا shankarā, (from হাঁকার) s. m.

  Name of a musical mode or rāgiņī.
- shankarābharaņ, शंकरा-भरण s.m. Name of a musical mode.
- इ. क्रिंग क्षेत्र क्ष
- P. shang, 1. adj. Amorously playful, elegant and sweet in manners (a mistress). 2. s. A thief, robber.
- P. شنگرفت shangarf, s. m. Cinnabar, vermilion. Sulphuret (red) of mercury.
- P. نش shanau or shinau,

  parts.

  P. اشنوا shanawā or shinawā,

  (of شنيدن Hearing, hearer.
- P. شنیدی shanid, (شنیدی) s. f. Act of hearing. [worthy to be heard.
- P. شنیدنی shanīdan-ī, adj. Fit or
- P. هنیده shanida, part. pass. (of شنیدی) Heard.

- A. شنيع shani\*, (شنيع) adj. Disgraceful, shocking, abominable, base, adul
  - terous. Arab. fem. خينش Prostitution; sodomy.
- P. بشاتی sho or sha, part. act. (شساتی) in compos. Washing, washer. ¶ shau (contract. of شوهر) s. m. Husband: نوشه (or, in dakh.) a bridegroom: see
- 8. هنو shiv or shiva, (शिव) s. m. The Deity in the character of the destroyer.
- A. شارع shawāri\*, s. plur. (of شارع)
  High roads.
- a. شوال shauwāl, s. m. The tenth month of the Muhammadan year; on the first day of which the festival of Bairām, or id is celebrated, being the first day after the musalmān Lent; and, on this day it is customary to make presents, &c.
- shiwālā, s. m. A temple of Bhiva or Mahādeva. See
- هاهد shawāhid, s. plur. of شواهد
- مرائب shawā'ib, s. m. plur. (of شايبة) Impure things, impurities. Imperfections.

  [(دهوب)
- P. شستی) s. m. Washing
- P. خبش shākh, adj. Mischievous (ابر)

  playful, pert, saucy, brisk, cheerful, buxom, sly, humorous, wanton, bold, strong, insolent, presumptuous. Bright.

  مرح خبش a d j. Wanton-eyed.

  having a playful eye, unceremonious.

  شوخ جشمي Wantonness or playfulness of the eye.
- shor, 1. s. m. Cry, noise, outcry, clamour (ناهوم) din, renown, uproar, exclamation, disturbance, tumult. 2.

Salt, brackish, saline substance; very bitter. 3. adj. 4. part. act. (of شوريدن) Exciting شور انگیز Disturbed, mad. adj. Unfortunate, wretched, infamous. شرر بور شور .Very wet, drenched شرابور see adj. Quarrelsome, encouraging disturbance, noisy. شور چشم adj. Having an unlucky or malignant s. f. Salsuginous شور زمين ground, barren land. شور شار or شور شغب or شور شرابا or شور شر Noise, tumult, disturbance, bustle, clamour. شور محیانا To make a noise, to hoot.

- stretch, to connect) s. Consultation, a council, convention, agreement, mixture.
- P. امور shorā, s. m. Saltpetre; nitre;
- P. شوريا shorbā, s. m. Broth, soup.
- P. شوریدی) s. f. 1.
  Tumult, insurrection, confusion. 2.
  Brackishness, saltness.
- P. | shorwā, s. (dakh.) Broth: see
- P. گوره shora, 1. adj. Marshy, barren (ground). 2. s. m. Nitre, saltpetre. شوره گر s. m. A manufacturer of saltpetre. (کهارین)
- P. شوریت shoriyat, s. f. Saline qua-
- P. شوریدگی shorīda-gī, s. f. Distraction or madness from love.
- P. قريد ها ها الموريد الموريد

- P. شوشة shosha, s. m. 1. An ingot. 2. Chips, rubbish, filth. 3. A particle, a part.
- A. شوق shauq, (Heb. motion or tendency towards any point. To walk hastily, to run about) s. m. 1. Desire, inclination, love, eagerness, avidity, fondness, Interest; ardour; pleasure; taste; fancy (الشنيان) 2. Gaiety, alacrity, cheerfulness. 3. Curiosity. شوق فرق د. m. Pleasure, delight, gratification.
- A. P. شوقی shauq-ī, l. adj. Desirous, desirer, amorous. 2. s. f. (dakh.) See شوق sign. l.
- ه. H. شوقيلا shauq-elā, adj. (dakh.) See
- a. P. شوقین shauq-īn, adj. l. Intent upon, desirous, fond of, devoted to, eager. 2. Lascivious.
- of an epistle which follows the complimental address.
- A. شوکت) s. f. 1. State, dignity, majesty, power, pomp, magnificence (دبنیه) majesty. 2. A or one thorn. شوکت البعیر A thistle. [Hyoscyamus niger.
- P. شوكران shaukarān, s. Henbane,
- paludosa: (The wood of which, being very light and spongy, is used by fishermen for floating their nets. A variety of toys, such as artificial birds and flowers, are made of it. Garlands of those flowers are used in marriage ceremonies. It may also serve to stop bottles. When charred it answers the purpose of tinder).
- shola, (corrupt. from شوله shula)

  s. m. 1. A dish consisting of rice and pulse boiled together and given to sick persons (or منوره with meat). 2.

  For کیون

nate, wretched. شوم طبع adj.

Ill-tempered, stingy. شوم قدم adj.

Unlucky, bad (omen). شوم مزاج adj. Stingy.

عند على الله shomārī, (dakh.) l. adj.

Slothful, lazy, indolent: see سست 2. s. f. Sloth, indolence: see مستى المعانى المعانى

A. H. شومتا shām-rā, m. ad j. Ugly, miserly, miserly, niggardly, avaricious; miser. [food.

H. கியார், s. f. A kind of fried

shūm-ī, s. f. Avarice, niggardliness. [ness.

ه. شرمیت shūm-jyat, s. f. Stingi-

P. شوهر shauhar, s. m. (پتی) A hus-band.

P. شوى sho'i or shu'i, part. act.
(شوگيدن) in compos. Washing.

- star, the nocturnal fire called (commonly) a falling star, a meteor. 2. Flame. 3. (Pers.) ¶ shahāb, A red colour (said to be the colour from the kusum or safflower).
- heing شهد shahādat, (from شهد being present, witnessing. Chald. To testify) s. f. 1. Evidence, testimony written

or oral (اظهار) witness. 2. Evidences, eye-witnesses. 3. Martyrdom. (dakh.) The ring finger. [sity, bravery.

ه، شهامت shahāmat, s. f. Genero

P. منانته shah-āna, m. adj. Royal,
p. منانته shah-ānī, f.

nuptial (dress). [falcon, a royal falcon.

P. شبباز shah-bas, s. A larger kind of

P. g. মানুল shah-bālā, (comp. of Persand and ৰাজ Child) s. m. The companion of a bridegroom. The best man.

P. شبندر shah-bandar, s. A custom-house: a free port: chief custom-house officer.

P. شهپنر shah-par, s. m. Strongest feather in a bird's wing.

الله تره shahtara, s. m. See شهاد على الله على ا

P. شهنتوت shahtāt, s. m. l. A mulberry (توت) 2. Membrum virile.

P. شهتیر shah·tīr, s. m. A beam. See شهتیر under اشاه تیر

P. S. المهاجيال shah-chāl, s. f. A term used at chess, when the king only can move.

هبك كى shahd, s. m. Honey. شبك كى s. f. A honey-bee. [Martyrs.

ه الله shuhadā, s. plur. (of شهيد )

H. المشهدة shuhdā, s. m. A rake, prodigal, debauchee, blackguard, a profligate, a bad or loose oharacter (بدمعاش)، scoundrel, vagabond. Ruined and wretched

H. شهدا پن shuhdā-pan, s. m. Raking, debauchery, dissoluteness. (شهور)

A. 76th shahr, s. m. A month. (Plur-

P. شهر shahr, s. m. A city. شهر 1. A disturber of the peace

of a city, a mistress. 2. A kind of verses. شهر آشوبی s. f. Disturbance of the peace of the city. شهر بدر کرنا An exile. بدر کمنا S. Walls of a city, a prison. اشهر بند s. f. Wall, or intrenchments round a town. شهر پورا s. m. Suburbs.

s. f. l. Renown, fame, celebrity (دهوم). 2. Divulging, report, rumour. [used at chess.

P. غبر خا shah-rukh-ā, s.m. A term

P. خابث shah-rag, (خش and الله shah-rag, (خش and الله على)

Vein) s. f. The great vein or artery in the arm, the aorta.

P. 8, & shah-rah, High road, main

P. شهری shahr-i, l. s. m. A citizen, or any thing belonging to the city, a townsman. 2. adj. Of city.

یار City and شہریار Po شہریار shahr-yār, شہریار Friend, aid) s. m. A prince, a king.

P. شهریاری shahr-yār-ī, adj. Royal, imperial, regal. s. f. Empire, royalty.

P. تابریت shahr-iyat, s. f. (Opp. of Copp. of Copp.)

Peopling, population, township or extent of a city.

عبران ه shah-zād, s. m. See مازاد عبران ع

P. همزاده shah-zāda, s. m. A prince.

a. La shahlā, adj. Having dark grey eyes with a shade of red.

P. instrument, a pipe, a clarion.

P. عَانَي shahnā'ī, s. f. (P. مُشْ great,

i tube.) A kind of musical pipe, flute, flagelet. (A kind of clarionet, a cubit long, having a leaf mouth-piece, vulgarly called شهنائی چی\*سرنائی A player on the shahnāī, a piper.

P. shahanshāh-ī, See

P. شهوار shah-wār, adj. Worthy of a king, princely; s. m. A matchless pearl.

A. شهوت الله shahwat, s. f. Concupiscence,
sensuality, lust (باه)، lechery, desire,
carnal appetite. انگیز adj.
Lust exciting, prevocative, lascivious.

شهوت علی adj. Lascivious,
debauchee, sensual, carnal. شهوت پرستی s. f. Sensuality.

A. P. شهوتى shahwat-ī, adj. Lascivious, lustful.

A. كيث shuhūd, (شهك) 1. s. The being present. 2. adj. Present at the fact. 3. s. plur. (of شاهد) Witnesses.

P. شهی shah-ī, s. f. Royalty: adj.

Royal: see شاهی

على . shahīd, (شهك) s. A witness; a martyr (any Muhammadan killed in battle is so called). The Mah. law distinguishes several different kinds of martyrs. This honourable title is given to the soldier who dies in fighting for the faith, or on his way to do so, or who dies immediately after having been wounded when so engaged; to a person who innocently meets his death from the hands of another; to a victim of the plague, who does not flee from the disease, or of dysentry; to a person who is drowned; and to one who is killed by the fulling of a wall or building. It is said that the souls of martyrs, after quitting their bodies, reside until the day of resurrection in the corpses of greenbirds, which eat of the fruits, and drink of the waters, of Paradise. adj. Killed. الشهيد هونا 1. To be killed in battle against infidels. 2. To fall in love. (A plur. اشهيدان) (Pers. plur.

- هي shai, s. f. A thing, anything, something, somewhat. لاشي Nothing.
- A. P. شید shaiyād-ī, (A. شید) s. f.
  The act of speaking loud.
- هياطين ه hayāṭīn, s. plur. (of شيطان) Devils.
- P. شيب sheb, s. m. l. A descent, declivity. 2. adv. Under, below. See نشيب [coming old, hoariness.
- A. پشین shaib, s. m. Greyness, be-
- P. شيب shibān, adj. 1. Mixed or jumbled together. 2. Trembling.
- venerable old man; a chief, a prelate, a title taken by the descendants of the prophet, and given to proselytes to Muhammadanism. The first of the four classes into which Mahomedans are divided. An abbot, a superior of the dervises or Mahometan monks; a doctor learned in religion and law, a great preacher. عند عند على A figure dressed up by way of sport or charm to stop rain.

هلیخوخت shaikhākhat,

- A. شيخوخيت shaikhākhiyat, 

  Old age. [bragging.
- 4. P. شلخى shekk i, s. f. Boasting,
- P. ميث shaid, s. m. Deceit, fascination.
- P. اشیدا shaidā, adj. l. Mad. 2. Deeply in love. 3. A poet.

P. شير sher, s. m. l. A tiger, a lion. 2. شیرآبی Met.) A brave man. شیرآبی s. m. An alligator. شير ببر Lion. the effigy of a tiger). A person only fit to be looked at, a braggart. شير گردون s. m. 1. The 2. The sign Leo. شیر (Lion-man) adj. Brave, valorous; (in the language of the devout) one who, by the practice of religious austerities, has obtained peculiar eminence in spiritual concerns. شیر s. f. Valour, bravery. مردی adj. 1. Brave. 2. Overpowering; superior; stronger. 3. Excessive; too much. شیرنی s. f. A tigress ¶ skir s. m. (क्षीर) Milk. شيربرنج Riceor شیرخوار \* کهیر milk: همیر or A suckling, an infant, a شيرخوارة babe. شير خوارگي s. f. Sucking, living on milk. شیر شکر 1. A kind of silk-cloth. 2. Affection. شیرگرم شير مال .Milk-warm, luke-warm s. f. Bread made with milk (or sweet bread). شیر ماهی The seer-fish, a sort of tunny fish or mackarel. شير A fine plump suckling, a

- P. کانی ده ازه shārāsa, s.m. The stitching of the back of a book, sewing button-holes. شیرازه بندی s.f. The binding of a book.
- P. شیرانه sher-ana, adj. or adv. Tiger-
- shīr khisht, s. A substance which rests like dew on certain trees and is used in medicine; mauna.
- P. Sjam shersa, s. Force, power (Burh.

qāṭi\*). (dakh.) A certain small species of lion, a cat, the erysipelas. See عزيد [tigress.

P. H. شيرنى sherni, s. f. A lioness or

- s. f. Sweetmeats, &c. offered in memory of saints, &c.
- P. شيرة shīra, s. m. Syrup, juice (especially of fruit), new wine, must. (A sweetmeat or syrup, made of sugar, with sometimes the addition of wheat flour, milk, ghī, and dried cocoa-nut, resembling thick treacle, and eaten with bread dipped into it. شيرة ريوند Gamboge.
- P. شيرى shīrī, 1. s. f. Part of a ship.

  2. adj. Milky, relating to milk. 8. ¶

  shor-ī, adj. Of or like the tiger. 4 s. f.

  Tiger-like conduct, intrepidity, boldness-
- ed. 2. Pleasant, gentle, affable. 3. Name of the mistress of Farkād. الما الما علي adj. Of sweet manners. الما شيرين الما Eloquent, sweet-spoken, affable شيرين زباني adj. Of gentle manners, of mild disposition. شيرين طبع Sweet or pleasant in speech.
- P. شيرينى shīrīn-ī, s. f. l. Sweetness. 2. Sweetmeat. 3. An offering of sweetmeats. 4. Eloquence.
- ع. شيش shīsh, (सीस) s. (dakh.) Lead, blacklead. See سيس
- g. شیش shisham, (शिंशपा) s. f. A kind of wood. (Dalbergia sisoo.)
- P. هیشه shīsha, s. m. Glass, a bottle, a glass. بازی A juggler. هیشه بازی s. f. Juggle, legerdemain.

- P. شیشه shīshī, s. f. A small glass,
- A. شيطان shaiṭān, (from شيطان Heb.
  To be disobedient or hostile or rebelled) s m. 1. The devil, Satan. 2.
  A firebrand. 3 Noise, quarrel. 4.
  Anger. 5. Slander. شيطان كى
  The devil's guts, any thing very long and winding (as a lane).
- A. P. شيطانى shaiṭān-ī, adj. Devilish diabolical.
- a. شيطنت shaitanat, s. f. Devil's tricks, wickedness, malice, mischief.
- A. هيئة shī'a, (حلي Became public, followed a leader) s. m. A follower of the sect of alī, a sectary. A multitude following one another in pursuit of the same object. (Pl. شيع). See Sale's Qoran, Prelim. Disc. Sect. 8.
- ه شیعی shiya'i, s. A follower of the sect of ali: see هیش (Pers. plur.
- P. كثيث shifta, part. pass. (of شيفتي)

  Distracted, infatuated, enamoured, mad. A poet. A lover. [hemlock.
- P. شیکران shaikarān, s. A species of
- P. شیلان shīlān, s. A tablecloth.
- A. شیس shain, s. Disgrace.
- H. شین shīn, s. (dakh.) A copper cover for pots.
- ब्र. شير shīv or she'o, (शिव) n. prop.

  The Deity in the character of Destroyer, or Time personified. See

- a. شيوبرت shīv-bart, A Hindū fast or holyday.
- a. شيورات shīv-rāt, A night so called by the Hindûs.
- P. شيون shīwan, s. m. Grief, lamentation.
- profession. 2. Manner, habit, custom.
  3. Amorous looks.
- P. شیم shīha, s. m. Neighing of a horse.

## ص

صاد مهمله بقط (or, swad) called صاد مهمله the fourteenth صاد غير منقوطة letter of the Arabic alphabet, does not properly occur in the Persian language; but, in a few words it has, in modern times, been substituted for the original to distinguish them from others of a different signification; as, in originally www One hundred; and in originally شست Sixty; to prevent their being confounded with An aim. It شست A wall, and سد has no corresponding letter in the Sanskrit alphabet. In Persia and Hindustan, its pronunciation is hardly distinguishable from that of سر; but, among the Arabs, its sound is stronger than the last and with a mixture of w. In the notation of numbers by the letters of the Arabic alphabet it represents 90. As an abbreviation it is used for oic the name of the second month in the Arabian calendar.

It is one of the radical letters. Some Arabic words are written indifferently with and it is as and in the infinitive of a verb, it is changed into as if or it is changed into as it. To open a vein. When Persian words containing are introduced into Arabic, the

- is changed into صیی as صیی for China.
- 4. H. مابان ṣābān, s. m. Your honour.

  (dakh.) plural of صاحب
- مبر eabir, (part. act. of صبر restrained) adj. Patient.
- a. P. مابری eābir-ī, s. f. Patience.
- مابی  $\hat{a}ban$  or  $\hat{s}abun$ , s. m. Soap.

  A. مابونی  $\hat{a}b\bar{u}n$ ,  $\hat{a}b\bar{u}n$ ,  $\hat{a}b\bar{u}n$ ,  $\hat{a}b\bar{u}n$ ,  $\hat{a}ban$  or مابونی  $\hat{a}ban$
- A. \_\_\_\_ eā h i b, (part. act. from a. m. A lord, a title of courtesy equivalent to master, companion: (in compos.) possessor, possessed of, endowed with, &c. 3. Husband. 4. Sovereign, ruler. 5. A gentleman, a European gentleman. 6. God. 7. Sir, master. 8. A friend, (Plur. Arab. or in Pers. -Possess صاحب اختيار · (صاحبان ed of free election or option; a sovereign. صاحب اقبال Fortunate, prosperous. حاحب تاج Possessed of the crown; a king. تخت صاحب Possessor of the throne; a king. adj. Beautiful. Master of the house. A pious man, a good man. عاحب زاده Genteelly born, a young gentleman. صاحب سليقة Endowed with taste, a man of taste. Possessed of genious; a person of discernment, genius, or One of the صاحب طریقت way, or religion, or sect. — صحب Designing, selfish. غرض صاحب كال Intelligent. عقل adj. Perfect, excellent; a saint. Possessed of rank or dignity. بنصيب ماحب نصيب

adj. Discerning, intelligent; a pious man. ولايت One who has access to God; a saint.

- of the fortunate conjunction of the planets) s. m. An invincible hero, a great emperor; an epithet or title of Timur. [The dignity of sāḥib-qirān.
- ه. P. قراني قراني بقبانه ماحب قراني A. P. قراني
- a. ماحیک بقابه فاهی و فاحیک علی s. f. A lady, mistress, dame, &c.
- a. P. ماحبی مقابنه، s. f. 1. Rule, command, lordship. 2. A kind of grape so called. 3. A kind of silk cloth. كرنا To lord, to rule, to govern. [of the Arabic alphabet.
- 4. I sad, s. f. The fourteenth letter
- adj. 1. Proceeding, emerging, flowing, arising, returning, going forth, issuing, produced, happened, arrived, passed.

  2. Hurting the breast. عادر هون To proceed, to be produced, derived, emerged, issued, &c.
- A. قال ف ق d i q, (part. act. of مدن told the truth. Heb. To be, or be esteemed, just) adj. 1. True (سچا), good, just, sincere. 2. Applicable, exact. عادق القول True of speech. (Fem. هادقه).
- A. clo sã, s. A measure consisting of four mudd, each mudd being equal to one and one third ratl.
- A. Käclo ṣā'iqa, (from نعن Heb. and Chal. To call aloud, make a noise, thunder, strike with lightning) s. Lightning, a thunderbolt, loud rolling thunder.
- act. of صافی part. part. of صافی part. act. of صافی was clear. Heb. To be clean or clear) adj. 1. Clean (پاکت) clear, fair, pure, candid, innocent,

- downright, flat, level, even. Cleaned out, swept. 3. Unsoiled, unspotted. 4. Unadulterated. 5 Transparent, bright. 6. Unruffled. calm, 7. Legible. 8. Perspicusmooth. ons, lucid. 9. Apparent. 10. Open, frank. 11. Distinct, express, direct. 12. Regular, methodical. 18. Indisputable. 14. Decided, peremptory. 15. Untouched, unmolested. 16. Wellpractised, expert, ready. 17. Lat. integer, (Bot.) Entire. Adv. Distinctly, plainly, clearly; in plain terms; without reserve or guile. s. m. A صاف دل cloth worn round the head. adj. Of a pure.
- Heb.

  To be good or useful) adj. Good, apt, fit, proper; just. s. m. 1. A man of probity and honour. 2. A sedate, steady person (opposite to enthusiast). 3. Virtuous.
- مالے بقانیّم, adj. f. (of صالح) Virtuous, chaste, good. (Plur. صالحات)
- adj. Silent; irrational, inanimate. (Pl. ).

  [Artificer, maker, creator.
- adj. Right, going straight to hitting the mark, well aimed. [(Pl. عياغ)
- ه. عائنغ عالم بق'igh, s. m. A goldsmith.
- A. صوم بقه بقه بقه بقه بقه الله بقه الله بقه Heb.
  To fast) 1. A faster. 2. (adjectively)
  Thirsty. صايم الدهر One who fasts always.

- breeze, an easterly breeze. a morning breeze, a refreshing wind (generally blowing from the east at the equinox), zephyr. ¶ (A. dakh) Morning, in the morning. Youth, youthful ardour or love. See
- dawn of day. عباح الخير 1. Morning on salutation, good morning! 2. Name of a bird.
- A. == a bā hat, s. f. Beauty,
- A. ¿ a b à gh, (part. act. of e.e. Heb. To stain or paint) s. m. A dyer, one whose business it is to dye.
- A. out sabān, s. (dakh. from out)

  The morn, the morrow, to-morrow; in the morning; early.
- aurora, dawn (ایهرر) الاتراک) Morning, مبع خیز الاتراک مبع خیز الاتراک مین ماه مین الله مین
- A. بعضبه معنو مهر abr, s. f. 1. Patience, toleration, endurance. 2. Sufferance

  (برداشت) 

  \*\*Bubmission, resignation (توكل) 

  \*\*To wait, to have patience, to endure. ¶ \* a b ir (improp. \*ibr) A species of aloes.
- A. sabāḥ, s. Wine drunk in the morning, wine which may be for use in the morning.

- A. P. مبوحی abūḥi, s. f. A bottle for holding wine; the morning draught of wine. مبوحی کش A drinker of the morning draught. [mild.
- مبور مه sabūr, (صبر) adj. Patient,
- a. P. مبورى eabūr-ī, s. f. Patience, forbearance.
- A. عبى به عامة, (Ch. To will, to desire, to love; the affections being strongest in youth) s. m. A youth, a boy (Plur. subyān or sibyān).
- a. e a b i h, a d j. Beautiful, a lovely face. s. A fine complexion.
- eabiya, s. f. l. Damsel, girl, child, daughter. [Companions.
- ماحب siḥāb, s. plur. (of بماحب)
- A. eahābat, B. f. Society.
- not used in this sense). The companions or personal disciples of Muhammed.
- saḥḥāf, (adj. superl. from فحاند) s. m. A book-binder, a book-seller, especially of Quran.
- A. سفالت جمابة if, s. plur. (of مفيحة)
  Books, leaves, pages.
- A. eahb, s. plur. (of Companions, &c.
- ship, society. 2. An assembly, a fair. 3. Coition, cohabitation. 4. Discourse. 5. In company.
- A. P. جنتى بuhbat-i, s. m. Companion, comrade.
- A. نخت بناباه می Heb. and Chald. To be pure, clear, shining, sound, entire, healthy) s. f. Health, (تندرستی)، entireness, soundness

(درستی)، perfection, integrity, accuracy, correctness, truth, perfection, authenticity; confirmation. عنانه s.m. A necessary.

- A. المحت جماعة على المحتال ال
- معرائی ۹۵ به معرائی ۹۵ به معرائی A. P. معرائی
- مهنک saḥnak, s. f. See صنک م
- adj. Accurate, just, pure, perfect, entire, sound, certain, authentic, correct, right, genuine.

  Genuine descent.

  1. To sign. 2. To correct. (Arab. fem.
- محلفک saḥīfa, (محث) s. m. Abook, a leaf, a page, a letter.
- P. এএ sad, adj. Hundred, cent. (হান).
- A. المان sadā, s. f. Sound, tone, echo (آواز)، voice, a reverberating noise. Rust, a rusty sword. Contracting rust.
- adārat, (صدر) s. f. The office of prime minister, or of chief justice, the chancellorship.
- A. ولك علاق بسطة, (وك To split) s. m. Vertigo, megrim, headache.
- A. عدت eadāqat, (from عدت Heb. and Ch. Was just, true, sincere) s. f.

- Sincerity, candour.
   Friendship.
   Truth.
   Loyalty, fidelity.
- P. عدبرك ,ad-barg, s. m. (H. كيند)

  Name of a flower. The Indian marigold. (Rosa glandulifera).
- A. صدر To proceed, to come forth, to become public, to be revealed: Ch. To arrange, to regulate) s. f. 1. The breast, the thorax, the foremost or highest part of any thing, the first place or seat in an assembly. 2. Exaltation, preeminence. 3. Chief, supreme, foremost, first. 4. Government. 5. Principal, capital. 6. The beginning, the first part (of a day). صدر The first seat of precedency. The chief judge, chancellor. The superior court of justice. صدر نشین A president, one sitting in the first seat. صدرى s. f. A jacket, waistcoat.
- sadaf, s. f. A shell, a shellfish, a pearl. An oyster, mother of pearl.
- A. مدن sidq, (Heb.) s. m. Truth, veracity, sincerity, candour.
- s. m. l. Alms dedicated to pious uses.

  2. Propitiatory offerings to avert sickness (اتارا) 3. Gift, donation.

  4. Favor, grace, kindness. مدقے حانا

  To become a sacrifice for the welfare, &c. (of another).
- A. مدمه sadma, (مدم To impinge, to dash; beating, bruising) s. m. A blow, contact, contusion, misfortune, shock, adversity, accident, calamity, collision.

  A blow of fortune. (Pl. صدعات)
- A. على بالمارة بالمار
- P. هدى ṣad-ī, s. A century, centenary.
- a. مديق به adiq, adj. Just, true; a sıncere friend. ¶ siddiq, s. m. A most sincere believer. (fem. عديقة).

- A. arāḥat, (— To be pure, genuine). 1. s. f. Palpableness. 2. Pureness. 3. adj. Pure, unadulterated. 4. Explicitness of declaration.

  adv. Publicly, evidently, expressly, explicitly.
- a. P. عراحی surāḥī, (صرح) s. f. l. A goblet, a longnecked flask, a flagon, a gugglet, jar, jug. 2. (Post). A beautiful neck. مراحی دار adj. Shaped in the form of a surāḥī (a pearl).
- A. blp sirāt, s. f. A direct road, a way. مراط المستقيم The right way, i. e. the Muhammadan religion. ¶ surāt, A long sword.
- arrāf, (adj. superl. from طرف dealing.) s. m. A banker, a money-changer.
- where bankers transact their business, a bank.
- a. P. مرافی ṣarrāf-i, s. f. l. Banking, money-changing. 2. The discount on exchange of coins.
- A. مراصر earear, s. f. A cricket. A cold boisterous wind. (Pl. صراصر)
- A. sar, s. f. The epilepsy, falling sickness.
- metal), to purify, to try or explore) adv. Purely, merely, sheerly, only, solely, alone, unmixed (خالی) adj. Pure, mere. ¶ sarf, s.m. 1. Expenditure, cost (خرج) 2. The orthographical and etymological parts of grammar, accidence. 3. Dexterity. 4. Increase, gain, excess. 5. Changing, turning (anything) out of the direction it was taking, converting, volubility.

  6. Vicissitudes of fortune. مرف کرو (Etymology and syntax)

- ترف هونا .f. Grammar in general. ترف هونا .To be expended.
- pending. 2. Profusion, profit, utility, surplus, redundancy, addition. 3. The twelfth mansion of the moon, a star in the tail of Leo. 4. Economy

  ((عراب)).
- a a r f ē, adj. Grammatical. s.
- A purse, money bag, or group. The treasure sent to Mecca and Medina each year by His Imperial Majesty the Sultan, and various functionaries, for the support of various officers or pensioners attached to the sacred places.
- adj. Apparent, clear, palpable; gross great. adv. Evidently, plainly.
- ه. احتام sarihan, adv. Clearly, openly.
- sarir. s. f. The scratching sound of a pen, the grating of a door, &c.
- A. Las eab, adj. Hard, difficult, arduous, troublesome, disagreeable, disobedient, perverse. [hardship, trouble.
- A. عوبت عربت su'ābat, s. f. Difficulty,
- A. 3320 sa wa, s. A little bird, a sort of sparrow with a red head, or a starling. The pied wagtail.
- A. مغیر i gh ā r, plur. (of صغیر from صغیر Heb. To be small) Small. مغر The small and great, the populace. [ness, minuteness.
- A. sighar, s. m. Smallness, light-
- مغير eugharā, adj. plur. (of مغير)
  Small, inferiors.
- 1. adj. اصغر sughrā, (fem. of عفرى) 1. adj. Less, least. 2. s. m. The minor term or premiss of a syllogism.

- A. هغير مغير adj. Small, فغير الله adj. Small, inferior, junior, minor هغير سن adj. Of tender age.
- A. فق عمل saff, s. f. 1. Series, order, line, rank, file (of soldiers), row. 2. A long mat. أرا فق Arraying, marshalling; marshaller. مف آرائی or فف مندی s. f. Array, battle-array, parade, tactics. جنگ s.f. The ranks of war, the field of battle.
- clear, to shine) s. f. 1. Purity, cleanness, clearness. 2. Pleasure, joy, content. 3. adj. (dakh.) Pure, clean.
  4. Name of a mountain near Mecca.
- Qualities. عفات ثبوتية The affirmative or positive attributes of God, as power, seeing, hearing, knowing, etc. عفات سليد The negative attributes, as fellowlessness, illimitability in time or space, etc.
- ن اتى sifātī, adj. Opp. of فاتى ما اسفهان] Acquired, artificial.
- P. Jalas sifahān, Name of a city: See
- P. عفاهاني ṣifāhān-ī, adj. Of or belonging to Ispahān.
- A. P. مفائى معاقى معاقى معاقى معاقى معاقى معاقى والعمارة. عنه والعمارة وال
- A. ففت describing) s. f.

  1. Praise. 2. Quality, attribute. 3
  Manner, description. 4. A noun adjective. 5. Like, resembling. 6. A
  definition (تعریف) 7. Epithet.

  ففت موصوف An adjective (with its substantive).

- the face) s. m. Page (of a book), surface, face.
- The second month of the Muhammadan year. (On the 20th day of this month is held the festival of Sar-o-tan, in commemoration of the junction of the head and body of Husain. The 28th and the last days of this month are reckoned unfortunate; the former on account of Hasan's being poisoned by his wife; the latter because destructive vegetables are supposed to be produced on that day). ¶ sifr, s. m. A cipher, zero, nought.
- A. اربت بafrā, s. f. (الله عنوا) Bile, gall, yellow, pale, livid.
- A. مفراوى safrāwī, adj. Bilious.
- A. عنوف sufūf, s. plur. (of منوف Lines, ranks, rows.
- A. Lie suffa, s. m. (or wie s. f.) A place for reclining on before the doors of eastern houses, a sofa, a couch; porch, or roofed vestibule, or the like.
- اسفهان eifuhān, n. prop. See اسفهان
- P. عنهاني sifahān-ī, adj. Of Ispahan.
- من عفر عفر عفر adj. 1. Pure. 2. Just. 3. n. prop. The name of a Persian dynasty that reigned from 1503 to 1736, founded by Shāh Ismā'īl عمرة, and overturned by Nādir Shāh.
- A. صفير مفير To whistle) s. f. 1. Sound, whistling, a hissing noise, blowing, singing (as, of a bird). 2. A sapphire.
- A. Le silā, s. m. For علد ¶ salā, s. f.

  Annunciation, invitation (بالوا)، voice,
  proclamation.
- ness, hardness, severity, majesty, dignity, valour.
- a. alāt, (from Lo Ch. To pray)
  s. f. 1. Prayer, benediction. 2. The first chapter of the Qur'ān.
- A. قالم به alāt, (for علوی) s. f. A prayer, benediction.

- Heb. To prosper) 1. s. f. Peace, concord, treaty. 2. Rectitude, integrity, goodness of state or condition, prosperity. 3. Advice, counsel. 4. adj. Advisable. 5. Choice, volition (علل الرافة) Adviser, counsellor. ملك كرنى To consult, advise, to take counsel together.
- A. ناملی salāhiyat, (صلح) s. f. 1.

  Virtue, chastity, integrity, goodness, probity, sanctity: fitness. 2. Capacity, authority (to act). 3. Mildness. 4.

  A deposition (الظهار) 5. A report or return made by the police.
- 2. Burning. 3. Teasing, fretting, vexing. ¶ sulb, The loins, the flanks; (met.) offspring.
- sulh, s. f. Peace, reconciliation, treaty, truce, compromise, concord.

  لل على s. f. Perfect reconciliation, definitive treaty. على A written deed of pacification, a treaty of peace.

  A. على علامة, s. plur. (of اصال Pious.
- A. مالے sulaḥā, s. plur. (of صالح) Pious, upright men, virtuous men.
- added often to the name of Muḥam-mad) formed from the ubbreviation of the following words عليه salla-l-lāhu alaihi wa sallama, The blessing and peace of God be with him.
- A. الله على alli-ala, Blessed very only ملى under ملى under ملى
- ملوة salawāt, s. plur. (of صلوة and علما) Prayers, benedictions.
- A. Solo salāt, s. f. l. Prayer, benediction. 2. Compassion or mercy of God.
- joined) s. m. 1. Conjunction, connexion. 2. A present, a

- gift. 3. Poetic license. 4. The relative in respect to the antecedent.
- 5. Remuneration (بدلا) مله حرف صله A conjunctive particle.
- A. ملى عالة, 3d. pers. mas. sing. of past tense, He blessed or was merciful towards. ملى الله عليه sulla-lihu alaihi, The blessing of God on him! ملي الله عليه alaihim, The blessing of God be on them!
- Hard. 2. Three-cornered. 3. s. m. A crucifix, a cross.
- A. من بنس mm, (from من Ch. To contract, stop up) adj. Deaf. من علم adj. Deaf and dumb.
- silent. ¶ simmat, Adverse fortune.
- 2. adj. Eternal, perpetual, permanent, high; the eternal, God.
- A. عمدانی samdān-ī, adj. Divine.
- A. place samsām, or äslass s. f. A sharp sword.
- A. غمض samgh or samagh, s. Gum, the tears of a plant, an aromatic. الما خربي Gum arabic.
- موت عموت samūt, adj. Silent.
- adj. Pure, unmixed, sincere. The best part (of anything).
- ميمى بقسة بقسة. Pure, sincere,
- 1. Princes. chiefs. 2. Misfortunes, dangers. 3. Troops, battalions.
- A. clie sunnā, s. plur. (of cole)
  Artificers, mechanics, handicraftsmen.

¶ sannā\*, adj. Very skilful or expert in workmanship; a skilful artist.

- A. تناع بنام عناء To make)
  s. f. Art, trade, profession.
- A. مناعة عمرة عنامة anā'; ", s. plur. (of قدائع)
  Arts, artifices, miracles.
- A. بدائع صنائع sanā i badā i, (अलंकार) s. m. Rhetoric, figures of speech.
- A. العندل به andal, (चन्दन) s. m. Sandal wood, sanders. (The word often means a perfumed embrocation obtained by rubbing a piece of sandal wood with water on a stone called العندل كا كبر (dakh.) The heart of the sandal wood العندل العام or s. (dakh.) A flat circular stone on which sandal wood is ground.
- A. H. عند لوتا eandal-auṭā, s. m. A stone on which sandal wood is ground.
- a. P. oithe sandal-i, 1. adj. Of the colour of sandal wood; light yellow, brown, sorrel. 2. Made of sandal wood. 3. s. f. A kind of chair. 4. s. m. A sort of eunuch whose parts of generation have been entirely extracted. 5. A moveable scaffold.
- m. Box, trunk, cabinet, case, chest, coffer, coffin. (Plur. صنادیق)
- A. P. مندوقچه eandūq-cha, s. m. }

  A. P. مندوقچی eandūq-chī, s. f. }

small box, a casket.

A. عند san or sun, s. Making, crea-

- \*\* san or sun, s. Making, creation. sana, adj. Eloquent or fluent (of tongue): industrious, dexterous. sin, adj. Dexterous, clever.
- from (عند made skilfully) s. f. 1.

  Profession, trade, art, craft, make, workmanship, manufacture, fabrication, skill, work of art, machine, engine. 2. Mystery, miracle. 3. A figure of speech.

- tist. عنعت گری s. f. Art, performance of miracles. عنعتی a d j. Artistical. [Article. Part, portion.
- A. iio sinf, s. f. Species, kind, sort.
- idol. 2. (Poet.) A mistress, lover, sweetheart. 3. The name of a game among children. منو Akin.
- a. P. المنابعة عند sanam-khāna,

  A. P. المنابعة عند sanam-kada,

  idol temple.
- منوبر عالم sanaubar, s. m. Fir (چیڙ), pine, any cone-bearing tree.
- A. sawāb, (,) ( To hit the mark) s. m. l. Rectitude, the right, truth, a virtuous action, justness of acting or thinking, reason, the right way, success. 2. The reward (of faith, good works, etc.).
- A. بعن saub, s. m. Side, tract, way.
- A. P. موجعات بقائم. s. plur. (of صوبه) Provinces.
- A. موبعة بقائم s. m. l. A province. 2. A governor. (Term peculiar to Hindustan). (pl. موبعات) •
- A. P. july saba-dār, s. m. l. The chief, viceroy, or lieutenant of a province. 2. A native military officer among Indian troops, whose rank may be compared to that of captain.
- of lieutenant of a province, the government of a or province.
- A. e saut, s. f. Sound, voice, clamour, noise, calling for help, shout, shriek of distress.
- suwar, s. f. A kind of musical instrument, a horn, clarion, a trumpet.

  ¶ suwar, s. plur. of صورت
- A. عار sūrat, (from 11. of صورت Heb. and Aram. To form, to fashion) s. f.

1. Form, figure, shape, face, features (کہری) countenance, fashion, appearance, probability, portrait. ner. 3. Condition, state, case, predicament, plight (حالت)، circum-(اثار) 4. Signs stance. (Gram.) Mood. 6. Means (شكل) A copy, transcript, abstract. In case, در صورتیکه or در صورت provided that. اشقا An ac-Assuming صورت پذیر Assuming or receiving form. صورت پذیر هونا To come to pass, to come into existence. صورت جال s. f. A statement, form or state of condition or case, written declaration. Plausible, whose appearance promises much more than events will justify, specious, superficial, fair without and foul within. صورت ديوار Like a picture on a wall; aghast, مورىت گر struck with astonishment. Painter, sculptor, limner.

A. S, e sūrat-an, adv. As to form, in shape, in appearance.

مورت sūra, s. See صورة م

a. عورى بقة فرى apparent.

a. موف بقر, s. m. Wool, and the word is applied to silk, thread put into a Persian inkstand, and cotton. (house).

H. is a sifa, s. (dakh.) Hall (of a

A. موفق بقرآن, 1. adj. Wise. 2. (from Gr. σοφὸς; or, from being clothed in woollen:) s. m. A soft or sūfī. A peculiar sect of Mah. devotees. They are free thinkers or pautheists conforming outwardly to the Mah. creed. (Pers. plur. عوفيات). 3. adj. Woollen. 4. A dancing dervise. 5. A deist. 6. An abstemious person.

A. عوفية ṣūsīya, s. The ṣūsīs or sect of ṣūsīs.

A. eaulat, s. f. Fury, violence, impetuosity. A determined attack, rush, assault.

a fast. 2. One who fasts. 3. A Christian church. 4. adj. Silent.

A. decope sauma'a, s. m. A monastery.

A. Wine, especially red wine. [ing (of a horse).

ahil, s. The neigh or neigh-

A. مید saiyād, (adj. superl. of مید Heb. Hunting) s. m. (P. شکاری)

A hunter, fowler, fisherman. (امیری)

2. (Poet.) Heart-ravisher.

a. P. میالی saiyād-ī, s. f. Hunting, fowling, shooting, &c. [fasting.

A. ميام siyām, s. m. A fast, the act of

A. Liva siyan, s. m. Keeping.

a. <u>esiyānat</u>, s. f. Defence, gnarding, keeping, preservation, support. Observation.

aid, s. f. (اشكار) 1. Game, prey, animal pursued, fished for, &c., hunting, chase. 2. (Pigeon flyers).

Rivalry, competition. صيد افكن or صيد افكن Killer of game.

a iraf, or هيرفى ع. A banker, a judge of money or jewels: a deceiver, a cheat.

A mould (for easting metal). 2. A word declinable and derivative. 3. (Gram.) The peculiar termination of a word in a grammatical view; its form as indicative of case, mood, tense, etc. The mood, tense, case,

person, gender, and number or voice of a verb, conjugation, derivation, form (of process in law). 4. Trade, profession. 5. A form of words used in marriage ceremonies. 6. Section; department; office. (Plur.

- ه. ميف عنه, s. Summer.
- a. میقل به eaiqal, (مقل polishing) s.m.

  1. Polishing, polish, cleaning arms or tools, furbishing.

  2. The polishing or furbishing instrument.

  میقل کرنا A polisher, burnisher, armourer.
- A. P. ميقلى saigl-ī adj. Polished.
- على على بin, s. China : see چلي

## ض

ضاد معجمة or swad), called معجمة ضاف and ضاد منقوطه the fifteenth letter of the Arabic alphabet, does not occur in Persian, nor is there any corresponding letter in Sanskrit. In Persia and Hindustan its pronunciation is hardly distinguished from that of j; but, in Arabia it is a mixed sound of d, th, and w, only to be acquired from natives of that country. In the notation of numbers by the Arabic letters it stands for 800. It is one of the radical letters. The J of Persian words, when they are introduced into Arabic, is often changed into this under When three of these letthe تقضض the تقضض darting of a hawk upon his prey, the last is changed into as And in verbs of the measure the servile after this letter is اضطراب عد ض or to ط changed to ضرب from اضراب or

منط main- فنط main- فنط main- فنط main- فنط tained) s. m. I. A governor, master,

- possessor, restrainer. 2. Strict; punctual. 3. Self-denying; abstemious; continent. 4. Patient; enduring. 5. Holding firm, provident.
- A. هابطة چقانزa, s. m. Canon, ordinance, law, rule.
- Heb. and Ch. To laugh) One who is laughing. Satirist, mocker, ridiculer. Flashing (clouds).
- A. غارب به بقrib, part. act. (of ضرب)
  Beating, bruising, stamping, coining.
- A. افل بقال, part. act. (of ضل) 1. Straying. 2. s. m. A prevaricator.
- was responsible.) s. m. 1. A surety, a sponsor, security, bail, bondsman, guarantee. 2. A small piece of wood connecting the two tubes of a huqqa. 3. Rennet.
- a. P. فامندار ṣāmin-dār, One having a bail or surety, person bailed.
- A. P. فامنى بقسنه، بقسنه، عند بقسنه، عند بقسنه، عند عند المناس، ع
- A. فائع بَهُ 'i" (part. act. of وفيع به غائع به قائع غائع به قائع به قائع به قائع به قائع به قائع به قائع کرنا Lost, destroyed, perished, fruitless, abortive. فائع کرنا To lose, to destroy, to consume, to waste.
- A. فيط فيط في held fast)
  Government, direction, discipline, regulation, check, control, possession.

  ال كنط كرنا To take possession, seize, confiscate, rule over, watch, preserve, restrain, check (passion). To seize or attach property, confiscate, resume (an estate). فيط هرنا To be taken possession of, to be seized, confiscated, &c.
- A. P. فبطى ۽ a b إن -ī, 1. s. f. Confiscation, sequestration, forfeiture (to the state). 2. adj. Confiscated.
- ed to the sun. Heb. To be expossining) s. m. Basking in the sun. The meridian. Breakfast-time, that part of the day, about half-way be-

tween sunrise and meridian (i. e. the brightest part of the day)

s. f. Name of a festival celebrated on the 10th of sī-hijja, when an animal is sacrificed in commemoration of Abraham's sacrifice of his son Isma'īl according to the Musalmāns.

- A. Jao suhā, s. See Lo
- a. غنی جمله a kh ā m a t, s. f. (مخنی large) Thickness, bigness, bulk, volume.
- A. من sidd, s. f. The contrary, the opposite (as virtue to vice), contrariety, opposition. ند کرن To persist, persevere, contradict, to spite.
- A. P. فدى بidd-ī, adj. Perverse, contrary.
- A. på sarr, (Heb. Strait, adversity, hostility) s. m Loss, damage injury, hurting, distress.

- مر بان به arar, s. m. (ضر hurt) l. Injury, damage (زیان), detriment,
  wrong (جوت), mischief, harm, loss,
  ruin. 2. Affliction, anguish.
- necessitated) adj.
  1. Necessary, expedient, urgent, im-

- portant, requisite, unavoidable; subst. The necessary. 2. Essential; indispensable. 3. Incumbent; obligatory; imperative.
- violence, compulsion, constraint, 2. Want, indigence, necessity, exigence.
  - adv. Necessarily, of or by necessity.
- A. فرورى بarūrī, adj. Necessary.
- a. فروري بات بarūriyāt, (plur. of ضروريات)

  8. f. Necessaries, requisites.
- A. فعنف şu'afā, s. plur. (of ضعيف)
  Weak (persons), infirm, poor.
- A. سفيعف به آئم, (ضعف) adj. Weak, infirm, impotent, emaciated, feeble, faint, frail, old. فعيف البنيان or فعيف البنيان Frail of structure or body. منابات فعيف لحيف لصعنف الحيف لصعنف الجثة لمانيان المحيف الحيف المحيف المحيف المحيف المحيف المحيف المحيفة والمحيفة المحيفة المحيفة
- a. P. ضعیفی چa'īf·ī, s. f. l. Weakness, emaciation. 2. Old age; infirmity.
- ه. من به all, s. m. An error, a vice.
- A. امْل عالمة عال
- A. part. 2. A district, a division of a province. 3. A column (in the page of a book). 4. (in Hindustan) The art of speaking with double meaning, so that the chain of both senses be uninterrupted through the discourse. (This is called in Persian and Arabic

- A. ملك چalal, s. m. An error.
- ه. منه بamm, (عيش (Chald. contract, knit together) s. m. Contraction, conjunction, incorpora-2. The vowel point (') pronounced as the Italian short u or as the English u in full.
- A. J.A.o şamād, (prop. şimād) s. f. bandage or fillet for binding the head or a wound. 2. A plaster, an embrocation, cataplasm. 3. A liniment; ointment. [bail, suretiship.
- A. فمان ṣamān, s. The being surety,
- م. نسان بamānat, s. f. } See فامني عس A bail-bond, security.

ضمير amā'ir, a. plur. of ضمير

- A. 1. The cover of a letter. 2. The contents, body, any thing comprehended, contained or inserted, subject, an idea, conception. 8. Suretiship, an obligation. 4. Aid, favour. 5. A clause (in legal regulations), section, article. Redeeming, ransoming.
- A. Uso simnan, adv. 1. Comprehensively, by implication, tacitly, by the by, by the way, indirectly. 2. By way of security.
- فم samma, s. m. See
- amir, s.f. 1. The mind, heart, thought, reflection, sense, conscience, conception, idea, comprehension. 2. A personal pronoun.
- # a m i r i, adj. Of the mind or thought, pronominal.
- A. Lalad samima, s. m. 1. Addition, thing incorporated, incorporation. 2. Appendix (LALL). 8. An extra, a supplement to a newspaper.
- \* samin, s. A sponsor, a surety.
- ضابطه awābit, a. plur. of ضوابط

- فيف بiyāfat, s. f. 1. (فيف entertaining) A grand feast (دعوت) a banquet, convivial entertainment. 2. فيافت . Invitation. قبيافت To entertain, to feast, to treat.
- A. فيغم şaigham, part. Biting. s. m. A lion.
- and fem. ضيوف and fem. غيعه) adj. Hospitable, convivial. s. m. A stranger, a guest.
- سيق , made narrow) ضيق made narrow) (Heb.) s. m. Anguish, veration, melancholy, affliction, anxiety, doubt, oppression, depression of spirit, or any thing that tortures the mind, hippish-Difficulty; dilemma. s. m. The asthma, shortness of breath. I said or saivid, adj. Contracted, narrow, straitened.

طای or Arabic tā, called طای طای غیرمنقوطه or مهمله sixteenth letter of the Arabic alphabet, does not occur in pure Persian; but in compliance with Arabic orthography, it is sometimes introduced in Persian words which were originally طبرزد , as, طبرزد for طبر خون ; Bugar-candy , تبرزد تبر خوں, Red sanders. It has no corresponding character in Sanskrit. Its genuine sound is stronger and harsher than that of — As a numeral, in the numerical application of the Arabic alphabet, it stands for 9: and, in almanacs it represents the sign Capricorn. When this letter is the first radical of Arabic verbs, the servile تفاعل تفعل of the measures and انتعال may be changed into which is joined by idghām with the b of the root; and, if the first letter thus becomes quiescent, a hamza is prefixed; as, for tatahhara idhhara. [able, good, pure, excellent.

- A. بلغة طاب <u>t</u>āb, (Heb.) adj. Sweet, agree-
- A. طبق غ a b i q, part. act. (of طبق)
  Corresponding. A commercial house in liquidation.
- building of a circular form with an arched or cupola roof, a wooden structure in gardens, &c. for the guarding of them.
- اطری فری tārī, part. act. (of طری) Happening, occurring, intervening.
- a. عالس غ ā s, s. m. 1. Brocade. 2. A cup, goblet, bowl, the vessel in which water is cooled. 3. Cards.
- bourin, timbrel, tabour, small drum, open at one end and usually suspended from the neck of the player: or, a drum of a semicircular shape, played upon with two sticks, and invariably accompanied by the marfā.

  One who plays on the tāsa.
- طاعت ta'āt, s. plur. of طاعات
- a. طاعت tion, obedience, obsequiousness. (Plur. طاعات)
- ي طاعون به tā'ūn, s. Plague, pestilence.
- a. طغی) s. m. Rebel, طغی) s. m. Rebel, insurgent. [flowing, full of drink.
- مانع عانع adj. Over-
- ان يقوم الله بقوم الله الله الله بقوم الله بق

- To refuse, to disobey.
   To neglect, to abandon.
   خات جفت s. m.
   The game of odd or even.
- A. طاقت فل الله غلام able to طوق). (بل الله غلام) Strength, power, force, patience, a bility. طاقت آزمائی الله علام علاقت الله علام الله علام علام الله على الله ع
- A. P. في طاقع dimin. of
- P. خالف بغ a q a, s. m. A piece of silk or woollen cloth.
- pecially one worn under the headdress: a balcony: a cornice.
- A. P. طاقی <u>tāqī</u>, 1. adj. Wall-eyed (a horse or a man). 2. Arched. 3. s. f. Froth of urine.
- sought) 1. Asking, demanding, interrogating, desirous. 2. s. m. An inquirer, a seeker, a lover, asker, candidate, exacter. List worldly or List or List was a last or List or List worlds.
  - student, Arabic scholar. طالب مامی or علمی student, Arabic scholar. علمی or علمی s. f.
    Search of knowledge, study. (A. Plur. الله). [Wicked, villanous.
- A. علل talin, (part. act. of علل) adj.
- 1. Rising (as, the sun), arising, appearing. 2. s. m. Fortune, prosperity. 3. Destiny (good or bad), fate, chance, horoscope. 4. The dawn.

s. f. Trying one's fortune.

Fortuneteller, astro

loger. طالع مند adj. 1

طالع ور Wealth. 2. adj. 1. Fortunate. 2. Wealthy.

طال

- A. عالم tālūt, n. prop. Saul (the king)
- P. dala tā māt, s. Inconsistent words, unintelligible talk, words barbarously uttered.
- A. عنا بقسن بقسن بقسن بقسن المناسع ال (H. لالچى) adj. Covetous (اللحي)، greedy, desirous.
- لم ي طالح س يق tā'ūs, (Ch. Gr. Taws) s. m. A peacock ( ) •• () •
- A. طهر tāhir, (part. act. of طهر Heb. and Ch. To be pure) adj. Pure, unsullied, chaste, clear, holy.
- لم الكر to fly) طائر ه. to fly) 1. Flying. 2. s. m. A bird (پرنده) (طيور Plar.)
- طوف غُرُّ فَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ going round) 1. Going round, making the circuit of any thing. 2. s. Nightwatches or patroles. 3. Name of a city in Arabia. 4. A corps, gang (حداعت) 5. A caravan.
- A. هُنْ غَنْ طَأَنُعُمْ dig. Nocturnal rounds or watchmen, from To go round) s. m. People, tribe, nation, family, a troop, a band (particularly, of musicians and dancing women); suit, equipage.
- A. Libb, s. f. 1. Medicine for body and mind, the science of medicine. 2. Magic. طبی adj. Medical.
- A. طبابت tabābat, s. f. The practice of medicine, the medical profession.
- طبخ tabbākh, (adj. superl. of طبخ Heb.) s. m. A cook.
- الله tabūshīr, s. f. The sngar of the bamboo, a siliceous deposit in the joint of the bamboo used in medicine; also the ashes of the roots and joints. بئس لوچن 800 .

- ه. ه. ا. A ves طبق علاق . ه. ا. A ves sel for kneading dough in. 2. A large dish or tray. 3. (slang) The crown of the head. blow, box, cuff.
- P. de da da neha, s. m. A slap,
- طبيعت s. plur. of طبيعت
- P. طبرزد tabarzad, s. Finest white sugar very hard or candied.
- ه. عنب المنع المعالم المنع ab\*, (Rab. from طبع stamped Heb. To dip, immerge, impress or stamp) s. f. l. Impression, stamping (چهاپ) printing. 2. Nature, genius, temperament (خصلت)، quality, disposition. 3. Edition. طبع طبع .s. f. Trial of genius ازمائی Invention, production of genius, طبع کرنا .produced by the genium To print.
- العم ب غرب به d d ق, adj. Natural, not acquired (اعلى) innate, constitutional.
- A. طبعیت tab'iyat, s. f. Nature, genius, disposition, constitution.
- مبق به tabaq, s. m. (طبق covered) 1. A cover. 2. A plate, a dish, a large brass dish, a leaf, a disk, a tray. 3. Gold leaf, tinfoil, &c. 4. One thing following another or consecutive; the story of a house, crust, a layer or stratum (پرت)، &c., class, order, degree. 5. Region, kingdom, world.
- A. P. daib tabaq-cha, s. m. A small plate, a saucer.
- A. H. طبقرّی tabaq.rī, s. f. A small box; the bells or rattles that are let into the disk of the tambourin or timbrel.
- منقه له tabqa (prop. tabaqa,) s. m. story, floor, stage, degree, class, order, rank (درجة) shelf.
- A. طبل يabl, s. m. A drum, atabal (a very large sort of drum, used in the field of battle.
- A. P. فيل إهال إها. A drummer

- ablaq, s. m. 1. A bundle of papers. 2. An open-end cover.
- A. P. طبلک tablak, s.f. A little drum.
- bourin. (A couple or pair of drums, played upon at the same time, one with each hand) 2. A wooden dish, or large platter, generally of wood and painted, on which fruits, perfumes, &c. are exposed for sale or as presents. 3

  A small box. A small box. One who plays on the difference of the difference
- a. طبلی tabli, s. f. The tympany, windy dropsy; the dropsy in the abdomen.
- P. aşib tabancha, s. m. See aşii or
- A. tabīb, (de) s. m. A Mah. physician. [of a physician.
- A. P. duib tabib-i, s. f. The business
- anything dressed, especially roasted or parboiled. A decoction, an apozem.
- a b i ' أ, adj. Natural, of nature, innate, intrinsic.
- P. طپیدن tapān, part. act. (of طپیدن)
  Palpitating, as tated. [See تپش
- P. طيش tapish, s. f. Mental agitation.
- P. طپیدی tapīdan, s m. See نپیدی
- P. طپیده ṭapīda, part. pass. (of طپیده)
  Agitated, flouncing, fluttering.
- A. ما طحال عنه بنائي dipāl, s. f. The spleen (تلى)، the milt. Tuhāl, A disease in the spleen, splenetic.

- A. طرح To cast, lay) عراح s. m. Architect. [ture.
- tarrāḥ·ī, s. f. Architec-
- A. طرار To cut) s. m. A pickpocket, impostor, a cheat. ¶ adj. Eloquent, fluent of speech, litigious.
- طراره بهرنا tarrāra, s. m. Quickness, exdelicion; speed, velocity. طراره بهرنا To stretch out, or bound (a horse at full speed). [fluency, eloquence.
- A. P. طراری tarrër-i, s. f. Quickness,
- Lace, fringe, embroidery, &c., any ornament on the border of a garment.
  2. Manner, form. 8. part. act. (from delication) in compos. Adorning, ornamenting with needlework.
- P. غرازی tirā x-ī, s. f. (In compos.)
  Adorning, ornamenting.
- الراوت tarāwat, s. f. Freshness, verdure; moisture, humidity, dampness.
- مرب المربكة tarab, s. f. Cheerfulness, mirth, hilarity, joy, jubilee; skipping or dancing for joy. طربكاة Place of merriment.
- A. طرحه tarh or tarah, s. f. l. Manner, mode, air. 2. Position, establishment. 3. Ejection, throwing. 4. Form, description. 5. A plan, design. 6. State (حال) 7. Foundation; base. 8. A line or verse set, shewing the metre in which the poem is to be written. The description of the poem is to be written. A discreption of the poem is to be sorts. To throw away. elegance. طرحداری To throw away.
- مرز بالم tarz, s. f. Form, fashion, manner, way. modus operandi (قطنگ)
- طرف taraf, (or tarf, from طرف A border or tract of country. To tarn

away, to strike the eye, compress the eye, wink, looked towards) s. f. (dakh. s. m.) Side, way, manner; margin, corner, quarter, extremity; towards. طرف ثانی ۱. A defendant. 2. An enemy. 3. (met.) A wife. طرفدار علی علی s. f. Following, partiality, assistance, &c.

- A. طرفة العين turfatu-l-ain, (prop. tarfatu-l-ain). The twinkling of an eye, winking.
- مرفه الجمبا)، rare, agreeable (thing).
- A. طرف طرف طرفیی طرفین Both sides, both parties concerned (جانبین)
- A. طریق turuq, s. plur. (of طریق)

  Ways, &c. ¶ tarq v. a. Beating with a rod (cotton) in order to separate and rarefy it.
- arriqi, imp. 2. طرقو مه طرقو مه طرقو مه طرقو مه ers. plur. (II. conj. of طرق ) Make way! طرقو کنای A clearer of the way before a great man.
- ment made of gold or of gold and precious stones or an ornamental tassel worn in the turban, a tuft, crest. 2. A ringlet, a curl, crest. 3. A nosegay. 4. A plume of feathers.
- مريق على الطرقو) s.f. 1. Way, coad. 2. Manner, custom, fashion. 8. Rite, religion. (Plur. طرق)
- A. طریقت طریقت طریقت له tariqat, s. f. )

  1. Way,

  A. خینه tariqa, s. m.

path. 2. Manner, mode. 3. Religion, sect. 4. The better sort of people. 5 The best, or cream of the joke; to crown all. A hierarchy, an order (of dervishes).

- 4. dust, s. A bowl or large cup.
- e. طشت tasht, (Pers. ششت) s. m. A large bason, ewer or cup, a bowl.
- P. طشترى <u>tashtarī</u>, s. f. A saucer, small plate.
- A. طعام ta'ām, (from طعام Heb. To taste, to eat) s. m. 1. Victuals, meat, refreshment, viands. food. 2. Eating.

  A large spoon to serve out food (rice) with.
- A. Kash tu<sup>2</sup>ma, s. m. Food, bait, dinner. Taste, savour.
- to pierce) s. m. l. Blame, disapprobation, taunts, chiding, censure. 2. Striking with a spear in battle.
- A. منعل المعامة المعا
- rial signature; an order. The royal titles prefixed to public papers, which are generally written in a fine ornamental hand. 2. A sort of writing.
- Heb. description, (from طغی Heb. To err, to stray, to rebel) s. m. Rebellion, sedition, perverseness, disobedience, insolence.
- A. P. عنیانی tughyān-ī, (چڙهاو) s. f. Excess, deluge, inundation (ه. ابرانه)
- H. طفراق tafrāq, s. (dakh.) Blow, slap, box on the ear.
- A. طفل tift, s. m. (H. حجة) An infant, a child, young, tender (boy or girl). A baby, bantling, a young animal. (Plur. Arab. اطفال Pers. اطفال).
- A. P. طفلانه tift-āna, adj. Childish, like a child.

- A. P. طفلی tift-i, s. f. Infancy, child-hood.
- A. طفولیت پر dildhood. s. f. Infancy,
- A. طفیل tufuil, s. m. f. A parasite, a glutton, one who uninvited accompanies one of the guests to a feast; (used adverbially). By the means, through, for the sake, intervention; mediation (فریعه).
- A. P. طفیلی tufāil-ī, adj. Parasitical.
- A. ملل tall, s. The dew.
- e. كال غازة, s. m. 1. Gold (سونا).
  2. Gold fringe. طلابافي s. f. Goldtissue. طلاكار م طلاكاري A gilder.
- A. الله ينال An ointment, liniment, embrocation, used esp. for impotency. اطلاكرنا To anoint, besmear, embrocate.
- الت loosed, separated.) علق loosed, separated.)

  8. f. l. Divorce, repudiation. 2.

  Oath. طلاق نامة A deed of divorce.
- talāqat, s. f. Eloquence or freedom (of tongue).
- 4. علليعة tilāwa, (corrupt. of طليعة or طليعة) s. m. Night-watch, rounds, piquet, patrole.
- P. طلائى يilā-ī, adj. Golden, gilded.
- طلیه <u>tilāy</u>a, s. m. Night-watch:
- salary (قانخواک) 2. Desire (حالات)، wish, inquiry, search, petition, demand, request, application, sending for, call, summons. 3. part. act. (of طلبانی) in compos. Seeking, seeker, requiring.
- A. P. ailub talab-āna, s. m. Daily pay

- to constables, &c. paid by those they guard, &c.
- ous. 2 part. act. Asking, inquiring. 3. s. m. One who receives pay.
- A. P. طلبداشت talab-dāsht, s. Invitation, summons.
- A. P. طلبكار talab-gār, adj. Desirons; (substance.) seeker.
- A. P. طلبكارى talab-jār-ī, s. f. De-siring, wishing, inquiring, seeking.
- 4. خلله talaba, (or tulaba for الله tulabā) s. plur. (of اطاله) Inquisitive, the studious, students.
- A. P. طلبی ṭalab·ī, 1. adj. Requisite, desirable, summons (بلاوا) 2. s. f. See طلب sign. 2.
- A. P. البيد talabida, (part. pass. of dlust) adj. Sought.
- talisman, or magical image, upon which, under a certain horoscope, are engraved mystical characters, as charms against enchantment, or fascination. They use talismans as preservatives in various ways, particularly in burying them with treasure, to prevent it from being discovered; enchantment. 2. The black art ().
  - (Gr. Τέλεσμα). Plur. طلسمات Talismans, a spell.
- A. P. dumalistilismāt-ī, adj. Talismanic, manic, magical.
- A. dlal'at, s. f. Appearance, aspect, face, countenance.
- A. طلف talf, s. m. A gift.
- A. lalb talfā, adv. Gratis.
- A. طلق talq, s. m. Talk, mica. Being repudiated, divorced (woman). Being set at liberty. The pains of child-birth. (Pers. قلك).
- the sun طلع الله علاء, s.m. (علله the sun rose.) Rising (as, of the sun, or of s

- star, &c.). de de de To rise (the sun), to ascend. To appear, to grow (teeth).
- A. طلیعه tali'a, s. m. The piquet or advanced post, the vanguard.
- P. de tamācha, s. m. See
- A. ولطبع tammā\*, adj. (superl. of طبع)
  Covetous, wishful, greedy.
- P. مانی به tamāncha, (or میانی from تیانی s. m. A slap (تیپ )، blow, box, thump, cuff, &c. or الله مارنا or الله مارنا To give a slap, to cuff.
- (اطمینان) tamāniyat, (اطمینان) (prop. طمانینت from طمانینت) s. f. Rest, repose, tranquillity, composure.
- r. طرات tumturāq, s. m. Magnificence, grandeur, pomp, show.
- ambition. 2. Wish. 3. Allurement;
  sop; lure. عرا To covet.
- T. Asiab tamancha, s. m. 1. A pistol.
  - 2. (slang) A damsel. See asii
- A. بانك # a n ā b, s. f. A tent rope (سار).
- A. خانر tannāz, adj. (superl. of طنز)

  Facetious, jocose, jocund, ludicrous, mirthful, funny.
- A. P. dilj dannāz-ī, s. f. Playfulness.
- a. طنب tunub or tanab s. The cord or rope of a tent, curtain, &c. (plur. اطناب).
- A. die tambu, s. m. A tent.
- a. divide tumbūr, s.m. 1. A Turkish lute or guitar, with a long neck, and with six wires or brass strings. A sort of wires atgut strings instead of wires. 2. A drum (in Hindustan).

- dine, s. m. See طنبور sign. l. or, a Turkish guitar of three brass strings; a mandoline.
- santry. 2. Ridiculing, sneer, taunt, sarcasm, biting speech (بولی).
- A. Jib tanzan, adv. Sneeringly, in joke.
- a sound) Sound, resounding, re-echoing of musical instruments, fame. 2. Rumour. 3. Pomp, dignity, state, show of authority. 4. Childish passion, frivolous rage 5. Pride, vanity (اكرة) 6. Humours; airs. The murmuring of water.
- anin, s. f. Buzzing, noise, sound, echo, fame, rumour.
- ing, encompassing, pilgrimage, making the circuit of کعنه or temple of Mecca or of some other holy place.
- A. طوالت <u>tawālat</u>, s. f. (H. لنبا)
  Prolixity, protraction, length.
- A. طوائف tawā'if, s. f. plur. (of طائفة) People, nations, troops, bands (particularly, of dancing girls).
- ترب بغ tōb, s. f. A cannon, piece of ordnance, gun: see
- A. طاب Heb. To be good or delicious) l. s. m. Name of a tree in paradise, whose fruit is said to be most delicious. 2. adj. Excellent, sweet, good, better, best.
- A. de taur, s.m. 1. Mode, manner, fashion, way. 2. Condition, state, action. 3. Conduct, bearing, demeanour. ¶tūr, A mountain; (met.) Sinai.
- tūs, n. prop. 1. Name of a city in Khurāsān. 2. A sort of woollen cloth.
- A. طوسی  $t \bar{u} s \bar{i}$ , 1. s. f. A colour so called; a kind of purple or brown. 2. A native of  $t \bar{u} s$ .
- B. b, totā, s. m. A parrot.
- P. توتی (Pers. توتی) B. 1. 1. A

small parrot, a paroquet. 2. A small singing bird, so called from its fondness for tut mulberry; the common Rose Finch. 3. A common winter visitant throughout India, often caged.

النا طوطی کے سے هونته مل دّالنا (lit.)
To rub or twist one's parrot-like lips, is used by way of an affectionate or friendly admonition: thus:

بولا نكر اى يارتو هريك سے بكر كر مل دالے كا طوطى سے كوئى هونته پكر كر مل دالے كا طوطى سے كوئى هونته پكر كر Do not, my love, indulge in the habit of speaking angrily to every one; lest some one should twist those lips of thine which emulate the parrot's in redness. 4. (Poet.) An eloquent speaker.

- A. طوعاً وكرها tau'an o karhan, adv.
  Willingly or unwillingly, nolens
  volens.
- making the circuit, going round. 2. Pilgrimage, the procession round the temple of Mecca. Circumambulation.
- To go round, encircle) s. m. 1. An inundation or deluge. 2. The universal deluge. 3. A hurricane, a storm of wind and rain (آندهی) (analog. to Gr. Τυφων), a tempest. 4. (met.) Calumny (بهتای)، defamation, aspersion. 5. Noise, riot. 6. A fire brand.

  النا مانان للنا المنان للنان المنان المنان للنان المنان المنا

اشک کلگوں جیب وداماں پر مرے غلطان ہیں \* اس زمانے کے تو لڑکے بھی کوئی طوفان ھیں

The tears of blood fall on the collar, nay even to the skirt of my garment; even the children of the present day are promoters of quarrel.

tūfān-ī, adj. 1. Stormy, tempestnous, of a deluge. 2. (met.) Quarrelsome, boisterous. 3. Slanderous.

1. A collar, a badge of slavery yoke.

2. Necklace, chain (for the neck, whether by way of ornament or of punishment; that for ornament is, as a solid collar of gold or silver weighing from four ounces to nearly a pound), a ring. طرق زنجير Irons, manacles.

Circle. طوق زنجير كرنا To imprison, to put in irons.

- tūl-ānī, s. f. Length.
- A. طولیدوی tūlīdūn, s. m. Fox's grapes, nightshade. (Solanum nigrum).
- heaped)

  A book, a volume, a roll, an accountbook, a long or tedious story. A heap

  (الثلا)
- P. توی عانق عاری s. A feast, an
- a. طول) adj. 1. Long, diffuse. 2. A kind of long verse. طول طويل Prolix, diffuse.
- s. m. 1. A long rope with which cattle are tied, a tether, foot-band, fetter; hence, 2. (vulg. tawela) A stable, a stall.
- became pure. Heb. and Ch) s. f. Purity, cleanliness, sanctity. Washing either entirely or partially. Ablution; ceremonial; purification. (Washing the face, mouth, hands, arms, and feet, in a particular order. When this is not possible sand may be substituted, which ceremony is termed.

must be performed as soon as possible after the dry purification, or the latter is nullified. (liness, purity.

على طهر . tuhr, s. m. Purification, clean-

A. طهور tahār, l. s. That by which any thing is made pure or clean. 2 adj.

Pure, purifying. شراب طهور The water of paradise, nectar.

A. في إهار (Heb. To spin) s. m. Rolling up, folding, travelling, passing or crossing over. طى كرنا 1. To fold, roll up. 2. To constrain. 3. To abridge, to make a compendium. To surround. To cover or fill up. 4. To travel, to pass or cross over. 5. To close; dispose of (حكانا) To be travelled over.

A. طیر taiyār, adj. (superl. of طیر)

Flying, running swiftly, fleet; a winged animal; (in Hindust.) meaning

Ready, &c. See

A. H. طیاری taiyār·ī, s. f. Readiness,

agreeable. Legal. ¶ tib, s. m. 1. Perfume, odour. 2. Essence.

المير ه tair, s.m. 1. Flying. 2. A dird. See طائر bird. See فاتر birds, &c.).

A. طيران tayarān, s. m. Flight (of

aish, s. f. Levity, folly, anger, passion, rage, choler, indignation. [See

ميطرى ه. Name of a bird.

A. طین tin, s. Clay, earth, loam.

A. طينت dinat, (Ch.) s. f l. A piece of clay, earth, plaster, mortar. 2. Nature, temperament, complexion, innate disposition (خصلت) genius.

A. طير tuyūr, s. plur. (of طير) Birds.

ظ

or خالف على the seventeenth letter of the Arabic alphabet, does not occur in pure Persian, nor has it any corresponding character in the Sanskrit alphabet. In the notation of numbers by the Arabic letters, it stands for 900. It is one of the radical letters; and, when it commences a verbal root, the servile نقال in the measure نقال من المناف المناف

did wrong) 1 s. m. A tyrant, an oppressor (ستمكر) 2. adj. Tyrannical, cruel, unjust. 3. (met.) Applied to a beloved person or mistress.

apparent. Heb. To shine, appear) adj.

1. Apparent, evident, open, clear, manifest, plain.

2. Patent; prominent; glaring.

3. m. The outside, the external, appearance خاهر پرست adj.

Minding the outside or external; a superficial observer.

Specious, plausible, showy.

To publish, show, disclose, discover, reveal, exhibit, manifest, explain, tell, pretend.

Specious, plausible.

Openly, apparently, in public.

Specious, plausible.

Specious, plausible.

Specious, plausible.

Specious, plausible.

Specious, plausible.

To become public or manifest.

adv. Outwardly, openly, publicly, seemingly. [parent.

A. P. ظاهرى gāhir-ī, adj. External, ap-

A. ظبی abi, (Heb.) عابی A deer, ع

wild buck, a chevrel, a zebi, a gazelle, a roe, a doe.

- A. ظرانت garāfat, s. f. 1. Beauty. 2. Politeness, elegance, gracefulness, gallantry. 3. Wit, humour. (Pl. ظرائف)
- A. نظروف ۱۰ (Pl. فروف ۱۰ (Pl. عبر ظرف)

  (ظروف ۱۰ (Pl. الرتى)

  الاستان ۱۰ (المرتى)

  المرتان ۱۰ (المرتى)

  المرتان ۱۰ (المرتان المرتان ا
- adj. l. Ingenious, polite, acute, subtile, industrious, dexterous, gallant, good, elegant. 2. Witty, arch, comical. Speaking elegantly. Beautiful, graceful.
- A. P. ظريفانه earif-ana, 1. adv. Ingeniously, elegantly, wittily. 2. See
- طفر عافر عافر. A. Jafar, s. m. 1. Victory, triumph.

  2 Gain, profit. 3. Nails or claws. ظفر عاب adj. Victory (in) signs, victorious. طفریاب Victorious, conqueror.
- A. فالله gill, (Ch.) s. m. Shadow. A cooling shade. Darkness of the night. Protection, guard. خال الله or ظل الله or ظل الله Shadow of God; (met.) A king, an emperor. ظلم مام فاله مام كام فاله May his or their prosperity continue!
- A. palām, s.m. Darkness, obscurity.

  ¶ gallām, (adj. superl.) A great oppressor; very tyrannical.
- الم على gulm, s. m. 1. Oppression, injustice, tyranny, injury. 2. Violence, outrage. 3. Grievance; duress; hardship. 4. A heavy assessment.

- ظلم كرنا . Oppressed. اظلم كرنا To oppress, tyrannise.
- A. فلمات gulmāt, or gulamāt, s. f. 1.

  (Plur. of ظلمت) Darkness, regions of darkness. 2. A dark place where the water of immortality is said to be.
- A. علمت gulmat, s. f. Darkness.
- adj. (superl. of ظلم) Cruel, most oppressive, unjust, tyrannical.
- A. dib gulla, s. m. A covering, any thing shady, a cloud. [(place).
- ه. ظليل alil, (ظل) adj. Shady
- alim, Affected by injustice; milk not quite turned; earth thrown out of a well; a male ostrich.
- and ظماة Having an excessive thirst. Burning with desire.
- opined.) 1. Suspicion, jealousy, opinion, thought, imagination. 2. Impression, notion. 8. Conjecture.
- م. ظنون علنون gunūn, s. m. 1. Suspecting.
  - 2. (plur. of ظی) Thoughts, suspicions. ¶ ganūn, A suspicious man.
- A. P. ظنى gann-ī, adj. Supposed.
- pudiation, or saying what is tantamount to, and has the effect of regular divorce; as, "You are my mother," or, "I sucked the same breast as you." A penance is requisite to do away the effect of such a speech.
- time after the sun has passed the meridian when it is most sultry. ¶ gahr, s. f. The back, the upper or outer portion, as the outer fold of a letter.
- A. غلبور au hār, s. m. 1. Appearing, arising, manifestation, visibility, com-

ing to pass. 2. Accruing or arising (as a cause of action). Reign, dominion, fame.

- a. أي غابورا a u h ū rā, l. Auspiciousness; grace. 2. Light; life; ornament. 3. (slang) A son.
- ahīr, (ظهري) s. m. l. An assistant, aid, associate, ally. One who backs; protects, &c. 2. A poetical name of a Persian poet.

3

عین or عین مهمله or عین or the eighteenth letter of the Arabic alphabet, does not occur in pure Persian, and has no analogous character in Sanskrit. It is one of the guttural letters, being formed in the lower part of the throat, by a compression of the fauces stronger and deeper than that used in the formation of hamza. Its sound has been compared to the voice of a calf calling its mother, or that of a person who is making some painful exertion. It is one of the radical letters. In the denotation of numbers by the Arabic letters, it stands for 70. In Persian words introduced into Arabic it is sub-

stituted for العل for its for its

(Fem. عابده)٠

A. عبر a b ir, part. act. (of عبر Heb.)

Passing; (substant.) A passenger.

(fem. قابرة) [teeth.

A.  $\hat{a}j$ , s. m. Ivory. Elephants'

unable) adj. 1. Unable, weak, humble, exhausted, dejected, hopeless, crippled; overcome. 2. Baffled; baulked, frustrated. 3. Supplication; helplessness. [humbly.

A. P. ajje ajiz-ana, adv. Weakly,

A. P. عجزى aj iz-i, a. f. Weakness,

dejection, humility, (انکسار).
To implore, to beseech.

A. اعجل ājil, part. act. (of عجل)
Hastening, fading, frail, fleeting. adj.

Transitory, agile.

- A. عالت (adat, from عود accustomed Heb. To return) s. f. Habit (بان)، custom, mode, manner, usage, practice, rite, observation. عادت كرنا To adopt a habit, to introduce a custom, to accustom. اعادت عادت adv. Habitually.

  (Pl. عادات). [tamite.
- A. P. عادتی adat-ī, s. m. (met.) A ca-
- A. عدل adil, (part. act. of عدل soted justly) adj. Just, equitable. (Fem. عادل)
- A. عالى قَطَة, part. act. (of عالى Heb. to pass) 1. Passing. 2. Superseding. 3. Transgressing. 4. adj. Unjust, wicked. 5. (substant.) An enemy. 6. adj. (irreg. from عالى but much used in Hindūstān) Accustomed, addicted. Common, of every-day occurrence. عالى كرنا To addict. (fem.
- A. عرى ar, (from عرى being bare Heb.

  To be naked) s. f. m. 1. Bashfulness, modesty. 2. Ignominy, disgrace, shame. 3. Reproach, scorn.
- A. عارس aras, s. (dakh.) See
- a. عرض) s.m. 1. The cheek. 2. An accident, misfortune. 3. A muster-master, also the general of an army 4. part. act. Happening, befalling. 5. (law) To bar, debar, interdict. Contingence. (fem. عارفة)
- a. عارضه arişa, s. m. 1. Any thing necessary to be done, an accident, an event, an affection. 2. An obstacle, hinderance. 3. Sickness, disease, indisposition, disorder (بيماري)

- A. P. عارضي, adj. Accidental, not real or inherent, adventitious, casual.
- 1. adj. Wise, sagacious, penetrating, devout. 2. s. m. A holy man, a saint. (Plur. عرف or عرفا)
- A. P. عارفانه ārif-āna, adv. Wisely, piously, adj. Wise, pious.
- adj. l. Naked, bare; void of, free from, destitute. 2. Tired, wearied, sick of. 3. Undone, ruined, helpless.
- eye, taking away.) s. f. Borrowing or lending any thing which is itself to be returned. The loan of a thing. See
- a. P. عاریتی āriyat-ī, adj. 1. Borrowed,
  lent. 2. Factitious, not one's own.
- Applying the mind to, an undertaking, undertaking (a journey), intending, determining being resolved on, bound (somewhere). Inviting.
- act. (of عشق loved excessively) used substantively. A lover. (Pers. plur. bubstantively. A lover. (Pers. plur. اعاشق هونا (عاشقان). اعاشق هونا (عاشقان). المعاشق ومعاشق المعاشق المع
- A. P. مَالَقَالَة مَّehiq-ane, adj. Amorous, lover-like.
- عاشق anhiq-a, fem. of عاشقه
- a. P. عاشقی ashi-qi, s. f. Making love, amour, love, courtship, gallantry, the state of being a lover.
- A. P. ماشور خانه âshūr-khān n, s. A house for the reception of the banners, &c. carried during the first ten days of the Muḥarram: See

- A. عشر Heb.) عشر Heb.)

  s. m. The first ten days of the Muharram (first month).
- adj. Virtuous, chaste, protected, safe. ابو عاصم (father of the safe or defended) i. e. Barley broth. [Chaste.
- A. عصى adj. Disobedient, criminal, rebellious.
  2. s. m. and f. A rebel, a sinner.
- A. ple ätir, (part. act. of pac) adj.
  Odoriferous; benevolent, generous,
  noble, gracious.
- A. Libe atifat, (from Libe Heb. To incline, to cover) s. f. Kindness, benevolence, affection. Favour.
- adj. f. Void, destitute; subst. a naked word, i. e., one unaccompanied by discritical points or short vowels.
- a. عافیت afiy at, (B. آرام) (from se gave him health. Syr. To flourish)
  s. f. Health, safety; well-being, success, prosperity.
- A. عات  $\tilde{a}qq$ , part. act. (of عق Disobedient, rebellious; disinherited. [ance.
- A. Lille āqnāma, Deed of disinherit-
- after. Heb.) s. f. l. The end, conolution, futurity, future state. 2.
  Success, accomplishment. 3. adv.
  Finally, at the end, at last, after all.
  4. Issue. Following, succeeding. A
  son, offs pring. عاتبت اندیش الایشی son, offs pring. ماتبت اندیش الایشی s. f. Foresight, regard to
  the issue, end, consequence or future
- A. عاقرقوها aqarqarḥā, s. m. Pellite ang, (dakh.) the herb pellitory of Anthemis pyrethrum.

عاقل ما عاقل غور part. act. of عاقل was intelligent.) adj. Wise, sensible, intelligent. (Arab. plur. اعقلا)

A. P. ailic aqil-ana, adv. Wisely:

A. P. عاقلی äqil-ī, s. f. Intelligence.

A. مالد âlam, (Heb.) s. m. 1. The world, the universe, regions; time season, period, state, condition, circumstances; beauty. 2. The public; the million (خلق) 3. Scene; picture (احال) 4. Time; period; عالم آرا stage. 5. Case; condition. ا عالم بالا or علوى . World-adorning The heavens, the people of the heavens. عالم يناة adj. Asylum of the world (applied to a sovereign). World-illuminating or عالم تاب world-warming. عالم سفلي earth. عالم كرد A traveller. عالم نشر . Conquering the world کیر adj. (dakh.) Well-known, public, famous, notorious, conspicuous, noised abroad. (Arab. plur. inflect. عالميري)٠ A great traveller.

Learned, doctor, savent, knowing; a man of letters. — sale adj.

Prescient, knowing what is concealed, or the past and future.

a. P. عالميان ālam-iyān, s. m. People, men, inhabitants of the world.

عالی جناب ۹۰ م

عالی حضرت .۹. ما

عالی قدر ۹۰ 🛦

عالی منقبت ۹۰

عالی مکار

Epithets expressive of high state or dignity, and usually applied to princes.

adj. The علو adj. (part. act. of علل adj. The upper part, above. High, elevated, sublime ((عير)) eminent, grand, .(Fem. عالم البيام عالم عالم عالم عالم البيام adj. عاليشان or عالى جاه adj. Of high rank, magnificent. عالي Your highness, your exceladj. Of a high عالمي خاندان adj. Highminded. عالى قدر adj. Worthy, of high rank. عالى مرتبه adj. in rank or dignity. عالى مقام adj. Of high rank. عالى مقدار adj. Exalted, or عالى منش منش or الى هت High-minded, ambitious. عالی منشی عالی منشی s. f. High mindedness, ambition.

A. را مالدهاری was common. Heb.

To gather together, to collect; and, hence, to be common) adj. 1. Common, public, general (سبب), generic, plebeian. 2. The vulgar, the common people. 8. Ordinary (سالدهاری) High and low, gentle and simple, rich and poor.

to render habitable) adj. Inhabited, cultivated (region, country), fertile, rich (land); royal, imperial.

A. Joe āmil, (part act. of Je Heb. To work, to labour) s. m. 1. An intendant of the finances, collector of the revenues, a ruler, governor, one in authority. 2. Doer, agent. 3. Conjuror ( ) 4 An executor.

(in grammar). [Blind, ignorant.

A. Sole ami, (part. act. of S) adj.

- A. P. عامى āmm-i, adj. Common.
- of the lower belly between the navel and private parts.
- A. Le abā, s. A sort of garment; a cloak or habit, very loose, and open in front all the way down the centre, not unlike a boat-cloak: a sort of surtout coat or garment of coarse stuff, being for the most part of goat's hair, and of a black colour; it is also with streaks or stripes, and without seams worn exclusively by dervises or faqirs.
- A. Die ibād, s. plur. (of Die) Servants, worshippers of God, slaves.
- a. عبال عبد) s. f. Divine worship بندگی)، adoration, devotion, obedience, service. (Plur. عبالاات)،
- A. P. عبادتگاه ibādat-gāh, s. f. Place of worship.
- A. P. عبال تى ibādat-ī, s. m. A devotee, religious person.
- a. عبارت ibārat, (عبر) عبارت) عارت (of a sentence); composition. Language. Style, mode of expression or of explanation (in language), words used to explain or relate, phrase, phraseology, a trope or figure, signification, import, meaning. عبارت آرائی Ornamenting of style. (Plur. عبارات)
- abbās, s. m. 1. A proper name. 2. Name of a plant, marvel of Peru (Mirabilis jalapa).
- A. عباسى مَّهُ عباسى aَbbās-ī, adj. Red (colour).

  8. f. Name of a flower. See عباس or كل عباس under كل
- A. Ladj. Nugatory. Vain, idle, absurd, trifling, profitless. 2.

- adv. Without force; to no purpose. In vain, bootless, idly, absurdly, uselessly. 3. subst. Vanity, absurdity.
- of God, devotee. 2. A slave (غلم) bondsman. [the being a slave.
- ه عبديت abd-iyat, s. f. Servitude,
- A. عبراني ibrānī, adj. Hebrew.
- A. عبرى ibrī, (Heb.) adj. Hebrew.
- مبرايت abūdīyat, (عبد) s. f. Servitude, slavery, captivity, devotion, subjection, reverence.
- a. عبور a būr, (عبر) s. m. 1. Passing, crossing (a river), a transition, transit, passage, passing over; a ford or pass.

  2. Mastery; proficiency.
- A. June abhar, s. The narcissus, jasmine, amaranth.
- abhar-i, l. adj. Of the narcissus, &c. 2. s. f. Name of a flower.
- A. Luc ubaid, 1. (dimin. of Luc) s. m. A servant, a slave; a devotee. ¶ 2. abid, s. plur. (of Luc) Servants, worshippers.
- A. عبير abir, s.m. Saffron, ambergris, (ابير), a perfumed powder (of various colours used in the هولي هولي
- A. باقد أَلَّهُ اللهُ ا
- A. سابح أjālat, s. f. Haste, antici-
- A. بازچه شjā'ib, s. plur. (of رعجیب)
  Wonders, miracles, curiosities. adj.

Wonderful. بغرائب وغرائب Wonders, curiosities, lions, wonderful and strange things.

A. البالجة مَّارَةُ ' فَالله قَالِم عَلَيْهِ مَا لِمَالله عَلَيْهِ مَا لَكُونَا عَلَيْهِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ الل

أجز ajs, s. m. l. weakness, impotence, submission, wretchedness. 2.
 Expedition, precipitation, [velocity.

A. عجلت ajalat, s. f. Haste, speed,

ajam, s. m. 1. Barbarians, all people or countries not Arabian. 2. Persians. 3. Persia.

A. ajam-i, adj. Persian.

A. لابجد تابقه (نبجد) adj. Wonderful; (subst.) A wonderful thing.

A. Jack ajūl, adj. Hasty, quick.

A. بینجد عُونَهُ, (بجد) adj. Wonderful, admirable. (Fem. مبیجد).

a. عدالت دو adālat, (عدل) s. f. 1. A court of justice, law, judicature, assize. 2. Justice, law, equity. 3. Atribunal; bench. عدالت ديوانى s. f. A court of justice.

Two courts of justice, i.e. the civil and the criminal. عدالتى adj. 1. Just; true. 2. Judicial. 3. Activable.

A. عداوت مَطَوَّهُ عداوت البير البير البير البير عدى s. f. Enmity, hostility, hatred, strife; spleen (بير) عداوتى عداوتى Malicions, felonious.

counted) Number. 1. A figure; whole number; co-efficient. 2. One of anything.

an unit. عدد or عدد or عدد Ordin-al number.

A. P. عدلى adad-i, adj. Numeral.

ملس مه adas, s. f. Lentils.

a. انصاف)، عدل کرنا .gustice (انصاف)، equity, rectitude, probity. عدل کرنا .f. To do justice. عدل کسـتری s. f. The dispensing or administration of justice.

nonentity, nothing, privation, annihilation, want, deficiency. To reduce to want.

dise. The Garden of Eden. That paradise in which alone they behold the face of God. Eden, a Hebrew word signifying "pleasure" or "delight" was made the name of several places which were either remarkably fruitful in their soil, or pleasant in their situation. ¶ adan Name of an island or town in Yaman. A seaport in the south of Arabia-

A. عدو adū, (from عد Heb. To pass. to transgress, to plunder) s. m. An enemy, a foe.

a. عدول عدول عدول s. m. 1. Declining, refusing, receding, deserting, returning. 2. Disobedience of orders; evasion of process; insubordination.

عدول حكم عدول حكمى

s. f. Disobedience of orders, evasion of a sentence (in a court of law). عدول كرنا To deviate from, disobey.

A. عديل adīl, 1. adj. Alike, equal. 2. Just, equitable, in quantity or weight equal to another load. 3. s. m. A distributer of justice.

A. عديم adim, (عدم) adj. Destitute, deprived, not to be found. عديم الثال or الثال adj. Incomparable, a nonpareil.

thing. عدل عند A whole number, الم أغير agab, (بنك punished) s. m.

- 1. Pain (تكليف)، torment, punishment (سزا)، anguish. 2. Sin (ياپ)،
- temple. The side of the beard, part of the down stretching along the cheeks. That part of the bridle which presses upon the jaws.
- مذر خواه (بهانه) عذر خواه مانيز منوره مانه منور خواه (بهانه) عذر خواه عذر خواه منور خواه منور خواه عذر عنور كرنا . Apologizing; apologist. عذر كرنا . Apology. اعذر كرنا . To apologize, to make an apology or excuse, to ask pardou. (Plur. عذرات Excuses).
- ماراً مادراً مادراً agrā, s. f. 1. A virgin. 2. Name of the celebrated mistress of (وأمق) (pl. عذارى) (driver of an عرابة
- P. T. عراجی arāb-chī, s. m. Carter or
- a cart, waggon, dray, sled, sledge; (dakh. also) a magazine, depôt of arms and ammunition.
- which is divided into two portions;

  The ancient Babylonia or Chaldea; and عراق عراق عراق عراق عراق عراق عراق .

  The two cities of Basra and Kūfa.
- belonging to irāq especially (applied to a breed of horses from that country).

  An Arab horse. 2, s. m. A Parthian.
- عرض arā'ṣṣ, s. f. plur (of عرض)
  Petitions, &c.
- A. عرب arab, s. m. l Arabia. 2. An Arabian, (applied to those who inhabit cities.). [pute, antipathy.
- عربلدة . arbada, s. m. A conflict, dis-

- a province of Persia, called also the ancient Susiana. Bstan is a Persian word, signifying country, and is used as a termination to proper names as Indo-stan, Turk-estan, Frank-estan, etc.
- A. عربى arab-i, adj. Arabian, Arabic; the Arabic (language), an Arab (horse), a civilized Arab.
- مربية arab-iya, adj. Arabic.
- ings to a saint. A Mah. religious ceremony celebrating the union of the soul of the deceased saint with his maker as a nuptial union. The disciples of a Pir or saint assemble about his grave, and read the Fātiha and offer up food, incense, or lights, esp. on the 12th of Rubi-ul-avval. 2. A marriage feast, matrimony. 3. (Contemp.) Obsequies. ¶ irs, s. m. f. A spouse.
- throne, a chair of state. 3. The ninth or highest or empyrean heaven, as being supposed where the throne of God is.
- area, (orig. in Heb. To break)

  s. m. 1. Area, space (either of time or of place), a plain, time, duration, while, period, term, span, interval. 2.

  Delay (دير)

(Arab. plur. عرصات).

- are, s.f. 1. A petition,

  appeal (عرضی)، request, representation, address. A exposition, explanation, manifestation.

  An officer who presents letters and
  representations, an usher.
  - عرض کرنا . To represent, offer, propose. 2.

Breadth, latitude. عرضدار Broad.

- 3. A military muster. عرضا In breadth.
  ¶ araş, s. f. 1. An accident, sickness.
- 2. A muster of troops. ¶ عرض irs., Reputation, honour, fame.
- A. P. عرضی ar به ق. s. f. A representation, memorial, petition, letter (from an inferior). ¶ A. عرضی Accidental.
- A. see arar, s. The juniper.
- Known (by the name), commonly or otherwise called, alias, or. 2. Proper, equitable. 3. s. Goodness, merit. 4. Confession. [wise, the holy.
- مرف قرف The arafa, s. plur. (of عارف The
- about twelve miles from Mecca, where the pilgrims halt or make a procession to the Holy Monument where the Mohammedans think or imagine. Adam, conducted by an angel Gabriel, after his fall. It was on this Mount Arafat where Mah. imagine Adam met Eve after a separation of 200 years, in consequence of their disobedience and banishment from Paradise, whence he carried her afterwards to Ceylon.
- عرفان عرفان irfān, s. m. Knowledge, disoernment, science.
- a festival. The day before the Id or other festival.
- عرفی عربی urf-i, adj. Accumulated, accessory, aggravated. Well-known, notorious, public.
- A. عرق قام araq, s. m. Juice, essence, spiritextract, sap, sweat (پسینا) آنور) آنور
  A vein, an artery. The root, origin,
  species. عرقناک or عرق آلوده
  adj. Sweaty, covered with sweat.
- To raise) s. m. 1. Ascent, ascension, exaltation, rising, go up (only in sacred style). 2. Zenith.

A. عرس) ه. f. Bride عرس) ه. f. Bride عرس) ه. f. Bride عربس) هم عربس ألمن ألمنطوط groom, a spouse. المخطوط A kind of handwriting. [Bride-like.

- A. P. ailuge arūs-āna, adj. or adv.
- A. P. عروسى  $\bar{a} r \bar{u} s \bar{i}$ , adj. Nuptial, bridal, a marriage feast.
- h. مرفن عرف ar ne, (عرف) s. f. 1. Versification, prosody, poetry. ¶ urue, A contingency, an accident. 2. s. m. Mecca and Medina, with their adjacent territory.
- A. عرى uri, (Heb.) adj. Naked, stripped, bare.
- a. P. عریانی "ryān-ā, (Heb). s. f. Nakedness. [expanded.
- عریض مَّ arīs, adj. Broad, wide. Large,
- A. عريضة arīṣa, s. m. A humble petition or letter.
- deur, excellence. Powerful, great. Being vehement, heavy, hard, adverse, Agreeing with, suiting.
- A. بد a s s a, 3d pers. sing. mas. past tense, Was or is excellent or glorious. خراسمه Glorious is his name. عزو جل (applied to the Deity) The great and glorious.
- A. اند عَدة, s. f. Condolence, mourning.

  In mourning, a lamenter.

  خانه House of condolence or mourning.
- A. عزازیل معقدة azāzīl, Name of a devil or fallen angel, satan (ابلیس).
- A. عزت أبرو was high).

  Grandeur, power, honour (آبرو)،

  glory, respect. عزت دار Rowerful.

action honourable, respectable. عزت كرنى
To honour, to dignify. [of death.

A. عزرائيل ، isrā'īl, n. prop. The angel

A. Jie asl, s. m. Removal from office, to resign, to discharge, to turn out.

م عزلت گزیی azlat, s. f. Retirement from office, retiring. عزلت گزیی A recluse, an hermit.

A. P. عزلتی "uslat-i, s. m. A recluse,

aim, bent, purpose, undertaking, resolution, to undertake; to adjure.

A. عزمت asmat, s. f. The divine decree. See

A. غزيز عالم (اعزا) (عزا) 1. adj. Dear, darling, worthy, respected, beloved, excellent, dear (إييار), precious, powerful, valuable, friend. 2. s. m. (1.) A title of the king of Egypt. (2.) Centuary. 3. Pious, holy. (Pers. plur. عزيز حاننا To esteem or value highly, to love, respect.

A. P. عزیزی asīz-ī, s. f. Friendship.

tion, spell, amulet (against fascination, serpents, disease, or any other evil).

Invitation. See

A. عسكر asākir, s. plur. (of عسكر)
Armies, troops, soldiers.

A. عبسر usr, usur, s. f. Difficulty. ¶ asir, adj. Difficult, arduous. عبسر العبور
Difficult to be passed.

مسرت s.f. Difficulty, adistress. [or guards. The patrol,

مسر asas, s. m. The night-watch

i. الشكر askar, (Pers. الشكر) s. m. An army force, troop. (Plur. عساكر).

A. P. askar-i, adj. Relating to the army, military; s. m. A soldier.

A. June asal, s. m. Honey.

الله عسير asir, adj. Difficult.

A. Lac ishā, s. m. First watch of the night. Prayers said when going to rest. ¶ ashā, s. m. A supper.

باني The Lord's supper. [Lovers.

A. عاشق ushehāq, s. plur. (of عاشق)

الله عشيد ushba, s. m. Sarsaparilla.

tithe. Receiving (as taxes from the people). [Tens.

A. سابشد ashrāt, s. plur. (of قرات)

sant and familiar conversation. 2.

Pleasure, enjoyment, mirth. عشرت Increasing pleasure.

name of the first ten days of Muharram: see عالمبرا and عالمبرا 2. A decade.

ash ash karnā. To rejoice, to be greatly pleased or contented, to applaud, praise.

A. عشق نه ishq, a. m. 1. Love. 2. Mania; passion. عشقال A gallant, amorous. مشقبازى a f. Gallantry, amour, amorousness. عشق پيچا s. m. The name of a flower (Ipomæa quamoclit) American jasmine.

A. Since ishwa, ashwa, or ushwa, (from the control of the control

A coquette. عشوة كرى s. f. Coquetry. [A friend, a companion.

المريم ashir, s. 1. A tenth part. 2.

- A. Lac apa, s. m. A club, stick, a sceptre, a staff bent at one end and usually coated with a thin plate of silver, and carried by attendants before a man of rank, mace, baton.
- عصر aeṣār, (adj. superl. of عصار هـ
- عصر assar, (adj. superi. of عصار s. m. An oil-maker, or presser.
- juice; also the dregs after the juice is expressed.
- A. aṣab, (— Beb. Constringe, compress) s. m. A tendon, nerve, ligament. Muscle. (Pl. Loc!).
- Heb. To contain, to hold, to restrain, to squeeze) s. m. Time, age; the fourth watch of the day; afternoon; the time of prayer before sunset (between 4-30 and sunset).
- A. عصفر usfur, s. m. Safflower; saffron in the flower. (Carthamus tinctorius).
- عصفور مه آور مهافیر
- served Heb. To be strong, to strengthen, to protect or defend, to preserve from sin) s. f. 1. Defence, protection (especially from sin); hence, 2. Chastity, the Pardah (screen) or seclusion in which women are required to live, honour, integrity, continence.
- Syr. To commit violence, to rebel) s. m. Sin, transgression, revolt.
- مفلف anala, s. m. A leg. A muscle, tendon. (Plur. عفلات)٠
- اعضا www, or أيس, s. m. Member, limb, joint. (Pl. اعضا)
- a. له عطوی عطوی عطا الله gift, bounty, benefaction (انعام).

  2. An endowment. 3. A concession, consideration, present, favour, giving.

  عطا بخش له عطا بخش الله عطا كرنا له To grant, bestow.

- adj. superl. (بنساري) (adj. superl. of عطر perfume) s.m. A perfumer, a druggist, an Apothecary, grocer.
- a. بدة utārid, s. m. (H. بدة) The planet Mercury; quicksilver.
- attar-i, s. f. The business of a perfumer or druggist.
- a. مطرفان أزار s. m. l. Perfume, fragrance, essence, ottar or otto (of roses, &c.,)

  2. Scent (خوش بو) عطرفان A perfume-box or receptacle for perfume s. f. The rubbing of perfume.

  [fumes, fragrance.]
- عطريات عطريات . itr-iyāt, s. f. plur. Per-
- عطریت قربت فریت هود قربت هود عطریات علیات علیات
- مطسه عطسه . atsa, s. m. Sneezing.
- مطش مطش م. مطش مطش م. مطش م. مطش م. م
- م عطشان atchān, adj. Thirsty.
- A. Labe atf, s. m. Favour, inclination, affection, a present; a connective. A copulative conjunction. Turning, conversion.

  A copulative conjunction. [favour, kindness.]
- a. عطوفت عطوفت عطوفت عطوفت عطوفت الم
- A. مظم igām, s. plur. (of عظام)
  - 1. Bones. 2. plur. (of عظيم) Great, the great. ¶ uzām or uzzām, adj. Great.
- A. عظم ظهر, (Heb.) s. m. Bone.
- A. مُظری, s. m. Greatness, magnificence.
- s. f. 1. Greatness, magnificence, magnitude, aggrandizement. 2. Pride, pomp. 3. The largest elbow bone.
- A. عظمی عظمی adj. f. (fem. of اعظم) Greatest, supreme.

- عظیم عظیم (عظم) a d j. Great, grand, high in quality or dignity, much esteemed, large, excessive; extreme. عظیم الشاں adj. Of high station or dignity, magnificent.
- A. wie iff at, (is abstained) s. f. Purity, chastity, continence, virtue, abstinence, modesty (was).
- A. عفریت To roll in the dust) s. m. 1. Any thing frightful or horrible appearance. 2. A giant, demon, spectre. (Plur. عفاریت)
- A. عفو عابي a fwo or a fu, s. m. Absolution, forgiveness, pardon. عفو كرنا To pardon. خوهونا don. عفو هونا
- A. يغونت rotting) s. f. Corruption, infection, stink, fetidness, effluvia, (بدبو) (a woman).
- A. zaic afifa, adj. fem. Chaste, pure.
- A. بقد توقه, (from بقد Heb.)

  s. m. f. An eagle (esp. black). ¶ iqāb,
  s. m. Chastisement, torment.
- A. Alice aqā id, s. m. plur. (of saice)
  Articles of religion or faith (fundamental), tenets. Confections of sugar.
- after. 2. s. m. The rear, the heel. كرنا To follow. ¶ iqab, Offspring, children. The end of a month.
- or success of anything, conclusion, accomplishment, futurity, future state. The next world.
- To bind) s. m. l. A knot. 2. The marriage knot or covenant, marriage.

  3. A compact, agreement, a contract, compact. 4. A collar, a necklace, also the jewels or beads of which it is com-

- posed. 5. A bulse, a string (of pearls, &c.). عقد بندى s. f. The tying of the marriage knot.
- A. كقد u q d a, (عقد) s. m. l. A hard knot or problem, an excrescence (especially at the joints, or where bones have been broken), a node. 2. An impediment in speech. 3. Perplexed affairs, entangled things, confused words. 4. A secret; mystery; enigma. 5. Entanglement. 6. An estate, a manner, a villa. 7. Government; prefecture, presidency, command. 8. A place thickly planted with trees, abounding with pasture or provision for men. عقده کشا Resolver of per-عقده کشائی , plexities or difficulties s. f. The untying or opening of knots or difficulties.
- scorpion. 2. The sign Scorpio. 3. (met.) A quarrelsome person. 4. The pin of a dial, the hand of a watch.
- A. لقد aql, (سمجه) s. f. (لقد restraining). Wisdom, opinion, sense, understanding, intellect, reason. عقل To have the understanding bewildered. چکر هونی اناکی کرنا کرنا To display wisdom, to act wisely. داناکی کرنا در تاناکی کرنا
- A. Jäc uqalā, adj. plur. (of عاقل)

  Wise, prudent. ¶ Jäc adv. Reasonably, logically. [intelligent.
- A. P. Jides agl-mand, adj. Wise,
- A. P. عقلمندى aql-mand-i, s. f. Intellir gence.
- a. عقلية aql-ī, (fem. عقلية) adj. Reasonable, relating to intellect, intellectual, mental.
- A. عقربت عقربت came after)
  - e, f. Punishment (اسزا) torment.
- A. عقول ۾ ۾ ۾ ۾ adj. Intelligent. ¶

تَعْرَا الْمَعْلَ s. plur. (of عَفَلُ Intellects. Wisdom. An astringent medicine.

very firm). Faith, belief, a fundamental article of religion, tenet, religious belief. Confections, conserve of roses, dry sweetmeats. [Faithful.

A. P. مقيدت مند aqidat-mand, adj.

A. عقيق aqiq, (Ch.) s. m. l. A cornelian. 2. Red gum. 8. Red gem. Mocha stone: but Harris describes it as (seed of) Canna Indica (Cannacorus) Indian flowering reed, Indian shot.

a take aqiqa, s. m. 1. The hair upon new born infants. 2. The sixth day after childbirth, or The Mah. ceremony of shaving the head of a new born infant on the sixth day after child-birth, a sacrifice made and a feast given on that day. [childless (a woman).

A. عقيم aqim, (مقم adj. m. Barren,

A LALES aqima, adj. f. Barren, past childbearing.

مكس a aks, s. m. (عكس reversed).

1. Reflection (پرچهائیی)، inversion (غدن)، counterpart. 2. A shadow or reflected image (as in a glass). 3. The contrary, reverse, opposite. 4. Spite, opposition. عکس adj. 1. Reflective. 2. Photographic.

A. Le ala, s. m. Glory, sublimity, exaltation, superiority.

s. m. f. l. A remedy, medicine, cure.

2. Relief; a prophylactic; a sedative; a salve; an antidote. 3. Medical treatment. 4. Punishment ().

To cure, to apply a remedy.

ماقه علق clung) s. m. 1.

Dependence; affiliation; correlation; affinity, relation, parentage, attach-

ment, connexion, interest. 2. Pretension, right. 3. Commerce, correspondence, communication, intercourse. 4. Part (سروکار) 5. Bearing; relevancy; allusion. 6. Tenure; holding. 7. An estate; manor. 8. Province; division; district; circle; parish. 9. Jurisdiction; beat. 10. Office; post. علاقه بند علاته بندی . A gold-lace worker B. f. Gold-lace work. علاقه دار The person who enters into engagements at the settlement. See علاقة مالكذار To concern, interest, be connected, belong, regard, relate (to). adj. Dependent, related, connected. (Plur. علائق).

مام علم العلم العلم الم المام العلم المام العلم المام العلم العلم المام العلم المام المام

A mark, indication; index; indicator, exponent, signal, sign. (Med.) symptom, badge, coat of arms, ensign, emblem, device. Any distinguishing characteristic or impression. (Plur.

1. Very wise or learned. 2. A very knowing woman. 3. (Contemp.) A wagtail; coquette; prude. ¶ alāma, s. m. Mark, sign, flag, standard.

The most learned man of the age.

مانيه . علانيه alāniya, adv. Openly, publicly.

a. عاد ilāwa, (Pl. عادی) (الد or عاد superadded) adv. 1. Besides, moreover. 2. In addition (بهی) 3. Let alone; barring (جرب) 4. A charge (الزام) 5. Count (of an indictment).

6. A bad habit. 7. Fault; vice; defect; flaw. 8. Rubbish.

A. علت illat, (from الله befel. Heb. To attempt, to cause) s. f. 1. Disease, defect. 2. Cause (باعث) an accident, pretence, pretext. 3. Filth, dirt. (Plur. علت) · علت The interchangeable letter !, , or \_ in Arabic. Every material substance is said to have four causes: Formal cause, i. e. that form in which its essence consists: Final cause, or purpose for which it was made. علت فاعلى Efficient cause (as the maker, if the work of man): علت مادى Material cause, or the matter of which the thing is made. علتي adj. Of bad habits.

A. سفاد مُاهج. m. Grass, hay, straw, food, forage. علف زار A pasture, a meadow.

alaq, s. m. Hanging, suspending, adhering, attachment, love. (Pl. of علقة), leeches, bloodsuckers.

A. بالد ilal, s. plur. (of علت) Infirmities, pretences, causes, &c. (Pl. of علد).

or حساب Arithmetic. علم رياضي علم سحر .The mathematical sciences Magic. علم طبیعی Natural philosophy. علم عروض Prosody, versification. علم غيب The knowledge of what is occult or absent, or what has not yet existed, foreknowledge, divination. علم قيانه The science of physi-علم كلام or بياس or علم or بلغت or بلغت The explanatory science, i. e., Rhetoric, oratory, eloquence. علم لدن or علم لدني Inspired knowledge. علم مجلس Po-The study of per-Music. علم موسيقى Music. ¶alam, s. m. 1. A spear-headed banner of Hasan and Hosain carried in procession at the Moharram. Standard, banner. (حبهندا)٠ mark. 4. (Gram.) A proper noun or name. 5. (Geom.) Gnomon.

A. (عالم الله ulamā, s. plnr. (of عالم) The learned. Theologians. Doctors.

A. Scientific, literary, theoretic.

A. Learning.

الله على على على على يالله wikw, (Heb. To be lofty or eminent) s. m. An eminence, height, sublimity, highness. Altitude.

A. علونه علونه s. m. Stipend, salary, pension, daily pay, subsistence money (خورات)، provisions. Soldier's pay. [Sciences.

A. ale  $\tilde{u} l \tilde{n} m$ , B. plur. (of ale)

- ه ملي مة alī, adj. High, eminent, noble; a proper name, especially of Muhammad's son-in-law. ¶ ald, adv. (॥. ಟ್ಟ) On, upon, according to, above, to, near. على الاتصال Continually, على الاطلا*ق* without intermission. Absolutely, solely. على النصوص In على الدوام particular, especially. على الرغم . In perpetuity, for ever على الصبائي ... In spite, in opposition. على هذا القياس . In the morning On this measure, similarly, likewise, in like manner. کیلت On him. On him (be) the mercy علية الرجه (of God). عليه السلم Blessing on Dim! عليهما On them. عليهم or against both.
- عليل مَّلَت، (علَّت) عليل adj. 1. Weak, sick, indisposed. 2. Out of sorts.
- A. عليم alim, adj. Wise, learned. One who knows everything.
- (plur. of Le ali ?) The high; the place in the seventh heaven to which the souls of believers accord; the seventh heaven; the right hand column of the divine throne; or, the place where the decia of the good are collected.
- with him or it. Link Peace be with him.
- A. amm, (Heb. Connexion, propinquity) c. m. An uncle, father's bro-

- ther. (pl. عمومة and عمام). Paternal uncle's son.
- A. JAC imad, (Heb. from JAC Heb. To support, to stand) s. m. 1. A lofty pillar, a tent-pole. 2. Confidence, reliance, trust, support.
- inhabited. Heb.) s. f. l. That by which a place becomes habitable, a public edifice, a building, a sacred fabric, a temple, church, mosque, seminary, college, academy, structure, cultivation, any large building. 2. A habitation. 3. A fortification. 4. Longevity. 5. Culture, education. 6. A tribe, a society. The fourth degree of consanguisity. (Plur. —), [Lec.).
- with a canopy to ride in on an elephant or came). (When it has no canopy, it is called #3% handa).
- A. Jlac ummai, s. plur. (of Jole)
  Collectors of revenue, governors,
  rulers, artifloers, &c.
- A. & las imama, or amama, s. m. A turban, a tiara, particularly that worm by judges and doctors.
- a. WAR ummdn, s. m. See, ocean. A river of Persia.
- A. AAC and, a. Purpose, intention, design; setting seriously about anything.
- a. أمد قسطة مع أمد مسطعير (P. عمداً معداً مع المستع (حبان بهرجه كي H. ديدة ودانسته adv. Deliberately, designedly, firmly, intentionally, purposely. In cold blood (أرادة)
- A. P. عمدكى umda-gi, s. f. 1. Greatness, dignity, &c., sumptuousness. 2. Worth (يهالي)
- 4. \*i.ac umda, (i.ac proposing). I. adj. Great, noble, most important. 2. s. m. A grandee, nobleman, rich, a support, a pillar, a prop, confidence, trust. 3. Capital, superfine, first-rate.

- of life. (pl. ). ¶ umar, n. prop. O mar Amru. The name of the second sovereign in succession from Muhammad.
- names, like John Nokes and Thomas Stiles or John Doe and Richard Roe (زید) used in scholastic or juridical treatises, also much used in law books, as we do the letters A and B.
- Mecca. 2. Visiting a wife while in the house of her parents.
- A. عمق ياسر, (Heb.) (H. گهرائی) s. m. Depth, profundity. An abyss, a gulf.
- s. m. l. Action, act, deed, operation, work, practice, effect, rule, sway, jurisdiction, administration, government, possession. 2. A charm, spell, a mystic word or incantation. 3. Measure, process, procedure. 4. Execution. (مالك ). 5. Effect (مالك ). 6. Intoxicating drinks. 7. Time of day. 8. An enema; a clyster. عمل ك. A collector. المالك كين To act, operate, proceed. المالك عمل حيل كين To bring into operation.
- of work. Tamala, l. s. plur. (of work. Tamala, l. s. plur. (of collectors of revenue, governors, officers; (or sing.) officer, person in office, collector. 2. Premises (buildings, &c.).

  3. Establishment; office. 4. The materials of a broken house. See also
- الم عملی a mal-i, adj. 1. Artificial, laboured, practical, not theoretical. 2. Addicted to intoxicating drugs.

  Philosophy.
- A: عملیات amliyāt, s. plur. (of عملیات)
  Practices,

- A. jac ammā, s. m. A paternal uncle, father's brother.
- amūd, s. m. A perpendicular (in geometry), pillar, column, bludgeon.
- a m n m, adj. Common general, universal. [Commonly, in general.
- A. logas umuman, or logas umuma, adv.
- A. عميق) (گهرا) (گهرا) adj. Deep, profound.
- plete, common to all, universal. The superior rank, the better sort of men.
- on, concerning, above, before.
- A. Lie ana, (Heb.) s. f. Distress, trouble, affliction, labour. [and fruit.
- A. Lie unnāb, s.m. The jujub tree
- A. عنابى annāb-ī, adj. Of the colour of the jujub, red like the jujub. Of a carnation colour.
- obstinate or contumacious; analog. to Heb. Twist, bind) s. m. Obstinacy, perverseness, resistance, stubbornness.
- عصر anāṣir, s. plur. (of عصر)
  Elements. [bridle.
- A. Ulic inān, s. f. Reins of a bridle, a
- منایت أَسَّ أَسَانِهُ عَنَاتِ مَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَنَاتِ اللهُ اللهُ عَنْاتِ اللهُ عَنْاتِ اللهُ ا
- A. تایت آه a y a t, s. f. 1. Favour (احسان): gift, present, bounty. 2. Countenance, aid, favour support. Solicitude, anxiety. کایت کرنا To give, to grant.
- A. بند أهماه. The grape, grapes.

  (fox's grapes)

  Solanum nigrum, black nightshade.

ambergris. عنبربار Raining ambergris; fragrant.

ambar-ī, adj. Of amber-ī, bergris, of the colour

or odour of ambergris.

- 4. Jie ind, (An adverb of time and place) adv. Near, nigh, before, with, at, by, about, in, on, accoring to, &c. عند الاستفسار On the inter-عند البعض . rogation or inquiry عند التحقيق . According to some عند التدارك In truth, certainly. At the applying a remedy, on the disposing of a case (in a court of justice), عند التحقية. In truth, certainly. عند الثبرت On the proof, on convic-Opportunely, tion. on the occasion. With or عند الوصول . before or for God On the arrival, when it happens, in In time عند الوقت In time at the proper time, in the critical With him, in his juncture. possession. [nightingale.
- مدلیب andalib, (poet.) s. f. A
- A. فيلية أindiya, (الله within) (Arab. With me) s. m. 1. Opinion, one's own opinion or belief. 2. The inner mind, intent.
- element, primary element (H. زنت).

  A foundation. Temperament, constitution, complexion. [original.
- A. P. adj. Elemental,
- A. Dois unsul or unsal, s. A squill.
- a. Joic unfuwan, s. m. 1. The beginning (of any thing). 2. Vigour. 3. The flower of youth.

- A. اقفد قاموة, (lit. Long-necked, from عنق Heb. The neck, a collar) s. m.

  1. The phenix, a fabulous bird. 2. (met.) adj. Rare, scarcely, wonderful, cur ous. See
- A. نينت an-qarib, (يc prepos. and Near) adv. 1. Near, soon, about, presently, shortly, nearly, almost. 2. Adjoining, a djacent, bordering upon (ياس) 3. Approaching, imminent, threatening.
- A. عنكبوت ankabūt, (Heb. comp. of عنكب To do or make quickly, and منك To weave a spider's web:) s. f. A spider.
- To come before, to present one's self. Superscription) s. m. 1. The title or inscription of a book, title page. 2. That whereby any thing is known. 8. That which is understood by any thing. 4. Mode, manner.
- adj. l. Impotent, one born with a small penis. A coward.
- A. مامة awamm, s. plur. (of عامة 1.

  The vulgar, populace, the mass, common people. 2. The scum or dregs of society. (السب لوك (H. عوام الناس)

  The vulgar, common people, the public.
- A. عامله awamil, s. plur. (of عامله Governing words (in grammar). Agents.
- or عنى موج بن عوق or عنى مورة موج بن عوق or عنى or منى or -ūnuq, 1. The Og, king of Bashan, mentioned in the Bible. 2. A tall foolish man.
- Wood, timber. A staff, a stick. The wood aloes. (In dakh. this word is commonly used for gum benzoin, the resin of the Styrax Benzoin).

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lote or harp. ¶ aud, s.m. 1. Returning, relapse. 2. A man of abilities, experience, and prudence. 200 . An utensil to burn wood of aloes (or gum benzoin) in.

- ج. كام عُولَة عُولة ع [the wood aloes.
- A. P. عولى عولى P. عولى عولى P. عولى
- A. مَوِدُ aus, (Heb.) s. m. Refuge, asykum, fleeing to God for protection.
- اعور adj. plur. (of عور المجاة عور الم one-eyed.
- عورت aurāt, s. f. plur. (of عورات in Persian and Hindi) Women.
- عرب عورت . aurat, (Heb. To blind, or To be naked) s. f. 1. The pudends of man or woman, that which is concealed through modesty. 2. (in Persian and Hindi) A woman, wife, female ۱ (استری)
- A. عوض آwan, s. m. 1. Reward, retribution, return, retaliation, anything substituted for another, exchange, compensation, recompense. 2 An amends. 3. Penalty; forfeit. s. f. l. A substitute, representative. 2. The person officiating; a locum tenens. adv. Instead, for.
- aw-aw, s. An imitative sound (as, of barking, bow-vow.): see \_\_\_\_\_ . To bark عو عو كرنا \*عف
- A. assistance, a aun, s. m. Aid, assistance, a defender, an aider, succour.
- A. J. and, s. m. f. 1. Contract, compact, covenant, engagement, stipulation, bargain, obligation, promise, treaty. 2. Time, season, conjuncture, 3. Reign. 4. An oath, a vow. A mandate, precept, commission, or patent, for any office or dignity. A عہد شکی .testament or last will Promise-breaking, faithless to one's word or engagement. s. f. Promise-breaking, breach of posture, deception, circumvention

- faith. عبد کرنا To promise, to vow. To covenant, to عهد وييمان كرنا bargain. عبد نامه A contract, an agreement in writing, charter, articles of peace, &c.
- الم عبدة . Maa, s. m. 1. A commission, an obligation, a debt, an agreement. 2. Business, office, duty, post, appointment. (vulg. hudda). 3. Becoming security for another. 4. Returning goods (when damaged). adj. Performing an engagement or being able to accomplish an undertaking, having by due performance liberated (one's self) from عبكة . (some engagement); successful. s. f. Completion of an agreement, ability to perform any work or obligation, performance, success. عبدة Intrusted with a business, employed, holding a commission; an عہدے سے or عہدے میے برانا .officer Liki To be able to perform an engagement or business, to succeed in an undertaking. sick.
- A. Coluc iyadat, s. f. Visiting of the
- A. عياناً بالله أي agan bi-l-lah, The flooing for protection in God! may God avert! Taking refuge.
- A. عيار ayār, or iyār, (علير) s. m. mark, proof, test, standard of weight, measure, assay, touchstone. (adj. superl. of عير or عيارا adj. Cunning, crafty (حالاک) artful s. m. A knave, an impostor. [very. A. H. عيارپي aiyār-pan, s. m. Kna-
- A. P. عياركى aiyār-gī, or aiyāra-gī, s. f. Cunning, sliness.
- مير) adj. f. A عيارة ٨٠ عيارة artful, or cunning woman.
- عبد شكنى م. P. عبد شكنى قiyār-i, s. f. Cunning, im-

- adj. Of or relating to an aiyar, cunning, artful person.
- he lived) 1. Luxurious, voluptuous.

  2. Libidinous, lecherous, rakish. s. m.

  A rake, a Don Juan, a debauchee.
- a. P. عياشى aiyāsh-i, s. f. 1. Luxury, luxuriousness. 2. Animal gratification (أوباشى)
- عبل from عيل from عيل from عبل عيل عيال. To support a family, Heb.
  To give suck, also a suckling) s. m.
  Family (اولاد) children, domestics,
  bousehold. عيالدار Having a family.
- eye) adj. Clear, public, distinct, رظام)، manifest, conspicuous, certain, visible, apparent, evident. Observing, contemplating.
- a. L. Fault, defect, a. vice (ارگری) blemish, infirmity, sin, disgrace, infamy. 2. Imperfection عیب (عیوب Plar. (برآئی) عيب پوش A fault-finder. عيب Concealer of fault or defect. s. f. Concealment of fault. عيب جو adj. Censorious, malevolent, malicious, malignant, captious; carper. عيب جوثي s. f. Censoriousness, criticism, cavil. adj. Censorious, carper عيب چينى s. f. Picking out faults, criticism. عيب كو One who alanderer. عيب كيرى s. f. Finding fault lill - e To defame, asperse.
- a. ميد id, s. f. 1. A solemnity, a Mah. religious festival, revelry, holy day

- (returning at stated intervals; perhaps, from المود Heb. To return continually to the same act). 2. Easter. عيد الفطر Pentecost. عيد الفطر or عيد الفطر A festival held when the fast of Ramaṣān ceases. عيد القربان A festival held on the tenth of the menth su-l-hijja, in commemoration of Abraham's offering up Isaac.
- (used substantively). l. A present which it is usual to make on the day of id, or on some holy day, an Easter gift. 2. A kind of verse descriptive of Id, etc. 8. The paper on which the above is written. 4. Fees from Mah. pupils to their teachers in return for the Idi written by them. 5. Pocket money given to children by them.
- ه. عيسائى ئَةُ عَيْسائى A. Christian.
- A. عيسك تُعَبِّر, (Heb. To save) Jesus.
- A. عيسرى is a w i, adj. Belonging to Jesus, of Jesus; Christian.
- A. شيد aish, s. m. 1. Pleasure, delight, luxury, a bed of roses, a bed of down (عشرت) 2. Soxual intercourse. Life, living. كليد عيش عيش عيش محل Place of merriment. المحمل Banqueting house. المحمل Pleasure, merriment.
- eye ([ii]) sight, aspect 2. A fountain. 3. The sun. 4. Money, gold, &c. 5. The very essence, the thing itself. 6. adj. Very, direct, exact, intrinsic, real, just; really. 7. The udders. Anything like another, second self.
- A. عين غين ain ghain, adj. 1. Like (اكسال). 2. (lit. the difference of a dot) Squint-eyed. 3. Having a cataract.
- A. P. عينك ainak, s. f. Spectacles (خشمة)، glasses to assist the sight

- A. Line ainu-hu, Its or his eye or essence.

  [Both eyes.
- A. عينيد ainain, s. f. dual (of عينيى)
- A. عيوب ته b, plur. (of عيوب Vices, defects, &c.
- A. عيرى aiyūq, Name of a bright star in Auriga, i. e. Capella.

غ

- غ ghain, called مجعه سيف or سيف the nineteenth letter of the Arabic and twenty-second of the Persian alphabet, has no corresponding character in Sanskrit. It is one of the guttural letters; its sound being like that of the Northumberland r, or like a g uttered with compression deeply in the throat: and, it has the same relation to Sthat - has to • When used numerically, it stands for 1000. It is one of the radical letters. It is sometimes suband گریز for گریخ and for 5 as led for W. In conformity to Arabic orthography it is changed into as مشلخم for شلغم آغا for آقا as ق for
- a. غابر <u>ghābir</u>, (part. act. of غابر) a d j.
  1. Left, remained. 2. Passing away.

  H. غاته <u>ghāṭa</u>, s. m. A slave.
- a pit, cave, the den of a wild beast, the laurel, grotto. 2. A hollow or low ground where water lies. 3. A deep gush or wound. يارغار A companion in a cave, (meaning) an intimate friend. (See under ايا
- مارت الجاري <u>ghārat</u>, s. Rapine (احجار)
  plunder, booty, devastation, pillage.
  عارت غول s. m. Sudden loss or

- destruction. Adj. Suddenly or unexpectedly lost. A hostile incursion into
  an enemy's country to carry off spoil
  or captives. غارت كرنا To plunder,
  ravage, spoil. غارت كر A plunderer,
  an oppressor. غارت كرى s. f. Plundering.
- G. غاريقون <u>ghārīqūn</u>, s. m. Agaric, or garlic. (Gr. Αγαρικον).
- P. غازة ghāsa, s. m. 1. Red colour with which women paint the face: eee اپتى 2. Perfumed powder for the hair or skin.
- A. غزو مع فزاي ghāzī, (part. act. of غزو or عزى A. To purpose, to intend, to undertake a military expedition. Heb. To be strong or brave) s. m. A conqueror, a hero, one who fights against infidels. A general. (Pers. plur. غازيان) هرك مرك مرك فازيان A hero; (met.) a horse.
- A. P. غازیانه ghāziyāna, adv. Bravely.
- A. مَشْنُ ghāshiya, (عَشُوُ) s. m. An embroidered saddle-cloth borne before a king in Egypt, a covering for a saddle.
- A. غافر gh ā fi r, part. act. (of غفر)
  Pardoning; one who pardons.
- unmindful) adj. Negligent, neglectful, remiss, indolent, senseless, imprudent, inconsiderate, careless, thoughtless.

  (Pers. plur. عافل)
- A. P. غافلي <u>shāfil-</u>ā, s. f. Negligence.
- P. الفيلان ghāl, 1. part. in compos. (of عاليدن) Rolling or wallowing on the side. 2. The nest of the bee or wasp. 3. A burrow or hole made by wild animals to breed in: a cave made by shepherds to keep their flocks in at night in the open country.
- ملن <u>ghālib</u>, (part. act. of غلب overcome). Overcoming, overpowering, predominant, superior, most likely

- A conqueror. Triumphant. Lib To overcome, to excel, to conquer, to be victories (over).
- a. wie ghāliban, adv. Chiefly, principally, mostly, apparently, probably, most likely, upon the whole.
- adj. عالى adj. اغلو adj. عالى adj. عالى 1. Dear, precious. 2. (for قالى s. f. A carpet, tapestry.
- A. P. هَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَمُ اللَّهُ اللّلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ
- adj. Abstruse, difficult to be understood, enigmatical.
- imperious. (dakh.) Forward,
- adj. Powerful. Considerate, thoughtful. Deep, profound, abstruse.
- absent, hidden. Heb. To be obscured or clouded) adj. Absent, latent, away, concealed, invisible, vanished. (substantively) The third person (ingram.). The deity; the future.
- absence (چينې پيټې)، invisibly, concealedly, secretly.
- A. غور <u>ه</u> غائر <u>shā'ir</u>, (part. act. of غور) adj.
  Descending, deep.
- a. bile shā'it, s. m. Excrement.
- a. Le ghibb, s. f. A tertian ague.

- مار خاطر والمعافقة, s. m. (بند was dust colored) 1. Dust. 2. Vapour, fog, mist, mistiness. 3. Clouds of dust, impurity, foulness. 4. (met.) Vexation, affliction, grief, perplexity. 5. The smallest Arabic or Persian handwriting. 6. Hatred (بير) 7. Soreness bad blood (بير) 7. Soreness فيار آلود (حشمک) غيار آلود (حشمک) غيار آلود (حشمک) غيار آلود Affliction, trouble of mind.
- shell or mortar for throwing shells.
  2. A balloon, esp. a fire-balloon.
- a. غبی <u>shabāwat</u>, (غبی To neglect)
  s. f. Inadvertency, stupidity.
- P. isis ghabghab, s. m. A dewlap, a double chin. isis X The dimple in the chin.
- ing, deceit. 2. Loss (of money, &c.).

  3. Misappropriation of money; unlawful abstraction. ¶ ghaban, 1. s. m. Weakness in mind, mistake, forgetfulness. 2. adj. Weak in mind, liable to deception. Doubling up and sewing part of a garment to make it shorter.
- adj. Weak in فبو adj. Weak in intellect or mind, forgetful, negligent, imprudent, stupid, dull. [sus in coitu.
- H. Lie ghap-ā-ghap, Vox congres-
- H. Lagie ghap-chup, adj. (dakh.) Silent, mute.
- H. في شيخ shop-shop, s. (dakh.)
  Confabulation, talkativeness, garrulity, prate, gossip.
- H. غث والمعبر s. m. 1. A troop, a crowd, multitude. 2. (dakh.) The sound or noise of a gulp or of swallowing a draught. خث کرنا To gulp (down).
- TIL. غنا علم على غنا ghaṭṭā, s. (dakh.) Bung, plug.

s.m. 1. Slap-

ping, clap-

ping, vox

congressus

in coitu. 2.

The sound of walking

in mire;

- a. قت يت ghat pat, Hand to hand, congression, shock, conflict, encountering, congressus.
- H. غَدُر غُون ਜ਼ੁਮੈ a ṭ a r ghữn, s. (dakh.) غتر غون كرنا . (as of doves) To coo, to bill (as doves:).
- H. E ghack,
- H. Lac ghachā,
- H. zėlzė ghachāghach,
- H. Klai ach kā,

the sound from striking with a spear or sword.

- A hole made in H. grachū, s. m. the ground by boys, for H. ghachī, s. f. playing at
  - tipcat. المجيوريارة s. m. Name of a game, tipoat.
- A. غدر ghaddar, adj. (superl. of غدار) Fraudulent, sly, treacherous, a betrayer. A traitor, a cheat.
- غار عدار غدار عدار <u>gh</u>adār, s. m. (dakh.) See
- A. J.L. ghudud, s. m. A hard lump formed in the flesh, a glandular swelling, a gland.
- غدر هه يغدر <u>gh</u>adr, s. m. (غدر was perfidious.). 1. Perfidy, fraud, villany, ingratitude. 2. Noise, bustle. 3. To rebel; mutiny. Malignity, injury. To break a treaty or agreement; to persecute. Glands.
- A.  $\partial_{2}\Delta c gh u d \bar{u} d$ , s. plur. (of  $\partial_{2}\Delta c$ )
- A. غدير ghadīr, l. adj. Deceitful, not to be trusted to. 2. s. f. Lake or pool (left by a torrent and liable to fail), a ditch, stagnant water.
- A. اَعُذُ ghiṣā, s. f. Aliment, diet, provision, food, victuals. (Plur. اعدية)٠
- ه. غذائيت هhigā-iyat, s. f.
- A. أبغ gharrā, adj. Splendid, shining, conspicuous, noble, illustrious. Ishur-غرة rā, s. m. Bee

- غراب غراب غراب غراب غراب غراب A crow, raven, rook; a kind of ship or sailing vessel, (vulg.) a grab, a fly-boat.
- A. 8, 1 gharāra (or prop. ghirāra) s. m. A large sack.
- P. كى شارة sharāra, (H. كلي) (Med.) Gargle. Gurgle. see 3,c,c
- A. charāmat, s. f. Debt; fine, tribute, a mulct for bloodshed.
- P. gharān or gharrān, adj. Rapacious, fierce.
- 4. H. பிடம் ghurrānā, v. n. 1. To frown. 2. To growl; rear. 3. To purr as a [Strange, wonderful (things).
- A. ينب <u>gh</u>arā'ib, s. plur. (of غرائب)
- A. البناية gharā'ibāt, s. plur. See غرائب
- هرب، ه. ه. هرب ه. ه. هرب ه. مرب الم was hidden). The setting of the sun, the west. Africa.
- A. غريب في المين Strangers, the poor.
- A. غربال <u>gh</u>irbāl, s. f. A large sieve, a riddle.
- A. غربت ghurbat, s. f. l. Travelling, emigration, being far from one's countrymen and friends. A sojourning away from home in a strange place, estrangement. 2. Wretched-عربت زنه ness, humility, lowliness. Oppressed with wretchedness.
- A. غربي gharb-ī, adj. Western, west, westerly, occidental.
- P. غرش ghurrish or gharsh, s. Anger.
- ه غرض .ه gharas, 1. s. f. (غرض عرض عنس) Design, view, wish, intention, motive, object, sim, purpose, end, machination, business, meaning, need, necessity, occasion (احتياط) use, want,

interest, concern, selfishness, hatred, spite. 2. A butt or mark for archers. adv. In short, in a word, in fine.

غرض آشنا Designing, selfish, interested, spiteful. غرض باولا A slave to one's مغرض مند A slave to one's مغرض مند adj. Desirous. wishing for, selfish, designing, مندى s.f. Selfishness.

- A. P. غرضى gharaṣ-ī, adj. Interested, selfish, designing.
- e ghurghur, ad j. l. Muttering through rage. 2. Ruptured.
- sound made in the throat when dying or gargling, the death-rattle, a gargle.

  A gargarism. The sound of boiling water.
- A. غرف ghursa, s. m. 1. An upper apartment, hall, banqueting room, a window.

  (کهتاکی) 2. (Slang) A hidden place;
  a corner.
- a. غرفش ghurfish, s. f. Reproof, intimidation, threatening, bullying (as, of a coward who affects bravery).
- A. غرق فلمتم A. s. m. Drowning, immersion, sinking. 2. adj. Drowned, immersed, sunk. عرق هون To be immersed, to be absorbed (in meditation, &c.), to drown. (قربنا)
- ه. ۲. غرقاب <u>gh</u>arq-āb, Deep water, a whirlpool.
- lands, inundation. 2. A shipwreck, drowning. To be drowned. Depression; low ground. adj. Overflowed, inundated.
- P. كرندة <u>gh</u>wranda or <u>gh</u>wranda, (part act. of غريدن) adj. Roaring, making a loud noise, crying out.
- غروب. غروب غروب. s. m. l. Setting (of the sun, &c.). 2. The west, sunset. 3

- Occultation. فرب هونا To set (the sun or moon, &c.).
- A. غرور الكومند s. m. (H. غرور) s. m. (H. غرور)

  Pride, haughtiness, presumption, vainglory, vanity (دماغ) Fallacy, deceit.
- A. P. غروری gh u r ū r ī, s. f. Pride, haughtiness.
- A. 8, is gharra, 1. adj. Haughty, proud, 2. Cross. 3. s. m. Pride, vanity.
- brightness. 2. (lit.) A white spot on the forehead of a horse. 3. Morning or its splendour. 4. The first day of the new moon, calends, the first and best of any thing, the forehead, front. 5. A fast, fasting. 6. An iron grey or roan horse.
- and Pers. affix مريبانه and Pers. affix مريبانه) adj. Fit for the poor, humble. adv. Like a stranger or poor person.
- ness. 2. Humility, wretchedness, humbleness, meekness. 3. Poverty, penury, want, indigence.
- P. فريز gharis, s. Clemency, forbearance.

- A. غرز gharis-i, adj. (غرز innate)
  Innate, natural.
- A. غرق ghariq, (verbal adj. from غريق)

  1. s. m. A drowning person. 2. adj.

  Immersed, drowned. غريق أب adj. Deep, out of man's depth. غريق adj. Overwhelmed with mercy, drowned in the grace of God.
- r. غرين gharin, s. A wood, a forest or thicket frequented by lions.
- 1. Noise, exclamation, tumult. 2. A mob. 3. A guggling noise in the throat, growling.
- A thicket, clump, accumulation of branches, &c. See
- A. اغذ ghazā, (or غانذ) s.m. Making war (against infidels). War, battle. Victory, any heroic achievement. فنا صفا
- a. غزال غزال ghasāl, s. m. 1. A young deer just able to walk, a fawn. 2. The sun. 8. A delicate young person. (Pers. plur. (غزالان).
- A. عزاله ghazāla (or ghizāla), s. m. A young deer, a fawn.
- amatory or Bacchanalian poem. Properly a poem on the subjects of love and wine, interspersed with morality and satire, never exceeding eighteen distichs, nor less than five, the last line of each couplet ending with the same letter in which the first distich rhymes. (Plur.

- عزل خوانی s. f. The reciting odes. مغزل سرا adj. Singing an ode. عزل سرا s. f. Singing of odes.
- a. June ghassal, (adj. superl. of june)
  s. m. One whose business it is to wash the bodies of the dead.
- A. Alms ghusāla, s. m. 1. Dirty water with which any thing has been washed.

  2. Bathing.
- A. لسف ghusl, s. m. 1. Bathing, a bath, ablution. To wash a dead body canonically. 2. (Mah.) Purifying by frequent immersion in water. خانه s. m. A bath, bagnio
- عشية or غشي المنظم والمعلم عشى من المنظم ال
- A. مشف ghash-ī, s. f. Fainting, swoon;
- ing violently, compelling one to do anything, injustice, oppression, ravishing, plunder.
- be choked or suffocated) s. m. 1. Strangulation, suffocation. 2. (met.) Anxiety, grief. 8. (in Hindust.) Anger, wrath, rage (تيزى)، passion. غصے سے بهوت To rage like a fiend. كرنا To rage, to be in a passion.
- 4. H. Luce ghuselā, adj. Passionate, furious, choleric, irascible.
- s. m. l. Violence, oppression, injustice, passion, fury, vengeance, wrath; woe, rage, anger, curse, calamity. 2. adj. Angry. 3. Too good; too bad; excessive; dreadful; shocking. 4. Gigantic; stupendous; splendid dazsling.

قضب آلوده الوكها الجمبا) Destructive; hurtful; baneful. غضب آلوده dj. Oppressive. كفضب كرنا To oppress, to tyrannise (over).

A. غضروف شروف شاغضروف A. Gristle.

مُعَنَّفُونَ وَالْمَعْمِمُ عَصَنَفُو مِلْمَعُمْمِ وَالْمُعْمِمُ عَصَنَفُو مِلْمُ عَصَنَفُو مِلْمُ الْمُعْمِمُ وَالْمُعْمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعْمِمُ مِنْ الْمِعْمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعْمِمُ مُعْمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعْمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعْمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعْمِمُ مِنْ مِنْ الْمُعْمِمُ مِنْ الْمِعْمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعْمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعْمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمُ مِنْ الْمُعْمِمُ مِنْ مُعْمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمُ مِنْ الْمُعْمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمِمُ مِنْ الْمِعِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمِمُ مِنْ مُعِلِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمِمُ مِنْ الْمُعِمِمُ مِنْ ا

A. José ghaffar, adj. (superl. of sec)

Forgiving; forgiver or merciful (the Deity).

a. عفد ghafr, (from عفد To cover, to forgive) s. m. Pardon, remission of sins. عفران بناه
Asylum of pardon.

A. whice ghaftat, s. f. 1. ( !!)

Carelessness, negligence, inattention, forgetfulness, remissness, in advertency 2. A faint; swoon.

\*\*J; Overcome with carelessness.\*

1. غفر ghafār, adj. (superl. of غفر) 1. Clement, forgiving, merciful. 2. s. m. The pardoner, an attribute of God.

A. مفد ghafir, adj. All, many.

s. m. f. Noise (مال فيات)، din, outery, tumult. غل غياتا or الفياتا s. m. Clamour, disturbance, brawl, uproar, noise. اغل مياتا To make a noise, to hoot.

A. الله و الله الله و الله و

darkness: from bic To be thick, &c., s. f. l. Thickness, spissitude, coarseness, rudeness, clumsiness, hardness. 2. Roughness of manners. 3. (in Hindustani) Filth, dirtiness, dung, ordure, offal, night soil (Ling).

A. خاف Heb. To cover, sheath) s. m. l. A case, pillow-case, a cover, cone, lid, a sheath of a sword or knife. The prepuce.

(حونکت) 3. A quilt.

A. phi ghulām, (Heb. To be concealed) s.m. 1. A boy or youth (from birth till puberty; concealed in his father's house and not yet appearing in publie:). 2. (مَاحُ Coeundi cupidus fuit). A young man arrived at maturity. 3. (in Persian and Hindi) A slave, bondsman, helot, serf. 4. Among Mahomedans, a household servant who receives food and clothing but no wages. 5. Used like six for the pronoun I or me by an inferior addressing a superior. 6. (Cards) The knave. 7. A Puerorum غلام پاره \* کنجفه Puerorum s. m. غلام كردش ه amoribus deditus. A shed for servants to sit under. (Pers. plur. غلمان) اغلمان)

A. P. غلامی غلامی bondage, servitude, slavery.

periority, power, dominion, ascendancy, prevalence, conquest, victory, overcoming, advantage, assault, strength. 2. Excess. Preponderance.

P. ghalcha, s. m. A rustic, villager, vagabond.

- P. altām, part. act. (of (غلتيدن orig. غلطيدن Rolling, wallowing. s. m. 1. A kind of cloth; a wrapper. 2. (Arch.) An architrave. ا غلطان پیچان 1. Wallowing, floundering. 2. Wheel within wheel; confusion, worse confounded. 3. Absorbed in thought; in a brown study.
- P. غلطه <u>gh</u>alta, (see گلتا) s. m. 1. A leathern sheath over a scabbard. 2. A thick sort of cloth.
- A. P. غلطي ghalaṭ-ī, s. f. l. A mistake, error, erroneousness. 2. A misstatement. 3 An oversight; a slip; miss. [grossness, enmity. 4. A fallacy.
- A. il sat, s. f. Thickness,
- P. dale ghulghula, s. m. Noise, tumult, kind of dish.
- A. غلام <u>gh</u>ilmān, s. m. plur. (of غلام) Boys who attend the virtuous in pararebellion.
- A. a. ghulū, s. f. Excess; commotion
- P. غاولة ghalola or ghalūla, s. m. A ball. See Y
- ه. هلغ <u>gh</u>alla, (غلي) s. m. 1. The produce of the earth, or agriculture. 2. Grain, corn (حانا). 3. Sale proceeds of the day. The income arising from any property in mortmain or in tail. 4. The box in which they are kept. Grain-merchant. غله فروش
- A. غلی ghalayān, (or غلی) s. m. Boiling over, ebullition, effervescence, excess.
- A. غلط ghalis, (غلط was thick) adj. Dirty, filthy (یلید)، nasty, offensive, gross, rude, rugged, rough, rustic, coarse, thick, condensed, obscene.
- P. غليك ghulel, s. f. A pellet-bow.
- P. Lilė ghulelū,

  P. Lilė ghulelū,

  B. m. A pellet.

- P. غليواز ghilewās, s. Name of a bird; a kite.
- A. i gham, (properly ghamm) concealed, grieved.) s. m. 1. Grief, affliction, anxiety, melancholy, sorrow, mourning (سوگ ), care, concern. 2. Dolor; heartache, woe (رنج) ا غم کهانا (رنج) 1. To grieve, to mourn. 2. To have patience. غم خوار Grieved. آلوده Devouring sorrow, i. e., l. adj. Afflicted, sad. 2. Condoling, condoler, sympathizing, pitying. 3. An intimate friend, a comforter. عمخواری s. f. 1. Affliction. 2. Real friendship, commiseration, condolence, comforting. غمديدة adj. Accustomed to grief, afflicted. غمرسيدة a d j. adj. Grieved غم زنه ۲ afflicted. غم كدة s. m. House of sorrow. غم كرنا To lament, to grieve. غم کش Enduring grief, continuing in grief. غمكسار A remover of grief, a consoler, a confidant, an intimate friend. غملين adj. Sorrowful, grieved, sad. فمناك a d j. sorrowful, sad, woful. غمناكي s. f. Sorrowfulness, sadness, wofulness.
- غمز ghammāz, (adj. superl. of غماز) s. m. An informer, accuser, sycophant, talebearer, detractor, backbiter (چغل خور) a blab. [ing.
- A. P. غمازى ghammās-ī, s. f. Talebear-
- P. A. كنه <u>gh</u>am≈a, (H. سايى) 8. m. wink, an amorous glance, coquetry, ogling, cast of the eye. Affectation.
- A. P. عمن gham.i, adj. 1. Sorrowful, grieved,
  de jected,
  sad. 2. s.f.

  Doath; demise (إنتقال)

- A. Lie ghanā, s. f. Riches, content. ¶
  ghinā, s. f. Song, singing.
- P. ¿ic ghunj, or ghanj, s. An amorous gesture.
- P. مَحِنَدُ وَالْ uncha, s. m. (H. كلي)

  A bud, rose-bud, blossom. مُحَنَدُ

  With a mouth like a rose-bud, a mistress. Adj. Well-populated.
- 1. To mutter, to grumble. 2. To buzz, to hum. 3. To speak through the nose.
- A. sie ghanam or ghanm or ghunm, s. Plundering. Sheep, cattle, a flock.
- A. die ghunna, l. s. m. Sound through the nose, buzzing of flies. 2. adj. Quiescent, nasal (the letter ...).
- A. Lie ghani, (part. act. of Lie) adj. 1.

  Independent. 2. Rich, wealthy. s. m.

  A rich person. Sufficiency, comfortable circumstances. Copious, abundant.
- A. غنم ghanim, (منف took as spoil)
  s. m. An enemy, a plunderer.
- Plunder, booty, a prize. 2. Abundance, good fortune, a blessing, convenience, accommodation.
- a. غواص غواص <u>ghauwā</u>s, (adj. superl. of غوص) s.m. A diver (for pearls, &c.).
- a. P. غواصى <u>gh</u>auwāṣ-ī, s. f. Diver, art of a diver.
- A. غوامض غوامض غوامض فامض Obscure or difficult or profound (sayings).
- غرث ghaus, s.m. A title of Muhammadan saints, whose ardour of

- devotion, according to vulgar tradition, is such, that in the act of worship their head and limbs fall asunder.
- tion, abstraction (جر) meditation, close attention or care, deep thought, deep research. Depth, profundity, low ground. A plain, a valley. غور كرنا To consider, fathom by consideration or investigation.

  s. f. Attendance on, attention to. ¶ ghaur, n. prop. A country or province in Arabia.
- P. غورة ghūra, s.m. 1. Unripe grapes or dates. 2. A colour in pigeons.
- P. غورى ghorī, s. f. 1. A kind of porcelain, which breaks the moment poison is put into it. 2. A plate.
- A. غوز shauz, s. f. Talking; gossip.
- P. 3josa, s. Pod (of cotton, &c.),
- عوط ۱۰ غوطه به s.m. Considera غوط ۱۰ خوطه به tion. غوط مارنا To disappear. غوط مارنا or faint, or swoon.
- (غوته A. غوطه غوطه هم <u>ah</u>ota, (H. دبكي) (Pers. غوطه s. m. 1. Dipping, diving, ducking, immersion. 2. A dip, a dive, a plunge. غوطهٔ خور A diver, any thing that dips or is dipped; a sort of firework, so called, because, being lighted, it is thrown into water (river or tank) when it dives, and every now and then shows itself above water. غوطة لاينا 1. To dip, to plunge under water. 2. To baptize. غوطه (دهوکا دینا) هوکا د. 1. To be dipt. 2. To dive. 3. To be deceived. 4. To travel in a miry road. 5. To stray, to wander, to عوطه مارنا .ose one's way plunge, dive, dip. غوطے میں جانا To faint.
- p. غوغ ghaughā, s. m. Noise, d sturbance, hubbub, uproar, clamour (غل) alarm, brawl.

- P. غوك ghūk, s. m. A frog, toad; butt for archers.
- A. مراعبة المعالى الم
- with a clip at the top through which money is dropped, generally used by banyās, and tax collectors at barriers.

  2. Hidden things; mysteries.
- ing to complaints, redressing wrongs, assistance, redress, succours. Prop.
- viding goods for sale or use: a badge to distinguish soldiers or sectaries.
- A. is ghaib, (— is Heb. and Ch. To be hidden or concealed) adj. Latent, concealed, absent, invisible, mysterions. Anything in the womb of futurity, subst. Invisibility, mystery, absence, or for is the invisible world, the other world. The invisible world, the other world. Skilled in discovering mysteries, a seer, diviner, omniscient. is seer, diviner, omniscient.
- A. H. غيبانى ghaid-ānī, s. f. A shameless woman, a strumpet. (Rare) A disaster; plague; evil.
- A. غيبت ghaibat, s. f. Absence. ¶
  ghībat, (H. نند) (P. بدگوئی) Speaking ill of any one behind his back,
  backbiting, slander, detraction.

غیبت کرنی To backbite, to traduce.

- مردوسرا) <u>gh</u>air, l. adj. Other غير م different. 2. Foreign, strange; (subst.) a stranger. 3. adv. Besides, without, except, different from (سوا) the reverse of. 4. Precarious; bad, 5. s. m. l. A stranger, 2. (Poet.) A rival (رقيب) No, not. This word before any adjective has the same primative effect as the syllables un, in, dis, etc. غيراز Besides, other than. عير انصاف adj. Unjust, contrary to equity. غير انصافي Injustice. غير Absent, away. غير حاضر s. f. Absence, non-appear-غير ذالك ance, non-attendance. غير غير شرعى .Besides this, besides adj. Contrary to the shar, unlawful. غیر مقرقبه mas. or غیر مقرقب غير متناهي .fem. Unexpected غير مزروعة. Interminable, endless. adj. Unoultivated (land). غير معيى غير ملكي .Unstable, unsettled, vague Foreigner. غير مكن adj. . Impossible; not capable of cultivation; barren waste.
- shame (حيا) bashfulness, honour, magnanimity, generosity of mind, courage, spirit. 2. Jealousy, envy, enmity, emulation, zeal, a nice sense of honour. غيرت أفزا Increasing emulation or jealousy.
- مين ghayūr, (غير) adj. Jealone in point of honour or love, high-minded. An epithet of the Deity. Zealous.

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(fe) in Arabic fā, the twentieth letter of the Arabic and twenty-third of the Persian alphabet, has no exact correspondent in Sanskrit, though in practice it is denoted by T. Its sound is that of the English f. In the notation of numbers by the Arabic letters, it stands for 80. It is a radical letter. It is occasionally interchanged with بنام هو میپد or میش ميل or ييل An elephant. times it is changed into , as , for A colour. It admits of being substituted for بان for زنان as A tongue; ile for ile With him; and sometimes for عدنات as عدنات for

In Arabic, moved or sounded with the vowel fat'ha, it is an inseparable particle, signifying and, therefore, then, so that.

A tomb.

open). Opening; conquering.

opening, beginning, commencement, exordium. Introduction, preface. 2. s. f. The first chapter or سورة of the Qur'an. which being repeated when praying for the souls of the dead, the word comes to mean prayers offered up in the name of saints, &c. and vulgarly oblations made to saints, prayers or offerings for the dead, &c. Also the opening chapter of the Quran, generally used as the concluding prayer at devotions, and repeated over people's graves. It is with Mussulmans like the Pater Noster with نیت خیر کی Roman Catholics.

dakh.) Fātiḥa offered in the name of the living.

A. مجان fājir, m. ) (part. act. of transgressing). 1. مد المجان fājira, f. ) (part. act. of transgressing). 1.

adulterer, adulteress (چهذال)، sinner.
2. adj. Sinful, unchaste. Insolent.

heing shameful) adj. 1. Obscene, indecent, impudent, shameful, base, mean, wicked, gross. 2. Enormous; exceeding bounds (in anything bad); ugly, deformed; nefarious (بهاری).

harlot, a whore (بيسوا) s. f. 1. A harlot, a whore (بيسوا) 2. Any thing abominable. An abominable crime.

P. ناخته fākta, s. f. 1. A dove, turtle-dove; ringdove. 2. Name of a colour. اناخته از جانا To be confounded, to faint. فاخته از تهي حبو خليل خان له The days of Khalil Khān's prosperity (or splendour) are gone. [Fawn color.

P. فاختلى fākhta-ī, s. f. Dove-colour.

A. فخر fākhir, (part. act. of فخر) 1. adj. Excellent, precious, honourable, distinguished, sumptuous, valuable: (fem. فخرة) 2. s. m. A boaster, an egotist.

داد زهر fād-xahr, s. m. See فاد زهر P. پاد زهر

A. , i fār, s. m. A rat, mise, a mouse.

P. فارس fārs, (or pārs) n. prop. Persia.

s. m. 1. A horseman, a cavalier. 2. Persia. Persian, Persic.

P. فارسی fārs-ī, l. s. f. Persian language.
 age. 2. adj. Persian.
 3. A foreign language; high dutch.

A. فرغ إذارية إلى fārigh, (part. act. of فرغ was devoid) adj. 1. Free (ازال)، disengaged (خالي)، at leisure, ceasing from labour on finishing it. 2. Absolved, discharged. 3. Contented.

Empty. فارغ البال or فارغ البال

- a d j. l. Independent, unrestrained, contented, at ease, free from care. 2. Possessing a competence; in easy circumstances. فارغ خطى s. f. A deed of release or discharge, written acquittance. المارغ هونا To cease on finishing (from).
- A. فارقليط fāraqlīt, s. m. The Comforter (the Holy Ghost).
- A. فاروق الم fārūq, s. Name of a place.

  The best sort of treacle.

A. عاسل fāsid, m. ) (part. act. of فاسل

- A. المناف fāsida, f. was corrupt) adj. Vicious, depraved, corrupt, pernicious, bad, wrong; guilty; criminal. Unlawful. اخلاق Vicious or bad disposition or manners.
- P. فاش fāsh, adj. (بهاری and ظایر)
  Apparent, manifest, known, divulged, notorious. کرنا To divulge, reveal. فاش هونا To be divulged or revealed.
- A. أخشر fāshirā, s. m. Bryony.
- A. Alois fāṣila, (فصل) s. m. 1. Separating. 2. Space, intermediate space, interstice, interval, break, gap; separation. Distance.
- ex- فضل fāṣil, (part. act. of فضل exceeded) adj. l. Excellent, learned, virtuous. 2. Abundant.
  - hammad's daughter and wife of Ali.
  - A. الموتان على الله fa il, (H. كرتا) part. act. (of doing) 1. Making, doing, oper-

- ating. 2. (sub.) An agent, doer, maker. 3. The participle active. 4. The nominative or subject. فاعل مختار The true agent, God. فاعل مختار Master of one's own actions; a free agent.
- A. فاقة fāqa, (from فرق was poor. Heb.) s. m. l. Poverty, necessity, want. 2. (Pers. and in Hindī) A fast, fasting (from want, not as a religious duty), starving, extreme hunger. فاقه كش To fast. كرنا One who fasts, a faster, famished. واقه كشي s. f. Fasting, endurance of hunger. الما فاقه كينكنا or ناقه كينكنا v. n. To starve, to be famished, to die with hunger.
- n. Jis fāl, s. f. 1. An omen, augury, presage, bibliomancy. 2. Enchantment, necromancy. Anything taken as an omen, particularly in the nature of the Sortes Virgilianse. A small book of bibliomancy.
- H. فالتو fāltā, 1. Spare. surplus, extra (فاضل) 2. Unemployed (hence a cooly).
- s. m. The palsy, (especially, hemiplegia), paralysis.
- H. فالسة fālsa, s. m. (dakh.) A garden shrub (Grewia Asiatica:), the fruit of which has a grateful, subacid flavour.
- P. كان fālūda, (or pālūda,) l. adj. Smooth, clear. 2. s. m. A kind of flummery (made of sūjī, milk, sirup, khoprā, and various spices:), or of نشاستن
- P. فاليز fālez (or pālez,) s. f. A field of
- to nouns denoting colour, complexion, implies a tendency to such colour or

being of such colour: as, سية فام Blackish. لعل فام Ruby-coloured.

- منی or فنای fānī, (part. act. of فنای or فنای passed away) adj. Frail, transitory, inconstant, perishable, evanescent.

  This transitory world.
- ing, obtaining with success. Overcoming.
- A. فوق fā'iq, (part. act. of فوق) adj. Superior, excelling, excellent, super-excellent, preferable.
- A. البنة fabihā, (contract. of نبها. بالخصلة fajā'a bi-l-khaṣlati-l-ḥasanati)
  interj. Very well! then it is well,
  excellent! bravo! н. يوس بي سهى
  adv. So be it; so much the better.
- A. نت fatā, (قتى To be young: Heb.

  To be simple, easily seduced or persuaded) s. m. A youth.
- A. فتان fattān, l. adj. (superl. from فتان) Seditious, mischievous, malicious, 2. s. m. An assayer (of gold).

- A. فتع fath, (H. جيس) (Heb. To open) s. f. l. An aperture, opening.

  2. Victory, conquest. فتع مند A mode of tying the turban. فقع مند adj. Victorious, conqueror, triumphant. فقع مند s. f. Victory. فتع مند فقع فتع نشان A victorious standard (opened only in battle). فتع فتع على To conquer. فتع هونا To conquer. فتع هونا To be conquered.
- bian vowel Fat-ha (') pronounced as the English a in the word America, or the French s in le. To open a door.
- P. فتراكك fitrak, s.m. Cords fastened to a saddle behind, meant for hanging game to; saddle-straps.
- A. فتق fatq, (قت To cleave, to split, rent, to open) s. m. 1. A rupture or hernia. 2. Scrotum; testicles. Opening, loosing, breaking, splitting, bursting (as sewing).
- A. فنق fatqā, adj. f. Patentiore rima (mulier).

mischief-maker. فتنه سازى s. f.

The occasioning of disturbance or trouble. فتنه كر A seditious person, a mischiefmaker.

- a. نتوت futūwwat, (ننّا) s. f. Liberality, generosity.
- A. رفتے futuh, s. f. plur. (of فتی) 1.

  Victories, conquests, taking of towns.
  2. (met.) Abundance, easy circumstances, income received gratuitously.

  Gains, pickings, perquisites.

  plur. of plur. Victories.
- 4. نتوحى fatūḥ-ī, (open; from نتوحى)
  s. f. A kind of jacket without sleeves.
- Weakness, infirmity. (Hind.)
  Quarrelling. ¶ fitur (dakh.) Treachery, deceit, intrigue, treason, contrivance. Row, riot (خلل) نتور کرئا (خلل) To intrigue, to conspire. [ous, deceitful.
- A. نتورى fitur-i, adj. (dakh.) Treacher-
- decree, judgment, sentence, award, decision. The written verdict of the Mah. Law officer of a court, according to the ing to the judgment, to decree.
- A. فتى fatā, s. m. A young man, a boy.
- A. فتيل fatila, (from نتل Heb. To twist) s. m. A match for a cannon, wick. فتيله سوز s. m. A candleatick. A brass or tin lamp. A tent for wounds.
- A. فجر fajr, (orig. in cleaving, splitting or breaking; as the dawn breaks through the darkness. Hence also Heb. To be weak or wearied, fractis viribus) s. f. (dakh. s. m.) (H. بهور) Morning, crepuscle, dawn of day, early. بتى فجر Early dawn, early in the morning. [heel. 2. adj. Thick.

  A. ما في المناس المنا

- very wicked. ¶. fujūr, s. m. Wickedness, adultery. Deviation, luxury.
- A. معاش faḥḥāsh, a d j. (superl. of فعاش) Obscene, talking indecently.
- A. P. مناهد faḥḥāsh-ī, s. f. Obscenity.
- A. m. Obscenity (in word or deed), bawdry, grossness.
- A. أحف faḥwā, s. m. Style, contents, signification, sense, argument, drift. tenour, meaning. (Plur. فحواى كلم Signification, scope, spirit, tenour of the speech, &c.
- P. i fakt, s. A snore, noose; chase.
- fakhkh, s. Weakness in the legs or feet: snoring (in sleep).
- he gloried). 1. (flory, nobility, ornament, grace. 2. Boasting, egotism, just pride, ostentation. [grape so called.
- A. P. فخرى fakkr-i, s. f. A kind of
- A. فخرية fakhr-iya, s. m. Ostenlation, boasting, with just pride.
- A. الله fide, (Heb. To redeem) s. f.

  (ندی gave up, ransomed.) Sacrifice,

  consecration, redemption, devoting

  one's self to save another, ransom,

  exchange, cartel. الذا كرا To devote,

  to sacrifice.
- A. P. فدائى fidā-ī, s. One who willingly hazards life in an act or for any one; a lover, thief, murderer.
- A. ندين fidya, s. m. Bansom.
- A. ندک fadak, a. Name of a village in Khaibar.
- 4. فدا) adj. Devoted (your devoted servant); yours obediently. (Fem. فدوية)
- A. فدویت fidwi-yat, s. (dakh.) Devotion, allegiance.

- far (Arab. فر furr, The best and handsomest) s. m. State, pomp, dignity, splendour, glory, lustre, beauty.
- A. فرات furāt, n. prop. The river Euphrates.
- برانا عن farrātā, (بن fly) (see نرانا عن from r. حجرانا Start, throb) s. m. 1. The sound of any thing rushing or fluttering in the air, a rush, a puff. 2. A run; running over (a page).
- farāth, adj. Ample, capacious,
  - spacious, extensive (چوڙا)، wide, large, abundant, cheap, plentiful.
  - if a r ā-kh u r, (comp. of فراخور fa r ā-kh u r, (comp. of فراخور Fit) adj. Fit, corresponding, quadrating.
  - P. فراخی furāki-i, s. f. 1. Abundance, cheapness, largeness, wideness. 2. A girth. 3. Competency; prosperity.
- A. فراله furāda, plur. (of فراله) Alone, single, solitary.
- firer, s. m. Flight, running away.
- A. P. فرارى firār-ī, (or farārī), adj. (dakh.) Fugitive; runaway, abs-conded; escaped.
- P. فراز farāz, 1. s. m. Accent, acclivity.
  2. adj. High (ارجا) aloft. 3. Exalted, exalting, elevating. [tation.
- P. فرازى farāz-ī, s. f. Highness, exal-
- Heb. To divide, to distinguish) s. f. 1. Physiognomy, judging of the mind of another from external appearances.

  2. Penetration, sagacity, understanding, ingenuity, address, dexterity.
- Heb. To spread) s. m. A servant whose business it is to spread the carpets, &c., bedmaker, chamberlain, sweeper. A fir tree. T firāsh, Spreading. ing. is. m. The room where carpets, tents, &c. are laid up.

- A. P. فراشى farrāsh-ī, s. f. Spreading carpets, &c., the business of a farrāsh, the office of making beds, &c. See also, فراشى سلام \* فراشى \* فراشى
- A. فرغ farāgh, (فرغ) s. m. Cessation from labour, disengagement (from any thing on finishing it), competency, completion, leisure, repose, ease, freedom from care.
- A. Cessation from labour, disengagement (from any thing on finishing it), finishing and ceasing (from), rest, respite, freedom from care, leisure, repose, breathing time. 2. Abundance, affluence, ease, competency. 3. Competency; sufficiency. 4. Call of nature (ناختان). المناف المن
- Heb. To break, to separated s. m. 1. Separation, absence, departing, distance, distinction. 2. Anxiety; care. فراق زنه adj. Absent, separated.
- (one) separated (from friends or the beloved).
- P. فرامرز farāmurz, s. m. Keeper of a fortress; n. prop. The son of Rustam.
- فراموش farāmush, adj. See فرامش ۴۰
- P. فرامشی farāmush-ī, s. f. Forgetful-
- P. فراموش farāmūsh, adj. Forgotten, forgetful, neglected. s. f. l. Forgetfulness (بهرل) 2. Boys' game.
- P. فراموشكار farāmūshgār, adj. Forgetful.
- P. فراموشكارى farāmūsgār-ā, s. f. Forgetfulness.
- e. فراموشی farāmūsh-ī, s. f. Forgetfulness, oblivion.

- adopted in Arab.) Orders, commands, mandates, precepts.
- #. فرانا عمر farrānā, (perhaps, from r. خرانا Start, throb. See فرانا) v.n.l.
  To sneeze (a horse). 2. (for الهرانا)
  To come quickly.
- P. فراوان firāwān, adj. Much, abundant, sufficient, opulent.
- firāwān-ī, s. f. Abundance.
- prep. فران (المهنّا المهنّا به farā-ham, (H. المهنّا) (المهنّا prep. and P. هم) 1. s. m. Collection. 2.

  Contraction. 3. adj. Collected, gathered. 4. Embodied. فراهم كرنا To accumulate, to gather.
- أفريضة farā'ia, s. plur. (of فريضة from فريضة To cut. Heb. To divide, to break) The knowledge of dividing inheritances agreeably to law: obligatory or divine precepts, statutes of the Mah. religion, laws, obligations, duties.
- P. فربه farbih, (H. اموتا adj. 1. Fat, plump, fleshy, corpulent. 2. Stout and strong.
- P. قربهی farbih-i, s. f. Fatness.
- P. فرتوت fartūt, adj. Old and decrepit; good for nothing.
- \*\* faraj, s. f. Being satiated and satisfied. Cheerfulness, comfort, pleasure, joy. ¶ farj, s. f. Pudendum tum maris tum feminæ.
- farjām, s. m. End, conclusion, issue. Happiness, prosperity. Utility.
- farah, (Heb. To bud, blossom; prosper) 1. adj. Joyful, satisfied, cheerful. 2. s. Joy, briskness, wautonness, gladness.

- ه نرحان farḥān, adj. Glad, joyful.
- A. ترحت farhat, s. f. Delight, pleasure, diversion (خوشی)، joy, amusement. فرحت آثار or فرحت آثار
  adj Pleasant, happy. فرحت انجام
  adj. Of happy issue, successful.
- P. فرخ farrukh, adj. Happy, fortunate.
- P. المنظقة far Hunda, adj. Happy, or فرخنده طالع or فرخنده عال adj. Fortunate, lucky.
- P. نرخى farrukk-i, s. f. Happiness.
- A. فرن fard, (Heb. To separate, to divide) l. s. f. A sheet (of paper), list, roll, catalogue, muster-roll, statement, verse, piece, fragment, half of a four-line stanza which alternates. 2. An individual (شخص) 3. adj. One of a pair, sole, only, unique, incomparable. 4. Single thing, a unit. 5. Odd (number). 6. The outer fold of a quilt (ابرا) منابرا) 7. A couplet (بیت) 8. A draft of an account. 9. Register, record, account. 10. The white-browed Fantail; Leucocerca aureola. Common in gardens in the plains of Northern and Central India. Unequal, simple, singular, the singular number. فرد کاشت ۱۰(افراد ۵۰ فردیات Phar.) Statement of a Ryut's cultivation. A settlement, record.
- P. أولا) adv. 1. To morrow. 2. (met. to express the rapidity and certainty of its approach. The day of the resurrection فرداى s. f. The day of resurrection.
- A. فرنوس firdans, (Heb. Aram. Gr. Парабегос) s. m. A garden, paradise. Name of several delightful places. فرنوس مكانى adj. Whose dwelling is paradise.

- irdaus-i, n. prop. Name فراروسی of a celebrated poet. [logue.
- A. P. فراى fard-i, s. f. A roll, cata-
- هر الله عن fardiyāt, s. plur. of فرديات
- فرزین farz or firz, s. See فرزین
- p. فرزانگی farzāna-gī, s. f. Wiedom, science, excellence.
- P. فرزانه farsāna, adj. Wise, intelligent, excellent; s. A wise, intelligent, excellent man.
- e. فرزند farzand, s. m. f. A child, son or daughter. فرزند رشید A good child.
- P. فرزندی میں farsand-i, s. f. The state or condition of a child. فرزندی میں To adopt as a son.
- ehess. فرزین بند s.m. A term used at chess. [Knight at chess.
- A. فرس faras, s. m. A horse or mare.
- in compos. Wearing, rubbing, worn, obliterating, obliterated.
- ج. فرستان firistāda, (part. pass. of فرستان adj. Sent.
- s. m. A parasang (or measure of a b o u t 18,000 feet in length),

a league.

- P. فرسول Worn, torn, spoiled by age, obliterated.
- A. فرث farsh, (Heb. To spread) s. m.

  1. Spreading. 2. Carpeting, bedding, couch, a cushion, mat, carpet, pavement, floor, ground, any thing spread, bed-clothes, or any similar house-furniture. 3. (Slang) To knock one down.

  adj. Belonging to a floor or carpet. Flat bottomed. s. m. (Slang) A

- catamite. فرش کرنا To spread, pave فرش هونا To be spread. ¶ furāsh, s. plur. (of فراش firāsh) Beds, carpets.
- P. فرشتگان firishta-gān, s. plur. (of فرشتگ) Angels, &o.
- P. فرشته from فرسته from فرشته from فرسته To send) s. m. An angel, apostle, prophet, missionary, messenger. [with flat bottom.
- A. P. فرشى farshi, s. f. A kind of huqqa,
- slit) s. f. فرصت فرصت fursat, (from فرصت slit) s. f.

  Leisure, freedom, ease, convenience, coincidence, leave (چهتی) opportunity, occasion, time, recovery, relief, rest.
- A. فرض fars, s. m. f. (Plur. فرض)

  made lawful) 1. Divine command, a duty the omission of which is considered as a mortal sin, an obligation. A necessary observation of certain precepts of the Mah. religion. 2.

  Onus; responsibility; liability.

  oconsider as a positive indispensable duty, to consider as certain or unquestionable, grant, admit, assume.

  sume. فرض کرو (H. مانو (H. فرض کرو) Suppose, let. فرض هونا To be incumbent, to behoove.

  [for instance, suppose,
- A. فرضاً farṣan, adv. Hypothetically,
- A. P. فرضى farṣ-ī, adj. 1. Assumptive, assumed, hypothetical. 2. Incumbent, bound. 3. Fictitious; not real or essential; nominal. 4. Assumed.
- A. P. فرضيت farṣīyat, s. l. Assumption, hypothesis.
- plenty, superfluity, abundance: a small hill or top of a hill, a road-mark.
- ارع (of a tree, particularly the top brem-

nary doctrines of a faith). Being produced, descended, derived, sprung from. Produce. Being at the summit, excelling others (in birth, beauty, &c.). The top, the head, the chief of a people, or family.

- A. فرعون fir'aun, (Heb.) n. prop. 1.
  Pharaoh. 2. (met.) Any cruel tyrant,
  a despot. 3. A prond arrogant person.
- A. P. فرعونی fir'un-i, s. f. Haughtiness, arrogance.
- P. فرغول farghil, s. f. A wrapper, a great coat, a quilted cloak, a mautle.
- P. فرفر farfar, Quickness, haste: adv. Quickly, hastily; fast; fluently.
- 6. فرفيون farfiyān, s. Gum Euphorbium (Euphorbia antiquorum).
- A. فرق farq, (Heb. To break, to divide)

  (نامای separated) l. s. m. Difference,

  distance, (نامای) distinction, separation, division, discrimination, interruption, dispersion. 2. The head, the top of any thing, summit. 3. adj. Distant, separate, distinct. 4. interj.

  Away! aside! 5. Defect; vice. فرق کرنا Common difference.
- as distinguishing فرقان مع distinguishing truth from falsehood) s. m. The Qur'an (Alqoran).
- A. فرقت (P. خدائی) s. f. Distance, separation, distinction, absence (of lovers, &c.).
- أرقدان farqadān, s. m. dual. Two stars near the pole, the greater and lesser boars.
- فرقه فرقه (فرق s. m. A sect, a body, tribe, class (جماعت)، kind, troop, a band, company, society.
- sarma's, pert. | فرمائے sarma's, pert.

- act. (فرمولان) in compos. Com-
- edict. 2. A royal patent, grant. فرمان على adj. Subject to orders, subject, obedient, charged with orders. فرمان بردارى subjection, allegiance. عنومان بردارى s. f. Command-giving, sovereignty.

  Whose command passes c urrent, entitled to command, a sovereign, a commander.
- P. H. Libe farmānā, (epolitical) v. a. 1.

  To order, to command; (speaking with great respect) to say, to make or do, to grant, deign, vouchsafe, commit (to). 2. s. m. Order.
- P. فرمونی farmā'ish, (فرمونی) s. f.

  An order (particularly for goods, &c.),
  commission, a requisition, any thing
  commissioned, pleasure, will, commands.
- cularly ordered (any thing), made to order, bespoken. 2. Excellent. 3. Strong; good.
- farmāda, part. pass. (of فرموده) Ordered, said; s. m. Order, command, precept.
- P. فرنگ farang, s. m. Cor. of Enrope, Eng. Frank. ¶ farang or firang, s. (dakh. for Pers. فرند) A sort of sword, straight, with a broad blade.
- P. فرنگی farang-ī, (from Fr. franc) a.m.

  A Frank, an European in general, adj. European.
- P. فرنگستان farang-istān, s. m. Europe.
- P. فرنى firni, s. f. A dish resembling hasty pudding, ground rice and milk.

- P. فرو fars, adv. Down, below, under.
  To subside.
- P. فروتن farū-tan, adj. Humble.
- P. فروتنى farū-tan-ī, s. f. Humility, condescension.
- farīkkta, part. pass. (of افروختن for افروختن) Burnt, kindled, inflamed.
- alighting, stopping; adv. Down, beneath: a term used in the Customs department to express the arrival and deposit of goods within certain defined limits.
- in compos. Kindling, inflaming, enlightening. 2. s. Splendour. فروز To illuminate.
- P. فروزان farisin (part. act. of فروزان adj. Inflaming, shining burning.
- in compos.) المروختن farish, part. act. (of فروشیدن or فروشیدن to sell) 1. (in compos.)

  Selling, seller; as, محلوا فروش هوا محلوا فروش كرنا A seller of sweetmeats, &c. فروش كونا To be sold. [Carpets.]
- ه. فرش furush, s. plur. (of فرش)
- P. غروشنده farūshanda, part. act. Selling; seller. [ing.
- P. فروشى farūsh-ī, in compos. s. f. Sell-
- مرع furn", s. plur. (of فروع مره) Tops,

- summits, branches, heads or chiefs of a family. Effects.
- فروع furu'āt, s. plur. See فروعات
- P. فروغ farūgh, s. m. Illumination, light,
  splendour, brightness (رونق).
- P. فروكش firū-kash, a d j. Residing, dwelling.
- F. فروگذاشت farā-guṣāsht, s. Omission, connivance, neglect.

  To omit, to except, to neglect, to fail.
- P. غرومانده farw-manda, (comp. of فرومانده Low, under, and part. pass. of ماندن To live, to remain) adj. Dejected, tired, depressed, fatigued, weary, weak, helpless.
- P. فروماندگی farāmānda-gi, s. f. Help-lessness. [dejection.
- P. فرومانی farū-mānī, s. f. Weakness,
- P. فرومایه farū-māya, (comp. of فرومایه Below, under, and هایه Stock, capital, fund) adj. Worthless, poor, ignoble, abject, low, sordid, mean.
- elebrated Persian statuary, who to please his mistress Shārān dug through an immense mountain.
- standing, science. 2. A dictionary, a vocabulary, glossary.
- eharge, exclamation, lamentation, crying out for assistance.
  فریادرسی A redresser of grievances.
  - s. f. Redress, succour. فرياد كرنا To complain, to lay a suit against one, cry out for assistance.
- انریالی Faryād-i, s. m. A plaintiff, دریالی complainant (دعریدار)

- افريبرز fariburs, n. prop. Name of a son of Kaikā'ās; also, name of a woman. [fulness, deceiving.
- r. فريبندگي Rrebanda-gī, s. f. Deceit-
- P. فريبنده firebanda, part. act. (of فريفتي Deceiving, deceiver.
- cheat, an impostor, artful person. 2. in compos s. f. Cheating, defrauding, adj. Dishonest.
- p. أويد farid, l. A Mah. Saint. 2. A mocking epithet applied by boys to one who rides on a miserable pony.

  s. f. The first cooked Jaggery, etc. set aside in honor of a Mah. Saint named Farid Shakar-ganj.
- p. فريدون farīdūn, or firīdūn, An ancient king of Persia. [gladness.
- a. فرفر s. f. Joy, فرفر s. f. Joy,
- to be enamoured) Deceived. Enamoured, charmed, infatuated; doter.

- P. فزا fasā or fisā, part. in compos.

  (فزودن) Increasing. See افزادان)
- P. فزائى fazā-ī, in compos s. f. Increas-
- افزود fazūd, contract. of فزود
- P. فزون fasūn, part. Increasing, many, much: see افزون
- A. Depravity, corruption, malignity, perverseness, villary, iniquity, wickedness, mischief, violence, war, horror, mutiny, sedition (Lid), rebellion. Dissention; ferment. Intrigue.
- A. P. نسالى fasād-ī, adj. Quarrelsome, rebellious, mischievous, &c. Factious.
- P. فسأن fisān or fasān, s. A whetstone.
- P. خسانه fasāna, s. m. Tale, romance. fiction, &c. See خسانه [over.
- A. فسر fas'ḥ, (Heb.) s. Easter, pass-
- breach (as of an agreement), infraction, dissolving (a marriage), dislocation. To break off (a purpose, &c.), to break (an agreement or promise), to infringe, break, to invalidate.
- انسردگی ۹۰ پردگی انسردگی انسردگی انسردگی
- P. كنسرك fusurda or fisurda, part. pass.

  (of نسرك ) Frozen, withered, dejected.

  ted. نسرك كال adj. Cold-hearted.

  Bee كانسرك كال
- الم أسق أهم, (Heb. To divaricate) s. m. أسق transgressing) Adultery, obscenity, impudence. iniquity, prevarication, sin, impiety, falsehood.

(Pl. of فاستى). The wicked, the adulterous.

- P. imem fisos, s. m. See
- P. نسون fuen, s. m. Enchantment.
  See انسون
- pressing with the hand, compressing.
- P. فشاندی fishān, part. (of فشاندی) in compos. Strewing, scattering, shedding, spreading, expanding, strewed.
- P. نشانده fishānda, part. pass. (of نشاندی) Scattered, strewed, spread.
- P. فشانی fishān-ī, in compos. s. f.
   Strewing, scattering, spreading.
- P. نشرن fushurda, part. pass. (of نشرن) Squeezed, pressed.
- A. نصے faṣāḥat, (ضن To speak clearly, from Heb. To break; and, hence, to sound) s. f. Eloquence (خرش بیانی)، fluency of speech; pure or good language.
- s. m. A surgeon, a bleeder, phlebotomist.
- A. P. فصالى faṣṣād-ī, s. f. Surgery,
- فصد کرنا , s. f. Opening a vein, bleeding, phlebotomy. فصد کرنا or کهولنا v. a. To bleed.
- ated). 1. Separation, division, a section, article, clause, chapter or other division of a book; decision, determination. 2. Time, season (reaping), juncture, crops, harvest. Flowingness and clearness of discourse. A difference, distinction (between right and wrong.) The decision of a cause. خریف The autumnal harvest of rice, millet, &c. نصل ربیع). The

- spring harvest of peas, wheat, barley gram, &c. (Plur. فصول)
- A. P. فصلى faṣl-ī, adj. Of harvest. (The faṣlī era, or revenue year of Upper India, reckons from about A.D. 592‡: and the faṣlī, or revenue era, of South India reckons from about A.D. 590).
- quent, sweet (tongued), polished, elegant.
- a. (نصل) s. f. A child or young camel weaned from the mother. Breast-work. city wall, intrenchment; rampart, platform of the wall behind the parapet and between the bastions.
- was wide) فضو faṣā, s.f. (فضو was wide) Openness and extensiveness of ground or place, area, field, a plain, a court, an area. [remainder.]
- A. مناطق fuṣāla, (فضل) s. m. Remains,
- A. كفيلت faṣā'il, s. plur. (of فضيلت)
  Virtues, excellences, learning.
- A. فضل faṣl, s. m. Excellence, virtue. Increase, advantage, redundancy, excess, gain. Gift, reward, favour, goodness, kindness, grace. A dreadful thing; bugaboo.
- A. افاضل fuṣalā, s. plur. (of ناضل) The excellent, the learned.
- A. منف fuela or prop. faela, s. m. Remainder, redundance. Leaving, refuse, offal. Filth; dirt. (Med.) Residue (نفلات) (Plur. نفلات).
- A. افضل foṣūl, or fuṣūl, (فضل) adj.

  Exuberant, excessive, extravagant, redundant, disproportioned, needless;

  useless فضول خرج Extravagant,

  prodigal. فضول کو A prolix speaker,

  babbler, talkative; boaster, egotist.
- A. P. فضولى faṣūl-ī, s. f. Exuberance, exorbitance, extravagance.
- a. نضي faṣīḥ, (نض) a d j. Ignominious, infamous, disgraceful.

- A. نضي faṣiḥat, (فض) s. f. Disgrace, ignominy, infamy, shame; stain. (Wom) Quarrel; wrangle; brawl. A villanous act, bad, infamous action. نضيحت كرنا To disgraced, to become infamous.
- A. P. نفیکتی faṣiḥat-ī, 1. adj. Disgraceful. 2. s. f. (dakh.) Disgrace.
- a. فضل) s. f. Excellence, preference (ترجيع), perfection, virtue, any qualification which one has to a higher degree than others, knowledge, learning, proficiency.
- to split) s. m. Splitting, creating, producing, doing any thing immaturely or preposterously, commencing.

  There, Breaking a fast; the festival held on breaking Lent, which is also called
- Misdom, sagacity, cunning. Nature, creation, form. Deceit, trick. Alms given on the فطرت الزانا \* عيد الفطر v. a. (vulg.), To practise tricks or stratagems, to cheat, to shuffle.
- A. P. فطرتى fitrat-i, adj. Sagacions, cunning; natural.
- فطرت figra, s. m. See نطره
- خمیری fatiri, s. f. Opp. of نطیری An unleavened bread.
- A. انعل fi al, s. plur. (of نعل) Actions, deeds, works. fu al, s. m. Doer, great operator.
- work, operation, deed. 2. A verb. To perform an action, to labour. 3. Feigning, pretence, sham. 4. An unnatural act, adultery. 5. Carnal intercourse. The word which is used as the paradigm of triliteral roots of Arabic words.

- Lost labour, an absurd undertaking with the series of the labour, an absurd undertaking with the series of the labour. A verb active, transitive or causal. A verb active or neuter, of which the actor is made known by the verb itself. Les A verb passive, the actor of which is left unknown by the verb. A verb in the past tense. A verb in the aorist, having either a present or future sense. Lealy. In fact, actually.
- A. گغا fi<sup>\*</sup>lā, adv. In fact; indeed. Prac-
- A. خامه ja'ala, s. m. Deed, action. (plur. of ناعل Agents. ¶ fi\*la, See نعل
- P. نغان fighān, or fughān, 1. s. m. f. Lamentation, clamour, complaint, 2. interj. Alas!
- p. نغفور faghfür, s. m. The general name of the emperors of China. The porcelain of China.
- H. فتي faq, adj. Astonished, dismayed,
- tion, a state of desertion, abandon-ment by friends, separation from friends, want.
- مقر faqr, s. m. Poverty, the practice or vocation of a faqīr or dervis: a life of poverty with resignation and content.
- A. فقير fuqarā, s. plur. (of نقير)

  Dervises, &c. The poor, the common people.
- A. قر fiqra, (from نقر To break, especially the vertebræ) s.m. I. A line, a sentence, a period, an article, paragraph. 2. Deception. An anecdote, a tale. فقرة بندى s.f. Arrangement, eloquence; composition.
- A. نقط faqat. (then enough. Comp. of نقط Then, &c., and قط Enough, which

from bi gatta, Chald. To cut) adv.

Merely, simply, (((a,c)), only, solely,
no more. s. m. Finis; end (A word
used at the end of a document, deed,
petition, etc., to indicate that it is
completed.

- and law, theology, jurisprudence. The Mah. ecclesiastical law.
- A. نقيم fuqahā, s. plur. (of نقيم Theologians. Doctors of law and divinity.
- A. نقر (نقر) s.m. A beggar, a dervis, religious mendicant. adj. Poor, indigent. (Plur. نقير دوست (نقرا) Friendly to the poor
- A. P. نقيرانه faqīr-āna, adv. Like a beggar or dervis. adj. Of a faqīr.
- A. H. فقيرنى faqīr-nī, s. f. A female beggar.
- heggary or life of a dervis. 2. adj. Of or relating to a dervis.
- A. فقية faqih, (verbal adj. from فقن used substantively) A Mah. lawyer or theologian.
- ling, unbuttoning, breaking open a seal. Liberating, manumitting (a servant). Releasing a pawn or pledge. To redeem a pledge. The jaw (upper or lower).
- Thought, reflection, (جار) considered)

  Thought, reflection, (جار) consideration, opinion, deliberation, notion, conceit, imagination, idea, care, concern, counsel, advice. Solicitude, heed, anxiety.

  anxiety.

  anxiety.

  1. To consider, reflect, think, be thoughtful or anxious, to care, to pine; grieve for, &c.

  2. To ponder (نجاركرنا) 3. To contrive; provide for or against; to plot

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- P. فكندنى fikandan-ī, a d j. To be thrown, fit to be thrown.
- P. فكندن fikanda, (part. pass. of فكندن)
  adj. Cast down, thrown away.
- P. نگار flgār, a d j. Lame, crippled, wounded. Afflicted, confused, distracted. دل نگار Heart-afflicting.
- p. فكارى figār-ā, a. f. in compos. Wounding affliction.
- P. نگن figan, part act. See انگن
- Heb. and Chald. To cut, to plough, to blossom as a flower: Cant. 4, 3, to prosper) s. f. Prosperity, happiness, safety, asylum, refuge. Good; profit (خالكة)
- P. ناخن falākhun, s. f. A sling (for stones). [Philosophers.
- ه. فيلسوف falāsifa, s. plur. (of فيلسوف)
- a. فلاطون falāṣūn, n. prop. Plato: see
- 1. نلکت falākat, (in Pers. and Hind. from نلکث) s. f. A misfortune, adversity.
- A. P. فلاكتي falākat-ī, adj. Unfortunate.
- tinguish) adj. pron. Such an one or thing. The name of any unknown or undefined person, he, that man. A certain person or thing. ¶ falān or s.f. (met.) Pudendum muliebre.
  - s. m. The organs of generation.
- علن fulāna (or vulg. falāna,) adj. such an one, such as a certain. ¶ falāna, s. m. Penis virilis.
- A. فلز filiss, s. m. Ore, metal. Dross scoria. Plur. فلزات Mines, ores, metals.
- the value of five cash (s. kās); the scale of a fish, the boss on a bridle or book.

- 6. فلسفى falsafī, s. m. Philosopher.  $(\Phi \iota \lambda \sigma \sigma \phi \sigma \phi)$ .
- A. كالى مرج filfil, (H. كالى مرج) (पिप्पली)
  s. f. Pepper, long pepper.
- a. فلكت falak, (Heb. Any thing round)

  B. m. 1. The heavens, the universe, world, sky (آسمان)، fir mament, sphere. Fate, fortune, or the influence of the spheres. The orbicular motion of the heavenly bodies. (Plur. خالات الله Stricken of fate, poor, crazy, lunatic. فلكت كو خبر نهوني (lit. A thing being unknown to one's stars) implies great inattention and ignorance. Mir Abdulläh Tajarrud says:—

تجھ رو میں لطف ھے سو ملک کو خبر نہیں \* خورشید کیا ھے اسکے فلکٹ کو خبر نہیں

There is a charm in thy face unknown even to angels (compared to it) what is the sun? It is unknown to his orbit or sphere. نلک الانلاک The primum mobile, empyrean heaven. لنك سير Like the heavens in motion, rapid in motion. نلک نشال Like the heavens, high or vast as the heavens. [heavens, or of fortune.

A. فلكي falak-i, adj. Celestial, of the

- علم falam, s. (dakh.) A piece of money, usually called fanam (पण).
- A. فلس fulūs, s. plnr. m. (of فلس)

  Small coins, a paisā. A copper coin;

  a pice (پیسا)، scales, shells, etc.
- 8. m. 1. Match, torch, wick, fusee.
  2. A wick composed of paper inscribed with mystic words, by inhaling the smoke of which demons are said to be expelled from those possessed. 3. A cord of twisted thread sewed between the two folds of the hem of a garment

- A. فم famm, (Chald. According to some for فره s. m. The mouth. (Plur. افواه) دم معدد (افواه The orifice of the stomach.
- A. فن fann, s. m. Science, learning, knowledge. Skill, sagacity, stratagem, fraud, art, artifice. (Plur. فن فنور or (dakh.) فن فتور ه. m. Art and cunning. Artful, cunning.
- ed away, to perish: analog. to Heb. to turn) s. f. Mortality, frailty, corruption, perdition, extinct, destruction, annihilation, death. ننا هرجانا To perish. [dish or cup.
- P. فاجمان finjān, s. m. A porcelain
- P. نند fand, s. Fraud, artifice, deceit:

  a foolish or unprofitable speech, falsehood: a point, dot, mole.
- A. ندن funduq or finduq, s.f. The filbert nut (met.) The tips of the fingers or toes stained and resembling those nuts. ندن بند Staining the tips of the fingers, &c. to resemble the filbert nut. An inn, a house for market people. [ces, arts.]
- A. فنون funān, s. plur. (of فنون) Rcien-
- s. m. The heart the liver, the lungs, the bowels. The mind, the soul.

- فاكهة fawākih, s. m. plur. (of فواكم from فناكه) Fruits.
- A. فوائد fawā'jd, s. m. (plur. of فائدة)
  Gains, profits, advantages.
- A. فوت faut, s. f. Death (انتقال)،
  passing away, elapsing, neglecting,
  slipping, failure, omission. فوت هونا
  To die: to be interred: to fail, be lost.
- A. P. فوتى faut-i, adj. 1. Dead. 2. (Property) of one who dies intestate and without legal heirs (which escheats to the sovereign). فوتى adj. 1. Killed and missing. 2. (Property) of persons dying intestate or absconding فوتى نامة A list of the killed: a document reporting the death of an incumbent and the name of his heirs.
- A. افاجة), افاجة To hasten, to run)

  B. f. An army, a multitude. (Plur.

  ing or levying of an army.
- fauj-dār, s. m. A magistrate: A superintendent of the military force in a district.
- م الم fauj-dār-ī, s. f. Office فوجداري of a فوجدار Adj. Relating to the fauj-dār.
- A. فور faur, s. m. Celerity, haste.

  adv. Immediately, instantly.
- P. نور fār, n. prop. Name of a king of Kannauj, killed by Alexander the Great. (Perhaps, Porus).
- A. فوراً fauran, adv. Quickly, at once (ابهی), suddenly, instantly, directly.
- A. jo fauz, s. Victory, success in an undertaking, superiority, fruition, gain, salvation.
- s. m. 1. A (پوته bag. 2. The scrotum, the testicles.

- 3. Tax, revenue, collections made from the tenantry in general, a purse. خانه خانه s. m. (dakh.) Treasury. A banker, cashier, treasurer.
- A. فوفل faufal or fufal, s. The betel nut.
- oellence, summit, point; zenith (اونچائی) altitude, loftiness, prep.

  Above, more than. Besides, except.
- A. فوقانى fauqānī, adj. Superior, supreme, upper; dotted above, as
- fauq-īyat, s. f. Excellence فوقيت الم المرجيع )، superiority, pre-eminence (سبقت)، supremacy. See فوق [s.f. Steel.
- السيات عنولاد Pers. (السيات) (Pers. ليولاد)
- P. فولادى fūlād-ī, l. adj. Of steel. 2.
   s. f. Pikestaff.
- fibrist, (adopted in Arab. فهرست fibrist, (adopted in Arab.) s. f. In inventory, list, index, table of contents, &c., schedule.
- intellect, comprehension. فهم المرار adj. Intelligent.
- P. فہمیدی fahm, part. act. (of فہم which from Arab. (خہم) in compos.

  Understanding, perceiving, sense, intelligence.
- P. نهماکش fahmā'ish, s. f. Informing, instruction, expostulation.
- P. نهمی fuhm-i, s. f. in compos. Understanding.
- ع. دنهمیدن fahmid, (from نهمید) s. £
- P. نہمیدگی fahmīda-gī, s. f. Comprehension. [stood, intelligent.
- P. SLingi Sahmida, part, pass. Under-

A. فہیم fuhim, adj. Intelligent, learned.

A. فی fi, prepos. In, into, among, above, of, to, with, for, by, notwithstanding, concerning. Each (or, for each), per; as, experience of the second of th

s. m. Flow. Intrigue (سازش)

fi-l-badiha, adv. 1. Prima

facio. 2. Spontaneously without deliberation. Readily, quickly, extempore.

الحال الجملة المحالة الم

effect, in fact, indeed. في الحقيقت adv. Really, truly, in effect, in fact, indeed. Now, instantly, in short, immediately, directly. في المثل adv. Allegorically. في النار In the fire, in hell. في الواقع adv. In fact, indeed, certainly, really, effectively, very true. في البعد In في مابعد In ف

that which (comes) after; as to what

نی ما بین

Between,

follows.

reciprocal.

A. P. نیف faiyāş,adj. (superl. of نیف), beneficent, profuse, most bountiful. s. m. A liberal or generous person (داراتا)

A. P. فياضى faiyāṣī, s. f. Liberality,
generosity (سخارت) (Portug. fita).
PORT. فينة fita, s. m. Bibbon, tape,

P. فيرنى fīrnī, (Pers. فيرنى) (dakh.) s. A dish or sweetmeat made of sūjī, sugar, ghī, &o. P. پیروز (or پیروز) adj. Victorious, happy, fortunate. فیروز اثر

Victorious, conquering, فیروز بخت

Victorious. فیروز مند

Victorious. فیروز مند

S. f. Victory, prosperity.

[s. m. A turquoise.

P. كابيروزة firoza, (Pers. كايروزة परोज)

P. فيروزى firos-ī, s. f. Victory, triumph, success.

قيس ۴٠٠ فيس ۴٠٠ فيس

A. Decision, decree, judicial determination of a law suit, a definitive sentence from which there lies no appeal. Division, separation. Division, separation. Division, separation. انيصل كرنا To settle, to decide, to adjust. فيصل عنامة s. m. A decree, an award. فيصل كرنا To be decided or settled, to be adjusted.

a. انصل s. m. A decree, settlement, disposal of a case, arbitration, decision, adjudication, adjustment. (Plur. فيصليات).

A. فيض fais, (from فيض Heb. To abound to be spread) s. m. Plenty, abundance, overflowing, profit, benefit. Grace, favour, bounty, liberality. Publishing, divulging, revealing, communicating. منيض عام General munificence or goodness; the public good, liberal, profuse. فيضرسان adj. Beneficent bountiful. Benefited, blessed.

A. فيضان faya ۽ ān, (نيض) s.m.

A. P. فيضرسانى fais rasānī, s. f. Munificence, beneficence.

Abundance, overflow.

هاتهی) (Pers. نیل ۱۶۵۰, (هاتهی) ع. m. An elephant. (Plur. Pers. فیلان نیلبان (انیال Arab. نیلان (مهاوت) s. m. An elephant driver (or feeder). فيلخانه s. m. Elephanthouse. فيلدندان s. m. Ivory. فيل مرغ s. m. A turkey. فيل مرغ Rider on an elephant.

- P. نيليا fil-pā, 1. adj. Having a swelling in the leg, having elephantiasis.

  2. s. Elephantiasis.
- P. H. فيلپائي fil-pā'i, s. f. Elephantiasis.
- G. in failsēf, (Gr. Φιλοσοφος)
  1. s. m. A philosopher. 2 adj. Intelligent, knowing; (met. in Hind.)
  Cunning, shrewd, an impostor.
- artfulness; sophistry, hipocrisy.
- ع. ملين filah, s. m. A bishop in chess. See عليه
- A. فيه fih or fihi, In that, in it, in him.

## 3

the قاف قرشت qāf, called ق twenty-first letter of the Arabic alphabet, does not occur in pure Persian, and has no analogous letter in Sanskrit. Its sound differs from that of  $\smile$  or the English k, in the utterance of it by pressing the root of the tongue on the throat; and has been compared to the cawing of a raven. In the Arabic notation of numbers by the letters of the alphabet it stands for 100. It is a radical letter. It is sometimes used for ¿ as 🚺 for To کشط for قشط as ک To excoriate; and in words adopted from from فستق from A pistachio. [a raven). H. S. الماكرنا qā qā karnā, To croak (as, إ

- china dish used for serving rice, &c. in at a meal, or for kneading dough in, &c. s. m. The distance between the part where a bow is grasped by the hand and its extremities.

  The distance of two bows, or rather of two bows from the part grasped by the hand to the extremities.
- taking) adj. Seizing, holding, grasping, taking. Astringent, constipator. s. m. A receiver, possessor, holder, occupant. A sequestrator. Costive.

  The angel of death.
- of one's nose.) The future. That which is next or approaches, the following (year). part. act. Receiving, taking. adj. Possible, capable, practicable, worthy, fit, skilful, sufficient, able, clever, deserving. اقابل هون To deserve, to merit.
- a. قوابل qabila, (Plur. قوابل) s. f. The next night. A midwife. The male screw. A bolt.
- abil-iyat, s. f. Possibility, skill, conveniency, appetite, sufficiency, power (استعداد) capacity, capability, a bility, accomplishment; fitness.
- ate; by which one may enter or arrive at the object of one's desire) s. m. Power, command (اختیار) a u t h ority, favorable opportunity, possession, will. Grip; hold; reach (ناجعات) To get advantage or power (over). or المابو حالات To exercise one's power, to take advantage.
- A. قابیل qābīl, n. prop. Cain, son of Adam.
- A. انتل qātil, part, act. (of قائل) Killing, s. m. A murderer, assassin, ex-

ecutioner, Homicide. A cruel mistress. adj. Mortal, deadly, fatal.

- A. قدر qādir, (part. act. of قالر) ad j.

  Potent, powerful, skilful. القادر The

  Almighty. قادرى A kind of boddice.
- s. m. A flask, an alabaster vase (for ointment). glass, a large bottle (usually big-bellied and broadbottomed), an urinal (sent to Mah. physicians. &c.). for examination.
- A. قارون qārūn, n. prop. A person supposed to be the same as Korah, whom the Muhammadans describe as the cousin of Moses. He is frequently alluded to by the poets and moralists, not only as extremely handsome but possessed of immense wealth, aquired by his skill in chemistry; and the discovery of the philosopher's stone. (On account of his riches and avarice, his name is proverbially applied to all misers). They add; it was on account of his refusal to pay Moses a tythe of his possessions for the public use, that the earth opened and swallowed him up. (Num. Chap. xvi).
- A. قرأ qārī, (part. act. of قرأ Heb. To read) s. m. A reader, especially of the Quran. (Plur. قارئين)
- T. jū qāz, s. m. A goose or duck.
- A. قاسم qāsim, part. act. (of قاسم dividing). Part. Dividing. (sub.) A distributer, one who allots. قاسم الارزاق
  Distributer of daily bread, i. e. God.
- T. قاش qāsh, s. f. m. l. The eyebrow; (hence) 2. A bit, a piece, a slice زین کا قاش steak, chop. زین کا قاش The bow or pommel of a saddle.
- tending) s. m. A courier, an express, a messenger (بیکت)، envoy, postman, letter-carrier. One who definitively intends to do something or to go some where, and is acting, or preparing to act accordingly.
- A. P. فصلى qāṇid-ī, s. f. Travelling

- or going as courier or messenger: adj. Of or relating to a courier, &c.
- a. مان وقصر shortening) adj. Defective, unable, unequal, impotent, deficient (آبهورا)
  failing, short of, wanting.
  قاصر البيال Whose meaning is defective, inexplicable. قاصر اللسان Deficient in tongue
  or language.
- A. قاضى qāṣṣ, (part. act. of قاضى a mandate) s. m. A Mah. judge, a cadi, civil, criminal, and ecclesiastic, a justice. قاضى القضات Judge of judges, chief judge.
- a. قاطبتا qāṭibatā, adv. All together.
- A. قاطبة gāṭibat, adj. All (mankind), every one.
- r. قاطر qāṭir, s. A mule.
- base, foundation, groundwork. (hence) Rule, custom, institute, system, institution, manners, usage. The rules of grammar. Natural; normal, or ordinary condition; established order; the order of things. Habit (بالد و بست). Regulation (بالد و بست) mode, style. Precept; maxim; principle. Conventional rule; manners; etiquette. A primer first reading book. (Geom.) The base of a triangle or parallelogram (अभिर) The metropolis, capital.
- footsteps, or rather Heb. and Chald. To revolve or go round) s. m. A fabulous mountain, supposed by the Asiatics to surround the world, and bound the horizon on all sides. It

- rests on the stone Sakhrat, an entire emerald, which imparts the azure colour to the sky. Mount Caucasus.
- To roll, fold, compress; a compact multitude) s. m. A body of travellers, a caravan, traders, etc. (Hence تفلك سالار To return from a journey). تفلك سالار The leader, or chief of a caravan.
- Rhyme, cadence, metre, poem, the last letter (consonant) in a verse, to which all the other distichs rhyme. (In poems which terminate in a double rhyme, the penult syllable is qāfiya, the last being called radīf).

  Lide Sin Lide To be very poor or distressed. v. n. To be unable to find a rhyme. To be entangled in difficulties.
- مَّاق qāq, adj. Dry, lean, thin, feeble gaunt. Disproportionately tall.
- A. Lib qāqula, s. m. Cardamoms; a medicine. [ermine.
- A. قاقم qāqum, s.m. A fine kind of
- A. الله وقال على qāl, (Heb.) s. m. (To say.) He said. A word, a saying. Loquaciousness. Boasting, egotism. قال عقال عقال على الله على الل
- reversed) s. m. A mould, m ode l, form, any thing in which or from which another is made, prototype. Bust, shape, figure. The body, the lifeless form, frame, material. The heartshaped block on which tailors cut out caps. (Arch.) The centering. A last (Cobblers). [moulded.
- a. P. قالبي qālib-ī, adj. Cast in a mould,
- P. قالی qālī, s. f. A Turkish carpet, tapestry. See
- P. قاليكة qālī-cha, s. m. A small carpet.
- قالي gālīn, s. f. See قالين
- Heb. To stand) s. f. Stature, shape, form, figure, height of body.

- a. Jamus, s. m. The ocean, the middle of the sea. The name of an Arabic lexicon, compiled by Firêzbādī in the 14th century, for which Tamerlane gave him 5000 ducats as a reward for his industry and learning. This Dictionary was translated into Latin.
- A. تنوت qānst, (part. act. of قانت)
  adj. Obedient to God, devout. Silent.
- A. قانع qāni\* (part. act. of قانع)
  adj. Contented, satisfied.
- a. الزون على qānūn, (Gr. κανων) s. m. Rule, regulation, canon, law; legislative act (آئين) system, ordinance.

  A dulcimer, or harp. قانون گو s. m. An officer in each district, acquainted with its customs, the nature of the tenures of the land, &c. قانونی Legislative; legal; controversial.
- A. القام و qāhir, adj. m. (part. act. of VictoA. القام و qāhira, adj. f. rious, subduing, triumphing, a conqueror
- A. Jü qā'id, (part. act. of Jö) s. m. A leader, a general; a governor, president. The star in the tail of the lesser bear.
- 4. ع. قائرة كرنا بي qā'iza karnā, v.a. To tie up a horse's head by passing the bridle to his tail, to prevent his biting, &c. while rubbing down or being groomed.
- 4. قائرى qā'iz-ī, s. f. A bridle used whilst cleaning a horse. a bit or curb.
- A. مقائل مو القائل part. act (of القائل part. act (of القائل مو القائل or القائل spoke.) Saying, sayer, confessing, confessor, consenting, agreeing, acknowledging, giving up a point, owning. adj. Subdued, confuted. اقائل كرنا To confute, to confuted.

vince, to convict. قائل هونا To acquiesce, acknowledge, agree to, be convinced. or silenced, assent, to own, yield, (Plux.)

- Heb.) adj. Standing, erect, perpendicular. Firm, fixed, established, rooted, constant, durable, lasting, continuing. Attentive, visilant, assiduous, persevering. Quiescent; stagnant.

  Fixed quicksilver (i. e. fixed by fire). قائم كرنا To establish. قائم مقام A viceroy, lieutenant, vicege rent, representative, procurator; officiating, locum tenens, deputy, successor, assignee.
- A. مان qā'ima, (fem. of مان) adj.

  Erect, perpendicular. s. m. A perpendicular line. A right angle.
- a jacket. (Or, a long gown with flaps in the skirt, the skirt and breast open, and sometimes slits in the armpits:). I quba, 1. Name of a village near Madina. 2. The earth, ground, soil.
- Villany, deformity, imperfection, turpitude, dishonesty, a crime, a fault, a rascally action; shameful, baseness, base action, evil, ill, wrong, inconvenience, perversion; abuse. Damage, loss.
- deed, writing, written agreement, contract, especially of bargain and sale, signed by a judge, bill of sale (of a house), conveyance.
- مَبِيلَة qabā'il, s.m. plur. (of تبلك from قبلك) Family (wife and children, &c.), household. Tribes.
- deformity; reprobation, baseness.
- A. بنبر مین qabr, (Hob.) s. f. A grave قبر کن s tomb, monument. قبر کن A grave digger. تبرستان s. f. A burying ground, cemetery.

- A. July qabs, s. m. Lighting or getting fire from another, striking or asking fire. Learning, teaching. I qabas, A firebrand, a match, any thing for kindling fire with. I qabis (perhaps for with qabis) adj. Quick, expeditious.
- A. نبض وهه, (Heb. To meet together, to contract) s. f. Catching, seizing, sequestration. Contraction. Griping, constipation. Costiveness. A receipt.

  Tax, tribute. Possession. نبض الوصول s. f. A receipt acknowledgment.

  المنابع ا
- A. مَنْ وَعَلَهُمْ (نَفَ عَنْ عَالَى seizing) s.m. Grasp, gripe (of the hand also of a sword) (نَحَلُ) clutch; possession Handle, hilt. Hinges. Holding; tenure; tenancy; tenement (نَحْلُ) The upper arm. نَنْ عَنْ كُرنا To seize, to take possession of.
- A. Lie qibt, s. A Copt, an Egyptian.
- A. This word is the abbreviation of the Greek word Aigouptios, an Egyptian. The Copts then are properly the remains of the ancient Egyptians. They are very honest, polite, and learned, so they are the only depositaries of the registers of the lands and tribes. They are in all Egypt the intendants, secretaries, and collectors, of government, and exercise the greatest influence in Egypt.
- A. نبن qabl, (Heb. and Chald.) s. m.

  The anterior part (سابق) previous,
  the front. adj. First. adv. Before.
  Preliminary; preparatory.

  Before this, heretofore. T qibal,
  Power. Plenty. Aside, apart. Presence. ¶ qubl or qubul, Pudendum
  viri vel fæminæ.

- before) قبل qibla, s. m. (منله before) Any thing opposite. That part to which people (Moslems) turn their face (in whatever quarter of the world they are) when at prayer; (hence, the word means) Mecca, an altar. The temple of the ( in Mecca; (and, by way of respectful address) Worship Father! &c. Any august, venerable, or reverend person, as a father, king, sire, patron. حاحات What is looked to for the attainment of necessities or desires. تبله عالم The qibla of the world, his Majesty, your Majesty! قبلهٔ کونین The qibla of both worlds, applied to a father. wi The place turned to when at prayer, generally means a father or one beloved. Le du (lit shewing the qibla) A mariner's compass, an instrument to ascertain the direction of Mecca. [Holsters for pistols.
- مبور مه qubur, s. plur. (of قبور) Tombs.
- A. النبل والمالة من المالة والمالة وا
- A. H. قبولنا qabūl-nā, v. a. To agree, approve, make choice of.
- a. P. قبولى qabūl-ī, s. f. A kind of food, rice and pulse boiled together.
- agreement, acceptance, assent, consent, approbation, liking. The counterpart of a lease; an agreement (to pay rent).
- A. Li qubba, (i) s. m. A vault, an arch, a dome, a cupola; a temple

- (hence) alcove. A small ornament shaped like a pine-apple on the top of a flag staff or spire.
- able, deformed, bad, ugly, disgraceful.
- A. ناین qabil, (قبلل) s. m. Species, kind, sort. Family, tribe, a house, parentage, race, line, stock, kindred, progeny, generation, class, genus (نات).
- a. قبيلة qabila, s. m. A family, a tribe, clan. A wife.
- a. اقتل q i t ā l, (قتل) s. f. Battle, slaughter, fighting. ¶ q a t t ā l, adj. Great slayer, killer, murderer.
- e تنله و atlah, (for کنلا which for کنرا from کترا s.m. A slice. (Eng. cutlets).
- A. نتیل qatil, part. (of نتیل Killed,
- s. m. A cough An old woman (subject to coughing) (the usual acceptation in Hindi) s. f. A whore, a prostitute (accustomed to notify her profession by coughing:); a light skirt. adj. f. Unchaste.
- A. مرابع و مر
- A. P. قحطى qaḥṭ-i. a. (dakh.) Gluttou.

- A. كن qadd, s. m. Stature, shape, frame, height. قد أور adj. Tall, of commanding stature, قد و قامت s. m. Stature, figure (of a person), size and stature, personal appearance.
- before) s. f. Priority, age, antiquity, seniority, ancientness; excellence, worthiness. Prescription. Length of service.
- A. مر qadaḥ, s. m. A goblet, glass, bowl, cup, any drinking vessel, esp. of the larger size (sufficient for two men.)
  A satire or lampoon. Refutation. Cross-questioning.
- A. قدر qadar, s. f. Worth, value, price, importance, dignity. Quantity, as much as, size, magnitude, bulk, measure; degree Merit, consequence. Power, Honor, greatness ability. Appreciation, estimation, account. Destiny, fate. قدر دان A just appreciator, a judge, knowing the worth of, a patron قدر داني s. f. Due regard to the worth of any one, patronage. Knowing the worth of. کس قدر ۱۰([تنا) ۵۰ much ایس قدر Bome- کسی قدر ۱۰(کتنا) Bomewhat. A little.
- الله على qudrat, (قلر) s. f. Power (divine), authority. Omnipotence. One of the attributes of God. The universe, nature.
- A. P. قدرتی qudrat-i, adj. Of omnipotence, not made or produced by man, natural, constitutional, imbred, inherited, instinctive (اصلی) Natural features; phenomena. (dakh.) s. A mushroom (of an esculent kind). قدرتی White. Natural colour (not stained or dyed).
- A. P. قدري qadr-c, s. Somewhat, a little, a quantity. In part, in a limited

- degree, partially, in some measure, ever so little. قدرے قدرے للائ Little by little (آہسته)
- adr-i or قدري qadr-iyah,
  adj. Of a certain Muhammadan sect.
  Fatalists.
- a. تدس quds, (Heb.) s.m. Holiness sanctity. Jerusalem. The angel, Gabriel. adj. Holy (یاکث)، pure.
- A. Sum üler qaddasa sirrahu, (God) has sanctified his tomb, or, May (God) sanctify his tomb.
- A. قدسی quds-i, adj. Holy. s. m. Angel Gabriel.
- 4. قلسية quds-iya, adj. Holy, celestial.
- P. قدغى qadaghan, s. f. Injunction, prohibition. قدغى كرنا To enjoin, to prohibition.
- ملم qadam, (Heb. and Ch. To go before) s. m. A pace, step, footstep. The foot, sole of the foot. fore foot. The going before; merit. قدم بقدم Step by step, gently, by adj. Kissing the قدم بوس feet, shewing respect, paying respects. s. or قدم بوسى s. f. Kissing the feet, touching the feet of the person saluted with the right hand and then kissing the latter, obeisance, respects. ندم To kiss the feet. To leave the company of another, to bid قدم or قدم رنجه فرمانا To take the trouble of going or coming (spoken respectfully). 1. To take protection. 2. To walk well (a horse). قدم ليني To acknowledge the superiority of another (either in good or evil qualities; but most frequently in the last). ¶ q i d a m, s. m. Outstripping or

going before in virtue; excellence. The being before in time; antiquity, preceding age, age or eternity.

- A. الكيم qudamā, s. plur. (of قليم) The ancients. [skins.
- مَد كول qudād, s. plur. (of كن) Goat-
- adj. Pure, holy; hence one of the names of God.
- a قدرم و qudām, (قدم) s. m. Arrival or approach of a person near to us.
- A. الكروة qidwa, s. m. An example, model, leader.
- A. قدير qadir, adj. Powerful; an attribute or an epithet of the Deity, Almighty.
- adj. Ancient, old, immemorial. Former. Antiquated; archaic. Ancestral, hereditary. قديم الايام Old times, days of yore. Of old, long ago, from time immemorial. قديم سے Of old, from ancient times. (Pl. قدیم سے).
- Heb. To قرانت الله qirā'at, (from قرانت Heb. To read) s. f. Pronunciation, reading (especially, of the Qur'ān).
- anabāzīn or قراباليي qarābāzīn or قراباليي qarābāzīn or فراباليي qarābādīn, s. Medicine, pharmacopæia, compound medicines, antidotes, an antidote.
- arābat, (قرب) s. f. Kin, vicinity, relationship, affinity, propinquity, alliance, consunguinity, family connection or tie (شته) مرابت دار رشته) A relative, a relation by blood or marriage, a kinsman, family connexion.
- a. P. قرابتى qarābat-ī, adj. Related, relative, akin; (substantively) A relative, a relation.
- qarāba, (from قربه qirba, r. s. m. A flagon or vessel with two handles and a spout (esp. made of glass), in which they allow wine to

- stand forty days in order to refine, a large glass bottle; carboy.
- qarābīn, s. f. A carbine. (French, carabine). (or trainer.
- A. القراد aarrād, s. m. A monkey-keeper
- To rest; Heb. قر qarār, (from قرار .ه. To cool) s. m. Rest, repose, residence, tranquillity, quietness. A safe, undisturbed habitation. Firmness, stability. Ratification, agreement, engagement Waiting, patience. Consistency; tenacity of purpose. Conclusion, determination. v. n. To be settled. قرار داد An engagement, contract, agreement. To fix, to establish. determine (the issues in a case). adjudge (تجویز کرنا) آجویز کرنا) To adv. Effectively, قرار واقعى effectually, efficaciously, truly. بيقرار adj. Restless (بنيچير).
- s. m. Staining one's self (with vice): having to do with one's wife: a woman's having to do with a man.
- وقرقر qarāqar, s. m. (from قراقر هـ (قرقر Grumbling of the bowels. Borborygm.
- joining) قرن به qirān, قران Conjunction of the planets, approach, Propinquity, contiguity. junction. To accomplish something قرآن کرنا wonderful, to perform wonders. The conjunction of قرآن السعدين the two fortunate planets Jupiter and Venus. ¶ qur'ān, (أو reading) s m. The sacred book of the Mahomedans. It consists of revelations made to Mahamed, and delivered by him orally, and collected and committed to writing by the Khalif Osman. book containing the precepts, &c. of Muhammad (Quran IU

قران پر هاته. To swear. قران اتهانا مرنا To swear. قران خوان A reader of the Qoran; a person deposed from rule or dignity. قران کا جامه پهنا To swear excessively.

قرنبیتی qarāmbīq, s. See قرانبیتی ۸.

- soldier) The advanced guard of An army. A sentinel, a mounted sentry, piquet, vidette. A game-keeper, a hunter.
- T. قراولى qarāwul-ī, s. f. Skirmishing.
- A. قرینه q a r ā' i n, s. plur. of قرینه Context, conjecture, circumstances, conditions. Indications from whence inferences are drawn. Inferences.
- quity, proximity, nearness, vicinity, neighbourhood, approach; kindred, relationship.
- A. قربان qurbān, (from قربان approaching, pecul, to God). s. m. A sacrifice, victim, offering, o b l s t i o n (Κάρπωμα). The communion. A quiver. قربان کرن ته ته دربان کاه s. f. An altar. قربان هون ته توبان هون ته توبان هون ته توبان هون ته توبان هون توبان هون ته توبان ته توبان هون ته توبان هون ته توبان توبان ته توبان توبان توبان ته توبان توبان
- A. P. قربانی qurbān-ī, l. adj. Devoted,

  sacrificed. s. See
- a. قربت qurbat, s. f. Nearness, adjacency (آس پاس), approach, relationship. Intimacy, affinity. قرب s. m. Environs, suburbs, purlieus, borderland.
- A. قربان qurbā, s. Affinity, relationship.
- عرب qurbiyat, s. f. Bee قربیت مه
- A. قرة العين qurratu-l-ain, Coolness of eye, viz. cheerfulness, tranquillity.

- A. قرحة qarḥa, (قرحة) s. m. A wound with a sword, pustule, a pimple, sore, ulcer. قرحة هونا To fester.
- of paste, disc (of the sun or moon), bread of a round form. Any thing in the shape of a wafer, lozen ee, or biscuit; a cake of soap. (Med.) Any medicine made up as a wafer. A silver coin worth about two pence.
- A. مُرض ومعية, s. m. A loan, debt, money borrowed at interest, liability, tick (العال) كناس حسنة المناس ال
- A. قرضة qarşa, s. m. Loan, debt.
- A. D. J. qurt, (Chald. from E. qurta, Aram. Chald. To cut, to amputate) s. m. A piece, little, a mouthful. An earring.
- a. قرطاس qirṭās, (Gr. χάρτης, Lat. charta) s m Paper.
- knock, Heb. To split, cut, tear) s. m. A lot (especially, one cast in the manner of the Arabs, by shooting arrows). A wager, wagering, drawing lots, seeking to learn one's fortune by opening a book, &c. Something of wood, bone, &c. which is caused to roll when an omen is taken. A dye. A cast or throw of dice. Ballot; raffe. Cleromancy.
- a. ention, the act of seizing, attacking, seizure. Enclosure, hinderance, prevention of access. Forfeited; distrained; attached.
- مَرْقُواً . A. أَوْمُورًا qarqarā, s. m. Name of a bird.

  The demoisellecrane. (Ardea virgo).

- A. P. قرقی quiq-i, adj. Confiscated. s. f.

  Sequestration, confiscation.

  قرقی A warrant issued to sequester a property.
- T. قرم qurram, qurram-sāq, s. m. A
  pimp (ایاتیا)، cuekold.
- A. قرمن qirmis, s. m. Crimson, cochineal.
  (Hence, Chermes or Kermes).
- A. P. قرمزى qirmis-ī, adj. Orimson-coloured, scarlet cloth.
- ترمساق qurram-sāq, A term of abuse, pimp, cuckold, scoundrel, &c.
- A. قرن qarn, (قرن To join) s. m. Conjunction of the planets. A period of (40, 10, 20, 30, 50, 60, 70, 80, 100, or 120) years, but generally a period of 12 years. (Kēm).
- nusical instrument, kind of French horn, made of brass, twelve feet long,
- عرنائی eqarnā'i or qarunā'e, (Chald.from قرنائی Heb. and Chald. To be horned to radiate) s. f. A trumpet, a horn (musical), a bugle, a clarion, cornet.
- A. قرنبیت qarambīq, s. m. An alembic, a stil.
- a. الونگ qaranful, (Gr. καρυόφυλλου)
  s. m. (A. لونگ A clove jilly flower.
- قراول qaraul, s. m. for قرول
- piquet, grand guard. Hunting, the chase. A hunting knife.
- adv. Near, in point of time, place, or connexion, neighbouring (پاسی)، adjacent, nigh, almost, about, akin, relative. Nearly, hard by, with, in his possession. قریب قریب قریب علی adv. Very near.

- A. قريبا qarīb-ā, adv. Near, about.
- مريبه garib-a, adj. fem. of قريبه
- مریش quraish, s. Name of a noble tribe of Arabs of which Mohamet's grandfather, Abdu' l'matallub, was prince; a person of that tribe (for قریشی).
- A. قرين qarin, adj. Conjoined, contiguous, connected; tied with the same rope; equal, associate, friend.

  adj. Victorious. Contemporary, coevil, of the same age; a conspirator.
- arina, (قرن) s.m. Context, conjecture, similarity, analogy, symmetry, correspondence, connexion, regularity, order, system, Cause. Way, mode (قرائلت) ad v. In order (ترتيب سي) From the context, from the general tenor. By analogy.
- A. قرية qurya, (from أقراب Heb. To tend, to meet, to collect, a concourse of people) s. m. A village. (Pl. قرابا)
- P. قر qas, (Pers. کژ) s. m. Silk (raw).
- robber, freebooter, brigand, Cossack; one who robs in a gang; and who sometimes plunders on horseback.
- r. قزل باشى qazal-bāshī, (comp. of t. qizil. Red, and باش The head)

  s. m. A kind of Mughal soldier. The qazal-bāshīs are considered to be the descendants of the captives given to Shaikh Haidar by Tamerlane. They were the red caps assumed by those captives as a mark of distinction, and are considered as the best troops of the Persian armies.
- hard) s. f. Hardness of heart, cruelty, grief, anguish, chagrin, stingmess.
- A. قسر qasr, s. m. Violence, compulsion, retaliation.

- A. فسط qist, s. f. Portion, partition, dividend. Instalment. Tax. Justice, equity. قسطندى s. f. Settlement of the revenues or taxes or debt by instalment, an obligation for the disc harge of a debt by instalments. charge of a debt by instalments. Justice, Name of a plant, Costus Arabicus.
- a. قسم qism, s. f. Kind, species des. cription, nature, rank, sort. Part, division. ¶ qasam, s. f. An oath. قسم كان To administer an oath. النا To adjure. النا To adjure. النا To take an oath, swear. قسمية adv. On oath. ¶ qasm, s. Dividing, parting.
- Fate, fortune, lot. Share, distribution, portion, simple division.
- م. ع. اقسمى هونا qasam-i honā, v. n. To be sworn, to be bound by oath.
- 4. ع. اله هون qasam-īya hona, v. n.
  To be sworn, to be bound by oath.

  By oath.
- A. سيس qissīs, s.m. A presbyter, a chief of the religious, a bishop. A priest, a monk.
- مَّر وishr, (improp. qashr), s. m. Peel, skin, bark, husk, rind, shell, crust.
- A. قشعريرة qusha<sup>2</sup>rīra, s. Horror, hair standing on end, or erect. The trembling of a fever.
- v. قشقة qashqa, s.m. A mark made by the Hindus on the forehead with sandal, &c.: see
- T. قشون qushān, s. A large body of troops, an army.
- A. باقصاب qassāb, (adj. superl. of Heb. To cut in pieces) s.m.

  A butcher. بکرقصاب s.m. A butcher who kills goats.

  گلے قصاب s.m. A butcher who kills ox.

- A. فصابة qaṣāba, s. m. A handkerchief tied round the head (worn by women, principally). [of a butcher.
- A. P. قصابى qaṣṣāb-i, s. f. The trade
- A. فص qiṣāṣ, (from فص Heb. To cut off) s. m. The law of retaliation, revenge, retribution, blood for blood, capital punishment. (This word is used in contradistinction to
- م. وقصاب qaṇā'i, (for قصائی s. m. Cor. of (A. قصاب ). A butcher. adj. Cruel, hardhearted. Brute, beast.
- A. قصائد qasā'id, s. Poems, elegies, plur. (of قصيدة)
- 4. H. قصائینی qaṣā'i-nī, s. f. Wife of a butcher.
- or any thing hollow like a reed, as a bone or a metal tube. A sort of fine linen. A wind-pipe.
- م تصبت qaṣbāt or qaṣabāt, s. plur. (of قصبة) Towns, large villages.
- A. Lie qasba (prop. qasaba, from cularly, when inhabited by decent people or families of rank).
- A. معنفرا, s. m. Intention, design, resolution, scope, view, machination, deliberation; propose to one's self; to conspire, aim, object, desire, wish, inclination, purpose, project, attempt, conspiracy. تصد تصد تصد تعدم To design, intend, project, propose to one's self, resolve, proceed, journey (towards), to make one's object or aim. محمد Fixed resolution, firm intention.
- A. قصداً qaṣdan or قصداً qaṣdā, adv. Voluntarily, intentionally, wilfully, (ارادتاً), purposely, expressly. In cold blood.
- A. قصر qaer, (from قصر Heb. and Ch. To cut, to abbreviate, to diminish)

s. m. Diminution, defect. Evening twilight (defect of light). An edifice, a palace, a building, an elegant villa. To draw back the hand, or to withdraw from any business. [stories.

- A. قصص qiṣaṣ, s. plur. (of قصص Tales,
- a rage) s. m. The wind breaking, dashing to pieces (a ship). Blowing with a loud noise (wind), thundering. ¶ qaşif, adj. Weak, broken, split.
- being short) s. m. Defect, fault, want, faultiness, failure, want, remainder; error, sin, deficiency, miss, incorrectness (غلطی) omission, failure, failing, blame. قصور کرنا To fail, to commit a fault, be deficient. plur. (of قصر) Palaces, castles, villas. [fect, deficiency.
- A. P. قصورى quṣūr-ī, s. f. (dakh.) De-
- a. قصل qaṣida, (قصل) s. m. A poem, long ode. A species of poetical composition. similar in form to the gazal, but of unlimited length.
- A. قضی To decree, determine: analog to Heb. To cut) s. f. Fate, destiny, decree (divine). The office or sentence of a judge. Death, fatality. Praying at the appointed time-Administration of justice, judicature, jurisdiction, mandate, judgment, decree. Saying a prayer after the time appointed for it is passed. Omitting an appointed prayer or fast. An accident, chance. v. a. To say extra prayers. s. f. Fate, predestination.

to the necessary, or privy, ease one-self. قضائے عری Repeating the prayers to make up for having omitted prayers in the former part of one's life. اقضائے مبرم By chance.

- A. قضات برسبقد, s. plur. (of قضات المربقة, Judges, justices. ¶ qaṣ'at (قضلى) إلى المربقة وعبيرة المربقة وعبيرة المربقة والمربقة والمربقة
- هضایا .ه. qaṣāyā, s. plur. of (قضیه)
- A. H. قضاوت qaṣā-wat, (dakh.) Duty or office of judge.
- beat with a rod, Heb. To cut off)
  s. m. A rod, a long slender branch. A
  bow of the branch of a tree. A small
  sword. Penis.
- A, فق qatt, s.m. Cutting a thing transversely, cutting the nib of a pen, making a pen. قط زن s.m. A stamp: a pin or peg or a flat piece of bone or stick on which the tribs of pens are cut. نقط کات To mend a pen. qat, adj. Sufficient (hence نقط کان)
- مطار ... qaṭār or qiṭār, (from Chald. To bind, to tie together; which meaning is preserved in II. conj. of منا مناه مناه المناه المناه

ping of water, etc., tying camels in a line.) s. f. A line, string (of animals), rank, train, order, series, row, range, file, procession.

- علام وطاع ه. plur. (of قطع ه. Robbers, assassins. قطاع قطاع Highwaymen.
- Appetens coitus vel edendæ carnis fuit homo vel brutum) s. f. A strumpet, an adulteress (an abuse) a quean, a baggage.
- spindle or axis on which a millstone or a wheel turns. The polar star, the north pole. خطب خنوبی The antarctic or south pole. A prince, lord, chief. A title or degree of rank among religious mendicants. نطب سما The axis of heaven.
- A. P. قطبى qutb-i, adj. Of or relating to the north pole.
- line. A card of an arc. ¶ qatr, s. Dropping (of water), drops. The side of the body. A tract or quarter of the heavens or earth.
- A. G. قطر gitrān or qatrān, (obtained by distillation, from قطر or from Gr. κεδρία or κέδριον) s. m. Tar.
- A. فطره ومين مالات المرات (Med.) A minim. (plur. قطرات). افطرات المرات المرات
- a coat, &c.), cutting off, amputating, section, intersection, breaking off,

retire, withdraw from, intercepting or passing (a road, country, river or bridge, &c.). Make, stamp, model. To terminate, conclude, finish, stop short. To fix the price of a ransom. قطع طریق .Fashion, style way-robbery, or the passing a way. Getting over a journey. To break off connexion with relatives. تطبع كرنا To cut, cut out, cut or break off, carve, to perform or pass (a journey or way). انطع هونا To be cut or cut off, to be deducted; to be performed or passed (a journey or way). قطع id Turning away the eyes, averting the regard or attention (from), leaving off attending to or considering: abstraction.

- A. Labi qatan, qata, adv. Not at all never, by no means, in no shape, cuttingly.
- A. Assi qit'a, s. m. A section, portion, morsel, a cutting, scrap, a fragment, a division, piece (of paper, &c.). A strophe. A patch or plot of ground; a tract. Which the meaning of the first verse of each stanza is completed in the last. ¶ qat'a or qut'a, A division, plot, parcel, or portion of land, segment, portion; cut, shape.
- A. H. قطعی qat'i, adv. Verily. s. f. A tailor's measure. adj. Decisive, conclusive, final, absolute, imperative, peremptory.
- A. قطمیر qitmir, s. m The thin pellicle on a datestone. Name of the dog which accompanied the seven aleepers. نقیر وقطمیر adv. Minutely, exactly, to the point.
- A. قطن quin, s. Cotton.
- A. P. قطنى quini, adj. Made of cotton.
- qa\*b, (Heb.) s. m. A cavern, a pit, a furrow, a cup, bowl or

goblet containing usually as much as a man may drink at one draught. A hidden meaning of a speech.

- depth, the bottom (of a well, of the sea, &c.), cavity. تعروالا The depth of a river. The sea. المعروالا Concave.
- A. عول qu'ad, s. m. The act of sitting. sitting down.
- of the head, occiput, nape of the neck; behind, after. The back part of anything.
- T. juic qaften, s. m. A robe of honour which Eastern princes present to ambassadors, etc.
- A. اقفاس (Pl. اقفاس) (Heb. and Chald To restrain, shut up) s.m.

  A bird's cage (پنجره), a lattice, network. (Met.) The body.
- م لفق quft, s. m. A lock, a bolt, bar.
- P. قفلس quanus or qaqnus,
   P. قفلوس qaqnās,
   phenix, a fabulous bird.
- or chapter of the Qur'an entitled que huwa-l-lahu; which is done, by way of benediction, over fruits and sweet-meats presented to the guests, at the conclusion of the religious annual feasts, held in commemoration of ancestors and other relations. Hence, it comes to signify conclusion.

  It is all over.

  To grumble (the bowels), be hungry. (See under
- hood put on a hawk to blind him. Drawing and relaxing the string of a bow repeatedly before discharging the arrow.

- P. قلبازى qalā-bāzī, s. f. Cor. of H
  art, P. باز play. A somersault.
- up) s. m. A staple, hinge, link, hook, an iron ring, hasp; handle (of a cup),
- adj. Shrewd, malicious. Wretched, friendless, cun-
- r. ما qallāsh, ning. Addicted to drinking, a drunkard. [ness.
- T. P. قلاشى qallāsh-ī, s. f. Wretched-
- تلاش qallānch, adj. Cor. of T. قلائي Poor (غريب)
- P. qulānch, s. f. A spring, jump.
- A. Life qalb, s. m. The heart. Mind, soul, understanding. Kernel, marrow. The centre or main body (of an army). adj. Inverted. Adulterated, bad. Strongly fortified, impregnable. Life To turn over, invert, turn.

  Place of the heart, middle, the middle or centre (of an army).
- P. قلبه رانی gulba, s. m. A plough قلبه . f. Ploughing, driving the plough.
- a. P. قلبى qalb-i, adj. Cordial, hearty, of heart: adulterated, base (as coin), counterfeit; false.
- A. illat, (from illat). Heb. To be light or little) s. f. Littleness, penury, poverty, scarcity, indigence, paucity, scantiness, deficiency. Difficulty.
- wittol, scoundrel, one who connives at his wife's intercourse with other men.
- p. قلتبانی qaltabān-i, s. f. The conduct of a pimp, &c.
- A. قاتني qullatain, s. m. A warm bath; (hence). adj. (a cup, &c.) which is in common use by many: hence, touched, impure: Mir Hasan says, المنافذ عنوا المنافذ والمنافذ والمن

قلم

- A. قلزم qulsum, s. m. A sea. n. prop.

  The Red Sea or Arabian gulf. Clysma, a town in Egypt, near mount Sinai,

  whence حرالقانم The Red sea.
- A. P. قلعة qil'ā-jāt, s. plur. of قلعة A. P. قلعة qil'ā-cha, (dimin. of قلعة) s. m. A redoubt.
- a. هلغ qil'a, (Pl. قلع) (in Hind. but)

  properly qal'a, s. m. A fort (especially on the top of a mountain), fortress, castle, fortification, citadel.

  Shut up in a fort. قلعه بند

  Commandant of a garrison.

  S. f. The command of a garrison.
- A. مان والمان و
- A. H. قالی qulf.i, (corrupt. for A. قالی Gulf.i, (corrupt. for A. Shut or locked) s. f. A small huqqa or snake. A cup with a cover (peculiarly, in which ice or jelly is moulded). (Slang). A handsome young boy.
- A. قلتي qalaq, s. m. Disquietude, commotion, anxiety, keen regret
  (افسوس), trouble.
- দ্রা qilqārī, (perhaps, from কিন্তা– কিন্তা) s. f. Shrieking, roaring. The voice of an elephant.
- A. القال qulqul, s. f. m. The noise made by water in the neck of a bottle when pouring out, guggling or gurgling. ¶ qulqul, A plant producing a black odoriferous grain, (said to be) the pomegranate of the desert.

- A. قلم qalam, s.m. (by Hindus s.f. क्लिम Gr. κάλαμος) A reed. A reed pen to write with, a pencil. A mode of writing characters, an engraving tool, handwriting. s. f. Cuttings of trees, &c. for planting, a set, a slip. A kind of firework. Crystal (as, of salts). A painter's brush. The upper part of the beard tapering to a point. (Slang) Membrum virile. Throwing away the pen. To take down, to write. Take into account. Insert, enter. Commit to writing, book, take a note of (در ہے کرنا or تیپنا or داخل کرنا) To be written or noted قلم بند هونا down. قلم بندى s. f. Signature, signing an agreement. قلم تراش علم قراش علم قراش علم قراش علم قراش علم قراش علم المراس علم المراس علم المراس المر A penknife. قلم جارى هونا Levying of forces. قلمدان s. m. Pen-case inkstand. قلمرو s. f. Empire, jurisdiction. قلم كار An engraver. قلم كرنا .s. f. Engraving قلم كارى To cut, cut off, prune. قلم كشى s. f. To plant slips or قلم لكانا . To plant slips or cuttings.
- T. قلماق qilmāq, s.m. A Calmuck Tartar.
- a. H. almān, s. (dakh.) The upper part of the beard on each side of the face, shaved taper, like pencils.
- H. قلماقنى qilmāqanī, s. f. A female armed attendant on a lady (a female Calmuck).
- a. قلمون qalamān, s. A chameleon,
- food stuffed into the intestines of animals, haggis, black pudding.

- a. P. قامی qalam-i, adj. Of or like the reed, written, not verbal; channelled, curled. Crystallized (saltpetre, &c.).
- قولنج qulinj, s. m. Colic. See قطنع
- wandering Moh. monk, who deserts the world, wife, friends, &c. and travels about with shaven head and beard; also the name of the founder of this religious order. The fly of a tent. A bear-dancer.
- a. julia qalandarā, s. m. A kind of silk cloth. The fly of a tent.
- a. P. idi qalandar-i, s. f. A kind of tent (having a fly to it). adj. Of the qalandar; s. f. The practice or life of a qalandar. [Hearts, &c.
- a. با تلب qulūb, s. plur. (of باية علوب هـ
- or other thing), summit (of a mountain). [porter, a cooly.
- T. قلی quli, s. m. A slave, a labourer,
- P. قليان qaliyān, s. m. A machine or huqqah for smoking tobacco with.
- A. قلی qalīl, (from قلیل Heb.) adj. Little, small, scanty, moderate, a few, rare. قلیل و کثیر More or less, little or much, small and great.
- or broil) s. m. The name of a dish, broiled flesh or meat dressed with any thing; a curry; also, a kind of soapashes.
- any game of hazard, with arrows.

  A gambler (جواری) s. m. Dice, or
  any game of hazard, with arrows.
- manners. Trifles. Goods, furniture of every kind. Close or thick texture (in cloth, paper, &c.), texture, any thing he aped or collected together. Silk cloth, fine linen, stuff, merchandise. ¶ qimāsh, Name of a suit at cards: see under [Bamboo twig, a switch.
- qamchī, s.f. Horse-whip.

- اقمار . qamar, (Pl. اقمار) s. m. (चंद्र)
  The moon (حاند)
- A. قمرى qumrī, s. f. A turtledove; ringdow. ¶ qamar-ī, adj. Belonging to the moon, lunar.
- to hold, to be plunged in water). A jug, a pitcher; (hence, in Hind.) a vessel in which the red mixed is contained with which they play at the holi. A small round shade or lantern.
- a. قمصان gamīs, (Pl. قمصان) s. m. A shirt. (Hence, Fr. Chemise, It. Camicia, Port. Camisa, Hind. and Benj. Kamij).
- tent, or canvass enclosure with which a sort of court-yard is formed in camp, a screen.
- A. تندیل qanādīl, . lur. (of تندیل)

  Lamps, candles, hanging branched candlesticks, chandeliers, scouces.
- A. 8, is qannāra or qinnāra, (dakh, qunāra) s. m. Shambles where meat is exposed to sale.
- م. تناعت qanā'āt, (improp. qinā'āt, from تناعت contented) s. f. Content, contentment, tranquillity. Abstinence.
  - To be content (on).
- G. in nab or qunnab (dakh. qannab or qinab) s. Hemp.
- A. Jiii qumbur, s. A lark. ¶ qambar,
  Name of a man.
- sugar.candy. Coarse brown sugar, molasses, treacle. Turkey red. كنا adj. Very sweet.
- H. iii qandhar, Name of a country.
- A. قندرل qandīl, s. f. (Eng.) A candle (Chinese) Lantern, a lamp, chandelier, branched candle-stick, shade, sconce.
- to God) s. f. Devotion, obedience to God, perseverance in prayer.

ब्रा qannauj or qinnauj, (कन्या-क्रिज or कान्यक्जि) Name of a celebrated city of India, written by Europeans Canoge, or Kanouj.

A. عنبط qunūt, (فنط) s. f. Despair.

A. H. قوكرنا qū karnā, v. a. To blow
 (a word) in the ear. To fly or urge pigeons.

Bases, foundations, pillars, props, canons, rules, regulations: military evolution or exercise, parade, drill, review. Rules of procedure, as distinguished from substantive law. Principles. The rules of Grammar, Grammar.

a. P. قواعدگاه qawā'id-gāh, Place of military evolution or review, parade ground.

auwāl, (قول) s.m. Kind of musician (who sits, sings, and plays on the sārangī or tambūra, or dholak, a singer. adj. Speaking. A very talkative person.

Justice, equity. ¶ qiwām, That on which any thing rests, or in which it consists, essence, sirup. Materials, ingredients, requisites. [sirupy.

A. P. قوامى qiwām-ī, adj. Sirup-like,

a. A. قوانيس qawānīn, s. m. plur. (of Rules, statutes, canons, &c.

ment, aliment (خوراک)، livelihood, subsistence, victuals. ¶ qūwat, (قوی) strong) s. f. Power, support, virtue, authority, faculty, strength, vigour, firmness, virtue, energy. Faculty.

قوت اخذت العناق Strength of mind. قوت العناق المعاقبة المعاقبة العناق المعاقبة المعاقبة

Intellectual or conceptive faculty. قوت كل Strength of mind. قوت كانيم Natural virtue or power. قوت Hearing. قوت غضييم B melling. قوت غضييم The faculty or power of anger. قوت كاسكه Power of retention. قوت كاسكه Strength of stomach. قوت كانيم Discrimination. هيزة كانيم كانيم

#. قوتى qūtī, (Panj. क्ती) s.f. A box.

T. でが qoj, T. でが qoch, s. m. A ram.

Heb. A web, especially a spider's) s.f. A new rope of fine cotton. Edging, facing of a dress, hem, riband, twist, tape. A string or row (of animals succeeding each other); train, retinue. (dakh.) Tip (of the ear:), border, edge. قرخانه An armoury, arsenal, a wardrobe.

4. T. قورچى qor-chī, s. m. A keeper

u. قورما qormā, s. m. A kind of dish, a savoury or highseasoned stew. A

شوربا or ملدی carry without

aus, s. f. A bow for shooting or for separating cotton; the arc of a circle. s. m. The sign Sagittarius (دهن) عوس قزح درهن) عوس قزح Two bows).

T. P. قوش خانه qush-khāna, (Turk. Bird) s. m. An aviary.

P. قوقنوس quqnus,) s. m. The name of a bird, Phenix.

جي Power of expulsion. A. قوت دافعة qaul, (Heb.) s.m. (H.

and اقرار) A word, speech, text, motto, saying, speaking, pronouncing, giving an opinion upon anything, assertion. Agreement, promise, consent, contract, bargain, affirmation. A kind of song, quotation. Allegation, stipulation. A resolve, vow. s. m. Agreement, compact, treaty.

To covenant, stipulate, to make terms. قول قراركان s. m. A written agreement, articles (of peace, &c.). قول ونعل على ونعل s. m. Word and deed.

- gripes. A disease originating from cold seizing the shoulders and back of the neck.
- A. وم qaum, s. f. Tribe, race, sect, caste, a people, nation, family. Breed. قوم و خویش plur. m. Friends and relations.
- being of the same tribe, &c., nationalness, the belonging to some particular people or nation. Nationality.
- مَو qūwa, s. m. See قولا
- A. قوي معنة, (fem. قوية) adj. Strong, firm, robust, solid, powerful, vigorous.

  Strong in mind; highspirited. قوى دل Strong in the heart or mind. قوى هيكل Robust, powerful in body, gigantic. ¶قوى در النفس.

  s. plur. (of قوت) Virtues.
- made of flour, white of eggs, and onions, fried in ghi.
- A. jui qahhār, adj. (superl. of jui)

  Powerful, conqueror, imperious, avenging; avenger. An oppressive tyraut.
- power, oppression, subjection, torment, severity, chastisement, rage, fury, indignation, wrath, vengeance, judgment, calamity. Firebrand, in-

cendiary (آگت لگانے والا). قبر عفر adj. Excessive, great (غضب) قبر قضب) Great disturbance or commotion (is applied both in panegyric and satire).

- A. تبقرى qahqarā, (vulg. qahqarā) s. Retrograde motion, retrest. Moving or walking backwards.
- P. قبقه qahqah, s. A loud laugh, horse-laugh. قبقه مارنا To laugh out aloud.
- ع. له على qahqahā, على s. m. Loud laugh-
- A. منهقها کرنا ,ter قهقها کرنا or قهقها کرنا To laugh heartily or loudly, to giggle.

  [A coffee pot.
- قهولا دان . qahwa, s. m. Coffee قهولا دا
- A. رَالتَّى qai, (Heb.) s. f. (H. قى جلاب or دست or دست or قى جلاب or تى آنا v. n. To feel nause a (اجى متلانا) To be disgusted at. Severe bilious vomiting and purging, the cholera morbus. اقى كرنا v. a. To vomit (ارد كرنا) نام والا ارد كرنا) To womit (اد كرنا) نام والا المرد كرنا) (in medicine) Emetic.
- a. قياس as, (قياس measuring, comparing) s. m. Measuring or comparing (by reason); reasoning; logic, judgment, opinion, argument, supposition, thought, design, imagination, guess, conjecture, fancy, theory, a syllogism. قياس كرنا To guess.
- A. قياساً qiyāsan, adv. By conjecture, اتكل سے)
- A. قياسية qiyās-ī, (fem. قياسية) adj. Analogous, analogical, regular, theoretical, imaginary.
- following the foot steps) s. m. Appearance, countenance, mien, likeness, port, air, manner, mode, habit, imitation, repre-

- sentation, face, look (عورت). s. f. Physiognomy.
- ing erect, rising up, standing position in prayer, insurrection resurrection. Stability, permanence. Attention. Residence, settlement. Existence, being. Durability.
- A. تالی و qiyāmat, s. f. The general resurrection, the last day. (met.) Calamity, (آفت) commotion, tumult, scene of trouble or distress; excess. Excessively great, excessive, extremely. Weeping and wailing. adj. Very great (عاتبت) Heavy, oppressive (بهاری) To oppress. To do anything wonderful.
- A. الين qaid, s. f. A fetter, chain, ligament, knot, imprisonment, bondage. An obligation, compact. Treaty, bargain, rule, restriction, modification, enrolling anything in a public register. An obstacle. (dakh.) Commandment. Control. منيد خانة s. m. A prison. المنيد خانة To remain in bonds, in prison, &c. المنيد خانا To be imprisoned, &c. [captive.
- A. P. قيدى qaid-i, s. m. A prisoner,
- A. פֿער קיי qīr, s.m. A kind of pitch or bitumen flowing from some mountains, which they use in shipbuilding.
- A. قرط qīrāṭ, (طd To divide into small parts. A seed of the Abrus precatorius, taken out of the pod, κερα τιον, is the weight in question)
  s. m. A carat, the twenty-fourth part of au ounce; four barley-corns.
- A. قيس qais, n. prop. A celebrated Arabian lover.
- ليصر اله qaişar, (Lat. Cæsar. Gr. Kaīoao) s.m. Cæsar; an emperor.

- of India. The general name for the Greek or Turkish emperor.
- A. قيصوم qaiṣām, s. m. Southernwood.

  (Arlemisia abrotanum).
- A. قيف qīf, s. f. A funnel. (Med.) Infundibulum.
- a. تيفال qīfāl, s. The cephalic vein.
- A. قبل وقال Heb.) a. m. A قبل وقال Heb.) a. m. A قبل وقال Heb.) a. m. A قبل وقال B. g. f. Conversation, confabulation (بات حیت)، logomachy (کمث)، controversy, altercation, babble, clack.
- A. قيل qailūla, (قيلولغ Sleeping at midday) s. m. Sleeping at midday, a midday nap.
- A. قرم qaiyim, (from قيم) adj. True. Standing, erect. s. m. Nature.
- being قوم) (قيم qīmat, (pl. قوم) (فيم being brisk (the market) s. f. Price (د!م) value. Estimation. Measure, stature.
- A. P. قيمتى qīmat-ī, adj. Valuable, high-priced, of the price or value, costly, precious.
- A. قيمة وآma, s. m. (perhaps from Gr. χυμὸς) Minced or hashed meat قيمة كرنا A kind of dish. يلاو v. a. To chop up meat very fine. To mangle, hack; beat to a jelly. See
- oblique or St. Andrew's cross. The joists of the roof of a cottage, etc.; a truss. A rostrum. تنجى كرنا To prune trees, or cut the hair. نندى تاكمنا To bind or fasten an unskilful rider on his horse. (Wrestling) To bring one's opponent between his legs. (dakh.) To pile (arms).
- aiyūm, adj. Permanent, firm, everlasting. Stable, durable, fixed, steady, (God.)

## ک

كاف تازى kāf, called كاف تازى the twenty- کاف کلمن or عربی second-letter of the Arabic and twentyfifth of the Persian and twenty-eighth of the Hindustani alphabet, corresponds to h in Sanskrit. is that of the English k. To represent its Sanskrit aspirate (kh) in the Arabic characters, is adopted. In the notation of numbers by the Arabic letters, stands for twenty. Its permutations are, lst, into ه شاماکچه or شاماخچه A woman's غۇگاو or كۇگاو ھە غ or غۇگاو The bull of a Tartary (Bos grunniens): ماجنيق as ق ad, Arabistically, into for Luzio A warlike engine.

In Persian, it is sometimes prefixed to a word, but more commonly it occurs disjoined; in which latter case it annexed مختفی or مکتوبی annexed to it, thus &, and being pronounced with kasr () it may be used in the or کاف تعلیل) following senses. assigning cause) Because, for. the relative کاف صله or بیان) pronoun) Who, which. (كاف معرفة) conj. That. (كانب عطف) And (خيت نتيجه) expressing purpose or intention) That, to. (كاف مفاجاة) Instantly. (كاف استفهام) the interrogative pronoun) Who? what? which? (كانب تفضيل) But even. (implying a prayer) کانب دعائیه) oppo- کاف، تردید) oppo- sition or comparisos Or. Who-

ever. (expressing comparison) Than (expressing a condition). If. (کاف تشبیه similitade) As, like. Affixed to the end of words, in Persian, and the preceding letter sounded with fat'ha (-), it forms diminutives or expressions of contempt; as A little man, or one of no اندک ; A little child طفلک ; value A little (from اند any unknown number from three to nine): and, when thus applied, it may be termed In this way, too, it may be used as an expression of endearment; so Lear little mother. And at the end of some words it seems redundant; as زلوک for پل A leech. In Arabic, at the beginning of a word, and pronounced with fat ha, (-), denotes similitude, as, like; so Like an engraving on stone; and, affixed to a word, it is the pronoun of the second person singular; so, الله معك God with thee.

- In Sanskrit क् डि ku is a prepositive particle, implying bad, ill, vile, little mean; so कु भाय्यों ku-bhāryā, Bad wife; कु भाव ku-bhāv, Ill nature.
- g. لا kā, (南 the termination of attributive words) postpos. Of, belong to, as we golden. (南:) in Braj, pron. inflect. sing. of کوں or کوں Whom? what? which?
- P. كابك kābuk, s. f. A pigeon-house &c.: هو كابك
- P. كابلى kābul-ī, adj. Of Kābul; s. f, A kind of pea (that came from Kābul).
- A. کابوس kūbūs, s. m. The incubus or nightmare. Modus certus coeundi.

- P. كابوك kābūk, s. f. A box or nest for pigeons, a pigeon-house.
- riage portion or settlement on a wife, jointure, dower.
- a. النبة المه كتاب and النبة and النبة and النبة and wrote) s. m. الم الم wrote, scribe, a notary, amanuensis, copier, copyist, clerk. (Contemp.) A quill-driver.
- 4. P. کاتبی سمور kātibī-ī-samūr, s. An honorary robe or jūma adorned with sable-skin.
- e dik, (কার্নিক) s.m. Name of the second (in the East) or seventh (in the West) Hindū month, the full moon of which is near ক্রিকা or the Pleiades. October-November.
- ह. كاننا kātnā, (कर्तन r. कृत Wrap round) v. a. To spin (thread).
- ع. تلا المقبر (كاتنا) s. f. (क्रुष्ट or क्रुत to cut). A cut, slash, incision; execution. Scum. Virulence, corrosiveness. Keenness, sharpness, edge or cutting part (of a weapon); a bite; wound; an untruth, falsehood. Spur of a cock. Cleavage (چير). A chip. Section. Passage, way, channel. Separation, disconnection. Dissection. كات كرنا \* كاته Bee كات كرنا \* v. a. To wound, cut. كات كوت s. f. Clippings, chips, scraps. Cutting and hacking (چیر پهاڙ) To clip, cut out, كات كهانا amputate. To deduct. To bite.
- e. will kāṭnā, (कतिन r. कृत) v. a. To cut, clip, slash, cut asunder. To bite, corrode, erode. To reap. To saw. To stop, stay. To waste, spend, pass away (the time), pass (a road). To interrupt, intercept. To shame, make asbamed, put to the blush, confuse.

- (dakh.) To utter a sarcasm, to carp at, to give one a cut or a wipe. كات داند To cut off, amputate.

- affair, work, action, occupation. A feast, a dinner. A feast given on the death of an old person. A button hole.
- এই kājal, (কাজান্ত comp. of কান্ত্ৰ Bad, and জান্ত Water, juice) s. m. Lampblack (with which the eyelids are painted or applied madicinally, and to make them look bright).
- H. 5-6 kājū, s. The cashewnut (Anacardium occidentale).
- Name of a plant. Dolichos pruriens (an excellent pulse after stripping the pod of the hairs, which are the Cowhage or Cowitch of the Materia medica).
- H. 上版 kāchhā, s. m. (有知) A pair of very short drawers reaching a little way down the thigh only.
- worn round the hips passing between the legs and tucked in behind. The upper part of the thigh.

- ع. لنوي لا kāchhnā, v. a. To bind on or tie up the عملا
- H. کاچپان kāchhnā, v. a. To skim, to gather. To tie as a (دهوتی) put on, wear.
- P. kāchī, s. f. Milk pottage.
- gallery, balcony, tower, battlements, a palace, a villa.
- A. كانب له kāṣib, (fem. كانب (part. act. of كذب Heb. and Chald. and Syr. To lie) adj. False (جهوتها)، (sub.) a liar.
- P. کل kār, (कार्य्य r. क Do) s. m. Business, act (ist) an action, function, duty (فرض)، affair, work, mission (ادهند)، profession, labour operation, &c. کار آزموله adj. Experienced, practised. كارآمد adj. (lik) what comes into use. Applicable, کار امدنی (فائده مند) conducive adj. Useful, profitable. کار بار s. m. Business. كاربارى Atrader. Atransactor of business, a manager officer. کاربند Giving attention to (any matter), acting, proceeding. Business-finishing, a transactor پرداز or manager, one who carries on the business A negotiator, facto s. f. Completion of business, management of business. s. m. Embroidery. An embroiderer. کارچوبی adj. Embroidered. کرخانه s. m. A workshop, factory, manufactory, arsenal, dockyard, laboratory, or any place where public works are carried on, an office.

(met.) A great work, business, concern. Vulva. A lace machine. ال كال الله Skilled, experienced, expert. s. f. Knowledge of business. skill. کار روائی s. f. Usefulness. Carrying on of a business, occupation, employment, management, performance. کار زار s f. Battle, war, conflict. کار ساز adj. Adroit, dexterous. s. m. The Deity. Doer, maker. s. f. Cleverness, dexterity. Bodge, cheating. کارستانی s. f. Workmanship, art (حالاكي). adj. Conversant in business. کار فرما An emperor, minister, commander, superintendent. אر كركة كاركى Experienced in business. A director, manager, an officer whose business it is to keep records. 35,8 s. f. A workshop, a place for work. Expert, expeditious, skilful in business; a manager, factor. , & s. f. Management, despatch of business. کارگر adj. Performing the deed; effectual, efficacious, active (as, a medicine). L. i. s. m. A record or book of war, a history.

- H. J. Kārā, s. (dakh.) Name of a shrub (Webera tetrandra).
- z. کارتوس kārtūs, (corrupt. of cartouch)
  s. m. A cartridge.
- عاتك kārtī, s. f. (dakh.) See كارتى ع
- P. كارخانجات kār-khāna-jāt, s. plur. كار of كارخانه ander

- ارساز kār-sās, s. Manager, administrator.
- P. کارستان kār·istān, s. m. Place of Work.
- kāristān-ī, s. f. See
- s. m. Cause (باعث)، sake, behalf (خاطر)، motive, reason, occasion, account.
- fountain, small reservoir or tank (for bathing in), cook (of a cistern).
- کریدن kāranda, part. act. (of کاریدی To work) adj. Laborious. Working. s. m. A manager, an agent or officer.
- R. كاروان له kārwān, s.m. A caravan كاروان ك له كاروان سرا (قافله) ه an inn.
- r. كاروانك kārwānak, s. A crane, s. heron.
- r. کاروانی kārwān-i, adj. Of or relating to a caravan; a person of a caravan.
- ار وبار . kār-o-bār, s. m. Transaction, business, concern, negotiation. See کار بار
- A. اگرة kārih, (part. act. of کرة adj.

  Detesting, loathing.
- P. کاری kār-i, adj. Effectual, mortal, operating, penetrating. کاری or زخم کاری Deep wound, mortal wound.
- P. کاریز kāres, s. f. A canal for watering ground, a subterraneous canal.
- P. کاریزی kārez-ī, adj. Watered by canals, of canals.
- P. کاریکر kārī-gar, s. m. A workman, artificer, artisan, manufacturer: good, expert, or skilful workman.

- P. کاریگری kārī-gar-ī, s. f. Masterly work, workmanship, manufacture.
- H. Land kārhā, s. m. (ANT drawing).

  A decoction, diet drink of various medicinal roots and herbs. esp. given to a woman after miscarriage. Drawings, advances.
- forth, draw, draw off, skin, take out, extract, produce; delineate, draw, paint, work flowers on cloth. To borrow, contrive. To bring out, make out (the meaning). To deduce, infer. To take away, steal.
- H. کاری kāri, s. f. (dakh.) Blade (of corn or grass), fescue, a bit of grass or wood. کاری کہار (dakh.) Nitrate of silver.
- A cup, a goblet, a bowl (especially when filled with wine). (dakh.) The breast, pap; udder, dug, of a cow, buffalo, ewe or she-goat.
- على الله kās, (कांस्य or कस a. (dakh.)

  A small copper coin, four of which
  go to one pice (پيسا)، ه دهه ٨.

  Bell-metal: see
- s. m. An artist, a tradesman. A gainer, an acquirer.
- P. كاست kāst, s. f. Diminution, loss, damage.
- P. کاستی kāstan, s. m. Decresse, diminu-P. کاستنی kāstan-ī, s. f.

اسلا A dull market, where nothing is bought or sold.

اسرانجي kāsiru-l-ḥajar, s. m. Sazifrage.

B.

- P. كاسنى kāsnī, s. f. Endive. (Cicho-rium endivia). Adj. Lilao.
- A. كاسة kāsa, kānsā, (Heb.) s. m. A cup, a goblet, a plate, bowl, trencher. كاسة سرك (المويرى الله) The skull. كاسة ليس على s. f. Pot-licking.
- على الله kāsī, (काशि or काशी) s. f. The city Benares.
- P. کاش kāsh, adv. Would to God!
  God grant! Intj. Would that!
- P. Limb kāshāna, s. m. A house, dwelling, palace.
- P. كاشانى kāshān-ī, adj. Of Kāshān.
- e. کسان kāsht-kār, s. (H. کسان) A oultivator.
- P. کشت kāsht, s. f. Cultivation. Cultivated land or tract, field, form. Holding, tenure (of land).
- P. كاشتى په غه kās h ta, (كاشتى) part. pass. Bown, cultivated.
- a. سف kāshif, (part. act. of کشف)

  s. m. Detector, discoverer, explainer, revealer.

  [send! would!
- P. كاشكى kāsh-ke, May it happen! God
- s. کاشی kāshī, (काशी) s. f. A name of Benares.
- A. كظم kāgim, (part. act. of كظم adj. Restraining (auger).
- P. كَفُلُ مُعْمِمُ s. m. Paper. A writing, deed, document, charter. An accountbook. A printed or written sheet, a newspaper. A note of hand, bond. (Plur. كَفُدُات Papers).
- P. Lick kā gh a g i, s. f. A kind of lime. A paper case. s. m. A stationer. A paper-maker. A writer. adj. Delicate, soft, thin. A variety of the lime, lemon, pear, or walnut. (dakh.) The gull or mew (sea-fowl).
- P. كاغذين kāghag-in, adj. Made of paper.
- ا. ما لكفر kafter, (part. act. of كافر الم

- fidel, renegade, impious; an infidel. s. f. m. A cruel mistress, sweetheart. (Fem. كافران Pers. plur. كافران).
- A. P. كافرانك kāfir-āna, adj. or adv. Like an infidel.
- A. P. كافرى kāfir-ī, s. f. Infidelity, mischief. n. prop. A Caffre, a native of a part of Africa.
- A. P. كافورى kāfūr-ī, adj. Camphorate, made of camphor; transparent, white, snow-white.
- A. كفّل kāffa, (from كف Heb. To bend, to fold) s. m. The whole. All, universal. A tribe, a multitude.
- a. كافى الم kāfī, (part. act. of كافى) a d j.

  Bufficient, بهت enough, efficacious, entire, perfect, competent, satisfactory كافى هونا v. n. To be adequate.
- P. Skāk, s. m. Biscuit. Bran. The pupil of the eye. adj. Small, minute.
- 8. 二以 kāk, (南南) s. m. A crow.
- P. 以 kā kā, s. m. (in Pers.) Elder brother. A slave (belonging to one's father). (in Hind.) A paternal uncle ((東京)). The younger sons and grandsons of a Sikh Rājā or Sardār.
- R. كاكاطوا s. Species of large parrot found in India, the eastern isles, &c, the cockatoo.
- e. کاکریز kākrez, s. m. Colour approaching to purple. [ed, or dark-purple.
- r. کاکریزی kākrez-ī, adj. Purple-colour-
- H. I Kakra, s. m. A kind of leather.

  (dakh.) A large wick: Bee I Like

- क्रेगी) s. f. Name of a medicine.
- r. كالا kākul, s. f. A long carl, lock, ringlet. (زلف)
- H. ککرتی kāklūt-ī, adj. (dakh.) Avaricious, sordid, stingy; miser.
- of a plant: Menispermum coculus, the seed of which is the Coculus Indicus.
- P. کاکی kākī, s. f. Aunt, wife of paternal uncle.
- g. らり kāg, g. り kāgā, (有雨) s. m. A crow.
- s. كل kāl, (কাল) s. m. Death (met.)

  A snake. Time, season, age. Dearth,
  famine. كال بتانا or كانانا or كال بتانا or كال بتانا or كال بتانا or كال بين هونا

  To waste one's time, to spend time.

  U parth, to be seized by fate. Dearth,
  famine. كال بين هونا

  The coming on of a famine, to happen a famine. Angel of death. Calamity (in Braj for किया) To-morrow. adj. (dakh. in compos.) Black, dark.
- great, large. كال حور An unknown person, a great thief, a dark horse. s. m. Name of a snake. Time. Name of Krishna. A sepoy. كال لا لا لا لا لا لا لا لا لا له الله ا

s. m. A kind of rock-salt impregnated with sulphur and bitumen, which leaves an hepatic flavour in the mouth. (It is much used medicinally).

Kali. كالى سيم s. m. A bean. كالى سيم Of the colour of a snake. كالى مرج A great distance. كالى مرج s. f. Black pepper; (Fac.) A fly.

- H. کالا پانی kālā pānī, s. m. (lit.) Black waters. Beyond the sea, transportation beyond India, the Andaman islands.
- P. كالك kālbud, s. m. The human body.
  The heart. A model, figure, form, mould.
- One of the expressions of quantity (corresponding to our z, b, x, y, &c.) in bij-gaņit or Algebra adj. (dakh.) Dark, black.
- s. ट्रीड kālik, (काल्कि) s. blacking, soot; the smut or soil found adhering to the outside of pots and other cooking utensils.
- s. كالك kālikā, (কান্তিকা) n. prop. f.

  Name of the Hindū goddess. See

  الله or كالي or كالي or كورى
- থ্ৰ. ১ kālakh, (কাতিকা) s. Freckle,
- ع الوت kālwiţ, s. (dakh.) Antelope picta, the white-footed antelope.
- P. all kāla, s. m. Cloth, household furniture: see II
- s. এট kālī, (কান্টা) adj. f. Black. s. f.

  The Hecate of the Hindas, and wife of Siva, to whom human sacrifices are offered. The Nile. Ink. s. m. (for কান্টিয়) Name of a snake with a

hundred and ten hoods, vanquished by Krishna. كالى دى Name of a whirlpool in the river Jamuna, where the snake كالى lived.

- g. ১৯৯১ kāliyā, for (কালিয়) The name of a serpent which was vanquished by Krishna. (for কাল) adj. Black (complexion).
- a. كاليسر kālesar, (কালপ্থা) s. m. Name
- ی H. کالے مالے kâle māle, s. (dakh.) Sort of game.
- s. んじ kām, s. m. (有円) Desire, wish, inclination. The Hindu God of love, Cupid. (for काम्में) Business, action, act, deed, affair, matter, work, handiwork, job, occupation, employment, Packet, mail, post-bag. concern. Performance, feat Labour, task. (الك) · Skill, dexterity, art, tactics. Workmanship, fine work, embroidery. Mechanism, manufacture. Service, Office, department, function, task, duty, part. Purport, object, end. (Post Office). Passion, Interest. To come into use, be of use, avail, stand in stead, to be wanted. To be smitten, to be slain in the field. To accomplish, finish. کام تمام هونا . To kill, make away. To be finished, killed or made away with. كام چلانا To carry on business. Behindhand, sculker, idle کام جرر fellow, one who shirks his work. Work shirk, كام چور نوالے حاضر victuals jerk (down the throat). کام کا ج To make use of. رکهنا Business, occupation. Do be of use, succeed, accomplish a business. كام ميى لانا To employ, use. كام ميى لانا

UKi To carry into effect, accomplish one's desire.

- P. كام kām, s. m. The palate. Desire. كام adj. Obtaining desire. كام روائى adj. Attainment of desire, the obtaining what is desired.
- علماتی kāmāṭī, s. m. (dakh.) Architect, builder, bricklayer, mason, tiler.
- s. كاملاهيين kām-dhenu, (नामधेन) n.
  prop. Name of a cow, belonging to
  Indra, that grants every thing requested of her. A cow that gives
  much milk.
- s. کام دیو kām-dew, or kāma-deva, (कामदेव) s. m. The god of love, the Indian Cupid. [successful.
- P. كامران kām-rān, adj. Fortunate,
- tune, prosperity, felicity, success, pleasure, enjoyment of all the mind desires, attainment of one's wishes.
- s. کامروپی kāma-rūp-ī, (कापइपी) adj.
  Pleasing, beautiful: taking any shape at will.
- taining whatever is desired, absolute, powerful, uncontrolled. Beast, or bird of chase that always catches its game.
- A. كامل kāmil, m. ) (part. act. of كال) adj. Per-
- accomplished (فاضل) Whole, full. Positive, decisive, absolute. s. m. A perfect man, a saint. Learned, adroit, expert. Entire. کامل القیمت Of full value. کامل الوزی Of just weight.
- s. کودک kāmod, (कामोदा) s. f. Name of a musical mode, or rāgiņī, sung in the night.
- o. i. کامونی kāmūn-ī, s. f. Solanum nigrum. Fox's grapes, black nightshade. A digestive sweet mixture.

- H. كانگرى kāngri, s. f. A chufingdish.
- g. ट्रांट kāngan, (काँगु) s. m. Name of a plant or its seed. (Panicum italicum).
- عانگنی kāngnī, s f. Bee کانگنی ع
- a. كانلكت kān-lag, adv. How far? how long?
- water + 对 + 된 to keep) Two baskets attached to either end of a pole, containing holy water from the Ganges.
- a. النورا كون kāṅwarā, adj. (dakh.) Restless, impatient; greedy. كانورا كون v. a. To tease, worry. [Restlessness.
- kāmoarāļī, s. f. (dakh) كانوراتى ع
- musical mode or rāgiņī, A kind of nightingale. [indeed.
- A. Lib ka-anna-hu, As if he or it, as if
- P. كانى kān-ī, adj. Mineral, fossil.
- عانی .adj. f. A woman کانی blind of one eye.
- e. کانی kānī, s. f. (dakh.) Tale, story:
- in compos. Digging, excavating; examining, investigating, meditating on. [earth, red ochre.]
- TEL. \$6 kā'o, s. (dakh.) Ruddle, red
- H. a. كاوا دينا kāwā denā, v. a. To ring or lounge (a horse, &c.), to countermarch (troops). To trick, to sham.
- within, tending to decay, cracked, useless, awkward.
- P. کاواکی kāwāk-ī, s. f. Hollowness.
- H., baskets in which the Hindus carry about the Ganges water.

- instrument for carrying burthens with, like a balance.
- P. کویدی) s. f. Digging. Research, inquiry, investigation, intentness. Menacing, disputing, fighting. Scratching or beating one's head when one is puzzled. Enmity
- P. 355 kāw-kāw, s. Strict investigation, diligent search, trouble, labour: (dakh.) noise and reproach.
- TEL. کاول  $k\bar{a}'ol$ ,  $k\bar{a}'ol$   $k\bar{a}'oli$   $k\bar{a}'oli$   $k\bar{a}'oli$  in g, guarding, watching: see
- P. عولا kāvah, s.m. Lunging a horse لناء عولا v.a. To lunge a horse.
- P. كاوى kāw-i, (كاو) in compos. s. f. Digging, ploughing, excavating, examining.
- P. كاهيدن) s. f. Diminution, wasting, pining, decline, emaciating; care, anxiety. [way.
- P. كاهكشان kāhkashān, s. m. The milky
- A. کهل kāhil, (part act. of کهل adj. Slow, indolent, lazy, idle, negligent, languid, sick, tardy (آلکسی) Indolent. [disposed.
- 4. Lau kāhil-ā, adj. Ailing, sick, in-
- 4. H. كاهلاكى kāhilā-gī, s. f. (dakh.) هوه كاهلى]
- A. H. Liulal kāhil-panā, s. m. 800
- A. P. کاهلی kāhil-i, s. f. Indolence, indisposition, remissness, languor, sloth, sickness, apathy, tardiness.

- act. of کافتی) (Heb. part act. of کافتی) (Heb. and Aram. s. m. A soothsayer, magician, augur, an astrologer, prophet, priest, sorcerer.
- P. 305 kāhū, s. m. The name of a vegetable the seed of which is good for a cold, a lettuce. (Lactuca sativa).

TEL. كاهو kāhū, s. (dakh.) See

- green. Name of a dish. Tadj. Of or relating to straw.
- P. كاهيده kā hīda, part. pass. (of كاهيدي) Diminished, wasted.
- H. كائى kā'i, s. f. (新冠) The green scum on stagnant water or pools, the green mould that sticks to walls and pavements, moss, soum, fur, paste.
- P. کای ki-ai, (for کای) That O!
- pearance, person. كايا بلت s. f. Body, appearance, person. كايا بلت s. m. Transmigration of souls. An aphrodisiac for making old men young.
- g. كايبهل kā'e p h a l, (ক্রেদেন্ড) s. m. Name of a stimulating medicine; myrica sapida.
- g. كايته kāyath, (कायस्य) s. m. Name of a tribe of Hindus, who are generally writers.
- A. کائنات kā'ināt, (from کون being.
  Heb.) s. f. The world, universe, beings, creatures. Stock, capital
  (پونجی) Worth, value.

- P. Libert Roasted meat, collops or slices of meat roasted on the spit, a roast (in the Dakhan said to be prepared thus, "cut meat into long pieces, dry them in the sun, and roast them by placing them on live coals, or fry them in ghī:"); roasted.

  To burn, to roast.

  Libert v. n. To burn, to be roasted. To be enraged.
- P. كباب چينى kabāb chīn-ī, s. f. Cubebs. (Piper cubeba).
- kabāba, s. m. Cubebs. An aromatic. (Piper cubeba).
- P. كبابى kabāb-ī, adj. Fit to be roasted. Roasting; one who roasts, a cook.
- P. SJUS kabāda, s. m. A bow, not very strong, for practising with.
- A. كبير kibār, s. plur. (of كبير) The great, grandees, &c. Men distinguished for wealth and knowledge.
- н. вы kabār, s. f. Bundle of firewood. Broken furniture. Rubbish.
- s. كبت kabit, (কবিনা) s. m. A sort of Hindi verse of four lines used by the Hindus, poetry, song. [a poem.
- ष्ट्र kabitā, (कविता) s. f. Poetry,
- ي. كبتائى kabitā'ī, s. f. Poetry; see
- be heavy; the liver being, according to Galen, the heaviest viscus in the body.) s. m. Liver, heart.
- kind of 'Prisoners' base. A game among boys, who divide themselves into two parties; one of which takes its station on one side of a line or

ridge, called pālā, made on the ground, and the other on the other. One boy, shouting کبڈی کبڈی passes this line, and endeavours to touch one of those on the opposite side. If he is able to do this, and to return to his own party, the boy that was so touched is supposed to be slain; that is, he retires from the game. But if the boy who made the assault be seized and unable to return, he dies, or retires in the same manner. The assault is thus made from the two sides alternately, and that party is victorious of which some remain after all their opponents are slain. (Prison bars.)

- kibr or kubr, (Heb. Syr.) s. m. Grandeur, nobility, pomp, pride.
- ब. کبرا kabrā, (काञ्चेर) adj. Gray, dirty white, variegated, mottled, brinded.
- A. کبرا kubarā, s. plur. (of کبیر) The great men, grandees, &c.
- اکبر bubra, adj. (fem. of البرى) The greater, etc. s. m. The major of a syllogism.
- لبريا .ه. kibriyā, s. f. m. magnificence. Power, excellence. Pride, haughtiness. A name of God.
- A. کبریت kibrit, s. m. Sulphur. کبریت اجر (گوگرد .From Pers) Red sulphur, i. e. the philosopher's stone.
- 2. गुड़े kubar, (कुड़्ज़) s. m. A hump.
- عبرًا على kubrā, (कुञ्ज) adj. Humpbacked.
- P. كىك kabk, s. m. Name of a bird of the partridge or quail kind. Tetrao coturnia; the snow Pheasant. ی s. m. A beautiful partridge. adj. (Graceful as) the kabk in gait or motion.
- 8. كيل kubal, adj. (dakh.) Difficult, hard, severely, badly.

One who rears pigeons. s. m. A young pigeon. An كبوتر يجته unripe poppyhead, wrapped up in piecemeal and fried in butter or oil. s. m. Dovecote, dove house. كبوترى s. f. A she-pigeon. A village dancing woman.

- P. كبوك kabūd, s. m. Azure, blue; s sort of sheepskin of an azure colour: (dakh.) A crane.
- ष्ट. کبہ kab.hū, dadv. (कदापि) Ever, g. كباي kab-hī, sometime or other, sometime. Seldom; rarely; scarcely; کبہی Never کبہو نہیں hardly. Sometimes, now and then, at times. کبہی کے Of sometime, کبہی نه کبہی ه sometime ago. Bometime or other, first or last. adv. Never; by no means.
- P. كىيىد kibīda, (part. pass. of كبيده) adj. Moved, removed.
- A. كبيرة kabīr, (fem. كبير) (Heb. from Opp. of کبر adj. Large in body, immense, great in power and wealth, full-grown, senior. Great, grand. n. prop. Name of a faqir (کبیرا) The greatest Hindu reformer, eclectic philosopher, and popular poet and epigrammatist, who lashed alike the follies of Mahomedan, and Hindus, and was the idol of both. A kind of indecent Hindi song, sung by the lower classes. كبير پنتهى
  - s. m. A follower of Kabir. كبير كا التا Transposition.
- इ. كبير kuber, (कुवर) The god of
- عبيشر kabīsar, s. m. Boo كبيشر
- 8. كبيشر kabīswar, s. m. Bee كبيسور
- Rabitar, s. m. A pigeon, dove. من للم kabisa, (from كبوتر-.. To fill

up a well, &c.) s. m. Intercalary, embolismal. سال كبيسة Leap-year.

- ब. کبیشر kabīshar, (कवीश्वर) в. т. An eminent poet, prince of poets (ملكث الشعرا)، professed bard.
- كبيشر kabishwar, s. m. See كبيشور
- P. کبیک kabīkaj, s. m. (dakh.) of the cockroaches. (The Musalmans as well as Hindus believe that the cockroaches will spare any book in which this the name of their king is inscribed: and, it is therefore frequently written on the first blank page of books copied in India).
- لي مناعت köp or کيا kuppā, s. (dakh.) A heap, pile; a bunch or knot of hair, gathered up, twisted and fastened a little above the back of the neck.
- على kuppā, (কুনু) s.m. A large leathern vessel for holding oil, ghi, &c. The decease of a king, &c. To become very fat. [ter, a door. (سیوی)۰
- ब. كيات kapāṭ, (कपाट) s. m. A shut-
- H. کیاری kapārī, adj. Shrewd, sly. s. m. A caste in Bengal, who sell greens, &c.
- عياس الله kapās, (कपीस or कपीसी) s. f. Cotton (undressed). The cotton plant (Gossypium herbaceum).
- s. كيال kapāl, (कपाल) s. m. Skull, cranium; head, forehead. Fate, destiny. کپال پهوتنا To be unfortunate. کپال کریا کرنا See under s. حيالي \* كيال To have a favourable turn of fortune.
- 8. كپالى \* كپارى . ي kapāl-ī, Bee ي كپالى ا An attitude of fagirs in worship, standing on their heads. كپر پهول على kapar-phāl, s. (dakh.)

- (कपालिक्रया) کریا ceremony among Hindus. When a dead body is burning, and nearly reduced to ashes, the nearest relation breaks the skull with the stroke of a bamboo and pours melted butter into the cavity. Hence, kāpāl-kriyā karnā, To think intensely, to beat or cudgel one's brains.
- H. كيالي kapālī, s. m. Name of a caste (in Bengal), who sell greens, &c. See کیاری .H
- B. کیتاں kaptān, s. m. (dakh.) Captain.
- ا کپتر الله kaputr, (कुपुत) s. m. کیوت
- s. کست kapaṭ, (कपट) a d j. signing, insincere. s. f. Spite, guile (دغل) dissimulation وغلل) انصل) rancour بغض)، grudge, adulteration, fraud, trick.
- ह. کیتی kapaṭ-i, (कपटी) adj. Insincere, false, deceitful, evil-minded, hypocritical, malicious. Adulterated. s. m. A deceitful person.
- H. کپتی kapcha, s. (dakh.) Indian jac-
- يد kapar or kapar, (contract. of or کیڙ پهول . s. m. Cloth کیڙ پهول كبير s. (dakh.) Ganze. كبير دهول (جهاننا from چهان) جهان کرنا To strain. کیت حقای adj. Impalpable (powder). Deep (consultation). Thoroughly sifted (intelligence, &c.).
- lus kaprā, (कपेट Dirty or tattered cloth) s. m. Cloth. Clothes, dress or كپرًا اورهنا ... habit. (پوشاك) To put on elethes, to clothe. To have the menses, کپڙون سے هونا کپڑے plur. Dress, apparel. کپڑے وپڑے Clothes.

silk cloth worked with gold and silver flowers, worn as a sārī. Gauze.

- عبر کوتها علی kapar-koṭhā, (南宮 Apart-ment) s. m. A tent.
- على كبى كبى kap-kapī, (किम्प to tremble) s. f. Shivering, trembling, perturbation (تهرتهرتهري).
- e. کینا kapnā, (কাম্পুন) v. n. To shiver, to tremble, quake, quiver. adj. Trembling.
- a. کپوت kapūt or ku-put, (कुपुत)
  s. m. A bad or degenerate son.
- عبور على الله kapūr, (कपूर and Arab. کپور s. m. Camphor. Also, name of a flower.
- H. كبور kapūrā, s. m. Testicles of a buffalo, ram or he-goat. Glans penis.
- H. کپی kappī, s. f. A pully or pully-block.
- hound, cur. A slave. The belly. The spring of a gun-lock. The ear of a kind of grass. A trade mark.
- e. धं kittā or kitā or (dakh.) kētta.

  (कति or कियत्) How many? how
  much? as many, some.
- kitābat, s. f. Writing': describing, inscription, motto. The profession of a copyist.
- A. كيابة kitāba, s. m. An epitaph, inscription, The title of a book, a

- picture or painting (on the walls of houses).
- A. P. كتابى kitāb-i, adj. Of a book, like a book, oblong. كتابى Relating to a book. The phrase is applied, by Mahomedans, to Jews and Christians, as in possession of a revelation or scriptural authority from the same Deity. كتابى حبرة s. m. A library. A book shop. A bookshelf. كتابى حبرة Along or oval face.
- kind of cloth, linen. (It is said to be rent by exposure to the moonlight; and, hence, is represented by oriental poets as enamoured of the moon). (dakh. said also to mean) Linseed, flax-seed; a thick sort of linen cloth, much used as sail-cloth, &c. Flax.
- A. کتاب kutub, kutb, s. plar. (of کتاب Books.
- A. P. كانك kutubkhāna, s. m. Book-room, library.
- A. کتابت kitaba, s. m. plur. (of کتابت)
  Inscriptions, writings.
- P. كخذا katkhudā, s. m. A master of a family, married man, a bridegroom.
- r. گخدائی katkhudā-ī, s. f. Marriage establishing or managing a family.
- e. كتراك katrānā, (caus. of كتراك v. a. To cause to clip, to cut out. To leave the high road stealing away by by-paths, go round about, shrink, to dodge, slink away (from), edge or go sideways or zigzag. كتراكر چلنا To desert one's companion, cut the society of any one.
- s. کتر بیونت katar-byont, s. m. Cutting out (clothes). Deductions, cuttings. Over charge, purloining, peculation. (met.) Meditation, consultation, anxiety.

- e كترن katarnā, (कर्तन r. कृत Cut)
  v. a. To clip, cut (as with scissors),
  cut out, pare, shred, cut up, hew. ¶
  kutarnā, v. a. To cut with the teeth.
- ع. کترنی katarnī, (कर्तरी) s. f. Scissors.
- H. کترواں katarvān, adj. Awry, bias (أريب)
- يترى . katrī, s. f. (dakh.) Shears, scissors. A couple in a pitched roof.
- A. كتف katif, or kitf, (pl. اكتاف)
  (Heb.) s. m. The shoulders. The shoulder-blades, broad shouldered.
- يد الله عند katlā, s. Slice: see كنلا \* كنلا \* كنلا \* كنلا \* كرنا To slice.
- his thoughts, concealment. Hinding, lurking, absconding; covering. To keep a secret.
- e لنن kitnā, adj. (कति or कियत)

  How much? how many? what number? As many as, several. some: see

  لنا لانا لانا الله Some, some

  few. كنن الله Howsoever, howsoever

  much or many. [To be spun.
- क्र धंधे katnā, (कर्त्तन r कृत Wrap) v. n.
- g. کتنی katana'ī, (कर्त्तन) s. f. Spinning.
- P. كوتوال kutwāl, s. m. See كوتوال
- H. کته kath, s. m. The astringent vegetable extract, which the natives eat with betel leaf; catechu, terra japonica. It is the produce of the Mimoso Catechu (विदि and the extract in Hind. که در khair).
- H. کته katthā, s. m. Catechu; see
- s. f. A story, tale, fable, relation, narrative (قصة) Preaching, religious recital.

- हें لا لا له katthak, s. m. (for कथक r. क्य Speak). A storyteller. (for कथक r. क्यक r. क्यक r. क्यक r. क्यक r. क्य Applaud) A kind of singer.
- TAM. کتهمیر köthmir, s. (dakh.) See
- s. كتهن kathan, (কাথন) s. m. Saying, the act of saying. [see
- ष्ट. كتهنا kathnā, (कथन) v. a. To tell:
- H. کتهیل katthīl, s. (dakh.) Tin.
- عتى الله kuttī, (कुक्त्री) s. f. A bitch:
- TEL. کتی kattī, s. f. (dakh.) A sort of sword.
- g. کتبا kutiyā, (dimin. of کتبا) s f. A bitch. An abuse for a woman.
- H. كتير katīrā, s. m. A gum resembling tragacanth, obtained from the Sterculia urens.
- н. کت kat, s. m. Black colour to make chintz with. (dakh.) Gram broth.
- athletic, strong: (in dakh) mortal, deadly, very. s. m. A large fat louse. (dakh.) A bundle, fascine, faggot, billet (of wood), bunch. Strict, orthodox, bigoted.
- ع. لگا هاه (from کتا) s. f. Killing, slaughter. کتا کرنا To slaughter, murder. ¶ kuṭa, part. pass. (dakh. for کوتا) Pounded, macerated.
- bar, mole, border of a tank.
- ब. کتار kuṭār, s. m. (क्हिरि) A dagger, poniard, stiletto, dirk. A polecat.
- medicinal plant (Globe thistle. Echinops echinatus.) A kind of sugarcane. Tamarind.
- g. کتاری kaṭār-ī, (see کتاری) s. f. A small dagger.

- ع. كتنا kaṭānā, (caus. of كتانا) v. a. To cut or cause to cut or bite.

kaṭ-bandhan, (काष्ठ

Wood, and बन्धन Binding) s. m. A clog or ring of wood, with which the feet of elephants are fastened.

- عتر الالالا) adj. Inclined or addicted to bite (a horse).
- ي المنظر कांहार) adj. Cruel, pitiless (سخت)، relentless. (sub.) Caitiff.
- H. كتر kaṭrā, s. m. (क्रालिय) A market, suburbs, the market town belonging to a fort; quarter. [of fish.
- H. کترنا kaṭarnā, s. m. (dakh.) A kind
- الله الله kattrī, (নাপ্ত Wood) s. f. The horizontal beam to which the bullocks are attached in a sugar-mill.
- H. کتگ kaṭkā, s. m. (چونچ کی گرفت)

  Seizing or striking with the beak.

  To knock or strike (with the beak), to bite. [grind (the teeth).
- H. كتكتان kaṭkaṭānā, v. a. To gnash or
- e. کتگ kaṭkar, عد m. (dakh.) Baluse. ایک kaṭakṛā, trade, palisade:
- على الله kuṭkī, (কাবুকা) s. f. Name of a medicine, a medicinal plant, black hellebore.
- ع المجرا عدد kaṭ-ghar-ā, s. m. See المجرا عدد المجرا المجرا عدد المجرا عدد المجرا عدد المجرا الم

- ह. گئم الله kutum, (कुटुम्ब) s. m. Kin, kindred (پروار)، family, tribe, caste, relative. گئمبی (कुटुंबी) adj. Having a large family.
- عند الله kaṭmastā, adj. (dakh.) Very عند الله stout and lusty: see قوى and عليا
- H. كتمال kaṭmullān, s. m. A hedge school-master. A bigot.
- ह. کتی kuṭṭan, ) (कुहन) s. m. A g. کتا kuṭnā, ) pimp: (also dakh.) incendiary, mischief-maker.
- be cut, be clipped or cut off: to be spent or passed (time, life, &c.): to be abashed, be interrupted: to die of wounds. To be lavished, squandered, To be taken from one, to be eased of, fleeced. To be remitted or forgiven (sins). Pāp katnā. To thaw, melt (i.i.) To dodge, slink away. To be jealous, to be jealous of.
- g. H. كتنايا kuţnā-pā, s. m. Pimping.
- seduce, to inveigle, to wheedle, to coax.

  kuṭnā-nā, v. a. To entice, to seduce, to inveigle, to wheedle, to coax.
- ع. كتنائى kuṭnā-ī, s. f. The wages of
- s. كتنب kuṭumb, (कुटुम्ब) s. m. See kuṭum.
- s. اگنای s. f. The season for cutting the grain, harvest.

  ¶ kuṭnī (फुड़नी r. कुट्ट Cut; contemn) s. f. A bawd, a procuress.
- g. كتّا kaļwānā, (causal of كتّال v. a.
  To cause to cut.
- H. گڏوٽي kaṭautī, s. f. Discount.
- H. کتورا kaṭorā, s. m. A brass bowl, a cup, goblet, &c., of metal. A full-blown flower. (کتوری) Gusset. A well-populated city. [cup of metal.
- H. کتوری katori, s. f. A small bowl or

- الله المالية المالية
- ع. كتهرى kaṭhrī, (কাষ্ঠ Wood) s.f.
- H. کتهکت kathkar, s.m. A wooden frame over a well.
- H. گنهتا kaṭhrā, kaṭhrā, (नाष्ठ wood)

  A wooden platter or tray, tub, trough.
- a रिक्टिंग kath-ghar-ā, (कान्तिगृह) s. m. A wooden cage. A railing, a palisade.
- g. گنهل kathal, (কাঁटকিদিল) s. m.
  The jack tree and fruit. (Artocarpus integrifolia). [granary. A lime kiln.
- H. گنهال kuthlā, s. m. A small earthen
- kathandar, (काष्ट्रोदर from काष्ट्र wood, and उदर belly; the belly being as hard as wood) s.m. Wind dropsy, tympany.
- s. کتهنی kathini, s. f. Chalk (for writing with).
- B. گئوں kathin, (कठिन) adj. Difficult, hard (שביש), painful, troublesome, acute,

- s. کتهور kathor, (कठोर) adj. (سخس)
  Hard, solid, severe, relentless, cruel, callous. Harsh.
- a. كتهيا kathiyā, (新図 Wood) s. m. A trencher, a platter. A snare, a trap, trepan. Hard.
- ع. کی لات kateyā, s. (करक) A butcher.

  A prickly shrub, growing to the height of ten or twelve feet.

  Plant resembling a common thistle. Course grass growing on fallow ground.

  A plant not so erect as the other kateyās, but spreading more over the surface of the ground: see also
- s. كثيلاً katīlā, (কাইকা) adj. Thorny.

  Name of a plant. Active, brave (a soldier). Sharp, corrosive, virulent.

  Killing, fascinating.
- s. f. Density, fulness, repletion, thickness, grossness. Hardness, solidity. Foulness, impurity.
- Abundance, plenty, superfluity, the best or greatest part, excess, multitude, glut, the major part, plurality, multiplicity; (in Hind.) practice, usage, fashion, vogue, mode, habit. كثرت سع kaset and Usual correct
- A. H. کثرتی kagrat.i, adj. Usual, current, customary.
- A. کثیر kaṣir, (کثر) adj. (fem. کثیر)

  Many, much, abundant, plentiful, copious, fruitful. Superfluity, redundance. کثیر العیال Having a large family.
- A. کثین kaṣīf, (کثف) a d j. Thick, dense, opaque, gross. Many, much. Unclean, foul.
- P. کے kaj, adj. Crooked, curved (تیرتها) wry. کے s. f. Perverseness, crossness in manners. کے باز

Playing unfairly. Reasoning absurdly, crooked arguments. s. f. Absurd reasoning, irregular debate. کم خلق adj. Ill-کجدارمریز or کجدار ومریز tempered. Evasion, subterfuge, putting off, commanding and countermanding, shill-I, adj. Walk- کج رفتار adj. Walking obliquely. Perverse, unprincipled, s. f. Walking obliquely. Crooked conduct, perverseness, depravity. کے طبع adj. Crosstempered. کے فہم ad j. Stupid, wrong-headed, perverting a meaning, اکم کالا (lit. wearing the perverse. cap awry) A beau, fop. Cross, ill-tempered. Stupid. کم نظر

P. \square kujā, adv. Whither? where?

adj. Envious, malignant looks.

P. 8 kajāwa, s. m. A camel's saddle or pannier or litter in which females travel. A bag of net-work for folding vessels.

H. كجرى kajrī, s. f. (কাজনী) A class of songs which originated in Mirzapore. كجرى كهيلنا v. a. To whirl a boat round.

P. کجک kajak, s. f. The iron instrument used in driving elephants. A goad (آنکس).

s. كجل kajjal, (বাজান) s. m. Lamps. ১৯৯ kajlā, black, soot, collyrium prepared from soot.

H. کجلانا kajlānā, To smoulder, grow dim. To moulder, become mildewed.

H. kajmaj, s. f. Jargon gibberish.

a. کجلوتی kajlauṭī, s. A pot for

keeping an iron instrument like snuffers, used to receive smoke, prepare and keep lampblack.

على بن الله kujlī-ban or kujle-ban, s.m.

A forest frequented by elephants.

H. Usinā, v. n. (dakh.) To be or become stinking or rotten, to moulder away, to become old. Wear out, decay.

P. kaj-ī, s. f. Crookedness, bend, squint, crossness. Grudge, enmity.

H. في kach, s.m. Rawness, simplicity.

s. Children. آ في (dakh.) The

water in which raw rice has been

washed. لي كهان To be vexed, to be

sorry or grieved.

s. kuch, (勇司) s. m. and f. Bosom, breast, pap, bubby. ¶. 奇司 kach, s. m. The hair.

H. کچا میر (پکا kachchā, adj. (Opp. of کچا) Unripe, crude, immature, green. Raw, undressed, not cooked or baked (as food, earthenware, etc.), built of unbaked earth. Silly, inexperienced. False. s. m. A sort of plain muslin cloth. Brittle; weak, frail. Not fast (color). Defective, deficient. Green, new. Mixed, alloyed, impure. Below a certain standard of weight or measure. Unauthenticated, not genuine, un-Loose, vague, uncertain. Fluctuating, wavering, nnsteady, fickle, inconstant. Slippery, irresolute. Incredible, unreliable. Rough, approximate. Timid, fearful. Weak, yielding. Blind (boil). كيا تاكا (dakh.) Cotton loosely with, raw cotton, thread or yern. Jo adj. heart c tatau, numanly, light To lose to shame. To be exposed, put loosely spu. (un, raw silk thread. ته (فضب میں آنا میں آنا (dakild o get into a m

- s. ब्रिंग्डिं ku-chāl, (क्वाल) s. f. Crooked, irregular. Misbehaviour, misconduct.
- kachālā, s. m. An esculent root, a species of yam. (Arum colocasia). A salad.
- H. kachpach, s. f. Crowd. adj.
  Close, thick, stuffed together: ¶
  kich-pich, (lit.) Splash, squash. s. f.
  Mud, mire, &c., so called from the sound.
- nnripe melon. Clay. (dakh.) Rubbish, sweepings. A pod of cotton. A belly like a pumpkin, a pot-belly.
- H. g. کچر هونا kichar pichar honā
  To be very wet or slushy.
- H. پری kachari, s. m. Name of a fruit used for pickling.

  (Cucumis Madraspatanus).
- H. 

  kachak, s. f. Pain (of a wound), limp.
- H. UKĘ kachkānā, (causal of UKĘ)
  v. a. To strain, to sprain, to twist.
- H. kachkach, s. m. Debate, altercation, clack. Chit chat, gossip.
- kichkichānā, v. n. To grind, gnash, or chatter (the teeth). ¶ kachkachānā, v. n. To swarm, to be very abundant. To be gritty. (dakh.) To be chewed or gnawed (a something raw). To debate, to wrangle.
- a. । kachkarā, (कान्छप A tortoise) s. m. Tortoise-shell, Whale-bone.
- H. kachaknā, v. n. To strain, to sprain, to twist, to limp. To pain.
- R. کچکول kachkol, s. f. A cup or bowl (generally a beggar's), a wallet; a miscellany. A common place book (بیاض). An album.
- H. L. kuchlā, s. m. (東京和) A vomic nut. (Strychnos nux vomica.) ¶ kachlā, s. m. Clay.

- H. کچل دینا که د. (কবুণ) To bruise, crush, quash. To beat severely, beat to a jelly. کچل دینا or دالنا or کچل دینا or د. ه. To bruise, &c. overlay.
- g. کچلوں kachlon, (काचलवण) A kind of salt, said to promote digestion.
- H. کچلی kuchli, s. f. The canine teeth; eye-teeth.
- ار عنار الله kachnār or kachnāri, يال الله kachnāl, الله kachnāl,

নাৰ or কাৰিনান্ত) s. f. A tree, the flowers of which are a delicate subacid vegetable. (Bauhinia variegata).

- H. ১৯৯৯ kachchū or kachū, s. m. (কান্ত্ৰ)
  Name of a plant. A species of yam.
  (Arum colocasia).
- s. m. The name of a plant or drug. (Curcuma zerumbet).
- H. کچوری kachauri, (dakh. kachūri) s. f. (कचपुरिका) A dish made of wheaten bread and pulse, or, a kind of پوری
- H. کچومرکر kachümar, s. m. A kind of pickle. A wild bitter fruit. کچومرکر To cut to pieces or give drubbing درایتا کرنا)
- s. kachh, s. m. (कान्छप) A tortoise, turtle. kachh machh, (lit.) tortoise and fish, hence the dwellers in the water. Dangers; trials. ¶ kachh (कक्ष) Privities.
- part, any thing, aught, some, something, somewhat, a little, never so little, ever so little, whatever (اتهوتا) حمد المواد المو

Some little, some few. Have کجه تمنے بڑا بایا found a treasure? (an expression addressed to one who seems inordinately pleased without apparent cause). What! have کچھ تمنے خواب دیکھا you dreamt this or seen a vision? (an expression used to a person who relates improbabilities: or, to depict the astonishment of the speaker at any unexpected act of another). سے ہے To be کچه کا کچه هونا or کچه هونا entirely changed. مجية Something else, (in) another manner, on the contrary. Advancement, increase: see کچه \* ترقی A little, some-What. کچه کم Ever so little. نه Some at least, something or other. کچه نهیر Nothing, none. Whatever may be, come what

H. kuchahri, s. f. (कृत्सित हरी from कृत्सित bad हरी to take away). A hall or court of justice, tribunal, cutchery, town-house, court, office, police office.

s. Ligg kachhnā, (কান্টা) s. m. A kind of breeches which cover very little of the thigh.

المجانى عنى kachhni, s. f. A smaller kind of breeches.

غير القابر kuchhū'ā, (काड्डा) s. m. A tortoise, a turtle. عيوا تابر adj. Uneven-bottomed (a river), deep and shallow alternately.

हें لَّهُ kachhauṭī, (from किन्छों – टिका) s. f. A cloth worn between the legs to conceal the privities.

H. کچی کبرو ج kichchīkharūj, s. f. (dakh) The raw, wet or tumid itch.

H. kachiyānā, v. n. To be frightened, to draw back, to shrink. To hang down one's head with shame.

A. کیل kuḥḥāl, (adj. superl. of کیل)

8. m. An oculist.

kuhl, s. m. Collyrium, antimony reduced to a fine powder, used for the eyes; hence, alcohol.

ع. کل kad, (कदा) adv. When ? (کبر)

kad, s.m. A house, a retreat, a den.

A. ك kadd, s. f. Examination, search, inquiry, trouble, exertion, labour, fatigue, diligence, endeavour. Persistence, insistance. ك و كاوش s. f. Search, application, assiduity, research (جست وجو)

s. الكارا s. m. Name of a musical mode or rāgiņī, sung in the midnight of summer.

s. كدال kudāl, (কুর্লি) s. m. A kind of hoe or spade, a pickaxe or mattock.

g. كدالى kudālī, (कुहाल) s.f. A small mattock, dibble, spade, hoe, pickaze. [what?

P. کدام kudām, pron. Who? which?

इ. धोध kudānā, (कुईन r. कुई or कूद Sport, play, leaping) v. a. To dandle (a child). To cause to leap. (met.) To provoke. [of a family.

P. كدبانو kad-bānū, s. f. The mistress

e. کن خدا kad-khudā, (ك خدا A house, and خدا Master) s. m. The master of the house, the father of a family, a married man, a bridegroom.

r. كن خدائى kad-khudā-ī, s. f. Estahlishing a family, marriage.

ness of water; trouble, affliction, vexation, sorrow, solicitude, anxiety, agitation (of mind). Darkness, dimness, impurity (of colour, of the croof water, etc.).

- cle of the top of a pitcher or earthen pot. [skip, jump with joy.
- ਸਂ. ਪਿੰਡ kudaknā, v. n. (कुर्द) To frisk,
- kin or pumpion, a bottle gourd, the calabash. (Cucurbita lagenaria). Membrum virile.
- يدانا کدوانا kudwānā, (causal of الكانا)
  To cause to dandle.
- P. كدودانك kadū·dānā, s.m. The name of a disease, in which the body is covered with pustules like the seeds of the كد. Intestinal worms. (Tænia cucurbitina).
- كدورت kudūr, s. See كدور
- being turbid)

  8. f. (غبار) Foulness, muddiness, turbid)

  bidness, scum, dust, impurity (in water, &c.); (met.) Perturbation, depression of spirits, vexation, affliction, malice, resentment.
- P. کدوکش kadū-kash, s. m. A kind of instrument for cutting and cleaning pumpkins, &c.
- P. کن kada, (in compos.) s.m. A place, a house, &c.; as میکده A tavern.
- e. کدهر سه kidhar, adv. (द्वात) Where?

  Whither ? In what direction?
- عدهی اله kad-hī, (कदा) a d v. Ever,
- P. کدیور kadewar, s. m. A gardener.
- s. п. كدهب ku-dhab, adj. Ill-shaped, ill-mannered, ugly, rude.
- s. н. كُلْمَنْكُ ku-dhang, adj. Unmannerly, bad manners, misbehaviour, misconduct, evil ways, ill-bred, rude.

- A. P. كذاكى ka-ṣā-ī, (اكذاكى Like this) adj. Such like, of this fashion.
- A. كذب kizb or kazb, (H. عبوت (Heb. Chald.) s. m. Lying. A lie.
- P. کر kar, adj. Deaf. s. m. Purpose.

  Power, strength. Felicity.
- A. کرار karrār, ad j. (superl. of کرار)

  Attacking violently again and again impetuous in assault.
- ارا الله لله karārā, s. m. See كوارا الله الله الله
- stiff, rigid. Muscular, well-set, sturdy Crisp, well-baked, short-crusted. High-priced, dear. New full-weight (coin). کراری (A. قراری) s.f. What is firm. An estate of which the title is unquestionable.
- A. کرام kirām, s. plur. (of کریم) Noble, generous, eminent. ¶ kurām, adj. Great, high in rank or authority, venerable. s. m. Magnitude, dignity, authority. ¶ kurrām, adj. Most noble, most generous. کراماً کاتیبی Recording angels.
- A. کرامات karāmat, s. f. Generosity,

  magnificence, nobleness (بزرگی)

  excellence. Liberal, precious; worthy,
  dignified. A miracle performed by
  a saint. Supernatural power.

  s. f. (Fac.) The Penis, yard. A
  form of address. (Plur.
- e. کرای karān, s. m. Shore, coast, margin, bank, side, boundary.
- عرانا کی v. n. To be hard or stiff. ¶ karānā (causal of کرنا) v. a. To cause to be done or made, actuate, effect, make. ¶ kirānā, (from ऒया) s. m. Grocery. (r. क्

To sift, separate by turning round in a winnowing fan differing from نيتي).

- کران karāna, s.m. See کرانه
- انى . لانى krānī, s. m. A clerk, an English copyist in a public office, generally of mixed European and Native descent.
- a. کراهیت \_ کره) karāhat, (کراهیت \_ کره)
  s. f. Dislike, disgust, aversion, horror,
  detestation, loathing.
- 4. كراهتا karāhatan, adv. Unwillingly, reluctantly, with disgust.
- H. Lals karāhnā, v. n. (क्रिश to cry)
  To sigh and utter ah! from pain, to
  groan. To grieve or feel sorry for.
- A. Larahiyat, (85) s.f. Disgusting, aversion, abhorrence, disagreeableness, detestation. (In law). Abominable acts, abominations, any infraction of moral or religious obligation, as eating or drinking impure or prohibited food, wearing obnoxious attire, committing acts of indecency, etc.
- 4. كراية له kirāya, s.m. Hire (ابهاتا)، fare, rent, freight. كراية حلانا To let (any thing the use of which is in moving, as a horse, cart, &o.). كراية لم كل منا له منا له منا كرائه كرنا To let, hire, rent. كراية لينا To hire, rent.
- karb, or karab, s. Anguish, melancholy, unfortunate, vexation affliction. [tress, grief.
- A. کربت kurbat, s. f. Affliction, dis-
- where Husain, the younger son of Alī, was killed and buried; hence, the word is sometimes applied in India to the shrines or burying places of the Muhammadans; the place where the (tāziyā) is buried. Any place where water is not procurable.

  H. Larbī, s. f. Stalk or straw of

nsed as fodder for elephants, and horned cattle (کڙری)

- passion) (احسان) s. f. Favour, kindness, mercy, affection, bounty. کرپا
  کرپا
  Ocean of grace or mercy. کرپا
  نانه Lord of kindness or mercy. کرپاندهان
- of disease resembling the itch or scab, on the head or body of a child.
- A. الله karrat, (from کر Heb. orig. in leaping; hence, to leap back, to return) s. f. One time for turn, once, one attack or assault. الركرة كرنة Thrice. المنافرة ا
- P. کرتا kurtā, s. m. A shirt, &c. See
- e. کرتار kartar, (কর্মা) s. m. Creator, maker, author, doer.
- s. لرتب kartab, (कार्तिव्य) s. m. Action, business, deed; morals. Skill, art, tactics, feat, exploit. Experiments. Jugglery, sleight of hand; legerdemain; rope-dancing. (Math.) A problem, proposition.
- p. کرتنی kurta-ni, s. f. (dakh.) A kind of shirt: see
- ह. کرتوت kart # t, (कर्ताञ्यता) s. f. Action, business, deed (کار). Arts, tricks, finesse.
- P. کرته kurta, s. m. A kind of tunic, a shirt, waistcoat, or jacket, frock.
- P. کرتی) s. f. A waistcoat or shirt chemisette for women, a jacket for soldiers, a coat.
- H. کرتی karti, s. f. The skin of a calf

stuffed and placed near the mother to make her give milk.

- الرج الله kuruj, s. (dakh.) Moulting (of birds). کرج جهازنا To moult: see
- الله karchhā, s. m. A large spoon, a ladle. [spring, jump.
- H. کرچهال kurchhāl, s. f. A bound,
- H. کرچهی karchhī, s. f. A spoon. A skein (a ringlet). [hard.
- P. کرخت karakht, adj. Austere, rigid,
- R. کرختی karakht-i, s. f.

P. کرختگی karakkt-agi, s. f. ( ity, dryness.

- balance made to make up a deficiency in coin, or the difference between the price of new things and old given in exchange. Tare and tret, abatement, allowance or customary deduction.
- kirdar, s. m. Action, doing, labour, deed, art, business, manner, conduct.
- ع. كركهلانا kar dikhlānā, v.a. To
- P. کرتار) s. m. God کرتار) s. m. God
- P. کردنی kardan-i, adj. Fit to make or do, necessary to be done, practicable.
- string tied round the waist to which a langoti is fastened.
- P. とした karda, (天石) part. pass. (としん)
  (In Compos). Done, made, performed, committed, having done; subst. Act, deed. [filth on the skin.
- P. کرس kuras, (or dakh. karas) s. Dung,
- a. L. کرستان kiristān, s. (dakh.) A
  Christian.
- put into an inkstand. A cloth used by menstruous women. A pessary.

- kursī, s.[f. A chair, a stool the bench (of a judge), a seat, a throne. The eighth heaven, or according to some the ninth, the throne of God. A pulpit. The crystalline or empyrean heaven (as being the supposed throne of God). The name of a place, within about fourteen miles of Lakhnau, the inhabitants of which are said to be foolish or mad. The base or foot (of a pillar:). A raised foun-He is from کرسی کا ھے Kursi, i. e., he is mad or foolish. A genealogical tree. Established in office, کرسی نشین enthroned; verified, fixed, settled in the mind.
- s. m. Ogling, amorous look or gesture, blandishment, wink, glance. A phenomenon; a miracle. A talisman; charm.
- 8. کرشی kṛishṇ or kṛishṇa, (天河) adj. Black, dark blue. n. prop. The deity so named. See
- son who cleanses not himself from filth, or takes not care to avoid pollution. [muck.
- P. کونتی kirift-i, s. f. (dakh.) Dung,
- A. کرفس karafs, s. f. Parsley. Celery.
- H. کرک kirik, s. f. (dakh.) Grit, small, or fine dust. [bish.
- H. كركت kurkut, s. f. Sweepings, rub-
- s. کرکٹ karkot, (कर्केट) s. m. A crab; the sign Cancer.
- e. ১১১ karkarā, (কার্নির) s. m. Bad coin. Name of a bird; the Demoiselle crane or small Coolen of Europeans. (Numidian crane).
- g. हेर्ड kirkirā, (from कार्कार) ad j. Gritty, sandy.
- P. H. Lil Karkarānā, v. (dakh.) To cackle (fowls) after laying eggs.

trimming or preening its wings with its beak; (hence). Ease, comfort, security, hope, confidence of success.

To be disappointed or fall into misfortune, in the moment of security, or when sure of success. Sajjād says:—

بیتھے اگر خوشی سے آکر چمن میں بلبل \* کریال میں غلیلا ایسا لگے کہ اڑ جاے

If the nightingale perch with pleasure in the midst of the parterre, in the moment of his security a ball may hit him with such force as to dash him to pieces.

- TAM. کریپاکے karīpāk, s. (dakh.) The leaf of a plant (Bergera Koenigii) used as a spice in curries, &c.
- تهوندهنا هه karidnā, v. a. See کریدنا ته دینا To lose.
- H. کریدنا Kurednā, (頃天) To scrape, scratch, rake up, poke. To scoop out a tube or pipe.
- s. کریر karīr, (करीर) Name of a shrub:
- इ. کريرا karerā, (कर्कर) adj. Hard, stiff, vehement.
- s. کریتا krīpā, (क्रीडा) s. f. Sport, play, pastime, gambols. Cricket.
- P. کریز kuris, s. Moulting (of birds)
  To moult (birds).
- عريل على karil, s. m. (करीर) The name of a plant. A thorny shrub, growing in deserts and fed upon by camels. (Capparis aphylla) the caper bush: see
- e. الريلا karelā, (कटिल्लक or कारवेल्ल)
  s. m. The name of a bitter vegetable.
  (Momordica charantia). A sort of fireworks, matches with or without stars.
- H. کریلنا kurelnā, v. a. To poke.

- A. کریمه karim, (Pl. کریم) (fem. کریم) adj. Bountiful, magnificent, gracious, merciful, venerable, liberal; kind; an epithet of God. Liberal, generous. Respectable.
- A. P. کریمی karīm-ī, s. f. Grace, bounty, liberality.
- A. کریه karih, (کره) adj. Detestable, abominable, execrable (أبرا) filthy, dirty. کریه الشکل or کریه الشکل Ugly, deformed.
- H. \*\* kar, s. f. Seed of safflower (Carthamus tinctorius).
- ع. گنترا ای kir, (contract. of کیترا) s. m. A worm. کترکهایا adj. Wormeaten. Marked with small-pox, pitted, spotted.
- tough, severe. Strong, powerful. Strong in the loins, virile. Strong (as smell, liquor, colour, etc.). Firm resolute. Enduring, persevering, unyielding. Rigorous, harsh. Rough, rude. Violent. Scarce, scanty. Dear,
  - worn on the wrists, ankles, &c., a ringlet, bangle, anklet, bracelet. (A massive ring of solid silver, weighing from three to four ounces). The handle of a door, or any thing in form of a ring; link (of a chain): (dakh.) a cymbal, tambourin with bells, a sort of cake in shape of a small ring or of a spiral form. adj. Arch, sly, knowing, penetrating, sharp, harsh, cruel. A sweetmeat. A line of a Hindi verse.
- ع. H. کرایا په kurāpā, (هوه کرایا) s. m. (dakh.) Grief, pain.
- g. H. کتابی kaṛā-pan, s. m. Hardness, stiffness, firmness.
- lar bank of a river, &c. side, brink, bank, a precipice. ¶ adj. (dakh.) Old.

- by breaking any thing. A crash (of a falling house, etc.). A rigid fast (in which nothing of food or drink has entered the mouth). [crashes.
- H. گواگر karākar, s.m. Successive
- ing pan: a large boiler, cauldron, copper: a shallow wide mouthed pan or pot of brass, copper or iron with two handles for hooks. An offering of sweetmeats.
- برى الله karbī, s. f. (dakh.) The straw, i. e., the culm and leaves of the bējrā, jo'ār or rāgī.
- s. f. (dakh.) A vessel for giving water in to a buffalo or other animal.
- a crack. Thunder (a clap of). Agility; (dakh.) Gallop, full speed. ¶ kuruk, (張行) s. f. Clucking (of a hen), a clucking hen. ¶ kuruk, s. (dakh.) A coil of string, thread or wire of a metal. Blank, nothing.
- H. کتا هم کری karkā, s.m. (dakh.) Shore, brink, brim, beach, border, margin.

  See الله (stiff, strong.)
- क کرا الله क्षेत्र क्षेत्र किरो adj. Hard,
- #. گڙگڙات kurkarāt, s. (dakh.) A olap (of thunder).
- eluck, to cackle (a laying hen). To speak angrily, to murmur, to grumble. To rack, tear. To grudge, stint. This kipkipana, To gnash the teeth from rage. This kipkipana, To give such a sound as oil or butter when boiling. (dakh.) To boil (oil).
- H. Laraknā, v.n. To crack, crackle, growl, murmur, crash. To

- thunder, to thunder with a loud clap. To be beaten (drums). To rage, roar. (slang) To be off, to run away. (dakh.) To gallop, rush upon, to rage. ¶ kurnknā, To speak angrily. To clatter. To crunch, munch, gulp down. adj. Crackling, brittle.
- Bitter, acrid, hot, harsh. Strong, virulent. Hardhearted. Brave. (dakh.)
  A dangerous disease in horses. کروا کرنا (किट्रतिरु) Oil made from mustard-seed, bitter oil. کروا کرنا To give or expend unwillingly. کرو کسیلے دن To be enraged. کرو کسیلے دن To be enraged. کرو کسیلے دن To be enraged. کرو کسیلے دن To be enraged.
- a. کتواهت karwā-haṭ, s. f. Bitterness.

  A bitter taste, gall and wormwood.
- يرور الميرة الم
- انگشتان شکنی زنان (dakh. explained by) ناک شدی زنان شکنی بدنا
- H. کتونیکی kaponchi, s. f. (dakh.) A kind of esculent vegetable.
- displeased) v. n. To grieve, mourn, repine, pine, vex, be afflicted, be angry or disgusted. To be touched, to feel for, pity.
- of the meal of pulse (chanā, or cicer arietinum) dressed with spices and sour milk.
- P. Lask, adj. Crooked. s. The cocoon or ball of the silkworm, coarse silk, silk thread.

- P. کژ Crooked کژ Crooked کثر Tail) s. m. Scorpion.
- r. کس و کو kas, s. m. A man, a person, an کس و کو individual, one, any one. کس و s. m. Family, dependants. کس ناکس Every body, noble and plebeian, gentle and simple. Thus (Gr. κύσος)
  s. m. Vulva. کس مرانا To play the strumpet.
- क्षेत्र, (क्याय) s. m. The decoction of a colouring substance.
- न्नाय) The bark of the کیکر or ببول (acacia) used in tanning. A spirit extracted from the bark of the
- عدة للمارت المناوت ا
- in despatching of anything. Want of currency, the not being in demand,

- flat sale or bad market, decline of trade, penury.
- e. کسار kasēr, s. m. (खंजकारी) (dakh.)

  Brasier, founder (of metal :), maker of

  metal pots : see
- H. کساری kisārī, s. f. A kind of pulse.
  (Lathyrus sativus).
- A. Lasāfat, (from Lude Heb. and Chald. To become pale). Sediment. Obscuration, an eclipse (especially, of the sun).
- علا الله لا a sā lā, (كساليل) adj. Ianguid, indisposed, sick.
- Chald.). s. m. Heaviness, slowness. Gravity. Sickness, disease, grief, affliction, distress. Labour, toil, trouble. The pains of labour.
- s. کسان kisān, (क्रिषिमान्) s. m. A husbandman, peasant, farmer.
- from r. To cause to try, prove or assay. To cause to tighten. v. n. To be spoiled (curds, &c.) by standing in a metal vessel.
- kerchief tied round the head on going to bed.
- ع. كسان £asāwaṭ, (كسان) s. ٤. Tightening, tightness.
- sion, occupation (هنين) employment. Gain, acquirement, acquisition (by labour), industry. Art, skill. Prostitution, whoredom. T tasbi, kasban, s. m. A woman of the town
- Dress, garb: or Gain, way of gaining) s. f. The case (or bag) barbers, surgeons, &c. keep their tools in. A piece of leather worn by a bihishti or waterman ca his

containing water. Low Containing the histories of barbers, surgeons, &c. and directions for their practice. The bihishtis also have such a book.

- كسبى kaebin, s. f. See كسبى
- A. P. كسبى kasb-i, s. m. An artisan, artificer, trader. s. f. A prostitute, courtesan.
- kastērē, s. f. An oyster (Ostrea edilis) A black-capped or greywinged blackbird, or three coloured thrush.
- ع كستورى & estari, (करत्री) s.f. Musk. Musk bag. The animal so called.
- breaking) کسر که asr, s.f. (کسر breaking) Breaking, rupture, breach, loss, affliction, a fraction (in arithmetic). Rout, putting to flight, to break the edge. The vowel () sounded like the Ital. short i, or the English i in bill, fin. To mark with the point kasra. Want (لَّبَاّ)· Defect, flaw. Indigestion. v. n. To کسر بهرنا ۱۰ (کسرات ۲۰۰۸) indemnify, to make up a deficiency or To decrease, to de-كسرت . duot. To omit, fail, fall short s. f. Exercise, bodily or athletic exercise. Practice, usage, habit (استعمال) adj. Athletic. More or کسرے زیاد or کسر و زیاد less (but, these seem to be corruptions of کثر).
- A. کسرک kasra, s. A breaking. The vowel ( ): Due fracture, rupture, breach. See
- a. P. کسری kisrā, or کسری kisrā, n. prop. Name of a Persian king; name common to the kings of Persia.
- H. كسك kasak, s. f. (可見) Pain, affliction, stitch.

- g. Uludud kaskasānā, v. n. (dakh.) To be indisposed.
- H. Likus kasaknā, v. n. To suffer or feel pain, to be painful.
- Laxness, slowness, indolence. Cowardice. Sickness, indisposition, depression, low spirits, relaxation. Non emittere in coitu. Laxness adj. Sick, relaxed, indisposed, ailing. The kasil, adj. Inert, relaxed, feeble.
- يسم kusum, (क्रिनिंम) s.m. A flower with which cloths are dyed red, bastard saffron, safflower. (Carthamus tinctorius). The red dye of كسم The menstrual discharge. Ophthalmia. كسم adj. Red. لا كسم الم
- H. Ulmans kasmasānā, v. n. To move, to shake, to rouse, exert, or bestir oneself. [of a bucket.
- H. كسى kassan, S. f. The leather thong
- It is kasnā, (r. A Draw, or A Try, test). v. a. To tighten, tie, brace. To assay, to try, to prove (ii) examine. To fry in melted butter. s. m. A bundle, a wallet. To press or bear hard upon. To dry up (the water, juice, etc). To load a gun. To enhance the price. in a v. n. To gird up the loins, get ready, gird oneself.
- 8. quimb kusumbh, (雪唄和) s m. See
- g. کسم kusumbhā, (see کسنه) s. m.

  See کسم The dye of safflower (Carthamus tinctorius). (met.) An infusion of bhang (Cannabis sativa) used for intoxication.
- Red. s. f. Cloths dyed with safflower.

  Measles, scarictina.

- ع. گسنگ kusand, s. (dakh.) Bell-metal.
- ي. 4. کس واسطے k is-w as ge, For what reason? why?
- اکسنا kaswānā, (causal of کسوانا)
   v. a. To cause to tighten, tie, bind, &c.
- A. Liswat, (from Lus Heb. To cover, to clothe) s. f. Dress, appearance, robe, habit. (met.) Figure, form, manner.
- ধ্রঃ کسوتی kasauṭi, (কাপ) s. f. A touchstone, test. Proof, assay, criterion.
- or کسور اله kusür, a.m. plur. (of کسور اله or کسور) Fractions (in arithmetic).
- A. كسوف outting) s. m. Eclipse of the sun.
- s. f. A kind of oil pickle. Name of a plant. (Cassia sophera).
- P. کسے kas-e, adj. Somebody, some
- عسے کسائے علام kase-kasa'e, part. (کسنا)
  Tied up, prepared, ready.
- H. Ligus kasiyānā, kassyānā, v. n.

- (新刊) (H. كانسى) To be spoiled (curds, etc.) by standing in a bellmetal vessel.
- عسيراً s. m. A brasier, one who sells metalic vessels, pewterer, coppersmith, plumber. Grey cattle.
- aserā, (कारीज) s. m. A root so called eaten as a fruit. (Scirpus kysoor:) Speede. کسیر و ساسر s. m. A bald head, a head with but few hairs.
- ع. A. کسیطر kivī-ṭaraḥ, Somehow, in
  - some manner.
- or circumstances, wretched. Thick, gross, impure, bad, unpleasant.
- ent, pungent. ¶ kas-īlā, adj. Strong, vigorous.
- P. کشیدی kash, part. act. (of کشیدی)
  in compos. Drawing, drawer, pulling,
  one pull of a huqqa (P. حرم) carrying,
  bearing, enduring, &c. ¶ kush, part.
  act. (of کشتی) in compos. Killing,
  killer.
- P. کشانی kushā, part. act. (of کشانی)
  in compos. Opening, displaying,
  expanding, solving. Conquering.
- P. كشاد kushād, s. f. Opening, loosening.
- kushāda-gī, s. f. An aperture, expansion, extension, extension, extensiveness, separate, distinct, openness spaciousness, looseness, opening of heart, exhibaration, latitude.
- P. كالك kusināda, (contract. كشان)

  part. pass. (of كشائل) Open, expanded, wide, ample, spacious, capacious, loose, lax, displayed, revealed, free, cheerful, frank, drawn forth. كشائدة معالية معالية ويشائد ييشانى or عشائدة ييشانى ويشائدة ييشانى معالية كشائدة ييشانى ويشانى

- kashshāf, (adj. superl. of کشف) s. m. A discoverer, detector, solver, explainer. An officer whose business it is to examine and report upon something, as a valuer or a coroner. adj. Very explicit.
- pulling; command after command, bringing and taking away, commanding and countermanding; great unpleasantness, grief or pain; pleasant and unpleasant, distraction, dilemma, perplexity, difficulty, contention, struggle, attraction, allurement.
- P. کشاکشی kash-ā-kash-ī, s. f. Squabble, wrangle, contention; see
- P. کشیدی kashān, part. act. (of کشیدی)

  Drawing, withdrawing, bearing, suffering.
- s. f. کشونی) s. f. Opening, loosening, solving, expansion; cheerfulness.
  - P. کشت kusht, s. Killing, slaughter.
  - R. کشت kisht, s. f. m. A sown field.

    S. A sown field.

    S. Tilling and sowing. ¶ s. f.

    Check at chess. [man: a sown field.
  - P. کشتگ kisht-kār, s. m. Husband-
  - P. کشتگری kisht-kār-ī, s. f. Husbandry, agriculture, cultivating, cultivation. [kill.
  - P. کشتی kushtan, s. Killing; v. a. To
  - r. کشتنی kushtan-i, adj. Fit or de-

- P. كشتى kushta, part. pass. (of كشتى)

  Killed, slain, a victim. A lover. Calcined metal, calx. (Pers. plur.

  كشتكان s. m. Killed mercury. ¶

  kishta, part. pass. Sown, tilled.
- P. کشتی kishtī, (prop. kashtī), s. f. (dakh. m. or f.) A ship, vessel, bark, boat, ark, canoe, skiff. A tray. A wallet. A boat-shaped vessel which the Musalman faqīrs exclusively use to eat their victuals out of. ¶ kushtī,
  - s. f. Wrestling. کشتی گیر or کشتی باز or کشتی باز A wrestler, champion. کشتی کرنا To wrestle, struggle.
- P. کشتیان kishtī-bān, s. m. The master of a vessel, a boatman, bargeman, mariner, seaman, sailor, navigator.
- s. کوڙه kushth, (秀智) (H کوڙه s. m. Leprosy. A plant.
- 8. کوڙهي kushihā, (雪翔) (H. کوڙهي) adj. Leprous, a leper.
- p. کشش kashish, (کشش to draw)
  s. f. Drawing, attraction, gravitation, allurement, pull. A line or curve (in writing). Tardiness, delay. Trial, difficulty, hard times. Discord, differences, misunderstandings. Thushish (کشتی) s. f. Killing. [tortoise.
- P. کشف kashaf, (क्रिन्छ्य) s.m. A
- ing anything covered. Discovering anything existing but unknown. Examining and valuing any property. Making an estimate, the estimate itself. Examining into the condition and circumstances of anything or act. To uncover, to discover. To examine, survey, value, estimate. To examine into the circumstances of a thing or fact. An opening, a manifestation, revelation, inspiration from heaven, declaration, solution, explanation.
- A. P. کشفی kashf-i, adj. Revealed, manifest.

- building: see کشک آ kashak, A line or streak. ¶ lashk, Barley, barley-water, a dish made of wheat, butter, and meat stewed together.
- T. کشکچی باشی kashakchi-bāshī, s. m. A watchman, guard, porter.
- P. کشکول kashkol, s. A beggar's cup, دی.; see کیکول
- rather currents, small dried grapes without stones, plums. [Christmas.
- kishmish, s. f. (dakh.)
- P. کشمکش knsh-ma-kash, s. f. Pulling backwards and forwards; distraction, difficulty, want, penury, struggle, dilemma, &c. See
- kashmīr-nī, s. f. A woman of Cashmere, a dancing woman.
- الميرى kashmīr-i, s. m. A Cashmere, merian. The language of Cashmere, a dancer.
- kishan, (جاسا) n. prop. The most celebrated form of Vishnu or rather Vishnu himself; being distinct from the ten avatars or incarnations. He is the Apollo of the Hindus, and is supposed by Colonel Wilford to have lived about 1300 years before Christ.
- Rushanda, part. act. (of کشتی) Killing. sub. Killer, murderer. [A kitchen.

Rushni, (Port. cozinba) s. f.

- P. کشنیز kishnis, B. m. Coriander (دهنیا) (Coriandrum sativum).
- P. کشونی kushād, (from کشون) s. f.
  Opening, openness; or for کشونه Opened, open.
- s. کشور kishor, (निशोर) s. m. A youth, a son. (धीर) kehaur, s. m. Shaving of the head or beard.

- P. کشور s. m. A climate, clime, region, country. کشور ستانی s. f. Conquest.
- P. کشی kash-i, (in compos.) s. f. Drawing, bearing, enduring. T kush-i, s. f. Killing.
- to draw). Displeasure, misunderstanding, sullenness, superciliousness, tension.
- P. کشیدی kashidan, verbal, n. or inf.
  To draw, drawing, enduring, suffering.
- P. کشیدنی kashīdan-ī, adj. Fit to be drawn.
- P. كشيدك kashida, (كشيدن) part, pass. Drawn, extended, contracted, pulled in, borne, endured, having drawn, endured, or bound. s. m. A kind of needlework, embroidery. adj. Sullen, supercilious. كشيدة خاطر adj. Displeased, distracted in mind. مشيدة قامت or كشيدة قامت Tall.
- metrical cube. The ankle. The heel, the protuberant joint bone of the foot and leg; any joint resembling it; the top of the foot. Dice, tables, or the bones with which they play at those or similar games.
- A. منعنی ku\*bat, s. f.

  A. منعنی ku\*ba, s. m.

  A square building; the temple of Mecca. کعنینی (dual) The two temples, Mecca and Jerusalem.
- P. في الحياك kuf, s. f. Foam (حياك) froth, mucus, spittle, scum, phlegm. الكنائي والا (in medicine) Expectorant. (For A. كف نكالني والا Hand, palm of the hand, sole. كفائى s. f. The scum of an indigo vat at work.
- A. كف kaff, prop. kef, (Heb.) s. f. The hand, the palm of the hand, the sole

rhe sole of the foot. کف رست The sole of the foot. The palm of the hand. Prohibition, restraint, impediment. Abstinence, continence. Hemming a garment. (met.) Level and desert (a plain).

- م. كف ku/, (for jeb) adj. Like, equal.
- L. کف kuf, s. f. Family, brotherhood.
- مانر Luffar, s. plur. (of کفار) Infidels, unbelievers, pagans, worshippers of idols. kafar, adj. Ungrateful.
- Lequal, adequate. Sufficiency, competency, enough. s. m. Pittance, daily bread (روزی).
- A. كفالت s. f. Pledge, pawn, security, caution, guaranteeship, lien (ضامنى) responsibility, bail. Security in general, according to the Shins, but limited to personal bail by the Sunnis. كفالة بالنفس Personal security.
- a. P. كفايتى kifāyat-ī, s. f. Abundance, sufficiency. a d j. Thrifty, frugal. Cheap, reasonable, purchased for less than its value.
- ه. عيافة كفايت ك
- P. کفتار kaftar, s. m. The hyens.

- P. منفع kufta, part. pass. See عنبه
- P. كفية kufcha, s. m. A spoon. The hood of a snake. (dakh.) A cotton or muslin jacket like the one described at فرزائي but with tight sleeves.
- مران نعمت .i-ni<sup>2</sup>mat, In-gratitude.
- P. كفش kassa, s. f. A shoe, a slipper (high-heeled and shod with iron). منش كر or كفش دوز
- P. کفک kafak, s. f. dimin. of عفک also, the part of the hand or foot stained by way of ornament.
- P. كفكير kafgīr, s. m. A skimmer, a spoon, a ladle (generally, perforated like a colander).
- A. كفل kafal, s. f. The buttocks or crupper (of a borse, &c.).
- A. کفی kafan, s. m. A shroud (coffin),
  pall, dead clothes, a winding sheet.

  A shroud-stealer; caitiff,
  miscreant, ruffian, villain.
- A. H. كفي kafnānā, (كفي) v. a. To shroud, to dress for the grave.
- من kufū, (كفاً) s.m. Tribe, caste, family, brotherbood. adj. Alike, equal, resembling.
- A. کفیل kafil, (کفیل) s. m. A security, surety, cautioner, guarantee, ransomer, hostage, bail (the person).

ککر

kind of cucumber (inferior). (Cucumis utilissimus: ¶ kukrī, (秀妻己)

s. f. A hen.

Kukiar, kūkir, s. m. (奇麗人)

H. گناوس کون kukiar, kūkır, s. m. (西東)

A cock. گناوس کون s. f. Cockadoodle-do, the crow of a cock.

kukri, A skein of thread. A cob of Indian corn. The seed vessel of ما آکت or maize.

是. とは kaknā, s. m. (南和川) A ring worn on the wrist, a bracelet. [ing cough. Tel. となながあ, s. (dakh.) Hoop-H. となながあ, v. a. To scrape (the earth, as fowls do), to hollow, to excavate.

H. ککوڙا. الله kakora, s.m. (कर्कोटकी)

A vegetable, momordica muricata.

خل کے ککوڑا ہوجانا

with envy.

P. Kal, adj. Scaldheaded.

gate (تمام)، universal. s. m. Sum.

All a failure. کل جمع adv. Altogether,

wholly, totally. (This word never takes the article, and is construed with verbs or substantives in the masculine or feminine, singular or plural) as

وجل Every man قل امرأة Every woman. كل الناس All men.

ह. کل kal, (कल्यं dawn, day-break, to-morrow.) s. m. To-morrow, yesterday. كل كى بات News of yes. terday, something that happened very lately. جے ہی سوکل نہیں Pro. What is to-day to-morrow is not. s. f. Ease, tranquillity, peace, relief, جى كل بيكل بونا .(آرام) quiet, rest v. n. To feel restless or uneasy. To feel nausea. & s. f. Uneasiness, disquiet, trouble. (কলা) s. f A trap, a machine, or a part of one, a lock; trigger, cock, or the hammer (of a gun). side, flank. کل دار s. m. Coin with a milled edge. A rupes, s. f. An English gun, opp. of a matchlock کلمورزنا۰۰مرورنا or پهیرنا ۱۰ تورے دار) or likes v. a. To set a machine going. To work upon, win over, influence. To set right, correct. الاسي An automaton, a puppet; (met.) A very weak person. K A very well trained and obedient horse. A mechanical horse, (কলি) The name of the fourth age; see کلجگ (dakh.) for الا adj. Black. ¶ kil, s. (dakh.) A botch, a carbuncle (sore). See كيل

The jaws, the head; (dakh.) the cheek, jole, the gills (of a fish).

Lantern-jawed; (met.) treacherous, cunning, malicious. Noise, tumnit.

- a. Is kalā, (कारुग) s. f. A digit or gixteenth part of the moon's diameter, a minute, the 60th part of a degree. Miraculous power. A division of time, about eight seconds. Part, portion. Art, trick, accomplishment. الله المنافذة المنافذ
- u. K kullā, kullī, (क्वल) s. f. Gargling, rincing the mouth.
- A. كلب kilāb, s. plur. (of كلب Dogs. ¶ kilāb, s. m. A dog-keeper.
- alābattān, a. m. Gold thread, a thread, a silver thread (twisted).
- P. Lik kalaba, s. m. A clew, a hank, skein, a reel, a wheel (for winding thread on).
- r. & Kulāgh, kalāgh, s. m. A crow.
- P. s. এই kulāl, s. m. (কুন্তান্ত) A potter,
- على خانة, s. m. (কান্ট্ৰ) (dakh.)
  A vintner, A sect of Hindus whose profession originally was distilling spirits. A distiller. كال كال المانية A seller of spirituous liquors, a publican, tavern-keeper. كال خانة على المانية على المانية ال
- م الله الله الله كام . m. A word, oration, harangue, speech (بانت)، discourse, talk. Composition, work Objection, question (Post.) Fate, destiny, ما الله الله كالم الله كالم الله الله كالم الله الله كالم حديد . To swear by the word of God.

- v.s. To speak, affirm. To dispute, argue.
- elder, spacious, immense. Exalted, highminded. Superior, primary, Senior, better.
- n. Lik kallānā, v. n. To burn, to be inflamed (as, the skin by rubbing pepper, &c. on it). ¶ kılanā, v. n. To wisnow. To strike with the fist. ¶ kalānā, v. s. To parch grain partially.
- n. UK kalānā, v. a. (日本空間) To mik, mingle, blend; to shake up, jumble together, to move, to toss backwards and forwards; to shuffle or mix the cards.
- bounce. U, lo all To bound or ekip.
- H. گلونت kalāwant, a. m. (কাতাবন)

  A kind of professional singer or musician.
- p. 3.15 kaliwa, s. m. Raw silk wound on a reel, a skein or ball or hank of thread; the band round the elephant's neck in which the driver fixes his feet. The elephant's neck.
- P. all kulah, s. f. A cap, hat, bonnet cowl, tiara, crown.
- B. كالني kalā'ī, a. f. (कुलि) Wrist (of a hand, or juncture of the hoof to a leg).
- e द्वीदं रें, (क्वाय) s. f. Pulse, leguminous seeds in general. A kind of pea. ¶ kalâya, A long, thin and small black bean, very glutinous, used as food for borses.
- a. كلاب الجبار (P1. كلاب) a m. A dog.
  The dog-star.
- н. Lik kulbulā, adj. Vermicular, peristaltic.
- n. Uluk kulbulā-nā, v. n. (न्याकुल) To itch. To fidget, to be restless

(حليلنا)، to writhe (as, a worm or snake). To grumble or rumble (the bowels). To dandle (a child).

- H. Lulbulā-hat, s. f. Vermicular motion.
- TEL. Lik kalbandā, s. (dakh.) variety of the Aloe perfoliata, the Aloe plant from which the aloes of the shops is obtained.
- P. Lak kulba, s. m. · A hut, house, closet, cell, cottage. كلية احزان An afflicted or distressed family, house of affliction | Starch. or grief.
- H. Wkalap, s. m. Dye for the hair.
- 8. کلی kalpa, (कल्प) s. m. A Shāstra or sacred work. A day or night of Bruhmä, a period of 4,320,000,000 years of mortals, measuring the duration of the world, and as many the interval of its annihilation. A destruction of the world. Optionality, doubt. Resolve, purpose. Propriety, fitness. کلب برچه (कल्पवृक्ष)

or کینټر (कल्पतक) A fabulous tree in Indra's heaven or swarga that yields whatever may be desired.

- H. كليانا kalpānā, v.a. (see كليانا) To cause to grieve. To give pain (uii).
- н. كينا kalapnā, v. n. To be grieved, to grieve.
- starch) To starch (cloth).
- H. كلتكار kölat-kür, s.m. (dakh.) | P. كلتكار kilk, s. f. A reed, a pen. Builder, bricklayer, mason, tiler.
- ছ. ধ্রাধিন, (বুক্তার্থ) s. f. Name of a grain (kind of pulse or vetch) Dolichos biflorus.
- ह. کلیک kali-jug, (किल्युग) The fourth or iron age, comprising a period of 432,000 years, which is supposed to have begun on Friday, th.

18th of February of 3102 before the Christian era. [complexioned, sallow.

- ي. كلجهوال kal-jahwān, adj. Dark.
- P. Lulcha, s.m. A sweetmest. Bee der &
- H. Liki, s. f. Knuckle.
- H. Kallar, adj. Barren, steril (land) Salt (as, food). s. f. A soapy soil, fuller's earth. Land likely to produce saltpetre or reh. A class of men of no caste, or men who have lost their castes during a famine. ¶ s. (dakh.) Thief, robber, highwayman.
- s. گس kalas, (কান্টেরা) s. m. The spire or ornament on the top of a dome, a pinnacle. A waterpot.
- H. Luk kalsā, s. m. A metallic vessel with a narrow neck. A pinnacle. See كلس كا
- ള. كسك kalsī (কান্ডার্না) s. f A water pot, a little dome or pinnacle.
- ছ. শুলাই kal-sat, (কান্ডি) adj. (dakh.) Blackish.
- r. کلغی kalghī, s. f. An ornament on the turban, an aigrette, a plume. (A humā or phenix feather fixed into the turban, having generally a pearl fastened to the end of it). The comb (of a cock), crest. The spire on the top of a dome. A class of songs, as a [tion, distress.
- A. كفت kulfat, s. f. Trouble, vexa-
- على مارنا على kilkār mārnā, (dakh.) make a loud noise, to shout: see كلكارم مارنا
- الكارى يى kilkiri, (किलकिला) в. f. كارى مارنا .Sound expressing joy To express pleasure by any sound or cry, to shout, to shriek, a trumpet sound. The shrick of a monkey.

- ه الملا kalkal, (কালকান্ত or কানকান্ত)
  s. m. Wrangling; jar (جهگرا)، a
  confused noise. The itch (حيل)
- B. 以以 kilkilā, (南京南京) s. m. Peevishness, fretfulness, anger. The great grey babbler. (dakh.) a kind of bird. Qu. lapwing. ¶ H. kulkulā, s. m. Gargling.
- B. UKK kalkalānā, v. (dakh.) To curse, imprecate, pray for evil to another. ¶ kulkulānā, To laugh violently.
- seem burdensome or heavy.

  s. f. Giggling. Itch. Restlessness, uneasiness. UK v. a. To giggle, titter. [for the eyes.
- H. Kalkam, s. A kind of medicine
- H. UK kulaknā, v. (dakh.) To laugh with the breath suppressed.
- H. UK kalgā, s. m. The name of a flower, cockscomb (Amaranthus), prince's feather.
- كلغى kalgī, s. f. See كلكى
- على مكل kal-makal, s. f. Distraction, trouble.

- H. Lik kilnä, v. n. (dakh.) See Lial
- لنجن لا kulinjan, (कुलंजन) в. Бее خولنجان
- s. とは kalank. (有です) s. m. Calumny, accusation, reflection, suspicion, scandal, spot, mark, blemish, brand, stigma, obloquy, defamation, aspersion (とし).
- P. Skulang, s. m. A fowl of a large breed: a crane, or coolen. A very tall man.
- H. کانگرا kalangrā, s.f. (dakh.) A watermelon: see تربز A kind of cu-
- H. كانى kilnī killī, s. f. A tick (that infests dogs, &c.), doglouse.
- spirit whose aid is invoked by jugglers and conjurors. [plexion).
- g. খুঁ kaloṭā, (কাল) adj. Black (com-
- P. ¿ kulūkh, s. m. A clod or lump of earth or clay.
- g. ঠি kalol, (কল্পোন্ত) s. f. Wantonness, friskiness, play, sport, gambol, romps. Recreation, diversion. Revelry, enjoyment.
- kalaunji or kalonji, s. f. The name of a seed used medicinally. (Nigella indica.).
- H. كنوندًا kalondā, adj. (dakh.) See

ing woman, a scold. كله پرباك له s. f. A noisy brawling woman, a scold. كله پرباك له كله پرباك A head filled with air; arrogance, haughtiness. كله زنى Boaster, blusterer, bully. كله زنى s. f. Boasting. ¶ kala, s. m. The upper leather of a slipper, shoe, &c.

- P. at kulah, s. f. Contract. of st
- s. ৯ kalah, (কাতাই) s.m. Quarrel.
- علمارا ها لا kulhārā, कुठार в. т. علماری دی kulhārī, कुठारी в. f. axe, hatchet.
- than Lak an earthen vessel to drink out of, a cup for bleeding. [them.
- A. kullu-hum, The whole, all of
- H. کهیا هیا kulhiyā, s. f. A cup, a small round vessel; a crucible. کهیا میں (lit. To break sugar in a small cup) To endeavour to do with few hands a work which requires many.
- H. Kullī, s. f. A mouthful of any liquid, a gargle. Rinsing or washing the mouth.
- H. کلی killi, s. f. A shriek (چینے)
- adj. Universal (کلیة) adj. Universal (نمام) entire, total; important.

  Pertaining to all, to the whole. Common, generic. s. f. Total sum. The whole.

  Whole. کلیات s. m. plur. of کلیات The complete works of an author, as,
- 8. ১৯ kali or kali, (কান্টা or কান্টি) 8- f. A bud, blossom, button (of a flower). Quicklime, wet-lime.

by K Limestone. A feather. A piece in a native coat. A kind of pipe for smoking. (和句) The koli-yng, or fourth age of the world, according to the Hindus.

- H. Lk kuliyā, s. f. (dakh.) A small pitcher or jar.
- g. الله kalyāṇ, (कल्याण) s. m. Welfare, happiness, prosperity. (dakh. kale'ān) Name of a Rāg sung at night. adj. Happy, well, right. Completion, fulfilment. Salvation.
- A. کیات kulli-yat, s. f. Totality, universality. (Plur. کیالا The whole works, &c.).
- A. گیلا kulliyat-an, adv. Universally,
- H. Lank kalejā, s. m. See kank
- غرنجن kulijan, s. m. The name of a drug. (Alpinia galanga or Galanga major, or the root of Piper betle. See
- म. طجیل kaleja, (dakh. kalija), s. m. (काल्य) The liver. (met.) Courage, spirit, magnanimity, heart. عبلا النال To be fatigned with excessive vomiting. النال ال

H. کلیجی kalījī, s. f. The liver of animals, used as food. See

bread, biscuit, a round loaf of white bread. The orb or disk of the sun or moon. A circular piece of wood which rests on the tent-pole near its upper extremity. [index.

P. كليد kilid or kalid, s. f. A key; an

G. ΔωμΚ kılīsa, (G. ἐκκλησία) s. m.
 A Greek Christian church, temple, or place of worship, a cathedral.

A. کیم kalim, s. A speaker, one who speaks to another, an interlocutor; or for کیم لا The speaker with God i.e., Moses.

A. عليل kulliya, s. m. See كليت

A. Lik kull-iya, adj. General, universal.

A. Skam.(comp. contrac, of is and and and how much? how many? Many, much. A multitude.

کم خرچی میں آٹا گیلا .Parsimony Expresses an expense being unavoidably incurred by a person who is already in poverty. (If too much water be mixed inadvertently with flour of which bread is to be made, the paste becomes so thin as to render it necessary to add more flour. The phrase supposes this accident to happen to a person who has not the means of کم خوراک ک (procuring more كم ذات Abstemious, eating little. B. f. کم فاتی s. f. كم زور .Weak, powerless كم زور کم s. f. Weaknees, debility. زوری کم سی More or less. کم وزیان or زیان S. f. کم سنی 8. f. Youth, minority, tenderness of years. adj. Taciturn, speaking کم سخی little, reserved. کم سے کم Very little, at the very least. كم ظرف adj. Ignoble, base, vile, stupid, witless. s. f. Meanness, want of adj. Stupid. كم عقل adj. Stupid. Want of understanding. s. f. Want of opportunity, كم قوت want of leisure or ease. adj. Feeble, powerless. كم قوتى ad j. کم قیمت ad j. الم كرنا . To diminish, lessen. To depreciate. To moderate, modify. کم سایگی s. f. Scarcity, smallness of quantity, &c. adj. Deficient in quantity, wealth, or capital; poor, scarce. کم نصیبی Unfortunate. کم نصیب لك

s. f. Misfortune, bad luck. كم نظر adj. Dim-sighted, weak-sighted.

(H. كم وبيش) adv.

More or less, about. كم وزن Short of weight. كم وكاست Loss, deficiency. كم هن adj. Spiritless, daunted, cowardly. كم هن s. f.

Mean-spiritedness, meanness. كم هون v. n. To lessen, decrease, abate, fail, sink, come short. كم كمياب Scarce, rare, curious.

- is, as it ought to be, duly, aright, justly, properly, effectually.
- A. J. kimād, s. m. Fomentation.
- ی kumār, s. m. (dakh.) See کار ع
- P. کان ابرو With arched eyebrows, ابرو With arched eyebrows, (epithet of a mistress). کاندار An archer, one armed with a bow. کانگر A bow-maker, a bonesetter.
- E. Laman, s. f. (dakh.) Command.
- ع. الله kamānā, (from اله for किमी r. कि Do, make) v. a. To earn. To work, labour, drudge, perform, perpetrate, commit (crime), do (good). To clean (leather or a privy), to curry (from Pers. اكم) To lessen, abate, (v. n.) to grow less, to become defi-

- cient. To exercise (faculties), train, develope. To prepare the land, to enrich, fertilize. To live by prostitution.
- P. & kamāncha, s. m. The bow of a fiddle, a small bow. A fiddle. A steel spring. An arched roof. A private room, a side room in a large building.
- P. كانى kamān-ī, adj. Bowed, bent, arched. s. f. The spring (of a watch, etc.).
- earning. s. m. Earner, bread-winner. A worker. A husband.
- 4. کاهی kamā-hī, (for kamā-hiya) As it is, the actual state.
- income, gain: work, performance. Profits, gains, perquisites.
- is fit, as it ought, properly, fitly, aptly, effectually. See كماحقة
- s. كمبل kambal, (कम्बरः) s. m. A coarse blanket.
- E. kampā, s. Cor. of Camp. An encampment, a cantonment.
- P. کمتر kım-tar, (compar. of کمتر) adj.

  Less, least. [meanest.
- P. کمترین kam-terin, adj. superl. Least,
- r. کمتی s. f. Deficiency, scarcity, inferiority, abatement.
- g. کمتها kımṭhā, s. m. A bow (made of bamboo).
- e. کم خوانب kam-khuūb, adj. Wanting in sleep or nap. (or kimkhuāb) s. m. Bilk worked with gold of silver flowers, brocade.
- p. کمی kamar, s. f. The lions, waist. A girdle, belt, zone. An arch. The flank (of an army). The middle (of a mountain). نمر باندهنا To begird;

to get ready, resolve, be intent, arm. adj. Having the loins girt; ready. کمر بند s. m. A girdle, waist-(A long piece of cloth girt round the loins). adj. Alert, ready for کمر بیتهنی battle, prepared, armed. (dakh.) To become weak or dejected. (dakh.) A flat ring, one inch and a half broad, which is worn round the waist by women. کمر پکڑ کے اتھنا To urge a کمر پکڙنا To be کمر توتنا claim against one, hopeless. To be deserted by one's friends. کمر توڙنا To take away one's hopes. To draw over one's friends or adherents to the one's enemies. کمر دوال کمر کا تھیلا۔ A leathern belt. Weak in the loins, impotent. اكمر رة To have a pain in the loins (from long standing). كمر سيدهي کمرکس .To lie down کرنی To be determined on an un-كمركوتها .A parapet كمركوتا .dertaking A part of a beam passing through the wall and appearing outside. كمر كهول كمركهولنا .To sit at ease بيتهنا To quit service. كمر مارنا To strike sideways. To attack an army in flank. To undertake a کمر مضبوط کرنا work of expense. Ula To endeavour. To copulate.

PORT. | kamarā, | (Portug. camara)
s. m. A chamber, a room, an apartment.

a. کمرکه kamrakh, (कमरंग) s. m. The name of a fruit (astringent, or subscid), (Averrhoa carambola).

P. کمری kımr-ī, (کمر) adj. Weak in the loins (a horse), of or respecting the loins. کمری انگرکها A short jacket or waistcoat, a spencer.

of transmuting words, so as to form, in writing, a cipher, and in speech, a gibberish or cant language, unintelligible to all who do not possess the key. The rule is contained in the following couplet:

کم صلا او حط له در سع حرف منقوط را ججایش دع

kam salā au hatun lahu dar sa, harfi-manqūtrā bajāyish da. That is, the
letters composing the following pairs
are mutually interchanged for one
another, and all those which have diacritical points remain unaltered;

سلامت The word عس ـ رد written according to this rule becomes

- P. كمك kumak, s. f. Aid (الستعانت) assistance; a reinforcement. [warm. H. كمكما kumkumā, adj. (dakh.) Luke-
- ह. کمل kammal, (कम्बल) s. m. A
- of the caterpillar or larva of a brown moth, covered with fine bristles, which, on handling it, adhere to the skin and excite itching: it is destructive to trees. The palmerworm.
- g. کملانا kumlānā, v. n. (कार्सिटा weak, or from (н. کومل soft) (v. a. also)

  To wither, fade, droop (سوکهنا)

  &c. See نالوک
- ছ. كملى kamli, (কান্ত্রান্ত) s. f. A small blanket, Hair-cloth, cumly. كمكى

كيتا A palmerworm, hairyworm, hairy caterpillar.

- ing ladder, made of cord, and chiefly used by thieves. A halter, a noose, a slip-knot, a scaling ladder of rope, a thong or lasso formerly used in battle; (met.) the ringlets of a beautiful woman.
- kumandān, s. m. (dakh.)
  Commandant.
- a. الكانا kamwānā, (causal of الكانا)
  To cause to work.
- dying drug, being the dust from the outside of the capsules of Rottlera tinctoria; said to be, also, a purgative medicine and aphrodisiac.
- G. A. کمون kammūn, (Gr. κύμινον Heb.
   from کمن Chald. and Syr. To lie hid) s. m. Cumin-seed.
- in which cumin-seed is mixed. See
- g. humhār, (कुम्भकार) s. m. A potter. [wife, female potter.
- s. کمهارنی kumhārnī, s. f. Potter's
- عمهاری .a. کمهاری kumhār-, s. f. An animal resembling a wasp, which builds its house of clay. See
- 4. । kumhlanā, (की मल Soft) v.n.
  To wither, droop, fade, dry up, be blighted.
- kam-i, s. f. Deficiency, scantiness, dearth, want, littleness, paucity, loss, abatement, diminution, decrease, reduction, defalcation, remission.
- ed horse. ¶ kam-īyat, or kammīyat, s. f. Quantity.
- e کمیرا الله for कर्मम or क्ट Do or कर्मकर) s. m. A

- workman, journeyman, laborer, esp. a hired agricultural laborer.
- الميلا kamelā, s. Abottoir. A slaughter-house. See
- used as a vermifuge. See کمود
- A. کمیں kamin, s. f. An ambush, where any one makes observation without being seen. کمیں گاہ s. f. An ambuscade, or place of ambush.
- low) adj. Defective, mean: applied in the plains to village or menial servants, but in Kamā'on the word is used to signify a superintendent of village management. [lowness of birth.
- P. Liul kamīna-gī, s. f. Meanness,
- base, ignoble, vile, abject (اوجها)، defective, of low condition, vulgar or common (person).
- s. ১ kaṇ, (কাল) s. m. A minute particle, a grain, a spark of a gem, grain, corn.
- inflect. (in dakh. too, nom. sing.)
  Whom? what? which? who?
- P. کری kun, part. act. (کردی) in compos.

  Making, doing, as محکرکی occasioning,

  (Plur. کنای) imper. 2nd pers. sing.

  Do, make.
- P. کندن) in compos.

  Digging, digger, as
- A. کی kun, v. imper. (of کار) Be. کی Be, then it is. Let it be;
  as (God said) let it be, and it was.
  (A phrase attributed to the Creator.)
- embrace. Tkinār, or prop. kanār.
  s. m. Side, margin, edge, aside,

adv. Putting aside, excluding. کنار کهینچنا To give up, to quit, leave.

- P. الله الله (or prop. kanāra)

  B. m. (حاشيه)

  P. الله الله kināra, Side, (Bot.) margin, shore, strand, bank (of a river, &c.), beach, border, coast, part, limit, boundary, edge, end, terminus. tag end of a piece of cloth. v.a. To ptire. کنارا کرنا v.a. To abstain, refrain, keep aloof (اباز انا)، retire or withdraw (from), lay aside. or کناری Withdrawing. کناری کش کنارے کانا .Aside, ashore کنارے پر v. a. To bring or drag to shore (a boat), lay or hove to (a ship). كنار \_ v. n. To be put to shore. To کنارے هوجانا .come to an end retire, withdraw.
- H. U, W kanārnā, v. n. (dakh.) To groan, &c. see الما
- #. كنارى kinārī, s. f. (Gold or silver) lace, edging, border. [weaver.
- H. P. كنارى بان kinārī-bāf, s. A lace-
- كنس kannās, (adj. superl. of كناس He swept) s. m. A sweeper: (met.) an avaricious ill-tempered person. [in compos. Making, doing. miser.
- P. كان kunān, part. act. (of كردن)
- ع. کس انکهی kan-ankhi or -Sidelong looks. See کنکھی
- مَا يَدُ لَا يَّهُ kināyat, s. f. See كناية
- A. عنایة لله Heb.) s. m. (اشارة) Allusion, metaphor, metonymy, rhetorical figure, trope, an ironical expression, sarcasm, taunt, jeer, banter, a wink, nod, hint, sign. Giving to understand one's meaning by parallel, and not direct, explanation.

- By allusion, allusively, metaphorically, indirectly, as an inuendo.
- عنبا یه kumbā, (कुटुम्ब) (پروار) s.m.
- Tribe, caste, family, s. duis kunba, brotherhood.
- عنبل ه. kambal, s. m. A blanket. .
- g. کندی kumbī, (कुटुम्बी) s. m. A peasant, countryman, cultivator of the soil, husbandman, subject. كنبى ينا s. m. (dakh.) Agriculture.
- ह. کنیتی kanpaṭi, (कर्णपहिका) в. f. The temple (the upper part of the side of the face).
- ع. لنتها kanthā, (perhaps, for كنتها) s. m. An apparatus or band round the neck of a jogi to carry things on. کنتھے \* کہانی Story: see کنتھے \* To relate or tell circumstances.
- s. کنته kanth, (केंठ) s. m. Windpipe, or the lump on the windpipe, the throat, the larynx, Adam's apple; the bosom. Voice. adj. By heart, committed to memory. كنته يهوتنا v. n. To be broken (the voice of a boy, becoming hoarse as he approaches to puberty). धे अंडमाला) s. f. A kind of necklace of gold and jewels. The bronchocele, or goitre; scrofula. v. n. To come out (Adam's apple). To arrive at puberty.
- s. kanth-ā, s. m. A necklace or rosary of large beads made of silver or pearls, crystal, or the earth of Karbalā. A necklace of flowers, embroidery for the neck.
- ह. کنته kanth-i, (कंठीय) в. f. short necklace. A necklace of different kinds of wood or seeds, worn by mendicants, ascetics, and Vaishnus. A ring round a bird's neck.
- P. کنے kunj, s. m. (कुंज) Corner, confined place, grove, alley, lane, bower.

- H. kanjā, adj. Blue-eyed.
- substance of a green colour produced in water.
- P. کنجیدن kunjā'ish, (from کنجایش s. f. Capacity, or the being contained.

  See گنجایش
- kunjud or kunjad, s. Sesamum.
- s. m. An elephant, a large elephant
- caste of people, generally employed in making and selling strings of hemp, cotton and leather, &c. They also catch and eat snakes. A dirty awkward fellow. A class of gipsies. (Panj.) The husband of a prostitute, a cuckold.
- whose business it is to sell vegetables, a green-grocer. Kunjre qasāī, s. m. Low, common people.
- #. کنجتل kunjran, a. f. The female of کنجتر kunjrī, کنجتر kunjrī,
- P. Lingishk or kunjashk, s. f. A sparrow.
- m. كنجوس kanjās, s. m. (कंचूष) A miser (خيل) s niggard.
- #. کنجوسی kanjūs-i, s. f. Stinginess.
- عنجى kunjī, (कुंजिका) s. f. A key.
- हें kinchli, (कंचुका) s. f. Slough (of a snake, &o). [s. m. Gold.
- و نونا kanchan, (نونا) (कांचन)
- e. نجن kanchan, (कांचन) s. m. A caste of people whose females are dancers. A whoreson.
- e. ينجن kanchan-i, s. f. A female

- kanchan, a dancing girl, a strumpet, courtezan (بيسوا)
- P. كند kund, adj. Blunt, dull. Slow, obtuse, stupid. (dakh.) Dim. كند . s. f. Dulness of intellect.
- p. كندا kundā, s. m. (dakh.) Breeth,
  but-end of a gun, log of wood: A
  bird's wing. An arm of a paper kite.
  A piece in trousers. Curd. See
- TAM. كندانى kundānī, s. f. (dakh.)
  Ring or circle at the top of a morter.
- 8. P. کندر kundur, (कुन्द्र) s. (dakh.)
  Gum Olibanum or frankincense.
- abhor, to nauseate. [trichasanthes, Sp.
- H. كندرو kundru, s. m. A wild goard,
- P. كندن kandan (dakh. also kundan) a.
  Digging, digging up, extirpating; engraving. A d j. Bright, ahining.

  الله منان منان منان الله على Giving up the ghost: see منان على under الله على الله
- H. كندن kundan, s.m. (कांचन)
- s. f. A linen (or leather) tablecloth. A feast held in honour of Fāṭima, of which only women (and those the most virtuous) can partake; no male is ever permitted to see the food dressed on this occasion and set apart for an offering to the prophet's daughter. Name of a gourd. A red fruit, bryoniā grandis. (Poet.) Red lips. See
- P. خانان kunda, s. m. A block. A gunstock, butt or stock of a gun, a wooden gun used by raw recruits. A billet or log of wood. النان عبر المنان or النال To stock a gun. Thanks, part. pass. (النان) Dug, engraved

to engrave (as, seals, &c.), to carve (stone, &c). کنده کار s. m. An engraver, carver.

- shoulder. كندها دينا ته To carry a dead, body. To bear on one's shoulders. To put one's shoulders. To put one's shoulders to the wheel. Kandhā badalnā, v. a. To change shoulders (doolee bearers, or oxen).
- H. كندى kundi, s. f. The act of calendering (cloth). A beating, cudgelling, blow, kicking. كندى كرنا To calender (cloth). To beat, cudgel. To lace one's jacket. [ness.
- P. كندى kund-ī, s. f. Stupidity, dul-
- a. अंधे kund, (कंड) s.m. A pool, tank, a well, a hot spring, or basin of water, especially consecrated to some holy purpose or person: a hole in the ground for receiving and preserving consecrated fire, a fire-altar.
- large or small earthen dish, shallow pan, charger or platter. A rich and savoury dish or ragout, which the Mahometans of India cause to be dressed and served up to their relations and friends annually in the month of rajab, in commemoration of the anniversary of the death of their Imam, Ali. The child of a woman by another man than her husband.
- H. كند kandā, s. m. Dry cow-dung picked up in the fields, &c. used for fuel. See ارا
- H. كند kundā, s. m. The dust of rice.
- u. اکنڈی kundā, s. m. A staple. کنڈی s. f. A door chain.
- s. النَّذَالا s. (dakh.) A cooler, vessel for cooling water, a trough (earthen).
- s. كندّل kunḍal, (कंडल) s.m. A large sort of ear-ring, worn esp. by Jogis.

- A circle, a coil. (هاله A halo round the sun or moon. كندّل دّالنا or كندّل ترنا or كرنا or مارنا
- 8. کنڈلی kunḍlā, (कुंडली) s. f. A coil, loop, ringlet, ring, curl, hoop, (janam-kundli). A horoscope. کنڈلی بنانا

  To curl. A snake.
- H. کنڈی kundi, s. f. A chain or iron catch to fasten a door.
- A. كنوز kanz, s. m. (pl. كنوز) A treasure (especially buried gold and silver), store.
- s. f. A kind of Scolopendra or Julus which is said to get into the brain through the ears, and by its bite to occasion excessive pain and even death.
- P. نشت kunisht, } (dakh. kanasht:

  P. نست kanast, } perhaps from
  - Arab. Which from Heb. Chald. To collect, to assemble) s. m. A Christian church, a Jewish synagogue, a temple of idolaters.
- A. كنعان kan'an, n. prop. (Heb.) Canaan.
  The son of Ham, Noah's son. Also a country called Palestine.
- kan ُan-ī, adj. Of Canaan.
- A. کنف kanaf, (Heb.) s. A side, edge, margin, coast, shore, a wing.
- s, کنک kanak, (কাৰক)s. m. Gold.
  Wheat. The plant Datura, or thornapple. (Datura metel), (ادهتوراً)
- ينكن kanak, (কলন) s. (dakh.) Stigma, blemish, spot. [less.
- و. كنكتا kan-kaṭā, adj. Ear-cropt, ear-
- s. کنگر kankar, (निनिर) s. m. A nodule of limestone, coarse limestone, used in making roads, lime, etc., stone, gravel, pebble.

- إكنكرا kankarī, (dimin. of كنكرى)
   s. f. A small round stone or pebble;
   gravel. A small piece of anything.
- e. کنگریلا ها adj. Gra-کنگریلا به velly. (ber. See
- a. كنكڙى kankrī, s. f. (dakh.) Cncnm-
- s. منكم kunkum, (कुंकुम) s. m.
  Saffron.
- н. كنكنا kunkunā, (कदुष्ण, कोष्ण, कवोष्ण) adj. Tepid, lukewarm. See.
- H. Likis kankani, s. f. (dakh.) The heat of fever.
- g. н. کیکو kan-kawwā, s. A sort of square paper kite in raising which they use silk line.
- kankūt, s. m. One who appraises the standing crops.
- g. كنكجورا kankhajūrā, (कार्णवर्ज्जूर)
  s. m. A centipede. (Scolopendra).
- ankhī, (新可, Corner, and S) 是 Eye) s. f. The corners of the eye. A side look or glance, sheep's eye, a squint, a sly look.
- ع. اليهنا كنكهيا ديكهنا To ogle, leer.
- g. کنکی kanki, (कणिका or कण) s. f. Ground or broken rice, or the scraps that fly off in pounding rice to separate it from the husk.
- عنگالی kangāl or کنگالی (क्रेकाल کنگالی)،

  A skeleton) adj. Poor (غریب)،

  miserably poor, friendless, miserly.

  B. m. کنگال بانکا A beggar. کنگال بانکا Poor and proud.
- <u>s. f. Indigence</u>,
   <u>s. f. Indigence</u>,
   <u>poverty.</u>

- of the back, the spine. Name of a bird (waterfowl).
- P. كنگر kangura, prop. kungura, s.m. A niched battlement of a castle, &c. A porthole, a vidette. A pinnacle, a turret. A parapet wall. Plumes upon helmets, or ornaments upon crows. منگرة دار adj. Spired, having a turret, parapet, &c.
- p. کنگری kingrī, (بین) s. f. A sort of fiddle. (Or, an instrument like the bīn, but having three or four pumpkins and only two steel strings).
- s. كنكى kangan, (جَهُمَا) s.m. An ornament worn on the wrists by Hindū women, a gold or silver, bracelet: (dakh.) A few pearls, some grains of unboiled rice, one or two flowers, and a quarter rupee piece tied up in a bit of red cloth, and fastened on by means of red thread, to the right wrists of a bride and a bridegroom. This Hin. practice has been adopted by Mahomedans in India. انكى كهرك Untying the kangan (a ceremony at a wedding:)
- s. Linkang nā, (क्निण) s. m. A thread or string tied round a bridegroom's wrist. A Hind. marriage rite, the bridegroom untying the kangan of the bride, and vice versa.
- a. کنگنی kangn<sup>7</sup>, (निगु) s. f. A cornice. A small grain, millet. (Panicum italicum). See کنگر [of grain.
- الله كنگونى لا kangoni, s. f. (dakh.) A kind كنگونى لا به kango'i, s. f. (dakh.) Comb: عنگوئى كا جهار \* كنگهى كا جهار \* كنگهى كا مالكوئى كا جهار \* كنگوئى كا مالكوئى كا مالكوئى
- ينگهى kaṅghī, (or dakh. kaṅgaki, कंकतिका or कंकती) s. f. A comb used by women, notched on both sides.

which has been disordered in sleep.

کنگهی حوتی To comb. کنگهی کرنا

v. a. To braid or dress the hair.

- P. كنند kunanda, part. act. (of كردن)
  much used in compos. Making, maker.
- ين كنوارى kuincārī, (秀明刊) s. f. A maiden, a virgin, a princess, a daughter, a young lady fit for marriage.
- عنوان على kunwān, s. m. A well. See
- uniwar, (秀甲尺) s. m. A boy, a son, a child. The son of a Rājā, a prince. See kumār.
- ह. کنول kanwal, (कमल or कुवलय a blue lotus) s. m. The lotus (Nymphæa nelumbo). (A sort of shade made with mica and coloured paper, intended to represent the lotus, within which wax candles are burnt and floated on the water on a Thursday in the month of bhādon, as an oblation to khwāja khisr: see, also, under the word herein before given. The heart, A glass shade. كنول بان or كنول The jaundice. کنول که Very deep water abounding with lotuses. کنول کا گذا (dakh.) The root of the lotus. نين adj. Having eyes like the flowers of the lotus. [presently
- P. كنون (kunūn or aknūn,) adv. Now,
- H. كنوند kanaund, s. m. Diffidence, bashfulness. Stain, stigma. Flaw, defect.
- H. كنوند kanaund-ā, (dakh. kanond-ā)
  adj. Diffident, bashful, favoured,

- standing in awe of, or afraid to meet another, abashed for favours received. Disgraced, branded. Under an obligation. [A purchaser. (خریدار)
- ह. کنویا kinwaiyā, (क्रायक or क्री)s. m.
- nicety, quantity, time, mode or reason (of a thing), the extreme, end.
- ਸ. کنہیا kanhaiyā, n. prop. (कृष्ण) A name of Kṛinḥṇa.
- ين لاه kanni or kan-i, (किंगिका) s. f.

  A spark or piece of a diamond or other gem. kani khā-kar mar gayā,). Bran. Broken bits, grains of rice, etc. An uncooked grain of rice.

  To undermine a person, or effect his rain by clandestine means. ¶ (dakh.) kani, A fragment, atom, particle (kan), laziness. ¶ lin-e, pron. (dakh) Any one, who? See
- н. کنے kane, (निकट) postpos. m. Near, to, with, at (پاس)، &c.
- H. کنی kannī, s. f. Border, hem. A make-weight attached to the lighter end or ear of a paper kite. Broken leaves of tobacco. کنی دار adj. Having a hem, embroidered.
- s. النيا kaniyā or kanyā, (कान्या) s. f.

  An unmarried girl not above ten years
  of age: a daughter: a bride: a virgin:
  the sign Virgo. An epithet of Durga.
- H. كنينان kaniyānā, v. a. To go to one side, to avoid one, to dodge, to shun, to sculk away from.
- A. كنيت kunyat, (from كني Heb.) s. f.
  A name taken from the father or
  mother of the person signified, a patronymic appellation A family name.
- g. H. كنيتى kaneṭī, (from كنيتى Ear and اينتهنا To twist) s. f. Pulling the ears.

- P. كنيز kanīz, (H. لوندَّى) s. f. A maid-servant. A slave girl.
- P. كنيزك kanizak, s. f. A servant girl, a slave girl.
- P. کنیزی kanīz.ī, s. f. State of a maidservant, the being a maid-servant.
- ko, ketain, Postpos. To; up to; for; on; at, denoting the objective case. About. ولا جانے کو هے ITe is about to go.
- P. کوی, s. f. A street: see کوی گو Street by street, in every street. a d v. Where? ¶ ko (contract. of ) که او
- ي لا الله kawwā, (취취) s.m. A crow كوا الله kawwā, (취취) s.m. A crow (실생)· kavvā parī, s. f. A very black woman.
- عرآر الله kū'ār, (कुमार) s. m. A name of the sixth Hindu month, September—October.
- H. کوار kuār, s. m. October showers.

  See کواری \* آسن A subdivision of kharīf which includes dhān, kodo, til, paṭnā, sanī, Indian corn, and cotton.
- ع كوارا في kū'ārā, (秀中尺) s. m. A bachelor.
- ع. كوارى kū'ārī, (秀明刊) s. f. A maid, a virgin, spinster. See

- ع.  $kiw\bar{a}r$ , کواڙ ه. m. A leaf of  $kiw\bar{a}r\bar{a}$ , کواڙا ه.  $kiw\bar{a}r\bar{a}$ , کواڙا د
- A. كوكب kawākib, s. plur. (of كوكب)

  Stars. [See ]
- ब्र. کوان kū'ān, kuā, (क्प) s. m. A well.
- P. کوب  $k\bar{u}b$ , part. act. in compos.
- P. كوبان kūbān, part. pres. )
  In compos. Striking, beating.
- ع. كوبر الله kūbrā, adj. (dakh.) See
- P. كونتى kūba, (from كوبة) s. m. A wooden instrument or mallet for beating terraces, &c. with كوبة كارى s. f. Thumping.
- H. کوبی kobi, s. f. A cabbage.
- P. کوتاه kotāh. adj. Short (چهوتا)،

  little, small, brief. Mean. Settled

  (پوکنا) کوتاه بینی Dim sighted,

  shortsighted. کوتاه بینی s. f. Short
  sightedness. کوتاه نیست adj. Short
  sighted.
- e. کوتاهی kotāh-i, (که) s. f. Smallness, shortness. Meanness. Deficiency. Want, lack; narrowness.
- R. کوتل الله kotal, s. m. A ledhorse or kept for show, something which is more than absolutely necessary. کوتل کش د. m. A surcingle, particularly for fastening body-clothes.
- P. کوتوال kotwāl, s.m. The chief officer of the police for a city or town.
- P. كوتوالى خبوتره kotwāl-ī, s. f. The office of a kotwāl. كوتوالى جبوترة s. m. A place or hall for the office of a kotwāl Police station. كوتوالى جرّهنا To bring a criminal action.

P. کوتاه kotah, adj. contract. of کوتاه کوتاه کوتاه اندیش Shortsighted, improdent, improvident, indiscreet, wanting foresight. کوتاه اندیشی s.f. Shortsightedness, improvidence. کوتاه کرد کاری Of short stature. کوتاه کرد کاری Short-necked: (met.) Wicked, deceitful.

ا کشنیز kothmär, (Cor. of P. کشنیز . B. m. Coriander. (Coriander sativum).

کوتاهی kotah-ī, s. f. See کوتهی

「中間では、 adj. Ten millions (こう) 「 koṭ, Much, many. 「kūṭ, s. m. Paper used to make pasteboard. 「 kūṭ, s. f. Mimiery, illusion: adj. Untrue, false. [(carpenter's).

H. کوتاپلی koṭāpilī, s. f. A mallet

- s. کوتر koṭar, (कोटर) s. m. Holes made by birds in trees, a hollow in a tree.
- s. টেঠ krinā, (কুইন) v.a. To pound in a mortar, to beat, to bray, to macerate, to bruise, to thrash with a fluil. To cudgel.
- ع. كرتها لا من kothā, (निष्ठि An apartment).

  s. m. A house built of burnt bricks or stone, an upper story of a house (خانة), a floor. An inner apartment. The belly, stomach. A column (خانة). The multiplication table

(), A barn, a storehouse, granary, garner, cowhouse.

- a. کوتھری koṭhrī, (南宮 An apartment)
  s. f. A room, chamber, closet.
- A small (pakkā) house, a warehouse, granary, dwelling, mansion, barrack, chamber, bank, chest, bin, storehouse, factory. A banking house. The chamber of a gun, the inside or shaft of a well. The womb. A house of call, a bawdy house. The shuft of a well or mine, a curb. The ferule or mounting at the end of a scabbard.

  A wholesale merchant, a warehouse keeper.
- kaugar, s. m. Nectar, a sweet beverage. The name of a fountain or a nectar-flowing river in paradise.
- s. क्रिक्ट kawach, (कवच) s. m. Mail, armour.
- P. کوچ کرنا kūch, s. m. Marching, march, decampment, departure. کوچ کرنا To march, to depart. To go to the next world.
- P. کوچک kūchak, adj. Small, little diminutive. Younger (تجهوتا)
- H. کوچلی kochli, s. f. (dakh. کوچلی) Fore tooth or (پیشین) new tooth.
- H. كرجنا kochnā, v.a. (贡司 to furrow.) To prick, to stab. To wound one's feelings, to prick to the core. To thrust in, penetrate. To cram, stuff. See كركا المنافلة للمنافلة لمنافلة للمنافلة لل
- s. m. A lane, narrow street. کوچه A streetwalker, stroller, wanderer, vagrant, vagabond. کوچه گردی
  s. f. Perambulating streets, strolling.
- H. کوچیلا kāchīlā, s.m. Strychnos nux-vomica.

- کود و kodro, a. f. (dakh.) See کودرو
- P. کودک kodak, s. m. A boy, youth youngster, stripling. (Pers. plur
- 8. m. A packhorse. A horse of little value used to carry burthens; (hence) adj. Weak in mind, dull, stupid.
- g. לענו kūdnā, (कूईन) v. n. To leap to jump (יובאוו) (met.) To rejoice.
  To boast. To presume upon another's protection. אננו שוננו To jump about, to leap (about, as for joy).
- हें के kodo, (कोद्रव) s. m. Name of a small grain. (Paspalum kora).
- 2. کور kaur, s. m. (কাৰল) A monthful, a morsel. See کول kaul.
- کور اندها) کور اندها) کور اندها) کور علی کور اندها) کور علی علی علی علی اندها) مطلب اندها) مطلب اندها) کوران اندها) کوران کوران کوران اندها) کوران کوران اندهای کوران کوران اندهای کوران کوران کوران اندهای کوران کوران
- اری کور فه kor, (or dakh. kūr) (क्रीड or for عور مه s. f. Edge, border, margin, hem, side. A piece of (ایال) (क्रीड) s. m. Ten millions.
- H. کور kor, s. f. Point. (秀智) Womb
- A. كور الم kaur, s. Abundance; in the phrase الحور بعد الكور Want after abundance.
- H. しょう korā, adj. (南南) Blank
  (いしい)・New, unhandled, unused,
  fresh (applied chiefly to earthen vessels, clothes, or paper); unbleached
  (cloth, &c.,); plain (silk, undyed),
  "corah." Untutored, untaught.
  Simple, stupid. Adv. only (より)・

- s. f. Starch, congee. ¶ (dakh.) کور پان s. f. Starch, congee. ¶ (dakh.) کورے معلا ہے ای علی الحق To be disappointed
- P. کورنش kornish, a.f. (بندگی)
  Salutation, adoration, obeisance, salutation with an inclination of the body and head. (Plur. کورنشات)
- P. کوره kora, s. m. A smith's forge.
- P. کوری kor-i, s. f. Blindness. کوری (dakh.) To look from the corner of the eye, to look askew or askaunt, to leer.
- ي. كوڙ kor, (秀智) s. m. The leprosy.
- H. کوڙه kūrh, (क्ट) adj. Foolish, stupid, simpleton.
- ع. کوڙه ميں کہا الله korh, (西夏) s. m. The leprosy to catch the itch. (met.) To have one misfortune added to another.
- ह. کوڙهي korh-ī, (कुष्ठी) adj. Leprous; a leper. Lazy.
- H. كوڙهي kūrhī, s. f. A heap of corn. A household, family. A house tax. A share.
- H. ربیسی) A score, twenty. ¶ kaurī (निपद्दे) s. f. A small shell used as coin, cowrie. (Cypræs moneta); wealth, earnings. پهوتی or کوڙی A bit of money of the lowest value, (fig.) a farthing

Woney, fare, hire. کوڙي بوک Venal. s. (dakh.) Lunar caustic. A gland. The point of the sternum, or ensiform cartilage.

- kori, s. f. (dakh.) A sluice or grating of strong mason work, by which any excess of water is conveyed away from a tank of the larger size.
- ع. کوڙيال kaurī-āl, adj. Rich, wealthy.
- kaurī-ālā, s. m. Kind of snake. [adj. Humpbacked. Rich person.
- کوز یشت. kūz, s. m. A hamp. کوز
- P. كزة kūsa, s. m. A gugglet, goglet or goblet, an earthen pot for water, a jug. A kind of rose. Alump of sugar which has been crystallized in an earthen pot.
- لوس ع kos, (क्रीरा) s. m. A measure, variously estimated at about two, two and a quarter or two and a half miles. A piece added to the end of a sleeve, [(greater).
- P. کوسی kos, s. m. A kettledrum
- H. کوسا kosā, s. m. Curse, malediction.
- U. کوسل kāsal, s. (dakh. explained by مارکیا، A prickly grass of which brooms are made.
- H. کوسلی kosli, s. m. New leaves just sprouting.
- H. كوسنا koenā, v. a. (南訂 to cry) To curse; malediction.
- P. كوسا kosa, adj. Bee p. كوسله
- ه. کوش kosh, (कोश or कोष) s. m A dictionary, thesaurus. A testicle. A treasury. A scabbard. The scrotum.
- P. كوشيدن) s. f. Endeavour, effort, exertion, attempt, (سعي), application, study, کوشش بیهوده A vain attempt. To endeavour, to strive. | u. المؤلمة kukrā, m. m. A sort of disease

- P. كوشك kūshk, s. m. A palace: see قصر fendeavouring.
- P. کوشه kūsh-ī, (in compos.) s. f. The
- r. کونتی kūft, (کونتی to bruise) s. f. (Bruise); vexation, grief, pain, Beating كوفت كوب Beating s. m. A gilder.
- P. کونتگی kūfta·gī, s.f. Bruising, pounding, a bruise.
- P. kusta, adj. Pounded, beaten or bruised (meat). كوفت s. m. Forced meat balls highly spiced.
- ع. کہ لاہ knik, (r. कुज or कूज़) s. t. Sobbing, crying, wailing. (dakh.) Modulation, warbling; harmony; shrill and measured strains of loud lamentation. The cry of a cuckoo or peacock. كرك A trill. Winding a watch, etc. ارنا To cry, to sob.
- н. کوکی kok, s. m. Scientia modorum diversorum coeundi, a quodam Kok Pandit explicata; unde nomen. ruddy sheldrake (سرخاب). Name of a bird, the ruddy goose. (Anas casarca). ¶ (dakh.) The womb, the abdomen, lower belly.
- H. کوک kok, s. f. Basting, stitching, v.a. To baste, کوکنا titch.
- H. Kokā, s. m. A fosterbrother, nurse's child. A small nail, a tack. A kind of lotus.
- A. کوکب kaukab, (Heb.) s. m. Star, constellation. The white of the eye.
- ह. کرک kūkar, (कुक्र्र) s. m. A dog. a. m. A كوكر مقا A trot. كوكر حال mushroom (growing on wood), a toad. [of the eye.

- 8. کوکل kokil, (कोकिल) عوکل kokilā, (कोकिला) s. f. The black or Indian cuckoo. (Cuculus). adj. Speaking like the kokil, eloquent as the kokil.
- scream; to vociferate or call (as the clock, &o.

  \*\*To sob, to cry, to scream; to vociferate or call (as the clock, &o.
- کنکم kūkam, s. m. (dakh.) See کنکم
- لوكى . Lokan, s. A country of India, the Cocan or Concan. [(پوست)٠
- koknār, s. m. Poppy كوكنار . ٣
- الم کو کناری الم koknārī, s. f. (dakh.) Poppy.
- H. کوکنی kokinī, adj. Short; small, tiny. ((or کوکویلاو) An omelet.
- P. كوكو kūkū, s. m. Cooing of a dove.
- koka, s. m. A foster brother or sister.
- ع لوکه الله (天代) s. f. The kokhā, (天代) s. f. The kokhā, womb, belly, the sbdomen, hypochondrium. کوکه بنده ه
- II. كول kol, s. m. A creek, a bay. Any long narrow passage, a lane. Name of a tribe of mountaineers.
- P. کول , a. A lake or pond, a cup.
- the side walls. (of a room, &c.).

  (新言) Embrace, bosom, armful;
  bundles of sheaves of corn given as perquisites to reapers and village servants. (新時刊) s. m. A kind of orange.

  [tion. A pumpkin. E. L. L. Kola, s. m. A hollow for irriga-

- H. Yokala, s. m. The hip, haunch, ilium. ¶ kolā, s. m. A jackal, male, jackal (canis aureus); adj. chrewd, cuuning. (dakh.) A whip: see
- H. کولتی koltī, s. (dakh.) Firebrand;
- A small black bird with a long forked tail, king crow. Solanum indicum, the Indian nightshade, the leaves of which are used as a vegetable.
- a. كولنج kūlanj, s. The colic.
- H. کولهو kol'ha, s. m. An oilman's press, a press for other purposes, a sugarmill. کولهو صیل پلوا دینا To mace-rate (any thing) in a press, &c.
- ولى . كولى kaulī, s. f. Embrace, hug, grasp of the arms, armful. See
- الله المحتوية المحت
- TEL. کولی kūlī, s. f. (dakh.) Wages for

  TEL. کومت komat, S. m. (dakh.)

  Name of a caste who are traders.
- s. کومل komal, (कोमरू) adj. Soft, velvety, downy, placid, tender, sweet, mild.
- e. کومهل دینی kūmhal denē, v.a. To break into a house by penetrating through the wall.
- A. Laun, s. m. Being, becoming, happening; existence, essence. The universe, the world, every created being.
- ي. کون kaun, (新: 南坝 or 南who &c.) pron. Who? which? whom? what? what? what sort of? ¶ kan, or kaud

post. pos. denoting the objective case. To, for.

- e کوں kon, (dakh.) See <u>a.</u> کوں An affix used like کو for کر in forming the conjunctive past participle.
- P. کون kān, s. f. (H. گانتر) Podex, fundament.
- ब. كونا konā, (कीण) s. m. Corner, side.
- म. كونبهل kūnbhal, s. f. (गृहभंग)
  Burglary (P. naqab-san).
- ع. كونپل الله konpal, (कोरक or पहाव)

  If. A young shoot, soft new leaves.

  A bud, an unblown flower.

  كونپل s. (dakh.) The milk hedge,

  كونيل]
- ع کونیلی kon pli, s. f. (dakh.) See
- H. كوني kāńch, s.m. (南旬南) A weaver's brush. كوني A mason's brush. (slang). A forked or French beard. [Dolichos Pruriens.
- н. کونی konch, (किपकच्छू) Cowitch;
- انیا دانت .konchli, s. (dakh کونچلی کا دنیا دانت .New tooth or fore tooth. see
- B. کوچنا konehnā, v.a. Toprick, to pierce, to stab, to gore. ¶ kiwinchnā, v. (dakh.) See کوچنا
- and کوندهه کونده ه kaund, s. See کوند
- كوندهنا kaundnā, v. n. See كوندنا
- H. كوندهنا) s. f. Splendour, brightness, flash (as, of lightning).
- H. كوندها kaundhā, s. m. Lightning.
- H. Liabij kaundhnä, v. n. To lighten, to flash. [bucket.
- H. كُوندُ lūnd, s. f. (कुंड pot) A tub or

- H. كوندنا kondnā, v. a. (dakh.) To im-
- H. كوندى kūndī, s. f. An instrument or a small vessel in which snuff, bhang, &c. are ground. A small stone mortar. A glass shade. An iron bucket for drawing water (دّول)-
- ي كونسا ي kaun-sā, adj. Which? What? what sort of? See under
- H. کوں کوں کو kūn kūn, The squealing of a puppy. Moan, groan.
- and the tree: see کودا (dakh.) Corner: see کونا adj. Tender, soft, immature; young: see کونلی \* کومل (dakh.) Gristle, cartilage.
- A. کون و مکان kaun-o-makān, Tho
- P. کونی kūn-ē, s. m. A catamite.
- A. کونی kaun-i, adj. Material, worldly
- ع. کونی konī, s. f. (dakh.) Elbow: se کونه Corner, angle: see
- A. کونین kaun-ain, s. dual (of کونین)

  The two worlds (the spiritual and corporeal, or that of angels and that of men).
- P. کوه koh, s.m. (پہاڑ) A mountain, hill, hillook. کوه پیکر Monatain-

- like. کولاکن Mountain-digger, an epithet of کولاکنی \* فرهال s. f. Dig. ging through mountains.
- s. m. The hump or bunch of a bullock or camel.
- kohar, (क्रहें लिका) s.m. A fog, mist. Name of a fruit.
- ع. کوهرا kāhrā, (see کوهرا) s. m. Fog, mist.
- s. m. A mountainous country, a mountain.
- koh-istān, s. m. A monntainous country, highland, a forest.
  عراق or ancient Parthia.
- क کوهنی kohnī, (कफोण or कूपर) s. f. The elbow. [of an ox or camel.
- koha (or kauha), B. m. Hump
- B. کوهی kohi or kühi, s. f. (بهری) A species of hawk. (Falco cristatellus:).
- P. کوهی koh-ī, adj. Mountainous, hilly, of a mountain; mountaineer, high-lander.
- ع. کوئی الله کوئی کوئی کوئی کوئی که anybody, some one, a, somebody. الله کوئی سا کوئی سا کوئی سا کوئی نام کوئی سا Somebody Some body or other, some or other. کوئی نام میں or کوئی نام میں or کوئی نام میں or کوئی دم میں or میں or other.
- الكوكى ho'i, s. f. The water lily. (Nymphæa lotus). s. f. The pulp of the jack fruit. (Artocarpus integrifolia).

- H. کوئیتا ko'itā, s. (dakh.) An instrument for cutting wood.
- s. رئيس kawit, (किपित्य) s. (dakh.)
  The wood apple (Feronia elephantum),
  or a firework made of the shell of that
  fruit charged.
- s. کویر kuwer, or kuwera, (क्विर)(مارون)

  n. prop. The god of riches. The Plutus of Hinda mythology.
- e. کویل koyal, (कोकिल) s. f. Name of a bird, the black or Indian cuckoo, the coyel (Cuculus). A flower. (Clitoria ternates). [coal, coal.
- हें لويلا क'elā, (कोकिला) s. m. Char-
- H. کویلی koweli, s. f. (dakh.) Tiles.
- the eye. The eye of the jack fruit, etc. The cocoon of the silkworm.
- P. & ki, (or dakh. kā) pron. Who? that, which, what, conj. That, as, because, &c. See under the letter
- Real, adj. small, little, slender.

  Thuh (contract. of کوه) s. m. A hill,

  a mountain. Thah (contract of کلا)

Straw.

- على الماقي الماقية الماقي
- H. کهائی khāp, s. f. (dakh.) The stalk or stem of a plantain. Manure. A sect, clan.
- الله لله لله khāpā, (dakh.) from كهايا
- H. کهایت khāpaṭ, adj. Old, decrepit.
  Old and experienced.
- night soil. Anything rotten or decayed. Small pieces of dried cowdung cakes.
- s. ्र khāt, (खात) s. m. A pit, subterraneous granary.

- عاتا على khātā, (اكهاتا) s.m. The act of eating. Daily account, a ledger, wastebook, account-book. A merchant's or banker's book. عاتا بازى s.f. A storehouse.
- عاتكى يو khātagi, s. f. (dakh.) Food:
- אול אולם khātē, s. f. Name of a caste, generally employed as cartwrights.
   s. m. (הצמו) A carpenter (יינמולם).
- عات مهاد khāṭ, (खाट or खडूा) s. f. (چارپائی) A bedstead, couch.
- 2. त्रिकं, (खर्जू) s. f. The itch.
- 2. کہاجا khājā, (वाद्या) s. m. Name of a sweetmeat like pie-crust. Food.
- H. کهاک khād, s. f. Dung, manure. See
- H. 以 khād, s. f. (何民 to eat). An advance made to cultivators for food.
- H. کهادی khādī, s. f. A very coarse sort of cotton cloth.
- potash, impure carbonate of potash: (dakh.) an escharotic, the potential country caustic; saltness, barrenness of soil; manure.
- ह क्षेत्रकार, (कर्मकार) s. m. Palanquin-bearer. A scullion.
- ब. الله لله لله khārā, (क्षार) adj. Balt, brack.
- H. | khārū'ā or khārwā, s. m. A coarse kind of red cloth of cotton.
- H. کهارولی khārolī, s. f. (dakh. explained by حبنه کتها Grain or pill of Catechu.
- H. كهارى khārī, s. f. (वारी) A potter's basket.

- brackish. ¶ s. (dakh.) A creek, gulph, dock (for ships).
- H. کهاری khaṇī, s. f. (데데) A creek,
  bay (خلیم)
- H. كهارو khārū, adj. (dakh.) Very feeble.
- ا کہاسا کہ kuhāsā, (क्रुहेलिका) s. m. A fog, a mist.
- ي کہاسنی kahā-sunī, s. f. Conversation, discussion, altercation.
- g. किंग्री s.m. The horn of a rhinoceros; spur of a cock. The corby; corvus culminatus.
- ع. کهاکنا khāg-nā, v. To win, conquer.
- عال الله khāl, ) (ब्रह्न) عال اله
- ق لهال khālā, ) Skin, hide. كهال كهالا كهالا كهالا كهالا كهال تعنيف To take the skin off, to flay, Bellows (دهونكني ) A rivulet, river, canal, a gully, creek, inlet, water-course. Low land full of ravines.
- a. کہالت kahālat, (کہل) s. f. Indolence, sloth, inactivity, remissness.
- عام کهام khām, s. (dakh.) See کهنبا Mast (of a ship).
- and खनि from खन to dig or खानि)
  - s. f. A mine; ( ) (met.) A nest, heap, abundance, receptacle.
- H. کہاں کھ kahān, adv. (秀河 or 秀彦)

  Where? whither? کہاں تک or

  How far? how long?

  to what degree? کہاں سے Whence?

  where from? کہاں کا کہاں To

  what degree! immensely.
- s. Ulas khānā, (खादन) v.a. To eat; take in, feed on, live on; to eat up devour, swallow, make a meal of; to

inhale (هوا کهان). To receive, meet with, experience (یانا). To suffer meekly, bear up, endure (کالی کهانا)٠ To bite, sting. To corrode, erode, wear away. To wear, destroy, make an end of. To worry, harrass (,,) کهانا). To kill, take one's life. To cost. To leave consume, spend. out, omit. Take a bribe. A feast, entertainment, supper, to embezzle; (met.) To get, suffer, feel, take, receive, hold, contain. s. m. dinner, eating (خوراکت) (dakh.) Boiled rice. كها جانا To eat up, devour. کهانا یینا Meat and drink, food. کھائے گھر کے بھانسے گننا ،board, fare or کھائے تھالے میں جھید بھانا or met. for انمک حرامی کرنا To sot with treachery or ingratitude.

- ي المهنا ي kahānā, (causal of كهنا) v. a.
  To cause to speak, to cause to tell, to be called or named.
- hood, office of priest. Turning prophet. Divination, soothsaying.
- B. Sket, a pannier. A cage, a hen-coop (US). A pit, gap, chasm. A break, hitch, delay. A turn or deflection in a road, a warp in a wall. A discrepancy.
- عاندا و khāndā, s.m. (dakh.) Shoulder: see كاندها
- 2. کہانڈا khānḍā, s.m. (खद्ग) A straight double-edged sword, outlass, cleaver (butcher's). (खंड) Flake or slice (of fish).

- g. کہانڈنا khānḍnā, (r. विड Break to pieces) v.a. To excavate, to pound.
- g. Limiles khānsnā, (काश) v. n. To cough.
- g. كهانسى khāṇsī, (কাহা) s. f. A cough.
- ष्ट. کہانی kahānī, (कथानक) s. t. Story, fable, apologue.(استان)
- g. H. کهانے والا khāne-wālā, adj. Escharotic, caustic.
- H. ع. إلى khāw, s. f. Manure: see المال المال المال المال Glutton, (in compos.)
  eating, eater. ¶ khā'o, in compos. s. (dakh.) Kating.
- ह. کہاوت kahāwat, (कथावत्) s. f. Provorb (ضرب المثل)، saying, adage.
- ह. کهاومیت khā'o-mīt, adj. (dakh. Greedy. (काषीपण) s. m. See کاهن
- ब کہائی khā'i (खात or परिखा) s.f.
  Ditch, trench, most.
- H. کهب khab, s. m. (dakh.) Foldplait: see چین [handed.
- H. کہیا khabbā, adj. (सन्य) Left. Left
- H. Lies khubnā, H. Lies khubhnā, V. a. (額刊 to

penetrate) (iii) To affect, penetrate, stick into. To adorn. (dakh.) khubnā, To tear a garment, to become naked.

- H. Just khapāch, s. f. A piece torn off from a bamboo, a splinter. A very lean person.
- H. كهپانا khapānā, (cansal of كهپانا)
  v. a. To dry up, to destroy, make

away with, despatch, ravage. To use (برتنا)

H. کبیت khapat, (کبین) a d j. Expended. s. f. Vent, sale. Room, space, place.

khapachchī, s. f. A bamboo slip, a splinter. A very lean person.

H. A violent hug.

ين khaprā, (अपि) s. m. A tile, Scale, bark, skin. A slice. A grub which destroys wheat. [building, tiling.

عبريل .khaprail, s. f. Tiled house or

H. Van khupasnā, v. (dakh.) To wash in a certain way, to rinse. To pierce, transfix, prick.

H. 以此 khiplā, (西江) s. m. (dakh.) A bit of the dry skin from a wound (or khaplā) scale of a fish.

عبيلى khipli, s. f. (dakh.) See كهيلى عبيلى

- H. Ließ khapnā, v. n. (Ließ) To be dried up or absorbed. To sell, go off, to be expended, used, consumed, or made away with. To remain, join, mix with, pass muster, enter, penetrate: (dakh.) To be fitted (one thing in another:) (Liew) To fit. To go into. To be dipped (in birdlime). To be killed or slain. s. m. A company (of travellers, &c.).
- s. 以 khattā, (何何 or 秀氏) s. m. A cavity in which grain is kept. An underground granary. See s. 山山 A store, heap, stock. An ice pit (khutti). Treasure, wealth.
- H. Lie khatte, s. (dakh.) A liniment for inflamed eyes, which is prepared of burnt alum moistened with lime-juice and rubbed very fine between two iron plates, the bottom one of which has first been heated. This is brought to the consistence of thin paste, and applied externally round both the eyelids.
- P. کہتر kih-tar, adj. Less, very small, junior, mean.
- a. کهتری khatrī, (क्षितिय) u.m. One of the four Hindu cantes, a man of the

military tribe. A Panjābī Banya or grocer.

H. کهتکهتان khatkhatānā, v. n. (dakh.)
To make a noise (any thing) in cooking. see

H. كهتيانا khatiyānā, v. a. To enter in

H. لَوْسَ khaṭṭā, adj. (국군 sour) (رَوْسَ).

Acid, sour, tart, harsh. الله على a d j.

Sourish, acetous, acescent.

H. کهتا پتی khaṭāpaṭī, s. f. Wrangling.

H. کهتایی khattā-pan, a ciness, a ciness, sternness.

\*\*Restation of the state of

#. كهتاس khaṭās, (包含田 Civet-cat)
s. m. A polecat. [ness. An acid.

H. کهتائی khaṭā'ī, s. f. Acidity, sour-

الم المال ا

s. کہت راگ khat-rāg, (पटराग-पट six) (lit. six rāgs.) s. m. Wrangling (بکھیڑا) Singing discordantly.

hunter, one who lives by killing and selling game. A tanner. A tribe who live principally by keeping pigs and poultry.

- hension, doubt, suspense, abodement.

  Sound of footsteps ( Loss.

  A knock, tap, tick, thud. An arrangement for producing a rattling sound to scare away birds. A bolt. Fear. Anxiety, care, concern. A good voice. (Jaipur). A privy.
- H. Likä khatkānā, s.m. Rapping, thumping, rattling (of a door, &c.).
- H. Wild khataknā, v. n. To rankle, pierce (as a thorn), to be an eye sore, offend, doubt. (sub.) Doubt, hesitation, disgust. To cut, cut dead.

To be impressed or struck with. ¶ khutaknā, v. a. To nibble: to doubt. To peck. To come out of the egg (a chicken).

- H. کمت کهداری khat-khat, s. f. (dakh.)
  Noise, sound. Rat-a-tat-tat. See
- khaikhaiānā, v. n. To knock, tap, pat, rap, rattle. To strike a piece of wood or club on something hard so that it resound. [A bug
- ह. کپتمل khaṭ-mal, (खड्ढामल) в. т.
- H.g. Lengtha, (Less and HE) s.m. A mixed taste of sour and sweet; agreeable.
- H. كهتنا kha!nā, v. n. To gain (بتنا).
- H. كهر khaṭṭū, s. m. A labourer. (Beng.)
- الله الله khuṭṭhī, s. m. The scab of a healing sore. [bedstead-
- عَدُولاً عِ khaṭolā, (何국T) s. m. A small.
- عدا كرے اسكى كهتيا كهتيا كهتيا الكى bedstead. A bier. خدا كرے اسكى God grant his bier may be carried out, or he may die (a common form of cursing).
- e. کینیک khaļīk, s.m. A hunter.
- g. light khujānā, (खर्ज) v.a. To scratch, rub gently with the nails. v.n. (dakh.) To itch.
- tease, to irritate, to trouble, to disturb, to molest.
- اللَّهِ لَهُ khijlānā, v. a. See اللَّهُ عَلَى v. n. To get angry.
- g. 以其 khujlānā, (西页) v. n. To itch, scratch, tickle. [titillation.
- e. " blet khujlahat, s. f. Itching,

- ع. لناجرول khujalnā, v. n. To itch.
  See لناجرول
- عارشت) s.f. (طارشت) The itch, itchiness; the mange (in dogs).
- s. ps. khajūr, (Ast) s. m. A date, or date-tree. (Phœnix dactylifera). Wild date. (Elate silvestris. Phœnix silvestris.) A kind of sweetmeat made in the form of a date (sweetbread).

  adj. Matted, plaited.
- khajūrā, s. m. The ridge of a thatched roof.
- ع اللجملا لا h i j h ā n ā, }

  ع اللجملا لا h i j h l ā n ā, }

  Grieve, be in distress) v. n. To fret,

  be vexed (الجرانا)
- full, crowded, crammed. Clattering of swords, clash of arms.
- s. لا kah-char, (खचर) (ख Sky, चर who moves) s. m. A bird, a cloud.
- khichrā, (क्रारा) s. (dakh.)
  Name of a dish, made from rice, wheat
  and various sorts of pulse.
- ह. کیجیزی khichrī, (क्रुशरा) в. f. Indian dish made of pulse and rice boiled together. (Of rice, a species of pulse called dal, together with ghi and spices). The flower of the ber tree (Zizyphus jujuba). Earnest to dancing women when they are en. gaged for an entertainment. A mixed heap of gold and silver coin. A harbarous mixture of two languages, a lingua franca or jargon. Hodgepodge, miscellaneous charges or taxes, mixture of black and grey hairs, etc. لكلايا denoting confusion. v. n. lit. to cook حراف —To hold counsel, to plot. [set (as, a jowel), ! ist khachne, (r. वच) v. n. To be

- be drawn, to be extracted, to be endured, to stretch. Tightening. Attraction. (Mech.) Tension.
- H. Lilyst khichwana, (see List) v. a.
  To cause to draw, &c.
- عبدانا على khudānā, (causal of كبودنا)
  v. a. To cause to dig.
- الله لهديدانا . khadbadānā, كهديدانا . To
- H. Libert khadkhadānā, simmer, to make a boiling noise (pot) on fire.
- عدر نا عهدیر khidarnā, (هود کهدرنا dakh.)

  v. a. To pursue. کهدر دینا
  To drive.
- H. کهدکهدی khadkhadi, s. f. (dakh.) A noise of simmering in cooking.
- علانی khudnā, (r. 何刊 Dig) To be dug, hollowed, be engraved. کهدنی s. f. Digging. Mining. Search for treasure.
- ب. ع. To cause, to delve, dig, engrave, carve.
- علاوائی الله khudwā'i, s.f. The cansing to dig, &e., the price or pay for digging, engraving, &c.
- عدهة كا ية khidharnā, v. a. (dakh.) See
- H. کهدی khadi, s. f. Name of a grass growing in ponds.
- H. A portion of the shaven from the forehead to the crown like an oblong.
- علاية الله khader (आबिट Chase) s. f.
  Pursuit (تعاقب)
- عديزنا على khader-nā, v. a. To pursue,
  hunt, give chase (پيچها کرنا) To
  drive out.

- H. كهذ khad, s. m. (何元 to dig.) A deep hollow down a hill side.
- H. کهد khaddā, (dakh.) s. Pit, dimple, pan (of the knee), nick, notch. adj. Gibbous. [Bog).
- H. کهداکهودرا khaddā-khodrā, s. (dakh.
- h. کبدر khuḍḍi, s. f. (dakh. explained by عبرز ) Field of battle. Separate brick compartments in a privy. (Fac.) A hollow between the teeth. (Fac.) A portion of the head shaven from the forehead to the crown like an oblong.
- s. khur, (頃刊) s. m. A (cloven) hoof, a hoof. s. f. Coughing.
- best sort, genuine, honest, candid, sincere, strict, unalloyed. Good, valid. Impartial, fair, straightforward. (If inferior caste (Kāyasts), opp. of dūsrā, noble on both sides.
- tharrā, s. m. The rough draught of a letter or any writing, a sketch. A schedule, memorandum of transactions, rough account. An iron instrument to rub horses with, a currycomb. An ulcer with hardness of the skin on the back of the foot.
- kuhrā, s. m. Fog, mist. See
- عبرارا على kharārā, s. (dakh.) A curry-
- H. Skuhrām, s. m. Lamentation, weeping and wailing.
- s. کبرب kharb, (खर्ब) adj. A million million, a billion. s. A dwarf.
- ing) s. m. Amber, Oriental anime (gum-resin from the Vateria indica)
- R. کمربائی kah-rubā-ī, adj. Of or like amber. s. f. The quality of amber, attraction of straws.
- R. Lyskharpā, s. m. A sandal. The seam of a garment which extends from the armpit down the side.

ment for scraping grass for horses. A weeding knife, a native hoe. A blockhead. The kneepan, patella.

- н. كبرية khurapnā, v. a. (dakh.) То scrape grass.
- weeding knife, the tool with which grass is scraped up for horses. A shovel for cleaning out a birdcage.
- H. kharj, s. f. The bass (in music).
- म. کورن khurchan, s. f. (शुरचयन)
  Pot-scrapings. A sweetmeat made of milk. [scratch.
- H. کهرچنا khurachna, v. a. A scrape,
- H. کبرچنی khurachnī, s. f. A scraper, scoop or shovel. An eraser.
- H. hurdarā, adj. Rough; rugged. (Bot.) Rough; scabra aspera. Wrinkled.
- g. کهرسا khirsā, (श्रीरशाक) s. m. A dish made with biestings, or the milk of a cow just calved. [mangy.
- H. Lange kharsailā, adj. scabby,
- g. हिंदी kharkharā, (खरकर) s. m. A currycomb. adj. Rough.
- المركبران kharkharānā, v. (dakh.) To scratch, scrape.
- عركهراها كهركهراها الله kharkharā-haṭ, s. f.

  Roughness.
- e. كهرل kharal, (何愛) s. m. A stone for grinding medicine on, a mortar and pestle. [causey.
- H. Anjā, s. m. Pavement,
- H. کهرنگ khurand, s. m. A scab or scale
- عرنی . khirnī, (紹刊 or 紹刊和)

  s. f. Name of a fruit and tree.

  (Mimusops kauki).

- kaharwā, s. m. A lascivious dance, and also a class of songs generally sung in the morning. They originated with kahārs.
- H. kharūj, s. f. (dakh.) Itchiness, itch, mange. [scratch, claw.
- H. کبروچنا kharochnā, v. a. To scrape,
- H. A hare, a rabbit.
- المرامرا الله kharahrā, s. m. Currycomb:

  see المحمول hoof.
- ह. کهری khurī, (ख़्रि) s. f. A (cloven)
- An instrument like a cup formed of a cocoa-nut shell or other material, with which clothes are marked with stripes, or crimped.
- H. کهریرا kharairā, s. m. (H. کهریرا to rub) A currycomb.
- s. کهریرن khurernā, v. a. To run after, to persecute, to catch, to enclose.
- H. Kharā, adj. (81) Erect, upright, standing up, standing, steep, high, ground, ready, prepared, ripe, perpendicular. Remaining, at call. Halfcooked. Khari-dal. Adv. At anchor. moored. Aground. نهرًا رهنا v. n. stand, stay, remain standing. کہڑا قد (dakh.) Measured upright, at full length, from head to foot. Height (a ه. ٧٠ کهڙا کرفا man's). To raise, station, place, stay or stop, stick up, place erect, erect, procure a fictitious person for some purpose. To pitch (tents). To stop one. To set up, open, establish, institute. v. n. To stand up, be erect rise, stand. To rear (a horse). كبرى in the water, Swimming apright treading water. [house, coop.
- н. ੀ ਬੈਂਡ khurārā, в. (dakh) A hen-
- H. کهرّانو kharānw, عدرانو الله kharānw, عدرانو الله kharā'an, \$

1). كهڙانو دار A kind of shoes d to pattens.

S kharāwān, s. (काष्ट + पाद)

ل ماته پان) (dakh.) Wooden shoe, attens. See

kharbarā, adj. (dakh.) Uneven.

aproar. Noise of horses' feet. g on going to stool.

s kharsan, s. m. (বিংলাণ) A one, a grindstone. (الله)

kharak, s. f. An imitative

¶ kharak jānā, To take warnbe apprized. Cow-house or heepfold. A pound for cattle.

kharkā (prop. khatkā,) s. m.

hpick, a stalk used as a pin to eaves together. Clatter, rattle. kharaknā, v. n. To clang, to bang, clatter, to rattle, to To fall out; quarrel.

tter, rattle, jar (as of a door).
nd the teeth. To snore.

kharkhariyā, s. m. A break. kharkhor, adj. (dakh.) See

شوخ 1d

w, casement, postern gate, backwicket, sallyport, shutter, little [hen-house.]

khuṛlā, (prop. کهدّاً) s. m. A
khaṛankh, adj. Dry, dried up.

H. | kharū'ā, s. m. An ornament worn on the wrist, a bracelet.

s. f. Chalk, white clay, pipe-clay.

s. f. Chalk, white clay, pipe-clay.

or کت کهتی s. f. a species of steatites, with which children learn to write, and which is used in giving a polish to stucco.

H. and khare, khare, adv. soon, immediately, instantly, presently, quickly.

pipe clay. A species of steatites with which children learn to write, and which is used in giving a polish to stucco. See

کوهسار kuh-sār, contraction of کوهسار P.

H. مسو پهسر پهسر پهسر پهسر پهسر (अञ्चरास्पुर) Whispering (کاناپهوسي) Вее سوپ

h. hasrā, s. m. A daybook, field-book, waste-book, rough drawings, draught (of an account). A scab. A kind of eruptive disease. Measles.

H. اللسها khaskānā or khiskānā, (caus. of اسركانا) v. a. (الله To remove, shove or slide away, draw back. To push towards one. Slip into one's hand. To steel.

H. g. کهسک جانا khisak jānā, v. n. To slip away, to steal away, to slide.

khisaknā, v. n. To stir, slip, slip or steal away, sheer off. ¶ khasaknā, v. n. (dakh.) To decline speaking clearly (or truly) through fear. ¶ khusuknā, To weep in a certain way, to sob.

H. Ling khasnā, or khisnā, v. n. To fall, sink (as, a terrace). To drop off, to be removed (any thing) from its proper place. To become old, to be worn out (cloth), decline in years, wane. (r.

क्री Make thin or small).

- H. کهسوتنا khasoṭnā, v. a. (كام) To pull, to pluck, to pull the hair, to scratch, to tear (اپازا). To snatch, plunder. کهسوتا s. m. A trick in wrestling. A disgraced person (an abuse).
- H. Ujung khisiyānā, v. n. To grin adj. Fretful, peevish, bashful, abashed. Adj. Humiliated, mortified, blank. Ready to cry (r. 隔紅 Suffer, afflict)
- H. اناشون khishānā, adj. (dakh )Ashamed abashed : see اليسون
- A. Lahf, s. A cave. A large cavern, a grotto. An asylum, especially a cave dug by men, or formed by nature, in a mountain.
- हें کہکٹ kuhuk, (कुहूक) s. f. Notes of
- H. Kes khakkā, s. m. A laird.
- P. کہکشان kahkashān, s. m. (H.

  The Milky Way, galaxy.
- ع. لا کہکنا کیلنا کہلنا کہلنا کہلنا کہلنا بالہ the koyals do: See کویل). آج. المباہد aknā, الکیا میں or النظام To scream, shriek, roar.
- scrape, scratch up (the ground, as a fowl does.). (dakh.) To
- #. كهكورنا khałhornā, v. a. To scoop,
- P. کهگل kah-gil, (from علا Grass or straw and کا Clay or earth) s. f. Grass and mud mixed together to plaster walls with.
- s. (しょり) s. (しょり) A worthless person, a malicious per-

- son, shallow, mean. An oil-cake. A pit. [indolence.
- A. کہل kahal, s. f. Bloth, languer,
- H. Les khallā, s. m. (H. Jes leather).

  A shoe (old). ¶ (dakh.) Circle; hale round the moon.
- s. المح khullā, adj. (المح) Open, uncovered, not closed, exposed, naked.
  Clear, fair (sky). Unrestrained, unchecked, loose. Untied, unchained,
  unlocked. Expanded, broad. Public,
  known. Direct, manifest. Thalla
  ((अट)) s. (dakh.) A threshing-floor.
- send a message, to send and tell, to inform.
- g. द्रीक khilār, s.f. (खेलाकार) (Slang) A coquette. A fills de jois.

- علنا کهلنا خهانا و د کهولنا که د کهولنا که کهولنا کهولنا کهولنا که د کهولنا که
- g. Lily kahlānā, v. a. (causal of Lips)

  To cause to say, to call, to be called.

  To parch. ¶ v. n. To wither. To become weak, to be lary.
- ع. علولا khilā'ū, (اكلولا) ع. m. Girer to

eat, or one who supports another, feeder. adj. Causing to bloom.

به کهالی به khilā'i, (dā'i) A dry nurse.

Feeding. کهالئی پالئی Charge of maintenance.

H. Lilly khalbalānā, v. n. To boil, bubble. To be agitated or tossed up and down.

H. کهلبل khalbal,

B. f. Hurry,

khalbali,

bustle, agitation, commotion, alarm,
tumult, turmoil, disturbance, hurly-

على جانا على khil-jānā, v. n. To blossom, bloom; laugh, be delighted. ¶ khul-jānā, To be opened.

burly.

e. निर्म khalrë, (खल्या or खल्ल) s. m. Skin, hide.

2. देश khalri, (बल्पा or ब्हि) s. f. Skin, hide, membrane. The prepuce, foreskin.

g. کہل کہل کہل khil-khil, (from किलिका Bound expressing joy) s. (dakh.) Laughter, titter, giggle; see

H. Lilles khalaknā, v. (dakh.) To give pain, to prick or pierce (as a thorn).

H. على كهل كونا الله khal-!!hal karnā (dakh.) To clank.

H. Ulf Lef khalkhalānā, v. n. To rumble, to grumble (the bowels). To chink. (dakh.) To sound (as water tossed up and down).

على كهيلنا على khul-khelnā, v. a. To indulge openly in vices which were formerly practised in secret.

H. کهلکا khulgā, s. (dakh.) Buffalo.

علنا یو khulna, (see کهول) v. n. To open, be revealed, to get wind, be

expanded, be untied or unfolded unbuttoned, be disclosed or uncovered, be let loose or be loose (horse), be laid aside (restraint), be dispersed (clouds or rain), to clear up (the sky or rain), to be broken (meditation, &c.); (dakh.) to bloom or open (a flower); to be opened (a knot), to be opened out (stitches). To be solved. To be disentangled, unravelled. To be set free, removed (from restraint or control). To be removed (obstacles), cleared, cleaned. To be lost (in gambling). Dissected, laid bare. To be cut open (the head). To be dissolved (matrimonial bonds). To move (in chess). To be cut or opened (a passage, channel, line). To be exposed, betrayed. To be manifest, clear (odd). To brighten up, shine. To begin, to commence (work). To start, depart (train). To be set up, establish (institution). To be restored, renewed (pay). To become intimate or familiar. To be encouraged, emboldened. بهوک کهلنا v. n. recover one's appetite. v. a. See كهولنا

blow (as a flower), to flower, to bloom. To be delighted, to laugh. To open, swell, burst. To be kept separate or apart (rice). To affect one's head or go to the head (intoxication). To crack, to be broken, fractured, spilt (wall). To look well, suit, become (jewel or cloth). To swell with pleasure, to be exhilirated (i).

الدرّا. H. كهلندرّا khilandṛā, adj. Playsome, playful, frolicsome.

e. كهولنا khulwānā, (caus. of كهولنا)
v.a. To cause to open.

الله کهلوری khilauri, vulg. for کلوری

a. ब्रिडनिक) A plaything, a toy, a bawble, gewgaw. ¶ khilonā. A buffoon, a mimic, a jester, a droll, a giber. [stock (of grain).

s. মধ khala, (ব্লে) s.m. Granary

ع. بالمنال Lhalihan, s. m. Bee فالميال

- 4. کهلی khalī, (ব্লন্ত) s. f. The dregs of mustard-seed, &c., after the oil is pressed out: khalī or khallī, Oil-cakes. Scented oil-cake used as a hair wash.
- 2. کہلی khilli, s. f. (केलि) Jest, joke, humour, chaff. کہلی میں آڑانا v.a. To make a fool of (احتق بنانا).
- عليان s. m. A کهليان s. m. A granary, barn.
- کھلے بندوں .khule-bandon, (کھلے بندوں from Was To be opened or untied, and in A knot or tie) Freely, unceremoniously, openly.
- ليهان الله khalihān, (खल:खल्या) s. m. A threshingfloor.
- 4. kham, khamb, khambhā, (स्तेभ) s. m. A pillar: see کهنیه چ See [Name of a rāgiņī,
- H. John khamāch, (for Juigs) B. f.
- g. lings khambā, s. m. Post, pillar: see lies room.
- H. كهمبى khumbi, (कुंभी) s. f. Mush-
- P. کہری kuhan, adj. Old, ancient. 8. f. Old کہن سالی 8. f. Old کہنا ing: see
- kahan, verbal n. To say, say-
- এ khan, (खंड) s. m. Division of a house, story (of a house) (خجة)، flight of rooms; see ें अंशे (खनि) A mine. (for क्षण) A certain day of the lunar fortnight, as the full, change, &c. of the moon. A moment (ريبي) B. f. A clink (ريبي) ¶ khin (for खिन्न) adj. Distressed, suffering pain or sickness.

- ع. لنهاک kahnā, (कथन) v.a. (نابا) To tell, say, recount, relate, bid, order, call, name, affirm, assert, aver, avow, declare, acquaint, advise, speak. s. m. saying, a word or phrase, advice, order, bidding. کہہ دینا To tell, bid, order, &c.
- g. hig khambā, g. hig khambh, (स्तम्भ) s. m. Pillar, post.
- 2. lesies khambhā,
- khanjari, s. f. A small کهاجری tambourin, a timbrel.
- s. ,, अंक्षे khanjan, (खंजन) s.m. A small bird, a wagtail, enicurus moculatus, the spotted forktail.
- H. Listes khinchana, (caus. of listes) To cause to draw or endure.
- H. كاركينكا) & khinchawa!, (العبيكا) عاد Drawing, tightening.
- H. Listes khinchnä, v. n. To be drawn' pulled or tightened, to be drawn or delineated (a picture, &c.), to be borne or suffered. (Sometimes, by the poets, or in dakh.) v. a. See لنحينيه
- H. Liles khinchwänä, (caus. of انحنون) v. a. To cause to draw or suffer, &c.
- H. Uluis khandānā, s.m. A pit, from which earth has been dug to make bricks or pottery. A notch in a log of wood.
- H. | khindrā, s. (dakh.) A cloak (beggar's): see نهالي
- H. کهندری khindri, s.f. A pellet, beggar's bedding. میدان ۱۹۵۰
- H. کهندل khandal, s. (dakh.) Plain:
- الله الله الله khundlät, s. (dakh.) Tramp ling under foot; see پائے سالی under

- H. Whish khundalna, v. a. To trample, to tread, to beat or work with the feet.
- part (ﷺ), portion, division of a house, apartment, division of the earth, a tract, region (Bharat Khand). Sugar (coarse). The songs of Padmawat. Songs composed and sung by washermen, etc.
- ع. المَّنَةُ khandā, s. m. Broken rice. A broken board or tablet. See
- H. كهندانا khindānā, (caus. of كهندانا) v. a. To scatter.
- e. کہنڈت کرنا khandit karnā, (खंडित Cut, torn. broken) v. a. To prevent, to interrupt, to refute.
- s. m. (Contemp.) A ruinous or brokendown building, ruins of a town or house, &c. [thread).
- H. کهندگی khandki, s. (dakh.) Skein (of
- a. كبندلا khanḍlā, (जंड) s. m. A flake, a piece, a slice (especially, of fish), a division or piece (of land.)
- s. كهندّى khandan, (खंडन) s. m.
  Breaking, esp. of an idol, dividing, refuting: destroying, annihilating.
- e. كهندّن khandnā, (खंडन) v.a.
  To refute.
- tered or dispersed (نیکوزا)٠
- g. کہنڈھ khandh, (खंड) s. m. District, province, division, section.
- H. كهندى khanḍī, s. f. (dakh, explained by كيل كيل A measure of grain. Candy. [see كهندر khanḍer, s. m. (dakh.) Ruins:

- H. كهنكارنا khankārnā, v. (dakh.) See كهنكارنا [ring.
- H. كهنكنا khanaknā, v. n. To jingle, to
- H. کهنگهار khankhār, (खेठ क्षयकार)
  Phlegm (بلغم)
- H. Lipsies khankhārnā, v. n. To hem, to hawk, to expectorate, cough, give a cough.
- H. hankhar, adj. Dry and crackling.
- H. Liligiig khankhanānā, v. n. (dakh.)
  To gingle or ring (as a vessel).
- H. کهنگی khang, s. (dakh.) Cough, chincough. See
- H. كهنگال دّالنا khangāl ḍālnā, To murder privately.
- ક کهنگانا که khangālnā, (प्रक्षालन) v. a. (نهونا) To wash, to rinse. [cough.
- H. Lilies khangnā, v. n. (dakh.) To
- P. کہنگے kuhna-gī, s. f. Oldness.
- P. خابنه kuhna, adj, Old, ancient. کہنتہ کہنتہ الی adj. Old, aged. سال علی عرفنی اللہ adj. Old age.
- ع. کہنی kuhnī, s. f. The elbow. See
- H. J. khau, s. f. (dakh.) A subterranean storehouse or vault for grain or salt. A cave, den, pit.
- h. kho'ā, s.m. Plaster. Coarse brickdust. Milk, inspissated by boiling. ¶ khawā or khau'ā, kandhā, s.m. Shoulder, shoulder-joint.
- ي. كهنا kahwānā, (causal of كهوانا) v.a.
  To cause to say. ¶ kho'ānā (caus. of
  الكهونا) v.a. To cause to lose.
- H. کهرپ khop, s. f. (गुहा) A cave, a corner. A rent, a fissure (Beng.). A long stitch.

- a. کهوپرا s. m. A cocoanut, rather the kernel of a cocoanut, or dried half-kernel, kernel. (Slang)

  Head, skull. دریا کے کهوپرے Sea
- ارگی) (Arab. اوگی) (Arab. اوگی) s. f. A blunder, vice, blemish, defect, fault. Alloy, flaw, defect. ¶ khūṭ, s. (dakh.) Side.
- H. الجول khoṭ-ā, adj. (ابر) Perfidious, treacherous, counterfeit, false, spurious, faulty, defective, base (as coin): see کبونتا Vicious, corrupt, malignant. Dishonest, unfair, fraudulent. Malicious, revengeful. s. m. A wicked person (ابرا) a firebrand.
- كهونتا Bee كهوتا يا khūṭā, s. m. (dakh.) المهوتا
- H. کهوتایی khoṭā-pan, s. m. Perfidy

  H. کهوتائی khoṭā-i, s. f.

  falseness, faultiness, defectiveness.
- #. کهوتی khūṭī, s. f. (dakh.) See
- يه لله لله kho-jānā, v. n. To be lost.
- and پتا \_ سراغ) search, inquiry, quest. Trace, تلاش mark.
- #. جام کهرج کهای khoj-khāj, s. f. Vexation,
- H. كبوجنا khojnā, v.a. To search for, to inquire after, to seek, to explore.

  s. m. A tracker, detective.

- H. کهرجها khūjhā, s. m. Sediment, dregs, mouldiness of vinegar, &c.
- H. کهوجیا khojiyā, adj. A searcher, inquirer, investigator, inquisitive.
- H. Shoch, s. f. (dakh.) A wound from something pointed, a puncture, stab.
- H. کهوچا khochā, s.m. (dakh.) 800
- e Ling khodnā, (四नन) v. a. To dig, delve, excavate, scoop, hollow, engrave, carve, andermine. To search for.
- عبودنى ي كرنا khodni, s. f. Searching, investigation. A spade. كهودنى كرنا To search, inquire.
- یودنی ه. f. (dakh.) عبودی ه. f. (dakh.) Delving; culture (of land). کبودار Agriculture.
- H. أيور khorā, s.m. (dakh.) Cavern,
  pit: see
- H. كهورى khori, s. f. An alley.
- mish: see كنك or كوت The wrath of a good spirit. An unlucky moment. Disease. A block, a large piece of sandal wood. See
- H. horā, s. Handouffs, manacles
- H. لا موکها جهای khorkë, (dakh. عبوره) A dry or withered tree, shrub, or bush.
- یهورل . khoril, adj. (dakh.) See
- H. Yngs khorla, adj. (dakh.) Without

- Having little or no beard (a man). ¶
  H. s. m. Rind, peel, skin, shell. (Beng.).
- H. Ewsa!, adj. (dakh.) Weak, lazy, useless, worthless. s. m. A decrepit old man.
- 2. दिन्द khokhis, (कोटर) adj. Hollow, excavated (as, a tooth or a tree, &c.).
- appearing in wheat and barley after heavy rains and producing a red blight.
- sheath. Hollow (as, of a tree, &c.), a cavity, the body or hull of a boat or ship.
- H. Yok khualā, Scale of a fish.
- H. کبولا مانجا khaulā mānjā, s. m. (dakh.) A porcupine.
- ह निर्दे kholar, (कोटर) s. m. A e. الماهولاة kholrā, hollow (as, of a tree, &c.).
- 2. كهولني kholnā, (caus. of كهولني) v. a.

  To open, dissect, loose, unfasten, unlock, shine, expand, untie, unravel, disclose, reveal, uncover, display, explain, disengage, unfold, solve, to set sail or unmoor (a ship, Sec.). كهولني والا (in medicine) Deobstruent, detergent. Phr.—To lay bare one's mind.
- boil; to burn mentally; to be agitated by heat. [(fish), Pleuronectes soles.
- H. Ahauli, s. f. (dakh.) The sole
- To lose or cause to be lost, suffer a loss, to part with, get rid of, waste, squander; s. m. losing. s. m. A leaf

- which contains a parcel of betel or flowers, &c.
- II. کهونیا khonpā, (Beng.) (جوڙا) s. m.

  The hair of the head braided or tied up on the top of the head. A long stitch.
- angle. Quarter, side. Earwax, Station, portion. (dakh.) Wheeling point (in military evolution). Cakes offered to a goddess. ¶ khont, s. m. Blemish, defect, flaw, deception.
- H. Thonta, adj. Deficient, adulterated, bad (as, coin), false, deceitful.
  - pin, a pin, a peg, a tent-peg, nail, pivot, stake, the npright post in a sugar-mill. Protection. (dakh.) The wooden handle of a quern or handmill.
  - wooden handle of a quern or handmill.

    To become insolent relying on protection. (The idea seems to be taken from a person's teasing an animal, which, being fastened by a rope to a pin, is unable to get at him: so that is only indirectly a protection by restraining the adversary).
- H. کبونتی khūnṭī, s. f. A small peg, a pin, cog: (dakh. also) short stubble. Roots of the hair.
- H. Ethorich, s. f. A cut or rent in cloth, &c.; (dakh. also) see
- hamstring. كهرنج مارنا To hamstring.
- stuffing. ¶ Six (內內) and a half (as in use with surveying Amīns). The multiplication table of six and a half-times.
- H. كهركا كها khonchā khānchī, s. f.
  Thrusting, stuffing. Mutual wrangling
  or quarrelling. [stuff.
- H. Lies of khonchna, v. s. To thrust, to

- stuffed into another, as grass into thatch. Trifling purchases. Part of grain which is to be parched taken as pay by the person who parches it. Something paid by those who draw water at a well to the bihishti, who attends there with his bucket, for the use of it.
- thonsnā, v.n. To stuff, to thrust in, to cram: (dakh. also) to draw: see کهوسنا.
- H. 8985 khoh, s. m. f. A cavern, abyss
- kho'i, s. f. Husks, refuse. The dry part of sugar-cane after expressing the juice, used as fuel. Hood or Clothes folded up and put on the head as a defence against rain (chot). كهونى (dakh.) To perspire freely Swollen parched rice.
- voyage. A piece of base metal inserted in coin, or cracked coin. A term in algebra; something added to a sum. A cargo, load, shipment, an assortment. An apartment.
- a. کهیپیا khep-iyā, s. m. A voyager.
- a field of battle. کہیت چہوڑنا v.a. To fiee from the battle. کہیت میں منا To remain on the field (of battle), to be killed. کہیت کرنا v. To appear; rise (the moon). To cultivate; till (land). Ground, land. A holy place. (dakh.) A kitchen garden. (Geom.) A plain superficies. Breed; caste.
- ع. كهيتى لل khetī, (왕南) s.f. Husbandry, corn fields, sown lands. Crop. adj.

  Arable. كهيتى بازى s.f. Husbandry, agriculture.

- s. کہیں کی kheṭak, (खेटक) s. Sport,
  chase, (खेद) hunting (اہمیں) s. f. A
  weapon. [man, a hunter.
- a. کهیتکی kheṭak-ī, s. m. A sports-
- s. کہنچہ khe-char, खेचर (खे In the sky, and चर What moves) s. m. A planet. A bird. Genii.
- s. كبيدن khednā, (अविट Chase) v.a. To run after, persecute, pursue to chase, to drive away.
- علير الله khir, (आर) s. f. Rice-milk. (Rice, parboiled in water, is again, boiled in milk, with the addition of sugar, spices, and kernels).
- thair, (खादिर) s. Extract from the interior of the Mimosa catechu (खदिर or khayar.). Acacia catechu.
- H. كهير khairā, s. m. A bluish grey, brown colour. A kind of pigeon. (Brij.) The left hand.
- H. كهير kherā, s. m. A collection or mixture, esp. of different grains.
- H. كهيرا khīrā, s. m. A cucumber. ¶
  khairā, A sprat (or fish very much like
  one) [(the disease).
- عبروك khai-rog, s. Consumption
- ع کهيری khīr-ī, (क्षीरी) s. f. Udder, breast, pap.
- H. کهیری kheri, s. f. (आर) After birth

  (آنول نال), The membranes in which the foetus is enveloped.

ब्र. کهيڙا kherā, (खंट) s. f, A small كهير يالو] village, a hamlet.

ع. المية kherālū, s. m. (dakh.) See

- H. کهیرتاهی kherhi, s. f. Membranes in which the fœtus is enveloped, secundines.
- ع. عالي تيمولا kheryālū, (क्षेत्री) (dakh,) A peasant, husbandman: see دهقان
- H. کهیس khes, s. m. A kind of figured cloth, diaper, damask. A sheet or wrapper of such cloth. (dakh.) kind of cloth, woven of the fibres of plants.
- H. کهیس khis s. f. Loss, waste. Grin, To کھیس نکالنا ،shrug, grimace grin. Affected laughter. (श्रीर) Bies-[glove (used in baths)
- H. Lungh khisā, s. m. A rough rubber
- P. ليسه khisa, (for مسيك) s. m. pocket.
- H. كهيس khās-nā, (كهيسنا v. n. To grin. کیکڙا See]
- ع لا لا له له له khckrā, s. m. (dakh.) A orab:
- H. کهیکورنا khikornā, v. a. (dakh.) To
- H. كهيل khīl, s. f. Parched grain or rice inflated or puffed out by heat so as to appear like froth. A bit, particle.
- ह. کہیل khel, (खेला क्रीड) s. m. Play, game, sport, fun, pastime, (تماشة)، a game. Sexual intercourse. A water trough for cattle. Wonders, wonders of nature.
- khel-khilari, adj کهیل کهاری ع An unchaste (woman), some, wanton. an adulteress, strumpet.
- इ. Ulys khelnä, (बेलन) v. n. play, play at, to sport. To frisk,

gambol, romp. To amuse, or divert oneself. To gamble. To act, perform, personate a character. To nod one's head under the influence of a spirit. v.n. To play out one's life; to die.

- P. کمایی kihīn, adj. Least, junior.
- ا کہیں یہ kahin, (कापि or कुहापि) adv. Somewhere, anywhere, wherever. Perhaps; may be; peradventure. کہیں کا کہیں Elsewhere. کہیں اور كہيں نه كہيں ,Here and there كہيں نہيں :Somewhere or other. Nowhere. [(grain) (rolnā).
- H. کینتنا hhentnä, v.a. To turn over
- H. كهيذي khainch or khench, s. f. Pulling, draw, attraction, pull. drawing, Scarcity.
- H. كهينا khenā, (क्षपण) To row (Nāo khena). To suffer or endure (pain, etc.). To serve one in time of need.
- H. العناك khainch-āt, s. f. (dakh.) Drawing, pulling, dragging.
- B. کهینچ khainchā-H. کهینچا کهینچی khainchā-

khainchī. Pulling and hauling, struggle, scuffle.

- H. Licausal of khainchānā, v. a. (causal of اکهینکنا) To cause to draw, pull, delineate, &c.
- H. g. كهينجا تانى khenchā-tānī, s. f. (dakh.) Struggle, contention, haling, pulling and hauling.
- H. Lizus khainchnā, khīnchnā, or khenchnā, (causal of light) v. a. To pull, draw, tighten, strip off, flay, delineate, paint, endure, suffer. کهینی

Light To pull or draw out or along,

- extract, distil, brew, extort. To write out; draw a bill.
- E. Ulequies khainchwana, v. a. caus. of
- H. كهيندّن khīnḍnā, v. n. To be scattered: see
- عيرا عليه khewā, (श्रीप) s.m. Fare, ferry-money, price of passage in a boat, passage-money. Crossing over a river. كيرليا s.m. A rower; boatman, waterman.
- a. کہیوٹ khewat, ) (केवर्त) s. m. A
- a. کبیوتیا khewaṭyā, ) waterman,
  boatman, rower.
- ह. کبیوک khewak, (श्रीपक) s. m. A rower, boatman.
- इ. الهيون khe'onā or khevnā, (क्षिपण)
  v. a. To row, to punt, paddle. To suffer or endure (pain, &o.).
- kai, A great king (especially, king of Persia of the Kyanian dynasty). When? ¶ kī (by poets for & ki) What? that, or, &c. ¶ kaībar Several times; many times; often.
- g. کئی kai, (किति) pron. How many p (کتنا)، several.
- H. کے پاس Of. کا Near. H. ki, postpos. (fem. of ک) Of, belonging to.
- عن ایک ایک ka'i, (किति) adj. Several, some.

  Some, some few, a few.

  Whi'i, part. past, or past tense, fem.

  sing. from کرن (dakh.) Done made,
  did.
- ي لي لاية, (निम्) pron. What? how? why? whether, or. How much. Either. As though. Not. اكن What has happened? what is the matter? الازية, part. past, or s. m. (كرزا)
  Done, made, deed, act, doings.

- ह کیاری kiyārī or ke'ārī or hyārī, (केंद्रार) s. f. A bed (of a garden or field). A frame. A salt bed.
- A. تاست kiyāsat, (کاس) s. f. Ingenious, quickness of parts (or great vivacity), cunning. عاحب کیاست Ingenious, sagacious.
- a. كيال kaiyāl, (كال) s. m. A weigher, a measurer of grain.
- s हार ket, (केतु) s. m. A comet. प्र kait (किपित्थ) s. m. Name of a tree (Feronia elephantum). An intoxicating drink made from the fruit.
- a. کیتکی ketaki, (केतकी) s. f. Name of a flower. (Pandanus odoratissimus.)
- و. کیتیں ke-ta'in or -tain, (dakh.)

  Postpos. To, up to, for, on, at, or denoting the objective case.
- H. Lich, B. f. Dirt, m u d, s l i m e, puddle,
- H. گنجتا kichar, ) mire. (कचर Dirty).
- عنچوا ها. kechwā, s. m. Bee کیچوا
- tagem, laying snares, entrapping, treachery. Adapting, adjusting. Vomiting, casting forth. The being menstruous (a woman). War. The crocking of a raven.
- و. كيدهر Midhar, adv. Where ? do. see
- P. Ler, s. m. Penis (sakar).
- ਸ. کیر kairā, adj. (केकर) Having cat's eyes. Squinting.
- H. کیری kairi, s. f. A small unripe mango. A looket made in the shape of a mango for keeping perfume, etc.

  An artificial flower. (केकर) Cat's eyes. کیری آنکه A wall-eye, an eye having the pupil grey.

- हा, (कीट) s. (dakh.) Worm:
  علية Blast (on corn, trees, &c.)
  canker.
- عبر المارة الما
- ع. کیس kes, (केश) s. f. Hair of the head, cock's comb (کلغی).
- and سا Like) pron. adj. How? in what manner? what sort of? what-like? كيساهى Howsoever.
- s. f. Saffron. ¶ (dakh.) The weeping Nyctanthes (Nyctanthes arbor tristis).
- ع. کیسریا hesariya, adj. Coloured with Saffron. کیسریا بانا Yellow or saffron coloured dress.
- P. کیس kisa, (Arab. کیسه Heb. Gr. κιατίς) s. m. A purse, pocket.
- P. کیش kesh, s. f. m. Faith, religion, manner, quality: (often used in compose) عنر کیش Prone to infidelity: (met.) a mistress, sweetheart.
- manner? (met.) s. f. Intoxication, partial inebriation or drunkenness. An intoxicating drug.
- A. P. کیفی kaif-i, adj. Intoxicated,
  half drunk, tipsy; drunkard. s. f.
  Intoxication.
- A. کیفیت kaifiyat, (کیف) s.f.

  Quality, mode, state, condition, circumstances, account, relation, story, statement, return, deliciousness, Remarks. (Plur. کیفیات)٠

- P. کیک kaik, s. A flea.
- P. کیکائیس kaikā'ūs, (just and noble)
  n. prop. Name of a king of Persia.
- الیکر الله kikar, s. (dakh.) See کیکر ۱۱۰ کیکر A sort of gum Arabio obtained from the kikar. [see
- H. کیکڑ kikar, s. m. The Acacia tree
- ह. کیکڙ kekṛā, (कर्कट) s.m. A crab.
- H. کیل kail, s. A sprout, a shoot. ¶ kīl, s. (dakh.) Pitch, tar: see وَيْر وَالْمُ
- s. کیل kil, (कोल) s. f. A small nail, peg, spike, tack, the core of a boil: (dakh. also) a hinge, a joint. (bhogli). A gold pin inserted in the nose as an ornament by women. The pores of the skin. کیل کاتا Tools, apparatus, accoutrements. Ornaments. Bad writing, scribbling. A boys' game.
- kail, s. A measure of grain as well as of other dry goods and of liquids. Computing or measuring (one thing by (another).
- ब. کیلا kelā, (कदली) s. m. A plantain (tree or fruit, Musa sapientum), banana. [or peg, &c.
- s. r. کیلیچ kīl-chī, s. f. A little nail
- H. كيك kilnā, v. (dakh.) To grunt, to try by suppression of the breath to expel the fæces or urine.
- ه. کیلوس kailūs, (χυλὸς) s. Chyle.
- a. کیلی kili, (कील) s. f. (dakh.) A key: a screw (to fasten things with.).
- P. Limukht, s. m. The leather of a horse or ass, shagreen.
- a. کیموس kaimūs, (χυμὸς) Chyme or juices of the body.
- G. ציבונו kimiyā, (Gr. χημια or χυμὸς) s. m. (dakh. s. f.) Alchemy,
   Chemistry. A specific. לيميا بنانا
   To turn base metals into gold. To

earn or get money easily. اليمياكر v. a. (figuratively). To do any thing very well, to work miracles كيمياكر s. m. A chemist, an alchemist. عيمياكرى s. f. The practice of alohemy, chemistry.

- P. کین \* کینه kin, s. m. See کین \* کین adj. Malicious, spiteful. (for رکه این) That this.
- ह. کینچلی kenchli, or kainchl, (कंचुकी) s.f. The slough or skin of a snake.
- لا المجوا اله kenchwä, (किंच्लक) в. m. An earth-worm, a worm bred in the body or stomach. کینچوا مارنے والا (in medicine) Anthelmintic.
- P. كينة kina, s. m. Malice, spite, rancour (بغض)، hatred, grudge, animosity. كينة ور adj. Malicious, spiteful, rancorous. كينة خوالا adj. Malevolent, vindicative.
- عيوال . kewār, (कपाट) s. m. The shutter or fold of a door, a door.
- kaiwān, s.m. The planet Saturn (which is in the seventh sphere or heaven), the seventh heaven.
- عروازا الله ke'orā, (केतक) s. m. Name of a strong scented plant or flower. (Pandanus odoratissimus).
- علون گیون، (or kyaun) (निम्) adv.

  Why? wherefore? how? well? what?

  then, because. کیونکر or کیونکر or

  Why? how? how, because.

  کیون However much. کیون کیون

  Why not? certainly, surely.
- H. كيونكم kyūn-kī, conj. Because that. ع كئى ka'ī, (有行) adj. Some, several.

## 5

gās, called , see Lik the twenty. sixth letter of the Persian alphabet, does not occur in Arabic. Its sound is that of g in good. In Sanscrit, its corresponding letter is I, and to represent the aspirated 4, it is combined with thus In the notation of numbers by the letters of the alphabet, it stands for the same as It is changed (1) into ج arabistically or otherwise; عد الر for like flower of the pomegranate; ملجأ for ملك. (2) into ك as اورنگ A throne, pomp, ه کاو for غاو عد غ into غاو الله cow; abolic for abolic A cotton or pellet ball: (4) into 3 (arabistically) . Cow-dung سرگین for سرقین A فرسنگ for فرسع as خ 100 (5) measure of length. It is, moreover, substituted for the silent & or hi-imukhtafi at the end of nouns, when the derivatives in \_ and the plurals of men or animals are formed; as سيوانكان Madness, and ديوانكي The mad, from اليوانة. It may, also, be added to diminutives in 🚅 🛎 مامک or جامک A little cup.

- H.  $\int g\bar{a}$ , The sign of the future tense; will; shall. An honoric form, as  $\bar{Aiye}$ , baithyegā! Come, sit down!
- H. Jab, s. m. Name of a tree, the fruit of which contains a glutinous, astringent juice, with which the bottoms of boats are smeared, and in which nets are soaked. (Diospyros

glutinosa: Embryopteris glutinifera). Pith; substance. [of (cattle).

- कु हों gābh, (गर्से) s. m. Pregnancy
- springing from the centre of a plantain tree. A leaf in the bud. Unripe crop; half-ripe ears of corn. The inner portion of wood; liber; alburnum; sapwood. A fork of a tree. (naman) Old cotton taken out of a quilt. See also, s.
- ع يهن gābhin, (गिर्मिणी) adj. Pregnant (cattle).
- gāt, (河南) s. f. The body, a limb. Apparel. (Poet.) A woman's bust. The privities. (Hin. wom.) Pregnancy (hamal). The boards of a Hin. bahī.
- gāt-ī, (गान) s. f. A plaid. A piece of cloth worn round the shoulder as a Tartan plaid.
- ع. عجر gājar, (المتحرة) s. f. A carrot.

  (Daucus carota). A fig; a fiddlestick.
- gājnā, (गजिन) v. n. To sound, to thunder. To roar (garajnā) as a lion or other wild beast. To be pleased, happy, cheerful, delighted. To revel and riot. To lie heavy upon. Chhātā pe rin gājtā hai.
- H. Jos gādar, adj. Half-ripe (grain or fruit). s. m. (Beng.) A heap, stock, rick.
- H. UJG gādnā, v. a. To ram down.
- H. گاری gādī, s. f. A thin mattress, &c.: see گاری A gabion.
- tory for grain made of reeds and clay.
- H. گاڭر gāḍar, s. f. Sheep.
- P. كاذر gāgur, s. m. A washerman.

- P. June gar, (in compos.) Doer, agent, as Parhez-gar, khidmat-gar.
- н. کار gār, s. (dakh.) Hail. An agate.
- н. ју gārā, s. m. Mud (kneaded or) prepared for making pottery, prepared clay. Name of a rāgiņī or musical mode. gārā gānā. To tell a long story.
- P. كارلا gārlā, (from كربة) adj. (dakh.)

  Grey (in colour like the eyes of a cat),

  light blue.
- 8. گالی gārī, s. f. Abuse. See گاری
- P. گاری gār-ī, in compos. s. f. Doing;
  making. See P. گری
- a. گارتهوپ gārthop; s. f. Burying,
  Burial.
- bury, inter, lay in the grave, to set, to drive down, hammer (a nail), to fix, to sink, to plant; pitch. To cover with ashes (fire).
- н. گاڙوڙي gārorī, s. (dakh.) Juggler.
- dense. Sly, shrewd, knowing, wise, close, intimate Gārhī-dostī. Difficult; burdensome; dire. Strong; good for fight. s. m. Coarse Indian cloth. Strong (as, tea).
- ब. گاڑی gārī, (गन्ती) s.f. A cart, car, coach, hackery, carriage. A train; railway train. کاڑی واں or کاڑی واں (गन्तीवाह) s.m. A carter, carman, coachman.
- P. كافر gāzir or gāzur, s. m. See كازر P.
- gāgar, (गर्गरी) s. f. A water vessel. [vessel, goglet.
- इ. گاگری gāgrī, (गर्गरी) s.f. A water
- H. JIS gāl, s. m. A sort of tobacco.
- a. しらgāl, (可愛) s. m. A cheek. A mouthful (phankā). Talk, conversation; speech. Jahber, nonsense.

Brag, boast, cheek. A morsel, mouthful. A handful of grain put in the mill at one time. SA great talker. One who talks nonsense. Braggart.

- ball of carded cotton, flock of wool or cotton, &c.
- P. als gāla, s. m. See Ils
- abusive or contumelious expression or language. کالی کلوج (dakh.-galoj)

  a. f. Reciprocal or mutual a b u s e, brawl. کالی االی المود الم
- P. عرم gām, s. m. A pace, step.
- a. US gānā, (刊刊 r. 刊) v.a. To sing, chant. To celebrate; make known. To sing the praises of; to applaud. To say; relate; recite; describe. UT US To have acquired the faculty of singing.
- ह. گانگه gānith, (प्रनिध) в. f. tie; joint, an articulation, a hardened or enlarged gland, a kernel. bundle, parcel, bale of goods; bunch. (dakh.) Offence, displeasure. navel. An obstruction in the stomach (suddah). Pocket, purse. A piece of turmeric, etc. A difficulty. A misunderstanding. A stipulation. simulation, guile. gänth or gänta, gānthā, The refuse of straw, consisting of the knotted parts of the stalk and ear-ends of straw separately piled on the threshing floor; the colder of English agriculture; grain mixed with straw. گانته پڙنا is applied to the fixing of enmity towards any one (dakh.) كانته يهتنا in the breast. To grow rough or crack, the voice of a boy when he comes to the age of puberty. کانته چڙهنا To have a rupture at the navel. کانته سرکنا To

- i. Lipid gāṇṭh-nā, (प्राचन) v.a. To tie, to knot, join, make adhere, stitch together, cobble, put together. To reduce to obedience or subjection, to attach. To thread, string. To interlock; clasp. To concoct, construct, compose. To win or draw over; bring over to one's side. (dakh.) To fasten beads or other globular ornaments separately and at certain distances to the string that passes through and connects them all. To impede, obstruct.
- و. گانتهی gānṭh-ī, s. f. (dakh.) Knot:
  عانته
- e. Leis gānjā, s. m. (dakh.) The leaves or young leaf-buds of the hemp plant: See lesis
- H. Sanjar, s. f. A kind of grees or verdure.
- عر عضر gānjū, s. m. (dakh.) One that is always smoking bhang.
- s. m. The hemp plant. (Cannabis sativa). The fructification, when nearly ripe, is bruised and smoked for intoxication. The leaves dried are ground in water and drunk for the same purpose. In this state it is called bhang and sabsi.
- anus, privities. The bottom.
- H. ਹਿੰਡੀ gānḍā, s. m. (गुडदंड) Sugarcane (ikh).

- gānḍ-ā, s. m. A catamite, a sodomite. An impotent. A coward, a timed person.
- كاند gānr, s. f. See كانتر ع
- H. Limit  $g \bar{a} \hat{n} s n \bar{a}$ , v. a. To pierce, transfix, spit (a fowl, &c.).
- H. كانسى gānsī, s. f. The iron point of an arrow.
- m. Will gānsā, s. m. The angle at the junction of the fingers and toes.
- عانو gānw, (知田) s. m. A village, town. A foreign country, another province. gāno-vālā, A villager.
- کانو gānon, s. m. See کانوں ع
- P. منالاً gāna, (H. gunā), An affix to Persian numerals; as منالجن Five or five-fold.
- pillow or bolster which supports the back when seated.
- end and thin at the other, taper. Sloping, acclivity, descent. s. f. A trumpet, a tube. A cone, a pyramid.
- H. گاودی gāudī, adj. A simpleton, fool, blockhead, booby.

- p. کاو سار gāw-sār, عاو سار gāw-sār, على gāw-sar, على gāw-sar, كاو سر
- P. گوشیر gāw-shīr, s. f. Name of a medicinal gum or gum resin, opopanax. gāo-kushi, killing kine.
- P. الله وهله, s. f. Time. Place (in compos.); as, الله A place proper for hunting; علات A place of worship. Turn. Sometime. علايا In season and out of season, occasionally, now and then. علا الله Now and then, sometimes, again and again.
- н. ਪੰਜਾਂ gāhjā, s. Treading out corn.
- gāhak, (知度有 r. 列度 :Take)
  s. m. A chapman, purchaser
  (خریدار), taker or seizer.
- P. كالا كاله ي gāh-gāhe, adv. Some time or other, at times.
- H. Liab gāhnā, v.a. To calk, thrash, tread (out cotton). To enquire, search, seek.
- H. Sals gāhī, s. f. Five (an aggregate of five parts).
- علے وقر اللہ:) s. f. A cow. adj.

  Poor, meek, gentle, quiet. کاے کوشت

  Beef. کاے روں Gall stones,

  biliary concretions or calculus found
  in the gall bladder of cows or bullocks, and used medicinally.
- P. كائيدن gā'idan, To embrace: cum muliere congredi.
- P. كائليك gā'ida, adj. A woman who has lost her virginity, vel quæ cum viro concumbit.

- s. الله gāyan (or gā'in) (गायन) s.m.
  A singer: (dakh.) gāyin, s. f. A female singer, singing woman.
- p. گرو gabr, adj. A worshipper of fire, follower of Zoroaster, an infidel.
- н. Эля gabra, s. m. A clown, a young man, a stripling, a lad, an unformed or beardless youth. A bridegroom. A hobbledehoy.
- a shave (afwāh). الله على s. m. A gossip. (in stupor or fainting.
- H. Lus gup, s. The sound in the ear
- gupt, (or, dakh. gupat or gupit),

  (IR) adj. Hidden (poshidah) concealed. Invisible. (Gram.) Understood (an ellipsis). adv. Secretly, privately. gupt k, To conceal.
- Belabouring, kicking and cuffing. Hurting so as to leave no marks. Taunts, gibes, sneers.
- عبتی gupt-i, (गुप्त) s. f. A hidden sword; a foil to fence with, a small sword, a sword-stick. کبتی حلال To fence with swords. To stab secretly.
- H. ्रंड gup-chup, s. f. (गुपच्प) Silence. (gup chawwal)
  Boys' game. A sweetmeat.
- H. پش چه gap-shap, s. f. Prattle, tattle. [talker.
- H. گبی gap-pi, s. A tattler, an idle
- predicament, plight (احال). Motion, a mode of dancing, procedure, march, pace, gait, an air, a tune. State, condition. Funeral rites. Salvation.

- To perform the funeral rite.

  One who plays on the table, etc.

  (tubal chi). ¶ gat (। اكتا) adj. Gove.
- gat, s. (dakh.) Craftiness. cunning, evasion.
- TEL. اقع guttā, s. (dakh.) See اجاری
- H. UIS gutene, (caus. of UIS) v. a. To occupy, to engage in, to fix, to contrive.
- a. Lipis guthmä, (r. J. Arranga, string) v. a. To be plaited, to be threaded, to be strung.
- guthwān, adj. Plaited or strung together.
- عتى gati, s. f. Bee s. كتى
- which fixes into the top of the metal part of a hugga. The padding road the pipe where it enters the huggs bottom. Ankle bone, wrist bone. Course old mortar. A sweetmest. A corn on the toe.
- TEL. Is gatta, s. m. (H. ganth a knot)

  (dat) A cork, stopper, plug, the tompion of a gun.
- H. گنبینگی gut-bengan, s. A prickly plant. See بهتگتیا
- H. 

  gat-pat, s. f. Higgledypiggledy. Mixed together promisouously. Interlocked in fight or coition.
- H. گٽر کون gutar-guh, s. m. Cooing (of pigeons, doves). [for a monkey.
- H. گترمل gaṭarmal, s. m. A nickname
- e. Ka gutha, (गुटिका) a. m. A magic bal prepared by devotes, by putting

which in their mouths they are supposed to become invisible. A sweet-meat swallowed as a bolus without chewing. A small book worn as an amulet. A hand book; a manual. A folded betel leaf with catechu, lime, etc. Shards used in play.

- H. Like guṭaknā, v. n. To coo as a dove: to swallow, to gulp down.
- H. Lis guțlā, s. m. (dakh.) A large stone (of fruit).
- H. گتلی guili, s. f. (dakh.) Stone (of fruit). See
- bundle, package, load, pack, bale; root of onion, turmeric, &c. a clove of garlic. ¶ gaṭhā, The twentieth part of a jarīb, each gaṭhā containing three ilāhī gas.
- ع. الكتّان gathānā, (causal of كتّهانا على)
  v. a. To attach, to connect, to join, to tie.
- ع. وگنهانا gaṭhā'o, (from گنهای ای s. m. Connexion, joining together. التهای کانتهنا To contrive well, to intrigue.
- gathāwat, s. f. Junction,
- gath-bandhan, (प्रन्थिबन्धन) s.m. Tying the knot; a Hindu ceremony attending marriage, in which the mantles of the bride and
- ع. الهجورا gath-jora, s. Joining the knot. See

bride-groom are fastened together.

- gāṭhar, (प्रनिय) s. m. A large bundle, bale, pack.
- gaṭhrī, (प्रनिध) s.f. A bundle, packet, parcel, bag; hence applied to money brought in payment

of revenue in a bag. Total, amount. Crew, pack, junto. گتهری باندهنا To pack up, bundle, gather (money, &c.). گنهری کرنا v. a. To add (figures). [bundle.

- ع gaṭhṛā, s. m. (dakh.) A large
- ع الهرى gathri, s. f. (dakh.) See
- s. m. A cutpurse, a pick-pocket. (The natives usually tie up their money in a knot in a corner of their upper garment.). One who cuts open parcels.
- ع. گنه کتی gaṭh-kaṭī, s. f. The practice of a cutpurse.
- H. گنهلی guihli, s. f. A kernel, stone (of fruit, &c.), seed: (dakh.) nut.
- string, tie) v. n. To be joined or arranged together, to be tied or knotted together, to unite, connect; collude.
- ع. گنهوا و gaṭhū'ā, s. m. Knots in cloth.
  See گنهبندهی
- علموانا ع gathwana, (causal of کتهوانا ع. v. a. To cause to join or to adhere or to tie together.
- gaṭhwānsī, s. f. The كتهوانسي ع. twentieth part of a
- gaṭhī, (只元型) s. f. A ball, pack, pad. A small bundle of anything.
- s. l. A bump. Pains in the joints, anthritis, gout, rheumatism. A bag, sack, pannier. Bundle, package. A bale of cotton.
- gaṭhiyā-bā'o, (प्रन्यीयवात) علَّهِيا بائى gaṭhiyā-bā'o, (प्रन्यीयवात) علَّهِيا بائى a. f. Rhenmatism. كتَّهِيا بائى
- gaihilā, adj. Knotty Robust. Well set.

- ع. گئیا gaṭiyā, s. f. A small bundle.
- s. ১ gaj, (নাজ) (n. hāthī) s.m. An elephant. کجگونی or کجگمنی adj. f. Moving (stately) as an elephant (epithet of a woman having a graceful gait). کچنال A large gun or cannon.
- H. \squaga gajā, s. m. Part of a cart: kind of sweetmeat.
- H. Lie gajānā, v. n. To work, to ferment. To mix together or mash nastily with one's hands.
- s. الله gaj-pāl, (गज Elephant, and পাল Nourisher) s.m. An elephantkeeper.
- в. گم پت gaj-pati, (गजपति) saj. The master or rider of an elephant; the title of a rājā.
- gaja-danta, (गजदन्त) · Elephant-tooth, ivory.
- H. gajar, s. m. The chimes rung at the expiration of a watch or pahar of the day or night; but sometimes restricted to those at the close of the fourth; the word pahar being more commonly used for the middle chimes. An alarum. ¶ gajjar, s. Swampy ground.
- H. gajar, s. f. A mixture of red and white wheat.
- a. اکجر gajrā, s. m. (see گجرا) The leaf of the carrot; carrots. An ornament for the wrist, a gold necklace or bracelet originally carrot-shaped; bracelet of flowers. The waving lines on mashrus (a kind of silk cloth).
- H. | gajrā, s. m. (dakh. explained by The string of a (رشته کل دستی nose gay : see also جوم
- P. المجارى gujarāt, (गुजिर) District of H. P. كيكارى gach-kār-ī, s. f. Building India, Guzarat.

- в. عبراج gaj-rēj, (गजराज) s. m. A large elephant.
- الأجر gajar-bhatt, (see کجربهت ع Dish of boiled carrots.
- عبراهار ع gajrā-hār, s. m. A wreeth or necklace of flowers. A gold onament of the same form.
- P. گجری gujrī, s. f. (dakh.) Markst, square of a city: see حوکت and گذری
- TEL. (dakh.) Grey bondue nut, the fruit of the Guilandina Bonduccela; a kind of fireworks. ميندهل 800
- s. H. کیگناه gaj-gāh, s. m. A string composed of several tassels made of the hair of a species of ox and suspended as an ornament from an elephant's neck, or it is fastened to a horse's ears, extending on both sides to the saddle.
- H. الجِلْج gajgajānā, v. n. (dakh.) To be populous or crowded. To sound or rattle as seed in its capsule. come flabby. To be full of (worms).
- 8. Line gaj-maniha, (III Elephant, and मणिह Jewel.) s. m. See جموتي
- عبموتي عن gaj-moti, s. m. An elephant pearl (it being a popular idea of the Hindus, that the finest pearls are to be found in the heads of elephants).
- H. Z gach, s. m. Mortar, shell lime, cement, old mortar knocked off walls, &c.; the floor plastered with lime.
- H. gach, adj. Thick together. Dense or closely planted. Heavy; indiges-
- H. Les gich-pichiyā, a. m.

s. नुष्ट guchchha, (ग्रन्छ or A bunch, shoal, a cluster (of fruit). Ear of corn. Tassel. A skein of thread. Corymbus.

H. gach-idadj. (dakh.) Of gach, mortar or cement. [close encounter-

H. كديد gad, A bump, thud. كديد A

s. L gadd, (P. nasar) s. m. Prose.

a. अ gud. (गोद) s. m. (dakh.) Brain; marrow.

2. ১১ gudā, (মুহ) s. f. The anus.

ਜ. ਪਿੰਡ guddā, s. m. A baby, doll, puppet; an effigy. A windgall. Bough, branch. A monument of infamy.

P. W gadā, s. m. A beggar, mendicant. adj. Poor, indigent.

H. W gadda, s. m. A soft quilted bedding. A sheaf or bundle of chari (fodder).

P. گذاخته gudākhta, part. pass. (of (گداختی) Melted, dissolved.

عداً في على على adj. Thick, plump, stout. Melted, dissolved; tender, soft, mild, gentle, affable. (in compos.) part act Malician compos,) part. act. Melting, melter. sub. Liquefaction, melting, dissolution.

p. كدازان gudās-ān, part. act. Melting, melter, dissolving. [The melting.

'P. گدازی gudās-ī, s. f. (in compos.)

H. کالا gadālā, s. (dakh.) Saddle of an elephant. A crowbar.

P. گدائے, s. f. Begging, living on charity, mendicity, beggary, poverty. گدائی کرنی To beg. [gar.

r. كايانة gadā-yāna, adv. Like a beggaddar, adj. Half-ripe, unripe, (fruit or corn). Thick.

Marit of gadra, (dakh.) A colour (explained by

white with (سفیدی سرخی ماکل a reddish tinge. ¶ gadar, The seat of the driver at a Persian wheel.

H. گدرانا gadrā-nā, v.n. To be halfripe, (as fruit) To grow to puberty; to bloom. قدرا هت s. f. The state of being nearly ripe.

H. گدڙي gudrī, s. f. (H. gūdar) A pallet, a beggar's tattered garment or bedding, a ragged, quilts, &c. (Cor. of P. guzari.) A daily market. (slang) Strength, power.

H. كدري gudariyā, adj. Clothed in patched garments or in rags; a tatterdemalion. One who lets quilts for hire. گدڙيا پير. A slovenly or shabby fellow A tree near a town or village on which people tie up rags in the manner of votive tablets, which they believe to be efficacious for the accomplishment of their wishes.

s. ১১১ gadkā, (गदका) s. m. or a blunt wooden sword for fencing with. A mace, club, bat.

H. كدكدا gudgudā, adj. Soft, plump; downy; velvety. [tickle, titillate.

म كدكدانا gudgudānā, (गहेन) v.a. To

H. گدگدانا gadgadānā, v. n. (dakh.) To shake or tremble violently. ¶ gidgidānā, To run violently.

و gudgudāhaṭ, ) s. f. Ti-

tilla-**Sexual** 

H. اگذگرا gadgarā, s. m. Uneven ground.

ਸ. ਫਿਲੀ gadgaṣā, adj. (dakh.) Dirty, muddy, turbid.

عد كلي علي gudguli, s. (dakh.) ling, titillation. کدکلیاں کرنا tickle.

H. JS gadal, E. (dakh.) A bat.

H. 以近 gadlā, adj. (南文形) Turbid, muddy, foul, dull, dirty. [dulness.]
H. 近別立ち gadlā-ī, B. f. Muddiness, H. しっち gudmā, s. m. A soft thick blauket.

گدل

pinuxes. giddh, (辺刻) s. m. A vulture.

e. lass gadhé, (गर्म) s. m. An ass, a donkey. A fool, stupid. An ass s. m. Boerhavia A sport among گدها کدهی (166. To گدھے پر چڑھانل children make to ride on an en los to punish by public exposure of a criminal on an ass with his face towards she tail of the beast Sea & St. The ass's plough) The taking vengeance on a demolished fort by ploughing up the spot with same yoked to a plough. [She-ans,

e கூல் gadhi, (गर्दभी) u.t. A

B. Soddi, s. f. Acustion, pad, packesddle, bedding, or any thing stuffed. A custion or padded seat. A sheet, mat, or carpet on which one sits. A pessary. A milkman. A sovereign's throne. A sheaf of corn.

u. گدی guddī, s. f. (本年 neck) Nape of a neck.

a. Lud gadels, s. m. A thick bedding, a cushion, a case stuffed with cotton to sit upon. An elephant's pad.

TEL. 35 god, adj. (dakh.) Barron (said pf a cow, ewe or she goat).

B. Joseph G. adj. (dakh. كَانَا وَ مَا الْهُ كَانَا وَ كَانَا لَا الْهُ الْهُ كَانَا وَ كَانَا لَا الْهُ الْمُلْعُلِقُ الْمُلْعِلِقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ اللّ

א. کَدِبْد gad-bad, adv. Higgledy-piggledy.

ש. کدریا ववdariyā, (गाइरिया) (گاریا

A sheep) s. m. Shepherd. A p. (alá).

gad-mad, adj. jambe ordered (be-tartib). Mised w miscoons. Adulterated.

gidang, كَدُنْكُ gidang, كَدُنْكُ MALLY. كُذْنُكُ gidangi, }

house, cellar, pantry, closet, non, dungeon.

gadh, (बाड or बार्त ditch, &o.) a. m. A for See عام

gadh-i, a.t. A guddi, a.t. Ap گذی .guddi, a.t. Ap ion. F gaddi, a.t. ap other ion the paper ornan.

ream. A se it is anything.

part. (from بنداريدن Passing, causing to pass. executing, paying.

e. گذارش کرنارش کرنارش به و معنون می مینارش کرنا . A petition, request. Rep explanation. گذارش کرنا

P. E. گذارنا gugārnā, (cau v. s. To cause to pass, & pass (life).

passing; a forry, a ferrybo

Passing. كذارى Passing.

P. تشاغة gugāsht, s. T

ing, a ferry, ford, ed;

ugrān, (گذریدی) adj. Pass-Life, living, course of life, Employment, livelihood. To pass or spend life or ive, subsist. [sent, to offer. ) guzarānnā, v. s. To Pregusar-bān, s. m. A ferryman, of a pass or road.

ugar-gāh, /s. f. A passage, thoroughfare. rugar-gah,

gusar-nā, v. n. To pass, go or over, pass time, elapse, happen, befall. To omit, rom, decline. To terminate. كذر جانا To pass away, irpass, outdo.

ugrī, s. f. A market held in 100n by the road side.

guzashta, (گذشتی) part. it, left, tendered. s. m. The (گذشتگان Iar.

r giri, (शिरि) s. m. A hill, n (pahā?).

A maker, (in compos.) workman; doer; as, qalai-(contracted from ,51) dakh) Farcy (in a horse.) i, adj. Bayish (colour in a pigeon.) A copper colour. rārā, s. m. A sack (for holdanats or walls of a tent, &c.) varārī, s. f. An Instrument or twisting thread or string. k over which the well-rope

ās, s. m. A boar, a hog.

im or garām or (知刊) grām, village (gāon) (dakh. s. f.) il scale, an octave, a gamut.

P. گرامی girāmī, adj. Dear, precious, excellent, revered, great.

P. girān, adj. Heavy, important, momentous. Grievous (afiran). Preci-Ous, dear (akrā), expensive. گرانبار Heavily laden, fruit-bearing, pregnant, wealthy. كران خاطر adj. sad, dejected. گران ماید a d j. Of great value, valuable.

عران ع girān, s. (dakh.) Eclipse: see

H. كرنا girānā, (caus. of كرانا) v. a. (गल to fall down). To cause to fall, to fell, overturn or overthrow, abase, cast, throw or break down. To spill, drop, to let fall, shed. To strike. كرادينا To throw, beat, cast or break down.

P. کرانی girānī, s. f. Scarcity, dearth, dearness, a rise in price, costliness. Weight, heaviness of spirits (udāsī), importance. Indigestion.

girānī, s. f. A (پیچش و جلاب) happening to women in parturition.

ع. كراهك girāhak, عراهك على girāyak, { (別長南) عرايك على المحادة على المحادثة على المحادثة على المحادثة على المحادثة على المحادثة المحادثة

8. کاهک grāhak, (dakh.) Purchaser, one who takes or

ब. کربه garabh or garbh, (गर्भे or प्रह to conceive) s. m. Pregnancy. Foetus, embryo. Pride, vanity.

کربهٔ gurba, s. m. A cat. گربهٔ adj. A wicked rogue.

gir-parnā, v. n.

H. کرتی gartī, adj. f. (dakh.) (woman), coy; a dame.

s. ह garj, (गर्जि) s. f. Bellowing, Thunder. ¶ guraj, roaring, roar. Sparl.

- s. گرجا gir-jā or giri-jā, (गिरिजा
  गिरि Mountain, and जी Born) s. f.
  A name of a goddess Pārvatī, as daughter of the personified Himālaya mountain.
- s. کرجن garjan, (गऊर्जन) s. f. Thun-dering, thunder, bellowing, roaring.
- garajnā, (गऊन) v. n. To thunder, to roar, bellow. To crack. ¶ gurajna, To snarl.
- guese Igreja, from Gr. ἐκκλησία)
  s. m. A church.
- P. گرجی gurjī, s. m. A Georgian. A servant boy. A hut. A kind of dog.
- P. گرچه garchi, (for گرچه) conj. Although.
- عرد آلود gard, s. f. Dust. گرد آلود or عرال الود adj. Defiled with dust, dusty. part. act. (کردیدی) in compos. Going round, traversing, travelling or wandering over, through or in.
- cumference, environs; adv. Around, all round, surrounding.
- P. گرن gurd, adj. Brave, valorous, war-
- hoop. The hair cut in a circular form. A round carpet spread under a huqqa. A round cake of bread, a wafer. adj. Round.
- H. كروا gurdā, s.m. The scrape at a sugar-mill to prevent the sugar from resting at the bottom of the boiler.
- gird-āb, s. m. Whirlpool, abyss, gulf, vortex.
- p. كردا كرد gird-ā-gird, s. m. All round, round about, around, about.
- p. گردان gardān, s. f. Turning, revolving, revolving, revolution, winding. Conjugation, declension (in grammar), part.

- eact. (گردانیدن) Revolving, turning, causing to revolve or go round. A swimming of the head. Revision (daur). A homing bird. adj. Trained.
- P. گردانک gardānak, s. f. The point ers (two stars in the Great Bear).
- p. H. Wild S gardān-nā, v. a. To conjugate, turn, inflect. To wrap up, roll up. To repeat, revise. To close, shut. To esteem, regard.
- P. گردانی gardān-ī, in compos. s. f.
  Turning, revolving.
- p. أوا gird-awa, s. m. A patrole.
- p. کردآور gird-āwar, adj. All around, round. A customs' patrol, a watch, a superintendent or inspector of police or customs.
- ing; siege; patrolling, going the rounds, inspecting. Collecting, bringing together. Watching; guarding Looking after smugglers or contraband goods. Division, beat.
- P. گرد باد gird-bād or gard-bād, s. f. A whirlwind, a devil.
- p. گرن بالش gird-bālish, s. m. A small, round pillow laid under the cheek. A large cylindrical pillow. [round.
- P. گرن بگرن gird-ba-gird, s. m. All
- P. گردپیش gird-pesh, s. m. All round.
- P. گردیدی) gardish, (گردیدی) s. f.
  Turning round, turn, revolution, course, period, vicissitudes of fortune, reversion, circulation, roll.
- P. گردگان gird-gan, s. m. A walnut.
  The ball of a pellet bow, a pellet.
- الردن عند الله gardan, s. f. The neck. كردن عند s. m. A collar, necklace. كردن عطل على adj. Deserving to be beheaded كردن عقروا see under كردن عقروا adj. Proud, haughty, vain, refractory, stubborn.

- s. f. Insolence, rebelliousness, arrogance. گردن کشی کرنا To behead. گردن مارنا
- gird-nawāḥ, s. f. Environs
- P. گردنی gardan-i, s. f. A horse-cloth. A blow on the neck. A trick in wresting. (Arch.) The cornice. The To drive گردنی دینا .To drive a man by the neck. A silver ring worn on the neck.
- P. گردون gardūn, s. m. A wheel. An engine for pulling up trees by the roots. (Post.) The firmament, the heavens. Fortune, chance. A chariot, a child's go-cart.
- P. كارك gurda, s. m. ▲ kidney, liver. Courage (bahādurī). The scraper of a sugar-mill which prevents the sugar from adhering to the bottom of the boiler. ¶ girda, A shield. (genduā.) A round pillow. A round flat loaf or cake of bread (a loaf of a large and round form). Barrel (of a drum), circle, orb. A shaven crown. Circumference, circuit. A round tray or platter. A round carpet spread under a huqqā.
- gir- or giri-dhar, गिरिधर) Names of Krishna.
- P. گردی gard-ī, (in compos.) s. f. Change, revolution, wandering, travelling. Separation, misfortune, affliction.
- P. کریده gardida, part. pass. (of رگردیدن Turned, converted, estrang-
- H. گرر girir, s. m. A hyena (خور غ)٠
- s. ্বি garur, (গব্ভ from গছন a wing,
  - ভী to fly.) s. m. The bird and vehicle of Vishnu (he is generally represented as a being something between a man and a bird, and considered as sovereign of the feathered | P. | garm, adj. Hot, warm

- race). A large kind of heron (Ardea argala), gigantic crane or adjutant bird.
- P. j, gurz, s. m. A mace, a sort of iron club pointed at one end and having a knob at the other covered with spikes; a battle-axe. كرز بردار A mace-bearer. Hunger.
- P. گرسنگی gursina-gī or gursana-gī, s. f.
- P. Ling gursina or gursana, adj. Hun-[cottage, cabin, hut, shed.
- H. گرسی gursī, s. f. (dakh.) A cot,
- e کرنتی girift, (گرفت to seize) s. f. Taking, capture, seizure. A handle, catch, grasp, hold, clutch (Pakar.) An objection, criticism.
- P. کنتار giriftar, adj. Captive, prisoner, taken, arrested, seized, involved (in trouble, &c.), liable. کرفتار کرنا To captivate.
- P. گرفتاری giriftar-i, s. f. Bondage, captivity, imprisonment, embarrassment, seizure, capture, arrest.
- P. کرننگی girifta-gī, s. f. Capture, s. f. Hoarse گرفتگی آواز в. f. Hoarse [take, taking.
- P. گرفتی giriftan, inf. or verb, noun. To
- P. گرفتی girifta, part. pass. (of گرفتی) Captivated, seized. گرفته دل adj. Captivated or afflicted in mind. (Plur. (کرنتگان
- P. گرگ gurg, s. m. A wolf.
- H. کرکا gurgā, s.m. Servant boy, a scullion, a dependant menial, brat: vagabond. A knee joint
- H. گرگابی gurgābī, s. f. A kind of shoe or slipper.
- H. گرگت girgat, ghirgat, girgit, s. m. A lizard. (or, dakh. girgut). A chame-

Ardent, active, zealous, fervent, fervid, eager (sargarm), burning, glowing, intent on, fiery, choleric (tex), virulent. In heat, excited. Lively, brisk. Garm bāzār. Thronged or crowded (a market or assembly). s. f. Warmth of friendship. گرم بازاری s. f. Throng in a market, great demand, high value or اگرم جوشی .(estimation (of any thing) Warmth, affection, cordiality, ebulliadj. Going hastily, a lover travelling in haste to his beloved. کرمره كرم سخى. Travelling or going hastily. Speaking with warmth or forcibly. كرم كرنا .adj. Hastening كرم شتاب adj. Looking گرم نظاره eagerly. كرم هونا To be angry, to become hot, to be thronged (a market). P. Lo, Sarm-ā, s. m. (uninflect.) Summer. گرما گرم Hot and hot, piping hot, smoking, all hot. New, fresh.

P. گرمایه garm-āb-ā, s. m. A hot or tepid bath.

Spontaneous, extempore.

- P. H. گرمانا garm-ānā, v. n. To be hot, angry, etc. To become enlivened. گرمائی s. f. A stimulant.
- p. Jewis, s. f. Warmth, ardour, heat, fervour (sargarmi) fervency, glow, fieriness; throng (of a market). The hot weather; summer. Passion, rage, anger, excitement. Attachment; love. The venerial disease (ātshak). Sexual passion, furor.

  s. m. A disease in elephants, horses, bloody urine.

  To affect fondness. To produce warmth. To be angry with. garmī honā, v. n. To suffer from heat. To have siphilis.
- H. كرنا girnā, (गल) v. n. To fall, drop,

sink, tumble down, be spit. کرنے پڑتے Stumbling and falling. With diffoulty, with much ado. To perch or alight on; descend; fall upon. Te befall (a calamity); betide. To sink; to be lowered; depressed. price; to abate. To be allayed; to fall (wind). To attack, assault. To fall in one's esteem or regard. reduced or degraded. To drop down dead; to fall in battle. To be affected with (Fālij or naslā girnā). To be beaten, overthrown, vanquished. miscarry. To be taken with; to pursue or go after. To fall upon, hear upon.

- s. گرنته granth or giranth, (प्रन्थ) s. i.
  A code, a book, particularly the book
  of the Sikh religion composed by.
  Nānak Shāh. (प्रनिय) granthi, A knot
- 8. گرنته کار granth-kār, (प्रन्थकार) a.m.
  An author, book-maker, compiler.
- P. گرو girau, s. m. A wager, bet. Pledge, pawn, gage, deposit.
- s. guru, (IT) adj. Important, weighty, heavy, honourable, respectable. s. m. A spiritual guide, tator, pastor, a religious teacher; the planet Jupiter. (gur gyānī) A wise man; sage. One who is revered or held in reverence. A consummate knave. Lid Acop. To become a scholar (chelā honā).
- band, troop, people, levy of people, company, crew, sect, group. A collection or party of men; a gang. A class; order.
- e. گروی girwi, adj. Pledged, pawned.
  s. f. An insect mischievous to standing corn.
- P. گرویدگی girawida-gi, s. f. Admiring, following, adoring, adherence, attachment.
- p. گرویده girawida, part. pass. of گرویده adj. Attracted, attached

to admiring, enamoured, captivated; a believer, a follower, slave.

- P. گروی نامته girwi-nāma, s. m. A deed of mortgage.
- grihastha, (dunyā-dār) adj. A house-holder, a man of the second class, or he who, after having finished his studies and been invested with the sacred thread, performs the duties of the master of a house and father of a family; a peasant, a husbandman:

  s. m. Domestic or worldly affairs. Husbandry, agriculture. Housekeeping. (dakh.) Trusty, worthy of trust.
- s. m. An eclipse. Seizing, taking, acceptance. Assent, agreement.
- B. گری gurri, s.f. Parched barley, (bauhri). [cocos-nut.
- H.  $\partial g$  ar i, s. f. The kernel of the
- reel for twisting a thread or string.

  ¶ A haystack, a rick, a stack; a small mound raised between heaps of corn and bhūsā on the threshing floor.
- gar-i, in compos. s. f. Acting, trade, office. ¶ gire, s. The neck.
- P. گریستی giryān, (part. act. of گریستی)
  adj. Weeping. Weeper.
- وریانی عن giryān-ī, s. f. Weeping.
- P. گریبان gire-bān, s. m. A collar, bosom (of a garment), cape. Pocket, (fig.) the neck. گریبان گیر adj. Seizing by the collar; an accuser, a pro-

- عریبان .To confess and be ashamed of one's faults.
- to fly) s. f. گریز و to fly) s. f. Flight, escape, deviation. (Rhet.) A diversion, digression, abhorrence, aversion, dislike, abstinence, fasting, regression. part. act. (in compos.)

  Fugitive, fleeing. گریزی adj. Fugitive, runaway. gurez k., v. a. To shun, avoid, evade. [gitive, fleeing.
- P. گريزان guris-ān, (part. act.) adj. Fu-
- P. کریوه garewa or girewa, s. m. A low hill or high mound, an acclivity, a ravine, steep or difficult pass.
- P. گریه girya, (H. ronā pitnā) s. m. Crying, weeping, lamentation, plaint.
  گریه و زاری
  s. f. Bewailing. گریه و زاری
  To weep, cry, lament.
- s. 声 gur, (司号) s. m. Molasses, treacle, the produce of the first inspissation of the juice of the cane, raw or coarse sugar. (司号河) Mangoes boiled with meal and sugar, resembling mango fool. (Cut mangoes into thin slices and boil in sirup, adding water if required; when soft put them into melted ghī. gur kī bhelī, s. f.
  - A lump of raw sugar. S. m. A preparation of tobacco and treacle for smoking. gurdhānī, Parched wheat and sugar.
- guṛ-ākū, or گراگو guṛ-āqū (TEL. آگو Leaf) s. Tobacco prepared for the huqqa.
- B. (dakh.) گذید garbar, adv. See گذید s. (dakh.)

  Disturbance, confusion. Mismanagement, anarchy. گزیز هون (dakh.)

  To be confused or alarmed. adj. Miscellaneous, motley.
- H. گراقر gurbur, s. f. See گراتر

- H. گربتا garbarā, s. m. Bustle, confusion. Motion of the bowls, borborygmi.
- B. گربتانا garbarānā, v. n. (dakh.) To be alarmed or confused. To rumble (the bowels).
- H. ביינו מיים garbarā-haṭ, s. f. Confusion, fright, alarm, bustle, disturbance.
- H. گربرتی garbarī, s. (dakh.)

   Garī, s. (dakh.)

   See

   گربرتاهت

   [(dakh.)

   Lost, absent.
- عرب garap, (from غرب) adj.
- arap, s. m. A gulp. گڙي .
- H. گڙينگه gar-pankh, s. m. A large winged bird. (Fac.) One who wears loose wide garments. [blind.
- TEL. گڙپ gurup, adj. (dakh.) Dark,
- یار gartī, s.m. (dakh.) Friend:
- a عرب المعتادة garachohā, s. (المعتادة) Thicket or thick close wood or branches: see
- gard, adj. or adv. (dakh.) Extremely, very.
- H. گڙيا garariyā, s. m. Shepherd: see
- a. پائل garar, s. m. (गहड) A kind of kite with a white neck. گزاری A kind of stone used in medicine. [see
- H. ਪੈਲੀ gurgā, s. (dakh.) The knee:
- roaring. s. f. The rumbling sound made by the water in a huqqa. I gurgur, Rumbling (of the bowels).
- garyar-āṭ, s. f. (dakh. گرگرانا) Thundering, bellowing, roaring.
- H. של garzarānā, v. n. To thunder;

- to bellow, roar (as a lion, &c.). ¶ gurgurānā, v. n. To'rumble (the bowels). ¶ girgirānā, v. a. To beseech, implore earnestly and humbly, beg for in a whine.
- H. گتگتی gurgurë, s. f. A small kuqqa,
  a kind of pipe for smoking.
- H. گزگنجال garganjal, adj. Miscellane ous, motley.
- H. گون پر gargādar, s. m. Any old tattered clothes, rags and tatters. See
- n. گڙگي gurgi, s. f. (dakh.) Breeches or short drawers, reaching below the knee and fitting tight.
- عنا و التا garnā, from (التا A hole)

  v. n. To penetrate, enter, be driven into the earth (as, a stake, &c.), be fixed, fix, lie, sink, to be depressed, be buried: (dakh. also) to bear the mark, have the signs or traces left behind.
- و عربه على guramba, s. m. (dakh.) See
- game, tipcat. A mode of incantation performed for the destruction of any person (māraṇ), to secure his affection (mohan), to subject him to obedience (basīkaraṇ), to imprison him or deprive him of the power of action or speech (stambhan), to drive him away (uchchāṭan), or to call him (ākarshaṇ). Certain words are pronounced over an effigy of the person, or his name in writing, which is afterwards buried. [boast.
- H. گانگی garang, barang, s. f. Breg
- H. گزنگ garang, s. (dakh.) A magazine: see
- garwānā, (causal of کڙوانا) v.a.
  To cause to be buried or driven inte
- garonā, (causal of گرفا) ۲. a. To pierce, to perforate, to bore, to stick into, drive in.
- e. س. اگذهه garh, (see گزه ه. m. A cestie,

a hole, a pit, ravine, an abyss: (in dakh.) a valley.

H. לים guphā, s. m. A beam of a ship; the cross timber of a boat.

H. Libes garhana, (caus. of Libes) v. a.

To cause to form by hammering, to cause to make. [make, fashion.

#. عرصة garhat, (كرهنا) s. f. Form,

form by hammering. To make, form, shape, fashion. v.n. To be made, formed, or fashioned.

garhnā, v.n. To be driven down (as, a stake), to be buried, sunk, كاڙها دد. See

ع. عاموار garhwār, adj. Coarse, thick.

lage fortification of mud flanked with towers, a castle.

اری و مرتزی و

TEL. گری guṇī, s. f. (dakh.) An idol

gari, s. f. (dakh.) Castle: see گری . [A humble or poor bride.

ਸ. گڙيا guriyā, s. f. (कुइंटी) A doll.

gas, s. m. An instrument for measuring with, a yard measure, a foot rule; the bow of a fiddle; an ell (varying formerly from about 33 English inches upwards; and now fixed by government at 36 inches). A ramrod, rammer. [ing, hurting. s. Loss, hurt.

P. كزيدن gazā, part. act. (of كزيدن) Bit-

gusār, (In comp.) Paying; executing, as māl-guzār a rent-payer or tenant. گزارش s. f. Representa-

tion; statement (بياري) Request (ardās). كزارنا (Pesh k.) To bring to pass. To pass the time; to live. To state; exhibit. To lay before. gusrā, adj. Lapsed; passed away. s. m. (کزران) (h. ghāt,). A ferry. A toll bar. Stay; abode. guzāra k., v. To get along with difficulty; to inst manage to live. کزر s.m. passage; ingress and egress; access. A road; way. Escape. A jurisdiction. كزاشت s. f. Deductions. A grant of land. گزران s. f. Living; course of life. Livelihood. gusrān yā guzar k., v. a. To subsist; live: pass one's days. To drag on one's days (din kāṭnā). كزرنا v. n. To pass; elapse. To die; expire. dar-guzarna, dar guzar k., (see اباز آنا). To overlook; excuse. گزری s. f. A market held in the afternoon by the road side. guzrī lagānā, v. a. To lay out things for sale. [Last; preceding.

P. گزشته guzashtah, adj. Elapsed; past.

p. گزاف gisāf or guzāf, s. f. Vanity; vain, rash, absurd talk or act.

اجر gasar, s. A carrot : see گزر

with wine, opinm, &c.). A devil. A sweetmeat of sesamum and sugar.

p. گزند guzand, or gazand, s. f. m. Misfortune, calamity, loss, injury, mischief, harm. [stinging.

P. گزندگی garanda-gi, s. f. Biting,

P. گزیدی gazanda, part. act. (of گزیدی)
Biting, stinging; (subst.) any venomous reptile that bites or stings.

H. كزنة gazna, gizna, s. A nettle.

P. گزی gasī, s. f. A thin coarse kind of cloth (of cotton). [ing, to bite.

gazidan, inf. or verb. n. Bit-

- P. گزیدنی gazīdan-ī, adj. To be bitten.
- P. گزیدی guzīda, part. pass. (گزیدی) Chosen, select, having chosen, &c. ¶ gazīda, part. pass. (گزیدی) Bitten.
- p. (chārah). nā-gusīr, adj. Unavoidable; inevitable. ¶ gasīr or gisīr, s. A person who collects the taxes of a town and pays them to the taḥsīl-dār, a manager or agent; a commander, a hero, the night watch.
- P. گزیدی gusin, part. act. (of گزیدی)
  in compos. Choosing, adopting, pre
  the rring, electing. خلوت گزین
  Fond of retirement, a hermit.
- P. کساری) in compos. Letting go, taking away, drinking or dissipating (wine, grief).
- گوسائیں gusā'īn, s. m. Bee گسائیں ۔
- P. کستان gustāki, adj. Presumptuous, impudent, arrogant, insolent, audacious (بے ادب) saucy, abrupt. کستان adv. Presumptuously, arrogantly: adj. see
- P. گستاخی gustākh-ī, s. f. Presumption, arrogance, assurance, rudeness, contempt (of court), cruelty. گستاخی To presume, to be arrogant, &c.
- in compos. Spreading, strewing, scattering, diffusing; spreader, dispenser, administrator.
- gustarda, part. pass. (کستردی) Spread, having spread.
- s. m. (H. پهيری) Surrounding, going round, or beat (especially, of guards patroling), walk, walking, tour, perambulation, strolling. A procession. [returned, become.
- P. Lims yashta, part. pass. Turned,

- P. گشتی gasht-i, s. m. Watch, sentinel, patrole; s. f. Presents to a revenue officer on his tour.
- P. كف gaf, adj. Close-woven; stout
- P. كفتى guṣtār, (كفتى to speak) s. f. Speech (bāt), discourse, speaking, saying, telling.
- P. كفتكو guft-gū, s. f. (H. bātckīt, bolchāl). Conversation, discourse, dialogue, chitchat. [say, saying.
- P. کفتی guftan, inf. or verb. noun. To
- P. گفتنی guftan-i, adj. Fit to be told or spoken.
- guft-o-shanad, s. f. Discourse, altercation, expostulation, debate, controversy. contention.
- گفتگو guft-o-gū, s. f. See گفت و گو
- P. گفتی gufta, part. pass. (of گفتی)
  Spoken, told.
- قار المجازة و gagar, على المجازة و gagari, على المجازة و gagari, على المجازة و gagari, على المجازة و على المجازة و المجازة و
- g a g a n, (गाण) a. m. Sky (āsmān), firmament, heaven, regions

or expanse above; (dakh. also) adj. Lofty, towering, sublime.

P. J gul, s. m. (H. phūl.) A rose, s flower. An ornament. The snuff of a candle. The albugo, speck or pearl in the eye; leucoma. A round spot of lime applied to the temples in inflammation of the eyes. A seton, an issue, a mark made by burning, brand, a seared flesh. Balls of charcoal, used for burning the tobacco in a hugge. The caput mortuum of tobacco left on the tile of a hugga after smoking. s. m. The name of a كل اشرفي . (Plumeria alba). Name of a flower. Calendula. Linum trigynum. كل افشان Scattering roses, strewed with flowers. کل اندام .Salep اناس کی جرّ

adj. Slender, delicate, of a pleasing nature. كل باندهنا To char the end of the match of a gun. کلبرگ s.m A rose-leaf. (met.) A mistress, lip (dakh.) كل بهولسرى (dakh.) Name of a flower (Mimusops elengi) کل بیل Menispermum cordifolium كل ييادة heart-leaved moon seed. كل ييادة s. m. A species of rose without smell. s. f. Delicacy of person كل جعفرى Tagetes patula. كل Ung. To drop the charred part (a match)٠ چاندنې ع. ٤. name of a flower. The moon flower. ad j. Labouring under کل چشم albugo. كل جهرة adj. Rosy-faced. To be addicted to كل pleasure. To live expensively. A flower-gatherer, gardener, s. f. The gathering of roses or flowers. Name of a flower (Plumeria alba). كل خطمي كل خيرو Marshmallows flower. s. m. Chinese and Persian hollyhock. كلدار .(Alcea rosea: Althea rosea) ad j. Spotted. گلدان s. m. flowerpot. كل داودى Chrysanthemum indicum. كلدسته s. m. nosegay; bouquet. A hand of three or four picture cards. كل دينا To Scar (dag dena), make an issue. كلر خ or کل رخسار adj. Rosy-cheeked. s. m. A beautiful delicate adj. گلرنگ adj. coloured, red. كلرو adj. Rosy, ruddy, (used substant.) A mistress,

a sweetheart. کلریز Scattering roses, a sort of fireworks, matches with or s. m. f. A کلزار garden (or bed) of roses. A wellpopulated town. كل سورنجان s. m. Flower of the hermodactyl plant. كل سورى .(Colchicum illyricum) s. f. A Persian (Syrian) rose very fragrant. گل سوسی ع. f. A lily. s. f. Tuberose. (Polianthes s. f. Cons.m. See کل صد برگت s.m. See .m. كل عباس .The sun. صد برك s.m. The name of a plant, marvel of كل عذار . (Mirabilis jalapa). كل عذار adj. Rosy-cheeked. كلفام adj. Rosecoloured, like the rose; a mistress. s. m. The name of a کل فرنگ flower (Vinca rosea). كلفشان adj. Scattering flowers or strewed with s. f. Scattering كلفشاني flowers. کل قند s. m. Conserve of roses, candied roses. كل كاتنا To snuff a candle. کل کاری s. f. Flowering. Painting of flowers. كل كترنا To snuff a candle, trim a lamp. To calumniate. کل کرنا To extinguish (a candle or lamp). کل کهانا To be cauterized or to cauterize one's self. (A practice among lovers, who burn themselves with heated pieces of coin, to recommend themselves by their fortitude to the notice of their mistresses). كل كهلانا v.a. To throw a squib at one. To sow dissension; canse a disturbance. To make a joke at another's expense. کل کهلنا v. n. To open (a bud). To turn out or happen (anything wonderful). To be divulged, betrayed. کل کشت s. m. Walking in the garden; recreation.

gil, s. f. Earth, clay, (mittī), bole. كل ارمنى s. f. armeniac or Armenian bole. كل s. f. Imbankment; causeway. The cost or repairs of an embankment, etc. کل حکمت gil-i-أكل در hikmat, s. f. Lute, cement. (lit.) To throw earth on earth (said when, in burying the dead, earth is thrown immediately on the corpse; whereas, the usual custom is, after depositing it in the grave, to lay planks over it and then fill up the remaining cavity with earth). 1, 15 s. m. Cor. for آب earth and کل from کلایت water. See gārā.

s. لا gal, (आल) s. m. Throat, neck, gullet. (gāl) Cheek. A mouthful. (Panj). A word; saying; thing. كل بوتى s. f. The stomach and intestines. كل بهتال تال To throw one's arms around another's neck. gal-sarī, s. f. A necklace worn by married women. gal-muchchhen, long curled whiskers; hooked moustaches; heavy dragoons. ¶ (dakh. also) Gallows, gibbet. كل دين تاك تو له المناف الم

H. De gal, s. (dakh.) A fishing-hook. g. L galā, (गल) s. m. The throat, neck, gullet. Voice. A tube; funnel. (کلنا) adj. Rotten, melted, wasted. (dakh. also) Modulation of the voice. لا اتهانا (lit. to lift up the throat). To apply acrid substances, such as pepper, &c. to the uvula of a child, when it becomes hoarse, or loses its voice from the relaxation of that part. Il vicalia To insnare one's self, especially in the bonds of or To be hourse. کلا بیتهنا or ازترا لا ديانا . To hand, choke كلا يهانسنا To strangle. Will To cut the throat. کلا کهونتنا To throttle, choke, strangle, hold by the throat. کلے ہے تا To seek the friendship of one who is averse from it. کلے کا هار an. A necklace. A child who always clings to his mother's skirt. A short woman married to a tall man. An en-To sock کلے کا هار هونا To sock and persist in a quarrel or dispute, tease, plague, importune. To seek with ardour the friendship or affection of any one; to persecute with kindness or attention. W. n. To import کلے مندھنا To importune.

a. M. gullä, (गुड or गोल Globe, ball. s. m. A pellet shot from a pellet-bow.

P. IS gilā, s. m. See als

H. M. gallā, s. m. (Cor. of P. Mc) A pocket (jeb). A back room. A privy.

TEL. I gullā, s. (dakh.) The worm or animal that inhabits any univalve or spiral shell.

P. كلاب و الم g u l-ā b, s. m. Rosewater.

(Hind.) A rose. باك علاب والله s. f.

A bottle from which rosewater is sprinkled. ياشى s. f. Rose-

water-sprinkling. کلاب پاشی کرنا To sprinkle with rosewater.

- P. <u>s</u>. گلاب جادی gulāb-jāman, s. f.
  The rose-apple. (Eugenia jambos).
  A sweetmeat.
- P. گلابی gulāb-ī, s. m. Rose-colour. A red wine, ruby wine. s. f. Bottle, flagon for holding wine. A kiud of sweetmeat. adj. Of rosewater, of roses, roseate. گلابی جازا s. m. The spring season, whilst the sun is in the Fish and the Ram; mild weather. see سنس جامی (dakh.)
- powder dyed red (generally, the meal of barley, rice or singhārā, dyed with baqqam, baqam wood), which the Hindus throw on each other in the holī.
- H. July gilān, s. f. (कानि) Moisture (tarī). Aversion; disgust.
- e. نالا galānā, (الحَمَّ or caus. of الكُنْ)

  v. a. To melt, to dissolve. To soften.

  To waste away, to squander. الادينا

  v. a. To waste.
- galā'ū, (ill) adj. or s. Soluble, septical, weakening; melter, dissolver. ¶ galā'o, s. m. Solution.
- eomp. of كلا and آب s. m. Prepared clay, dirt, mud, clay-mortar.
- علرت galāwaṭ, (from کلارث s. f. Solution, dissolving.
- P. 8, ll gilāwa, s. m. See Isl
- P. كلبانك gulbāng, s. f. Warbling. Fame, rumour. Sound. The war cry, the cry of Allāh Allāh when rushing to battle. Glad tidings.
- P. كلبكن gul-badan, s. m. A kind of silk cloth. adj. With a body like the

- rose (epithet of a mistress or of a beautiful person).
- P. Lun, B. m. A rose-tree.
- gal-boṭi, s. f. (dakh.)

  The windpipe, gullet, stomach and intestines. [angle of the mouth.
- عليهرًا .gal-pharā, s. m. The jaws:
- gul-tarāsh, s. m. Snuffers.
- s. P. کل تکییه gal-takiya, s. m. A small round pillow for the neck or cheek.
- H. كلتنى galtani, s. f. Part of the headstall of a bridle.
- H. # gilat, s. m. A protuberance, hard swelling, gland, knot, tumour, scirrhus.
- guljharī, (নাই Ball r. হাই
  Form into a mass or matted) s. f.
  Conglomeration, knot, a tangled web.
  Knitting the brow. The bull's eye in
  a target. كل جهرى دلك Grief,
  displeasure, mental uneasiness. A
  misunderstanding; sore.
- P. كل چكان gul-chikān, s. m. The flowers of mahū'ā (Bassia latifolia.).
- p. کلخار gul-khār, s.m. The flower of the bhat kaṭaiyā (Solanum jacquini).
- p. کلخی gul-khan, s. m. A stove.
- s. P. کخور gal-khor, s. m. A horse's halter. [(bulbul).
- P. کلام gul-dum, s. A nightingale
- gal-denā, (गहा Throat) v. a.

  To throttle, to choke, to kill or execute by hanging.
- p. کلستان gul-iston or gul-sitan, s. m. A rose warden. The name of a celebrated work written by مصلے الدیں of Shīrāz.
- 8. كل Neck, and كل Neck, and sihrā, Garland) على sihrā, Garland) على

ornament worn round the neck by married women.

- gul-shan, s. m. A rose-garden, a flower garden. Flowered net. A delightful spot, place of enjoyment adj. Cheerful. [horse).
- s. P. گل کهر gal-khor, s. Halter (for a
- H. WW galgal, s. m. A citron. A species of starling. Name of a bird. A mixture of lime and linseed oil forming a kind of mortar impenetrable to water.
- H. LUS gulgulā, s.m. (गुड्गाहा)
  Sweet cakes fried in butter, oil, ghī, or, wheat flower, sugar and dahī, with anise and cardamom seeds, made into dumplings and fried in ghī.
- e. Ullis galgalānā, (Ulls) v. a. To soften, mollify. [move.

TEL. UILL gulgulānā, v. n (dakh.) To

- ع. كىللانا) s. f. Softness.
- gulgulī, s. f. (dakh.) Swollen rice mixed with molasses formed into balls: see
- P. كلكون gul-gūn, adj. Rose-coloured, roseate, damask; name of a horse of Shīrīn the mistress of Farhād.
- P. كال كونة gul-gūn-a, s. m. Cosmetic, (dakh.) adj. See
- P. گلگیر gul-jī!, s. m Snuffers.
- gal-muchh, s. (dakh.)

  Long curled whiskers, hooked moustaches.
- ع. الله galnā, (المجالة) v.n. To melt.

  (الله or المجلة) To be boiled, cooked. Chāral gal gas. To rot; spoil Phal gal gayā. To mortify; drop off (fingers) To sink (a well or pier); settle down. To be forfeited, lost. To be sold in great quantities. To be frozen or frost-bitten. Ladj. Melted; boiled; rotten; soft. Dissolved waste, be dissolved, be wasted or thrown away.

- p. کل انار gul-nār or کلنار gul-i-anār, or مناری s. m. The flower of the pomegranate. Scarlet (colour).
- P. گلناری رنگ gulnār-ī-rang, s. m.
  The colour of the gul-nār, carnation colour.
- P. كال gulā (or galā,) s. m. The gullet, the throat, the windpipe: (dakh.) also Modulation of the voice. Modulation of the voice. كاوكلو علي adj. Seizing by the throat; any acrid food or drink that constringes the palate or jaws; being so affected in the throat by trepidation or other cause as to be unable to speak; (figuratively) an accuser. كاوبند a. m. Neck cloth, cravat: a horse's collar.
- H. كلورى gilaurī, s. f. Betel-leaf prepared and folded up (bīrā).
- P. كل gila, s. m. (shikvah) Complaint (انكانا), lamentation, reproach, blame, accusation, remonstrance. ¶ galle, s. m. A flock, herd, drove. كله بانى s. m. Pastor, shepherd, herdsman. كله بانى s. f. Keeping of a flock. (Hind.) A vessel in which shopkeepers put money received for things sold in the course of the day, a till.
- a. على هار عه. g a l-h ā r, (गरुहार) هـ (dakh.) Necklace. ¶ (from گلنا) adj. Soluble, corruptible.
- H. Sals gulhatti, s. f. Rice gruel, or rice and water boiled together and seasoned with salt. Rice boiled to a pap, with the addition of ghi. [gilauri.
- H. Jall gilahrā, s. m. A case for
- H. کلهری gilahri, s. f. (কাতকা) A squirtel. (Met.) An endearing term applied to a young child.
- p. گلی gil-i, adj. Of earth or clay, earthen, earthy, clayey, argillaceous. ¶ gul-i, s. f. (dakh) Red coral.

P. گلی gili, s. f. (dakh. said to be for P. گرة girih). A sort of wooden ball.

H. Silli, s. f. A span (measure of circumference; i. e., the circle formed by joining the ends of the thumb and forefinger). An ear of Indian corn (Zea mays) from which the seeds have been taken out. The short stick in the game of tip-cat, which is دَندا struck by the longer one called To play at tip. گلی ڈنڈا کھیلنا cat. To idle away one's time. کند و (dakh.) The game of tip-cat: ¶ gali. A lane, narrow street, alley. s. m. A narrow lane. Lanes and alleys. ¶ gulli, s. f. (H gol round). A whetstone, a polishing stone. A kind of pigeon. Corn-cob; The flower of the kcorā. honey-comb. Bank mainak.

- H. كليار galiyārā, s. m. A broad street or lane, in a village.
- 2. Und galiyānā, v. a. (from IIII)

  To abuse, call names. (from III)

  To cram (á horse, &c.), to force food or medicine down the throat.
- عليرى gileri, s. f. (dakh.) A squirrel.
- علیل gulail or gulel, (see گلیل perhaps from Pers. گلوله or (गोरुः)
  A ball) s. f. A pellet-bow.
- gilim, s. (dakh.) A kind of garment made of goat's hair or wool, used also as a carpet.

anonymous; ignoble, inglorious. Unknown to fame. گم هون v. n. To be missing or lost,

- H. La gummā, s. m. A large brick.
- P. كماشته gumāshta, part. pass. (of to appoint.) Commissioned: s. m. An agent, a deputy, representative, correspondent (karpardāz).
- P. گمان gumān, s. m. (بهرم) Opinion, fancy, notion, supposition, imagination, suspicion, distrust. Pride.

  To imagine, fancy, doubt, suspect; to be proud, haughty.
- P. گمانی gumān-ā. adj. Suspicious, doubting, distrustful; a proud person.
- H. گمبهیر gambhīr, adj. (गंभीर) A deep, profound. Grave, serious, sedate, solemn. گمبهیر s. m. A large boil on the back.
- H. گمت gammat, s. f. (dakh.) Diversion, amusement, fun, play, luxury, occupation, business: see مشلل A society, company, class. A confederacy (اتفاق). Use, profit. A bargain.
- g. عدت gamat, (गमध) s. m. A read.
- н. گمتی gammat-ī, adj. (dakh.) Gamesome, sportive, funny, cheerful.
- H. کمتا gumṭā, s. A swelling or tumour from a blow: see
- E. گمتّی gimțī, s. f. Cor. of Eng.
- gumchi, s. f. (dakh.) Seed of Abrus precatorius, which is either red or white, and much used in forming ornaments of dress; by goldsmiths, too, it is used as a weight: see
- p. 8). As gum-rah, ad j. Erring, fallen away, wandering, astray, deprayed, abandoned, gum-rah karna. To mislead, bewilder, lose,

كنخ

seduce, gum-rāh h, v.n. To lose one's way; deviate; go astray. To apostatize; become a heretic.

- P. گهراهی gum-rāh-ī, b. f. Error, depravity.

  P. گهراهی gum-rah-ī,
- Deviation, apostacy.
- H. Lund gumsā, adj. Musty.
- H. Samak, s. f. Sound of the kettledrum, violent shake or clash in music. The roll of the drum. A beat, a march. Smell. [To pass (time)-
- 2. Lias gamna, (गमन) v. n. (dakh.)
- bute, merit, skill, cleverness, understanding, virtue, excellence, mode, method, manner. A property of humanity (غفت) (see under humanity (غفت)) A string, rope, small trackrope. Favour, kindness. Effect, advantage (phal). Cause; reason. (Arith.) Multiplication (zarab).
- in composition denoting) Fold, turn, time; as, سوکنا A hundred fold, centuple.
- H. US gannā, s. m. Sugar-cane (Saccharum officinarum): also, (dakh.) the tasteless or insipid reed or cane (Arundo fatua): Comp. Lat canna, Eng. cane, cannon, yun, canoe, &c.
- ginnā or gannā, (गणन r. गण)
  v. a. (gintī k.) To count, calculate,
  (shumār k.), compute. To take into
  account, regard.
- g. الله ginānā, v. a. (dakh.) Bee الله على الله
- P. Sis gunāh, s.m. A fault, crime, sin, (Pāp), guilt. gunāh ba!:hshnā, v. a. To pardon one's sin. gunāh sābit k. v. a. To convict one of sin. gunāh se bachnā, v. n. To avoid sin. gunāh-i-kabīrah. A grievous sin. [minal.
- P. کاهگار gunāh-ṣār, s. A sinner, ori-

- P. كننگ يسته ه s. m. A vault, an arch, c u p o l a, d o m e, tower.

  P. كننگ يسته يسته ي (F.c.) The belly of a pregnant woman. كننگ علن.

  Vaulted, arched. (H. ubhrā) Connex, in relief. [shaped.
- P. كنيذى gumbaṣ-ī, adj. Arched, dome-
- 8. كنبير gambhīr, } (गम्भीर) adj.
- gambhīrā, Deep (as water, but also used metaphorically). Serious, thoughtful, sedate, grave.
- s. צונים ganit, (or dakh. ginst)
  (זוֹעוֹתוֹ) s. f. Arithmetic, numeration, calculation, number.
- gintī, (নিলিন) s. f. (shumār)

  Number, reckoning, account. Musterroll. The first and last days of the month. gintī ke, adj. Few (chand).
- rel. Lis guntā, s. m. (dakh.) Spring, fountain, pool, tank. [tiyas ka gonthā.
- H. Lis ganthā, s. m. A flake, clove.
- and r. स्त Cut) s. m. A cutpurse.
- ع. هوتنگ ganṭha, s. m. (dakh.) See
- s. m. A granary, heap, treasure, treasury, hoard, market, mart. An emporium for grain. A case. گنے کشر adj. Generous, liberal, extravagant کنے گاو ganj-i-gāw. One of the great treasures of Jamshīd. کانے گاو Treasure-book.
- ganj, (الجَالَ) s.m. The seed of Abrus precatorius, or the shrub itself. [ness, (Tinea capitis)-
- H. Zis ganj, s. m. A scaldhead, bald-

- H. Scaldheaded, bald.
- s. کنج gunjā, (गुंजा) s. f. See کنج gunj.
- H. گنجان gunjān, adj. Thick, close dense.
- H. گنجانی gunjān-ī, s. f. Thickness, closeness.
- entaining, holding, room (samāi); profit. (The word is applied in fiscal language to the capabilities of a village, particularly with reference to a proposed increase of revenue).
- P. گنجانشی gunjā ish-ī, adj. Lucrative profitable. [see كنجشك
- P. Singis gunjishk, s. f. A sparrow:
- P. dosis ganjifa, s. m. See dausis
- H. Similari, s. f. (dakh) An aromatic grass, Andropogon scheenanthes. [Treasurer.
- P. Sanj.ūr, for ganj.war, s. m.
- H. Asis ganja, adj. See sis
- TEL. کنجی ganj;, s. f. Pottage, rice gruel, rice congy.
- P. كنجيد gunjida, part. pass. (of كنجيد) Contained, gathered in.
- P. Abisis ganjifa, s. m. A pack of cards, a game of cards. [a magazine]
- P. die Sganj-ina, s. m. A treasury
- gand, (गन्ध) s. f. Stink, filth, ordure, smell (bās).
- এ। ই gand-ā, (गन्ध) adj. Stinking, filthy.
- P. Link, stench. Filth (ghilāzat).

  Thickness,

  gunda-gī, s. f. Thickness,

  ganda-gī, s. f.

  Stink, stench. Filth (ghilāzat).
- P. كندم gandum, (H. gehān) गोधूम)
  s. m. Wheat, gandum-i-kirmānī, Ver-

- micelli gundum-gūn, or gandum-rang, or gundumī. adj. Swarthy, brown, brownish yellow, russet, tawny.
- s. الكان gandanā ( المجالة Smell, odour)

  F. m. Barley inserted in onions and sown. A leek. (Allium porrum).
- scent, stench. Sandalwood or other odorous matter ground and rubbed on the person or on idols. gandh na suhānā, v. a. To shun one's company.
- P. كندة ganda, (المجالة Odour) adj.

  Fetid, stinking, filthy, dirty, putrid, rancid. Obscene, indecent. Ill-tempered, sour. كندة عند الله عند الله
- P. عند gunda, a d j. Coarse, thick,
- andhār, (गान्धार) s. m. The name of a Rāg or musical mode.
- s. كندهك gandhak, (गन्धक) s. f.
  Brimstone.
- gandh-i, (মান্থিন)s. m. A,
  person who sells rose water, essences
  and atr; a perfumer. A green bug.
- H. كندهكى gandhki, s. m. The flying or green bug.
- عندهيلا . gandh-īlā, adj. Stinking.
- gum) adj. Producing gum (a tree). ¶ ganduilā, s. Name of a grub destructive to chanā and arhar.
- TRL كُنْكُ ¿anḍ, s (dakh.) Calamity, from the evil influence of the stars.
- ब. اگنگا gandā, s. m. (गंड) A ring, a circle. A strjng mede of three cotton

or silk threads (white, black and red) tied together by knots placed at certain distances and worn after the manner of a necklace by children of both sexes from their earliest infancy till they are ten or eleven years of age; being considered as an amulet of the greatest efficacy against the fascination of an evil eye. conchs or shells fixed on a string and worn as ornaments, collars, as well as for amulets round the necks of horses: or plates of gold or silver, of an acuminate heart shape, which are strung and fastened round the necks of horses for the like purposes. The ring or collar round the neck of a turtle dove or ringdove. (for गंडक) Denotes the number four; counting by fours; (four kauris or pice). (Brij.) Dependance.

- B. گنگا gunḍā, adj. Foppish, rakish, a bad, loose, or dissolute character. A rascal, a rogue.
- TEL. گنڈا گنڈی ganḍā-gunḍī, s. f. (dakh.) Wickedness, mischief.
- ed grass or twine made to support a round-bottomed jar: see
- 8. گنڌ ع gandak, (河宮南) adj (dakh.) Of or relating to گنڌ TEL. گنڌ gandam, s.m. Calamity, misfortune, fatal accident: see
- s. শুল্লানু (গ্রাহ্মান্তা) s. m. Inflammation of the glands of the neck. The king's evil, scrophula, the goitre of the Alps.
- gundī, (可言) s. (dakh.) A boss, stud, button, knob: a certain plant or tree. [ardly (gāndū)]
- H. گندی gandī, adj. Impotent, cow.
- gandyā, (गंड) s. (dakb.) A catumite. See گنڌيا.

- ganderi, (प्रन्थि) s. f. A joint or piece or segment of sugar-cane: (dakh. also) a joint, a knot.
- flock, class, multitude. An advanced guard. Simbhu ganr. Inferior deities, demigods. A series of lunar mansions classed under the three heads of gods, men, and demons. (Gram.) A series of roots or words belonging to the same rule and called after the first word of the series.
- P. گنگ gang, s. m. Name of a river.
  See لنگ
- p. گنگی g u n g, adj. Dumb, speechless. A humming sound in the ear.
- عنگ gang, s. f. A river, a stream.

  In two streams (a river).
- s. Lis gangā, (गंगा) s. f. The river Ganges. The goddess.
- H. Kis gungā, adj. (dakh.) Dumb. See

  Kis Tel. s. m. A snail shell, any
  spiral univalve shell, a species of
  fresh-water snail.
- gangā-jamnē, s. f. A kind of ear-ring. adj. Mixed, as oil and butter. Made of gold and silver, or of brass and copper.
- H. U. Sungunānā, v. n. (ATT tepid)

  (kunkunā.) To be milk-warm. To snuffle, to sing slowly or with a low voice. To speak through the nose. To speak or sing to oneself, to hum. (TEL. dakh.) To mutter, to grumble, mumble, murmur, speak inarticulately.
- g. Liis ginnā, v. a. To count: see Lis
- s. m. A countryman, villager, boom, clown, churl, rustic, a clown, boom, churl, peasant; a stupid person. كنوار adj. Clownish (ujaq). Stupid.
- s. الله guṇwān, (गुणत्रान्) adj. Possessed of talent or virtue; virtuous, accomplished, skilful.

- lose, throw away, get rid of, spend in vain, waste, squander (money, time), pass, trifle. [cause to count.]
- ginwānā, v. a. (نا ginnā) To
- s. گنونت guṇ-want, } (गुणवन्त:) m.
- عنونتا ع guṇ-wantā, Skilful.
- عنونتى guņ-wantī, (गुणवती) f. adj. Skilful.
- P. Jis gunah, s. m. contract. of sis
- P. گنهگار gunah-gār, s. Culprit: see
- P. گنهگاری gunah-çār-ā, s. f. Criminality, guiltiness. Penalty, fine, mulct
- of any quality or art; skilful, dexterous, virtuous, a perfect man, a saint. Snake-catcher, one who charms the snakes, a sorcerer, conjurer.
- gani, s. Name given to the coarse bags made from the fibres of the Pat (Corchorus capsularis), derived from Gania, a name which Rumphius gave to the Pat from some native source.
- H. Lis guniyā, s. m. (A. mazrūb-fīh.)

  The multiplicand. A carpenter's square.
- a Hindū divinity. The Janus of the Hindūs. The god of wisdom, represented with an elephant's head and four hands and attended by a rat which is his vehicle. He was the son of Mahūdena and of a daughter of the mountain Himālaya, he is the patron of students and shop-keepers, and is invoked at the commencement of every affair of consequence, gober-ganesh, s. (lit.) the image of ganesh made of gahar (cow-dung). A fat dullard, a lubberly fellow, a dunderhead. An arrant fool (27)

- s.  $\int go$  or gau, (गो or गो) s. m. f. Cow, one of the cow kind. adj. Simple. Meek, gentle, inoffensive.
- عره हें प्रमें, (गूथ) a. f. See کو
- Say, suppose; کوکه go-ki or کو Conj. Although; however, notwithstanding that, though, even if. Part. in compos. Saying, speaking, speaker, teller, as bad-go evil speaker. goindah, s. m. An informer, a spy. go or yū, s. A ball, anything round. gau, s. A ditch, pit, hole or den (of a wild beast).
- H. 25 gau, s. (dakh.) A measure of four kos.
- s. عراج gawāchh, (गवाक्ष) s. m. A skylight, a hole to admit light, a lattice, window.
- gawākh, (गवाञ्च) The light admitted by a window.
- P. ) Squwārā, adj. Palatable, digestible. Agreeable, pleasant.
  nā-jarār, Disagreeable, unpleasant, offensive. gawārā k., To bear,
  endure, submit to, take (upon one's self trouble, &c.).
- H. Juar, s. f. A coarse grain, generally given to enttle. Guar khāen ganwār. Prov. Coarse meal for village louts. guār kī phalī, s. f. Guār bean.
- P. وارش guwārish, s. f. Any compound for assisting digestion.
- g. ४। \$ gwāl or çū'āl, } (गोपाल) s. m. g. ४। \$ gwālā, A cow-herd, a milkman.
- ي گوالی gwālin or gwālani, s. f. The wife of a (گوالی) cow-herd, a female of the gwāl caste.
- gawānā, (causal of US) v. a. To cause to sing.

- P. المحالي gawāh or guwāh, s. m. A witness, an evidence. (Plur. كواهاي Witnesses).
- gawāh-ī or guwāh-ī, s. f. Evidence, testimony, written testimony, witness, deposition gawāhī denā. To witness, testify, depose, bear witness to. dilkī gawāhī, Conscience.
- gobar, (गामय) s.m. Cowdung (fresh) used for plustering floors and dried for fuel.
- gobar-ganes, adj. Fut.
- gobarondā, (गोमयकोट) s. m. The name of a beetle found in cow-dung. (Scarabæus).
- gobr, (गामय) s. f. Plaster made with cow-dung and mud: (or, dakh.) cow-dung. [name of Krishna.
- ब. گوبند gobind, (गोविन्द) n. prop. A
- a. كوبى gobhī, (刊简章) s. f. Cabbage. Name of a medicinal herb. Elephantophus scaber, sufaid gobhī, Cacalia sonchifolia. A term in cardplaying.
- gop, s.f. A gold necklace. (dakh.) A kind of sewing in the fashion of a chain. A kind of ornament made of gold and silver threads twisted together.
- s. گوپال go-pāl, (गोपारु) (गो A cow, or the earth, and पारु Who protects)
  s. m. A cow-herd. One of the names of Kṛisina. [throne of iron or of wood
- P. گوپال gūpāl, s. An iron mace. A
- H. غربي  $\dot{g}$  ophan, s. f. A sling (for throwing with gophnā. A sling used by persons stationed on a dāmcha.
- H. إلى gopiyā, s. m. (गिंदिणा) A sling, esp. one used in a field of corn to drive away cattle, birds, &c.

- got, (बाल) s.m. Parentage,
  lineage (اصل), pedigree, race,
  family, tribe, stock of a family. A
  sub-division of any common tribe or
  caste.
- ع. گوت gotar, s. m. (dakh.) See
- s. گوت gautama (or gotam), (गोतम)

  n. prop. The name of a muni, or saint,
  famous in Hindū mythology. He was
  the author of the Nyūņa, or logic, and
  his doctrines corresponded with those
  of Aristotle.
- s. گوتهنا gūthnā, (गुम्तिन) or caus. of كتينا v. a. To plait, braid, thread, string: to stitch: to spit, or put on a spit.
- H. كون got, s. f. (刊记和) The hem of a garment. (dakh.) Feast, entertainment. A piece in chausur and pachchīsī. A village. See 以下 800
- or edging (rather narrow). A preparation of coriander seeds, coconnuts, cardamoms, and coffee, etc. cota kinārī, s. m. Edging of gold or silver lace.
- s. m. Name of an inferior caste among Hindus (sellers of sour milk or buttermilk): a very numerous clan formerly notorious for their cattle thieving propensities. They are chiefly engaged in agriculture. Their importance may be rated by their having given name to the provinces of Gujarāt or Gusarat on the western coast of India and in the Panjāb.
- a. کوجری gūjrī, (المِحَالَ) s. f. Name of a rā iṇī or musical mode. The female of عربی Name of an ornament worn on the wrists and feet. An earthen image representing a milkmaid.
- H. عرب gojhā, s. (गुह्य) A species of thorny grass which springs up during the rains. A pooket (jeb).

of sense, and चर What goes) s. m.
Perception, information. adj. Known, perceived, perceptible. Range of vision or mind. Extent of pasture ground. Conjunction or influence of the planets. Broken and bad ground where cattle mostly graze.

u. گوچتری gochri, s. f. (dakh.) A tike, an animal infesting cattle.

2 25 god, (ATS Bosom, &c.) s. f. The lap, bosom, embrace. Adoption of a child. A cocoanut with some muthia (a sweetmeat) and a nale kā jorī (skein of red thread) presented to a bride at different ceremonies. god bharnā, v. a. To give cocoanut, etc. to a bride. god parārnā. To ask, to beg. god lenā. To adopt (a child).

عرام وَهُوَّةَ, (गोद or गोर्द) s. m.

Brain, marrow, kernel, pith, crumb
(of a loaf, &c.).

godam, s. A warehouse; گردام godown. A heap, store. see

bundle of old clothes, or rags. Any old tattered clothes. Old cotton, espwhat is taken out of an old quilt. A kind of silk stuff. gūdar khail, adj. (applied only to females) Foolish, unmannerly, rude. gūdar sīnā, To stitch together. gūdar kā lāl or gūdar men gandaurā, nikalnā, Good proceeding from evil. ¶ godar, adj. (dakh.) Coarse, thick: see \$1.5 gunda.

ally, a faque's). A bundle.

puncture, goad, tattoo, dot, mark with dots (the skin). To hoe, dig, turn up. To wound one's feelings. To sharpen the edge of the roller of a cotton gin. s. m. Marks of tattooing. A kind of hoe used for digging up sugarcane and the like. [bosom, embrace.

عودی یه  $g \circ d - i$ , (see کودی) s. f. Lap,

ed grass, or twine, made to support a round-bottomed jar. See

P. گور, s. f. (lit. a waste). see گور A tomb, grave, gor par gor karnī. To seek an employment, office or place which is already occupied, gor-ī-ḥharī-bān, A burying ground for strangers or for the poor. gor-kan. A grave-digger. گورستان s. m. A cemetery (قبرستان) s. m. The wild ass: see

H. Jaur, (TH) s. m. A Hin. marriage ceremony in which the future bride is worshipped by her near relatives.

gorā, (गीर) adj. (lit.) Fair (complexioned), white. Beautiful, handsome. s. m. An European soldier, a private. An European who is not a gentleman. grrī. Poet. s. f. A beauty a belle. Red (when applied to horned cattle). ¶ (गीरा) gaurā, s. f. A name of the goddess Pārvatī: see

gaurā, s. m. A cock-sparrow.

¶ A tribe of ahīrs: hail (central Do'āb).

a عورا كمتًا gorā gumṭā, adj. (dakh)
Red and white. [onaget.

P. گور خر gor-khar, s. m. A wild ass,

Bee كورتو gorarū, s. (dakh.) Partridge.

gor-istān, s. m. A burying-

B. m. Living, way of living, life: See زندگانی An intricate or difficult affair or problem.

A labyrinth, maze. A Chinese puzzle, a puzzle lock, etc., a complicated machine. Distraction, alarm, dis-

quietude: See تشویش [short man.

H. گور کها gorkhā, B. m. A Gorkhā. A

ورو ع gorū, (गो) s. m. An ox, a cow horned cattle.

- s. وروچی gorcetan, (गोरोचन) s. m. A yellow substance obtained from cow's urine, or the concrete bile of the cow, used in painting, dying, &c.
- s. کوری gauri, (गौरी) s. f. The name of a ragina or musical mode. One of the names of Parvati.
- H. L,, S gauriyā, s. f. A hen sparrow. A huqqā made of clay.
- s. नु gaur, (गोंड) s. m. Name of a division of the country in Bengal. An ancient city, formerly the capital of Bengal. Inhabitants of Gaur (a Brahman). ¶ gūr (dakh.) Sugar (coarse): See 5 [corn, etc.
- H. U. S gūrnā, v. a. To thrash, beat P. ; \$ gos, s. m. f. A fart (pād). ¶ gauz or gāz. A walnut. ¶ gawaz, con-گوزی tract, of [a doe.
- P. فرزن gawasn, s. m. An elk, a deer,
- gau-sālā, (गोराला) ह. A cowhouse.
- P. كالس ع gosūla, s. m. A calf.
- ع. کوسائیر gosā'in, (गोस्नामी comp. of गो Cow, kine, and खामी Master) The deity. A saint, a holy person, a devotee, priest. A caste of Brahmans. A title of respect. The descendants of the disciples of Chaitanya of Nadiyā.
- P. کوسیند gospand, (s. f. A sheep, a و. کنسفند gosfand,
- 90sh, s. m. The ear (کان)٠ A bandage over the ears. An ornament worn in the turban. کوش دار adj. Taking care, keeper, protector. گوش داری s. f. گوش زد Care, attention, protection. To be listened to, to be heard.

كوش Heard, reported. كوش كذار To make pass in the ear, to hear or to make to hear. کبش گذار Pulling گوشمال To be heard. هونا (or rubbing or boxing) the cars. . المشرة s.f. Chastisement.

- گوشی . gosh, s. (dakh.) for گوش
- gosht, s.·m. Meat, flesh; internal matter or substance, pulp (d fruit). گوشت ناخن هونا (to be the flesh of the nails) denotes inti-[or minced meet. mate friendship.
- P. H. إكثناوا gosht-āwē, s. m. Pounded.
- gosht-īn, adj. Fleshy (an epithet chiefly applied to the tongue; as in this phrase:

زبان گوشتین است تیخ آهنین The tongue, though of flesh, is yet a sword of steel).

- gosh-wāra, s. m. An car-ring. An embroidered cloth worn as an ornament over the sides of a turban. The abstract of an account. Boring the ears (of female children).
- P. کوشه gosha, s. m. (کونه) A corser, an angle, a closet, cell, retirement, privacy. Side. Horn (of a bow). A hermit's cell, retirement, privacy. گرشه گریی .adj. Angular گوشی دار Rond of retirement. گرشه کیر Rotired. (substant.) A hermit. کبشته s. f. Retirement, life of a hermit. goshe men, In private. گوشه Retired (sitting in a corner), a hermit, solitary. گوشه نشینی s. f. Retirement, seclusion, the life of a کان کے گوشے میں پکڑنا hermit. (lif. to catch with the bow without shooting). To seize with facility.
- P. مراج go-ki, (say that) conj. Although.

gokhrü, (गोश्चर from गो گوکهرو ع

Cow, and at Hoof; the thorns getting between the hoofs of cattle: hence, 'the name is given to the iron crowsfeet thrown on the ground to check an advance of cavalry." From this plant seems derived the name of the same instrument among warlike nations: as, the comb of the Persians, the tribulus of the Romans, τρίβολος of the Greeks, chaussetrape of the French, English, caltrop, Spanish abrojo). s. m. A creeper, the fruit of which is used medicinally. Name of a plant. Ruellia longifolia: and said to be applied, also, in Bengal to Tribulus lanuginosus). Name of an ornament (bells tied round the ankles). A joint. Corns. A tragus of the ear. An earring shaped like the fruit. Narrow twisted lace. (An ornament of raised or fretted lace wrought of strong gold thread, and serving to relieve or damask the flowers on brocade, &c.

- whose tomb "lies nearly 200 miles to the south-west of Hissar and 20 miles beyond a place called Dadrera"
- ا کوگرد احمر gogird, s. Sulphur. گوگرد احمر Red sulphur; the philosopher's stone.
- e. كُوكُل gūgal, (ব্যান্ত) s. m. Name of a tree or gum. (Amyris agallocha).

  Bdellium. (by W. Gilchrist translated, "Dammer").
- s. گول gol, (बाल) adj. Round, circular, annular. (Bot.) Rotate, globose. Vague, not clear, indeterminate, indefinite. گول Roundish. گول adj. Round. s. A large earthen jar. contract of g. گول [idiot.
- P. گول gol, s m. A blockhead, booby
- annon-ball, a large ball. A bomb (firework). A cocoanut or shell. The kerb or curb of a well. A pier. (Arch.)
  The astragal, A herd of cattle. A

mart, esp. for grain. A low-flying, swift pigeon, opp. of nisāorā. A swelling. Colic. A large round beam of wood. A kind of pigeon. The kernel of a cocoa-nut. A mode of ordeal of carrying a red hot caunon ball formerly much practised in fixing boundaries. gola mārnā, To bombard.

- boiled together and seasoned with salt, used generally in dysentery. Dahi gulatthi pechish ki davā. adj. Soft like pap or pish pash. Chāval gulatthi ho gae.
- H. گول gūlar, s. f. (उद्बर) Wild fig (Ficus goolereea). Cotton pods which have not yet burst. gular gapaknā, To be mealy-mouthed.
- H. گولسرى golsari, s. f. (dakh.) See
- golak, (prop. غولک s.f.

  The kotwāl's treasure pot, a till, a drawer. A bastard son or daughter by illegitimate connection with a widow.

  [which see.
- ع. گولی gaulin, s. f. Female of گولی
- انداختی gol-andās, (comp. of گولنداز end part. act. of انداختی To throw)
  s. m. Cannoneer, gunner, bombardier.
- P. گولندازی golandās-ā, s. f. Gunnery.
- p. a. گولی golī, (बाह्य) s. f. A bullet, a ball, a globule, a marble. A pill. A jar. گولی مارنا To shoot a ball (at) golī pilānā, v. a. To charge or load (a gun). To fire, shoot. goliyān khelnā, v. n. To play marbles.
- gauli, (see گوال) s. m. (dakh.)

  Pastor, grazier, shepherd, cowkeeper,
  milkman. [Scolopendra.
- H. gom, s. (dakh.) The centipede,
- s. m. A name of a plant used as a tonic, and cure for the ear-ache ague, &c. (Pharnaceum mollugo. There are two species of gama, one

grows to the height of about two feet, the other seldom exceeds a foet).

- gomāchī, (गोमक्षिका) s. f. (dakh) Gadfly, horsefly.

go-mago, adj. Mixed. Vague (gol). Better unsaid.

- g. J gon, (MVII) s. f. A sack, pannier, bag (of coarse cloth), the sacks fastened on the sides of a beast of burthen to carry grain in. ¶ gawan (for THF) s. m. Going.
- א, א gaun, s. f. Need (chāh.) Gaun kā yār, selfish (khud-gars).
- gaun, s. f. m. Opportunity, advantage. کون کیر Controller, uncontrolled, ruler, invested with authority, self-interested.
- P. گوئ gûn, (in compos. implies) Colour, like in colour; as, گل گون Rosy-coloured, red.
- P. كُونَا كُونِ، adj. Of different colours or kinds, various, variegated, diversified, motley.
- gunthnā, (गुम्पन) v.a. To thread, string, plait. To stitch, To spit, or put on a spit.
- H. گونته gonth, s. m. A kind of wide stitch or sewing.
- gūnj, (أرَّمَ ) s. f. Echo, buzzing, resounding, hollow sound, roar.
- sound, buzz, hum) v. n. To resound, hum, buzz, growl, roar.
- H. & gunjh, B. f. A clasp.
- B. گونچتری gonichti, s. t. (dakh.) See

- عوند ع gond (or gund, for गुन्द) s. f. (dakh. s. m.) Gum.
- s. m. A ring, a circle. ¶ (dakh.) gondlā, s. m. A kind of dancer.
- H. گوندهی gandhan, s. m. Dough. Plaiting, braid.
- flour, etc.). To plait, to braid the bair, to plat, to weave.
- H. Lis gāngā, adj. Dumb, mute, speechless. TILL. S. m. (dakh.) See
- ه و ني ع و و البنارة ع و و ع وني ع g o ș i, (गोप्पी) s f. Sack,
- 호 goh, (지역) s.m. A largest of the land saurian or lisard in India, iguana. A gangetic alligator. T gih (기억) s.f. Human excrement, ordure, dung. gih k, v. a. To dirty, spoil. gih khānā, v. n. To eat filth. To do a shameful act. To tell a hc. gih mūt k. Wom, v. a. To be a nurse to a child.
- gem, jewel. Lustre of a gem or sword. Essence, nature, extraction, descent, origin, nature, substance. گوهرانشان adj. Scattering pearls. گوهرانشان adj. Raining gems.
- P. گوهری gauhar-i, s. w. A Jeweller, lapidary.
- P. گوی go'e, s. m. A ball. part. act. (of گفتی in compos. Speaking; telling, speaker, &c.; as, عیب گوی Fault-

telling, satirical or censorious ¶ go-i (in compos or otherwise) s. f. The act of speaking, speaking. [A singer.

- gawaiyā, (الله to sing) s. m.
- P. گویا به goyā, Part. act. (گفتن)
- Saying, speaking; speaking; speaker; adv. As you would say, say, as if, one would say, thus, as though, as it were.
- H. گوئيان, s. m. A woman's female friend or playmate. A partner (at any game).
- P. گویائی goyā-i, s. f. Conversation, talk, speech, eloquence, command of language.
- P. كفتى goyanda, part. act. (of كفتى)
  Speaking, speaker. An approver,
  Queen's evidence. A spy. (Pfur.
- P. gah, (contract. of 36) s. f.
  Time; one time. (in compos.) Place.
- ابراً ghābrā, adj. Confused, confounded, timorous.
- H. المالية ghāt, s. f. Aim, design, snare, ambuscade, ambush, opportunity, enmity, treachery. المالت تاكنا To waylay, lie in ambush.
- s. الله ghāt, (ঘান) s. Killing, Shaughter. گهات کرنا To kill. گهاتی adj. Lurking; intent on taking one's life. ghātik, adj. Murderous.
- s. گهاتو ghāt-ā, adj. (dakh.) Deadly, killing. ¶ (from B. گهاتو) Deceitful, treacherous
- ghāṭ, (덕돌) s. m. Cut; shape (tarāsh). A landing place; a quay, a dyke, wharf, ferry (), ford, pass, bathing place on a river side. A place for washing clothes on the river side. The curve in the blade of a sword. A bride's skirt. Pearl barley. ghāṭ ghāṭ

- shape. Offence, deficiency, loss, detriment. Want, abatement, reduction. adj. Abated, inferior, less.
- H. Gasant, s. m. Acclivity, ascent. Deficiency, abatement, reduction.
- ghāṭ-ī, s. f. A strait, a pass (in a mountain, &o.), a permit, a ravine. Custom House pass. A valley. The larynx, throat.
- 8. هاس پات ه. f. Grass, straw, hay, fodder. گهاس پات Sweepings Greens.
- H. Sas ghāgar, s. (dakh.) The rope tied to an elephant's foot. [of fowl.
- H. Sphāgas, s. m. A large kind
- H. Ald ghāgh, adj. Old, aged, experienced (tajrabe-kār). Sly, wily, knowing, shrewd.
- ghāghrā, (धिरा) s.m. A petticoat. a skirt (lahigā). A pigeon. ghāgrā paltan, s.m. Kilted soldiers. Highland Regiments. Name of a river, Gogra or Ghogra. Name of a plant.
- H. Na ghālā, s. m. (dakh.) Calamity, misfortune.
- H. كهال ميل ghāl-mel, adj. Jumbled (gaḍ-maḍ), topsy-turvy. ghālmel, s. f. (غلطملط and ختلاط). Hedge-podge, mish-mash. ghāl mel rakhnā, v. n. To have intercourse with, associate with.
- H. گهانی ghāl-nā, v.a. (قالنا) To desolate, to undo, to ruin. To thrust in, to thrust. (dakh.) To put on (especially, the gown or drawers).
- इ. विकार क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र हैं . Sanbeams,

sunshine (نهوپ). Sweat. Heat, sultriness (ummas).

- H. Blockhead. Slow, dull, lazy.
- as is thrown in at one time into a mill, or mortar, or frying pan, &c. A botch. A baking. ghān ḍālnā, v. a. To throw into a frying pan, etc. To begin, put in hand.
- الله عادى ghānā, s. m. (dakh.) See گهانا
- apple, the larynx. (from चंटा in dakh)

  A little bell. (dakh.) A knot: see

  الله \* Strips of different coloured cloths tied round the ankles by Muḥar-ram faqīrs.
- g hāns, s.m. (dakh.) See
- H. كهانسى ghānsī, s. f. (dakh.) A piece of gauze, worn as an orhnī over a lahangā.
- H. گهانی ghān-ī, s. f. An oil-mill (or -press). A sugar-mill. One who works at au oil or sugar-mill.
- H. ਤੁਫ਼ਿੰਡ ghāw or ghā'o, }s. m. (ਬਾਨ) H. ਫ਼ੈਫ਼ਿੰਫ, Wound, sore.
- H. A ghā'ū-ghap, adj. Living from hand to mouth, improvident, spendthrift.
- H. گہائی guhā'ī, s. f. Meconium (of infants). ¶ gahā'ī (اگاها) s f. The custom of treading sheaves of corn by bullocks with the view of separating the corn from the ears and stalks.
- tagem, fraud, a decoy. Number or an aggregate of five (in reckoning). The interstice between the fingers or toes, the junction of the fingers, the space at the root where the fingers separate. The angle formed by a branch with the trunk of a tree, or space at the

root of the branch. A cut or stroke with the broad sword or cudgel. (There are twelve cuts). (Opp. of chhūt) A sham fight with a sword or cudgel in which cuts are made on the shield after due warning. Ghāi khelnā. (ghaī) the hob of an oven on which the bread is left to swell after being baked.

- H. گهایل ghāyal or ghā'el, or ghāi'l, adj. Wounded. Smitten with love. ghāyal k. v. a. To wound (zakhmi k.).
- fused, confounded, agitated, embarrassed, &c. to falter.
- H. Sphahrāhat, s. f. Confusion, perplexity, perturbation, alarm, consternation, fright.
- H. گهنی ghup, adj. Dark. [عمی فجر
- H. گهتر ghattar, s. f. (dakh) Dawn:
- H. By ghat, s f. Cont. of ghat. Mind (dil), heart, thought, soul.
- able-bodied, athletic, rigid, hard, firm, fast, close, compact, muscular, dense.
- s. এ ghaṭā, (ঘটা) s. f. Cloudiness, gathering of the clouds (bādal). Clouds. Crowds.
- H. Las ghattā, adj. (dakh.) Callous.
  s. m. A cork, a gag, a corn (on the toe).
- H. אַבּוֹנֶעָ ghaṭāṭop, s. m. Covering of a pālkī or carriage (Slang) A large cup.
- H. الله ghaṭānā. (caus. of الله) v. a.

  To decrease, lessen, allay, reduce.

  To degrade. (A tafriq k.) (Arith.)

  To subtract. ¶ ghuṭānā (from libes or المعونية) v. a. To shave clean, to polish.
- ficiency, decrease, reduction, abbreviation, lessening, falling (as, of a river or of the price of any thing), decline (of the moon), depreciation. A. man fi (Math.) Minus.

H. Spattī, s. f. Decrease, allevia. tion, abatement, decline, declination.

H. Like ghulaknā, v. a. (H. ghūnt) To swallow. To embezzle.

ghai-mūth, adj. (dakh.) Healthy, robust.

H. النبي ghaṭnā, v. n. To abate, decline, waste, dwindle, to be depressed. ¶ ghuṭnā, s. m. The knee. ghuṭannā, s. m. Short trousers reaching down to the knees. الكهتنون or كهتنون To crawl about on the knees (as, a child). v. n. To be rubbed, be suffocated. See

ground. To be well-boiled or cooked. To be polished, furbished. To be shaved clean; to undergo tonsure. To be choked, suffocated (dam ghuṭnā). To fill (smoke). To be engaged in conversation. To be close friends. ghuṭan, s. f. Sultriness. Suffocation.

تهونتی ghuṭṭā, s. f. See گهتی

adj. Thick, close. s. f. Successive sword cuts.

fused, muddy. A crush. Closeness (in writing, etc.).

ghar, (JE) s.m. House (khānah) dwelling, home, habitation, mansion, spartment, drawer, compartment,
groove, case. A room. A hole, nest.
den, sty. A case, holder. Room, space.
Native place or land. Family, dynasty.
Sonroe, spring. fountain, fountainhead. Pitch, height, degree. ghar
ābād k. To take a wife.

At
home. Indolent, inactive.

جس سمت کو تونے آنکھ اٹھاکر دیکھا مانند حباب گھر کے گھر بیٹھ گئے

Wherever you have turned your eyes, whole families, like bubbles of water, have vanished. ghar baithna, v.n. To sit at home. To be unemployed, without a place. To come down or be ruined (a house). ghar baithe. Seated at home. At one's ease, ghar pichhe, per کم , To be ruined. کم جانا To provide for one's household expenses. (Beng.). گهردار s. m. (dakh.) Household, housekeeping. To ruin one's self and To be ruined. (ویران هونا) گهر کا دهیلا نا رهنا To become, or to be, desolate. To fix, settle, establish a گهر کرنا گهر کهرکر تماشا دیکهنا family. To ruin one's self and spend the time in idle pleasures. گهر گهالنا To ruin Expresses affection and unanimity between husband and wife. Mir 88 y :-

دنیا کی نکر تو خواستگاری اِس سے کبھی بہرہ ور نہوگا

آخانہ خرابی اپنی مت کر قعبہ ھے یہ اس سے گھر نہوگا

Be not desirous of Wealth; you will derive no advantage from it; return, seek not your own ruin; she is a prostitute from whom you can never expect conjugal affection. [See

P. guhar, s. m. Gem, essence, &c.

H. J. gharrā, s. m. (H. galā throat.)

A rattling noise in the throat which dying people are afflicted with, death-rattle, pain, agony, pang.

sheaves, containing about ten seers of grain. The daily wages in kind of a labourer in harvest time.

gahrā, (गमीर) adj. Deep;
profound; deep-seated. Strong
(liquor). Close, intimate. galirā rang,

s. m. A deep colour, gahri nind, s. f. Sound sleep. gahre h, v. n. To gain, thrive, fatten. Abyss, gulph.

4. धीन्द्र gharrātā, (नमर) ह. m. Snoring. Rattling noise.

gharāmī, s. m. A thatcher, (chhapar-band). [hold (رخاندان) و

2. Ulas ghar-ānā, s. m. Family, house-

انا هرانا ی ghirānā, (causal of کهرانا ۳. a. To cause to surround or enclose.

H. 6 ghurrānā, v. a. To growl.

2. fly S gahrā-o, s. m. Dopth, pro-ع. راكم gahrā-ī, s. f. ) cavity.

عربار على ghar-bar, s. m. Family, house-To consum- گهر بار بسانا mate a marriage. گهر بار هونا To undergo the consummation of a mar-[wifery, domestic concerns.

ghar-bar-i, s. f.

H. UK, ghurkānā, (dakh.) To snarl (as a dog).

H. نام ghuraknā, (or dakh. also ghurukna) v. a. To browbeat, reprimand, frown at, soowl, chide (dantna), snarl at.

ghurki, s. f. Rebuff, browbeating, rebake, frowning at; (dakh.) snarling (of a dog).

H. عراد ghirgut, s. (dakh.) The crested lizard, blood-sucker, large گرگت newt, chameleon. See

H. Ujes ghirnā, v. n. (ghernā). surrounded, enclosed, to be collected around. To gather (as, the clouds).

g. H. Y', es ghar-wālā, Housekeeper, master of a house. [keeping.

ghar-wālī, s. f. House-

ع. الله ghar·elā, adj. Domestic, tame. adj. Homely, domestic.

ع بي ghur, (contract. of اگهوڙا s. m. A horse. گهر حراها A horseman (Sikhs), trooper, one on horseback. کې بېل A four-wheeled carriage for riding in, drawn by horses, a chariot. A race-course, horse race. مرة سار or

(A. astabal). B. m. A stable. ब्र. ्रिडे gharā,(Dim. gharyā) (घट) s. m.

A water-pot, earthen pot, pitcher, a chatty, jar (may not the word jar be from gharā). [closet, cottage, cell.

TEL. אינישב ghurei, s. f. (dakh.) Hut,

H. Sphuraknā, v. a. To snub, menace, browbeat.

B. Unas gharnā, v. a. To make, form, coin, forge, work (metals). malleate, mould, figure, shape. gharnā. To beat, thrash (thonknā). To invent, make up (a story). گهڙائي s. f. The workmanship (of jewellery. etc.) or its cost. gharant, gharat, s. f. Making, workmanship. Beating, hammering. Fabrication, invention.

H. The bridge in

a. گهڙونچا gharonehā, s. m. عربي gharonehā, s. f. (H. gharā pot, ünthā high).

A wooden

stand for water-pots, &c. a. p. گېرى g hari, (Pera. گېزى عديه (ঘটিকা) An hour, or the space of 24 minutes. (ঘটা) An instrument for

measuring time, a clock, watch, &c. A subdivision of a village (as a revenue word). ghari-sas, H. P. S. m. A watchmaker. ghari ghari, adv. Lepcatedly, again and again, often. کېږى -Express میں تولا گھڑی میں ماشا es a person of a changeable disposi-

ال پائی gharī, s. f. Fold, plait.

tion.

- A honeycomb. A wasp's nest (bhirkā chhatta). The womb.
- عبريال على ghariyāl (dakh. also gharyāl)
  - ع. m. (घटिक or घटी Pers. گريال)
  - A plate of brass for beating time;
  - a gong; (dakh.) watch. (ঘাঁটিকা) A crocodile.
- a. که تالی چه ghariyāl-ī, s. m. The person who attends the gharī and strikes the hours.
- H. Ulugs ghusānā, (causal of lings) v. a. To thrust in, to stuff in, to cram, to penetrate, to force in, to cause to penetrate or enter.
- ghisānā or ghasānā, (causal of Lings) v. s. (IN to rub). To cause to rub, to abrade, wenr. ghisā, s. m. Friction. abration. (Mel) (ghasā). A son. ghisā-mīrī, An encounter in cutting one string with another (Boys), sawing a string. uskā kankawā ik hī ghisse men kātā.
- 2. LimeSghasiṭnā, (घर्गि) v. n. To be dragged along, to be trailed, to trail.
- E. Junes ghasrā, (see Lings) s. dakh,
  Rubbing, galling (of the skin).
  friction. [be thrust or stuffed in
- H. Limes ghusirnā or ghusarnā, v. n. To
- H. Lings ghusnā, (Contemp. ghusaṛnā) v. n. To be thrust in (dhasnā), to enter, to penetrate, to interfere, to meddle.
- y. n. To be rubbed, to be abraded, to be worn away, to fret, wear. v. a. To rub off, whet, grind down. To beat. adj. Apt to be worn by rubbing.
- ع. ينسنى وhisnī, adv. By rubbing; as, كهسنى حلنا or گنتر گهسنى كرنا To move along, rubbing on the ground, as a child on his buttocks before he is able to walk.
- ghasiyārā, (वासहारक) s. m. Grass-cutter.

- عبيارن ghasiyārin, s. f. Wife of ghasiyūrā.
- ع لنتيسول g h a s i إ n ā, (r. ( الجاتيا Rub) v. a. To drag along, to pull, to trail. (Caus. of انتسولاً)
- H. Limes ghusernā, (causal of Limes)

  (chalānā) v. a. To thrust, to stuff

  (thunsnā) to cram, to force or run in,
  to pierce, to insinuate, to foist. To
  enter, insert, penetrate. [Grassy.
- a. کہاس) ghasilā, (گہاس) adj.
- H. الله الله ghi,ānā, v. n. (dakh) See
- s. المكرى ghagri, (ঘদ্নী) s. (dakh). A hollow brass ring worn on the right thumb, containing a brass shot or brass shots, which produce a rattling sound when shaken. s. f. A short frock.
- s. a ghujiūt, s (dakh.) A substance which issues like gum from the tembā tree.
- H. りなる ghugu, 8. m. (夏新) An H. りなる ghughu, 8. m. (夏新) An Owl (り) See りまくなる
- B. Light ghighiyana, v. n. To falter, be unable to speak (from fear, joy, &c.), appear very humble, coax, implore, conjure.
- الله على (باگهگى) بنده جانا .ق. گهگهى (باگهگى) بنده جانا .ق. ghigh; (or ghigi) bundh jūnā, To falter, to be unable to speak (from shame or fear, &c.).
- H. فريب ghulānā, v.a. (dakh. كبلانا) To allure, entice, deceive.
- ع. الكلي ghulānā (caus. of الكلية) v. s.
  To dissolve, to melt.
- H. 3148 ghulā'ā, (H. Ul48) adj. (dakh.)
  Alluring, deceitful.
- ghulāwat, s. f. Fusion, melting (Poet.) A soft or tender look. Softness, mildness.

- dissolve, be dissolved, to thaw. To be mellowed, to be ripe, to rot or softened (as, fruit). To be mingled, blended. To become lean (especially, from grief), to waste, dwindle. To wrestle, fight. If you ghul-mil ghula mila. Intimate, close, thick.
- ghulwānā, (r. اكاولنا ghulwānā, (r. اكاولنا) v. a. To cause to mix with a liquid, to cause to dissolve.

H. pslogs g hamā gham } (刊中刊刊中)

H. pslogs gahmāgaham,

adj. Thick crowded. s. f. A stir, bustle, commotion.

- ghumānā, (caus. of المهومنا ghumānā, (caus. of المهومنا)

  v a. To turn round, whirl round, wheel, roll, brandish, circulate, encircle. To beguile, to delude. المهرانا To prevaricate.
- الكومنا) s. As much land as can be ploughed by one pair of bullocks in a day.
- ghumrī, (হ্বর্ডা) s. f. The vertigo, swimming in the head, giddiness.
- ह- ्रेक्स्ड ghamsēn, (or dakh.) ghumsān
  (घारमशान) s. m. Battle, engagement. Slaughter, carnage. A crowd
  H. हिंदी gham kā, s. m. Sultriness
  (umas).

  [See 45]
  TEL. दिल्ह ghumukrā, s. m. (dakh.)
- ع. المؤسوة ghumghumā, (from الله عود النوبوة) s. m. Revolution, going round. Subterfuge, evasion, prevarication. Doubt, suspense, hesitation.
- ع. الله على ghumghumā-nā, (see المهماعة) v. a. To revolve. To prevaricate.

H. Jing ghamund, s. m. Pride, arrogance, conceit. (dakh.) Deluge of rain. ¶ ghumand, Gathering of the clouds.

s. ,,,ई ghan, (घन) s. m.

- of the clouds. Clouds; (in dakh.) sky, firmament. An anvil, a sledge-hammer hanchakkar, s. m. (lit.) what revolves as a top. A Catherine wheel.

  A blockhead, fool. T (TIII) ghin, s.f.

  Disgust, nausea, aversion. Shame,
  bashfulness L. To reproach,
  to abash. L. To be disgusted or nauseated, to have the stomach
  turned. TIII ghun, s. m. Name of an insect (destructive to wood, grain, and flour), a weevil. (dakh.) The dust or powder of rotten wood. (Met.)
- gahan, s. m. (प्रहण) An eclipse کہنی s. f. A deformed cow born during an eclipse of the moon.
  (गहन) Thicket, wood, forest.

Grief, sorrow. ghunnā, ghun lagnā,

ghun jana. v. n. To be eaten or destroyed (as wood). To be the prey of

consuming disease.

- a. Zgahan, s. m. (dnkh.) Anvil, press, or mill.
- gahnā, (只可) v.a. To lay hold of, handle, seize, catch, take. To be eclipsed. To blush. s. m. Jewels, ornaments. Pledge, anything in pledge, pawn.
- g. 以 ghun-ā, adj. (Wood, grain, flour, &c.) destroyed by the 是 ghun, weevil-enten. ¶ghanā (哥) a dj.

  Thick, close. confused, numerous. much. many. (GUZ. dakh.) Grand, stately, magnificent, superb, nobles.

  A sporting preserve: See L.,
- To H. Ligs ghunnë, adj. Designedly or perversely silent.

- 2. اللغ ghin-ānā, (घुगा) v. n. To be disgusted. adj. Disgusting.
- R. کننیز ghambir, adj. (dakh.) Patient, enduring, affable.
- Muttering, mumbling. See TEL.

  Uilii gungunānā. [gong, clock, hour.
- s. القام عند القام ghanlā, (عندًا s. m. A bell.
- عند ghanti, s. f. A small bell or clock, a small metal pot.
- H. Spundi, s. f. A tag. A cloth button; name of an herb which grows in the rice fields after the crop is cut and to which camels are very partial, and it is used in medicine. ghundi kholnā, v. a. To unbutton. ghundi lagānā, v. a. To button.
- small red and black seed (Abrus precatorius), the same as described under , and the primary unit of Indian weights. (The ghungch; or ratti may be assumed as equivalent to 1.933 grains.
- H. Life ghungrāle; (ghungarwāle.) adj. Curly or woolly (huir).
- 2. देश ghan-garaj, (घनगर्जन) s. m. Thunder, any loud noise. adj. Loud-sounding.
- ghungrā, s. m. Little bells fastened to a string and tied round the wrists and ankles. See
- الله الله ghunniyān, s. f. Boiledgram.
- ghangol, s. The name of the water lily, which produces the celebrated Nilofar flower.
- H. كانكولنا ghangolnā, v. a. To muddy, foul (water). Sārā pānī ghangol diyā.
- عنگی ghunghchī, s. f. See کهنگی ع
- ghunghrū, (घर्चरा Girdle of small bells) s m. A small bell, or string of small bells.

- H. Sound. A drone. Sound. A drone. [gusting.
- ड liquid ghinghinā, (घुणा) adj. Dis-
- H. Listig ghanghanānā, v. n. To jingle, to ring, to tinkle, to sound like a wheel in revolution.
- gust, abhorrence.
- 8 होर्बंड ghan-ghor, (घनघोर) s. m. Cloudiness, gathering of the clouds. adj. Cloudy, overcast.
- H. Lingkieß ghanghornā, v.a. See
- H. Wakie ghangholnā, v. a. To rinse.
  To mix any liquid by stirring it about-
- gusting, nauseous, abominable, fulsome. [be disgusted.
- ड. الينولا ghiniyānā, (घुणा) v. n. To
- u. 94 ghuwā, s. m. A coarse kind of cotton. Cottony ends of reeds ¶ ghūnā or ghumā, (dakh). The mole cricket (Gryllus Gryllotalpa); an insect in water or marshy land, used as a bait.
- P. 8, gahwāra, s. m. A swing, a cradle.
- H. U , 4 S ghopā, s. m. A cloth with a part folded like a sugar loaf to cover the head, worn over the body in cold or wet weather.
- sense of suffocation. Uses. m. A polishing stone. I ghāt, a. m. Gulp, draught.
- H. Light ghūṭnā, v. a. To gulp, to drink, to guzzle. ¶ ghūṭnā, s. m. The knee. See Light ghutnā. ¶ ghoṭnā, v. a. To plod. To repeat, rend over and over again. To boil down. To shave. To polish, calender. (dakh. also). To deceive, to trick. To solve, dissolve.
- s. كَبُوتْن ghoṭnā, s. m. The ankie: see
  - ghāļā.
- H. كَوْتَنْكَ ghoini, s. f. A rubber.

- ਸ. کبوتو ghoṭ-ū, adj. Polished, smooth (words). (ਬਟਿ) s. f. The ankle.
- ghūṭī, (or, dakh. ghoṭī, from
- s. هور ghor, (बेरी) s. m. Trepidation, dread, awe. adj. Frightful, horrible, awful. ghor naral, s. m. The regions of Tartarus; hell with all its horrors. ghori, s. m. A dirty fellow.
- H. José ghūrā, s. m. Sweepings (!ūrā).

  A dunghill. A temporary fire place.
- H. گهورنا ghūrnā, v.a. To stare at, to stare (اکتورنا)، fix the eyes on, gaze on, look about. To ogle; wanton with one's eyes. To look at angrily.
- عبر التاریخ ghorā, (विदिक्त) a.m. A horse.

  الکنیو شریت پهینکنا

  To force

  a horse to his atmost speed. The
  cock or hammer (of a gun). Knight
  (at chess). الجرال جرالها عبرال
- ghor-phor, s. (dakh.) A species of lizard, a scinc or guana, Lacerta scincus.
- ghori, (司尼和) s.f. A mare. A saddle rack or clothes horse (gauri). A marriage song. A Machine for making vermicelle. Wooden pincers used in circumcision.
- Mus malabaricus: Mus giganteus).

  A bribe.

  A brow-herd.
- 4. گهرس ghos, (ঘাঘ) Name of a caste,
- ghusā, s. m. A thump, blow of the fist, buffet. A large kind of rat, a bandicote: see گهونسلا]
- a. گوساگ ghūslā, s. m. (dakh.) See
  - H. كورسا كهوسم كهوسا ghūsam ghūsā, s. m. (or dakh) ghūsam ghūsī, s. f. Thumping and pulling, fisticuffs, boxing.

- ghos-ī, s. m. A Kusalmin nulkman, or cow-herd; dealer in milk.
- general (Tribulus in genere). See (in dakh. also) An ornament of raised or fretted needlework wrought of strong gold thread, and serving to relieve or damask the ficwers on brocade, &c; any embroidery so embossed; a bracelet, for the wrist, of gold or silver, set round or studded with such projecting points.
- H. كاوكنا ghoknā, v. a. (덩덕) To repeat
  a lesson frequently in order to learn
  it by heart.
- H. ghūghū, s. m. An owl.
- of purs ain, perhaps Portulaca oleracea, or meridiana of Roxb.
- H. كول gholā, s. m. An intoxicating potion made of bhang or opium. Name of a fish. كول مين دّاليا To involve in difficulty.
- H. كهولانا ghūlānā, v. a. (dakh. كينا and perhaps from a. (غول عول عول عول عول عول الم
- H. flys ghūlā'ū, adj. (dakh.) Alluring, deceitful.
- gholnā, (caus. of lile ghulnā, বাজন) v. a. ঘাল to mix.) To mix with a liquid, to dissolve, to melt.

  s. m. A mixture. Gruel, alops.
  An intoxicating drink made of opium.
- A game amongst children: a stick is buried in the earth, with a string previously fastened to it, by holding which they run in a circle.

- عيهون gěhān, s. m. See گهون ع
- H. Ughān-ā, adj. Secret, cautious.

  Designing, malicious.
- H. گهونت ghūnt, s. m. A gulp, a draught, a pull (at a pipe).
- sion of hemp leaves. Barley husk given to donkeys.
- swallow. ¶ ghoninā, v. a. To gulp, drink, by rubbing, to rub (met.) To investigate. To strangle. s. m. A stone, &c. with which any thing is polished. Knee.
- medicine consisting of aloes, spices, and borax, given to new-born infants to clear out the meconium. Ghuṭṭī pilānā. (In Urdū, كهتى chuṭṭī).
- H. گهونس ghāns, s. m. f. Bandicote rat. A bribe (rishvat) see
- H. كهونساية ghūnsā, s. m. A blow of the fist. A blow; shock (sadmah). &c., See المجاهة (In dakh.) First, clinched hand. كهونساية To fight with the fists, to box, ghūnsam ghānsā yā ghūnsā, Fisticuffs; boxing, fight.
- H. گېونسلا ghonslā (or dakh. ghūnslā)

  B. m. (বো হাতো) A (bird's) nest∙

(Contemp.) A small house.

- s. m. (কৰ্ম) A cockle, or cockleshell, a snail. (Cochlea helix; also, called ā'inthā). Any spiral univalve shell. A species of fresh-water snail.
- ਸ. گهونگر ghānjar, s. m. A curl. (되어 Turning round). گهونگریالے بال or Curled hair.
- Name of an ornament worn round the ankles, with bells fastened to it. A bell, a small bell. The death rattle.

- ghāngnī, s. f. Sort of stir-about, grain of any kind (pulse or wheat, &c) boiled whole, with sugar.
- a. تهوناها کهوناها ها و مهناها و
- ghūnghchī, s.f. See گهوزگهچی
- A. کهونگر ghūnghar, s.m. See گهونگهر
- عبونكرو ghūnghrū, s. m. 800 كهونكهرو ع
- B. گهونگی ghūngī, (ﷺ Turning round)
  s. f. Cloths folded up and put on the head as a defence against the rain.
  A cockle or snail, a small ghongā. See

  Sindar.
- ghī, (ঘূন) s.m. Butter clarified by boiling and straining.
- P. gah-e, (contract. of At one time, sometime, at any time.
- H. گهیا ghiyā, s. m. Name of a vegetable, a pumpion. (Cucurbita lagenaria). گهیا تورنی (Luffa pentandra).
- H. كينية ghepnā, v. a. To mix, to unite into a paste (as, flour and water). To scrape. [Cucumis sulcatus.
- ghī-tura-ī, s. f. (dakh.) گهی ترکی ای
- H. Ling Sphetla, s. m. A kind of shoe.

  A slipper with a curled point.
- a. گهير ghīr, s f. (dakh.) Line, dash (of a pen), chord (in geometry.) See likhīr.
- adj. Round, surrounding, enclosing Loose (as, a robe), full. Winding,

Persian alphabet, corresponds to 🐯 in Sanskrit. It is one of the eight dental letters in Arabic, and its sound is that of the English l. In the denotation of numbers by the letters of the Arabic alphabet, it stands for 30; and, by way of abbreviation, it may represent the month shauwal. Its permutations are: in Persian and Hindustani into, and vice versa; as بار ; zarū for من salū, A leech for اليوار for ديوال Hair; ابال wall; تلوار for تلوار A sword. In Arabic, in the article, into م عج, ليس laisa من امبر مصيام في امسفر mina-m-birri-m-siyāmu fi-m-safari, for ليس من البر الصيام في السفر laisa mina-l-birri-s-siyāmu fi-s-safari. It is not a virtuous act to fast on a journey.

In Arabic it may be prefixed to a word, for various purposes: as) Pronounced with the vowel fat'ha, and prefixed to the acrist of a verb, for ill Con-ليضربي firmation or asseveration; so layasribanna, Certainly he beats or will beat. Pronounced with the vowel kasr, as the sign of the imperative (لام امر) عن li-yaṣrib, Let him beat Pronounced with fat'ha, and prefixed to the acrist of a verb, it may be (لام حال) intended to restrict the meaning to the present tense; as, انى ليجزننى anni la-yaḥsanuni, Verily he grieves me. اختصاص nounced with kasr, for Appropriation : as لزيد li-zaidin, For. or belonging to Zaid. Pronounced with knsr, for تعليل Final cause; as, جarablu-hu-li-t.ladibi. I beat him to mend his manners. Pronounced with karr, by way of

kum, He mounted behind you. A. 3 lā, A negative or privative particle. No, not, by no means, without, there is not; or like the English negative prefixes, un, in, ir, im. ابالي علي علي علي علي الله علي الله علي الله علي الله علي الله علي الله علي ا lā-u bālī, (lit. I care not) adj. Careless, insolent, fearless, licentious, petulant. s. f. Carelesaness. پن الق-budd, بد Separation, from بد To separate) adv. Necessarily, inadj. Unavoidable. لبدى fallibly. adj. Inevitable, necessary. lā-tu'add, That cannot be numbered. adj. Incomparable, without a second (الكا) unequalled. جرم lā jaram, adv. Necessarily, undoubtedly, indispensably. جواب adj. capable of answering, silenced, speechless, disconcerted, confuted. Without remedy, helpless. e.f. Forlorn- لا چاری or لا چارکی ness, helplessness حاصل adj. Unproductive, unprofitable, abortive. adj. Not to be united, not to be solved, abstruse difficult, indisso-الحول (more fully) عول lute. حول lā ḥanda wa la ginoate ولا قوة الا بالله illa bi-l-lāhi, There is no power nor virtue but in God, i. e. there is no striving against fate. It is said also to drive away evil spirits. Also to express aversion or contempt. اخراج or خراجي adj. Rent-free (lands).

Without claim or demand لاريب Remediless, incurable. لا دوا adj. Doubtless, unquestionable. Ji, adj. Unperishable, eternal لاشریک Without any associate. الأعلاج Doubtless. والأشكث adj. Doubtless. adj. Incurable, without remedy, helpless. لاعلاجي s.f. Incurableness. Taciturn, unutterable, indisputable. Y adj. Without place or abode (Heaven), the Deity. Deathless, immortal. adj. Boundless. adj. Heirless. وأرثى adj. To which there is no heir (property). adj. Without offspring, childless. jes 3 adj. Not allowed, illicit. adj. Eternal, that ceases not. لا يعلى (dakh.) Ignorant. لا يعلم adj. Absurd, unmeaning, insignificant, obscene, abusive. يموت adj. Deathless, immortal.

- s. 点 lābh, (河田 or 河田 to gain)
  s. m. Profit, produce, acquisition, gain, benefit. Pickings, perquisites.
  The 11th lunar mansion. 以 と Y To attain. lābh uthānā, v. n. Make profit [fāidah uthānā).
- P. & liba, s. m. A supplication, request. Ridicule, irony, a jest, any thing facetious. Flattery.
- H. によい lât, s. f. (あるり A kick. により しょうしょう To kick. To spurn; look down upon; to hold in contempt.

- H. القباء, adj. Dirty (cloth soiled by keeping).
- و. على القبر عن القبر ا
- a. भें। lāth, (यष्टि or लगुड:) s. f.
  A pillar, column, a minar, an obelisk, club or staff. The vertical part of an oil-mill, the upright beam which moves or revolves in a sugar-mill. The pestle which works in the mortar or press in which the juice is expressed.
- ع. لاتها الآلها lāṭhā, s. m. (dakh.) A large staff. See الآلها [club, stick, cratch.
- हें। لَوَّهِي اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ ال
- ع. المقال s. f. Bashfulness, modesty, shame (احيا). Honour, good name. [s. m. Azure. Lapiz lazuli.
- P. الأجورك القjaward, (or, dakh. lajward)
- P. جوردى lājward-ī, adj. (dakh.) Of lapis lazuli.
- e. القن القن want, (from लेक्जावान् mas. or लेक्जावती fem.) adj. Modest, bashful, chaste, decent.
- joining) Reaching, overtaking, adhering, adjoining, touching, pertaining. adj. Adjoining; (substantively) An appendage, a dependant, an adjunct, accompaniment. A supplement. (Gram.) An affix, a suffix.
- H. كا القط, s. f. Load, burden. Bowel. كان يهاند عانك s. f. Loading and packing.
- A. P. J'S lādan, (Gr. Λάδανον) s. m. Ladanum, a resinous substance exuding from the leaves and branchlets of the Cistus cretieus.
- B. U.N ladnā, (caus. of U.N) v. a. To load, lade, freight, take in cargo. To heap upon, burden with. To have on the cross-buttook (in wrestling).
- الار الادر کرنا adj. Fit to carry a load. الادر کرنا To mount a horse or colt for the first time.

- н. لارى lād-ī, s. f. A small load (particularly, a washerman's).
- H. لاديا lādiyā, s. m. A loader.
- ह. الدّلا المُ المّرة المُولِة المّرة المُولِة المّرة المُولِة المّرة المّرة المّرة المّرة المّرة المّرة المّرة الم
- الدّر lāḍū, s. m. See لدّر laḍḍū.
- H. گا القرو lādo, A pet, darling. A bride. A favourite.
- এ. ়া lār, (নানা) s. m. Slaver (rāl), spittle. ¶ (dakh.) See ৣৢৢৢৢ
- H. I lār, s. f. A line, row. Unton kī lār.
- H. لاراليرى lārā-līrī, s. f. See ṭālā. lārā līrī kā yār kabhī na utre pār. prov. The procrastinator will never reach the shore.
- a. المرابع ال
- a. Yn lārlā, (r. 전 Sport) adj. Darling, dear. Spoilt through being made much of.
- A. رازم lāsim, (part. act. of رازم) adj.
- ing or adhering (to), incumbent (on), necessary, requisite, urgent, suitable, proper, meet, important, inseparable, indispensable. Bound, compulsory.

  (Grām.) Intransitive or neuter.
- lāsim-ī, s. f. What is necessary, necessity. In evitable, what must be.
- elammy, or glutinous, any viscous exudation of the juice of plants. Bird lime, a bait. The milk of plants. Size (starch).
- P. الأشاء s. f. (A nāsh) A dead body, corpse, carcase. lāsh ḍālnā, v. a. To kill, slay.

- P. فَالْ الْقَوْلُمَة (or, dakh. lāghir) (E. dublā) adj. Lean, meager, thin (patla).
- P. لاغرى lāghar-ī, (dakh. lāghir-ī) s. f. Leanness, thinness.
- P. الأف الأف القرب القر
- P. کا اقلام sign. A kneading trough. A tortoise, which is also called
- الكن lākin, conj. But, &c. See ليكن
- g. 点 lākh, (전편기) s. m. Gum lac, a kind of wax formed by the Cocus lacca; sealingwax. 니치 과 To shut up or conceal. (전략) adj. A hundred thousand, a lac.
- ৰু. কিkhā, (তাল্লা) s. m. Lack, s red die, lac-dye with which women paint their lips. See
- i läkh-ī, s. f. A red colour procured from lac. adj. Made of lac.
- s. 🕩 🕽 lāg, (लाग r. लग Come in contact, to adhere) s. f. Striking hitting, fixing, a stroke. Enmity, rancour, spite, grudge. Affection, love. Cost, expenditure. A secret. Approach. Affinity, correlation, relavency, bearing, relation. Rivalry, competition. Intrigue, plot. federate. Legerdemain, sleight of hand, trick, jugglery, hocuspocus. A charm, spell. Läg karvake mär dälä. Prop. support. Attention. (lagão. A. nu-Ratio. bat, संबंध) (Math.) للنا To fall in love.
- a. এই lāgat, (লাগিন) s. f. Expense, prime cost, cost price. Outlay expenditure.

- ع لاكنا عام الكناع الك
- a. Jag-ā, adj. Desirous, adhering or attached to. Bure kā koī lāgā nahīn. The wicked have no friends. s. m. (sāthī). An adherent, a friend. jīte j ke sab lāgā hain. A supporter, protector, partizan. (lagā liptā). A toady sycophant, lickspittle. A foe (bairī) jān kā lāgā.
- a. الأي القو-ة, (r. তা Come in contact)
  s. f. A mark, butt. Affection, love.
  P. الأل القال, adj. Red.
- g. 기 lāl (r. লল Wish for, or লভ sport) adj. Darling, dear; s. m. An infant boy, a son. (ලැලා) Spittle, saliva. s. m. The name of a bird the male of Fringilla amandava ال کیا lāl-bu-jhakkar or (dakh.) ال جيكر lāl-bujakkar, An intelligent person, one who comprehends quickly, or who readily divines what has happened or is to happen from certain symptoms; but, the term is generally used ironically for a wiseacre, an ignorant foolish person who pretends to more sense than his neighbours; as, in the following answer given by a person of this description, when consulted respecting the marks of an elephant's feet in mire, by people who had never seen such an animal:

یہہ تو بوجھے لال بجھکڑ اور نہ بوجھے کوے \* پایی چکی باندھکر مت ھرنا کودا ہوے

Lal Bujhakka? and none else can understand this; may not an antelope with a millstone tied to his feet have bounded here?

- master. A title given to persons of the Bais, &c. class: a tribe of Kāyaths who are schoolmasters.
- vant. Talkativeness or frivolous talk. An herb brought from about Mecca, the smell of which keeps off the piles. adj. Brilliant (a pearl). s. A grain like sesamum. For &3

- e lālach (हाहसा) s.m. Longing, covetousness (علم) greediness, selfishness, avarice, occasion, view, want. lālach denā, v. a. To allure, entice, decoy. الما كرنا To covet, to long for.
- ع. القادمة, adj. Covetous, selfish.
- s. ্ৰী lālan, (তালেল r. লল Long to have) s. A mistress, sweetheart.
- P. كالا القام عندار Roppy flower. A glass shade. خالا منار or الله عندار or الله عندار adj. Tulip. cheeked, red-cheeked. كلا منال adj. Tulip-coloured. لله ستال or الله زار A bed or garden of tulips.
- H. All lālah, lālā, s. m. A respectable Hindu, as a banker, etc. Lālājī, Sir or Master. (lālā jī, Hin) Father, fatherin-law. A darling (boy). lālā bhāī. Banyās so called. lālā jī, s. A honorific form of address. lālī, s. f. a dear girl.
- H. g. الكي يتنا lâle parnā. To be extremely desirous and unable fully to express one's wishes. Mīr says:—

اس اسیری کے نه کوئی ای صبا پالے پڑے \* ایک نظر کل دیکھنے کے بھی همیں لالے پڑے

Oh zephyr! may no one fall into such bonds as these; I long to distraction for one look of the rose.

- الى اله la'ālī, s. plur. (of لولو) Pearls.
- ness; the red or black tripe; prolapsus ani; the menses; the bloody and viscid discharge from dysentery; blearedness, blear eyes; a descent of the gut, falling down of the anus or rectum; a small patch of red feathers below the tail of a nightingale, or a bulbul. Good name, reputation, honour.

A.P. الأهس, s.m. A ringlet. (from the figure of the letter) adj. Crooked, curled. الأم كاف كبنا (H. gālī galauj) n. Cont. of lāf o gusāf. To abuse, give abuse. ¶ (dakh.) for P. نام Name.

brigade, Line, rank, row: see

Lonching) s. m. Feeling, touching, the sense of feeling.

A. عدم المسع Splen. did, shining, bright.

bring) To bring forward, carry over. To lead, draw or bring over, win over. (ander lānā) To import. (dar lānā) to bring under, include, comprehend. To pimp. To purchase, buy. To introduce. usher in. To produce, breed, beget. Rang lānā. Fail lānā. To bring, fetch. adduce, induce, introduce, persuade, apply. To breed, produce, make.

a. لاندر lāndar, s. (dakh.) Lantern.

H. لاندگا lāndgā, s. m. A wolf.

الندَّى .awand), adj. (dakh.) Foolish, improper, inaccurate.

H. Sillang, s. f. Folds of Dhots passed between the thighs.

s. لذكال lāngal, (लागल) s. m. A plough: see ناكل

g. ਪਿੰਡੀ lānghnā, (ਲੱਬਜ Leaping, bounding) v. a. To overleap, to pass over.

H. 3 ld'o, s. m. A rope by which the leather bucket of a well is drawn up. Demand, request. A debt secured by a pledge. The cable of a boat.

H. الترا الترا lāwā-lutrā, s. m. A talebearer.

e. ) lā'olā'o, (il) s. m. Covetousness, avarice.

الم المكر المكارية ا

ent) Cutting the crops, reaping. Wages in kind to reapers in harvest time. Proceeds from land, rental, revenue. A Hindi song, also called Marathi. [being.

A. الأهوت القام الأهوت A. Divinity, divine

H. القور القام lähaur (or, dakh. lähor), n.p.

Name of a city. القورى adj. Of

Lähaur. القورى نمك Rock salt,
fossil salt of Lahore. [a fold or ply.

P. لائى lā'e, s. Black mud, sediment:

A. هنا الأول الأساء (part. act of الوح) s. m.
Thing shining; splendour.

۱. لائتی الق'iq, m. ) میک القال ال

(part. act. of ليق doing right) adj.
Worthy, competent, deserving, adapted, proper suitable, fit, apposite, becoming, meet, decent, expedient, able, qualified. ايق الانعام Deserving a present or gift or reward. ايت هونا To deserve, to merit. Answer.

any thing. A kind of major. The heart. The soul, mind. A kernel.

A. بابابا العلامة الع

s. f. State of having the lips closed. المنافئ adj. Fastidious, fretful. (substantively) A prig. Brim, edge, verge, margin, shore, bank, brow (of a hill), coast, border. The portion of moustache below the nose المريز adj. Brimful, overflowing, exuberant. المريزي s. f. Overflowing, abundance. المريزي To shave or prune the beard of the upper lip. To clip the moustache. lab lagānā, v. a. lit. to apply the lip. To apply saliva.

- A. بابا انْهُمَّة, adj. plur. (of بيبا)
  The wise, prudent.
- A. كالبال المنافقطة (Cor. of labecha). A quilted cloak (لبنا) عنى s. m. A wrapper made of felt, and worn in the time of rain, great coat, pelisse.
- A. Libās, (Libās, clad) s. m. Apparel, clothes, dress, attire, habit (pōshāk), a veil. Appearance (bhes). Forgery.
- A. P. الباسى libās-ī, adj. False, forged, counterfeit. Formal, apparent. Fictitious, sham (jālī).
- P. بالبا lab-ā-lab, adj. Brimful.
- ت. لبدى lubdī, s. f. A mass.
- #. البرّخندا المررخندا المرتخندا A mis-
- البرخندى الله labar-khandi, f. )
  chievous child. [fretful, touchy.
- H. لبرغتا labar-ghațiā, adj. Fastidious,
- H. Lablaba, s. m. The pancreas.
- H. لبلبي lablabī, līblibī, s. f. The sear spring of a gun-lock.
- H. لبنى labnī, s. f. The pot in which tārī or date juice is collected from the tree.
- البوب lubūb, s. Marrow, the pith of a tree. The best part of anything. plur. of النالية lubb, which see.
- TAM. TEL. لبو لبو labbo labbo, interj. (dakh.) used in calling for help or justice.
- g. البانا lubhānā, (लोभन or लंभन)
  v. a. To excite desire, tantalize,
  allure, entice, charm, seduce (rijhānā).
  To draw ox win over. See
- H. Labedā, s. m. A club, cudgel. Ās ām, jās labedā, prov. The mango down, the stick is gone. To gain your end you needs must be spend.

- البيك labbai-k, Here I am ready to obey thee! Here I am at thy call!
- much as can be held in both palms joined together. lap yā lābh kārh ke. A handful less. The space in the palm of the hand closed so as to hold water.
- H. W lappā, s. m. Brocade, gold or silver thread or cloth. The inverted position of a stick at geri.
- H. البائى lipāi, (लिपं to plaster)
  Plastering. Wages for plastering.
  Close writing.
- Flame, blaze. Odour. Warmth, glow. Scent (bås).
- H. لبادّى lappā dukkī, s. f. Scratching and biting (nocha khasoṭī), a tussle, boxing, fighting.
- H. لَيّا lapṭā, s. m. (lāṭh) A kind of thin molasses. Relation, connexion. Name of a grass. (Pannicum verticilatum). See
- eling, stick, adhere together. v. a. To cause to cling, to stick. [gumminess.
- H. ليتار lipṭā'o, s. m. Adhesion,
- eling, to adhere together, to stick. To twine or coil round, to be made into a ball. To be wrapped or folded in, encased. To mix with, harmonize with. To be smeared, beslimed, be draggled. To be involved, caught, implicated. To be married. To follow, pursue (work). To wrestle,
  - fight. "Limbrace, hug. Embrace, hug. Wrestling, fight. [liquid food.
- H. ليتى lapti, s. f. Pap, any glutinous
- inmble. Perversion of the truth, prevarication, equivocation. adv. Awkwardly.
- H. גיינט lupri, lipri, s. f. (लिप to cover, plaster.) An (old ragged) cap or turban. A poultice, a plaster. Flour, plaster, etc. shaped like a cap, and

hence applied contemptuously to a cap or turban (luppo), whence the diminutive luppi. Covering for the body, clothing kappā).

- glutinous or farinaceous kind of food, pottage, pap, spoon meat or spoon diet.
- H. Lipak, (Lipi) s. f. A flash (of lightning, &c.). The spring (of a tiger, &c.) bounce, snatch. Beat, pulsation, throb, palpitation. (lapak jhapak). Swiftness, nimbleness, dexterity. Elasticity, flexibility. A bad habit.
- Nimbleness. A bad custom or habit. A vitiated taste. (Brij.) One who snatches any thing from another. A loose character, a vagabond. Mīr says:

اپنی تو جهاں آنکھ اڑی بھر وھیں دیکھو آئینٹ کو لیکا ھے پریشاں نظری کا Where I first fell in love, there you will see me; (I am not like) the mirror (which) is in the habit of casting its glances in all directions.

- H. Uku lapkā-nā, v. a. To put or stretch forth the hand for the purpose of taking something, to snatch. To despatch one quickly.
- lightning), to spring, bounce or rush forth or upon, attack, snatch. To beat, etc. See Un To make haste, run, give chase (daurna) to put one's best leg foremost. To catch (a ball). To seize, grasp, gripe, clutch. To snap up, snap at, hook, claw.
- H. ليكى lapkī, s. f. A stitch. ¶ lupkī, s. f. (dakh.). Fear, terror, alarm.
- g. ij lipnā, (r. लिप Plaster, besmear)
  v. n. To be plastered, smeared or
  washed over. To bend (as a cane).
  To fit one like a cap.
- a. ليپنا lipwānā, (causal of ليوانا على) v. a.
  To cause to plaster, &c.
- H. Lapet, (Limit) s.f.m.

  Cover, covering; circumference. Ambiguity. Entanglement, complication.

  Difficulty, hardship. Perturbation,

  consternation. Deception (butta).

- Loss, damage. A fold, a ply, coil, envelope, twist, bandage, fillet (طی) مینت حبیب or تیبود خبید or مینت داد. f. Evasion, subterfuge. Jumble, confusion, disorder.
- H. لبيتى lapetan, s. f. A roller on which cloth is wound in the loom, the beam of a cotton mill, a button, &c.
- roil, enclose, pack, roll, furl; to spread, smear: (dakh. also) to wind up into a ball or bottom; to turn away, turn aside or from; to wheedle, inveigle, cajole, entrap.
- البيتوان lapet-wān, a dj. Twisted, ornamented with gold or silver thread wound round it. Hidden, secret, latent. Lapetwān gālī. Round about, indirect. Lapetvān bāt. adv. Indirectly, by way of inuendo.
- s. W latā, (নিরা) s. f. A creeper,
- P. Ü lattā, (prop. Ü) s. m. (लत्तिकः) Rag, latter, scrap of cloth.
- Overwork. Trial ("I). Excess shower, crush. Fatigue, the sweet done's brow, exhaustion.
- to toil, exhaust by labour, were out, jade, bring down, affront, insak

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- p. H. لبتا lutputā, (Pers. لوت) a d j. (dakh.) Delicious (as food).
- p. الترا utrū, s. m. A sycophant, a telltale, a mischief-maker, a babbler, a tattler, a backbiter.
- fat, lazy, inert man: adj. Rent, torn. ¶ lutra, s. A blab, a tell-tale, one who cannot restrain his tongue, a silly person: adj. Expelled, rejected.
- H. لَهُوَّ يِنَهُوً lathar-pathar, adj. Besmeared, soiled, bedaubed. Wallowing, reeking.
- النهر lithārnā, (causal of النهر v. n. To draggle. [be draggled.
- H. التهوّن litharnā or latharnā, v. n. To
- H. لتهيّنا lathernā (causal of لتهيّنا)
  v. a. To draggle or besmear with dirt.
  To mix together. To foul, pollute (sānnā). To apply a poultice or plaster.
- B. لتى المتالكة, s. f. The string of a child's top. A fillet. A cloth tied to the end of a pole to direct the flight of pigeons. The tail of a paper kite. A kick when swimming. التى كرنا To run away.
- H. لتيا latiyā, adj. Of bad habits.
  Addicted to (a bad habit). [kick.
- H. لاتيانا latiyānā (كلا Kick) v. a. To
- H. Lat, s. f. Tangled hair (or silk thread), a clotted look (of hair).

  To become entangled. A tadpole. [cayed, spoiled.

TEL. Ü löttä, adj. (dakh.) Faded, de-

- H. ليتنا lițānā (causal of ليتنا) v. a.
  To cause to lie, lay.
- 2. التا luṭānā, v. a. (causal of الوتنا)

  to squander, spend wildly (الرانا)

  cause to plunder or be plundered.

  (causal of التا loṭnā). To cause to wallow or roll about.
- H. ปีนี้ ในเสีย, s, m. A spendthrift (นาลัย).

- H. لتّائى laṣā'ī, s. f. A kind of roller on which the string of a kite is wound.
- H. Lat-pat, adj. Staggering, tripping, stammering (from fear). Folded, tangled.
- ton, frisky, humorous. Irregularly folded or hanging loose (a turban). Laspati pagri. Reeling, staggering, tottering. Foppish, swelling, jaunty. Lively. Skittish, coquettish (Lively. Skittish, coquettish (Lively. Stammering. Thick (soup, etc.) Lat-pati dāl.
- H. Lat-paṭānā, v. n. to stagger, to trip: (also, dakh.) to stammer or hesitate through fear in speaking. To be twisted or folded. To walk affectedly, to mince. To tarry, loiter.
- H. الت پتى lat-put-i, s. f. Stumbling staggering, swaggering.
- H. التكنا s. f. Hanging, dangling. An affected motion in blandishment and coquetry. Carelessness, heedlessness. A sudden fit or motion. The influence of any spirit.

  التكن جال s. f. Affected gait, coquetry.
- H. Kü latkā, s. m. Incantation, a magic wand. conjuring rod, a philter, a quack medicine or nostrum. A specific, a simple remedy.
- H. التكنا laṭkānā (causal of التكنا) v.a.
  To hang, to dangle, to append, to suspend.
- H. Julika'o, s. m. Suspension, hanging.
- H. Latkan, s. m. Any thing hanging.
  A hanging lamp. Drops worn in the ears; a nose ring, a pendant, aigulet.
  A fruit with which clothes are dyed yellow. Name of a green handsome bird, which often remains hanging by the feet. A stand for water-pots. The drops of a crystal lustre or of a chandelier. (dakh.) The clapper (of a bell): hanging, dependence

or four silk tassels suspended to it for a lady's chonte or braided hair.

- dangle. To be suspended, slung. To hang oneself. To loiter, tarry, delay. To be postponed, deferred, put off. To be kept waiting (jhulnā).
- absurd talking: the sound of two things striking together, clang, clash.
- H. الله lutlut, s. (dakh.) The hasty going or running of animals low in stature.
- المبر lajambar, s. (dakh.) Crowd, throng, multitude. See
- H. التي latan, s. f. Early cold weather crops.
- s. النّا luinā, (r. كَالَ Plunder) v. n. To be plundered, to be squandered. To be cheated, defrauded. To be ruined, undone.
- top, humming top. A plummet (sāqūl). (Mech.) The governor (of a steam engine). تروهرنا v.n. To be dizzy or dazzled. To fall in love, to be enamoured. [pans (السباب)
- اللو پائو الله laṭū paṭū, s. m. Pots and
- ي الرقنا luṭwānā, (caus. of لوقنا) v. a. To cause to be plundered or squandered.
- التورا latorā, s. m. The shrike, the grey black and white butcher bird. (Lanius).
- ath (यष्ट्रि or रुष्ट्रि) s.m. A stick, club, cudgel. A measuring rod or pole.
  (See الله عنائي) د الله s. f. Cudgelling. lath chalnā, v. n. To fight with clubs. a. الما الله lathā latthā, (यष्ट्रि) s. m. Beam,
- الله laṭhā laṭṭhā, (याष्ट्र) s. m. Beam timber, rafter. Railway aleepers.
- H. latiha, s. (dakh.) A kind of toy or plaything: adj. Foolish, infatuated, enamoured.
- الدورا lathorā, s. m. (dakh.) See التهورا

- Skilled in fighting with a clab. Obstinate, obdurate.
- H. التيا lutiyā (dimin. of لوتا) s. f. A small brass pot.
- ع. البينا الليم (r. 평군 عموه البيرا) (البينا البيرا البيرا البيرا البيرا البيرا البيرا البيرا البيرا البيرا البيرا
- a prodigal, plunderer. A swindler.
- A. مثل liga, s. The gums.
- s. ্বৈ lajjā, (কলো)s. f. Bashfulness, modesty, shame.
- ह. لجابان lajjā-bān, (रुजावान्) sij. Ashamed, abashed.
- الجاجة lajājat, s. f. Importunity, entreaty, adulation. Stubbornness.
- a. الجالو lajālā, (কাজান্ত) s. m. The name of a kind of sensitive plant. (Mimosa natans or pudica). adj. Bashful, modest,
- الم lajām, s. m.(dakh.) See
- s. المجامل lajjā-mān, (ल्ड्रजामान्) adj.
  Ashamed, abashed.
- ashamed or abashed, to blush. To take shame to oneself. v. a. To put to shame. ¶ lijānā (dakh,) See Light
- s. පදු lajjit, (लिजित) adj. Abashed.
- my, glutinous, viscous, pulpy.

  lijlijā, adj. (dakh.) Soft, flabby.
  entangled.
- H. limini lajlajānā, V. a. To soften
- المجرانا على lajwānā, (causal of المجرانا على v.a.

  To shame, to cause to blush.
- n. لجونتى lajvantī, s. m. (ल्प्रजावती)
  A modest woman.
- A. La lujja, ( ) 8. m. Deep water, the middle of the sea, an abysa.

- H. Lijhr, s. f. Afterbirth, placenta.
- g. الجيانا lajiyānā, (ন্যালা) v. n.
  To be abashed, to be ashamed.
- عَيِلًا عَلَيْهُ (ठाज्ञाशीरा) adj. Bashful, modest.
- s. m. A vagabond, a libertiue, a roue

  (פָּנִילְּיֵה) a rake, a profligate. A

  scamp, reprobate. A low abandoned
  fellow who leads a dissolute life and
  subsists by gambling, or by intimidating respectable persons to give him
  money. A hubble-bubble, h u q q ā.
  (dakh). Ragamuffin, tatterdemalion,
  paltry fellow; bankrupt. adj. Low,
  mean, wicked, nanghty. Given up to
  gambling, brawls, riots, etc.
- H. \= luchchā, s. m. (dakh.) A kind of ornament for the neck of a female:

  See under \( \alpha \sum \) [bow, crook.

R. نجاز lachānā, v. a. To bend, deflect.

- H. Jachar, s. m. A foolish fellow, a noodle, a simpleton. A weak man.
- H. الچکا lachak, (الچکا) s. f. Spring, litheness, elasticity, flexibility, bending; sprain, softness, mildness, delicacy. عكدار adj. Elastic.
- H. Karl lachkā, s. m. Jolt, shove, push.

  A sprain. A barge, a pleasure boat.

  Gold or silver lace. ¶ part. Bent.
- H. Uka lachkānā, v. a. To jolt, to strain. [bend. To be sprained.
- H. Wig lachaknā, v. n. To spring, to
- H. else lachlach, s. (dakh.) Sound made by a dog in lapping a liquid.
- elammy, or glutinous. To be elastic.

  ¶ (dakh.) To lick up.
- H. Liz lachnā, v. n. To bend, to bow, to sag (beams, etc.).

- bundle (of thread), a ball of thread, &c. ¶ (dakh.) A necklace of silk or of gold bends and glass bead, worn tight round the neck. A tassel. Anything out up into thin shreds.
- lachhman (or lakshman)
  (交送中間) s.m. Name of the son of
  Dasaratha by Sumitrā, and half-brother of Rāmachandra.
- s. f. The wife of Vishnu, and goddess of wealth and prosperity. (She is also called Padmā, Kunnalā and Srī, and is supposed to be the Ceres of the Latins). Prosperity, wealth. Beauty, splendour.
- s. m. Sign, mark; manner (chāl), symptom, feature, beauty, anspiciousness. Hāthon menhdī, pāch menhdī apne lachhan auron dendī. Her hands with henna dyed, 'do as I do' she says. (when women apply menhdī they do not work till it dries). State, condition.
- H. Lachīlā, adj. Elastio.
- A. في انبة عن المحافظة المحاف
- الحاف النابقة, (سفحاً to stuff cotion)
  - s. m. Coverlet, quilt, counterpane.
    A quilted upper garment. (met) Wife..
- A. Lahnd, s. f. A niche in the side
  of a sepulchre in which dead bodies
  are deposited. (in Hindustan). A
  place where the dead are washed.
  (dakh.) A tomb, grave. A pit made

in the floor of a house, where some one is dead, for the purpose of washing and purifying the corpse previous to interment (a custom among Musalmans only). [the corner of the eye.

- A. Looking askew or by
- the twinkling of an eye; a minute. A look, a glance.
- laḥm, s. m. Flesh, meat. Solder.

  Laḥim, adj. Carnivorous.
- one which he understands, but is unintelligible to every other person. Sound; note: modulation, melody. An error in pronouncing the vowels. A cacophony, monotony, a barbarism of speech or accent. The signification of a word.
- whiskers. الحية التيس likyat, s. f. Beard, mustaches.

  Goat's beard, name of a herb.
  Hypoestes.
- الحالج الم lath, adj. (dakh.) See
- bit, part, portion, some, a little, somewhat.

  A piece (tu'ṛn),

  A piece of one's

  liver (generally applied to a child);
  darling.

  [feeble.
- المنازع lakhlakh, a d j. Weak, lean,
- A sort of strong odonr or perfume: a censer or instrument to burn perfumes in A lamp.
- Inkhlakhānā, v. n. (dakh. الغالخانا العالف المونا العولي المونا المونا
- \*. azizi lakhlakha, s. m. Bee laizi
- الخوندرا هر lakhondrā, adj. (dakh.) for لخوانده Unread, illiterate.
  - H. J. laddū, adj. Fit to carry a load.

    Laddū tattū laddū. a. m. A beast of burden, a pack horse.

- H. 山山 lad-ā-lad, adj. Filled up, stuffed full. [load.
- ع. الانا ladānē, (caus. of الدانا) v.a. To
- H. 5 Lada'o, s. m. A load, weight. Cargo, bale, lading. An arched roof or terrace.
- H. UN ladnā, v. n. To be loaded, to be laden. (Slang.) To be carried to one's grave. (Slang.) To die, to be no more.
- H. Li ladwānā, (causal of Loss v. a)
  To cause to load.
- н. 🕉 laddū, s. m. A ball, lump. Benefit, gain. Stock, capital, money. A kind of sweetment, made chiefly of secur, with the addition of cocos-nat kernel rasped, and cream, and formed into the shape of large buluses or To build من کے لدّو کھانا castles in the air. تیککے لڈو کھا To be distracted, foolish, or intoxicated. (Spoken of one who talks acts absurdly in opposition to his usual good sense. An allusion taken from sharpers who join a party of travellers, and having gut into their confidence. with sweetmeats entertain them impregnated with Datura, or other intoxicating drug; that they may rob them with impunity while under its stupifying influence).
- A. שנו lazgat, s. f. Pleasure, enjoyment, delight (savād), flavour, deliciousness, sapidity (chaslā), taste, savour, sweetness. An amorous philter, aphrodisiac. lazāis-i-nafsānī, or hairānī s. f. Sensual pleasures.

  (Plur. الذات).
- A. الذيذ la z i z, (نا) adj. Dolicions, piquant. pleasant, delightful, luscions, sweet, full of juice, savoury, nice.
- Ind measure, varying from 41 to 6 or 61 cubits.
- P. الرزيدن larzān, part. act. (of الرزيدن)
  Trembling, quivering, tremulous.
- P. H. Ujj larzana, (causal of Ujj) v. a.
  To shake, cause to shake, quiver,
  tremble, &c.

- P. لرزيدن) s. f. Shiver. ing, quaking, trembling, tremour.
- P. B لرزنا larusnā, (الربة v. n. shake. to tremble, quake, totter.
- P. sj. larsa, s. m. (larzish) Shaking, shivering, quake (thar thar. Hath men lurzāh hai. An earthquake (bhaunchāl). Tremour, cold fit of an ague.
- H. 引 lar, s. f. (可包) A string (of pearls, &c.), a thread, a row, line, series. A chain. A strand of a rope or cord. A party. (thok). (Bot.) Ameutum, catkin. لزمين رهنا To be in one's party.
- H. | lar-ā, adj. (ased in compos.) Of a string or thread; as, ایک لرا Of one string.
- ع. الراك larākh, adj. (dakh.) See
- ع. نات المعالف عن adj. Quarrel-ع. الات المعالف عن adj. Quarrel-some, wrangler,
- [lingbrawler, good fighter.
- ع. الراق الم larā-larī. s. f. (dakh.) Wrang-
- ع. الرّانا larānā, v. a. (causal of الرّانا) make fight, to fight, bait. لزنا] Sport) To play.
- E. じ買 liānā, v. a. (dakh.) causal of
- إِنَا اللهِ la rān kā, adj. Quarrelsome, warlike.
- ع. عن المناك عن المناك عن المناكس المناك quarrel, fighting. Wrestling, boxing, pugilism. Hostility, enmity. لزائى كونا To war, fight, give battle.
- וליי, זו larbar, s. (dakh.) Stammering. speaking absurdly from fear.
- שׁ בִּין luiburā, adj. (dakh.) Inconsiderate, rash: acquainted with every body.

- ਮ. ਫ਼ਿਸ਼ਾ ਫ਼ੀ larbarānā, v. n. To stutter, stummer, falter, speak nonsensically from fear. To stagger, reel.
- H. تربي larbas, adj. (dakh.) Soft, tender, easy to be swallowed.
- H. P. لزبندي lar-bandi, s. f. A catalogue, bill, Thattle, war,
- الاست المعالم المعالم
- ا لزتى الغ lipti, s. f. (dakh.) Wallowing, To fall ازتی میں پڑنا .To fall [worn in the ears.
- H. Kr lurkā, s. m. A Hindū ornament
- इ. ४% larkā, (राडक r. र.ड Sport, play
  - or To be a child.) (bashcha) s.m.
  - A boy, child, infant, babe. I by s m. Child. لتركا لتركي s. Boys and girls, children.
- التوك ين المعالمة المتعالمة التوك ين المعالمة larak-pan, s. m. (běl-pan) Childhood, childishness.
- التكورانا المرانا larkharānā, v. n. To stag-ਸ. ਫਿਲਾਈ larlharānā, f trip, To stutter, stau-
- ತಿ ಲ್ರೌಕ್ಸ್ lag-khuri, (r. ಕ್ರಾಶ Roll) s. L Bolling. Flattery, coaxing, fawning.
- ع الوكها الوكها الوكها الوكها الوكها الوكها الوكها ي To roll, to fall (or roll) off, to slip, to slide.
- ع. لوكا larli, (fem. of كالكا) s.f. A girl, maid, lass. A daughter.
- 4. 나를 larnā, (r. 항로 Stir, agitate). v. n. (jhagarnā) To fight, quarrel, contend, battle, war. To clash with, jur against, cope or vie with. To hit, strike against. To bite, sting. To agree or coincide with. To be staked, risked. To subscribe, contribute one's quota lar parna, v. n. To fall out. (dukh. also) to nip, pinch. subst m. Fighting. ¶ lurnā, or lirnā, v. n. (dakh.) To wallow, welter, draggle, grovel: see. Lidij lurhnā.

- ع. لزنت larant, (لزنا) s. f. Fighting, wrestling, contending.
- a. لترويا la -waiyā, adj. Very fighting, fond of fighting, warlike; s. m. A fighter, warrior.
- ي الزهانا ع الاهانا ع الرهانا ع الرهانا ع الرهانا ع v.a. To cause to roll, to spill.
- । الزهكنا lurhaknā, كرية का ठन
- y. n. To roll, roll down, move or slide down To take rest, lie down. Do ghari lurhak raho. To be spilt. (Slan.) To drop off, drop down dead. الله عال عال عالم To die.
- H. Jurhiyānā, v. a To double, hem a garment (in sewing).
- H. التي lari, s. f. A string (of pearls, &c.). A link. [string
- ਸ. لَرِيانا lariyānā, v. a. To thread, to
- lazij, adj. Adhesive, clammy, viscous. [tenacity.
- lusājat, s. f. Adhesiveness,
- A. Lusum, s. m. Expediency, necessity, compulsion, obligation, requisiteness, behooving. Necessarily following.
- or rather from المدة المان assa, To lick)

  s. f. The tongue; language, idiom, dialect, diction, speech, jargon. The style of a book. السان الثور Bugloss, borage. لسان الحمل Plantain or plantane. لسان العصافير The seed of the ash-tree (لسان الكلب) The herb

- dog's tongue. (Cynoglossum.) ¶ lassān, adj. (superl. of للسي) Eloquent. Talkative, garrulous, s. m. A chatter box (bātūnī).
- A.P. لسانى lassān-ī, s. f. Elocution, eloquence.
- السانيت. lassān-iyat, s f. Eloquence.
- a. الس لسا اas-lasā, adj. Viscous, clammy, glutinous, adhesive, ropy.
- g. lulul laslasāļ, s. f. (dakh.) Viscosity, clamminess, adhesiveness.
- ع. السالا الم las-lasā-nā, v. n. To be clammy or glutinous, to agglutinate.
- s. Um lasnā (r. 55 Km b race: be skilful: shine) v. n. To become, besit: shine, look bright or beautiful. Bihārī says:—

سکھیسوهت کوپال کے ارگنجن کی مال

- Sukhi sohat gopāl ke ur gunjan ki māl; bāhar lasat hiye mano dābām. ki juāl. (1)h my friend! that necklace of the seeds of Abrus adorns the breast of Gopāl; it appears opposite to his heart like the flume of a fire which consumes the forest. (A speech of Rādhā in the Satsa'i on seeing Kruhņa wear such a necklace, the work of her rival. She compares it to fire, both from the colour, and the effect which the sight of it has on her bosom).
- H. Lim lasnā. (京母) To be sticky, viscous, glutinous. ¶ lisnā, To be smeared, plastered. To stick to, fit like a cap. Yeh phabtī us par lis gaī.
- s. السورا lasorā or lisaurā (r. रूस Embrace) s. m. Name of a glutineus fruit. (Cordia myxa. बहुत्रारक) प विद्वं lasorā, Cordia latifolia.
- السى lassi, s. f. milk and water, diluted milk. A running sore.
- 1. السيان lasiyānā (r. جبر Embrace) v.a.
  To be viscous, to be clammy.
- H. الشكارنا lashkārnā, v.a. To tallyha
- العسكر . lashkar (from A. العسكر . ashkar (from An army, a military force, a camp

An encampment. الشكر خلاص s.f. A trull, a strumpet. الشكر كاة s.f. A camp (A. chhāonā)، لشكر كشي s.f. Levying of forces, conduct of an army, leading, forth an army, invasion. churhāi).

- lashkar-i, adj. Belonging to an army, military; s. m. A soldier.
- A. Latefat, s. f. (Opp. of kasafat)

  Fineness, thinness, elegance, grace, neatness, delicateness, point, deliciousness (ras), subtility, exquisiteness, pleasantness, facetionsness, wit. Being small, slender, yet handsome.
- الطيفة lage و lage الطائف . هـ الطائف
- A. Luff. s. m. Courtesy, grace-refinement, kindness, benignity-favour, elegance, gentleness, gracious-ness, delicacy, pleasantness, pleasure, taste, enjoyment, gratification, pleasantry, wit; piquancy, point, the beauty or best (of a thing). luff yeh hai, intj. To crown all! the best of the joke is! be-luff, adj. Tasteless, dry.
- A. P. لطفى lutf-i, adj. Adopted (child, or child) brought up in the family.
- A. Labi laima, s. m. A slap on the cheek, a box on the ear, a blow.
- agreeable, kind, courteous, benevolent, minute, subtile, fine, rare, thin, delicious, exquisite, witty, facetious despositions, a merry heart, &c. (Arab. fem. delicious).
- A. لطيفة المينة الطيفة المينة الطيفة المينة المينة
- الله المعرق المعرفة ا
- to play. Heb. To mock, to ridicule)
  s. m. Viscosity, sliminess, spittle, snot, mucus, saliva, mucilage. A jelly, juice and sugar reduced to a jelly.

  Mucilaginous. [game, sport.
  A. المال الما

- A. العبت labat, s. f. A puppet, a doll, a plaything.
- P. لعل اهار, (Pers. الل s. m. A ruby.
- A. لعن العن الم lan, s. f. Cursing, imprecating.
- A. Lik lanat, s. f. An imprecation, curse, anathema, execuation. lanat bhejnā, or k. To curse, imprecate.

  To shun, abstain from. Like To curse lanat malāmat k. To reproach, beap reproaches on. [ble.
- A. P. العندي la<sup>n</sup>nat-ī, adj. Cursed execra-
- He licked) s. (H. cha'nī) What is licked; and electuary or other medicine to be liked or sucked. Lañq Sipistân. [detested.
- العين اله la'in, adj. Accursed, execrable,
- الغات lughāt, s. (Gr. logos) plur. (of word.) A dictionary, lexicon. lujat jhārnā, v. a. To use big words.
- الگام laghām, s. f. See لغام
- A. الغايت li-gl.āyat, To the end (of). adv. Inclusive.
- To speak) s. f. Tongue, speech, dialect, language. Dictionary, glossary, vocabulary, nomenclature. A word.
- Lughs, (or lughus, from الغز loghaza, To distort, Heb. He spoke as a bar, barian) s. m. Any ambiguous phrase. an enigmu, a riddle. Anything occult.
- e. لغزيدن) a gh z, part. act. (of (لغزيدن) in compos. Stumbling, slipping, tripping. [Slipping.
- P. الغزيدن laghzān, part. act. (of الغزان)
- s. m. (Phi-lan) A slip, slipping, sliding, tumbling. Shaking, tottering. Prevarication, equivocation.
- الخو. A. الغو lagho, (or, dakh. laghā), adj.

  (منا barking). Preposterous, contemptible, absurd, false. To aholish, auppress. Speaking thoughtlessly.

- Literal, verbal. لغوى ما lughawi, adj. Literal, verbal.

  Literal or verbal meaning. Primary meaning. Etymological (sense of a word).
- الغوى laghwiyāt, s. plur. (of لغوى)

  Vain, foolish words or speeches, nonsense, without foundation.
- Loff, s. m. Involution, folding, twisting, complicating, joining, assembling, mixing.
- A. فاغا taffāz, adj. (superl. of لفظ)

  Eloquent. Wordy, verbose, prolix.
  Garrulous. s. m. A pedant
- A. P. لفاظى laffā: -ī, s. f. Eloquence pedantry.
- ing, term. lafz-ba-lafz, adv. Verbatim, word for word, lafz mustamala, or rosmarrah. A word in current or daily use. [expressly.
- A. كفا lufgan, adv. Verbally, literally,
- الفظى lafz-i, adj. Relating to the pronunciation or to the word; verbal. Literal lafzī tarjumah. A literal or word for word translation. lafzī mānī. s. f. A literal meaning. [racter.
- P. Siil lufung, s. m. A loose cha-
- A. فيغا lafif, adj. Collected promiscuously from all parts. s. A promiscuous multitude; a friend or acquaintance.
- a. سقا ligab, s. m. K title, surname /

- (either honourable or opprobrious), by-name. Appellation of honour.
- A. القلق laqlaq, s. m. A stork. (dakh. also) Seu مقلقاً
- stork. A continual motion of the jaw. or of the tongue (in serpents). Spirit, ambition. Weight, influence. Eloquence, pronunciation.
- eastern fabulis: (supposed to be the same as Æsop). A wise man.
- A. Lai luqma, s. m. A morsel, mouthful, bit, sop. Eating anything quickly.
- H. Jugandrā, s. m. A rake, a profligate. A transposition of quiesdar a devotee. A loose character. A scamp, cheat.
- الق و دن الم laqq-o-daqq, adj. Desert, waste, dreary. Bleak and barron.
- A. القواه القواه s.m. A spasmo-dic distortion of the face. Paralysis.
- A. P. Ul., s. m. Varnish, a flame.
- P. g. Luk, (交流) adj. A hundred thousand. [(dakh.) Rich.
- र. لکپتی lukh-pat', (हंस्याति) adj.
- H. لكتّى lukţi, s.f. A tell-tale. A mischief-maker. (dakh.) See
- P. كا lakad, s. f. A kick. كن كوب Kicking, cuffing: kicked.
- H. لكڙى lakur, (contract. of لكڙى) s m.

  Wood, a cudgel, beam, log, timber,
  bar. لكڙ A cudgel-player. لكڙ عازى
  s. f. Cudgel-playing, fencing.
  لائو هارا A wood-cutter, wood-seller.
- H. Juliakrā, s. m. A hyena. A large piece of wood, log, block.

- timber, a staff, stick; the tough, stringy substance in the heart of some fusiform roots, as carrots, turnips, &c. (met.) adj. Stiff. Emaciated, lean.
- B. Lakshmī, (京統明) s. f. A polite term for the daughter-in-law (bahū). See
- الک کرنا اله lak karnā, v. (dakh.

  To make clear.
- الكك laklak, s. m. Stork : see لقلق
- الث كرنا .ak-lak karnā, v. (dakh.) To glitter.
- H. Blaklakā!, s. f. (dakh.) Splendour, glare. ¶ luklukā! (dakh.) Motion. [shine, glitter.
- H. LIKKI laklakānā, v. n. (dakh) To
- barbarous language) s. f. (H. haklāpan.) ( to stammer) Stuttering,
  lisp, stammering. Speaking thick (as
  a man in liquor), speaking indistinctly,
  from the effects of paralysis, etc.
- P. & laka, s. Spot, blot.
- ي النكم likh, s. A nit. See. ليكم
- P. <u>s</u>. لك lak-hā, s. plur. (of كا)

  Hundreds of thousands.
- 4. Wikhā, (part. past of Uw) s. m. Fate, predestination, destiny, writing. adj. Written, engrossed.
- g. Ugu likhānā, (causal of light) v. a.

  To cause or teach to write, to get written. [inscription.
- a. المهاوت likhāwaṭ, s. f. writing,
- e. الهائل الهائل الهائل عبر likha'i, s. f. The wages of writing. The labour of writing. The art or business of writing.
- e. لکهپتی lakhpat, or لکهپت lakhpati, (हाञ्च Hundred thonsand, and प्रति
  Master, owner) adj, Rich, millionaire.

- ship. Anything written, a letter, a note of hand, a deed, a document; inscription.
- B. الكها الكهانا الكهانا الكهانا الكهانا الكهانا lukhlakhānā, v. n. To gasp or pant with heat or thirst (as, birds).
- ع. لينا الكه لينا lilh lenā, v.a. To copy, to write.
- v. a. To write, put or set down. To enter, register, copy, take a note of (darj k.). To delineate or paint. To compose (a work. etc), make a draught. s. m. Handwriting. Takhnā (受到了 r. 受到 See) v. a. To see, to look at, to behold. To perceive (dekhnā). To understand. v. n. To appear. [pen.
- g. لكهنى likhnī, le!hnī, (हेंखनी) в. f. A
- ي الكها likhwānā (caus. of لكها) v. s.
  To cause to write.
- عبوتا کول الها الهوتا الهوتا الهوتا الهوتا الهوتا عبوتا کول To smeared with lac, glaze.
- H. Lakkhī, adj. Possessing a lac.
  Lakkhī saudāgar yā banjārā.
- a. المجارا lakherā, (তাপ্লা Lac) s. m. A varnisher. lakherun. s f. One who sells things made of lac.
- الكير اakīr. s. f. (हेंबा) A line, stripe, lineament, streak.
- to be joined) To, as far as (tak). near, till, until, up to, close to, whilst, during.
- H. D lagā, adj. Joined, connected.

  Attached to. Burnt; hence, accursed.

  Lage kī mūchhen ukhār lūn ī! Wom.

  Lagā denā, v. a. To put to, to apply.

  Lagā rakhnā, v. n. To put by, lay by.

  To hoard up.
- a. W laggā, s. m. Affection, attachment. UW To be incompatible,

inconsistent (with), not comparable (with). A pole with which a boat is impelled, a large bamboo. Beginning. Resemblance. Union, friendship.

- ع. P. گاتار الا lagātār, a d j. Successive.

  adv. (پیے درپے) uninterruptedly,

  constantly. See
- together, incessantly, without intermission.
- P. ملا المام المام lagam, s. f. A bridle, a bit, bit and reins together. المام دينا To bridle. To curb, check, control.
- a. كانا lajān, (كانا) s.m. Stopping or making fast (a boat, &c.): landing or dwelling place.
- H. Jagān. R. m. Assessment on land (partā). Bent or revenue from land.
- In apply, close, attack, join, fix, affix, ascribe, impose, lay, add, place, put, plant, sat, inflict, shut, spread fasten, connect. plaster, put to work, employ, envage, use, impute, report any thing in the way of scandal or malice.

  Lizzia v. a. (lit.) to fan and put out (the flame). To back-bite, tell-tales. To excite quarrels. Lilia To attach to one's self, conciliate, win lile in the columniate.
- H. U.S lajānā, v. n. To sow dissension, make a quarrel.
- ion. connexion. bearing, contactor adherence, symmetry, series, relation, resemblance, analogy, reference, allusion, inclination, propencity Application. (Mech.) Stable (equilibrium). intercourse. ¶ lagā'ā, adj. (dakh.) in compos. Applier.
- application. Attachment, affection. Sexual intercourse, unlawful union.
- a. H. الكو يهاك la;-bhag, adj. Close, near, about, almost, by, thereabout, hard by. Approximate (قريب).

  Adv. Approximately, about.

- ا کتا دار ۱<u>a tā-'ār</u>, adj. Uninterrupted, continual.
- التالت المعالية laytā-lagat, adv. (dakh. ويى درپى) One after another, successively, continually.
- ي. الك جلنا الم lag-chalnā. To follow closely, court friendship.
- H. لكدى lugdi, s. f. A lump of anything ground (esp. of bhang, etc.).
- out cloth, old clothes. A wrapper, a sheet.
- н. الگرات) s. f. (dakh)
  Rubbing, attrition, friction.
- H الگرّنا lagrānā, (caus. of الگرّنا) To cause to rub, to rub.
- see الكرّى الله المركرة To best violently. [stork.
- P. لقان lagla الكلك .m. A
- الماترا. الماترا lag mātrā, s. f. The rowel marks in Nāgri, s. m. A lover, paramour.
- s. ,, I lagan or lagna, (নাম) s. t. Desire, longing. A moment, the rising of a sign of the zodiac above the horizon. The sun's entrance into a The moment of sign of the zodiac. the sun's entrance into a zodiacal sign, hence a moment. The letter addressed by the futher of the bride to the father of the bridegroom fixing the date of the marriage. Affection, attachment, friendship, Icve. Esponsals, appointing the day of marriage, lagen, s. m. A large flat hollow copper utensil in the form of a basin for kneading. ¶ (dakh. 🚅) adv. To, up to (रुगत) Coming in contact: لكنا
- g. Ungrā (r. 5511 come in contact)

  v. n. To be applied, to apply, begin, be fixed. be attached, be close (to), adjoin, touch, be employed, be impated, attain (to), reach, suit, join, close,

be, belong, become, happen, befall, seem, taste, be connected (with), regard. To strike, hit. To stick or adhere to. To be appended to, filed with. To be arranged, put in order. Have relation with. To form a liaison. To feel, perceive. To be burnt. (Khichri lagnā). To be galled, chapped, sore (Kamar lagnā). To affect, produce an effect. To have sexual intercourse with. To be operative, to have effect (davā or bāt lagnā). To move, melt (dil men lagi). To be set (on fire). To be cut, wounded (chāqu To burn, smart (marham lagnā). lagnā). To visit, haunt (sher). To be at anchor (ship) (Jahās lagnā), To be posted (a letter). To lie in ambush (ghāt men lagā rahnā. To hunt down. To attack, injure (ghun lagna). To be bent upon (jane lagna). To take root. To sprout. Levied (tikas lagnā.) To cost. To be staked. To be valued at, to fetch a price. To be invested. To be sold. To be shut. (kivād lagnā). To be displayed (basär lagnā). (An auxiliary.) To begin, commence (Kahne lagna). To be trained. To be used. To be shrivelled (pet  $lagn\bar{a}$ ). To rot (fruit) phal lagnā). To be accused falsely. lagti hui. adj. Burning. Williams) sexual inter-لكى Paramour. لكوار Paramour. Desire, longing (chāh). Hunger; love. lage hith, adv. while your hand is in; concurrently, at the same time. Us, To continue without interruption, continue fixed. Lin, Lin To be occupied or busy (in).

- ع. الموا عي lagā'ā, s. m. A paramour.
- e. الكانا الموانا الموانا عن الكانا v. a. To apply, fix, cause to apply, to cause to put or plant, &c.
- staff. A fishing rod (chhar). A crook. A boat-hook. laggi lagana, v. a. To punt.
- H. W lalā, s. m. A boy. A term of endearment. A green horn (حمق).
- e. শা lilā! (নিনাট) s.m. The forehead (peshānī). Fate, destiny, fortune.

- الك الحمد والمنة المعاد المنة المنة li-l-lāhi-l-ḥamd wa-l-minna, To God be praise, glory and thanksgiving.
- 8. للت lalit, (ਨਜਿਨ) s. f. Name of a rāgiņī or musical mode. adj. Beautiful, lovely.
- H. 以实 lalchānā, v. n. (云云 desire) To be tantalized, to long, hanker after, water (the mouth), lust for. v. a. To excite desire, to tantalize, to covet.
- lalak, s. f. Cont. of lallo tongue,
  lapak bound. A sudden gush of water,
  &c. Longing, hankering. Zeal. (met.)
  Whim, fancy, caprice.
- H, Kil lalkir, s. f. Cout. of lallo tongue, Kār act. Call, bawl, halloo, cry, challenge.
- after, to holloo after (pukārnā), to challenge, to set up the war whoop. v. n. To bawl out insultingly.
- H. Will lilaknā, v. n. (H. lallo tongue, To long for, be greedy for, die for. jahān koī chīs dekhī lhiak parā.
- s. ill lalanā, (হান্তা) s. f. A woman, a playful woman.
- ਸ. لوپتو lallo-patto, s. m. (होहा the tongue) Wheedling, coaxing, flattering, adulation.
- for God's sake. Lillāhi-lhamd, To God be the praise. (by way
  of oath) By God.
- H. للى lali, s. f. A girl. adj. Impotent.
- tim, s. f. (or dakh. m.) Unjust censure, calumny (الزام) Indication, trace. (dakh.) Fault. [pendicular.
- H. Lamb, s. m. (Geom). A per-
- g. الما المبارة, (लाब) adj. Long, tall.

  Great, large. s. m. A great hig fool.

  الماكرا To lengthen, extend. To permit to go. To beat, to drab.

- و. المبارا lambārā, s. m. (dakh.) A grainmerchant: see المبارا
- عبان المبان المبان المبان المبان المبان (To prolong.
- a. المبانا lambā-nā, v. a. To lengthen.
- المبائی المبا
- المبو المبوادي المبوادي
- a. لمبى المالة, (see لمبا) adj. f. Long, tall. A kind of bounding pace in a horse. lambī tannā, v. n. To lie down, to sleep. To stretch oneself while lying down. To be stretched in death. لمبى سانس بهرنى To heave a deep sigh. To breathe hard (as a dying man). To regret, to lament. لمبى كرنا To make a horse capriole, or throw out his fore legs.
- H. المنتزنكا lam-tarangā, adj. Tall and robust.
- المتنكر. H. المتنكر am-tangū, s. m. A stork, crane. Longshanks. lam-chhap, s. f. A long thin stick used by pigeon-fliers. A long musket
- s. भुक् बिm-chhar (ल्झ्ब Long, and छटा Line) s. f. A long musket. [Tall.
- adj. الم چهڙ lam-chharā (see الم چهڙا) adj.
- (pal), a glance, wink or twinkling of an eye. Lead Every moment, constantly, perpetually. An instant.
- اشكار كا دّور lamdor, s. (dakh. لمدّور)

  Cord or string for catching game; a fishing line used without a rod.
- المس lams, s. m. To touch, feeling, handling. Sense of feeling.
- brilliancy. Shining, glaring. The glare of the sun.

- H. mless lamat, s. plur. of dess
- H. Wallamaknā, v. n. To hasten, take long strides.
- A. نصل الملك and المن الملك He to whom. الملك iti-man-a-l-melk, He to whom is the kingdom or the sway.
- क्ष प्रधा lambā, (लम्ब) adj. Long, tall.
- g. النبان lambān, [(लम्ब) s. m. f. Length.
- A. لن ترانى lan-tarānā, (lit. thou shak never see me) s. f. Boasting (shekhi), airs, conceitedness.
- P. Lilunja, adj. Cont. of län penjä.
  Without hands. Lame of a hand or hands, having lost the use of hands and feet; crippled.
- H. Lie Liu lande phande, s. m. Deceit (fan fareb).
- s. 🗓 land, (लिंगं) s. m. Penis.
- H. Di lunça, adj. Tail-less, tail-cropt, docked. Stripped (of leaves and branches). Without friends, forlorn. ¶s. (dakh.) Lump, round ball of something.
- H. S. Jie Jil lund-mund, adj. Tailless, and bald.
- adj. Tail-less, docked. (A person)
  without friends, forlorn. [/w/hnc.
- g. lia Jil lundhnā, v. n. See lia J
- ıı. الذّي landī, s. f. A cur, a term of contempt used by Faqirs.
- H. Lind lundhana, v.a. To spill (a fluid). To overturn.
- a. الندّيانا lunḍiyānā, (r. लुट) v. n. To roll.
- H. Will lank, s. f. The reins, the loins. s. m. A heap, store, large quantity, much.

- s. Kii lanks, (ਲੱਗਾਂ) The capital of Révens in Coylon.
- round the loins with the end passed between the thighs and tucked in behind, or a cloth worn between the legs. Use To tie on the Sil Lamences). s. f. Side.
- s. ப்பி ling, (जिंग) s. m. Membrum virile, a priapus. The emblem of Mahadeva, (Gram.) Gender. (Bot.) The phallus.
- الكاراً الكاراً lungard, s. m. A dissolute or abandoned wretch, rip, loose fish.
- langar, s. m. (dakh. s. f.) An anchor. A stay or a thick rope or a cable for supporting a tent. An almshouse (langer khind). The plaits of a robe. A public kitchen kept by a great man for his followers and dependents. Alms (sadabarat). A long strip of cloth worn round the loins with the ends passed between the thighs and tucked, in behind, worn esp. by wreatlers. The raphe of the perincum. A weight. The pendulum of a clock. adj. Worthless, mean. To weigh anchor, set sail. To feed the poor, or raise an aimshouse to give a feast to the poor, لنكر خانه To be at sachor لفكر پر هوفا A house where food is provided for To cast للكر قاللا or كرنا .To cast anchor, moor (a boat). [rake.
- H. Jangarme, Poet. s. m. Gallant,
- الكرى langer, s. f. A large shallow pan, made of metal, and generally used to kneed bread in, or at meals for serving rice.
- P. النگرى langar-i, s. m. Provisions distributed to the poor.
- न. انگ Iangrā, (संग انگرا adj.
  Lame, cripple.

- P. H. انگرانا tangrā-nā, v. n. To limp, go lame.
- ه. ع. النكرونا المعروم المعروبة النكرونا المعروبة المعروبة النكروانا المعروبة المع
- lingam, s.m. (dakh.) See لنكم ع
- لنگوتی ه. m. See لنگوت ع
- الكوتا الكوتا الكوتا الكوتا . Langota, كنا الكوتا . A bandage to which the langot is featened. One devoted to celibacy.
- between the legs to conceal the privities. (A bit of cloth about two feet long and six or eight inches broad, passed between the legs, and the ends tucked in before and behind to the tasma or divisit).
- r. انگوتیا یا langotiyā-yēr, A playmate. An old friend (from childhood), a very intimate or an old bosom friend, a crony. [baboon, monkey.
- स्वत्रव्यतः (लाजुःली) ह. m. 🛦
- s انگهی tanghan, (ਲੰਬਜ r. ਲਬ To fast: to leap over) s. m. Fast, fasting. To jump over. انگهی پرهنا To catch (as, a disorder).
- stepping over the urine of a syphilitic patient. (Popular belief).
- tung, or النكي lungs, s. f. See النكى tung, or it is a coloured cloth check worn by Mah. as the lung or dhots. A turban with a check or gold border.
- ي H. أبو to, (imper. of أبو) Take, hold, interj. Lo! look, behold, see, there now. ¶ (ق, s. f. See قية القائد (dakh. المتالية tapish). Heat,
- candle, any pointed flame. The lobe of the ear. (Scotch, low). Ull of To fix the attention. To be constant in prayer, devotion, do. Khudā se lau lagānā. lau lagaā, v. n. To be

absorbed in (religious meditation, etc). To iterate (ratnā lagnā).

The frequent and long continued repetition of any saying (particularly, of a lover calling on his mistress, or of a dying man on God), to have a constant desire or craving (for any thing). (dakh.) Remembrance: love.

- A. الويل) s.m. A standard, a banner. A government (of a small district, town or castle).
- 2. বি lawā, (নান) s. m. A kind of little bush quail. (Perdix chinensis).
- الحق المسمه الم
- الوازم المسقينة lawāzim, or لوازم lawāzima, or لوازمات lawāzimāt, s. m. plur. (of الازم) Necessary things, what is indispensable, requisites, appurtenances, baggage. Ingredients.
- a. لوا لانا liwā lānā, v. a. To bring.
- g. الينا liwānā, (causal of لينا) v. a. (dilwānā). To cause to take.
- البان ه. m. A (لبان s. m. A kind of gum, incense, benzoin (resin), olibanum. Frankincense.
- م الوبانى اله lobānī, adj. (dakh.) Milkwhite. kauriyā lobān, Pure white frankincense. لوبانى عول The whitest and purest sort of benzoin.
- s. را الربهي lobh-i, (लोमी) adj. Covetous, avaricious. [(Dolichos sinensis).
- P. لوبيا lobiyā, s. m. Kind of bean
- ह. لوته loth (लोचक) s. f. A corpse (lāsh), dead body. [of flesh. Flesh.
  - g. اوتهرا lothṛā, s. m. (लोचका) Alump

- الوثنا) s. m. Turning over, inverting. Returning.
- cooking) a pipkin, a small metal pot, generally of brass or tinned iron.
- الرقاسجى lotā-sajī, s. f. A kind of earth containing fossil alkali.
- v. a. To turn over, invert. To turn back, to send back, return (pherné), give back, reject. [wallowing.
- H. لوت lot, s. m. Rolling about,
- e. H. لوت پوت اورت بود السلام lot-pot, adj. Wallowing, tumbling and tossing, rolling about; restless. لوت پوت هونا To be in love. To die suddenly. [cresses.
- الوت يوتيا .B. لوت يوتيا .B. Water-
- iotan, s. m. (see لوثى lotan) A tumbling. A kind of pigeon, tumbler. A bush. A platform for wrestlers. A creeper.
- the ground) v. n. (tarapnā) To wallow, roll about, flounce, sprawl, grevel. To lie in bed (leṭnā). To fall at one's feet, prostrate oneself (pairon men loṭ gayā). To die for. To be agitated. To be taken or charmed with. To turn, change for the worse. (loṭnā lenā) To go back from, play false. To miss, fail. To be bankrupt, to fail (hoṭhā loṭ gaī.).
- invert: turn back, return, laut paut chhāpnā, v. a. To print on both sides.
- s. الوّنا القائم (छंटन) v.a. To plunder, pillage, spoil. To extort, rob, make

- high charges. To squander. To riot. (bahār, or masā lūţnā.
- الوتها العنها الوتها الوتها الوتها العنها الوتها man. (see كبرو comp. Eng. lout, noodle). ¶ lotā.
- A. أرث laug, s. m. Contamination, dirt, filth, pollution, defilement.
- H. Joch, s. m. (H. les) starch. Sweet-ness, softness, delicacy.
- P. Jich, adj. Squinteyed. Naked.
- a board (especially, on which any thing is written), a tablet. A title page. Lauh-i-mahfüs lauh-i-mahfüs The guarded table on which the destinies of mankind are written (according to the Muhammadans).

  s. f. The tablet and pen on, and with, which the decrees of the Deity are written.
- e. Jodh, (河河) s. m. A kind of medicine, the bark of a tree (Symplocos racemosa,) used in dying.
- الورى القارى ال
- H. کوری lori, s. f. A lullaby, a cradle song, nursery rhymes. Lori dena, v.a. To sing a lullaby, to lull a child to sleep.
- g. laurā, (r. 可医 Grow mad or foolish) s. m. Membrum virile, penis. laurā pēlā k. (obscene slang) v. a. To abuse.
- H. Lio, lorhnā, v. a. To separate the seed from the cotton. To wish, desire.
- الوز . Lauz, s. m. An almond; a kind of sweetmeat.
- الزيات lauz-iyāt, s. plur. Sweetmeats in which almonds are mixed.
- A. P. لوزيننا lauz-ina, s. m. A confection of almonds.

- الوس laus, s. m. Taste, tasting.
- to the heart, an inclination, affection. A cloak. A man expert and expeditions in business. Joining, bringing together (friends, &c.).
- A. by lut, n. prop. Lot.
- 8. ڪي lok, (लोक) s. m. People. A world, region, country. نين لوڪ तिलोक tri-lok, The Three worlds, viz. खर्गलोक swarga-lok, Heaven. मर्र्यलोक martya-lok, Earth पाताल लोक pātāla-lok, Hell.
- इ. हिंगे lūkā (r. लोक Shine, or rather for उल्का) s. m. Pieces of burning matter thrown out from a conflagration. Flame, fire.
- H. لوكا laukā, s. m. A kind of pumpion (Cucurbita lagenaria). (from على لاكا Lightning, flash, glitter, coruscation.
- ال الوكت القال lūka! (see ع lau), adj. Half-burnt (wood), a brand.
- ع. لوكتى القادة, s. f. A wooden poker, or stake burnt at one end; a firebrand. A fox.
- H. ركدو) lauki, s. f. (كدو) A kind of pumpion. See لوكا laukā.
- ي الوك log, s. m. See لوك lok, People, folk, family. Husband, caste.
- H. UJ lūgā, s. m. Cloth. A wrapper.
- н. У lūlā, adj. Lame of the hands, cripple.

- beginning of a sentence, denoting the peculiar regard of the Almighty to Muhammad. Sirr-i-laulāk,

  The mystery of the allusion referred to in Laulak (drop, pendant.
- s. كال lolak, (लोलक) s. m. Ear-ring,
- ear: هو المالكي المالكي المالكي المالكي المالكي المالكي المالكي المالكي ear: هو المالكي lolak. [la'ālī].
- لالى lūlū, s. m. A pearl. (Plur. لولو ما
- P. الولو, s. m. A people in Persia, called also Kārājī. A goblin to frighten children. (Burh qāṭ.), a bugaboo. A mad man, fool. [pearls.
- A. لولوئى التانية الولوئى التانية لولوئى المانية الولوئى التانية التا
- P. لولى (in Hind.) ¶ (in Hind.) إلى المارة, s. f. See P. لولى (in Hind.) إلى المارة, A courtezan, prostitute. لولى loli-i-falak, The planet Venus.
- الولى الم loli, s. f. The tone of voice used by a nurse to hush a crying child.
- الرم laum, s. m. Blaming, reprehending, accusing, reproof. ¶ اقت m, s. Avarice, baseness, vice.
- a. لومرتى lomṛi, (ल्लोमशा) s. f. A fox.
  A cunning fellow.
- g. لون مرج القا lon or lan (or lavan (लन्नण) s.m.

  Salt. لون مرج لكانا To speak
  hyperbolically or in lofty diffuse language.
- اوی laun, s. m. Colour, external form,
   hue. Species, genus.
- s. Un-ā, (लवण) adj. (Opp. of الوا)

  Salt, brackish. Piquant. Barren or salt (land). s. m. Purslain (Portulaca oleracea). Salt that effloresces from walls, &c.
- اونار ع. lon-ār, s. m. Salt lands. A place where salt is produced, a salt-pit.

- Free, independent. Having no fixed residence. Ignorant, unlearned. foolish. Poor, scarce of provisions, Uxorious. (subst.) Soldier, volunteer, adventurer. Rake. [clod.
- H. النكا londa, s. m. A lump of clay,
- laund, s. m. (dakh.) See لوندًا لوندًا لوندًا العلام laundā. الوندُباز laundā. الوندُباز laundā. الوندُبازي laundā لوندُبازي laundā لوندُبازي laundā لوندُبازي laundā لوندُبازي laund-bāsā, s. (dakh.)
  Fornication.
- p. الوندّاء laundā, s. m. (chhannṛš). A boy, a slave boy, lad, son, brat. A page. (slang) A catamite. لوندّاء بازى s. f. Sodomy.
- H. لوندى laundi, ter, a slave girl, a servant girl, bondmaid.
- aung or long (or, dakh. lavang: लवंग) s. f. Oloves. (Caryophyllus aromaticus, or Eugenia caryophyllata). A gold nose-pin.
- डू. لونى lānī, s. f. (लवण) The salt that effloresces from walls, &c. (for नवनीत) Butter.
- brackish. s. m. Purslain (Portulace oleracea). A pioneer. Salt-maker. Name of a tribe or caste of Beniyes. loniye kā sāg, s m. An acid potherb. Loniye kā sāg hai tarkērī ko.
- H. لونجى launji, s. f. (लून to out)
  Slices of mango for pickle.
- H. 8. lūh, s. f. A hot wind, the hot wind of baisākh and jețh.
- 8. 8년 loh or lauh, g. lad lohā, āhan). Iron, 비롯 lad To fight

with swords. Ich-lath, s. m. An iron mace or club.

- إلى على ا loh-ār or lauh-ār, (लोहकार) s. m. A blacksmith, a worker in iron, cutler, locksmith.
- H. Jauhār, s. m. A trance.
- الوهاري ed lohāran or lohārin, s. f. blacksmith's wife.
- H. lihārā, s. m. A bad pay master.
- على على lohān, adj. Covered with blood.

- e وهو lohë, (लोहित) в. т. adj. Covered with blood, [s. m. Iron-seller. bloody.
- a. Lad lohiyā, (लोह) adj.
- ket, a fine woollen blanket, flannel. Splendour of the countenance, honour.
  - পু lo'i or la'i, (ন্তাৎরী) A round lump of dough prepared for making into flat bread or cakes. A loaf.
- A. d la-hu, His, To (from, or of) him.
- A. بالمال السامة luhāb, (لهبال) s. m. Blazing, flame without smoke, burning.
- ड़. भी १४ hār, (लोहकार) s. m. A black• smitb.
- ع. الماري luhārin, s. f. The female of
- ع. الوهو) adj. Bloody.
- A. Lahab, (Heb.) s.m. Flame. Flying or ascending (as, dust).
- A. Lahja, s. m. The tongue, voice, sound, tone, accent, modulation, accentuation, cadence, speech, talk. language, idiom. Face, countenance.
- هذا lihāṣā, (اللهذا To, for, and هذا hāṣā, This) For this (reason), because, therefore, consequently.

- 1 lahar, (or lahr, कहरी) s. f. A wave, billows, surge, undulation, seesaw. Whim, fancy, vision, wild fancies. The effect of the poison of a snake. A waving pattern in embroidery. Emotion, excitement, fit of passion. Extasy, transport, rapture. A paroxysm, fit. Smart, ache, burn. Frenzy, heat, furor.
- g. In lahrā, (लहरी Wave) s. m. Quaver, shake, trill (in music). A lively tune, lahrā lagānā, v. a. To excite ۱(اکسانا)
- g. Und lahrānā, (लहरी see मा) v. n. To tantalize. To undulate, fluctuate, to wave. To play loosely, to put off. To blaze up. [happiness.
- الم بهر بهر lahar-bahar, s. f. Prosperity,
- ا لهرنى الaharni, s. f. (dakh.) نہرنی
- عبرى على lahri, (لهر adj. Inconstant, capricious, whimsical, emotional. Merry, jovial. Odd, fantastic. lahri. s. m. Clown, pantaloon.
- ع. لهريا lahriyā, (لهر) adj. Waved, wavy, serpentine, striped. s. m. Watered (silk, etc.). a mode of dying or painting; (dakh.) oblique.
- ള. لهسي lahsan, (লহাুল) s. m. (Allium sativum). A freckle, a A blotch. wrinkle.
- H. لهكارنا lahkārnā, v. a. To fondle, to pat and encourage a horse, &c.
- H. البكانا lahkānā, (causal of لبكانا) v. a. (نیکان) To warble, quaver: to cause to shine or glitter: to blow up a fire or blaze. To tallyho.
- H. لهكنا lahaknā, v. n. To be kindled or lighted, rise up into a flame, to rise (as wind), to glitter, flash, glance, shine: to wave (as, herbage before the wind): to warble, quaver.
- H. لهلهانا lahlahā-nā, v. n. To bloom, to be verdant to flourish. To wave (a field), undulating. buffaloes.
- H. Siy lahndā, B. m. lo bred A

- H. Lip lahangā, s. m. (लिंग) A skirt.

  A petticoat (or a mere skirt, which is tied round the loins and extends to the feet or ground).
- A. المرافع lahw, s. m. Playing, amusing one's self, unbending the mind. Play, any thing ludicrous, or jocular, whatever diverts the thoughts from anything serious (especially women, children, etc.). المواليا على s. m. Play, sport, mirth, game, fun.
- H. lahā'ā, s. m. Name of a plant.
- الهوا هوا الموا ا
- 2 be lhowā, s. m. (dakh.) See be lawā.
- الوكتى lhawāṭī, s. (dakh.) See لوكتى
- الهوار خاني المowār, (dakh.) s. m. Blacksmith, cutler, locksmith. الهوار خاني الموار خاني الموار خاني الموار خاني الموار بيان الموار الموار
- الموارنى المowār-nī, s. f. (dakh.) Wife of a blacksmith, &o.
- · H. لهيس lhes, s. m. Stickiness.
  - 2. 실 lai, (정각) s. f. Equal time in music and dancing, tone, melody, modulation, symphony, singing in

- tune. Air. Ardent affection or desire, taste, immersion, absorption: destruction.
- imperat, take; till, to, come! well! Prep. From, beginning from. Pench se le pachās tak. From five to fifty.
- H. لئى or التى la'ī, adj. (dakh.) Much, many, extremely, more, very.
- a. اليقت doing right)

  s. f. Fitness, consistency, congruity, conveniency, expediency, propriety, capability, capacity, aptitude, adherence, connexion; decorum, worth, merit, skill, excellence, a bilities (استعدال)، dignity, knack. Propriety, fitness.
- g. H. لے بهاگنا le bhāgnā, To run away with.
- ع. كال ك le-pālak, s. m. An adopted child, adopted, a fosterchild.
- ع. يالنا ي le-pālnā, v.a. To adopt, rear, bring up, father. [plastering.
- ع. ييا لييا اوم. s. m. Complete
- e. parne, v. a. To lie with, coire. To involve another in one's disgrace. [Besmearing, plastering.
- в. الیپی lopan, (लेपन) в. (dakh. līpan)
- g. النيا lepnā or līpnā, (लेपन r. लिप Plaster, besmear) v.a. To plaster, besmear, whitewash. To plaster with clay and cowdung or with mortar. To gloss over, conceal, hide.
- H. اليترا litarā, s.m. An old shoe or slipper.
- البت ولعل المناء lait-o-la'all, s. f. (ṭālā)
  Subterfuge, procrastination, prevarication, evasion, chicane. lait o lāl men dālnā, v. a. To dally, dilly dally (āj kal k.).

- down (ārām k), lie, rest. To fall at one's feet, prostrate oneself. To give ia, yield, submit. To become thin or sloppy, to melt. Gur let gayā.
- ور الجمال le-jānā, v.a. To take away, carry, convey, to run away with, to export, to submit, to refer, to win.
- e النچنا le-chainā, v. a. To take away or along, to carry, convey, conduct, lead. [asses, or elephants.
- H. ليد id, s. f. Dung of horses, mules.
- a. الله اله le-rakhnā, v. a. To provide, to keep ready, to procure, to reserve,
- النزم lesam, s. f. A kind of bow with an iron chain instead of a bow string, with which the natives exercise their bodies, or used in athletics.
- in compos. Licking; as, اليسيدي)
  A plate-licker; a glutton, a parasite.
- H. لنبينا Issnā (perhaps, for a. (لبينا)

  v. a. To plaster, with horse dung and mud, spread, daub. To kindle. To foment (a quarrel).
- . كيك lek, conj. But, yet, however. On the contrary (par). lekin
  agar, conj. But if.
- A nit. the egg of a louse. liken parnä, v. n. To have nits in the head.
- ریگر legar, s. (dakh.) See ریگر
- اليل ونهار lail, s. f. Night. ليل ونهار Day and night; a sort of wood.
- s. মা নেই, (ন্টান্টা) s. f. Play, amorous sport, pastime. Phenomena, wonders, exploits.
- s. ایگارتی līlā-watī, (लोलावती) s. f Name of a work on arithmetic.
- ब. ایل کنته الله Mame of a bird. (Coracias Bengalensis).

- A. اليلة القدر lailat, s. f. Night. اليلة القدر
  The night of power; a celebrated night in which they say that angles descended or the Qur'an began to descend.
- اليلي laile, (or H. laile) n. prop.

  Name of the celebrated mistress of Majnun. A mistress.
- ينا کے le-lenā, v. a. To take, to receive, to accept of, to take by force, to extort, bereave.
- A. الثيم (or الثييم) la'īm, (كرا) a d j.

  Reprehensible. Miserly, avaricious, base, ignoble, worthless.
- و. ل مرنا le-marnā, v. n. To calumniate
- اليمو līmū, (निम्बु or निम्बुका) s. m. A lime, a lemon, also the tree (Citrus medica).
- ع. ليمو līmān, s. (dakh.) See ليمون
- ي. لين len, verbal n. To take, taking:
- E. الين lain, s. (dakh.) Line; a file, rank (of soldiers). Barracks, cantonment. A customs' line. [out standings.
- H. iii lenā, s. m. Money to be realized,
- a. لينا lenā, (r. তা Get) v. a. (pānā) To take, obtain, draw, accept, assume, get, hold, pick, win, receive, buy (kitne ko li). To borrow. To win. Bazi lena. To extort. To conquer. To usurp. To seize. To pick up, learn. (ek ek bat leni). To catch. To take away, kill. tap bachche ko le gai). To take in one's arms. (bachche ko le lo). To welcome, receive. (burāt lenā). To arrive at. reach. (ghar lenā mushkil ho gayā). To assume, take upon. sustain. To partake of, drink. To absorb, suck in, take in. To quote or take from, make an extract. (kitāb men se liya hai) (taken from a book). To adopt, accept. (Joy lenā. Farzandī men lenā). To out, pare. (Nākhun, To chide, reprove. or bāl lenā). To have sexual (Unko khūb liyā). intercourse with. (Rāt ko do dufā letā hai). Wom. (In comp.) Completion of an action, as khā lenā. Ul 💆 v. n. To bring, fetch, to import. le bhayna,

v. n. Run away with, abduct. le-pāluk, s. m. An adopted child. le jānā. To carry or take away. le chalnā. v. n. To take in company with. le lenā. v. a. To complete the taking of anything. To take back. lewā, adj. Taker. لينا Business, money dealings.

- اليمو līmbū, s. m. See لينبو
- A. لينت linat, s.f. Softness, gentle, mild, smooth, humane.
- e. لينا and لينا and لين دين)
  s. m. Traffic, trade, barter, buying
  and selling.
- ਸ. ليند lend, s. m. Dim. lendi s. f. (ਲੱਫ) Excrement, filth.
- H. Londha, s. m. Smut, mildew. A flock of goats or sheep, a pack of dogs.
- الندّى H. لندّى lends, s. f. Goat's dung. A cur, a country, common or pariah dog. A coward. adj. Impotent. Cowardly.
- اليو اليو (from होप Mortar, plaster)
  s. m. falling from a wall. ¶ le'ū, z. or adj. Taker, taking.
- اليواديوى عام lewā-dewī, (دينا and ليواديوى)
  s. f. Traffic, trade, taking and giving.
- اليك liye, (tain) Adv. (لينا) For, on account of.
- lehī s. f. (H. lhes) ليلى le'ī, or ليلى

^

Arabic, and twenty-eighth of the Persian alphabet, corresponds to H in Sanskrit. It is one of the labial letters, its sound being that of the English m. When used to denote a number, according to the numerical arrangement of the Arabic alphabet, it stands for forty. Under the Mogal

Government, a countersign by the Divān upon an imperial grant or assignment of revenue. It is compared by poets to the mouth; whence it has obtained the name of and by way of abbreviation, it may signify the month superram.

In Persian, affixed to verbs and names of qualities, it may be, (ميم متكلم) denoting the pronoun of the first person singular; in which case is always quiescent, except for some particular reason. This admits cf

four subdivisions.

(1.) Affixed to verbs, it is a pronoun

indicating the speaker to be the agent; as ميكويم I came; ميكويم I will speak. The letter preceding is always maftan or pronounced with fathe, if the agent be in the singular number; but, if it be plural, ن is inserted, and the preceding letter is sakin; as, مديم We came.

pronoun in the oblique case, or as the object of the verb. It is prefixed to the verb, either immediately, as sar-amdād, He gave me gold; or, with the intervention of other words, as in this line of Ahli.

The lip of no beautiful maid has ever given me one kiss. In this sense it is also affixed to a verb. And, the letter preceding this mim is always mastist; except that, now and then, to preserve the measure of a verse, it is made quiescent; as in this line of Nisamj:

کردی زقصیدههاے چون دُرر دست و دھن تہیمرا پر

- Kardī si qaṣīda-hā's chān dur; dast o dahan-i tihī-m-rā pur. Thou hast filled my empty hands and mouth with elegies as with pearls.
- (3.) مضائب اليم The pronoun in the genitive case: affixed to a noun; as My heart: but, it is sometimes separated from the noun to which it refers; as, in this expression of Naziri, ازدستم for کلم ازدست بکيريد Take the rose from my hand.

In all these cases, if the come after

- a hamsa-e-maftāh is introduced to prevent the juxtaposition of two quiescent letters; as, انته ام I am gone: but if it be a مائى ملفوظى or hā that is pronounced, it has the same vowel as any other letter would have in the same situation; as My black or unlucky day.
- 2. The second use of mim, as distinguished by oriental grammarians, may be considered as hardly different from the former. It stands for when that word itself represents the pronoun of the first person singular; as I am mounted on my own horse.
- 3. Being affixed to the cardinal numbers, it forms the ordinals, as () Second,

- سه and دو Third, &c., from سيوم
- 4. It forms the feminine of certain nouns; as, بيكم A princess, from

خان A lady, from خانم بیگ

- 5. Redundant; as, خانهٔ خودم میروم (for bakhāna-i-khud), I am going to my own house.
- 6. Prohibitive, prefixed to the imperative of a verb; as, she ma-dih, Give not:
- 7. Deprecative, prefixed instead of the prohibitive to the third person of the imperative, when it has been converted into the precative form by the insertion of ; as the ma-raead, God grant that he may not arrive.
- In Arabic, at the beginning of a word may be used to denote:
- in which case, it is sometimes pronounced with fat ha, and at other times with samm; as

Advice; مصاحبت Companionship.

- 2. The participle active, when it is pronounced with the vowel samm; as, munajjim, An astrologer; A questioner.
- 8. The participle passive, when it is pronounced either with fat'ha; as مضمون Contained, comprehended; additional Called, desired: or with samm; as منور munauwar, Enlightened.
- 4. The noun of time and place (ظرفت)

  when it is in some cases pronounced

  with fat'ha; as مغرب The place of

  (sun) setting, the west: and, in other

  cases, with samm; as The

  place of expelling.
- 5. The name of instrument (علم آله)

  when it is sounded with kaer; عيزان, ميزان,

The instrument of weighing, a balance:

The instrument of opening, a key.

A. L. mā, In comp. only. Which, what, that which, whatsoever, as far as. Why? Wherefore? No, not. Somewhat, something. (is) after, after that, following. مابقى or يقيغ mā-baqī or baqīya, The rest, remainder, surplus, remnant, arrears, balance. ما به الاحتياج mā-bī-hi-lihliyāj, Whatever is necessary. mabaen, adv. Meantime, in the interim. That which is under, subordinate, dependant; lower, inferior. What is the result or produce. Any thing collected, the harvest, produce of fruit trees, &c., profit or income. Inference, conclusion. ما حضر adj. What is or was present, ready or at hand. s. m. Potluck. what is passed, the preceding, aforesaid. mā-siwā, Besides, over and above(bhī). ما صدق . What God wills ما شاهالله What is true. ما فوق What is above ما في الضمير . or excelling, superior Māfi-ṣ-ṣamīr, (له What, في In, and ما تبل Mind) Secret, intention. ضمير What (is) before, before. Prior, preceding, last. مالا كلام What cannot be told, Intolera ما لايطاق Intolera ble. مالا ينحل What cannot be untied or dissolved; inextricable. | What is behind or beyond. ما يتحلل mā yatahallal. That which is dissolved and has vanished. The ma yuh. taj, What is necessary. ma ya'ül, What returns, what may come to pass.

- A. أن mā, s. m. Water, sap, humour, liquor, juice. Semen. Splendour, lustre, temper. الحيال Why (peculiarly, of goat's milk). تالحيات The water of life or immortality. ألعسل Metheglin. العسل القرع ألقرع The juice of the pumpion. ألحال ألحال Distilled water from kid's flesh with spices. ألورد Rose water.
- P. L. mā, pron. We, us, our.
- g. h mā, (माता or मात्) (P. mādar) a.l. A mother; mamma; a mother's kiss.
- a. بأب ma'āb, (أوب) s. Place of return, receptacle, repository. (Mach used in compos. as) عزت مآب The seat of grandeur. [s. m. Parents
- e. ما باي mā bēp, (माता and वप्र)
- Between) s. Interval, interstice, space between two bodies, both sides. Among, between, mean time, interim; adj. Intermediate.
- Measure, measurement; survey. A standard of measure or capacity.
- عانا شوربا اور گنی دلیاس measure. مایا شوربا اور گنی دلیاس

  Denotes scarcity of provision, also penurious economy.
- g. Je le mā-phal, s. (dakh.) Galls. See
- P. سات māt, s. f. Checkmate, defeat, conquest. adj. Astonished, confounded, outdone. المات كرنا To win, outdo, beat (at chess).
- s. 2. じし mātā, (刊刊) s. f. (see し)

  Mother. The small-pox (aitla). (刊刊)

  adj. Drunk, intoxicated. mātā nikelnā,
  v. n. To come out (small-pox.).

- wowel or discritical mark. A dose of medicine, an ingredient. The upper or horizontal limb of the Nāgarī characters. Measure, quantity, property, wealth.
- A. ماتم mātam, s. m. Grief, mourning (ranj). ماتم پرسی s. f. Oblations, funeral obsequies, condolence. ماتم دار House of mourning. خانه داری s. f. Mourning, observance of mourning. ماتم داری adj. Mourning, affected with grief on account of the death of some relative. ماتم سرا s. f. or ماتم کده s. m. A house of mourning. ماتم کده د. ماتم کده To mourn, to lament. To sing a dirge.
- A. P. ماتمی mātam-ī, adj. Of or relating to mourning, mournful. ماتمی or خامهٔ or لباس ماتمی Mourning dress.
- g. ماتها māthā, s.m. (मस्तक) The Prow of a boat. (মহুকা) forehead. The ridge of thatch. ماتها تهنكنا (lit. Ringing or throbbing of the forehead) implies a presentiment of the conclusion, from certain marks observed in the commencement of an affair: and, it is generally understood to indicate an unfortunate termina-انها ,گانا (lit. To rub the fore. head, viz. on the ground) To implore humbly (of the Deity, a saint or a ہ بہ ماتھے پر چڑھنا tyrannise, to oppress. (dakh.) Smallpox. See lib
- e. انها ماتها māthī lenā (see ماتها)

  v. a. To make even (particularly, a thatch).

- ماثری ma'āṣir, s. m. plur. (of ماثر from ماثر) Signs, marks, memorials, worthy actions.
- ه. ماجأى mājā'ī, f. ) (मातृजात) adj.
- عايا ه mājāyā, m.) Born of the same mother.
- A. ماجد mājid, part. act. (of ماجد)

  Glorious, hononrable. (Fem. اماجده)
- and past tense of جرى Happened)

  s. m. State, condition, circumstance, an event (sargusasht), incident, occurrence, adventure, accident.
- 8. ماجو پهل mājū-phal, (माजूफलः) A gall-nut.
- معجوں mājūm, (dakh.) for ماجوم
- ब. المحادث mājh-dhār (comp. of मध्य middle, and धारा Stream) s. f. The midstream.
- bedstead or platform used by Zamindars. A frame, or stage on which they sit to drive away birds, &c. from corn-fields. علي a d j. A bedpresser (Shakes.). A lazy person who never stirs from his bed (palang-tor). A kind of soldier among the Rāj-pūṭs, very indolent and much addicted to opium, but active and brave when roused.
- H. ماچى māchī, s. f. A bag of net work behind a native cart, the rumble, the boot.

- P. g. الله māchin (महाचीन) s. m. Name of a country, China.
- مَاخَذَ mākhaṣ (noun of place from أَخَلُ ) s. m. The place of receipt, source, derivation, origin, what anything is taken from.
- adj. Taken, received, seised. Involved, implicated. mākhūs k, v. a. To criminate, being to trial.
- a. ساخوليا mākhūliyā (Gr. μελαγχολία) s. m. Madness, insanity, melancholy.
- A. مال سق-dām, adv. Till, until, as long as, during, whilst. Shirting.
- A. بازس mu'addab (part. pass. II. of الاب) adj. Well-bred, well-behaved, polite, respectful, reverential.
- Praising; an encomiast.
- P. مادر mādar, s. f. A mother (mā)، adj. As born of the mother, innate, connate.
- mādar sād, adj. Maternalmādar sād, adj. Inborn, innate (janmī).
  mādar zabān, Mother tongue. ¶ mādrī,
  s. f. (dakh.) Example, model, pattern:
- TEL. مالم mādam, s. (dakh.) The thrush, or aphthous eruptions in the mouths of infants.
- باروان ع mādwān, s. f. (dakh.) A mare.
- P. 30 māda, adj. Female, feminine (sub.) A female.
- ing) s. m. A matter. (اصل) faculty, capacity, s u b j e c t, article, affair, clause. A root or derivation.
- s. m. A name of Krishna or Vishnu.

- A. مالى māddī, adj. Material, natural, constitutional.
- P. عادی mādī, a. f. (dakh.) A female:

  see مادوان]
- P. مادیان mādiyān, s. f. A mare: see
- P. مادين mādīn, s. f. A female.
- s. f. (dakh. s. m.) Beating. Battle. A blow. Wrath. famine (Roti ki mar) Temptation, snare. Cure, remedy, khujū kī mār ghī kai Stiff clay or loamy soil with some sand and vegetable mould, a rich black loam. ار پڑنا .In compos. Killing, killer To be beaten. مارپیت s. f. Beating and bruising, fighting, drubbing. ماردالنا To smite, to beat ماردينا To kill, smite. mär rakhnä, v. n. To keep back wrongfully L. مار کتائی . To be able to beat s. f. Beating and bruising. To get a beating or drab-مارکرانا . bing. To earn by robbery To knock down. Us, to rob, take by robbery. Lyle To smite, overcome, conquer. in To commis suicide. To fall in battle after killing some of the enemy. mar men jānā, v. n. To be made away with. To overcome, beat and drive back.
- P. مارپیچ mār, s. m. A snake, a serpent.

  s. f. Circumvolution, serpentine twisting and winding.

  ارپیچ A crooked or winding path.

  s. m. A snake-catcher.

  ارگیری s. f. Snake-catching.
- e. lo mārā, (lijle) adj. Beaten, smitten, kāl kā mārā. Famine struck;

- slain. Foundered, or overturned (a boat, &c.) (subst.) A victim. المال المالي To be killed or slain. يرا لهالي To be killed or slain. عارا لهالي S. f. (dakh.) Beating and thumping. (Hारामारि) Mutual scuffle, fray, bickering, broil. Preposteræ veneris uses reciprocus. امارا مارا يمرا مارا يمرا
- slain. To be ruined. To be overcome. To be overturned or sunk (as, a boat). To be cut off (a caravan, detachment, &c.) To be lost. To go away, to be non est, mārā mārā phirnā. To wander about. To be knocked about.
- ارب) s.m. The time or place of any necessary business. ¶ mā'ārib, s. plur. (of ماربة)

  Necessary things, necessity.
- port. مارتول mārtol, (Portug. martello) s. m. A hammer.
- عارك فارك mārag (or mārg, मार्ग) s. m. (الستة) (dakh. s. f.). A road (bāţ), path, way, highway. The anus. Cure, remedy, antidote.
- عارنا عالى mārnā, (भारण or caus. of مرنا) To smite, strike, ♥. a. (See pītnā). thrash, knock down, hit, kill, slay, beat, bang, punish, mortify, mar, blight, blast, spoil, ruin, conquer, crack, destroy, break, fine, take, set, smother, stamp, sting, stop, calm, toss, quench, run. To drive away. kutte ko māro! To spurn, despise. jutī par mārtā hun. To slay with kindness. To keep down, bear up. Bhūk yā piyās mārnā. To make blunt (the edge). Chāqu kī dhār mār dī. To counteract, mitigate. yeh davā zahr ko mārtī hai. Catch, ensuare. kabūtar māre. Usurp, defraud, rob Gathri mārnā. To close. shut np, lock up, seal up. darvāsa mār ko hai. To throw, cast. kankrī mārnā. To throw or cast a spell, parh-ke mār nā. To shoot, discharge. Tīr mārā To calcine. Pārā mārnā. (Slang). To commit sodomy. haq marna, v. s. To wrong, injure. (subst.) Striking, &c.

- s. H. ارنهار māran-hārā, s. m. Smiter, slayer.
- musical instrument, a kettledrum. (dakh.) Two antelope horns in opposite directions joined at their bases, carried by fagirs. A species of
- ماروت مقتقار mārūt, n. prop. See under
- ماروش مقتقه, adj. Created, formed.
- used as a subst. mas. inflect.) By reason, on account, for the sake, or behalf of, for.
- s. الماروار mā/wār, n. prop. (中旬) Name of a country to the west of Jainagar.
- ota palm, Caryota urens; palm wine or toddy drawn from that tree.
- P. وأبو māsū, prop. mājū, s. m. The oakapple or gall. A gall nut. See
- B. who mas, s. m. (刊刊 Port. mes)
  P. mah. Lat. mensum. Eng. moon. A
  month.
- H. ماس mās, (māns) (刊刊) Flesh
  (کوشت)۰ [model.
- H. Lule māslā, s. m. (dakh.) A pattern,
- besides, moreover, over and above, save.
- s. māsh, (刊句) s.m. Pulse (元). A kind of vetch. (Phaseolus radiatus). A bean belonging to the hewant harvest.
- a. الله māshā allah, intj. God preserve him or it from the evil eye!
- P. and mashe, s. A kind of sieve or strainer: a sort of woollen manufacture worn by dervises or beggers.

- s. ماه سقیم, (۱۹۱۹) s. m. Name of a small weight consisting of 1/2th of a tolah or eight rattis. See under
- A. مضو māṣi, (part. act. of proceeding.)(Gram.) adj. Passing away. Past; past (time). (or منافى استمرارى s. m. Preterite tense. (अपूर्णभूत) s. f. (Gram.) The past progressive. Preterimperfect. مافى (पूर्णभूत) s. f. The pluperfect tense. Preterpluperfect. مافى (आसत्रभूत) s. f. The perfect فافى مطلق مطلق s. f. The perfect. كافى مطلق مطرف السلام الفى المعاون عليه المعاون المعاون عليه المعاون ا
- A. اقبل mā-qabal, (आदिम) (Gram.)
  The antecedent. That which precedes.
- a. ماكول mākūl, (part. pass. of اكل)
  s. m. What is eaten, food. (Plur. atables, victuals).
- P. ماكياس mākiyān, s. f. A fowl, a hen.
- s. 如 māgh, (刊目) s. m. Name of the 10th Hindu month, the full moon of which is near (円目) maghā, or a Leonis (Regulus). (January-February).
- money, wealth, merchandise, goods, effects. Revenue, finance. A prize (in a lottery, &c.). Dainties, tit bits. A square. The granulated sediment in an indigo vat after heating and drawing off the water. (P. O. Slang)

  The mail bags. مال خاوند A proprietor. المال خاوند adj. Wealthy, rich.

- s. f. Wealthiness, opulence. ال زاده A son of a whore (as مال زادى . abuse), a pimp or pander a. f. A bawd, a whore. مال ضامري A person who stands security (for property, or money, in opposition to ع مال فامنی (حاضر فامن Security (for debt, &c.). māl geirmanquila, s. m. Real or immoveable property. مال مردم خور A consumer of the property of others; one who borrows and never pays. adj. Purseproud, intoxicated with wealth. murde kā māl, a t. Unclaimed property. Anything bought cheap or got for nothing. naqd-mel, s. m. A valuable prize. A dainty, tit bit, delicacy.
- A. ارل s. m. The substance or tendency of the words. End, aim, consequence, termination, issue, tendency. خیر مآل A happy issue or tendency. مآل اندیشی Consideration of the end or consequence.
- P. ماليدن) in compos. Rubbing, rubber; napkin, towel.
- g. Jb. māl, (用河) s. f. (dakh.) The string of a spinning wheel or of a reel. (Mech.) Belting.
- s. Y. mālā, (用河) s. f. A Hindū resary, a chaplet of beads. A necklace, a garland. A book.
- P. Julle māl-ā-māl, adj. Full, replete, brimful, abundant (bhar-pār).
- P. ماليدن) s. f. Rubbing, polishing, furbishing. مالش To rub, &c.
- ماحب) (part. act. of كله possessing), s. m. Master, lord, God, possessor, proprie-

tor, owner. A husband. One empowered, an employer.

- owner. Proprietory. adv. In the manner of an owner. s. m. An annual or monthly allowance paid to a zamīndār, by the person who occupies his lands, whether the state or a jā jīr-dār.
- mālkangnī, s. f. Celastrus (or Staff-tree). An aromatic bitter seed said to be obtained from a species of the Celastrus; and held in much repute for diseases of the stomach and bowels. [Name of a rāy.
- в. سال کوس mālkoe, (माल्ज्कोश) в. т.
- P. Julia māl-guṣār, s. m. Tenant, subject, landholder, one paying rent or taxes. adj. Paying rent or taxes.
- rent paid in money, the paying of rent or taxes.
- s. ال mālin, (मालिनी) s. f. A gardener's wife, a female gardener or seller of flowers.
- الف mālūf, (part. pass. of الف Heb. adj. Familiar, accustomed to live in friendship, ordinary, customary. (Fem. عالوفة)
- ड. बार्ड क के हैं हैं, (माली) s.m. A gardener, also the caste. (माल्य) mālya, A garland of flowers.
- A. P. ماليمت māl-iyat, s. f. Wealth (پونجى) matter of money. Value, worth.
- o. اللغوليا mālīkhūliyā, s.m. Melan-
- Bread or cakes made with flour, milk, butter, sugar, &c. (or, wheaten cakes, dried, pounded and mixed up with ghi and sugar.).
- P. Low māmā, s. f. Mother. (Mah.) A maidservant. (Old women in general are so called).
- g. Lolo māmā, (मामक माम or मातुल) s. m. A maternal uncle. (Mah. Wom.)

- A snake. (Hin. Wom.) A rat. See
- ment) Affection, esp. maternal affection. [safety or security.
- اً من الله māman, (أمن) s. Place of
- s. m. An uncle, mother's brother. A snake (Phrase used at night when it is deemed unlucky to call a serpent by its proper name).
- Heb. Commanding) Ordered, appointed, commanded, fixed, determined, established; (subst.) usage, established custom. A plenipotentiary.
- Heb.) Rendered secure, safe, preserved exempted. Firm, constant. A person in whom confidence is placed, to whom one trusts. Fem. Secured, deposited, placed in security (money).

  The security of the security
- s. .... mān, s. f. Mother.
- s. الله mān, (भान) s. m. Character, dignity, honour, respect. Haughtiness, arrogance, pride. Blandishment. Measure in general, whether of weight, length or capacity. adj. Like. الله على كمال على الكمال s. m. Dignity, state, honour. مال كول Respect.
- g. Ule mānā (r. H Measure) v. n. (dakh.) To be contained in (amānā):
  see Ule) and Ulem
- esteem, regard, m in d, attend to observe, celebrate, obey, heed, believe, accept (mān lenā,) acknowledge one's superiority (mān gae), receive, experience, agree, allow, accede, assent, confess, consent, grunt (mān lo), admit, take, assume, trust, yield, submit, suppose, own, permit, be set on. See tile "mānā, granted. māno, suppose, let it be granted. As though.

- P. U. mānā, adj. Resembling, assimilating.
- ع. سأنب mānp, s. m. (dakh.) See مانب [Honouring, respect.
- يان يان  $m \bar{a} n p \bar{a} n$ , B. (dakh.)
- عانينا māmpnā, v. a. for مانينا
- عانت mānat, s. f. (dakh.) Purpose,
  vow: see منت or الله Likeness.
- g. النام mān tā (मानित) s. f. Vow, promise. Religious belief.
- ड. ८०० mānjnā (मार्जन r. मृज Clean) v. a. To scour, to scrub, to clean. Bartan mānjnā.
- mānjh, s. m. (for मध्य) The middle, in the middle, in. الكبير المار s. f. The midstream: see المجادهار Name of a rāginī or musical mode. A kind of verse. (dakh.) A woman who has a husband.
- with pounded glass, and applied to the string of a kite, to cut that of another with. A feast given by a bridegroom, previous to the wedding. The trunk of a tree. A bed.
- s. wessel, a boatman, sailor, steersman.
- nished, eclipsed. s. f. A dull colour. A dunghill, a midden. The den of a wild beast. A hole (Bhat).
- مانده māndā, adj. Tired : see ماندا
- P. ماندگی mānda-gī, s. f. Fatigue, weariness, Illness, indisposition (bīmārī.) Fatigue.

TEL. ماندم māndam, s. (dakh.) See

- P. عانده mānda (مانده) adj. (In comp.) Remained, left. (thakā mān dah.) Tired, weary, fatigued, ailing (bīmār), indisposed, languid. (Pers. plur. ماندگان).
- عاندٌ على mānḍ (ਸੱਫ) s. m. (پيچ) Rice-

- water, rice-gruel, starch, paste. A class of songs peculiar to Mārwār.
- a. lib māndā, (中國) s. m. Film, speck (on the eye.) A kind of bread (chapātī.).
- iread or trample down. To knead. To make, set on foot, institute, Kkd māndnā, stir, excite, commit, perpetrate. To write. Chitthī māndnā. To intend, determine. (HS) To starch.
- nāndī, (मंड) s. f. Starch made of rice flour), paste.
- H. مانڈی mānḍī, s. f. (dakh.) Knee.
- s. الله mānus, (मनुह्य or मानुष)
  s. m. A human being, a man. (मांस)
  māis, s. m. Flesh, meat. (मानस)
  mānas. The mind: see luis
- A. عالم mān i, mānē, (part. act. of winder.) s. m. (القال An obstacle, bar, prohibition, objection, impediment. A forbid der, preventer. مانع الخيار Forbidder or hinderer of good. امانع هونا To prevent, forbid.

  To object to (îtirāz. k).
- A. cleile māni'āt, s. Plur. (of teile)
  Hinderances, obstacles.
- of the head where the hair is parted. A betrothed damsel. Prow. Division.

  Califor and the head where the line on the top of the head where the hair is parted, reaching to the back part of the head. mang, An ornament of two strings of pearls, worn by women in the line made by the division or parting of the hair. Whis a straight line on the top of the head.
- H. مانگ چکنی māng-chiknī, s. f. Name of a bird.

- e. انگ دینا شه māng denā, v. a. To borrow for another, to ask for and give. [borrow.
- e. لينا هم māng lenā, v. a To
- عانگا به māngnā, (الآلال r. الله Seek)

  v. a. To ask for, require, request, demand, (chāh), beg, pray, duā māngnā), crave, solicit, want, borrow, desire, seek, betroth, (laṛki māngnā, will. مانگ تانگ کرنا To ask for.
- عانگنی . māngnī, s. f. Asking or betrothing in marriage.
- a. Jib māngī, (from Lille) s.f.
  A loan, what is borrowed. part.
  Betrothed (a woman).
- P. مانند mānand, (or mānind). s. f. m. Like (ایسا)، resembling, resemblance.
- affection) adj. Associated, attached, familiar. s. m. f. A companion, associate, friend. [Chinese painter.
- P. o mānī, n. prop. A celebrated
- Starch. The yolk of an egg. Leaven. Milk inspissated by boiling, curd (kunda). māwā nikālnā, (Slang) v. a. To beat to a jelly.
- اً وى s. m. f. Dwelling, abode, habitation, mansion.
- moon; (met.) a beloved person. الماني or كنعاني (moon of Canaan) Joseph the son of Jacob. الماني adj. Having a forehead or face beautiful as the moon; beloved person. مالاطلعت adj. Having a face beautiful as the moon.

- as, the moon. A month. or or or sless or sless adv. Monthly, every month. māh-i-shumshī, s. m. A solar month. mah-i-qamarī, s. m. A lunar month.
- P. Julia māh-tāb, s. m. The moon. s. f. Moonlight, moonshine.
- A kind of firework, blue light. A sort of muskmelen, or marshmelen. A shaddock (chakotra). (dakh.) Cloth on which are pasted devices of the heavenly bodies in gold or silver.
- adj. Acute. ingenious, sagacious, skilful, skilled, clever, expert, well acquainted (with any art or science) (357) adept.
- P. ماهوار  $m \bar{a} h w \bar{a} r$ , s. m. Monthly wages.
- P. ماهواری māh-wār-ī, adj. Monthly, s. f. Monthly pay, wages.
- - s. m. Certain honours, of which the privilege is especially conferred on princes and great nobles. They are denoted by the figure of a fish, with other insignia (two balls), carried as ensigns upon elephants.
- P. silable māh-iyāna, s. m. Monthly pay or wages.
- Mhat? and هي That or some;
  What is that?) s. f. Essence, quality,

state or form of being, fature, constitution, matter of fact, condition, circumstances, value, intrinsic worth.

- formed into the minuteness of thread and cooked; vermicelli.
- ਵ. ਹੀ ਸਕਾਂ, (ਸਨਾ) s. f. Mother. A woman. A mother goddess. A respectful address to a female.
- مای سقة, (or māyī) adj. Watery.
- تا. ماے پیل mā'e-phal, (dakh.) See
- s. اله māyā, (माया) s. f. Kindness, pity, sympathy, compassion, mercy, feeling, affection. A deception depending on the power of the Deity, whereby mankind believe in the delusive existence of external objects, which are in fact nothing but idea or pictures of the mind: illusion, idealism. Parmeshwar ki maya. Mirage, delusion, idle, fancy. works of nature; nature; natural phenomena. Light, life, show. Prosperity, riches, opulence. مایایاتر māyāpātra, adj. Rich, opulent, wealthy. māyā-rūpī, adj. Illusory, false. māyāsūpī sansār.
- مالده ه. mā'ida, s. m. A table, especially covered with victuals.
  - inclined towards) adj. Inclined, bent, inclined or leaning towards, fond, desirous, taking delight in, affectionate, having a propensity or inclination or partiality; addicted, apt. الل كرن عبد عالل كرن عبد الله عبد عالل كرن عبد الله عب
  - A. חוצפים māyūs, (a. nirās) (part. pass. cf נו שליים) adj. Desperate, hopeless. Disappointed, despondent.
- A. P. هايوسى māyās-ī, s. f. Despair.
  - ר. בונה māya, s. m. (pūnjī) Stock, capital, fund, wealth, means. Quantity. Leaven, ferment. Essence, origin.

- adj. Solid, strong, substantial, thick; rich. māyā jornā, v. n. To hoard money.
- adj. Allowed, lawful (جایز) allowable; s. m. Any indifferent action, whatever a person may do or let alone; being attended neither with praise nor blame, lawful pleasure, feativity.
- s. m. A dispute, disputation, contest, debate, investigation, argumentation, reasoning.
- P. البولان) Be it not;
  P. المان ma-bādā, by no messs,
  God forbid! lest.
- a. مبادر mubādarat, (inf. III. of بادر)
  s. f. Making haste, haste, expedition.
  Setting about (any work), beginning.
- a. مالك mubādala, (inf. 111. of بدل عبادله)
  s. m. Exchange, barter, retaliation, recompense.
- A. مبلاهٔ mabādī, s. f. plur. (of أمبلاهٔ)
  Beginnings, origins.
- a. برز mubāris, (part. act. III. of برز) s. m. A warrior. Prepared for war.
- مبارک mubārak, (part. pass. 111. cf برک was blessed.) adj. Blessed, august, sacred, auspicious, holy, happy, fortunate; welcome! well! hail! all hail! blessing, congratulation.
- and P. ابارت mubārak-bād, (خابارت mubārak-bād, (مبارت Be it) May it be fortunate! hail! s. f. Congratulation, wishing success. مبارکایال کهنا To congratulate, hail, felicitate, compliment, welcome.
- A. P. مبارک بادی mubārak-bād-ī, s. f.
  Congratulation, benediction, welcome.

  To congratulate, give jcy, hail, compliment.
- ness, blessing, benediction.

- he enjoyed her skin) s. f. Commencement or undertaking of any affair. Superintendency Coition Congredicum fæmina, inire eam, copulation.
- s. m. A slip of red cloth, a skein of thread or a fillet of brocade tied to the end of the جونتى or cue of hair: see

under of A plait of hair, a fillet or riband for the hair.

- مبلغ mabāligh, s. plur. (of مبلغ Sums (of ready money), monies.
- A. Ailie mubālagha, (inf. III. of بلخ)

  Exaggeration, hyperbole, amplification, bombast. Superlative. Diligence, utmost effort or endeavour. Dwelling on a subject.
- s. f. Vainglory, pride. Glorying, honour, disputing for superiority in beauty or any other qualification, &c.
- مباهی ه. مناهی mubāhī, (part. act. III. of بهی) adj. Glorious, exalted. Presuming, arrogant, proud.
- a. ابنا mubtadū, (part. pass. VIII. of ابنا) s. f. Commencement, principle or subject of a proposition. (Gram) The subject of the predicate. Substantive noun in the nominative case. عبندا وخبر s. f. The subject and predicate, or substantive and adjective (in syntax).
- a. عبتانی mubtadī, (part. act. VIII. of ابدأ) s. m. Beginning, a young scholar, a disciple just commencing to learn, a novice, a tyro. A founder, beginner.
- a. ملتذل mubtazal, (part. pass. VIII. of بذل adj. Contemptible, base, degenerate. Little esteemed.
- a. منتسم mubtasim, (part. act. VIII. of إبسم) adj. Smiling, laughing gently.

- adj. Tried or fallen (in evil, calamity, or trouble), afflicted, distressed, distracted, fascinated, enamoured, involved, entangled, implicated, tried or inured to distress. Demanding on oath or confession.
- Time or place for disputation; disputation, investigation. A matter of discussion, a section of any treatise, a paragraph, article. [vaporous.]
- A. jamuhakhkhar, (jamed,
- a. الله mabdā, (noun of place from الله) s. m. The beginning, origin, principle, head of anything, source. The first rules or principles of arts and sciences.
- s. m. Source, origin. Inventor, producer, the first cause, creator. A heretic, a leader of a new religion.
- A. مبدل mubaddal, (part. pass. 11. of ليال) or mubdal (part. pass. 17.) adj. Changed, exchanged, altered. s. m. Case in apposition. [lavish.
- مبدر) adj. Prodigal,
- adj. Expended, bestowed. A magnificent present. [adj. Superior.
- A. مابر mubirr, (part. aet. IV. of مابر)
- kept aloof from unclean things.) adj.

  Guiltless (بری) Free, absolved,
  exempted, far removed from.

  To acquit, absolve, exempt, free, exempted.

  Good works.
- A. صابرة mubarrāt, plur. (of مبرة)
- A. مبرم mubram, (part. pass. IV. of برم) adj. Made firm by twisting together; firm, urgent, which will not be put off.
- A. مبرهی mubarhan, (part. pass. of quadril. برهی) adj. Demonstrative, anthentic, evident, manifest.

- ميسوط . mabsūt, (part. pass. of إبسط adj. Expanded, extended, spread out, dilated, stretched out.
- mubashshir, (part. act. 11. cf بشر) s. m. A bearer of glad tidings, an evangelist.
- سمر mubassir, (part. act. II. of منصر) adj. One who can see. Provident, penetrating. ¶ mubassar (part. pass.) Clear, conspicuous. ¶ mubsir (part act. iv. of بصر) adj. Seeing. Clear.
- مبطل mubtil, (part. act. IV. of بطل) Abolishing, annihilating, abolisher.
- mabghūs, (part. pass. of بغض) adj. Detested, hated, odious, accounted an enemy.
- A sublagh, (noun of place from s. m. The place of arrival. (in Pers. and Hind.) A sum of money, ready money. Much, many.
- A. مبنئ mabnā, ) (noun of place مبنئ s.m. Built, constructed. A foundation, an edifice, a fabric. adj. Founded, based. مبنى نساد An aggressor.
- A. مبهم mubham, (part. pass. IV. of بهم) adj. Shut (door). Occult, unknown, keeping concealed, ambiguous, equivocal, doubtful. Anything prohibited (as marriage between brother and sister).
- A. abhūt, (part. pass. of was confused) adj. Stupified, struck astonished, dumb with astonishment, confounded, amazed. Ambiguous, indistinct (gol).
- A. Lorie mubahhi, (part. act. 11. from يان) adj. Aphrodisiacal, provocative, what excites venery.
- A. u bīt, (infin. or noun of place from (u.i.) s. Passing the night, place of rest at night, bed-[Sold: bought, venal. chamber.
- ه. P. متاس عال mubi'ī, (from بيع mutās, (मुम्लिधिष

- اللي mubin, (part. act. IV. of مناين) adj. Manifest, clear. ¶ mubaiyan (part pass. II. of بين) adj. Explained illustrated.
- ع. الله mapānā, (causal of ميانا على الله على ا To cause to measure.
- s. H. ميت كهيت mapat khapat, s. i.
- ع. انين mapnā, (intrans. of اماينا v. ه To be measured.
- يوانا عيوانا عيوانا عيوانا على mapwānā, v. s. To cause te
- क mat, or mati (for मति) s. i. Wisdom, understanding (samajh), intellect, cpinion. Faith, belief creed. (HI) neg. particle, Not, do not, dont,
  - mat jā! Dont go! drunk.
- s. \_\_\_\_ matt,(共元)adj. Intoxicated, A. تبع mutāba'āt (inf. III. of وتبع
  - s. f. Obsequiousness. Following, understanding or imitating one another, submitting, obedience. Doing any thing solidly and certainly, doing in the same manner after another.
- مناتر muta'assir (part. act. v. of اثر made an impression) adj. Producing effect or impression, efficacious, effective (Kargar), affected. Touching, affecting.
- A. متأخرين muta'akhkhirin, (H. pichhle) s. plur. (of مقاخر part. act. v. of إأخر) Modern, late; the Moderns.
- A. ستأدب mula'addab (part. pass. v. of عنا) adj. Wellbred, polite, learned.
- A. مثانى muta'addī, (part. act. v. of adj. Prepared, ready, performing.
- A. عثاثت muta'aggi, (part. act. v. of مَانى) adj. Afflicted, troubled, grieved, injured.

- of Jesire) s. f. Desire or inclination to piss.
- A. سنا mula'assif, (part. act. v. of سنا) a d j. Sorrowful, oppressed with grief, repentant. Anxious.
- A. clie matā\* (eiie) s. f. Merchandise, goods, chattels, utensils, furniture, clothes, effects, &c. valuables.
- a. مثالم muta'allim, (part. act. v. of مثالم)
  adj. Grieved, afflicted, discontented.
- A Using muta'ammil, (part. act. v. of Usi) adj. Contemplative, considering, reflector, meditating, meditative, thoughtful, examining attentively.
- e. انانه سه tā nā, (eaus. of موتنا على متانا على على متانع على على على على على على المعالى على المعالى على المعالى ال
- ness, solidity, depth (of thought). Force, vigor (of style). kalām kī mutānat. A fortification, a castle. Obstinacy. A place where figs grow.
- a dj. Profound (in learning), deeply read or skilled.
- متبدل . سنبدل mutabaddil, (part. act. v. of بدل) a d j. Changing alternately, alternate, interchangeable, inverting.
- A. متبذل mutabassil, (part. act. v. of بذل adj. Despicable, not cared for, despised.
- A. متبرک mutabarrak (See mubārak)

  (part. pass. v. of بر) dj. Fortunate,

  august, blessed, holy. Heavenly, angelic. Revered, venerable, mutabarrak

  dāṛhī. (Fem. متبرکه)
- A. متبسم mutabassim, (part. act. v. of بسم To smile) adj. Smiling, laughing, risible.

- A. متبنی mutabannā, (part. pass. v. of بنی) adj. Adopted (s o n) (le-pālak)
  s. m. ابی a son.
- A. مثنب mutatabbi\*, (part. act. v. of قبع) adj. Imitative; (subst.) An imitator.
- A. سبخانه mutajassis, (part. act. v. of ببن) s. m. A spy.
- متجلی mutajalla (part. pass. v. of جلو) adj. Splendid.
- A. محلت muttaḥid, (part. act. VIII. of محلت) adj. United, made one. azlā-i-muttahad. United states.
- A. المحرك mutaḥarrik, (part. act. v. of حرك moved) adj. Moved, moving one's self, moveable. ما عير ماحرك Immovable. Accented with short vowels.
- A. ماكرم mutaharrim, (part. act. v. of ) adj. Revered, respected, prohibited, unlawful.
- مَلَّحُقَى mutaḥaqqiq, (part. act. v. of حَمَّ was true) Verifier: mutaḥaqqaq (part. pass.) adj. Proved, verified, certain, true (tahqiq).
- a. Jasie mutahammid, (part. act. v. of Jas) adj. Praised, deserving of praise.
- bore.) adj. Affable, considerate, enduring, patient, long suffering tolerant bearing a burthen, passive. Supporting.
- منحير mutahaiyir, (part. act. v. of confounded) adj. Astonished, . confounded (bhuchak), amazed.
- A. متخاصين mutakhāṣimain, s. dual.
  Plaintiff and defendant.

- adj. Pure; peculiarly named or entitled, surnamed.
- A. متخیل mutakhaiyil, (part. act. v. of خیل adj. Imagining, suspecting, fancy in g (good or evil). متخیله Imagination, fancy. quwat-i-mutakhaiyila. The thinking faculty.
- A. المناول mutadāwal,

  A. المناول mutadāwala,

  VI. of المناول adj. Passed round from hand to hand (money, books, &c.), common, customary, usual.
- مثلایی mutadaiyin, (part. act. v. of obeying) adj. Orthodox, religious, honest, just (dyānat-dār). Part. A debter.
- a. 8 mutaza'kara, adj. Mentioned, stated. Referred to. mutazak'arai-bālā, adj. Above-mentioned, aforesaid. Part. Remembered, recorded.
- مترادف mutarādif, (part. act. vi. of coming after,) adj. Continued, successive, consecutive. Synonymous.
- a. متراكم mutarākim, (part. act. VI. of ركم) adj. Accumulated, heaped up, condensed.
- مترتب mutarattib, (part. act. v. of رتب) Arranged. Firm, settled; ordered, established. Running in, upon, or against; springing, rising. Suffering, affected.
- A. مترجم muturjim, (part. act. of the quadriliteral ترجم)s. m. An interpreter, a translator.
- مر من mutaraḥḥim, (part. act. v. of رحم) adj. Compassionate, merciful, tender, affectionate.
- a. متردن mutaraddid, (part. act. v. of ماری) adj. Rejected. Adverse, resisting.

- Wandering. Irresolute, perplexed, ambiguous, hesitating wavering. Anxious (fikrmand). Coming and going, wandering, sauntering.
- مترصل A. مترصل mutarassid, part. act. (v. d)

  Expecting, watching, enploring. Contemplating, gazing at Vigilant, hoping.
- مترضى ... mutaraṣṣī, part. act. (v d وضور) Contenting, satisfying. Begging anything to be acceptable.
- of (in) Expecting, watching, contemplating, observing, desiring. Guarding. I mutaraqqab, part. per. m. and in mutaraqqaba, f. Inpected.
- مترکب mutarakkib, part. act. (v. of رکب) Composing, compounding. Consisting (of several things).
- A. المتروك quitted) adj. Abolished, abandoned, obsolete, rejected, relinquished, left, omitted. المتروك Estate of a person deceased. الاستعمال or متروك Unusual, not practised, disused, obsolete Arab.fem. متروكات or plur. المتروكات Estate or effects of a deceased person. Movables, unnecessary baggage.
- متزاید . mutasā id, part. act. (۱۰ of ازید )Increasing, multiplying.
- مدزلزل مدزلزل adj. Shaken, made to quake.
- a. متساوى mutasāwī, (part. act vi. of mede it equal) adj. Equal (barābar), parallel, right, straight.
- A. متسع muttassi, (part. pass. II. of تسع adj. Large, bread. Composed of or relating to nine, enneagon.

- A. bluis mutasallit, (part. act. v. of blu) adj. Despotic (command), absolute (sway).
- A. متسام mutasallim, (part. act. v. of سلم) adj. A vicar. Receiving any thing in charge, keeping in possession. ¶ mutasallam, (part. pass.) Delivered, consigned.
- A. متسلی mutasalli, (part. act. v. of سلو) adj. Consoled, satisfied, comforted, condoled.
- A. كالله mutashābih, (part. act. VI. of عنش) adj. Like, resembling. (subst.)

  An allegory, a simile, metaphor. (f. plur. متشابهات Things likened (to others); similes, allegories, metaphors; ambiguities, intricacies).
- مَّدَع mutasharri\*, (part. act. v. of شرع) adj. Orthodox, observing the shar\*. Skilled in the laws.
- A. متشكل mutashakkil, (part. act. v. of شكل) adj. Like, resembling, formed, transformed.
- adj. Complaining; complainer.

  Lamenting, pained. ¶ (apparently from شکث shakk) adj. Doubtful.
- ملع mutasaddi, part. act. (v. of صلع) Importuning, troubling, plaguing.
- A. متعدى mutasaddi, pop. musaddi,

  (part. act. v. of صلى) s. m. An

  accountant, writer, clerk, comptroller.

  Turning away the face, opposing.

  Attempting, daring, intent on.
- A. متصرف mutasarrif, (part. act. v. of صرف) adj. Profuse, extravagant.

  Possessing, occupying, embezzling, embezzled, having the sway of; possessor, master. (in

- grammar) Declinable, declined. (Arab fem. منصرنة).
- متصل متصل متصل متصل با joined) adj. Joined, adjacent, near, contiguous, adjoining, adhering, continual, uninterrupted, successive, continually. Lain muttasillan, Continually. Contiguously.
- متصور mutasauwir, part. act. (v. from متصور) Considering, reflecting, considerate, imagining, conceiving. ¶ mutasauwar, part. pass. Imagined, considered, imaginable; possible. Inclining, verging.
- ad j. Mystical, obscure (speech). One who studies or follows out the science of mystical philosophy and religion.
- A. اعتفاد mutazād, adj. Contradictory sanat-i-mutazād (Rhet.) A contrast.
- منضبط . (part. act. v. of فبط ) adj. Seizing by force.
- متضرب a d j. Agitated, disturbed, uneasy, beaten. v. of
- متضمن mutagammin, part. act. (v. of منف contained) Including, containing, comprehending.
- ad j. Darkened, obscured, oppressed, injured, aggrieved. Complaining of wrongs. Oppressed and demanding justice.
- the advantage of. Advancing (as the day).
- متعارف muta'araf, part. pass. (VI. of عرف) Known, mutually known.
- متعاقب muta'aqib, (part. act. VI. of سقد) adj. Successive, following, pursuing. adv. Afterwards, after.
- متعالى muta'āl, (for متعالى part. act.

- vi. of على adj. High, sublime. The Most High God.
- A. المبدد muta'abbid, (part. act. v. from عبد) adj. Devout, religious. Refractory, stubborn (a camel).
- from image wondered adj. Full of admiration, wondering, astonished, amazed, amazing (achambā).
- In Many, various. Ready, prepared. (subst.) A number exceeding 10,000.

  Li Disc muta'addid bihi, Of account or note.
- متعدم muta, addam, part. pass. (v.
   from عدم) Wanting, deficient.
- passed to another) s. m. A transgressor, a wicked wretch. Passing by, or from one to another. (Gram.) An active, transitive, or causal (verb). amrāz-i-mutaaddi, Contagious diseases. Dying one after another.
- a. منتفر muta'aggir, (part. act. v. from عذر) adj. Making an apology. Deserving pardon, excusable. Difficult, impossible. Stained. Defaced.
- a. متعرف muta'arris, (part. act. v. from عرف) s. m. Opposer, hinderer, giver of pain or trouble. Meddling, injuriously interfering.
- A. منتسر muta'assir, (part. act. v. of adj. Difficult, intricate, difficult of explanation.
- A. muta'assib, (part. act. v. of twisted) adj. Partial, bigoted intolerant, superstitious, prejudiced.
- L. v. from muta affin, (part. act. v. from

- vas putrid) adj. Putrid, rupted, rotten, stinking, fetid.
- A. متعقد muta'aqqid, (part. act. اعقد) adj. Bound, tied or b together, consolidated.
- A. قلعت mutu'alliq, (part. act. ۱ علق hung to) adj. Hanging, pended, depending. Belonging appendant, concerning, relative Appertaining, pertinent, release application. Connected with, joined, annexed, attached to, addic dedicated, occupied or engaged (i تعلقان . Appendage. Plur. Pers Arab. متعلقين s. m. Domestics, ple belonging to,&c. Arab. fem. & Appended, connected with, belor to; appendage: plur. تعلقات pendages, possessions, family. To depend. mutaalliq-i-zāt-i. adj. Personal, private. i-fel, (क्रियाविशेषण) (Gr Adverb.
- from علی adj. Being taught, ing. (subst.) A scholar, discipmuta'allim, (part. act.) Teaching. A. Arie mut'a, s. m. Taking a.wi
- a time, a temporary marriage o مناهد المناه المناه
- A. Lie mutaahhid, s.m. from commanding. (Pl. Lie A contractor. One who enter an engagement for the revenue. hid, adj. Covenanted. afsarān tahid, Covenanted officers. shi mutahid, Contemporary kings mutahid, uncovenanted.

- (part. act. v. from adj. Public, open. Following with the eye, fascinating with malignant looks. Pierced full of small holes (a bottle, bag, etc.). Appointed, fixed, constituted, deputed, determined: s. m. Deputy, agent.

  Deputy, agent.

  Jish muta'aiyina, edj. (Arab. fem.
- A. منينة muta aiyana, part. pass. (fem. v. of عين) Appointed, constituted, fixed; s. m. A station, post, command, an appointment, establishment.
- متغلب mutaghallib, (part. act. v. of اغلب) adj. Victorious, overcoming. Ruling, predominant.
- A. متغیر mutaghaiyir, (part. act. v. from غیر became changed) adj.
  Changed, inconsistent, disturbed, stupified, perplexed. Mutable.
- adj. Different, diverse. Distinct, separate, distant.
- M. of mulafahhis, (v. of Inquiring, asking. An inquirer.
- separated.) adj. Separate, distinct, dispersed, scattered, confused, ruined, miscellaneous, various. Plur. عثرت Various and scattered things. Suudries, miscellaneous articles. The several items of an account. Separate and scattered portions of land included in a village or an estate.
- مدّفرق mutafarriqa, adj. of مدّفرق مدّفرق mutafattin, (part. act. v. of

فطن) adj. Thoughtful.

a. متفق muttafiq, (part. act. VIII. of suited) adj. Agreeing, consenting, corresponding, concurring (testimonies); conspiring, accord-

- ing; uniform, united, unanimous. Happening. Nearly related together. (subs.) An accomplice, co-operator. Coitio. متفق الراء muttafiqu-r-rā'e, متفق هونا To agree together, accord, conspire, confederate, concur, co-operate.
- a. متفكر mutafakkir, (part. act. v. from فكر thought upon) adj. Contemplative, serious, thoughtful, concerned, pensive, grave. [Crafty, artful.
- A. مَنْفَلَى mutafannī, adj. Vicious.
- A. متقاضى mutaqāṣī (part. act. VI. from متقاضى) adj. Exacting or receiving (payment of a debt); an exacter, a dun.
- A. متقدم mutaqaddim, (part. act. v. from قدم went before.) adj.

  Ancient, anterior, antique, preceding; (subst.) A chief, president, guardian.

  Plur. متقدمين mutaqaddimīn, The ancients, ancient, classics.
- adj. Approaching, having access to a king; (subst.) A royal relation, or favourite. Adjacent, near, allied to.
- متقرره mutaqarrir, part. act. (v. of متقرره)

  Fixed, established. (F e m. متقرره
- a. متقى muttaqī (part. act. v. III. of (پرهيزگار) adj. Abstinent, refraining, abstemious, sober, temperate, pious, devout, God-fearing. (Arab. plur. متقيى muttaqīn.)
- a. لاي muttakā, (كر) s. m. Any thing to recline on, a cushion, sofa, carpet, a couch. A post, pillar, prop. (كبم)
- متكبر act. v. from متكبر being great.) adj. Proud, haughty, arrogant, lofty, disdainful.

- A. P. ail ail mutakabbir-āna, a d j.
  Arrogant, arrogantly.
- A. الكفال mutakaffil, part. act. (v. of كفل) Becoming surety, undertaking; bail or surety (the person).
- adj. Speaking; (subst.) A speaker, an eloquent orator, an advocate, declaimer. The first person (in grammar). (Plur. متكمير).
- متكى muttaki, part. act. (VIII. from ركاً) Supported, proped. Reclining, recumbent, leaning (upon). Sitting (especially upon the heels), lying down to sleep.
- An inquirer, searcher, adventurer. One who seeks for. Vanishing; worthless.
- منالطم. مثلاطم mutalāṭim, part. act. (vi. of الطم) Dashing (waves, &c.) mutually dashing or buffeting.
  - H. ل مثلانا جي matlānā, (jī kā) v. n. To be sick at the stomach, to feel nausea.
  - H. உவிக் matlāhaṭ, s. f. Nausea.
  - H. مثلائم matlā'ī, s. f. Nausea.
  - A. مَثَلَدُنُ mutalassis, part. act. (v. from لَذَةُ Relishing, delighted, receiving pleasure (from any thing).
  - A. متلف mullif, part. act. (IV. from chis) Consuming, ruining; (subst.)
    A consumer, prodigal.
  - a. مثلون mutalauwin, (part. act. v. of coloured) adj. Changeable, variable (in colour), capricious. مثلون mutalauwinu-t-tab, Capricious or changeable of disposition.
  - H. مثلی matli, s. f. Nausea.
  - المادي . مانمادي . mutamādī, part. act. (٧١,

- from مدی) Persevering, continuing, prolonging. [متع] Enjoying.
- A. eisis mutamatti, part. act. (v. of
- مرد منمرد mutamarrid, (part act. v. from متمرد) adj. Vicious, disobedient, refractory (sarkash).
- منمشی mutumashshi, (part. act. v. of مشی) adj. Proceeding, going on, practised (in law). Arab. fem. منمشده mutamashshiya. mutamashshiya.
- authority, prevalent, residing; placed, established. (subst.) An inhabitant. s. m. Diptote or noun of two cases (Gol.). Triptote or noun of three cases (Qām.).
- A. mutammim, Completing, perfecting. A finisher.
- A. منت mutamanni, part. act. (v. from منت) Wishing, desiring, hoping; praying, asking; optative (in gramniar).
- A. امير mutamauwil, (part. act. v. from متمول adj. (مير) Rich, enriched, affluent, opulent (دولتمتّد)
- A. matn s. m. The text, the middle.

  A hard or elevated piece of ground.
- g. Liu mutnā (刊河) adj. One who pisses much involuntarily, a pissabed. ¶ matnā, v. a. (dakh.) To rub.
- متنازع . منازع adj. Disputed about, contested, (in law). Fem. متنازع mutanā za' a or متنازعه شدن mutanā za' a fih, Contested, disputed.

- of Proportionate one to another, similar.
- متناقص . mulanāqis, adj. Defective.
- متناقض متناقض mutanāqie, (part. act. vi. of فقض) adj. Discordant, contradictory.
- adj. Fin is hed, determined, terminated, arrived at the utmost extreme, gaining any point. Coming or bringing intelligence.
- adj. Waking from sleep; vigilant, circumspect, animadverting, turning the attention towards, recollecting, remembering, diligent. Receiving, advice, and profiting by it.
- A. متنبى mutanabbi, (part. act. v. of ivi) adj. Pretending to the gift of prophecy, calling himself a prophet.
- مطبحی مطبحی mutanjan, (for A. مطبحی راه mutajjan, Fried) as in متبحی دلاو B. m. A kind of dish (pulā'o).
- adj. Abhorrent (from), fleeing (from), averse, abhorring, abhorrer, detesting, disgusted, shunning, flying.
- A. سفنته mutanofis, part. act. (v. of breathing.) Breathing; an animal that breathes (Gol.) adj. Solitary, single; individual.
- متواتر adj. Successive, successively (age pichhe), one after another. Distinctly (as chronologies, quotations, etc.).
- عنوارا هناه mat-wārā, adj. Drunk. See الله متوارا adj. Successively.
- a. متوارك mutawārid, (part. act. VI. of
- A. متراضع mutawāṣi, part. act. (vi. of رضع) Complimenting, humbling, humble, complaisant.

- ## Bossessor) adj. m. Intoxicated, drunken, drunk.
- A. متوالى mutawālī, (part. act. vi. of ولى) adj. Successive, consecutive, uninterrupted. A sect in Syria.
- adj. Turning or having the regard (towards), travelling, proceeding (towards), bound to. Attentive, favouring, countenancing, propitious, intent on. اقد ما الماد الماد
- متوحش متوحش mutawaḥḥish, (part. act. v.
- keeping in the middle.) adj. •
  Intermediate, interposing, intervening, middling. Ordinary, common.
- A. متوسل mutawassil, part act. (v. from رسيلة) Adjoining, conjoined. Trusting in God. Confiding in, relying on: (subst.) A confidant (Plur. mutawassilin.)
- a. متوصل mutawassil, (part. act. v. of وصل) a d j. Connected, related, joined to, depending on, arriving; (subst.) A dependant, connexion.
- a. متوطى mutawattin, (part. act. v. of ed.) adj. Inhabiting, residing; inhabitant, a native.
- adj. Many, numerous, plentiful, copious.
- a. متوفى mutawaffā, or متوفى mutawaffī, (part. pass. or act. v. of فى ended) adj. Dead, defunct, deceased the late. Giving up the ghost,

- مدّوقے ... mutawaqqia, (part. act. v. of وقع) adj. Expecting, expected.
- مترقف mutawaqqif, (part. act. v. of وقف) adj. Slow, tardy, delaying, waiting for, expecting, persevering.
- adj. Born, generated.
- متولی ه. mulawalli, (part. act. v. of ولی) s. m. Superintendent (or treasurer of a mosque) An incumbent or trustee of a Mah. religious endowment, Kinsman.
- natauna, (from سن matt.

  Drunk) s. The grain kodo, when it has an inebriating quality.
  - a. متهانی mathānī, s. f. (a. mathanā to churn.) A milkpan, a churn. A churner (رئی)
  - in the province of Agra, celebrated as the birthplace and early residence of Krishn, and still an object of pilgrimage amongst Hindus.
  - accused party. Arraigned.
  - s. البين mathnā, (मथन मंथन) v. a To churn (bilonā). To beat or beat up. To ponder over, revolve in one's mind. To knead, to work. s. m A churnstaff. [churn-staff.
  - ह متهنى mathni, (मन्धान) s.f. A
    - s. liifio malhaniyā, (मंथनी) s. f. A churn.

- matti, n. prop. Matthew.
- (castle), firm, weighty, important, solid. Obstinate. Sententions, vigorous, forcible, compact. Matin ādmī. matis ibārat. A sententious style.
- of the tar (Borassus flabelliformis) or of the cocoa-nut tree (Cocos nucifera Said, also, to mean a club for playing

چوگان See (چوگان at

- H. บูเรือ muṭāpā, (H. เรือ fat) s.m. Fatness, plumpness, bulkiness.
- s. الله miṭānā, (caus. of الله) v. s.

  To efface, to erase (اللها), to blot
  out, to abrogate, to abolish, to cancel,
  to expunge. [sativum]
- H. onalar, s. m. A pea. (Pisum
- H. مثنگ matak, (from مثنک) s. f. Coquetry, ogling.
- H. Läe matkā, s. m. A large earthen jar or pot. Dim. matkī.
- v. a. To wink, to ogle, wanton with one's eyes, to make to twinkle. To work one's hips. To make a display.
- ع. الله muṭ-kulā, s. m. (dakh.) See
- н. مثنی majkan, в f. Ogling, coquetry.
- H. Wille mataknā or (dakh.) mitaknā,
  v. n. To mince, carry oneself like
  a wanton. To wink, ogle, coquet:
  twinkle. One who wantons in
  her gait. ¶ matkanā, s. m. A small
  vessel for taking water out of a larger,
  a small earthen vessel.
- قاركة mwi-kūla, s. m. (dakh.) A kind of dumpling, made of wheat flour, sweetened.
- matki, s. f. A child's coral, or plathing which infants suck. A small earthen pot or jar. A wink, a twinkle, closing the eyes. ¶ mitki, s. f. (dakh.) A sound of the tongue, click.

- Cleanse) v. n. To be effaced, to expire. To be destroyed, annihilated; to come to naught. To come to an end; to become extinct. To die out (uthnā). To be abolished, nullified, cancelled. To be madly in love with.
- Hindu religious college or convent or monastery, a pagan temple, an ascetic's abode. A hut, esp. the retirement of an ascetic.

- TML. maṭṭhā, adj. Dull (kund).
- a. إلى muithā, s. m. (मृष्टि) A handful. A bundle. See
- round shape to. Katorā muthārnā. To talk prettily. To dilate or expatiate upon.
- H. הגם ואבת muth-bher, (H. mūndh, head, bher meet.) A meeting. Contact, collision, conflict. [Deficient in salt.
- H. lighen milh-lonā, (mad-lonā,) adj.
- H. ous miltho, s. f. A kiss from a child.
- of endearment for parrots and children.

- g سنهاس काithās, (मेष्टांश) s. m.
- ع. متهانس miṭhāns, Sweetness.
  Sugar, molasses of.
- ه ستهائی ه miṭhū-ī, s. f. (মিচার) A sweetmeat. Sugar, molasses Sweetness. متهائی گر s. m. Confectioner.
- ह. متهولی mutholī, (A. mutthī, fist) (मिछ्र) s. f. Onanism, self-pollution.
- ع. ستهوليا mulholiyā, s. m. (A. P. jalqbāz). Manstrupator, masturbator.
- ह. منهى muțthi or muțhi, (मिष्ट manus hand.) s. f. Fist, grasp (of the hand), clutch, hand, gripe, handful: (dakh. also) the stick with which the cotton cleaner strikes the string of his bow: a small varnished stick, in the same shape as the last mentioned, given to sucking children to be used as the coral with us: the wrist: the fetlock joint in a horse: a handful of \* corn formerly taken from every field and given as a charity to the poor in India; a handful being taken from every plot of the corn-field. A hand, equal to four fingers. mutthi bhar, A handful.
- ع. متهى متهى المراب المتها متهى المراب المتها المت
- handful. The thick end of a stick. A lump of sugar. The man who feeds the sugar mill with the chopped canes. The first fistful of seed sown. muthe'ā, Handle or stilt of a plough.
- s. f. Earth, mould, clay. mitti thopnā. To plaster with mud. (Hin.)
  Flesh, meat, animal food. A dead body, a corpse. Dirt, filth, excrement. Soil, land. Sweepings, rubbish, trash. Tomperament, constitution. Thandi mitti hai.

To bury. متى دالنا To conceal the crime or fault of another. متى كاتيل (dakh.) Earth-oil, liquid bitumen. متى كرنا To ruin or destroy. متى ملنا To be ruined or disgraced. متى هونا To become weak or faint, to be ruined. [vessel.

ع. مثیا مثیا mitiyā, s. f. A kind of earthen

TRL. مثیا muṭṭe'āl, adj. (dakh.) Indiscreet: see
بے تمیز

H. امتيان maṭiyālā, adj. Clayey, made of mud. Tawny, dusky.

H. Juin matiyānā, v. a. To scrub with.
To plaster or besmear with mud. v. n.
To wink at, to connive, to suffer, to tolerate. turn a deaf ear, make no answer, to be extinguished.

a. مثابه maṣāba, (n. of place of دُوب)

s. m. Place to which a person returns again and again, place of assembling, station. An inn, a caravansera. Stones projecting round a well.

A specimen. Example. Model. A case adduced as a precedent. misāl denā. To give an example or illustration. s. f. Simile, likeness, similitude; analogy; parable, metaphor (much used in compos. as the simile compos. as the similar compos. A form, figure, mode, manner, definite quantity. History. [bling.

A. P. مثالی miṣāl-ī, adj. Like, resem-

A. Ailin magāna, s. m. The bladder. zof-i-masānā. Weakness of the bladder, inability to hold in the urine.

A. 如此 mugbit, part. act. (IV. of was fixed). Establishing, fixing; affirmative, demonstrative. Knowing with certainty. mugbit, (H. jor) (日刊) (Alg.) Plus, more. ¶ mugabbat (part. pass. II.) Established, ratified, written. Fem.

مثبته musabbata, adj. Engrossed.
Stamped, bearing a stamp or seal.

a. مثبوت » a s b \* t, (part. pass.

adj. Firm, fixed.

a. القل migqāl (from مثقال) s.m. weight of 4 māshas and 3½ ra (which see under توا tolā). A drac and a half weight.

A. كن magal s. f. Fable, al gory, parable, s i m i le, metaph proverb, proverbial saying (kahan apologue. Being like, equal rese bling. Post, station, department an example. ¶ migl, s. f. Similitalikeness, like. be-misl, adj. Unequal (lā-ṣānī). مثل The papers or reco

a. It magalan, adv. For exam e. g., namely, as, for instance.

A. Line musallas (part. pass. II taking a third, becomin third. adj. Three-cornered, tr s. m. A triangle, a sort of verse sisting of three lines. Line musallas maslā, An allegorical fat A. Line musla or masula, s. An exan

A. Lie mugla or magula, s. An exampunishment inflicted by wa example. ¶ magala, See Lie magala magal

A. musmir, (part. act. Iv. of adj. (A tree) Fruitful, fruit bes I musammor (part. pass. II.) I ripe for gathering: fruitful.

ath-koniyā, (part. pass. II. of took the eight part) adj. Consisti eighth, octangular, eightfold; oct

H. Lizo michnā, v. n. To shut, to

A. مثنوی magnawi, (تنی) R. f.

nort of verse, in which the corrhyme regularly, as in English I verse; a poem in that verse. P where the second line of every d rhymes with the same letter book of moral doctrine w in this species of metro.

- مننی سیږannę, (part. pass. 11. of ثنی) s. m. A copy, duplicate, the second. adj. Double, binary, dual, of the dual number. muṣannē-beh, s. The original (of a copy).
- A. المجال mujādil, (part. act. III. of contended) adj. Contentions, quarrelsome. Controversy, dispute.
- a. مالية mujādala, (inf. III. of حدل)

  a. m. Contention, disputation, dispute, alternation. A conflict.
- flowing) adj. Current; in force (as a law). Accidents, events, occurrences. Running, going, proceeding (along with another.) Arab. fem. هجارية
- passed as valid) adj. Lawful, admissible, legally competent, authorized. Superficial, insincere, feigned. A way, a passage. s. Metaphor.
  - adv. Metaphorically, allegorically. Legally, lawfully.
- adj. Metaphoric, figurative, allusive, hyperbolical, artificial, insincere (love), false, not real; illusive, delusive, worldly, mundane. Political; profane; superficial.
- مجال هجال.

  de majāl, (noun of place from جول going round) s. f. Power, ability, authority, strength. Vigour, skill, force, kyā majāl hui! intj. What can he do?
- A. majālis, s. plur. (of صجاس)
  Conferences, assemblies, convivial conversation. Sessions.
- مجالست mujālasat, (inf. 111. of حلس) s. f. Assembly, sitting together. Conversation, etc.
- from enemoismin, s. plur. (of enemois) Congregations.

- منعت mujāma'at, (inf. 111. of collecting) s. f. Concubitus, coitus, coition, carnal connection.
- mujānasat, (inf. III. of جنس) s. f. The being of the same kind, homogeneousness, similarity.
- being near) s. m. A neighbour. A sweeper of a mosque, an attendant at a mosque or Mah. shrine or temple (or other place of worship), one who remains devoutly employed at a mosque or attached to it.
- مجاورت می mujāwarat, (inf. 111. of جور) s. f. Neighbourhood. Constant attendance at temple, &c.
- A. P. مجاوری mujāwir-i, s. f. See
- مجاوز مین mujāwis, part. act. (III. of جوز Transgressing, exceeding bounds.
- A. ماهاجة mujāhid, part. act. (III. of عباد strove) Striving; (subst.)

  Warrior (for the faith), crusaders.

  (Plur. اسجاهادین) One who labours or endeavours.
- a. الجهاد mujāhada, (inf. III. of حبهاد)
  s. m. Fighting (against infidels in defence of the faith), striving.
- constrained) adj. Constrained (lā-chār) forced, necessitated, helpless, oppressed. majbūran, majbūrī se adj. Compulsorily. Consolidated (as a broken bone). Re-established after being in distressed circumstances.
- مجبوری majbūr-ī, s. f. Constraint, compulsion.
- A. جتبى mujtabā, (part. pass. VIII. of or جبى or جبي) adj. Elected, chosen.
- adj. Assembled, convened together in one place. Agreeing in the same opinion. (A man) arriving at full strength, s. m. An assemblage.

- A. Juise mujtahid, part. act. (VIII. of Line striving). Ftriving, contending, carrying on war especially against, infidels; (subst.) A superior or superintendent in religious matters, prelate. Endeavouring to conceive or perform anything. A jurist, the highest authority, in Mah. jurisprudence. (Plur.
- A. محاجر maj'har, (noun of place, from ) s. m. An asylum, a hiding-place.
- a. James majd, s.m. Glory, grandeur, splendour, the honour derived from ancestors. Praising (God). Excelling in glory.

Glorious. (جدا ) adj. New, renewed.

- A. June mujaddad, (part. pass. II. of
- drew it) adj. Attracted, drawn, abstracted; absorbed in, given up to, lost in. s. m. One whom God has drawn to Himself. A madman. A faqir much given to Divine meditation. (dakh.) Fanatic.
- A. part. pass. majzūr, (可可) (part. pass. of part. Square root Heb. and Chald. A part, segment) s. m. Square of a number (in arithmetic).
- A. جذم majṣūm, (part. pass. of جذم)
  adj. Leprous.
- lit. Caused to flow, rendered current)
  s. m. (in Pers. and Hind.) Allowance,
  premium, deduction, a set-off. A Mah.
  dirge. (in Hind.) Obeisance, presenting arms, kissing the hand. A trial
  of professional singing, respects, visit,
  audience.

  wire-nāh. Place of visiting, audience,
  presentation, salutation.
- A. H. mujrā-ī, s. m. Remission of revenue, reduction in the assessment. A credit given on account,

- One who waits upon or is presented. One who recites the marsiyā or Mah. dirge. One who pays his respects; a servant minister, visitant, &c.
- A. برب mujarrib, part. act. (II. of عرب assayed). Trying, proving.

  Making an experiment. ¶ mujarrel (part. pass.) adj. Tried, proved; expert, skilful, experienced. (Plur.
- A. المجرد mujarrad, (part. pass. 11. of عبر stripped) adj. Strips. Solitary alone, solely, only; unmarried, single, immaterial, incorporeal. Plus.

  Incorporeal beings.
- a. ly mujarradan, a d v. Singly, solely. [solitarines.
- a. P. مجران mujarrad-i, s. f. Solitude,
- A. جرم mujrim, (part. act. IV. of جرم)

  adj. Criminal; a malefactor, offender, felon; (subst.) A sinner.
- wounding) adj. Wounded. Smitten by love.
- مجرى المارة الم
- A. أيض mujaszā, (part. pass. II. of أجزأ
- became corporeal) adj. Having body, imbodied, corpulent, incorporated, incarnate. Corporeal. Solid, substantial. s. m. A substance.
- A. مجد muja ad (part. pass. 11. of معد) Curled (hair).
- A. In mujalla, (part. pass. of ja was clear) adj. Polished, illustrated, manifested.

- a. Dix mujallid, (part. act. 11. of covered with skin) s. m. A bookbinder. I mujallad (part pass. adj. Bound (a volume). Bound in leather (a book).
- a. سجاس majlis, (noun of place, from sat) s. f. An assembly, company, congregation, party, council (جماعت), convention. An assembly of sufis and dancing dervises. mīr-majlis, s m. The president or head of a society. A judgment seat.
- A. جلی mujalli, (part. act. 11. of علی)

  adj. Making clear or bright. Polishing Illustrating, declaring one's thoughts.
- A. Jammad, (part. pass. 11. of Jam) adj. Congealed.
- \*\* mijmar, (noun of place from ser for incense. Perfume.
- A majman, (noun of place
- collecting) s. m. Place of assembling, or meeting, assembly (bhir), collection, rendezvous, assemblage. مجمع majma'u-l-baḥrain. The meeting of two seas. A book of miscellanies, a magazine.
- summed up). s. m. An abstract, summary, compendium, abridgment, brief (ijmālī) mujmal kisāb, An abstract account, part. Brought together, contract, abridged.
- A. Lago mujmalan, adv. Summarily, in short, in the abstract.
- A. ومجهوع majmū\*, (part pass. mas. of each) adj. Collected; contained; the whole total. دامع Collected in mind, at ease in mind.
- najmů'a (part. pass. of collected). s. m. A crowd, assembly. A compound perfume. A

- pendium, aggregate. (حمع) A form (in printing). sdj. Collected, brought together, assembled, contained, all. the whole. A body of laws, a code.

  | Jacobs (record-keeper.) A title given to the servants of a qānūn-go.
- A. P. مجموعی majmū'i, adj. Collective aggregate.
- A. سنج mujannas, (part. pass. 11. of سنج) s. m. A mongrel, of mixed hreed, a horse between an Arab and a turki. adj. Composed of different kinds.
- lit. possessed by a demon. adj. Insane, in love. One turned mad by love. A very thin weak person. n. prop. The name of a celebrated lover, whose amours with Lailā are the subject of a poem by Nizāmī.
- Holding or proving to be lawful. Permitting, allowing to pass, recommending. ¶ mujauwaz, part pass. Lawful, permitted, tolerated (in grammar.). (Fem. 85050)
- A. \*josso mujauwasa, adj. Proposed.

  Decided, determined. Prescribed, laid down.
- Zend origin) s. m. A guebre or follower of Zoroaster, the magi.
- P. مجبوسى majūs-ī, adj. Relating to the one of the magi.
- M. مجوف mujawwaf, adj. (part. pass.

  11. of جوف was hallow) Hollow,

  concave, hollow at the core, vaulted.

  ¶ majūf, Thick, large-bellied.
- इ. न्यां mujh, pron. me. (मम or मत्).
- इ. र्क्न majhlā, (मध्य) adj middling.
- A. Alas maj'hala, (from Las) s. m. Wrangling, any thing which shews ignorance, a dilemma.
- م المجاول maj'hūd, (part. pass. of مجاول)

  adj. Oppressed with labour or vexa-

tion. (subst.) Care, trouble, endeavour, diligence. One's utmost ability.

- इ. प्रेन्ड majholā. (मध्य) adj.
- a. P. مجبولی majhūl-ī, s f. Ignorance, indolence, laziness, idleness, apathy.
- 2. \_\_\_\_ mujh-e, pron. Me, to me: see
- مون سينة mujib, (part. act. IV. of

  Listening to, granting, consenting, taking well. An auditor.

  Giving an answer.
  - a. بالله ال majīṭh, (中国国) s.f. Name of a drug (the root of the plant.) used for dying red. (Rubia manjith).
  - A. Just majid, (Jst) adj. Sacred. Glorious, honourable, noble, great. kalām majīd. The Qurān. [cymbals.
  - ब. أجير majīrā, (मंजीर) s. m. Small
  - H. اچن muchchā, s. m. A large lump of flesh or ment. (See H. اعبو mochā or A. منعفه muṣgha).
  - a. المجان machālā. s. m. (dakh.) See
  - g. just machān, s. m. (中日) A platform, scaffold, stage, raised seat. A loft (tand). See
  - H. Us machānā, (caus. of Us) v. a.
    To make, to cause, to stir up, excite, commit, perpetrate, produce.

- H. UKara, machkana, v. a To wink. To nictitate
- in the joints. To creak (as, a bedstead, &c.).
- H. Is machla, adj. Perverse, refrectory, disobedient, restiff, pert.
- H. Ulso machlana, v. n. To pretend ignorance. To feel nausea. See Ulia
- H. when machla-pan, s. m. StubbornH. machlahat, s. f. stubness.
- T. Klaso muchaikā, s. m. A bond, a note of hand, an agreement, a written obligation. A recognizance, penal recognizance, penalty bond.
- verse, disobedient, cross, obstinate. To sulk, pout, cry, roll on the ground in a pet (children).
- in heat, to be excited. To creak (as, a bedstead or other thing heavily laden): see
- be committed, to be perpetrated, to be produced. To be excited. Noised abroad. Engaged in. To be yoked. To be flexible (bachnā).
- H. is michne, v. n. To shut, to close.
- s. P. خنج muchang, (from و. منه Mouth, and P. خنگ A harp) s. f. A musical instrument, a Jews-harp.
- michaulnā, v.a. To shut or cover the eye.
- s. 一种 machh or machchha, (中等 or 甲代以) s. m. A fish in general. A large fish.
- g. क्रिक machchhar, (मराक) s. m A musquito, a large gnat, midge.

- muchharak, s. f. (dakh.)

  Down or small hair on the lips before

  the beard grows: see مسلين maxen.
- क् معری कachhrī, े (मत्स्यो) s. f. A
- ع. من machhli, fish. (A. hūt,
- The fish insect. An earing made in the form of a fish. A muscular, well-developed arm. machhlī parnā. To be well-developed (the body). machhrānd, s. f. A smell of fish.
- dakh.) A fish. July 8. m. A fisherman.
- machhandar, s. m. A rat; (met.) adj. Stupid. A mountebank, a merry andrew. [Name of a Jogī.
- क سعندر machhandar, (मत्स्येन्द्र)
- machh-wā or machhuwā, s. m. A fisherman, a vendor of fish.
- machchhi, (Pers. a. f. A kiss (to a child). A buss.

  machchhi lenä. To kiss, give a kiss.
- عبی machhī, s. f. Fish: see جبی Machh.
- a. f. (dakh.) Mustaches, whiskers:
- A. من المسابقية, (part. act. III. of عن معانى faced) adj. Opposite, over against, in front, parallel. mahāsī men likhnā. To write on the opposite page or column.
- a. سابقتنة, (part. act. III. of حرب) s. m. A warrior, a combatant, fighter.

- A. عاربت muḥārabat, s. f. (inf. 111.

  A. عاربه muḥāraba, s. m.

  of حرب) War, battle, combat, duel, fight
- accounts, examiner or auditor of accounts, arithmetician.
- A. Aimis muhāsaba, (inf. 111. of inf. calculation, account, adjustment or settlement or audit of accounts.

  An accountant, one who has accounts to settle. The Aimis Demanding a settlement of accounts. It is a settlement of accounts.
- A. شحص maḥāsh, (r. شحت) s. m. Goods, effects, wealth.
- muḥāṣir, part. act. (III. of حصر ) Besieging; besieger.
- encompassed) s. m. Surrounding, besieging, in vesting, blockading, sitting down before a fort, siege, blockade, &c. muḥāsara uṭhānā, v. a. To give up the siege. muḥāṣara karnā, To besiege, &c. muḥāṣrīn, The besiegers.
- produced) (plur. of مصول) Profits, produce, gains. Proceeds, usufruct, revenue (آمدنی) maḥāṣil-i-khām, Gross produce. Arab. plur. of plur.
- A. bil muhājoz, part. pass. (III. of bis preserving, guarding.) Protected, defended, fortified, muhāfiz

(part. act.) adj. Guarding, keeping; s. Keeper, guardian, curator. A protector, guard, warden, sentry, watchman. A commander, governor.

- A. سافظت muḥāſagat, (inf. 111. of bis preserved) s. f. Preservation, protection, guardianship, custody, care.
- miḥaffu, from iba ) s. m. A pāckī, litter in which esp. women travel.
- A. Je maḥāll, s. m. plur. (of Je or ale from Je) Streets, squares, courts, places, houses, districts, departments. (Plur. of plur. ele). Fraud, art, machination. I muḥāl (part. pass. Iv. of Je) adj. Impossible, absurd (plur. ele Impossible, absurd (plur. ele Impossible, absolutely impossible, quite absurd.
- M. Jose mahāmid, s. plur. (of SJASE) Laudable deeds, virtues.
- سیارورات ه. plur. of
- repeated) s. m. Practice, habit. Idiom, usage, current speech, phraseology, figure, dialogue, conversation, conference. hā muḥāwara, Idiomatic.
- muhibb, (part. act. 1v. of was loved) s. m. A friend, lover. muhibb-ul-vatan, A patriot.
- from به المعنوب muhabbat (or mahabbat, from المعنوب) s. f. Friendship (dosti), benevolence, love, affection. المعنوب adj. Loving, friendly.
  - مبس maḥhas, (noun of place from confined) s. m. A prison maḥhas-i-dīwānī, A civiljail. ¶ miḥbas,

Bed furniture. ¶ muhbas (part pass. IV.) adj. Imprisoned.

- م سوبح mahbūb, m. } (part. pars. of
  - A sweetheart. Beautiful; lovely woman, affectionate. بعبرب القارب Cordially beloved, amiable.
- A. P. ailigies mahbab ana, adv. Like the beloved, as a sweetheart.
- A. P. محدوبي maḥbāb-i, B. f. Loveliness.
- ماني maḥbūs, (part. pass. of عبوس) s. m. A captive. adj. lmprisoned, detained, arrested, confined.
  maḥbūs-khāna, A prison.
- adj. Necessitous, indigent, in want, poor, needy. Defective, wanting. s. m. A beggar, pauper. A cripple. [poverty.
- A. P. محتاجي muhtāj-ī, s. f. Indigence,
- A. المحرف muḥtāṭ, (part. pass. viii. of عوط) adj. Guarded, circumspect.
- A مالت muḥtāl, (part. pass. VIII. of مول) adj. Insidious; deceiver.
- adj. Honoured, sacred, revered, venerable.
- of improper behaviour, and of the sale of intoxicating drugs and liquors. An accountant,
- A. P. سابی muhtasib-ī, s. f. Daty or office of muhtasib.
- A. مثنت muhtashim, (part. act. VIII. of مثنع) adj. Having many followers,

- powerful, great. Bashful (from respect).
- a. محتكر muḥtakir, (part. act. viii of مكر) s. m. A fore-staller, regrater.

  One who keeps back provisions from market in hopes of creating a scarcity, and selling dear.
- A. متحت muḥtalim, (part. act. VIII. of مام) A dreamer, one at the age of puberty, polluted.
- bore) adj. Suspected, conjectured. Suspicious, doubtful, ambiguous, possible, probable, suffering patiently. Susceptible, liable. Possible, probable.
- weiling, excluding) adj.

  Veiled, secluded, forbidden to enter.
  Abashed. Excluded (from inheritance.)
  Modest, bashful. [fulness.
- maḥjūb-i, s. f. Bash-
- A. مجره maḥjūr, (part. pass. of جر)
  Forbidden, prohibited.
- A. بعدب muḥaddab, (H. ubharwān)

  (part. pass. II. of بعدب) adj. Convex, gibboos.
- a. شاکت muḥaddig, (part. act. II. of مدلث) s. A relater, narrator. An author who treats of the acts and words of Muhammad. One well-versed in the hadis. (Plur. محدثير)
- maḥdūd, (part. pass. of setting bounds) adj. Limited, bounded, finite, defined. Few in number, small in extent. maḥdūd karnā. To limit, &c.
- a letter), apocopated, dropped, rejected (as, a letter or syllable from a word). Understood, implied, not expressed (a word).
- مرب) s. f. The principal place in a mosque where the

- priest prays before the people with his face turned towards Mecca. A kind of high altar. The royal closet or chamber. The chief seat at an entertainment, ect. Arch, shelf, niche: see 
  The curve or arch of a scimitar (as, the is always arched).
- A. P. سخرابی miḥrāb-ī, adj. Of or like the miḥrāb; arched.
- 8. m. A writer, a clerk, scribe. ¶
  muḥarrar (part. pass.) Written, inscribed. Arab. fem. 8
- adj. Inverted, transposed.

  Tampered with. Perverted (the sense).
- adj. Inflamed, burning (a a fever).
- مرق muhriq, (part. act. sv. from adj. Burning, inflammatory, ardent. Incentive, giving warmth.
- Moving, putting in motion, stimulant, incentive. (subst.) A mover, persuader, exciter, tempter, encourager, promoter. A ringleader. Marking (a consonant) with a vowel.
- prohibiting) adj. Sacred, venerable, forbidden, unlawful, excluded. (subst.) Name of the first Muhammadan month, during which fighting is prohibited, and also held sacred on account of the death of Husain, son of Ali who was killed by Yazid, near Kufa. (Plur. Things forbidden or unlawful). Mourning and lamentation. I muhrim (part. act. Iv.) adj. Engaged in the sacred pilgrimage

to Mecca, performing the ceremonies

enjoined on entering a sacred place.

mahram (noun of place) s. A spouse, a confident bosom friend, a consort, an intimate, an intimate friend. Any one who is admitted into the women's apartments or into a sacred place. Bodice, the part of the dress in which the breasts are confined. (used adjectively) Confidential, intimate, acquainted, familiar.

- state of being admitted into a sacred place, or of being a confidant.
- a. محروس maḥrūs, (part. pass. of adj. Guarded, preserved.
- A. مالک سرسه maḥrūsa, (part. pass. of سرسه) adj. Guarded, protected (by heaven): s. m. a garrisoned or fortified place. ممالک محروسه The provinces or countries in the government of any sovereign prince.
- محروق مرق مرق مرق مرق مرق مرق مرق adj. Torrid. Burnt, inflamed.
- maḥrūq-a, adj. Burnt; fuel for fire.
- prohibiting) adj. Prohibited, excluded. Unfortunate, wretched, plundered, deprived, deprived of the support of life, disappointed. To exclude, prohibit, disappoint, deprive, debar. To baffle, defeat, frustrate.
- of friends. Privation, loss. Disappointment-
- A. مخزون maḥzūn, (part. pass. of حزن )
  adj. Grieved, vexed, afflicted.
- A. رحسن muḥsin, (part. act. Iv. of كسن) Benefiting, obliging; causer of good or of beauty, benefactor.
- A. computing) adj. Computed,

- calculated, numbered, carried to account. [Lumb] Envied
- A. Jours mahsüd, (part. pass. of
- A. make is, (part. pass. of a heis, (part. pass. of a heis.) adj. Perceived, perceptible, sensible, felt.
- A. Imputes mahsis-it plur. (of duputes) Things felt or perceived, things perceptible to the senses.
- a. مشر المسرفران s. f. Day of judgment, a place of assembly s. m. The day of general resurrection. المشرفان (applied to a female) Exciting a commotion like that of the day of judgment by the elegance of her gait.
- مشرر به maḥshūr, part. pass. (d مشح) Assembled, raised from the dead.
- a. المشوة muḥashshē, (part. pass. 11. of عشو) adj. Illustrated by marginal notes. Annotated.
- a. مصل سيبُمبينا, (part. act. 11. of عصل) s. m. Tax-gatherer, bailif, dun: adj. collecting, gathering.
- muhassil-i, s. f. Duty or fee of a tax-gatherer, bailiff, &c.
- A. P. Liller nuhaesil-ina, s. m. The fees of the bailiff or tax-gatherer.
- محصی muhsan, (part. pass. Iv. of adj. Chaste, continent. Guarded round about, fortified.
- مصر maḥṣūr, part. pass. (of صحر) Besieged, surrounded, detained, restrained, maḥṣūrīn, s. m. The besieged.
- a. مصول maḥṣāl, (part. pass. of مصل) s.m. The harvest. Tax, duty, excise, custom, toll, postage, produce, public income from any source (amdani), revenue. Fem.

a d j. Collected, acquired; (thing) acquired; income, revenue, produce, maḥsūl chukānā, v. a. To pay a duty or postage. maḥsūl-i-ḍāk, Postage. maḥsūl sāyar, miscellaneous duties.

- Merely, entirely, wholly, purely, solely, absolutely, utterly, sincere, downright (صرف and بالكل).
- was present) s. f. Royal presence, appearance, a general application or petition signed by a body of people, a representation, a public attestation, statement of a case or suit laid before a judge, &c. Li January s. m. A muster-roll, list of those who are present.
- مظر maḥgūr, (part. pass. of حظر) adj. Forbidden, unlawful. Plur. Unlawful things.
- adj. Glad, cheerful, contented, pleased (خوش)
- A. الفحة maḥfil, (noun of place from لفحال) s. f. The place or time of meeting, assembly, (جماعت)، congregation, society, chorus, congress. A pulpit, a tribunal.
- maḥʃūz, (part. pass. of bis preserving) adj. Guarded, protected, preserved, exempted, safe, secure. Committed to memory.
- A. Los miḥaffa, s. m. See Lister muḥāfa.
- A. j= muhiqq, (part. act. IV. of j)
  adj. Acting properly, doing justice, knowing for certain, having a right to mahq, s. Cancelling: burning.
- A. مرابع muḥaqqar, (part. pass. 11. of رحقر) a d j. Despised. Poor, low, humble, contemptible.

محقق muḥaqqaq, (تحقيق) part.

pass. (II. of حق was right) adj. Confirmed, certified, authenticated, veri-

fied, known for truth. Decided, positive. s. m. A philosopher. An asserter of truth. ¶ muhaqqiq (part. act.) adj. Verifying, proving to be true, investigating the truth, inquisitive, verifier.

- A. is mihakk, (is) s. f. Touchstone, test.
- A. muhkum, (part pass. IV. of
- adj. Strengthened, firm, fortified, strong adv. Strenuously, firmly.
- A. maḥkamāt, s. plur. of
- from restraining, exercising authority) s. m. A tribunal, court of law, judicature or justice, session, assize, court-house. A town-house or . hall. A department (saristab).
- adj. Subjected, under command or authority. Ordered, ordained. Invested with supreme power. Sentenced, condemned. sub. Subject, a sub ordinate officer. Arab. fem.
- s. m. Place, building, house, situation, position, palace, seraglio, district, quarter, abode, station, time, opportunity, occasion. (Plur. Land and Houses, places). Accommodated, adapted, opportune, suitable, apropos. A queen, from each queen occupying a separate, palace, a royal lady. mahl-i-khās. The head wife. barmahl, adj. Appropriate, fitting.

barmahl, adj. Appropriate, fitting.

Reraglio, female apartments. ¶ muhill (part. act. IV.) adj.

Deserving (punishment).

A. مراعث muhallil, (part. act. 11. of علی) adj. Causing to dissolve; (in medicine) discutiont, Solving, re-

- solving, rendering justice. s. m. A solvent.
- A. Also mahalla, s. m. A quarter (or part of a town), district, division; parish, ward; a review or muster (of troops).

  To make a review or muster (of troops).
- maḥall-ī, adj. Belonging to the seraglio (a servant, &c.), an eunuch.
- A. محمد muhammad, (part. pass. II. of محمد) adj. Praised; name of the Arabian prophet.
- of Muhammad.i, (محمد) adj. Of Muhammadan, mahometan.
- A. Jase maḥmil, (noun of place from Jase) s.m. That by which any thing is supported, that in or on which any thing is borne; a camel's saddle, or that which fastens the two parts of a camel's load; a litter carried on a camel. A covering for the sacred building at Mecca.
- maḥmūd, (part. pass. of محمد) adj. Praised, laudable, worthy: a proper name.
- A. قرين maḥmūda, s. m. Scammony.

  See ينقمونيا [sort of muslin.
- maḥmūd-ī, s. f. A fine
- Laden. Bearing (a meaning). Applicable.
- Labours, toils, troubles, afflictions, culamities.
- toil industry, athletic, exercise; application, attention, diligence; trouble, misfortune, difficulty, calamity, affliction, trial, temptation, perplexity, sorrow. meḥnat mazdūrī, Labour and wages.

  Daily labour, job work. Jil or Full of misery.

- or trouble; afflicted. المنت كن To labour, toil, exert oneself. تنت عند عند s. f. Endurance of labour or trouble, affliction.
- A. P. Willer minnat-ana, s. m. Hire, wages. Remuneration, fee.
- A. P. minnet-ī, adj. Laborious, industrious, painstaking, hard, labouring person. s. f. A labourer.
- abolished; annihilated, thunderstruck, s. m. Effacing, obliteration, erasm oblivion, extinction. Fascinated, oharmed. Engrossed, absorbed, wapt in. Lilia Astonished at the spectacle.
- معور .ه. miḥwar, (حور) s. m. An axis (of a pully).
- from by s. m. Enclosure, are, enclosed or surrounded space. I muhauwita (part. act.) Wall, &c. forming an enclosure.
- a. mahv-iyat, s. f. Obliteration, state of being effaced.
- A. مربان muḥiṭ, part. act. (۱۷، of المربان)

  Containing, surrounding, embracing, encircling, circumambient, gyarding.

  Comprehending, knowing. (sabst)

  (A. gherā) Circumference, the ocean مربان حيا The)

  ocean. عيطداير The dircumference of a circle.
- a. ميل muḥil. (part. act. IV. of حيل)
  s. m. A cheat, deceiver, knave,
  prevaricator.
- of Yemen, on the sea coast of Arabia.

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- A. منافع makkādīm, s. plur (of استخدرم) Persons served, lords, masters.
- from Expenses, disbursements.) The different parts of the organs of speech, from whence the sounds of the several letters, or classes of letters, are derived. See
- \*\* mukhāṣamat, (inf. 111. of s. f. Altercation, quarrelling.

  Mutual enmity or hostility.
- a. مخطر muttatara, (inf. III. of خطر)

  s. m. Danger, peril, hazard. Hazarding a battle.
- مانات makkāfāt, s. plur. (of خانة) Dreads, terrors.
- a. سخالطت mukkālatat, (inf. III. of خلط) s. f. Mixing together in society. Conversation, commerce.
- مخالف سولامقان, (part. act. III. of خاف coming after) adj. Opposite, contrary, dissentient; (subst.) An opponent, enemy. (Plur. مخالفين)
- مخالفت سيلاقات, (inf. 111. of خلف) s. f. Opposition, disagreement, dissension, adversity, repugnance, variance, enmity. كرنا To oppose.
- A. مخبر mukbbir, part. act. (IV. of خبر) Announcing news, signifying, certifying: informer, emissary, a

- spy (jūsūs), advertiser, reporter.

  Bringer of certain intelligence. A tittle of Muhammad.
- منط معنط معلم المعنوب المعنوب
- مخبوطالحواس مخبوطالحواس . م
- A. Jüs mukhtär, (part. pass. VIII. of chosen) adj. Chosen, selected, most excellent. Absolute, independent, at full liberty, invested with power and authority; authorized; (subst.) A free agent. Competent, having legal power. Jüs Having authority in business; a director, superintendent, manager, commissioner, attorney. A delegate, representative.

  Lis Power of attorney: plur.
- A. Juis mukhtar-an, adv. As an agent
- a.P. مختارى mukhtār-ī, s. f. Independ- ence, power or office of a mukhtār.
- A. P. with multitala, s. A deceiver, impostor.
- مختص mukhtass, (part. pass. viii. of ضعن) adj. Appropriated, peculiar Chosen, elected. Private, domestic.
- abridged, adj. Abbreviated, abridged, small. Concise (mvjmal), (s u b s t.) A compendium, epitome, u digest, abridgment, abstract. In short.

  الكانية To abridge, epitomiz (khulāsah k.).
- مَانَى مَانَى mukklafi, (part. act. viii. of عُنَى) adj. Concealed, hidden. Absconding, lurking.

- منال منظل mukhtall, (part. pass. viii. of كال منال adj. Confused, disturbed, corrupted Emaciated. Ruined (as any business by negligence, etc.).
- مختلط . مناط معتلط . (part. act. viii. of كالح) adj. Perplexed, confused (business), mixed.
- مختر makhtūm, (part. pass. of ختم)
  adj. Sealed, signed, concluded.
- مختون m a kh t ū n, (part. pass. of
   adj. Circumcised.
- \* مخبل مسلم المنظمة الله المنظمة الله المنظمة الله المنظمة المنطقة الله المنطقة المنطقة الله المنطقة الله المنطقة المنط
  - A. منافر mukhaddar, (part. pass. II. of منافر) adj. Concealed, a young girl kept retired behind a veil. A matron, a virtuous lady (true to the marriage bed, and always veiled when going abroad).
  - سخدرات mukhaddarāt, (H. nīndlānewālī davā,) s. m. (Med.) Narcotics.
  - A. محلوم makhdām, m. )

    part. pass.

    (of مخلم)

    Served;

    hence (substantively) lord, master,
    one who is served (either by slaves or
    demons), mistress. A Mah. priest, an
    abbot.
  - 4. شخارهای makhdām-īyat, s. f. Mastership.
  - مَدُول مَهُ اللهُ اللهُ
  - макhrut, (н. gajar-daul) s. f. (Geom). A cone. Unbarked, planed, turned in a loom.

- issued) s. m. Utterance, pronunciation, articulation, issue, expenditure, place of egross, outlet. Source, origin. A root of a word. The organs of speech. Degree conferred upon the ulma. (Plur.
- المناس ا
- من سخصور شمر makhṣār, (part. pass. of منصور)
  adj. Injured, damaged.
- distinguishing) adj. Peculiar, especial, particular, private, rendered, peculiar. makhsūs karnā, To appropriate, distinguish peculiarly, ascribe, impute, devote.
- مخض mukhaṣṣar, (part. pass. 11.0f
- A. من المنافعة المنا
- maki i si b, (part. pass. of سُطُوب ما adj. Affianced, betrothed.
- adj. Thought, imagined, conceived, supposed.
- A. Line mukhaffaf, (part. pass. II. of was light) adj. Contracted, abbreviated. Alleviated, abated. Light. Contemptible. (A consonant) having a short for a long vowel. s. m. A contraction, as of or sakih right. (Fem. Line).
- hidden) adj. Concealed, secret, clandestine (poshīdah), occult, private. adv. Beoretly, &o.

mukhill, part. act. (IV. of كلك

- pierced) Disturbing, spoiling, g; (subst.) disturber, interrup.

mukhallā, (prop. الخدة part.

11. of على) adj. Empty. Dis1, set at liberty, repudiated, set
سنالطبع mukhallā bi-ṭ-ṭab,
remonious.

• mukhallad, (part. pass. II. of, adj. Eternal, durable, perma-

mukhlis, part act. (Iv. of -) adj. Sincere; candid, pure, (sachchā). (Europeans) single, rried. s. m. A sincere friend. peans) A bachelor. ¶ makhlas of place) s. m. An asylum.

nukhlis-āna, adv. Friendncerely.

mukhlis-i, s. f. Deliver-

liberation, (chhuţkārā), liberty, 30; escape.

mukhalla, (part. pass. II.

adj. Dressed or l in a khil'at.

makhlūt, (part. pass. of

) adj. Mixed, blended, confused.

makh lüq, (part. pass. of

.) adj. Created, formed; (subst.)

ted, creatures.

makhlūq-īyat, s. f. State ing created, creation.

mukh mir, (part. act. IV. of

) adj. Fermented, leavened. ¶ kh a m m i r (part. act. III.) adj. rening.

mukhammas, (part. pass. 11.

five) s. m. A kind of containing five lines, a pentagon.

(pachkoniyā). adj. Quintupled, pentangular. (Plur. تخمسات)

A. هند المناس ا

مخمل ه. سخمل ه. m. Velvet, satin. کل عجمل see under کل see. ویل عبد الله ویلاد. [vet.

A. P. makhmal-i, adj. Of vel-

A. makhmār, (part. pass. of adj. Intoxicated, drunk, inebriate (matvālā), crapulous, cropsick.

مننت mukhannas, (part. pass. II. of خانت) adj. Effeminate, abject, infamous; (subst.) A fool, a knave, a good-for-nothing fellow. An hermaphrodite. Exoletus, qui corpus prostituit cinædis (quod semet inflectit.).

اخنق makhnūq, (part. pass.of خنق)
adj. Strangled, suffocated.

makhāuwif, (part. pass. of منوف) adj. Feared, terrible. ¶

mukhauwif, (part. act. II. of خوف)

Terrifying, frightful. mukhauwof (part. pass. III.) Terrified.

P. H. امليخ mikhiyānā, (مليخ) v. a.
To beat, to subdue, to overcome.

mukhaiyir, (part. act. II. of غير good) adj. Bountiful, charitable, liberal: indifferent, giving an option of two things. mukhaiyar (part. pass.) Left to free choice, indifferent.

A. مخيل mukhaiyil, part. act. (II. of خيل) Imagining, fancying, doubting, being deceived, conjecturing from physiognomy, conceiving a good omen.

مخيلت makhila, s. m. Imagination, conception, opinion, suspicion.

A. منح mukhim, part. act. (IV. of part.) Pitching a tent. ¶ mukhai. , yam (part. pass. II.) s. m. An encampment, a camp.

A. A. madd, s. f. Extension, prolongation, protraction, production, length-

ening. The flux of the sea, flood-tide, مد و جزر . the swelling of a river madd-o-jazr, Tide, the flux and reflux of the sea. The mark ( ) placed sometimes over alif, thus | when the letter is pronounced long and broad A modus, a measure. Article, column (khānāh). A peculiar mode of writing certain words in accounts. A sign denoting the commencement of a paragraph or the insertion of a new item. A head of accounts. Flood tide. madda zilla-hu, May his مد نظر shadow or power be extended. or sti de (H. nazar-gherā) s. f. Extension or stretch of sight, as far as the eye can reach. The limit of one's vision, horizon. The object of sight, regard or affection, prospect, before the eyes, in view, in sight. (اراكة) Kind looks, encouragement. ¶ mudd, A dry measure equal to one and one-third, ratl, or according to others to two ratl.

- s. J. mad, s. m. (मद or मदा) Wine, spirits, spirituous liquor. (मद) Pride, arrogance.
- H. مد سعط, adj. (dakh.) Rancid, smelling like oil or grease. مد باس (کهتل باس) Smell of the Jack fruit.
- TEL. Le mudda, s. m. (dakh.) A lump (of earth).
- a. a. maddāḥ, (adj. superl. of other)
  s. m. An encomiast, praiser, panegyrist. One who extols highly.
- مداحی maddāḥ-ī, s. f. Praising, extolling, panegyric.
- مداخل madākhil, s. plur. (of كانكان) Income, rent, revenue. Opp. of makhārij. Embroidered pieces for the back and shoulders of a coat, gussets.
- A. ساخات mudākhalat, (inf. 111. of كانك entered) s. f. Access, ad-

- mission, ingress. Entering into, intermeddling, interference, intrusion.
- مداخله mudā<u>kš</u>ala, s. m. See الم
- going round) s. m. A circumference, a centre, a place of turning or returning. A boundary or goal. Orbit. Basis. Dependance. A place where one stops or stands, a station, a seat.

  of glory.

  i. e., the centre of affairs. Agent. A principal manager of affairs. Name of a celebrated Musalman saint.
- a plant. (Asclepias gigantes). See ik.
- or مدرج from مدارج (of کرج bteps or stages of a business, degrees, degrees of ascents, ways.

cumvention. To act with.

- مدارس مدارس مدارس مدارس مدارس مدارس (of صدرسة) Colleges, public schools.
- ब. مدارى madārī, (मायावी) s. m. A juggler. The followers of Madār A bear-dancer. [lating to Madēr.
- مداری هما madār-ī, adj. Of or re-
- A. H. مداريا madār-iyā, s. m. The followers of Madār. See
- A. مدانعت mudāfa'āt, (inf. III. of دنع) s. f. Repulsion, turning away. Striving to repel (an assailant). Self-defence.

- ually, eternally, perpetual, lasting, eternal. Always, for ever. s. f. Wine, spirits. [ceaseless.
- A. P. مدامی mudām-i, adj. Eternal,
- مداوات Bee ساواده مداواد،
- a. الروى mudāwāt, (inf. III. of مداوات)
  s. f. Curing a disease, remedying, applying medicine. Bringing aid.
- H. مداوتنی madāwatnī, s. f. (dakh.) A female go-between employed in looking out for a wife.
- a. w. doing about, surrounding, encircling, compassing, adjusting.
- مدحة made'ih, s. plur. (of مدحة or رمدع) Laudable actions, enco-
- Disposing in order, governing. adj. Prudent, ingenious, politic, deliberate, well-conducted; (subst.) a counsellor, minister, director. ¶ mudbir (part. act. Iv.) adj. Retiring, going back. Bashful, modest.
- a. P. مدبری mudbir-i, s. f. The going backwards in fortune, adversity, bad luck. ¶ mudabbir-i, s. f. Governance, direction.
- اعرصة muddat, (عرصة) s. f. (dakh. s. m.) Space or length of time, a long time, antiquity. Duration, usance. مدت العمر Space of life, all life along, during life. muddat kā, A. H. adj. Old, ancient. muddat huī, adv. A long time ago. ek muddat, A long time, an age.
- a. مدحرج) mudaḥrij, (حرج) s. A revolver. Turning, revolving.

- مدح مطلم. s. f. Praise, eulogium, encomium (تعریف), commendation.

  (singing praise) An eulogist, a bard, encomiast. madh o sam, Praise and censure.
- مدخل مسلخان, part. act. (IV. of مانخل) Introducing, entering. Immitting, causing to enter. ¶ mudkhal, part. pass. Introduced, entered. ¶ madkhal, s. Place of entrance, income, entrance, revenue.
- A. ملخله madkhala, adj. Deposited, filed. [smoke issues.
- A. مدخی madkhan, s. A place where
- A. مدخول madkhūl, (part. pass. of dj. Entered, put in, inserted. A return, gain, profit.
- A concubine, a kept-mistress. .
- A. كال madad, (اله extending) s. f. (dakh. s. m.) Assistance (المدال)، help, aid, succour. Reinforcements. Allowance, provision, relief, help. Labourers, masions, etc. (helpers). madad māngnā, To ask for help. كان كان One who asks assistance.
- H. Do madad, s. (dakh.) Betel leaf mixed with opium and used for smoking.
- ally, auxiliary, helper. khudā madadgār hai, God is our help. [tance.
- A. P. مدرگاری madad-gār-ī, s. f. Assis-
- flowed) adj. Causing to flow (as milk from a camel), causing prine to flow, diuretic. mudirrat, (Med.) Stimulants, diuretics.

- s. J. Madrā or madirā, (Hदिरा) s. f.

  Spirituous liquor, wine. mudrā, (Hदा)
  s. f. A seal, a signet. A seal ring.
  The marks of a seal or similar impression, a stamp, print, coin, medal, &c. A ring worn by jogīs in their ears. mudrā-shālā, A mint (taksāl).
- A. مدرس mudarris, (part. act. II. of الرس) s. m. A professor, head of a college. ¶ mudarras (part. pass.) One taught, a student. ¶ mudris (part. act. IV. of الرس) See mudarris.
- A. P. مدرسانه madrasāna, adj. Academical, &c.
- A. مدرسه madrasa, s. m. lit. a place for reading, as opposed to maktab. (ঘাত-হালো) A college, academy, seminary, school.
- مدرسی . mudarris-i, s.f. Office of professor, professorship, public teaching.
  - مدرک mudrik, part. act. (IV. of ) Comprehending, comprehensive, understanding; comprehender.
  - s. m. The understanding, intellectual powers, genius; memory.
  - A. ادان mudda'ā, (عنا) (part. pass.

    VIII. of ادان or عبدا demanding) s. m.

    Desire. wish, meaning, suit, view, object, scope. Tenor, drift, spirit. (Slang) Girl. Property, stolen property. (Plur. المالات المالات
  - مدعی mudda'i, (part. act. VIII. of ادع or الاعلام demanded) s. m. f. A plaintiff, suitor, claimant, complainant (davedar), prosecutor; accuser. An

- plaintiff. I mudda a, (part. pase.)

  See Ledo \* Luc Ledo mudda a alaih or mudda alaih, A defendant (in law), criminal.
- ملكيك mudda'iyat, a. f. The making a claim or suit (in law): fem. للاعلام mudda'iya, A female plaintif.
- A. مذاه mudghim, part. act. (۱۷. d مداه المنام) Inserting (a letter), joining two letters by tashdid. ¶ mudgien, part. pass. Coalesced, doubled by tashdid. [burying-place.
- a. مدفن madfan, s. m. A tomb, s
- A. مدفون madfan, (part. pass. of انن interred) adj. Buried. concealed, hidden under ground (as treasure, etc).
- مدقق مدقق mudaqqiq, part. act. (n. d
  - الاق) Nicely investigating, minutely examining. [adj. Hection
- الن madqūq, (part. pass. ol الن)
- pills or bolus. (It is made of chopped betel leaves and opium, which may be swallowed or smoked in a pipe).
- مدلل mudallil, (part. act. II. of مدلل)

  adj. Wheedling, fondling, dalling;
  a dallier, fondler.
- مدلل . Supported by reasons or proofs. Well-grounded, reasonable.
- explained by مدلونا علم فعرش کم نمک explained by انانخورش کم نمک علم الله s. f. (dakh.) A digh of food with bread deficient in salt.
- ع. اتاماه mad-mātē, adj. m. على Drunk, ع. منانتى mad-māntī, adj. على intoxicated.
- A. مدمن mudammagh, (part. pass. II. of كامن adj. Proud, fastidious, foolish.
- A. Jho mudun or mudu, a. plur. (of disco, towns.

א madan, (मदन) s. m. Love,
A name of Kāmn-deva. (The
n Cupid). Name of a medicinal
, Datura. The plant called

main-phal, Vangueria spinosa:

הלט סי (dakh.) مكن مست

Name of a flower.

maddu, (ক্রিট্র) The hump of
ndian bull.

mudauwar, (part pass. II. of coing round) adj. Bound, circu-

سكر, modol, s. (dakh.) Stock in capital, original fund.

madda, s. m. (extension) The owels, or i, and when ent, and preceded by a letter has their homogeneous short; i. e., i preceded by fat'ha, o by kasr. See

or solution madhu, (HE) s. m. t spirit. A spirituous liquor he blossoms of the Bassia lati-The nectar or honey of flowers.
The season of spring. The Chait (March-April.).

, maddham, (See dhīmā) (मध्यम)

liddling, fair, temperate, passaiddle, middlemost, intervening.
inferior, common. Dull, faint,
Rang maddham par gayā.
sh, slack, slow. Bāzār maddham
addhan purush, (Gram. The
person or person spoken to.

madhu-mākhī, (中国中一) s. f. A honey-bee.

Me mad'hūsh, part. pass. (of was confounded) Astonished, nded; intoxicated, besotted. ss, insensible, stupefied.

- nishment. Intoxication. Insensibility.
- A. A. madin, s. m. That for which praise is given; a laudable action, praise.
- extensive. Tall of stature. A kind of long measure in verse.
- A. Line madina, (Heb. from Circular)

  To possess, Heb. To judge, to rule, what is judged or ruled) s. m. A city, a state. Name of a city in Arabia, where Mohamet was buried, formerly called yatrib.
- مديون madyūn, (part. pass. of مديون) adj. Involved in debt; debtor.

  TEL. مقى maddi, (dakh.) s. f. Dregs, sediment, feculency, grounds, lees. (Comp. Eng. mud). adj. Blockhead, booby, simpleton, fool. ني نين s.m. Stupidity.
- A. بانم سيقة, (part. pass. IV. of فرب adj. Liquid, melted, molten. العل مذاب la\*l-i-muṣāb, A liquid ruby, i. e. red wine.
- مذاق مذاق masāq, (noun of place from فاق tasted) s. m. Taste, (chaskā), testing The palate. Wit, humour, pleasantry (ṭhaṭṭà). mazāqyā, Witty.
- s. m. Conference, commemorating, conversation. (Plur. مذاكرات)
- A. Line mashih (prop. mashah, noun of place from Li) s. m. A place of sacrifice, an altar.
- A. سَذَبَنُ musabsib, or musabsab

  (part. act. or pass. of quadril نُبَنُبُ)

  adj. Doubtful, (gol), wavering, hesitating, fluctuating, suspended, ambiguous. A trifler who is constantly changing his fancy. (subst.) Doubt, suspense.

- مَدْبوح سَاعة مَا مَا يَّهُ مَا مَا يَّهُ مَا يَّهُ مَا يُوح مَا يَّهُ مَا يُوح مَا يَّهُ مَا يُوح مَا يَّهُ مُا يُوح مَا يَعْمُ مُا يُوح مَا يُعْمُ مُا يُوح مَا يُعْمُ مُا يُعْمُ يُعْمُ مُا يُعْمُ مُعُمُ مُا يُعْمُ مُعْمُ مُعْمُ مُعُمُ مُ مُعُمُ مُعُمُ مُعُمُ مُعُمُ مُعُمُ مُعُمُ مُعُمُ مُعُمُ مُعُمُ م
  - the penis,) adj. Masculine (in gender.), male. muzkir (part. act. Iv.) or muzakkir (part. act. III.) adj. Calling to memory, praiser, a praiser (of God.).
  - a. المذكرة magkara, s. m. Mentioning, relating.
  - remembered) adj. Forementioned, aforesaid, said, mentioned, remembered, related. s, m. Mention, discourse. A statement, the contents or substance of a written statement. مذکورک To mention. Plur. مذکورک Discourses, relations, matters mentioned. Arab. (fem. مذکوری) Arab. plur. مذکوریی) Arab. plur.
- ness, contempt, abjectness.
- blamed s. f. Blame, satire, lampoon, abuse, contempt. Evil-speaking.
- adj. Scorned, despised.
- a. بننب سیمه musnib, (part. act. tv. of زنب) s. A sinner, a criminal. (Plur. inflect. مذنبین musnibīn.).
- A. نهانه mag'hab, (noun of place from المانة) s.m. Religion, religions belief, creed, faith, sect, way, mode. An institution. مناهب a d j. Religious. (Plur. المانة Dual inflect. مناهب mag'habain). magahhab (part. pass. 11.) adj. Gilded, worked with gold thread.

- A. , murr, s. m. Myrrh. Bitter.
- ع. مرنا هرنا) s. m. Dying.
- g. H. | mirā, (contract. of ) pron. My, mine.
- Dead; death. [very small]
- H. o murā, s. m. (dakh.) A kin
- مرآة الغيب mirror, speculum. مرآة الغيب mirror of the invisible world o futurity. ¶ marrāt, s. plur. (of

from , Times, turns,

- Degrees, gradations of rank, dignations. A ff a i r s, matters. Art points. (pl. of مرتبة).
- مراتبات marātib-āt, s. plur. of Affairs, matters, particulars.
- nurāja'āt (inf. عراجعت murāja'āt (inf. عرب returned) s. f. Return, on back, recourse. Repeating. A ence te, referring.
- مراحل مراحل marāḥil, s. plur. (of d from رحل) Journeys, stages, journeys.
- from رحم) Object (اراكة)، tend tenor, drift. A vow. Favours, nesses, gifts.
- seeking) s. f. Desire, wish, into design, purport, inclination, affe (Plur. "") murad pani obtain one's wishes. murad lena, To understand, conclude, infer. māngnā, v. s. To sak or pray fo a boon. murād mānnā, v. n. To s vow.
- مرادف مرادف مرادف مرادف المناس adj. Synonymons.

- a. P. مرال مند murād-mand, adj. Desirous, longing.
- agreeable to one's wish. Understood, implied. Secondary (meaning). murādī mānī. Figurative, metaphorical. murādī, s. A certain number of annas. s. f. Change, small money. Plur. murādiyāt, Obtaining one's wishes.
- مرسم or مرسم from مرسم) Laws, usages.
  Agreements; duties; prescriptions.
- s. m. Looking back upon, considering, reflecting, viewing attentively through half-shut eyes. Attending to, listening, attention, regard, care. Taking care of, preserving, guarding.
- adj. Citing (some one) or two litigants before a judge; an appellant, the party instituting a suit.
- raised) s. m. Citing before a judge, accusation, bringing a suit into court; a law suit, an action, appeal. murafaak, v. a. To appeal, refer (a case) to a higher court.
- a. مراقب murāqib, (part. act. III. of رقب) adj. Observing, looking to.
- s. m. Observation, Divine contemplation. murāyabe men jānā, v. n. To be absorbed in contemplation. Fearing God.

- A. مرائی murā'ī, (part act. III. of رأی s. Hypocrite, dissembler.
- مرآت marāyā, s. plur. (of صرآت)
  Looking-glasses.
- a. ربو mwabbā, (part. pass. II. of ربو) s. m. A preserve, confection: see
- A. جنوب murabba\*, (part. pass. II. of equivalent distribution of equivalen
- adj. Bound, fastened, attached; contained, inherent, depending upon, well composed or put together, consistent (as a book), concordant (in grammar).
- conserve, jam, confection. Preserved fruit.
- a. عربی murabbi, (part. act II. of ربو)
  s. m. A tutor, guardian, head, protector, patron. Curator, corrector.
- مرتاض مرتاض murtās, part. act. (۱۱۱۱. from روض) Exercised, disciplined, instructed.
- martabān, s. m. (Cor. of martāb-bān) A glazed jar for keeping preserves in, a vessel of the finest China porcelain which poison cannot penetrate.

A. سرتبه martabat, s. f. (رتب) A. مرتبه martaba, s. m.

step, degree, dignity, office, employment, charge, rank of honour, class, order; (s. f.) time, turn. السمرتبية تك To this

degree. kai martaba, Several times, repeatedly.

- a. مرتد murtadd, (part. pass. VIII. of مرتد casting off) s.m. An apostate, infidel, renegade. مرتد هون v.n. To apostatize. [bribe-taking, corruption.
- مرتشى murtashī, adj. Given to
- A. مرتضى murtaṣṇ, (part. pass. VIII. of رضو) adj. Chosen, approved. One of the titles of Ālī.
- A. مرتعش murta'ish, part. act. (VIII. of رعش) Trembling, frightened.
- pass. or act. VIII. of is raised) adj. Elevated, exalted, high, sublime, eminent, aggrandized.
- A. برتک murtakib, (part. act. VIII. of رکب rode) adj. Mounted, carried, riding. Perpetrating, committing (a crime), guilty, implicated; aggressor, perpetrator. امرتک هونا To perpetrate, commit (a crime), be an aggressor. [mer: see

PORT. مرتول martol, s. (dakh.) Ham-

- A. مرتب murtahan, (part. pass. VIII. of fixed, put, deposited.) adj.

  Pledged, pawned. ¶ murtahin (part. act.) He who takes any thing in pledge or pawn; a pawnbroker, mortgagee.
- adj. Lean, emaciated. Weak, feeble, moribund. Lazy, indolent.
- morat, adj. (dakh.) Stubborn, obstinate, hard, perverse.
- a. مرثيه margiya, (inf. of رثى bewailed)

  s. m. An elegy, a dirge, a funeral eulogium, particularly one sung during the muḥarram in commemoration of the descendants of Ali (Hasan and Hosain). مرثية خوال A repeater of

an elegy or of the margiya. مرنيه Repeating or singing an elegy of the margiya.

- عرجان ه. البحاقة مرجان ه. البحاقة مرجان ه. البحاقة مرجانا ه. الله marjādā, Station, rank, dignity, respect, continuance in the right way. Custom (حال) A social
- P. مرجان marjān, s. m. Coral.
- mar-jānā, v. n. To die.
- time from (noun of place and time from (s. m. Place or time of return; a return asylum, place of refuge, rendezvous, antecedent (in grammar). Repetition.
- adj. Returned, referred, brought (into court, as a suit). Brought back, answered. Arab. fem.
- s. الجية murjhānā, (मून्छन r. मुर्छ Faint) v. n. To wither, fade, pine, fret, droop, be dejected or dispirited.
- One who delays doing what he promises. One of the sect called who procrastinate, or think good works unnecessary and faith sufficient. Name of a tribe.
- s. f. Pepper; especially black pepper. Chilli. adj. Hot, sharp.

  Black pepper,

  Capsicum or red chillis or pepper.

  hari mirch, Green chilli.
- g. P. وجنگ murchang, s.f. A jew's-harp: see
- Amplitude. adj. Large, spacious, wide.
- مرحبا مرحبا . marhabā, (lit. may you enjoy،

- welcomed) Hail! welcome! God bless you! bravo! (shābāsh). You are welcome, may your arrival be happy.
- time from (noun of place and sime from (a) s. m. A day's journey, a stage, the time or place of travelling. An inn. Battery, bastion of a fort. A road.
- had mercy on) s. f. Pity, compassion, favour. A present. امرحمت كرنا
  To grant, bestow.
- adj. (lit. blessed). Who has found mercy, i. e., the deceased. Glorified, gone to glory. Dead, diseased, the late. The defunct of happy memory.
- مرخص مان murakhkhas, (part. pass. 11. of مرخص) adj. Permitted, allowed (to depart). A licensed person. [seness.
- A. D. marad, s. Obstinacy, perver-
- P. كر المراب mard, s.m. A male, a man, a hero (vir), a brave man. A husband. A fellow, chap, wight. مرد آدمي مرد آدمي s. f. Gentility, generosity. مرد آزما adj. Man-trying or -proving. mard ki zāt. The male sex.
- nurdar, adj. Polluted, impure, squalid, ugly, (Mah.) Unlawful, profaue; Sūar murdar hai. (subst.). A dead body, a corpse. Carrion, piece of carrion; (Mah.) The carcase of an animal that has died a natural death, or which has not been killed in a lawful manner, and is therefore unfit for food. Wom. intj. Wretch! hussy! murdari, Mah. Wom. s. f. A lizard. (dakh. also) dregs, dross.
- P. عردارسنگ m u r d  $\bar{a}$  r s a n g, (or عند الله عند g) s. m. Litharge. [( $b\bar{a}h\bar{a}duri$ ), bravery.
- P. مردانگی mardāna-gī, s. f. Manliness

- manfully. adj. Manly, manlike, brave. Male (as, male apartments, &c.), like a man. Suitable to, or belonging to men. Manly.

  [or brave (woman).
- P. مردانی mard-ānī, s. f. A masculine
- Repelling, resisting, moving to and fro in the mind. ¶ muraddad, part. pass. Perplexed in mind, lost, reprobated.
- a manikin, a low fellow, a puppy, wretch, a rascal. [The dead.
- P. مردكان murda-gān, s. plur. (of هردكان)
- P. مردم mardum, s. m. A man, a polite man. (adj.) Civil, humane. The pupil of the eye. ازاری Man-oppressing; an oppressor. مردم آزاری Man-oppressing; an oppressor. هردم آزاری s. f. Oppression, injuring man, tyranny, robbery and murder. مردم خین The pupil of the eye. مردم خین Producing good men مردم خاری s. f. Humanity, politeness. مردم شماری s. f. A census. مردم شماری مدرم شماری s. f. Knowledge of man. مردم کشی s. f. Knowledge of man. مردمکشی s. f. Murderer, homicide. (Pers. plur. مردمکشی)
- mard-niānā, (perhaps. mardum-ānā) s. m (dakh.) Man.
- P. مرك مك mardum-ak, s. f. The pupil of the eye.
- P. مرانعی mardum-ī, s. f. Manliness, bravery, civility, humanity. [death.
- P. שלט murdun, (to die), s. m. Dying,

- s. f. A kind of drum smaller than the dhol a tabour. (A kind of long drum, much longer than the dhol and broader at the middle than at either end.) A glass shade.
- عردنگی ع mirdang-ī, ) (मार्दगिंक)
- عردنکیا . mirdang-iyā, ) s. m. A beater of the mirdang, a tabourer.
- s. An attendant whose busi-
- ब. مردنیا mardan-iyā, s ness it is to rub oil, perfumed paste, &c. over the body. Plur. المردنيان (माईनीया:)٠
- r. مردنى murdan-i, adj. Fit to die, to die. A death. Funeral obsequies.
- $mard \bar{u}'\bar{a}$ , (used by way of contempt) s. m. A man, a manikin.
- casting out) adj. Rejected, outcast, excluded, restored, returned, reprobated, repulsed, confuted, abandoned, (subst.) apostate, reprobate, wretch. mar gae mardād jinkī fātahā na darād, Prov. The wretch is dead—no offering or blessing to his manes. (Fem
  - P. كان murda, adj. Dead. s. m. A corpse, (murdār), a dead body. Weak, infirm, old, decrepit. murda-dil, Dispirited, dejected, sad. مركة شو One who washes the dead. كان مركة مركة A name of a caste whose business it is to carry the dead.
  - P. مركى mard-i, s. f. Manliness, manhood, virility. [gentleman.
  - P. مرن آدمى mard-i-ādmī, s. m. A
  - a. H. مر رهنا mar-rahnā, v.n. To be dead. To be deeply in love. [confines.
- P. om ar z, s. m. Region, district,
  - P. أمرز mirzā, properly mīrzā, (from مرزا Chief, and part. pass. of

- To be born) s. m. A prince. A title of Mogals or Musalmans. (Plur: امزایان) adj. Fastidious, nice. امزایان adj. Genteel. mirsēl, s. f. A native quilted coat.
- or manners of a مرزائی gentility, arrogance. (dakh.) A cotton or muslin jacket with long loose sleeves and open cuffs, worn under the gehi.
- P. مرزبان mars-bin, s. m. A governor of the frontier, a prince.
- مرزبوم . mars-būm, s. m. f. See
- with a message; s. m. A messeager, a divine messager, the prophet, an apostle. (Of this first class the Mahammadans reckon 313: the whole number of prophets (انبیا) are computed by the most moderate to amount to 124,000. Plur.
- مراسلات murāsalāt, s. m. (سل)
  sent a message). Correspondence.
- s. m. An epistle. A letter sent, a despatch. A sender, a despatcher. adj. Sent, despatched. A necklace.
- adj. Signed, marked, notified, described. A mandate. Accustomed, prescribed.
- act. Iv. of Jan, took the right way)
  s. m. An instructor, a director, guide
  (spiritual), a teacher, a monitor. A
  head of a religious order. (Slang). A
  knowing fellow, a knave.
- A. P. مرشدى murshid-ī, s. f. Instruction in matters of religion, guidance.
- A. عرصع murassa\* (H. jarāvā) (part.
  pass. II. of رصع) adj. Covered with

- gold. set or studded with jewels; (subst.) Cloth or any texture so adorned. A maker of such cloth or texture. A stone-seller, lapidary.
- A. فرض maraş or marş, s. m. (بيمارى)
  Sickness, disease, illness, infirmity.

  (pl. مرض الموت Mortal disease. mars dafa k., v. a. To cure, heal. mars-i-mohlik, A dangerous illness.
- s. f. A wet-nurse. (A mother) having a sucking infant or young.
- A. مرفى سعة, (ضور) was pleased)

  adj. Agreeable, acceptable. Taking favourably. s. f. Will, assent, concurrence (رضا)، consent, pleasure.

  Choice, volition (اختيار)، (Plur. (unwell.))،
- مرضى م marṣ-ī, adj. (dakh.) Siok, ill,
- A. مرفية margiyatan, adv. Willingly, to (one's) will or pleasure
- مرطب adj. Humid, moist. Verdant. ¶ murattib (part. act. III.) Making moist. Cooling, refreshing.
- مرطوب martūb, (part. pass. of was moist) adj. Wet, damp, moist, full of humours, humid.
- P. غرض murgh, s. m. A fowl, bird, cook

  (particularly, house-fowl). غرص خود The bat.
- P. أخب murgh-ā, s. m. A cock.
- P. مرغابی murgh-ābī, s. f. A waterfowl, a wild duck, a teal. (dakh.)
  Name of a plant, Sanseviera Zeylanica.
- P. مرغان چمن murghān-i-chaman, Birds of the forest, nightingales.

- one who feeds cocks. ¶ مرغبازی s. f. Cock-fighting.
- P. Jiè margh-sār, (comp. of Pasturo, meadow, and the particle s. m. A place abounding in verdure or in pasture, a meadow.
- مرغوب marghūb, (part. pass. of desired) adj. Desired, agree-able, eligible, desirable, lovely, amiable, beautiful, estimable; (subst.)

  Desire. (Fem. مرغوبة)
- renated arch. Locks, twisted or plaited. Quavering (in singing), warbling, singing.
- P. H. مرغولنا marghūl-nā, v. n. (dakh):
  To sing, warble, quaver, talk (birds):
  see الجهربانا
- P. H. مرغولی marghūl-ī, s. f. (dakh.)
  Warbling, singing, quavering, talk (of birds).
- P. مرغى murgh-i, s. f. A hen. murghi-kā, A whoreson. مرغى (dakh.)
  Epilepsy, fits, falling sickness.
- (beat at both ends, or like a dhol, covered at both ends with leather, but played on at one end only with a stick.)
- A. مرفق mirfaq, (noun of instrument from رفق) s.m. The elbow, a cubit.
- adj. Exalted. Moved or marked with the vowel samm () (Garments) of great value; also, one laid over another.
  - أنه muraffah, (part. pass.. 11. of فرنه found ease) adj. Well-off, in clover (āsū-dah). Comfortable, quiet, happy, prosperous, affluent.
  - P. di, marfa, s. m. See line

- A. رقب marqab, (noun of place from )s. m. A place of observation (a watch tower or other high place.
- مرقت مرقت مرقت A. maraqat, s. f. Broth.
- مرقد مرقد marqad, (noun of place from فرقد) s. f. A bed, sleeping-place. A medicine promoting rest. A grave, tomb.
- مرقع muraqqa\*, (part. pass. II. of of of رقع) adj. Clothed in rags, patched, mended; (subst) or مرقعه A book of drawings, pictures or of specimens of fine penmanship, an album. (Arab. plur.
- adj. Written, described, inscribed, above-mentioned, above-cited. (Fem. Written, dated, marked especially with orthographical points, above-mentioned).
- העאל העאל, S. (dakh. explained by قسم كيل) A sort of measure (dry).
- adj Compounded, compound, composed, combined, mixed; subst. Ink. Plur. Compounds (in medicine), things compounded, not simple. I markab (noun of place from ()) s. m. A horse, ship, camel, vehicle, that on which any one is carried.
- مرکز. \*markaz, (noun of place from رکز fixed) s. m. A centre, the centre of a circle. An upper stroke of a letter; as, کاف کامرکز \*markaz-i-giql s m. The centre of gravity.
- adj. Fixed. Fastened. Hid, concealed. Comprehended, concentred. (subst.) Wish, desire, design.

- H. مركوندى مندى مندى مستلام murkands, or مركوندى مندى مندى مندى الوندهى مندى الوندهى مندى مندى الوندهى مندى مارنا العمل المركوندى مارنا العمل المركوندى مارنا المركوندى المرك
- H. مرکهند markhandā, s. m. The rim of a well.
- worn by men in the ear. The tragus of the ear.
- B. ضرك mirg or mrig, (म्बा) s. m. A مرك ترشنا .deer, an antelope (मगत्रा) s. m. The mirage. See ه مرک چڙا \* سراب s. m. Name of s small bird. A small insect living under the river bank. ام ت حياة The skin of any antelope worn and used as a bed by devotees by whom it is held sacred. المرك سالا A deer. (मृगलोचन) क्रैं प्रालोचन) Having an eye like the deer. (मृगमद) s. m. Musk. مرک نابع (मृगनाभि) s. m. The navel of a deer. Musk, a bag of musk. نینی (म्गनयन or लोचन) Deer er fawn eyed. (An epithet of a mistress). ¶ mirig, s. (dakh.) A sort of large cricket; usually found sitting close on the trunks of trees, and that sings or
- P. مرک marg, s. f. Death. مرک Sudden death.
- s. مركسرا mṛig-sirā, (मृगशिरा) s. f.
  The fifth mansion of the moon, λ
  Orionis.
- ع. مركنى mrig-ani, s. f. A dce.

chirps all night long.

- s m. (H. mar die, ghāt ferry). The place where Hindus burn their dead. (Slany) A wretch.
- ह. مرغى كا آزار mirgī, (for مركى على) s. f. (河리甲曰:) Epilepsy, the falling sickness.
- v. مرل maral, s. f. (dakh.) A kind of fish.
- H. You murlā, adj. Toothless (मयूर) s. m. A peacock.
- B. مرلى murlī (मुरहों) s. f. A fife, flute (بانسرى)، pipe. murlībajānā, v. a. To play on a flute.
- سرلی ۳۰ مرلی murli, s. f. (dakh.) explained زنی که اورا برنام دیو میگذارند by
- 8. m. a flute-player; a name of Krishna.
- TEL. moram, s. (dakh.) A kind of stone.
- marmārī, s. f. (dakh.) A kind of beam or rafter.
- A. سرمت mending) s.f. Mending, repair.

  Accommodating. کرن

  To mend, to repair. (8 lang). To chastise, beat. To break.
- G. μάρμαρον from μαρμαίρω Το shine: L. marmor)
   s. m. Marble.
- s. مرصور marmar, (ममार) s. m. Sound made by trading upon dry leaves, &c. ¶ mur mur, s. f. Crackling, crunch.
- murmurā, s. m. A kind of food, rice pressed flat and eaten raw. Swollen, parched rice, mur murī haddī, Cartilage, gristle. (So named in imitation of the sound which it gives in chewing).

- s. o maran, (甲卯) s. m. Dying. death. Dying with shame. Ruin, destruction.
- ह. ipo marnā, (मरण r. म Die) v. n. To die, to expire, to cease. (met.) To desire vehemently, to set one's heart upon any thing, to die for, to love, to Tum pe ham marte hain. I die for you. To suffer hardship, groan and sweat under. kheti kar kar ham mare. I am worked to death in fields. To fade, wither. Pān mar gayā. To be lost (a bad debt) Sou rupae mar gae. To become insolvent, bankrupt. Asāmī mar gaī. To be out (of a game). marne ki furnot nu h., Wom v. n. lit. to have no time to die. To be up to one's ears in work, not having a moment one can call kis own. mar ke bachnā, v. n. To recover from severe illness. Dying.
- certain taste or flavour, to contract the taste of.
- ing in an egg. A wild bitter vegetable. adj. Dried up, withered. (dakh.) A medicinal sweetmeat prepared of coarse sugar with ajwān seeds (much used in the colic, &c.).
- H. ي. مرندًا كرنا muranda karna, v. a.
  To tie. To cudgel, thrash.
- H. mars, s. m. (甲頁) A dry or, sandy and sterile tract.
- of a strong scented plant. (Artemisia vulgaris). Ocimum pilosum marua, (dakh). Sweet marjoram, Origanum majorana.
- marwārīd, s. m. Pearls.
- s. امرنا marwānā, (causal of مرنا) v. a.

  To cause to be beaten, to cause to be killed. To suffer sodomy.
- Manliness, virility, fortitude. Affection, humanity, generosity, urbanity, affability, kindness, benevolence, politeness. آورت ترزنا

- behaving affectionately. be-muruwat, adj. Unkind, unfriendly.
- A. مروح murauwaj, (part. pass. II. of was easily saleable) adj. Selling (merchandise), current, saleable, usual (جاری)، customary, in general use, Arab. fem.
- ing, elapsing, a passage, pass, transition, avenue.
- אר. "אוש maror, (וکت) s. f. (اکت)

  Twist, flexion, turn, writhe, convolution, contortion.
- ing of the bowels, pain in the bowels, flux, strain, tenesmus, gripes, dysentery.
- M. s. مرور بهلی maror-phal-i, s. f.

  Name of a plant (Helicteres isora)

  the fruit of which is used in medicine.
- H. Ling marornā, v. a. To twist, twirl, writhe, contort, distort, gripe, yearn. To squeeze to death. ¶ v. n. (dakh.) To be twisted, griped. &c. (Slang) To eat up. Rotiyān marornā.
- H. مروزی marori, s. f. Twisting. Any thing twisted. A screw, worm. مروزی under پیچ کهانا
- mountain near Mecca.
- adj. Related, alleged, told. Placing confidence in the words of another. Having the thirst quenched.
- A. 8, marra, s. m. Once, one time or turn.
- g. مرها murhā, s. m. (for मूलहा) An orphan. Also as an abuse. (for मधूर)
  A peacock.
- g. Lädge marhatā, (महाराष्ट्र) s.m. A g. aädge marhatta, Mahāratta.

- marahtī, s. f. Belonging to Mahāratta country or language A class of songs (lāunī). Maladministration under the Mahārattas.
- ointment. Balm, cure. Marham-petsi k, v. a. To dress a wound.
- مرهوب marhāb, (part. pass. of ) adj. Terrible, dreadful.
- adj. Pawned, pledged, mortgaged.

  Bound in gratitude.

  Fem. مرهونه
- adj. Visible. ¶ marī أى adj. Visible. ¶ marī أى s. The gullet. The windpipe.
- marī, (刊刊 or 刊刊) Plague,
  pestilence, death. marī paṛṇā, v. n.
  To break out (a plague.) To be very
  brisk (the market.). marī jūn, lika
  dead louse. Very slow.
- مریخ mirrikh, (H mangal), s. m. planet Mars: called, also, جلاد فلک
- A. שתנול murid, (part. act. IV. of אוני murid, (part. act. IV. of אוני murid, (part. act. IV. of אוני murid. (part. act. IV. of אוני שלים אוני של
- A. P. مريدى murid-i, s. f. Scholarship, the state of being a disciple tuition, instruction. Pupilage. Piri ruridi.
- A. مريض maris, (مرض) adj. Sick, infirm, diseased. s. f. A patient.
- a. مريل mariyal, (مرنا) adj. Lean, emaciated, much reduced by sickness.
- A. مريم maryam or mariyam, n. prop. Mary, the Virgin Mary.
- port. مرتول martol, s. m. (dakh.) A
  hammer: see

- sort of huckster's shop, in which grain, pulse, butter, oil, spices, &c. are retailed: a shop in which linen cloth and silk are retailed.
- H. Un murnā, v. n. To be turned back, bent, twisted, turned, to turn, bend, twine.
- marwānā, s. m. A cess taken on marriages.
- مرور maror, s. f. See مرور
- н. |" отагога, в. т. See | " оте
- مروزنا marornā, v. a. See مروزنا
- H. مروزى سمتورة, s. f. Twisting, twist, flexion, writhe, convolution; (dakh.)

  Screw, metal worm or spindle مروزى بهاي (dakh.) Helicteres isora or screw-tree. مروزى بهلى marorī phalī, Screw tree.
- e. مرهنا marhan, (see مرهنا) s. f. Lining, heading (of a drum, &c.)
- #E Adorn) v. a. To cover (as, a book with leather or a drum with parchment), to gild, to case, to crust.
- a. مراهى marhī, s. f. A cottage, a temple.
- field or patch of sown ground, a bed, plot or parterre in a garden.
- P. jo mazī, s. m. Taste, flavour. See
- مزبله masābil, s. plur. of مزابل
- Temperament, nature, constitution, complexion, habit of body. Temper, humour, disposition. A mixture, anything mixed. Whatever is mixed with wine. Pride, hauteur. mizāj bigarnā v. n. To be spoiled (one's tempers ment or constitution. mizāj sharīf,

- mizāj mubārak. A respectful form of in quiry after one's health. khush mizāj, Good-humoured.
- مزاجی شنعآ-آ, adj. Constitutional, habitual; (dakh.) dainty, squeamish, nice.
- joke. ¶ mizāḥ (inf. III.) Jesting (with another person), playing, a joke.
- muzāḥim, (roknā) part. act.

  (III. of straitened him) Obstructing, hindering. s.m. An obstacle, a preventive, a preventer, hinderer. adj. Inconvenient.
- a. مزاحمت musāḥamat, (inf. 111. of رحم) s. f. (ارّاً) Prevention, obstruction. Pressing upon, especially in a crowd. A crowd, a mob. Approaching to fifty.
- مزاخی هرای ه. mazākh, (for مزاح ه. m. Jest, joke, pleasantry. مزاخیل کرنا د. To make jokes, to jest.
- s. m. f. A place of visitation; (hence.)
  Sepulchre, a tomb, grave, shrine.
- A. مزارع muzāri, (part. act. III. of je he sowed) s. m. A husbandman, a cultivator. ¶ mazāri, s. plur. of مزرع
- A. مزمور mazāmīr, s. plur. (of مزمور)

  Psalms: or (of مزمار) psalteries,
  organ.
- a. مزاولت musāwalat, (inf. III. of رول) s. f. Remedying, curing. Seizing or watching for (prey). Entering into or managing affairs.
- A. مزبله mazbala, (noun of place from زبل s. m. A privy, necessary, dunghill, any place where filth is a thrown.
- adj. مزبور . الله (بير ) Knowing the tempera- مزبور . اله mazbūr, (part. pass. of مزبور) adj. ment or constitution. misāj sharīf, Written, above-mentioned.

- مزخوف muzakhraf, (part.) Ornamented. adj. Varnished over; deceitful: plur. f. مزخرفات Idle tales or talk, lying vanities. Nonsense.
- P. مزل muzd, s. m. A reward, premium, salary, wages, pay for a job.
- place near Mecca, between mount Arafāt and Minā.
- P. مزلور musdur, (المنزل musdur, (المنزل ور P. musd-war) A labourer, porter, cooly.
- P. مزدوری muzdūr·ī, s. f. Price of labour, wages, hire. Labour, labouring.
- A. مزرع masra<sup>2</sup>, (noun of place from وزرع) s. m. A field sown or prepared for sowing, corn-field.
- A. de jo masra'a, s. m. A hamlet. A farm. See e jo
- A. وزرع masrū<sup>2</sup>, (part. pass. of زرع adj. Sown, cultivated, tilled. s. m. Cultivated land, a field with a crop on it. (Fem. مزروعة).
- A. pacio musa far, s.m. A kind of dish of food, a saffroned pula'o.
- Purified (as property by a prescribed part being expended in alms).
- a psaltery.

  A. A flute, a pipe,
  a psaltery.

  [and fro.]
- A. Sjojo masmasa, s. m. Shaking to
- A. مزمن muzmin, (part. act. IV. of diplosed duration, lasting, chronical, old, long-standing, inveterate, obstinate (as a disease). (Fem.
- A. psalm, a cantiole.
- A. Loje muramma, s. m. Heel straps.
- ارزاد هزود miswad, (from ارزاد) s. Traveller's bag for provisions. (pl. مزاود)٠

- muznuwir, (part. act. II. of رور)
  s. m. A knave, a cheat, a liar, a lie.
- Taste, flavour, relish, delight, pleasure, enjoyment (bahār) any thing agreeable to the palate or mind, &c., a delicacy, a tidhit, a bon mot. ) & (or dakh.

  | Delicious, tasteful, palatable, savoury. masā wēnā or lūtnā, v. n. To enjoy, revel. mase k, v. a. To enjoy oneself (tamāshā k) be-masā, adj. Tasteless, insipid (badmasā).
- A. مزید masid, (یان increased) s m.
  Increase, angmentation, advantage.

  To take away the dinner,
  table cloth, &c. [stout-hearted.
- A. مزير masir, adj. Intrepid, bold,
- A. مزين musaiyan, (part. pass. II. of dj. Adorned, dressed, embellished, having the hair cut or dressed.
- P. كالم سود muzhda, s. m. Glad tidings, good news. [The eyelashes.
- P. مردی mizhgān, s. f. plur. (of مردی)
- P. 870 mizha, s. f. The eyelash.
- P. www mis, s. m. Copper (tānbā).
- ass, s. m. Handling. Touch sense of touch. Inclination (lagão).

  To touch, to feel.
- A. Luc masā, s. f. Evening.
- g. has massā or masā, (相句) s. m. A wart, a fleshy excrescence; sight of a gun. ¶ masā (年刊) A musquito.
- مساجل masājid, s. plur. (of عساجل)
  Temples, mosques. [geometrician.
- A. The massah, s. m. Land-measurer,
- Measurement (māp), dimension, mensuration, survey. Geometry.
- مساحقة مساحقة musāḥaqa, (part. act.f. III. of s.m. Mulier quæ aliæ mulieri se

- pro viro gerit, que confrictu libidnem alterius explet. [measuring.
- A. P. مساحي massāḥ-ī, s. f. Land-
- s. m. Mutual contact. Coitus. masās, s. Touch. Pressing, squeezing, billing and cooing.
- A. مساعد musind, (part. act. III. of سعد) adj. Assisting, aiding, favourable. [s. m. Favour, assistance.
- A. sale musa'ada, (inf. 111. of dem)
- a. سوف masāfat, (سوف) s. f. Distance (dūrī), space, interval. Part of a road or journey. Labour, fatigue.
- مسافحت musāfaḥat, (inf. 111. of في) s. f. Adultery.
- journey) s. m. A traveller (بتالو)،

  passenger, stranger. مسافر ورى or

  مسافريرورى s. f. Protection of travellers, hospitality. musāfir-khānā, s. m. An inn, a caravanserai. [like.
- مسافرانه مسافرانه مسافرانه مسافرانه مسافرانه م
- s. f. Travelling (سفر) travel, journey.

  A foreign country.
- A. P. مسافری musāfir-ī, s. f. Travelling.
- مسکت masākat (inf. of مسکت)

  8. f. Avarice, stinginess.
- A. مسکی masākin, s. plur. (of مسکی)
  Habitations, mansions.
- مسكين masākīn, s. (plur. of مسكين miskīn). The poor.
- مسالک masālik, s. plur. (of مسلک ) Ways, paths.
- A. مالسه mas'ala, (اسأل s.m. See
- A. مسامه masām or masāmm, (H. ruān)

  (سم) s. m. A pore (of the body or skin). (Plur. مسامات)

- a. هماست musāmaḥa, (inf. 111. of اسم) s. m. Treating any one gently, pardoning. Negligence: languor. (Plur. صاححات).
- s. مسل masān, (इमरान) s. m. (प्रकार) A place where a dead body is burnt or buried, a cemetery. An evil spirit said to have an evil influence on children, (masān kā rog) The whooping cough.
- g. Ulum musānā, (causal of limes) v. a. To cause to steal.
- s. masān-iyā, s. m. He who takes (collects?) the remains of a corpse (when burnt). One who dispels the influence of an evil spirit.
- s. مسانی masānā, s. f. One of the seven sister goddesses of small-pox, measles, scarletina, etc.
- musāwāt, (inf. II. of musāwāt, (inf. II. of made equal) s. f. Equation, evenness, equality, parallelism, parallel. An every-day affair, a common occurrence. Carelessness, indifference. (Alg. 日刊年刊) Equations.
- a. مساودت musāwadat, (inf. III. of سود) s. f Contending for superiority or dominion.
- مساوی musāwī, (part. act. III. from مساوی) adj. Equal, parallel, equivalent. Neutral, impartial. Suitable, convenient.
- a. مساهله musāhala, (inf. 111. of سبل)
  s. m. Negligence, careleseness.
- مسأله masā'il, s. plur. (of مسأله or Questions. The precepts of Muhammad, demands, propositions, problems.
- A. musabbib, (part. act. II. of i...) s. m. (Log.) The causer, the first cause. i.... [Log.] The causer of causes, i. e. God. The

- مستغاث mustaghās, (part. pass. x. of غوث Applied to for assistance or redress.
- A. مستغرق mustajhriq or mustaghraq,
  (part. act. or pass. x. of غرق) adj.
  Immersed, drowned. Absorbed,
  occupied. Hypothecated.
- A. مستغفر mustaghnr, (part. act. x. of غفر) adj. Asking pardon, penitent.
- A. مستغنى mustaghnī, (part. act. x. of was free) adj. Rich, independent, free, able to do without, indifferent (be parwā), satisfied, contented, purseproud.
- مستغيث mustaghīs, (part. act. x. of غوث calling for aid) s. m. A complainant, plaintiff, prosecutor (Dāvedār).
- adj. Benefited, received, acquired; understood. The meaning (of a phrase or writing).
  - adj. Asking for explanation or interpretation, questioning, inquisitive.
  - a. مستفید mustafid, (part. act. x. of فید) adj. Gaining, profiting (in science and wealth). acquiring; (met.) A disciple.
  - a. مستفیض mustafia, (part. act. x. of فیض adj. Diffused, divulged. Favoured, obliged. [قبع] adj. Detestable.
  - A. sieims mustaqbah, (part. pass. x. of
  - A. القبل mustaqbil, (part. act. x. of before) в. т. (भविर्यत)
    (Gram.) Future, the future tense.
  - perfectly delineated, or placed in a front view. (In opposition to which,

- mustanwal seems used to denote a figure placed or taken in a side view).
- adj. Remaining firm, constant, firm, stable. Confirming, strengthening. ¶ mustaqarr (part. pass.) s. m. A fixed abode.
- adj. Stable, firm, durable, perticular. Absolute, independent, despotic. Fixed, immovable. Constant, resolute. Permanent. mustaqil iradah, s. m. A firm resolution.
- a. مستقيم mustaqīm, (part. act. x. of stood) adj. Right, straight, standing erect, erect, faithful, loysl, having a good tendency, resolute, rightly constituted. Khat-imustaqīm, A straight line. مستقيم (宋可识可紹介) (Geom.) A rectilineal figure.
- s. dime mastak, (用代句) (E. mastag) s. f. The head: forehead, esp. of an elephant. [forehead.
- عستكى عي mastak-ī, adj. Of the head or
- A. المتلا mustamāl, (part. pass. I. of ميل) adj. Conciliated, soothed, persuaded.
- A. المناسم mustamidd, (part. act! x. of مالال) adj. Asking assistance.
- A. Johnson mustamirr, (part. act. X. of operation) adj. Firm, constant, durable, persevering, passing. Continuing, persisting, lasting long.
- a. فستمسك mustamsak, (part. pass. x. of عسك) adj. Bound (to perform something).
- A. مستمع mustami\*, (part. act. VIII. of adj. Hearing; a listener.

- A. Jüme mustanad, (part. pass. VIII. of supported; adj. Supported; firm; to be relied on. Authenticated, genuine Having a degree. ¶ mustanid (part. act) adj. Relying on, leaning on; one who relies.
- H. sJiimo mustanda, adj. (dakh.) Strong-bodied, gigantic.
- A. mustaujik, (part. act. x. of \_\_\_\_, was fitted) adj. Worthy of liable, fitting, deserving (sazāwār), proper, meriting. s. m. An author, cause. mustaujibu·l-iwā, Requiring to be received or recovered; recoverable.
- A. مستور mastur, (part. pass. of became veiled) adj. Covered, concealed, veiled. (fem. مستورة).
- مستورة . mastēr-a, (part. pass. fem.) s. f. Chaste woman. Plur. مستورات Women (of the haram). Respectable (i. e. vailed) women (pardah nashīn).
- A. P. مستوری mastūr-ī, s. f. Concealment, retirement; chastity, modesty.
- مستوفى مستوفى mustaufi, (part- act. x. of وفي) adj. Paying or receiving in full (a debt). s. m. A head clerk, an auditor. Sufficient, ample, olear. s. f. Clerkship, audit.
- PORT. مسأول mastil, (perhaps from Portuguese másto or mástro) s. m. Mast of a ship.
- A. مستولى mustauli, (part. act. x. of | A. مستور mas' ḥūr, (part. pass. of ولي) adj. Overcoming, subduing, taking possession of, surmounting.
- being equal) adj. straight, direct. Level, plane-
- A. مستهلک mustahlik, (part. act. x. of هلک) adj. Seeking destruction, leading to death. ¶ mustahlak (part. pass) Destroyed, ruined.

- P. مستى mast-ī, s. f. Drunkenness, intoxication. Lust, lechery, wantonness, pride. Transport, extasy. mastī men ānā, mastī charhnā, v. u. To become excited (with lust).
- A. ... mustaimin, (part. act. x. of يمري) adj. Prosperous, acting or happening fortunately. Adjuring, desiring or causing another to swear.
- A. James masjid, (noun of place from bowed his head) s. f. A mosque, temple or place of worship. A great or general mosque, where prayers are said every Friday, a cathedral.
- A. p. musajju, (part. pass. 11. of measured, uniform) (Rhet.) Rhythmical (speech), harmonious or measured (periods). Rhymed prose, but not metrical.
- A. musajjal, (part. pass. 11. of . سجل) adj. Proved, authenticated and sealed by a judge. Inscribed in the register of a court of law.
- A. Jemo masjūd, (part. pass. of عجس) adj. Worshipped, adored.
- A. mas'h, s. m. ( scraped off). Drawing the hand over, wiping, washing, cleaning, anointing, a part of the operation of purifying before prayer. Wetting the forehead, ears, and neck, a part of wusu. Flattering, cajoling. Perambulating, travelling.
- adj. Fascinated, enchanted.
- a. مسحوق mas'hūq, (part. pass. of adj. Brayed, bruised, worn.
- maskh, s. m. Changing, metamorphosing from a superior to an inferior shape. To be change ed, to be metamorphosed into an inferior shape (as, from man to beast).

- musakhkhar, (part. pass. 11. of عند) adj. Subjected, subdued.
- A. H. مسخرا پن maskharā-pan, s. m.
  Buffoonery, drollery, jesting.
- A. P. maskhara-gī, s. f. Buffoonery, jesting, jest, derision.
- a. 8,500 maskhara, (,500 laughed at)

  s. m. A droll (thatol), a jester, jocular, a buffoon, a fool. A man in masquerade. A pleasantry, sport.
- مسخری . maskhar-ī, s. f. (dakh.) See
- musaddas, (part. pass. 11. of six) adj. Composed of six; sexangular. s. m. A kind of stanza consisting of six lines, sextain: hexameter. A hexagon.
- مسكول مسكول مسكول . مسكول masdad, (part. pass. of مسكول adj. Obstructed, closed, shut.
- s. f. Gladness, cheerfulness, joy, delight (خوشی) Briskness, liveliness, happiness.
- a. مسرف musrif, (part. act. IV. of expended) adj. Prodigal, extravagant, a spendthrift.
- adj. Glad, cheerful, delighted.
- A. P. مسرورى masrūr-ī, s. f. Joy, gladness.
- A. مسرق masrūq, (part. pass. of مسرق To steal) adj. Surreptitious, stolen, robbed. mal-i-mas-rūqa, s. m. Stolen property (chorī kā māl). (Arab. fem.
- mistar, (noun of instrument of unded) s. f. A ruler (commonly,

- one made by stringing threads parallel to each other on paper, &c., and the lines are marked by pressing the sheet on this before writing), the native substitute for our black lines. A line. A geometrical rule by which right lines are drawn.
- adj. (marqūm). Written, expressed, forementioned, aforesaid, delineated, specified. (Plur. مسطورات)
- A. Jews musad, (part. pass. 1v. from Jew) adj. Happy, fortunate, prepitious, august.
- adj. Happy, fortunate, favourable, propitious, august, blessed.
- A. baue masqat, (noun of place from bau) Place of falling or where anything falls. عسقط الراس Place of birth, native country (where one falls at birth).
- مسقف musaqqaf, (part. pass. II. of سقف) adj. Roofed, ceiled in.
- adj. Inebriating. Plur. مسكرات Intoxicating (liquors or drugs) as opium, etc.
- H. نسکران muskurānā, v. n. (料料十多 to smile). To smile, grin, smirk, simper.
- H. سكراها مسكراها الله muskurākaļ,

  H مسكرائی muskurā'i,

  s. f. Smiling, grinning,
  - smile, smirk. [touch.
- A. ع. مسكن mass.karnā, v. a. To

  A. مسكن maskan, (noun of place of white control in the second second maskan, a shode, a dwelling, habitation. T musakkin (part. act. II.) Anodyne.
- H. Lime masaknā, v. n. To be torn, split, rent, burst. To move, ktir,

move from its place. To press, squeeze, or hold one tight. muskā maskī, Pinching and squeezing. markorā lenā (karwat). To turn on one's side. ¶ (dakh.) To be tight on the body (a dress).

- Mumility, poverty, misery, modesty.
- مسکوں maskān, (part. pass. of سکی)
  adj. Inbabited, habitable.
- P. due maska, (H. noni) s. m. (円段可) Butter (makkan).
- مسکینت miskin, (fem. مسکینی مسکینی was quiet, humble). adj. Poor, miserable, humble, meek, mild, needy. (Plur, مساکیی).
- miskin-i, s. f. Poverty, indigence. [coppersmith.
- P. June mis-gar, s. m. A brasier, a
- 8. שעל אוא musal, (된단장) 8. m. A long heavy, wooden pestle, used in clearing rice from the husk. יישל נפון ייעשוו v. n. To rain very heavily.
- A. in mas'alat, s. f. See alus
- armed) adj. Armed for war, in armour. [house, shambles (kamelā).
- m a s l a kt, s. f. Slaughter-
- a. Julius musalsal, (part. pass. 1. of quadrilit. Juliu) adj. Concatenated, successive (silsilewār), linked, chained, sewed, or fastened together, coherent, consecutive, placed in order. s. A kind of lace or fringe.
- nusallat, (غالب) (part. pass. II. of للله) s. m. Governor, ruler, conqueror. Arrogating dominion. Conquest.
- مسلک maslak, (noun of place of سلک s. m. Way, path, track, an institution, regulation, rule of conduct,

- A. مسلمی muslim, (fem. مسلمی) (part. act. IV. of سلمی) s. m. musalmān, Muhammadan. (Plur. مسلمیی)

  ¶ musallim (part. act. II.) adj. Keeping safe, preserving in liberty.

  ¶ musallam (part. pass. II.) adj. (سلم)

  was safe) Preserved, kept, committed, sound, safe, entire, whole, certain. Accepted, admitted. Free, exempted from; exclusively, solely.
- مسلمان) s. m. A believer, a Muhammadan. (Pers. plur.
- Muhammadan religion. (vulg.) Circumcision. (Hind. musalmānī or musalmānī) A female musalmān. Circumcision. adj. Of or relating to a musalmān or Muhammadanism.
- g. Lime masalnā, (ऋषण) v. a. To bruise, to crush between the palms, triturate, to break with the hand. To press, squeeze.
- A. as l w b, (part. pass. of masl w b, (part. pass. of which adj. Seized, snatched away. Spoiled, stript, erred, forgotten, deprived of.
- a. m. The senses weakened with age, etc.
- مسلوک maslūk, adj. Walked on, trodden (a way).
- adj. Drawn, led, brought out. unsheathed. Consumptive.
- a. Lime masalah, s. m. A maxim, saw, an aphorism. A tenet, dectrine.
- 4. علي masla, (for عالي from اسأل from عليه)
  8. m. Question, proposition, problem, a precept of Muḥammad.
- مسمار کرنا s.m. A nail, peg, pin. اسمر

  To raze to the ground, ruin, des troy

  المونا To be razed, to be des
  troyed adj. Demolished, broken.

- A. P. مسماری mismār-ī, s. f. Ruin, destruction.
- breathing or hard breathing of an impassioned person or of one in a state of fever.
- Rough Bryony, Bryonia scabra.
- TEL. Ulusum musmusānā, v.n. (dakh.)

  To breathe hard (as an impassioned person or as one in the delirium of fever).
- H. Judus masmasānā, v. n. To suppress one's sentiments from fear.
- A. مسمى musamman, (part. pass. II. of سمن) adj. Fattened, made fat.
- hearing) adj. Heard, audible, listened to. المعودة adj. Heard.
- adj. Poisoned (sword) or killed or injured by poison, infected (meat).

  (A day) distressingly sultry by the blowing of a hot wind.
  - A. مسمى musammā, part. pass. (II. of سمو) Named, denominated, entitled, called; thing named.
  - A. Slame musammāt, s. f. A title prefixed to the names of women, musammāt, adj. Called (a lady).
  - A. مسی musinn, (part. act. IV. of مسی)
    adj. Old, aged, advanced in years.
  - g. lime misnā, (intrans. of limes mīsnā, see lime) v. n. To be ground, to be pulverized.

  - A. المند masnad, (noun of place of المند) s. f. A throne, seat, a large cushion, a prop, a chair. مسند نشين Sitting on a throne; a reigning prince.

- masnad i, adj. Of or belonging to the masnad or throne.
- A. سنن masnān, (part. pass. of سنن)
  adj. Legal, legalized, adopted into use,
  meritoricus. Circumcised. (Ground)
- of instr. of well. Heb. To anciet, to rub) s. f. A stick used as a dentifrice: a toothpick or tooth-brush.
- A. Sigmo musauwada, (part. pass. II. of in it. Dym) s. m. A sketch or original or rough draught of a letter, with many blottings and corrections, &c., the foul or first copy of any writing. A draft, a bill. (8 l a n g) A sen. musauwada k., v. a. To make a draught, (Plur.
- s. pulse, or a flat small yellow bean. (Ervum lens or Cicer lens or Ervum hirsutum). [Kind of smallpox.
- عسوريا ع masūriyā, (मसूरिका) عاد
- عسوراً (masorā, dakh.) (मांस flesh) s. m. The gums (of the teeth.).
- H. wasse, adj. Twisted. Grieved, afflicted. s. m. Affliction, remorse, regret. Suppressed feelings.
- H. Linguage masosnā, v.a. To twist. To squeeze, wring. To keep down or suppress (an emotion, etc.). To regret, to grieve.
- 2. Lue massa, s. m. See 2. Lue
- g. وسبرى masahrī, (मराहरी i.e. मा Gnat, and r. € Take off) s. f. Curtains (of a bed), musquito curtains. A bed.
- act. Iv. of سهل relaxed) adj. Aperient, purgative, laxative; a purgative, loose in the belly. [Made of copper.
- P. مسی mis-ī, (مسی copper) adj.
- H. مسى mis-i or missi, s. f. A powder (made of vitriol, &c.) with which the

teeth are tinged of a black colour. missi kājal k., v. a. To beautify oneself. missī k., v. a. To deflour. A box of gold, silver or other metal for holding misī. (田内) adj. f. Made of vetches.

- A. Leather stockings.
- مسليع هسته To anoint)
- A. Sum masihā, n. prop. Messiah,

  Christ, (īsā masīh). adj. Of the nature or disposition of the Messiah. Anointed.
- مسلحاتی masiḥā-i, adj. Christ-like, of the Messiah. s. f. Office or works of the Messiah, power like that of the Messiah (to heal or bring to life).
- الم سیکی مسیکی مسیکی مسیکی هون masiḥ-i, adj. A Christian.

  See مسیکائی [walking, travelling.
- هير ه masir, (r. سير) s. Going,
- H. مسلین masen, (和知) s. f. plur.

  Down, small hairs on the lips before the beard grows.
- عسين masin, }(मसीना Linseed)
- g. kilme masina, s. m. A vetch, pulse: linseed (Linum usitatissimum). Maize.
- A. www.mushābahat, s. f. (inf.
- م الله mushābaha, s. m. الله مشابه o f
  - اشبة) Similitude, the comparison of things similar, resemblance, likeness, agreement, analogy, conformity. Probability.
- مشاكرت mushātamat, (inf. 111. of شتم) s. f. Reproaching, abusing,

- calling each other names, mutual reviling.
- adj. Signified, indicated. مشار البية mushārun-i laih, Above-mentioned, aforesaid, said. The word indicated by a demonstrative pronoun (ism-i-ishāru).
- مشارک مشارک . mushārik, (part. act. III. of شرکت) s. m. A comrade, associate partaker. A companion.
- association. Entering into partnership. Communication, correspondence.
- a. P. مشاطكي mashshāṭa-gī, s. f. Business of a tirewoman, &c.
- waiting maid, woman who combs hair, tirewoman, a bride-dresser. A woman who makes or concerts marriages, a go-between. A match-maker.
- s. m. Contending or excelling in poetry. Lying or sleeping together under one coverlet. A meeting of poets, where they read their verses, eisteddfod.
- s. From lip to lip communication, mouth to mouth conversation. Speaking to one's face.
- مشاق mashshāq, (adj. superl. of practice.) adj. Well practised or versed; a practiser, one well practised. A proficient, an expert.
- a. P. ambishāq-ī, s. f. Practice, exercise, constant or great practice (of any thing).
- a. مشام mashāmm, (شم)
  b. m. The smell, the sense of smelling.
- A. شاورت mushāwarat, (inf. III. of شور) s. f. Consultation, advising together, conference, debate.

- heing present) s. m. Sight, vision, speculation. Ocular demonstration, observation. اعشاهده کرن To look at, contemplate, view.
- mushāhara, (inf. 111, of month) s. m. Bargaining by the month: monthly salary, pay, wages, allowance. Stipend (tankhuā).
- مشاهير. A. مشاهير mashāhīr, adj. plur. (of Renowned, famous, &o. (people). Celebrated men.
- an old man) Old men. Holy persons, dervises, adorers. (as a singular) A patriarch, a divine. The chiefs of the tribes of Bedouins.
- مثانتانه mashā'ikhāna, adj. Of or relating to holy persons, &c.
- مشائخی mashā'ikh-ī, s. f. Holiness, sanctity, piety.
- مشابعت mushāya'āt, (inf. 111. of شيع) s. f. The following (some leader, in religious matters especially).
- مشبک . مشبک mushabbak, (part. pass. II. of شبک ) adj. Latticed, netted, trellised, retiform, grated; a latticed window. Perforated.
- A. مشته mushabbah, (part. pass. II. of likened) adj. Counterfeited. Likened to, like, assimilated. s. m. A simile. مشبه That to which any thing is likened or from which a simile is drawn.
- P. ششت musht, (貝克) s. m. Fist (متّهی)، blow with the fist, a handful. mustī. A hand's breadth. Yakmusht.

  In one payment. ن A boxer.
- مشتاتی .ه. mushtaq, (part pass. VIII. of longing) adj. Full of desire, desirous, wishing to see an absent

- friend, wishful, longing; ardent, eager, keen (آرزومند); lover.
- A. P. ailium mushtāq-āna, Like one desirous, or longing.
- A. ختشه mushtabih; (part. act. ۱۱۱۱. of غبش doubt) adj. Ambiguous, obscure doubtful, equivocal (احتمالي)٠
- مشترک مسترک می mushtarik, (part. act. viii. of شرک ) s.m. A partner, an associate, an accomplice. T mushtarak (part. pass.) adj. Common, shared, joint, coparcenary, held in partnership Arab, fem. مشترک Incorporated.
- مشتری مشتری mushtari, (part. act. VIII. of شری) s. f. Buying. s. m. Purchaser.

  (شریان) s. f. Planet Jupiter.
- act. or pass. VIII. of شعل adj. Flaming, inflamed, kindled, lighted up.
- مشتق mushtaqq, (part. pass. VIII. of مشتق cleft) adj. (Gram) Derived (عد, one word or name from another); derivative.
- of المثانية mushtamil, part. act. (VIII. of المثانية) Comprising, including, extending (over). adj. In olusive, common (shāmil). المثنمل هون To comprise, contain, extend over.
- mushtahir, (part. act. VIII. of the made it commonly known) adj. Celebrated or celebrating. Thusktahar, (part. pass. adj. Celebrated, made public. Famous. Proclaimed. mushtahar k., v. a. To advertise ishtihär denä).
- A. مشتهی mushtahi, (part. act. VIII. d شهی adj. Longing, loving, desiring, wishing. s.m. A tonic.
- P. مشتى musht-ī, s. f. A garment of fine cloth, fine silk cloth: a small number or quantity, a few: a handful.

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- 8. In musht, s.m. A blow with the fist. THO mushti, s. f. Fist:
- H. Simo mushtan dā, adj. Robust, strong, lusty. s. m. A strong robust fellow. A paramour.
- mushajjar, (part. pass. II. of sik cloth.

  Damask. Tapestry. ¶ mushjir (part. act. IV.) adj. Abounding in trees. (Ground) producing trees.
- nushakhkhas, (makh s ū s)

  (part. pass. II. of عثث) adj. Specified. Ascertained, defined, estimated, fixed, assessed, certain.
- مشدن mushaddad, (part. pass. II. of سندن was hard) adj. Corroborated, doubled (a letter of the alphabet).
- s. m. A title of Brāhmans, who were brought to India from Sākadwip by Krishna in order to cure the leprosy of his son Sāmba: also, a title of some Brāhmans from Mithilā, &c. A form of address to Brahmins. Aiye, mishshar jī! (Arith. mishs) Compound. A Hindū physician.
- مشرب mashrab, (noun of place of شرب) s. m. Place of drinking, imbibing. Sect, religion. Nature, temper, humour.
- A banqueting room, a place of drinking. ¶ mishraba (vulg. mashraba). A vessel-for drinking.
- A. مشر musharraḥ, (part. pass. II. of مشرح) adj. Explained, explicit. Annotated.
- adj. Exalted, ennobled, honoured. Ornamented. ¶ mushrif (part. act. IV.) s. m. An examiner, inspector, observer. adj. Overhang-

- ing, imminent, impending, near. An eminence, a high place.
- A. مشرق mashriq, (H. Pūrab) (noun of place of شرق) s. m. The east.

  (شرق The east and the west; as in the expressions بعد المشرقين būdu-l-mashriqain. The distance between the east and the west).
- مشرقی ۳۰ mashriq-ī, adj. Eastern, oriental.
- a. company) s. m. An infidel, idolater, polytheist. One who denies the unity of God, treats anything else as a partner in the Godhead. (Plur. mushrikin). ¶ musharrak (part. pass. II.) adj. Common (to many).
- مشروع  $mashr\bar{u}$ , (for مشروع B.m.
- مشروب مشروب adj. Drunk, drinkable. (Plur. mashrūbāt, Drinkables). Liquors.
- مشروح mashrāḥ, (part. pass. of صرة) adj. Explained, illustrated, declared. Above-mentioned.
- a. شرح) ad v. Agreeably to the explanation, circumstantially.
- atipulated). adj. Agreed upon, stipulated, obliged by paction. Defined, limited. (subst.) A settled revenue of 10 per cent. allowed to the samindars. mashrātan, adv. Conditionally.
- مشروطی P. مشروطی mæhrūt-ī, adj. Stipulated, contracted.
- adj. Initiated, begun, commenced. Legal, just, conformable to or prescribed by law. s. m. A kind of cloth made of silk and cotton mixed (dressed in which it is lawful for Musalmans, to pray: that not being allowed in cloth entirely of silk).

- مشعبد musha\*bid, (prop. غشعبد part. act. of شعبد s. m. A juggler.
- adj. Signifying, denoting, indicative, making a sign, giving information, bearing the marks of. Hairy, shaggy.

  ¶ mash'ar or mish'ar, s. A sense (i. e. one of the five senses). The Kaaba or Temple of Mecca.
- A. المعرة mash'ara, (noun of place of s. m. A place where poets meet to read their verses, &c.
- A. Jeme mash'al, s. f. (Jem) A torch, flambeau, lantern, a fire-grato, a pharos or light-house. The mash'al with a single receptacle for fire is the most common and the entire length is generally about seven feet.

  (Fac. andherchi) s. m. A torchbearer. (Europeans) A scullion.
- A. مشغل mushghal, (part. pass. IV. from شغل adj. Busied, wholly dedicated to anything.
- ment, occupation. Pastime.
- مشغول مشغول مشغول مشغول مشغول a d j. Employed, occupied, diligent, anxious, engaged, busy.
- A. كايغشو mashghūla, (corrupt. for كالغشو mashghala) s. m. Employment, pastime.
- A. عشق mushfiq, (part. act. IV. of شفق) adj. Kind (شفق)، dear, shewing favour, condoling, merciful; (subst.) A friend (shafiq).
- A. P. diamo mushfiq-āna, adv. Kindly friendly.
- with a spear, striking with velocity. Beating, lashing, tearing. Combing.

- Drawing (a garment, thing, &c.) every way in order to stretch it. Eating of the best parts (of forage, &c.). (A man) galled between the thighs. Tall, slender (girl). (met.) An example, copy to write after, exercise, practice, usage, use. A model or copy for imitation. mashq kurnā, To practise, copy. zer-mashq, s. m. A pasteboard, pod. (slang). A catamite.
- shallow vessel in which rice is served or bread is kneaded.
- A. سقشه mashaqqat, (inf. of شق)
  - s. f. Trouble, labour ("ziz").
    pains, toil, assiduity.
- A. P. مشقى mashq-ī, adj. Acquired by practice, copied on, relating to copy or exercise.

P. نشک mushk, s. f. (मराका) A leather

- bag, especially for carrying water, a water-bag. mashken chhātnā, v. n. To have diarrhœa. ¶ mushk (Arab. Luce) (H. kastārī.) s. m. Musk. ¶ mushk-bār, Diffusing musk, scented like musk, musky. (met.) A mistress's lock. mushk-bo, adj. Scented with musk, musky, odoriferous, fragrant. mushk-nāfā, s. m. The musk-bag. mushk-fām, Musk-coloured. (met.) The locks of a mistress.
- s. 上流。mushk, (共动) s. m. A testicle, the scrotum.
- act. IV. of (adj. Difficult, intricate (bhārī), doubtful, hard, painful.
  s. f. (dakh. m.) Difficulty, hardship.
  Perplexity. mushkil-pasand, Delighting in difficulties. One who delights in using big words. mush'il-pasand-i,
  s. f. Delight in difficulties. mushkilkushā, Disperser or solver of difficulties. mushkilkushā, Disperser or solver of difficulties. mushkilgusar or mushkil-jusār, adj. Difficult
  - to pass. (Plur. ). The mushakkal (part. pass. II.) Formed, well-shaped, beautiful.

- مشكور . مشكور mashkur, (Idiomatic, shukrguzār,) (part. pass. of شکر lit. thanked) adj. Praised, laudable, agreeable, rewarded, acknowledged, thanked. Worthy of thanks or praise. Thankful, grateful.
- مشکوری . nashkūr-ī, s. f. Reward, thanking.
- A. \_\_\_\_\_\_ mashkūk, (part. pags. of احتمالی) Adj. (احتمالی) Doubtful, ambiguous, uncertain, problematical. Altered, tampered with. Transfixed with a spear.
- P. مشکی mushk-ī, (مشکی) adj. Dark bay, approaching to black (colour of a horse). s. m. A black horse.
- H. g. مشكيان باندهنا mushke'ān bāndhnā,
- **\ (800** H. g. اننا مشكياس تاننا mushke'ān tēnnā,

dakh. (ound) To pinion, tie the hands behind the back, to tie one's arma.

- P. هشکیزه mashk-īza, A. m. A small leather bottle.
- P. mushk-in, adj. Musky, of musk.
- mushken مشكين باندهنا .g. bāndhnā.

mushken مشكين چڙهانا .H charhânā, pinion, to tie the hands behind the

} v.a. To

مشکیاں باندھنا back: see

- مثل mashlūl, (part. pass. of مشلول) adj. Paralytic.
- A. Jame mashmul, part. pass. (of Comprehended, contained, surrounded.
- مر mashmām, (part. pass. of شم) adj. Smelling, fragrant; having a Smelt. smutch 99

- ه. مشورت mashwarat, B. f.
- ه. کیمشو mashwara, s. m. Counsel (saleh), consultation, advice. A conspiracy, plot. mashwarat karnā, To consult or advise (with).
- مشوش mushauwash, (part. pass. II. of شوش) adj. Disturbed, confused, intricate, embroiled. Distressed, uneasy, perplexed.
- مشبك mash'had, (noun of place from شيد) s. f. A place of martyrdom, a place of assembly, a tomb.
- ه سهول مشهول مشهول مشهول مشهول م adj. Attested, proved, evinced, beheld, clear, manifest.
- A. ) (part. pass. of ۱. کی سیم سیم سیم سیم سیم (شهر کی سیم سیم از کی سیم سیم کی سیم کی سیم کی سیم کی سیم کی کی کی کی کی کی کی کی کی Celebrated, published, conspicuous, famous, well known, noted, public, well known, notorious. mash'hūr karnā, To publish, to proclaim.
- A. مشى mashī, s. f. Walking, going.
- مشیت mashiyat, or سیشه mashi'at, for mashi'at, (inf. of شُلُّه) s. f. Will, pleasure. (mashšat-i-Esadī) The will of God, fate. (Mah. law) Power or will.
- A. wishing mashyakhat or mashikhat (plur. of شيخ) Seniors, elders, princes, presidents, chief priests, doctors. Republic. The dignity or quality of sheykh, or sheykhu'l islam.
- A. مشير mushir, (part. act. IV. of) s. m. A counsellor, a senator, a minister (salāh-kār). A commander. The title of pashas of the first class. (H. mantri). mashir-i-qaisar-i-Hind, Knight Companion of the Bath, K. C. B.
- A. مشلین mushin, (part. act. IV. of ملين) adj. Villainous, worthless. ¶ mushaiyan, (part. pass. II. of பிட்) adj. Stately, dignified.

- a. صبر muṣābarat, (inf. III. of صبر)
  s. f. Exercising patience, patient endurance.
- (part. act. III. of (fem area) s. m. f. A companion, friend, favourite, of a prince, aide-de-camp, associate. (Pers. plur. (online).
- a. muṣāḥabat, (inf. 111. of ciety, conversation, communion.
- A. P. مصاحبى muṣāḥib-ī, s. f. Companionship.
- A. Lis masāhif, plur. (of Lisco)
  Books, volumes.
- a. معالم muṣādim, (part. act. 111. of odj. Striking, mutually striking. Collision, a blow.
- مصرف masārif, s. plur. (of مصارف or صرف) Expenses, disbursements, costs, charges.
- مصاف maṣāff, (plur. of مصاف from مصاف) s. f. A field of battle, the ranks of an army; battle.
- معافحة muṣāfaḥa, (part. act. III. of عفي) s. m. Shaking hands.
- from (al.) s.m. Affairs. Honour, glory, employments. Materials (Hind.) Drugs, ingredients, spices, seasoning. Gold or silver lace. (Blang). A young woman. masālih denā, To season.
- A. muṣālaḥat, s. f. (inf. 111.
- Reconciliation, pacification, composition, compromise, consulting together with musulaha karnā, To adjust, compound, compromise.

- ه. به مصائب » a ع a' i b, s. m. plur. of مصيب
- of معنی) s. f. A lamp, a light, lantern, a torch.
- A. مصبر musabbar, (part. pass. II. of see. Aloes (elvā).
- One who revises or corrects. Mended, emended.
- A. Line mus'haf, (part. pass. IV. of Line) also mas'haf or mis'haf, s. m. A book, a page, the Qur'an.
- mas' hūb, part. (pass. of ————) Accompanied, accompanying, associated.
- Mhatever verifies or proves (a thing) to be true.
- a. مصدر masdar, (noun of place of oct.)

  s. m. Source, origin, spring, theme. The infinitive mood or nour of action of the Arabic verb (in grammar). A place. (Plur.)
- M. المحارة masdara, s. m. Place from which a thing proceeds; origin, source.
- A. P. مصدرى masdar-i, adj. Of or relating to the source or infinitive.
- A. ومكن musaddi<sup>a</sup>, (part. act. 11. of على) adj. Troublesome, troubler.
- A. المكن musaddiq, (part. act. 11. of open and open and open afterner, verifying, proving to be true. Also one who believes another. One who receives or collects alms. Corroborative. musaddaq (part. pass.) Verified, attested, authenticated.
- A. مصدور masdar, (part. pass. from مصدور) adj. Issued, derived, derivative.

- (Arab. fem. مصدورة) Afflicted with a chest complaint; consumptive.
- adj. Persisting, persevering, obstinate.
- mier, s. m. A large city. Egypt. Cairo is its metropolis.
- مرع) s. m. A leaf of a foldingdoor; a hemistich, a single line or verse (in poetry).
- A. مصرع maṣra\*, (noun of place of of s. m. Place of casting or throwing down, throw, fall.
- A. مصرف muṣrif, (part. act. Iv. of odigal. ¶ maṣraf (صرف) adj. Prodigal. ¶ maṣraf (عرف) s. m. Expenditure, expense, disbursement, cost, charge. Use.
- adj. Afflicted or prostrated with the epilepsy, epileptic.
- adj. Expended, employed, (mushgūl), engaged, occupied, busy. Turned, changed. Directed (in travelling). (Gram.) Declinable.
- A. A. A. Misr.i, s. f. Sugar candy. adj. Of Egypt, Egyptian. A hunting knife. A sword. misri khilānā, v. a. To stab, kill. (Mah.) To betroth (Hin sharbat pilānā). misrī, adj. Sweet as sugar.
- A. Line mastaba or mistaba, s. m. An inn or place of reception for strangers. A bench built with stones, on which people recline.
- A. مصطفى muṣṭafā, (part. pass. VIII. of عفو) adj. Chosen, selected. (subst.) one of the titles of Muḥammad.
- G. مصطلی maṣṭakī, (rūmi maṣṭakī)
   (Gr. Μαστίχη from μάσσω Το express) s. f. Mastich (gum) (resin of the Pistacia lentiscus).

- a phrase. Plur. مصطلح Phrases, technical terms. Metaphorical speeches.
- pass. II. of صفول adj. Clean, clarified, strained, purged, clear, pure. musaffi, adj. Purifying, refining.
- a. مصقل s. A smooth shell or any thing used in polishing.
- a. اصقل misqalā, (صقل) s. An

  instrument with which a thing is polished.
- adj. Polished, furbished.
- a. استومالة, (part. pass. 11. from صلى) s. m. A carpet to pray on, a place of prayer.
- s. m. A mediator, pacifier, adviser, corrector, restorer, reformer. (Med.) A corrective. An antidote.
- s. f. The what is right, fit or correct; convenience, expedience, an expedient, advisability, fitness. Counsel, advice, good policy. Affair, business, employment. maslahat karnī. To consult, advise, counsel, conspire, combine. maslahat karnī. Advisedly, expediently; a propos;
- A. مصلوب  $m \ a \not = l \ \bar{u} \ b$ , part. pass. (of other) Crucified.

opportune.

A. مصلی muṣalli, (part. act. 11. of صلی) adj. Praying, one who prays; holy, righteous. ¶ muṣallā, s. f. See سعد سيعالة.

- الم مصنبر ه. (dakh.) Aloes. See مصبر muşabbar.
- pass. II. of adj. Fixed, concluded, determined. Resolute, firm. Fully intended, designed, decided upon. musammam irādah, s. m. Fixed determination.
- A. مانع musanna, (part. pass. 11. of adj. Factitious, artificial. Manufactured. Made or prepared with art.
- nueannif, (R. granth-kār)

  (part. act. II. of منف) s m. A composer, an author. A writer. ¶ mueannaf (part. pass.) (fem. منف). Compose d, written, compiled. Plur.

  Books, works, compositions.
- adj. Formed, created, made, prepared.

  Artificial. Arab. fem. مصنوعه Plur.

  عماريات s. Things created or artificially made, works of art, fabricks, manufactures.
  - 1. P. مصنوعی maṣnū'ṣ̈, adj. Fabricated
    (مجملی) and banā huā) Fictitious,
    artificial, sham.
  - adj. Forming, figuring. s. m. A painter, limner, drawer, sculptor, draughtsman. ¶ musauwar (part. pass.) Formed, painted, &c. ()rnamented with figures and designs.
  - مصوری P. مصوری masauwir-ī, s. f. Painting, drawing, &c.
  - misfortune (آفت) s.f. A misfortune (آفت) disaster, affliction, calamity, trouble, adversity, evil, misery, ill. Disgrace. musibat-sada, adj. Unfortunate, miserable.

- s. m. A battle, conflict, combat.
- A. وغري muṣāri\*, (part. act. III. of فرع) adj. Resembling. s m. The acrist of verbs which have either a present or a future signification (in granimar).
- A. مضاعف muṣā af, (part. pass. III. of المعادث adj. Doubled, double, increased, multiplied. A duplicate.
- A. مضامین muṣāmīn, s. plur. (of مضمون) The contents. Things contained. Senses, meanings.
- a. dilia musayaqu, (inf. 111. of is. m. Penury, oppression, necessity, distress, poverty, difficulty. Making a difficulty; moment, consequence, importance, significance. kuchk musayaqa nahin, It is of no consequence, never mind.
- adj. (كي) Strong, stout, firm, fixed, fast. Resolute. Possessed, occupied, restrained, tamed, moderated. Governed, regulated. Committed to memory. Cogent, valid. mas but herei, To strengthen.
- A. P. مضبوطى maşbūṭ-ī, s. f. Strength, firmness, solidity.
- A. مفيل مفيلاً به المفادلة المفيلات ال

- مفیک میز 'hik, (part. act. IV. of فیک ) adj. Occasioning laughter, ridiculous, droll; a laughingstock.
- Humour, fun, drollery, a pun, bon mot, laughingstock, scoff. Pleasantry, banter.
- adj. Pernicious, injurious, obnoxious, mischievous, noisome, noxious. Deleterious offensive, hurtful, bad (burā).
- instrument with which any thing is struck, the quill with which a musical instrument is struck. The hook with which the sitar is played upon.
- A. مضرت maṣarrat, (inf. of فرر) s. f.
  Detriment, damage, injury.
- Multiplicand. مضروب فيم (Arith.) (Arith.) مضروب فيم (H. gunyā) (刊可) (Arith.) The multiplier. Struck, beaten. Used, idiomatic, proverbial.
- مصطر منطر، (part. pass. VIII. of فرر) adj. Distressed, in necessity, afflicted, Restless (be-chair).
- (part. act. VIII. of فرب adj. Agitated, disturbed, uneasy, distracted, afflicted, chagrined, anxious. mustaribu المقاربة, Troubled.
- A. P. مضطربانه mustarib-āna, adv. In an agitated state, confusedly.
- s. m. muṣgha, (H. lothṛā) (مثبغة)
  s. m. muṣgha-i-yosht) A lump of flesh,
  piece of meat (or anything filling the
  mouth). A morsel, a fragment. A
  glutton, an ill-bred person. The fœtus,
  embryo.
- plain, a plain for horse exercise, a racecourse.
- مضميل muşmahill, (part. set. of اضميل) adj. Vanishing, disappear-

- ing, vanished. Cancelled, defaced, carried off. I musm hall, (H. nidhāl) adj. Fatigued, exhausted. Weak, feeble. Bukhār ne musmaḥill kar dīyā.
- a d j. Conceiving, imagining. ¶ muşmar (part. pass.) adj. Concealed, conceived (in mind), imagined, the antecedent (in grammar).
- A. Line maşmaşa, s. m. Washing or rinsing out the mouth.
- من سنبه musamman, (part. pass. 11. of فمن adj. Included, comprised.
- adj. Added, joined, accumulated. (A letter) pronounced with the vowel point samm or pesh.
- A. فمن maṣmūn, (part. pass. of فمن) s. m. Contents (of a letter or writing, &c.), import, sense, purport, signification, meaning, tenour (معنی). Subject, matter. A composition, an article, essay, address. maṣmūn-nigār, An essayist. An editor.
- and spoiled of milk, wine, &c. so as to bite the tongue with its acidity.
- مَنْ مَا مَنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّاللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل
- مطا . همطا matā, s. m. Favour, protection.
- a. مطابق muţābiq, (part. act. III. of طبق) a d j. Conformable, suitable, equal, identical, answering, correspondent, agreeable to. Like 'burābar'). muṭābiq, adv. In conformity or accord
  - ance with ( mutabiq k, v. a. To compare with. To make like, reconcile.
- مطابقت مطابقت مطابقت a. مطابقت mutabaqat, (inf. 111. of derity, equality, identity, analogy, correspondence.

- A. وطوع muṭā\*, (part. pass. IV. of طوع adj. Obedient. Obeyed.
- مطالب maţālib, s. plur. (of مطلب) Demands, requisitions, researches, wishes, desires, purposes.
- s. m. Asking for, requiring, exaction. A demand, requisition, call. A claim, due (dain). mutaluba khafīfā, A Small Cause Court.
- A. حالت mutāli\*, part. act. (۱۱۱. of طلع)

  Contemplating, looking towards. A student, one who has read much.

  ¶ matāli\*, s. plur. of عطله
- s. m. Contemplation, consideration. Reading, study, perusal. Revolving in one's mind, carefully weighing and examining. mutāla'ā karnā, To study, read, peruse.
- عليب مطايعه mutāyaba, (inf. III. of طيب)
  s. m. Jesting, pleasantry.
  - A. مطبع makbakk, (noun of place of طبع) s.m. Cooked. A kitchen.

    ¶ mitbakk, (noun of instrument)
    s.m. A cooking utensil.
  - مطبع matba\*, (noun of place from طبع stamped) s. m. A place of printing or impression, a printing office. A press (chhāpe-khānā).
  - a. مطبق mutabbaq, (part. pass. 11. of طبق) adj. Placed one thing over a not her, complicated, multiplied, doubled, folded.
  - مطبع matbūkh, (part. pass. of طبع)
    adj. Cooked, dressed.
  - adj. Agreeable to any one's taste, acceptable, worthy, laudable. Natural, innate. Imprinted in one's nature. Printed, published. Arab. fem.

- مطرب فطرب مطرب. (part. act. iv. of delightful, s. m. Agreeable, delightful, amusing, giving pleasure to the sense (like music, singing, dancing, etc.) A musician, singer, minstrel. (Pen plur. مطربان).
- adj. Prosperous (an affair).

  flowing, current, frequent. ¶ muterral
  (part. pass. 11.) adj. Universal, to be
  constantly observed (a rule).
- adj. Rejected, dejected, abject. (subst.) An infidel. (Plus.
- مطعومات. A. pass. of طعام Victuals, estables, viands.
- adj. Reproached, chidden. Transfixed. Infected with the pestilence.
- مطلی mutallā, (for مطلی) (part pass. II. of طلی) adj. Gilded, gilt.
- A. he matlab, (— b. m. (pl. addle) A question, petition, intention, wish, desire, object, aim, purpose, purport, meaning, request, demand; in short. A subject, matter. A thing sought for. matlab kā yèr or gars, matlabī, matlabiyā, See gars ki yār. matlab ko pahunchānā, Te effect, accomplish.
- a. عطلع matla, (noun of place of dlb) s. m. The place of rising, the rising (of the sun, &c.), the east. Arising, appearing. The beginning or exordium of a poem. Plur. مطلعات Openings of poems. matla saf h., v. n. To be clear (the horizon). To be clear of obstacles, etc.
- مطلع مطلع مطلع مطلع مطلع مطلع مطلع . adj. Perceiving, inspecting, beholding, regarding, knowing, informed, acquainted.

mutlaq, (part. pass. IV. of Freed, unconfined, independent, ked. adj. Absolute, entire, her, universal, principal, suadv. Wholly, at all, not in the never, entirely (بالكا)، alto
Tree, exempt, abject, giving the reins. A or race-ground for horses.

mutlaqa,  $\begin{cases} a \ d \ v. \ Absolutely, \\ mutlaqan, \end{cases}$  (not) at all.

mutallaqa, (part. pass fem. 11.

b) adj. Divorced (a woman).

 $2 \cdot m \cdot a \cdot t \cdot l \cdot \bar{u} \cdot b$ , (part. pass. of

o) adj. Demanded, exacted, for, required, wanted, desired, longed for, necessary. Desin, an active debt, a demand. Object, purpose, desire.

•  $m a \stackrel{t}{\underline{t}} l \stackrel{\overline{u}}{\underline{u}} b a$ , adj. fem. See

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it. dai) adj. Quiet, secure, il. Satisfied, contented. Safe, ig repose and ease. mutma'-inn . To encourage, give confimutanjan.

mutauwaq, (part. pass. 11. of adj. Having a collar or chain the neck.

\* muṭauwal, (part. pass. 11. of a d j. Prolonged, drawn out, ng. ¶ maṭūl (مطل) s. One to delay is granted in paying a ne who puts off payment or the nance of a promise

mutahhir, (part. act. 11. of 1. Purifier. ¶ mutahhar (part. idj. Purified, holy. vessel to hold water or to pour water from in purification.

مطير matīr, (part. from مطير) adj. Rained on, raining.

adj. (zer) Subject, obedient, submissive, amenable. [Objects, spectacles.

مظهر magāhir, s. plur. (of مظهر)

a d j. Victorious, conqueror rendered victorious. Superior.

مظلل مطلل musallal, (part. pass. 11. of ظل) adj. Shaded (from the sun).

A. مظلم muglim, (part. act. Iv. of ظلم)

Dark (night).

A. خالم maglama, (ظلم) s.m.
Injustice, oppression, tyranny;
(dakh.) curse.

adj. Injured, oppressed. Mild, gentle, modest.

A. P. مظلومی maglūm-ī,

A. P. مظلومی maglūm-īyat, }

s. f. Modesty, the state of being oppressed. [cion, conjecture, opinion.

ه. ه. ه. Suspi-

s. m. A place where any spectacle is represented, a theatre, stage; a place of manifestation, object, view. The object in or through which a thing is manifested. ¶ mughir (part. act. Iv.) adj. Exhibiting; (subst.). An exhibiting; (subst.). An exhibiting. Adeponent. mugir h., To affirm, declare. mughira, stated, alleged.

along with. In the company of.

along with. In the company of.

adv. Along with or in addition to (عاوة) عملاً. Instantly.

- A. Les miä, s. Gut, intestine.
- A. Lee ma'an, adv. Together, at the same time, all at once.
- معابد ma'ābid, s. plur. (of عبد and Servants (of God), places of worship. Sacred places.
- A. بعاتب mu'ātib, (part. act. III. of بتند) adj. Blaming. ¶ mu'ātab (part. pass.) Blamed, reproached.
- a. اعول ma'ād, (noun of place from عول) s. f. Place of return; resurrection, the life to come. The next world.
- A. معلى ma'ādin, s. plur. (of معلى)
  Mines, quarries.
- A. Wille mā'āṣa-l-lāh, God be the refuge! God forbid! Intj. Heaven preserve us?
- A. معارض من adj. Opposing, adverse. s. m. An adversary, opponent, competitor.
- s. m. Contradiction, opposition; antithesis (Knowledges.
- معرفة ma'arif, s. plur. (of معرفة)
- ه. معاشرت « acharat, (inf. III. of عشر) s. f. Living and eating together. Social life, society. Conversation, familiarity.
- معاصر معاصر "āṣir, (part. act. III. of act. act. III. of عصر) adj. Contemporary, coëtaneous.

  (Plur. معاصرین)
- A. معصية ma'āṣī, s. plur (of معصية)
  Sins, crimes ¶ mu'āṣī (part. act. III.
  of عصي) adj. Rebellious.
- عفو mu'af, (part. act. الله معاف معاف

- prop. (a) adj. Absolved, exerted (bari), dispensed with, fergive Rent-free (land). mu'af bil-short, conditional pardon. mu'af kerna, pardon, excuse, remit, absolve.
- or from asi. Exempt for rent and tax (land). s. f. A grandland, &c. from a sovereign free of immunity, exemption, remission revenue, pardon, absolution, an est given as pension. mu'āfī chāhnā, māngnā, v. n. To beg or ask par or remission, apologize. A deed of immunity or exemption taxes, a deed of amnesty. I
- A. عاقبت mu'āqabat, (inf. III. بقد) s. f. Punishment.
- a. elem mu'ālij, (part. act. III. of s. m. A physician, doctor.
- s. m. Curing, healing, medical to ment. A remedy. mu'ālaja kara heal, cure, attend (as a physic
- الم سعالى ... a'ālī, s. plur. (of š. High qualities, eminences.
- A. doles mu'āmalat, s. f.

  A. doles mu'āmala, s. m.

  (ir
  - of UAC) Treaty, affair, business, ing, negotiation, transaction, t commerce, correspondence, ag ment, behaviour, procedure, cor case: cause or suit in law; dom: jurisdiction. A contract, bargain affair, matter. Proceeding, parti A lass. Sexual intercourse. mu'amala-ras, adj. prehending the affair, the trans or the suit. mu'āmala-rasī, The comprehension of the affi suit, &c. mu'āmala karnā, To deal to buy and sell (len den k), treat negotiate. To contract, bars

mu'āmala-pardāsī k. To act. mu'āmala parnā, v. n. To have to do or deal with. mu'āmale kā sachchā. An honest person.

- ماند mu'ānid, (part. act. III. of مند) adj. Perverse, refractory, disobedient, obstinate, stubborn.
- عنتی mu'anaqa, (inf. III. of عنتی)

  s. m. Throwing the arms round another's neck, embracing a friend.
- Meanings; elegance of language.
- معاولت m wawadatf (inf. 111. of عود) s. f. Returning (to a former habit or action or habitation); coming or going. Relapsing.

for like, substitution, barter, exchange. Consideration given (badla).  $mu'\bar{a}wa\mu a$  dilānā, v. a. To award compensation badla denā).

- معاوی معاوی mu'āwin, (part. act. III. of عوی) adj. Assisting; auxiliary; (subst.) An assistant. A helper, supporter.
- a. سعاونت mu'āwanat, (inf. 111. of عون)
   a. f. Assistance, help, aid. Supply, favour, grace.
- s. m. Confederacy, confederation, alliance. An agreement, contract.
- معائب ma'ā'ib, s. plur. (of بعاب)
  Vices.
- a. ماين mu'āyana, (inf. 111. of عين)

  s. m. The sight. Beholding, seeing clearly or face to face. Inspection.
- a. عبد ma<sup>s</sup>bid, (noun of place from عبد) s. m. Place of worship, temple, mosque, church. A place of pilgrim-

- age. ¶ mu'abbid, (part. act. II.) s. m. Adorer.
- s. m. An interpreter of dreams. ¶

  ma\*bar (noun of place) s. m. A pass,
  ferry, ford. ¶ mi\*bar (noun of instrument) A ferry-boat.
- A. كالله mu<sup>n</sup>tād, (part. pass. VIII. of عول adj. Accustomed, customary. s. f. Custom, habit, use. A fixed allowance (خوراك)
- A. عابر mu<sup>n</sup>tabar, (part pass. VIII. of adj. Confidential, respectable worthy of confidence, creditable, credible, relied on, reliable (etbārī), true (thìk), reputable, trustworthy. Honoured. (Plur. معتبرين).
- mu<sup>\*</sup>tabar-ī, s. f. Trustworthiness (اعتبار) creditability.
- A. معتد mu<sup>n</sup>tadd, part pass. (VIII. of عد) Numbered, computed.
- معتدل معتدل mu<sup>\*</sup>tadil, (part. act. VIII. of عدل) a d j. Temperate, tolerable, moderate, calm, mild. Equal; just.
- A. معترض mu taris, part. act (VIII. of عرض) Opposing, hindering, interposing; objector. Transverse.
- معترف mu\*tarif, part. act. (۱۱۱۱. of عرف) Acknowledging; admitting, declarer, confessor, affirmer, avower,
- معتزل معتزل معتزل معتزل معتزل معتزل عنل الم. viii. of عزل اله. A seceder, separatist. mu²ta-zil-ī, An atheist, infidel.
- سيتعم mu²tasim, (part. act. VIII. of adj. Preserved. Relying (on), attendant (on).

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- A. שנובה mu<sup>\*</sup>taqid, (part. act. viii. of sec.) adj. Confident; s. m. A believer, follower of a creed or faith, a faithful friend or servant, an adherent.
- A. معتنف mu<sup>2</sup>tukif, part. act. (VIII. of عنف) Constant in prayer at the temple, or constant in devotion.
- A. معتمد mu\*tamad, (part. pass. VIII. of
- A. Aa2) adj. Trustworthy, hope (person hoped in), confidential, confided in, a confident. mustamad alaih, A confident, a person relied on.
- A. 为年 mu<sup>\*</sup>jisa, ( ) s. m. Mira
  ole. (Plur. 二) ; \*\*\*

  ole. (Plur. 二) ; \*\*

  ole. (Plur. —) ; \*\*

  ol
- A. مجرم m a \* j ū m, s. (dakh.) See
- Kneaded, worked with the hand (a mass as of paste); s. f. An electuary medicine, confection. An intoxicating drug made of the extract of hemp and sugar.
  - a. عدل ma<sup>2</sup>dalat, (inf. of عدل)
    s. f. Justice, equity, rectitude.
  - nadan or madin, (noun of place from ally where it remains fixed.
- metallic, metal, fossil. madaniyāt. H. khānī bastū) s. f. Mineral substances
- مد معدول معدول معدول معدول (part. pass. of معدول counted) adj. Numbered, counted, computed. Limited.
- A. معدولة ma<sup>n</sup>dūla, (part. pass. fem. of عدل Avoided, passed by (applied to a letter which is written but not pronounced).
- lacked) adj. Nonexistent, wished for but not found, abolished, annihilated, extinct.

- A. Sike mi da, (ise) s. m. The stomach, hypochondrium.
- الكر) ma<sup>2</sup>da, noun of place (علر)
  Place of passing, passage, pass, transit.
- منب معذب. (part. pass. 11. of عذب) a d j. Hindered: punished, tormented. Vexed.
- A. معذرت ma<sup>\*</sup>garat or ma<sup>\*</sup>girat, a.t. (عذر) Apology, excuse, plea (عذر)
- adj. Excused, excusable. Dispensed with. Unserviceable. Disappointed. ma\*sūr rukhnā, To excuse.
- A. أبعد mu'arrā, (fer معرى part. pam.

  II. of عرى adj. Bare (barahnā),

  naked, bald. Pure, simple, free from.
  Unstamped.
- mi<sup>2</sup>rāj, (noun of instrument of s. m. f. A ladder, stair, any thing by which one ascends. Ascent ascension (of Mahomed to heaven).
- معرض هم ma<sup>r</sup>riz, (noun of place from عرض) s. m. Place of meeting of happening. An occasion, a contingency, an occurrence.
- Making known, describing, praising; one who makes known or introduces. I mu-arraf, part. pass. Made known, marked, notified.
- A. سعرفت ma\*rifat, (inf. of عرف ma\*rifat, (inf. of اعرف ma\*rifat, (inf. of المرابع)

  (H. hāth) s. f. Knowledge, revelation. Science, learning, virtue. Account, cause, (by) reason, (by) means (فريعة)، (through) the means or medium of, by, by the hands of, care of.
- معرنه معرنه ma<sup>r</sup>rifa, s.m. (Gram.) A proper noun. See
- A. Dee maraka, (25) s. m. Strike, fight. A field of battle, an amphithe-

atre. māruke kū ādmī, A great man.
mu<sup>2</sup>ruku gīr. A ropedancer.

- A. معروض ma\*r قبة, part. pass. (of صرف) Presented, offered, submitted; (subst) representation, petition.
- knowing) adj. Known, notorious, noted, celebrated, (mashhār). Active (voice of a verb). The letters and are said to be ma rūf, when the former has the sound of ū and the latter of ī; as in in in nīr, Splendour, and larkī. A girl. (Alg.) (হ্বাব্যাহা) A known quantity.
- مزز مر mu'azzaz, (part. pass. 11. of عزو)
  adj. Honoured, magnified, revered, esteemed; honorable.
- adj. Deposed, displaced, dismissed, degraded, removed from office. ma zūl kurnā, To discharge, disgrace, &c.
- A. P. معزولی ma\*sūl-ī, s. f. Dismission from office, &c. Dismissal (bartarfī).
- adj. Difficult. A difficulty.
- a. معشر ma'shar, (noun of place from عشر) s. m. A company, a troop, society. ¶ mu'ashshar (part. pass. 11. of عشر) adj. Composed of or relating to ten; a decagon.

عشق) A beloved one or object, sweetheart, a mistress.

- A. P. wijaan ma'shūq-āna, adv. or adj. Like one beloved, of one beloved. Lovely; charming.
- a. P. معشوقی mu<sup>n</sup>shūq-ī,

  a. الله ma<sup>n</sup>shūq-īyat,

  b. Loveliness, the state of being beloved.

- A. معصفر mu'as far, (prop. mu'as far, from معصفر s. m. Safflower or bastard saffron. (Carthamus tinctorius).
- adj. Defended, preserved. Innocent, guileless. simple. (subst.) An infant, a child. Plur. معصوصات
- معصومی ... هعصومی ... A. P. معصومی
- 4. ma<sup>2</sup>sūm-īyat, s. f. Innocence, simplicity. Infancy.
- A. ma\*siyat, s. f. Disobedience, rebellion, defection, sin.
- adj. Perfumed, fragrant.
- A. معطل mu'attal, (part. pass. 11. of عطل) adj. Vacant, unemployed, suspended, in abeyance; disengaged, neglected, destitute, out of use, deserted, uninhabited, antiquated, annihilated, obsolete, powerless, destitute, empty, vain, idle; of no account, fallow.
- attal-i, s. f. The being idle or out of employment.
- adj. Inclined, (from or towards any direction or object), turned; twisted, converted, conjoined (in grammar). The first of two words or clauses connected by a conjunction. ma\*ttaf-alash (Gram.) The second word or clause joined by a conjunction.
- A. معظم mū'uggam, (part. pass. II. of adj. Honoured, exalted, great, respected, reverend. A rab. fem. المعلمة إلى المعلمة الم
- معقول معقول. (part. pass. of عقل and thik) adj. Intelligible, reasonable, probable, just, pertinent, to the purpose, proper, right, fair decent, good and sufficient, satis-

factory; worthy. Acceptable. Appropriate. Expedient. Liberal, good. Formed in wisdom; choice. s. f. Philosophy. maqui! bajā! intj. All right (du, rust)! very good! very well! Plur. Probabilities, words or things consistent with reason. maquilbin, Judicious, reasonable. maquil-go, Speaking properly, conversable. maquil-go-i, s. f. Pertinent or proper speaking. [stood, the intelligible.

- A. معقوم ma quil-a, s. m. The under-
- ableness, probability.

  able ma\*qūl-i, s. f. Reason-
- معقولیت ma<sup>n</sup>qūl-īyat, s. f. Reasonableness, &c.
- maa-k, God be with thee!
- an a \* k ū s, (part. pass. of عكس) adj. Inverted, reversed, preposterous, reflex. makūs paṛhnā, To read (the Qurān) backwards. (Repeating certain incantations, as saying one's prayers backwards was, with us, an appropriate step to be taken when about to invoke the aid of the powers of darkness.
- A. les m'ualla, for Jes
- معلق معلی mu'allaq, (part. pass. II. of علی) adj. Suspended (علی) pendulous, hanging, dangling, hung to.
- s. m. An instructor, teacher, professor, preceptor, a pilot or whoever works a ship. ¶ mū'āllam, (part. pass.) Taught, instructed.
- A. P. alks mu'allim-i, s. f. Instruction, pilotage. A teachership.
- adj. Fed or fattened with fodder. (Fem. dele)
- A. معلول ma<sup>\*lūl</sup>, (part. pass. of اعل (See علت) adj. Indisposed, diseased, infirm, distempered. (Logic) Effected,

- an inference, effect. Appeased, soothed. Caused, produced.
- adj. (Jb) Known, distinguished, notorious, famous, evident, apparent, clear, obvious; (subst.) The active voice of a verb. ma lām karnā. To find out (daryāft k.), discover, understand, know, deem, suppose. To recognize (jānnā). To perceive, feel. malām hotā hai. It seems, it appears. ma lām honā, To appear, seem, to be discovered. To know by experience.
- معلومات m a\* اقت m ā t, s. plur. (of قرمانه) Things known, sciences.
- (in regimine (Le.) adj. Exalted, elevated, eminent, sublime. wrdwimuallā, lit. the royal camp. Good wrdw (the Queen's English).
- master-builder, architect, mason, (rēj).

  (Pers. plur. ).
- building, masonry. The occupation of a mason.
- A. , Ase, mu'ammar, (part. pass. II. of
  - adj. Aged, blessed with long life.
- Causing to be done or performed. ¶

  mu'ammil (part. act. II) Causing to be

  done or performed.
- adj. Inhabited, frequented, populous, full, replete, closed. Cultivated, happy delightful. [spot, an inhabited place,
- infirm, distempered. (Logic) Effected, A. 8, 300 ma mar-a, s. m. A cultivated

- A.P. ma mar-i, s. f. Cultivation, population, populations; fullness, happiness.
- A. المحدول ma māl, (part pass. of the diagram) adj. Made, dressed, prepared; (in gram.) governed. Established, customary, usual; s. m. (الستور شدر) Custom, practice, habit, fixed allowance or gratuity. māmūl ke din. A recurring period (menses).
- A. P. معمولي ma<sup>n</sup>mūl ī, adj. Customary, practised. Wonted, common (chaltā).
- A. Las m'uammā, s. Enigma: see \*mu'ammā hal k., or kholnā, To solve on enigma.
- Arab celebrated for his liberality. The name of the family whose princes ruled over Mount Lebanon before those of Shahab.
- 4. lies maenā, 8. See jes
- معنبر adj. Perfumed with ambergris.
- of instrum. from عنق s. m. A collar or any thing similar round the neck.
- adj. Essential, intrinsic, logical, true, reals Significant, expressive of. Spiritual, virtual. Understood, implied.
- A. Jose mu'auwad, (part. pass. II. of

- عود) adj. Exercised, trained, accustomed.
- assistance, favour: or, plur. of
- A.  $ma'\tilde{u}$  nat, (inf. of e.)

  s. f. Assistance, protection, favour.
- A. des ma'a, With: see
- A. معبد ma'a-hāṣā, With this, moreover.
- adj. Agreed, fixed, appointed determined, promised, stipulated. Known, certain, distinguished, confirmed, bound.
- a. معيار mi<sup>n</sup>yār, (noun of instrum, from عير) s. m. A touchstone. The mark or standard of money, weight or measure.
- conjunction, society, the being together. Companionship. Favour, affection, partiality. The official suit of a functionary.
- A. عيش ma<sup>?</sup>ishat, (عيش) s. f. Subsistence, means of subsistence, livelihood, living, living a life, way of life. Daily food, the necessaries of life. An allowance, pension.
- A. معلی mu'aiyan, (part. pass. II. of adj. Established, fixed, ascertained, appointed, settled, certified. mu'aiyan karnā, To fix. constitute, &c., (Arab. fem. معلید) ¶ mu'in (part. act. Iv. of عون) An assistant.
- adj. Wicked, vicious, defective, faulty, opprobrious, improper, infamous, blamable, reprehensible-Bad, evil, ill.
- ^A. P. معلوبی ma\*yūb-ī, s. f. Wicked- ness, vice.
- one of the Magi, a worshipper of fire

The son of a tavern-keeper, or worshipper of fire. (Plur. مغانه)

- P. فاك maghāk, s. m. A pit.
- a. مغالغه mughālaṭa (dhokā), (inf. 111, of غلط) s.m. Leading into error, deception, delusion, error (bhul); ambiguity.
- A. مغاير mughāyir, (part. act. III. of غير) adj. Contrary, adverse, repngrant. مغايرالصلي Contrary to the peace.
- a. مغايرت mughāyarat, (inf. III. of غير) s. f. Barter, exchange. Disagreement, contrariety.
- A. piic mughtanim, (part. act. VIII. of ic) adj. Holding and accounting as a prize or blessing, enriched, taking delight in, enjoying. (Inc who seizes or has seized; one who takes (an opportunity). ¶ mughtanam (part. pass.) Accounted a prize or blessing.
- P. de mujhcha, s. m. Soreness under the arms.
- مغربی مه maghrib-i, adj Western, occidental. African.
- مغرق mughraq, (part. pass. IV. of غرق) adj. Gilded, covered with (or immersed in) gold or silver. ¶ mugharraq (part. pass. II.) adj. Immersed (in water), washed (with gold, silver, &c.), gilt, plated, dipped.
- maghrūta, adj. Plundered, seized.
- adj. Proud, haughty, fastidious. De-

- A. P. مغرورى maghrūr-ī, s. f. Pride arrogance!
- The brain, encephalon (bbejā), the inside, marrow, kernel, pith, pulp, cramb (of a loaf). The best kind of pearl. Intellect. (met.) Pride, arrogance. magis bhinnānā. To have a buzzing in the ears. maghs-pachānā or -phirānā. To tease. distract. maghs khāli karnā. To distract, talk much and foolishly. To fatigue oueself with talking. maghs dār. Full of marrow, kernel, pith, brain. maghs khānā. To tease, to distract, worry, harrass. [hem.
- P. مغزى maghzi, s. f. Edging, border,
- مغزی maghsā, (noun of place from عنو) s. m. A field of battle, war, an expedition, especially against infidels.
- A. jako mighfar, (noun of inst. from jak) s. m. A helmet.
- s. f. Absolution, remission, pardon.
- مُعْفُور مَعْفُور maghfür, part pass. (of عَفْر Pardoned; (met.) adj. Deceased, dead.
- P. Jie mughul, s. m. A Moghul. The third sect of Mahomedans. mughul-pathān. A game played like that of draughts on a diagram sketched on the ground, or on a board or paper, using sixteen kauris or bits of gravel or pebbles, &c. on each side for men. mughul pathān larnā, Mah. Wom. The sound made in boiling or simmering (khadar badar h.).
- mughul; an attendant in the harem or women's apartment, a needle-woman.
- p. مغلاني mughlā'i, adj. (dakh.) Of or relating to a Moghul.
- from blc) s. m. An improper question, a speech in error or mistake. An error, confusion of ideas.
- A. Ablae mughallaga, (part. pass. fem. 11. of ble) adj. Rendered hard to be broken (an oath), or heavy (a fine for blood), foul or severe (abuse).

- A. تالكند mughallagāt, s. f. (pl. of فليظ) Foul or abusive language.
- مغلق mughlaq, (part. pass. IV. of على adj. Shut (door). Abstruse, knotty, abstract, obscure, intricate, very hard or difficult.
- adj. Libidinous. (subst.) Pæderast.
- مغارب. (part. pass. of علب) adj. Conquered, overcome, beaten, subjected.
- jugation. The state or quality of one vanquished.
- P. مغلی mughul-i or dakh. möghli, ) adj.
  P. مغلیه mughul-iya or möghliya, )
  Of the Moghuls.
- adj. Grieved, in grief, afflicted, mournful, sorrowful (اداس), afflicted, sad, affected.
- o. مغنطیس mighnāṭīs, (or مغنطیس or مغنیطیس Μσγνῆτις) s. m
  The magnet: see
- مغنى معنى معنى معنى معنى nughannī, (part. act. זו. of عنى) s. m. A singer, musician. adj.

  Making independent or rich.
- enclosed in a whip or stick and the likeness of a short sword but thinner and longer, a long spear head or slender sword with the end bent back. Name of a man.
- A. سغيب mughaiyab, (part. pass. II. of عيب) adj. Concealed, hidden.
- مغير . mughaiyar, (part. pass. II. of غير) adj. Changed, altered.
- P. مغيلان mughailān, s. Name of a tree, called in Hindi كيكڙ

- and in Arab. ام غيلان ummu ghailān, a species of Mimosa, or the acacia tree.
- ماجات mufājāt, (prop. عاجات mufāja'at, inf. 11). of عند) s. f. Sudden death. Falling upon anything unexpectedly, rushing upon unawares, and snaching.
- مفاخرت . mufākharat, (inf. 111. of فخر) s. f. Boasting, glorying, glorifying, arrogance.
- separated) s. f. Separation, (bichhoyā), alienation, absence.
- A. عناه mafāsid, s. plur. (of عناه Evils. [Joints.
- ه. مفصل mafāṣil, s. plur. (of مفصل)
- a. مفاصلت mufāṣala, (inf. III. of فصل عليه m. Distance, space, interval.
- a. مفایشه mufāyasha, (inf. III. of فیش) s. m. Boasting, vaunting, contending for superiority.
- gratis, for nothing, acquired without cost or labour, given away without return or benefit. (substantively). What is useless or unprofitable, in vain. muft-bar, Taking away for nothing or without making a return. muft khor, A parasite, sponger, hanger on. A loafer. muft men, Gratis for nothing. [from is a key.
- A. مفتاح miftāh, (noun of instrum.
- adj. Opened, conquered, taken (as a town). A conqueror.
- adj. Enfeebled, languid, weak.
- A. مفترى muftari, (part. act. VIII. of فرى) s. m. A slanderer, calumniator, false accuser, liar. adj. Knavish, tricky.

- a. مَثَنَّمُ muftaqir, (part. act. VIII. of فقر) adj. Empoverished, reduced to poverty.
- adj. Trying, tempting, seducing, fascinating (with love). ¶ mufattan (part. pass) adj. Tempted, seduced to evil, tried, deprived of reason. Charmed, bewitched.
- adj. Opened. Taken, captured, subdued (As, a town, &c.). (in grammar) (A consonant) Pronounced or marked with the vowel fat'ha (a).
- adj. Tried, tempted, fascinated, deprived of reason, enamoured, captivated, mad (with love).
- s. m. Wise A superior officer among Muhammadans whose decrees are regarded as law, Mufti. A Mah. Jurist or law officer. mufti-yari, s. f. Office or duty of mufti.
- P. عقى muft-ī, adj. Gratuitous.
- A. منحن mafkhar, (noun of place of six) s. m. Place of glory, object of glory. mufakhkhar (part. pass. II. of فخر) adj. Glorified, exalted.
- A. مفر mafarr, (فر) s. m. A place of refuge. (Plur. مفار)
- A. Jao mufarrih, (part. act. 11. of Exhilarating, making joyful, refreshing, amusing. An exhilarating medicine. reviving. in which rubies are an ingredient, a stimulant.
- adj. Solitary, unique, alone, single, simple, uncompounded, singular. Plur.
- مفردات. Simples, uncompounded' (medicines).
  - adj. Excessive, immense, vast.

- A. مفارق mafriq, or mafraq, (pl. فارق (noun of place from فرق) s. m. The crown of the head (where the hairs separate). Combing or separating the hair. A place where a road separates into many.
- A. مفروح mafrāḥ. (part. pass. of زرح)
  adj Glad (tidings).
- adj. Fled, a run away (farārī).
- adj. Requisite as a sacred duty, indispensable. Necessary to be observed, by divine precept, ordained by God. Supposed, hypothetical. (Gram.) Given, granted.
- منروغ mafrūgh, (part. pass. of فرغ)
  adj. At leisure, disengaged, at ease.
- A. فرق mafrāq, (part. pass. of فرق adj. Separated, divided. Subtracted. mafrāq minhoi The subtracter.
- A. مفسد mufsid, (part. act. IV. of نسل Corrupting, destroying, pernicious. A seditious person, factious, mischievous (دنگئی)، noxious, incendiary, ringleader (āg-lagāu).
- a riot, any thing pernicious messade barpā k., v. n. To set up a riot.
- مفسلی mufsid-ī, s. f. Seditiousness, mischievousness.
- A. منس سناassar, (part. pass. 11. of فسر) adj. Explained, commented on, declared. ¶ mufassir (part. act) s.m. Interpreter, commentator. (Plur, منسرین Interpreters, &c.).
- a. مفصل mufassal, (part. pass. II. of cut) adj. Distinct, divided, perticularised, separated, full, ample, detailed (account of circumstances). adv. Particularly, diffusively, distinctly, in detail, fully (tafsīl-war). (peculiar to India). The country (in opposition to town). Particular mention, specification. mufassal kihnā or bayān k. To detail, particularize.

mafail or mafaal, (noun of place) s. Joint (of the body), juncture, the space between the joints.

- Made, done. Accusative, dative, or other objective case (karm). The participle passive. A catamite. mafül-i-sānī The second object (of a verb). mafūl-i-fīh. The locative case. mafūl-i-lahu. The ablative case. mafūl-i-māhu. The instrumental case. ism-i-mafūl. The passive voice. A passive participle.
- a. مفعولیت maf'ūlīyat, s. f. The state of being passive or acted upon.
- adj. Not to be found, missing, wanting, lost, extinct, non-existing. mafque, s. m. (Mah. law) one of whom it is not known whether he be living or dead.
- adj. Poor, penniless (gharīb), wretched, needy, in want, beggarly; bankrupt. mußis, s. m. A pauper. An insolvent, (fem. هفلسه).
- a. P. مفلسى muftis-ī, s. f. Poverty;
  bankruptcy. [adj. Paralytic.
- A. مفلوج maflāj, (part. pass. of فلج)
- a. مفلوک maflūk, (part. pass. of فلک) a d j. Indigent, distressed, beggarly.
- A. مفوض mufauwas, (part. pass. II. of فوض) adj. Resigned, delivered over, committed to the care of, recommended, submitted for opinion, ceded, vested, entrusted. Arab. fem.
- adj. Comprehended, conceived, understood. s. m. An object. The contents, tenor, or sense of a letter. mashūm h v. n. To imply.
- adj. (fāedamand) Profitable, good, useful, salutary, advantageous.

- مقابر maqābir, s. plur. (of مقبره)
  Tombs, graves, sepulchres.
- A. مقابل muqābil, (part. act. III. of bil) a d j. Opposite, over against, looking towards, meeting, controling, collating, or comparing (one copy of a bock, etc., with another), confronting, opposing, matching, corresponding, like, resembling, equal, comparing: (postpos. mas.) in opposition, against (51), for.
- قبل muqābala, (inf. III. of مقابلة went before) s. m. Comparison, collation, exchange, competition, opposition, the opposite quarter, confronting, encounter, contest, contending, presence. Facing any one, meeting or opposing; returning act for act, or word for word; answering word for word. muqābala karnā. To contend, &c. To compete or cope with. To balance, examine, check, compare (accounts, papers, etc.). muqābala honā. To be in front, confront, meet, encounter. جبرو مقابلة Algebra as a science which unites separate quantities, and opposes them to each others.
- a. مقاتله muqātala, (inf. III. of قتل)
  s. m. Slaughter, carnage, battle.
- affinity. Drawing near, abat, (inf. 111. of قرب s. f. Approximation, showing
- a. سفارنت muqāranat, (inf. III. of قرن) s. f. Conjunction, connexion. Companionship, familiarity. Proximity.
- A. مقصد maqāṣid, s. plur. (of مقصد and مقصد) Designs, objects, purposes, aims; enterprises, attempts or undertakings; desires, wants, wishes.
- another. Guardian, keeper. Places in the market where people sit. Benches, seats. (pl. of معتما).

- A. اقول) (Geom.) A book. s. m. A
- speech, a disquisition, saying, sentence, a word, opinion, proverb.
- of القرام) s. m. Dwelling, station, place, post, or office, site, a place of residence or encamping, residence. State, dignity, condition. Halting of an army. Occasion, opportunity. maqām guftgū kā na thā, There was no occasion to speak. A musical tone. maqām k., To encamp, halt, stay, put up. (Plur. Sittings, conversations held at sittings or assemblies). Musical modes, of which there are twelve.
- A. مقامر muqāmir, (part. act. III. of مقامر)
  A dice-player.
- s. m. Opposition, resistance, competition.
- افبر maqbara or maqbura or miq-bara, (noun of place of قبر) s.m. A burying-place, tomb, mausoleum.
- adj. Inclining towards, looking towards; favouring. Presperous, fortunate. Approaching, being near, arriving.
- مقبوض maqbis, part. pass. (of seized) Seized, taken possession of, held, occupied, conquered. Bound (in the belly). A styptic. maqbis-i-khātir, Absent in mind, distracted (in attention). Arab. fem.
- adj. Accepted, admitted, approved, received, acceptable, agreeable, grateful, taken in good part, agreed on. Chosen, elect. One of the faithful or elect. s. A mistress.
- ableness, agreement, Orthodoxy.

- a. مقتبی muqtabis, (part. act. VIII. of قبس) s. m. One who quotes, receives, acquires, borrows from another (light, fire, science, etc); a quoter. muqtabas, (part.pass.) Quoted, borrowed.
- pass. VIII. of قدر) adj. Followed imitated, imitable.
- adj. Powerful, strong.
- a. مقتدى muqtadī, (part. act. viii. of قدر) s. m. Follower, imitator.
- مقترب مقترب. A. مقترب muqtarab, (part. pass. viii. of قرب ) Brought near (in order to perform a promise, etc.), approached. (Plur. مقتربين muqtarabīn).
- adj. Summary. A compendium.
- pass. VIII. of قضى adj. Exacted, required, demanded; (subst.) Exigence, requisition, demand, necessity, expediency. adv. Conformable, according to.
- A. مقتضى muqtaņī, (part. act. VIII. of قضى) adj. Exacting, demanding, requiring, urging. muqtaṣṣ̄, See
- a. مقتل maqtal, (noun of place of execution. The place of death, i. e. any part of the body, from disease or a wound in which death must follow.
- adj. Killed, slain. s. m. (Poet). A lover. maqtūl o majrūh. Killed and wounded. [killed, killing.
- A. P. مقتولي maqtūl-ī, s. f. The being
- هقدار .ه. miqdar, (قدر) s. m. Quantity, weight, magnitude, measure,

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size, dimension, space, number.

Amount (جمع) Rate, settled allowance. Measure (قلدازة) (Math.)

A quantity. miqdār-ī-majhūl, (Alg). An unknown quantity. miqdār-i-marūf, (Alg.) A known quantity.

- A. مقدر muqaddar, (part. pass. II. of فار) adj. Predestined, decreed by God, fatal. Understood (subst.) Fate, destiny. ¶ muqaddir (part. act.) Predestining; (subst.) The deity (as predestinator).
- A. سكف muqaddas, (part. pass. 11. of فلس) adj. Holy, congecrated, hallowed. بيت المقلس baitu-l-muqaddas, Jerusalem. ¶ maqdis (noun of place.) A holy place. kitāb-i-muqaddas, s. f. Holy Scripture.
- A. لاسكان muqaddas-a, adj. f. Holy (woman), &c.
- Antecedent, before, prior, preceding; major proposition of a syllogism; s.m. The advanced guard, superior, a chief, a leader. A village head. A title of respect among villagers. muqaddam jānnā, To prefer, consider preferable (over). muqaddam honā, To precede or to be first, or most binding. ¶ maqdam (noun of place or time) s.m. Arrival.
- muqaddamāt, s. The premises, requisites, preparations, arrangement. plur. of مقلمة
- going before) s. m. The first part. Preamble (to a speech), prelude, introduction, preface (to a book), preliminary. Cause or suit (in law). The premises (in an argument). Business. Subject (bāb), affair, matter, topic, thesis, case, proceedings, prosecution (Less) muqaddama banānā, v. a. To get up a case. muqaddamā jītnā or hārnā, v. n. To win or lose one's cause or case. muqaddama kharā k. To institute a suit, prosecute.

- muqaddama larānā, v.a. To go to law, conduct a suit. مقدمة الجيش muqaddimatu-l-jaish, The advanced guard of an army.
- s. m. (dakh. s. f.) Power, capacity (majāl), ability, possibility. Means, rescurces. Presumption. Merā kyā maqdūr thā? should I have the presumption? maqdūr bhar, a. h. tā-ba-maqdūr, p. a. hatt-al-maqdūr, a. adv. To the best of one's power or ability, with all one's might. (Plur.
- s. m. A residence, station, place of rest. I muqir, part. act. (IV.) Establishing, confirming, settling (affairs); one who fixes or establishes. Confessing, admitting, professing; confessor, professor, declarer, affirmer, assertor. muqir, s. m. One who admits a claim, or confesses a crime; one who pleads guilty. muqir h., To confess, admit (iqrār k.) muqir honā, To confess, avow.
- مقراض مه miqrās, (noun of instrument, of قرض) s. f. Scissors, shears.
- A. بقرب adj. Approximated, allowed to approach, admitted. (subst.) Intimate friend, or associate, favourite, relation, attendant. muqarrabu-l-has-rat, The king's relations, blood royal. muqarrabu-l-khidmat, Confidential servant. (Pers. plur. مقربان).
- adj. Established, fixed, settled, ascertained, certain, infallible, unquestionable; appointed, employed; adv. Certainly, unquestionably (zurūr), assuredly, positively. Aj wuh muqarrar āenge. muqarrar karnā. To fix, &c. hissa muqarrar k., v. a. To assign or allot shares. (Fem. 8, 3...)
- appointed. s. f. A fixed stipend, an appointment. A fixed lease, quit rent. adv. Certainly.

- مقرض » muqarras, part. pass. 11. of قرض adj. Cut, shredded (as with scissors).
- a. مقروض maqrū, (part. pass. of adj. Lent. Indebted. Cut.
- A. قرقه maqrāqa, (part. pass. fem. of قرق) adj. Seized, sequestered, attached in law, confiscated (effects, goods).
- adj. Near, conjoined, connected, related. Having close eye brows.
- a. مقرى muqrī, (part. act. iv. of قرأ s. m. One who causes to read.
- portion. ¶ maqsim (noun of place) A place of partition. ¶ muqsim, part. act. (IV.) Swearing (by God). ¶ muq
  - sam (part. pass. IV.) s. m. An oath. A place where they swear. ¶ muquesim, part. act. (II.) Dividing, distributing, dispersing. ¶ muquesam (part. pass. II) adj. Divided. Having a beautiful (face). Beautified.
- A. pass. II. of adj. Distributed, allotted, divided; s. m. Portion, lot. Fate, destiny. H. batā ānk, (田豆山) (Arith.) The dividend. maqsām kā likkhā, What is written in one's fate, predestination. maqsām-ālaih, H. bāṭne-wālā, (田田山) (Arith.). The divisor. maqsām-alaih-āgm, H. barā bātne-wālā, (田田山) 可用 (Arith.) The greatest common measure.
- مقشر muqashshar, (part. pass. II. of عشر) adj. Barked, skinned, peeled, shelled; husked (rice).
- A. كفي maqsad (قصد) s. m. Intention, design, meaning, purpose, purport, object, scope, desire, wish, end (قمار). Any place of destination. maqsad bar ānā, or h., To gain one's wish, attain one's object.

- adj. Deficient, defective.
- A. مقصول maqend, (part. pass. (of نصل)
  Intended, proposed; s. m. Intent, parpose. See مقصد maqead.
- A. قصورة maqsāra, (part. pass. fem. of قصر) Restricted, abbreviated, abridged, diminished. alif-i-maqsāra, The short a.
- مقط miqatt, (noun of instrum. of فط ) s. m. A piece of bone or bamboo on which writing-reeds or pens are nibbed.
- A. مقطر muqattir, part. act. (П. of نظر)

  Distilling, trickling, dropping. ¶ muqattar (H. tapkāyā huā,) (part. pass.)

  adj. Distilled. Dropped, dripped.
- (مقاطع maqta\*, (pl. مقطع . (noun of place or inf. from قطع) The last line or verse of a poem in which the writer introduces his nom de plume. magte kā band. The chorus of a song. Cutting, amputating. The place of separation. The pass of a river. A pause in the Quran. A cesura or pause in reading verse. ¶ miqta\* (noun of instrum.) Shears for cutting cloth, silver, &c., a cutting instrument in general. muqatta (part. pass. II.) adj. Bolemn, serious. Cut, cut out, shaped, cut to a smaller size. Well dressed, well shaped, beautiful. kyd muqatta serat hai! muqatta dārhī. A beard cut according to the Mah. shara.
- مقطعات muqatta'at, s. m. plur. (of مقطع) Small forms of verse or small cuts of cloth.
- A. Kusa muquba, H. P. singerden. s. m A dressing case. Muqaba koi khol missi lagae. Labon par dhazi koi epne jumae. Mir Hasan.
- A. مقعل mag'ad, (noun of place from مقعل) s. f. A place to sit on, resting. A seat, chair, carpet, cushion. A place of residence. A chamber in

which male guests or visitors are received. The hips. The anus, podex, fundament.

Muqaar, (H. gahrā) (part. pass.

II. of نعر) adj. Excavated, hollow, concave, deep, profound.

A. (i. of jais part. pass.)

11. of jais) adj Measured (prose).

(subst.) An oration rhythmically composed (prose). muqaffā o musajjā. Metrical and rhymed.

A. القفل muqaffal, (part. pass. II. of dis) adj. Locked.

A. عقل muql, s. Bdellium. (In Hind. وكال gūgal).

مقلب muqallib, part. act. (11. of قلب) Turning, turner, converter.

مقلد ماقه muqallad, (part. pass. II. of كالة). A person imitated or represented. ¶ muqallid, s. m. A disciple, follower. adj. Counterfeited, imitated.

A. به مقاوب مقاوب

s. ma The magnet, loadstone.

instr. from ¿ii) s. m. A veil of muslim or other cloth worn over the head and reaching almost to the ground. (Chiefly, applied to a bride's veil).

A. مقنع miqna'a, s. m. See عنده maqna".

A. كارة maqūla, (part. pass. fem. of الرقاع) adj. Said, repeated over and over ag in. s. m. A maxim, saying, adage (masala), proverb, aphorism. A quotation. (Arab. plur.

A. مقوم muqauwim, (part. act. 11. of قوم) adj. Rightly disposing, adjusting, directing, fixing a price.

adj. Strengthening, invigorating. Corroborating, fortifying. muqauwī-i-bāh. A specific for increasing venery, an aphrodidiac. muqauwī-i-badan (in medicine) Restorative. muqauwī-i-dil, (Med.) Cardiac. muqauwī-i-dimūgh, Cephalic. muqāuwː-i-kabid, Hepatic. muqauwī-i-mɪ'da, Tonic, a stomachic. muqauwā (part. pass. II.) Strengthened; s. m. A case, especially one of a circular oblong shape, in which rolls of papers are carried. Confirming, comforting.

adj. Conquered, subdued, disturbed, oppressed, distressed, vexed.

A. مقياس miqyās, (noun of instrum. of قيس s.m. The style of a dial, gnomon, the hand of a watch, &c... The Nilometer in Egypt. miqyās-ul-hurāfat, H. garmī-nāp. A thermometer. miqyās-ul-mā, H. pānī-nāp. A hydrometer. miqyās-ul-mausim. H. pavan-nāp. A barometer. A measure.

adj. Powerful, a guardian, keeper, feeder or nourisher.

adj. Diligent, attentive, earnest, fixed, bound, fettered, in chains, imprisoned, confined (pāband), strict, dedicated to, addicted, noted, signed, registered.

v. مقیش muqqaish, s.m. Brocade (gold or silver thread).

v. مقیشی muqqaish-ī, adj. Brocaded.

a. مقيم muqīm, (part. act. iv. of وم or مقيم stood). adj. Residing, sta-

tioned, staying, remaining, fixed, preserving, assiduous; s. m. Resident, inhabitant: appraiser, broker. A wholesale greengrocer.

adj. Emetio or vomitive, (a medicine).

- g.  $k \cdot \bar{a}$ , (刊刻和1) s. m. A thump, a blow with the fist, buffet. ¶ (dakh.) See mukh.
- g. K. mukkā, adj. (dakh.) Dumb.
- A. کبر mukāhara, (inf. 111. of کبر)
  s. m. Haughtiness, contention.
- a. سكاتبت mukātabat, (inf. 111. of كتب) s. f. Corresponding by letters.
- A. مكاتيب makātīb, s. plur. of
- A. کر makkār, s. m. (adj. superl. of مگر) A cheat,
  a. امکر makkāra, s. f. a knave, im-
- A. 8, & makkāra, s. f. ) a knave, impostor. adj. deceitful, insidious, artful. A worthless fellow.
- A. امکروه makārih, s plur. (of امکروه)

  Hated or abominable things.
- A. P. مگری makkār-ī, s. f. Fraud, deceitfulness, roguery, artifice.
- A. مفشلت mukāshafa, (ink III. of سند عند s. m. Displaying, disclosure.
- A. كفى mukāfāt, (inf. III. of كفى sufficient) s. f. Recompense, a compensation, retribution, retaliation, requital. Reparation (badlā) mukāfāt men, By way of reparation, as. mukāfāt men dena, v. a. To indemnify.
- A. فال سلام makān, (noun of place of being) (خانه s. m. A place, station, dwelling, room, abode, home. (Plur. سلام) makān-dār, Owner of a place (vulg.) The faq r who occupies any particular station. A watchman.
- H. گائی makā'ī, s. f. Maize, or Indian corn.
- A. مگلید makā'jd, s. plur. (of عکیدة)
  Frauds, cheats, snares.
- adj. Magnifying; one who magnifies (God, saying الله اكبر allāh akbar).
- a. www. (共而) s. m. A pearl.

- or mukti (मृक्ति) s. f. Release, remission, relief, escape (chhukkārā), pardon, absolution from sin, salvation, deliverance of the soul from the body and exemption from further transmi-
- gration. (ATT) adj. Released, absolved, freed from corporeal existence, finally happy. mokth, H. mochh, Absolution, salvation, deliverance of the soul from the body and exemption from further transmigration.
- A. with maktab, (noun of place of with maktab, (noun of place of place for teaching writing, as distinguished from a madrisa. A Mah. school. A feast given by the partite when a boy is first sent to school. maktab-khānā, A school.
- A. مكتفى muktafi, adj. (part. act. VIII. of كفال Turning down (a vessel). (part. act. VIII. of كفى) Content, having enough.
- wrote) adj. Written. s. m. A letter (chitthi), epistle, a writing. A collection of letters generally pasted one to the other, forming a long roll. maktāb-ilaih, s. m. The addressee. drawee. (Plur. makātīb and maktābāt).
- مكتوبى maktūb-ī, adj. Epistolary,
- A. مكتوم makisim, (part. pass. of كتم adj. Concealed, hid.
- M. white make, mike or muke, s. Delay. Staying, making a stay.
- a. مکی mik'hal, (noun of instrum. of s. m. The instrument with which collyrium is applied to the eyes.
- adj. Coloured with collyrium (the eye).
- a dj. Muddy; turbid (gadlā), sullen, gloomy, troubled, afflicted, disturbed, vexed, displeased.

s. (dakh.) A kind of wooden wooden mukdhar, and instrument (perhaps same as ملار mugdar, which see). In another passage, however, compared with مراكة mukkhi.

machination, deceit, evasion, imposture, artifice. Malice, malignity. Pretence, colour, sham, disguise; cheating. makr chāndnī, Faint moon light (subhikāsib). makr-āmes, adj. Deceitful, fallacious. makar chākar, s. m. Fraud and subterfuge, artifice.

mukarrar. (part. purs. II. of repeating) adj. Repeated; twice, again. Highly rectified or purified mukarrar karnā, To repeat.

مرم mukarram, (part. pass. II. of ) adj. Venerable, noble, illustrious, honoured, respected. mukarram-i-banda, Honorable sir.

Monour, glory, nobleness, respectability, generosity, grace, beneficence.

H. مكرنا mukarnā, (perhaps from A. (See inkār k.) v. a. To deny, belie, go back from one's word.

mukri, s. f. A kind of short poem of frequent use in the Braj dialect, the peculiarities of which are these. It consists of four lines, each composed of four trochees. In the three first the speaker, a female, appears to talk of her lover; but, on the question being put by a friend, applies the whole to some other object. Hence the name from muharnā. To deny. Amīr khusro is said to have

been the inventor of the Mukri. The following is an example.

بات چلت مرو انچرا گہے میری سنے نہ اپنی کہے نہ ان کچھ مو سوں جھگڑا جھانٹا کیوں سکھی کانٹا کیوں سکھی کانٹا

Bāṭ chalat miro anchrā gahe; merī sune na apnī kuhe. Nā kuchhu mo son jhagrā jhāntā; kyūn sakhī sajjan? nā sakhī kūntā. As I went along the road, he seized my robe; neither heard what I said, nor made any reply. In short we had not the smallest dispute. Who, friend, your lover? No, friend, a thorn.

هکری P. مکری makr-i, adj. Deceitful.

g. निक्त makrā, (मक्टि) s. m. A kind of grain. A spider.

काक्षां, (मर्कटी or मर्कटक) سکڑی ہے

s. f. A spider. makṛī kā jālā (मর্কারীআন্ত) A spider's web; a cobweb;
hence, (met.) any thing very fine and slender.

to lower the price in buying, iniquity, defrauding, collecting a tenth or a tax, tribute.

A. مكسر mukassar, (part. pass. 11. of كسر) adj. Broken. The imperfect plural in Arabic, Cubic.

adj. A letter marked with the vowel kasra or ser. (). Broken, cut. A bone covered with little flesh. A fraction (in arithmetic). Fem.

a d j. Revealed, disclosed, open, detected, discovered.

adj. Secured by bond, &c., pledged. Hypothecated, bailed (marhan).

- A. مكف mukallaf, (part. pass. 11. of كافف) adj. Decorated, ornamented. Exquisitely wrought, done with great pains and care, elaborate: busied, occupied with care. Excellent, elegant. Al mukallaf, yours obediently. ¶ mukallif (part. act.) adj. Putting to inconvenience or trouble.
- a. مكل mukallal, (part. pass. 11. of كل) adj. Crowned, adorned with jewels.
- H. " white makmakāt, s. f. (dakh.)
  The exhalation of fragrance.
- m. Ukako makmakana, v. n. (dakh.) To exhale agreeable smells, to be fragrant: see
- adj. Perfect, complete, fitted with every requisite, accomplished. Most excellent. [Power, might
- A. wiknat or muknat, s. f.
- s. with mukund, (共五元) s. m. A name of Vishnu. One of Kuvera's nidhis or divine treasures.
- adj. Concealed, secret, hidden. durr-imaknūn, A pearl (large and valuable).
- makorā, s. m. A large black ant.
- مرک می makkūk, s. A measure said to be equal to light or, equal to 3 and each kailaja = to light of the lie and each manā = to 2 مطل ratl. A weaver's shuttle.
- plant, solanum rubrum. [see
- н. مکوی mako'e, s.m. Sarsaparilla:
- 8. 如 m u k h, (刊句) (Poet. mukhrā)
- s. m. The mouth, the face منه munh!)

  nukh-bher, or mukh-bhir, adj. (dakh.)

  Opposite, in front; see سقابل\* mukhtāl, s. m. A chorus. mukherā. A

  muzzle.

- A. & makka, s. m. Mecca in Arabia.
- s. Ugw makhānā, (मदाञ) s.m. Name of a plant. (Euryale ferox). The fried seed of the water lily.
- g. 声如 mukhṛā, (ңख) s. m. The mouth, the face.
- e. مکهری makhri, s. f. (dakh.) 800
- s. who makkhan or makkan (Poet mänkhan) (मन्यज or न्रक्षण or मुझण) s. m. Butter.
- H. Lighto makhnā, s. m. A kind of elephant which has no tusks. A cock without spurs.
- ful, strong, mighty, violent: a grandee, chief; a bully.
- mukhand-panā, s. m. (dakh). Power-fulness, might.
- red or black ant, any ant of a large size.
- H. wakhūn, s. (dakh). A bug.
- इ. क्रिका makkhi or makhi, (मक्षिका) s. f. A fly. The sight of a gun. makkhi urānā, To flatter or perform servile offices for any one. To have ulcers on the body (so as to be constantly employed in driving away the flies from them). To be a good marksman (so as to hit a fly with a ball or arrow). makkhī jhalnā, to have vertereal ulcers. makkhī-chāz, A miser, niggard, skinflint, lit. One who would suck a fly rather than lose any of the liquor into which it fell. makkhi mer, A fly killer. A dirty, filthy fellow. One who exactly copies every mistake, blot, etc. of the original. makkli mārnā, To idle, be unemployed, tride, to fool.
- مكى makk-i, adj. Of or from Mecca.
- مكى makki-jo'ar, مكى جارى. الله makki-jo'ar, مكئى

- s. Indian corn, maize, Zea mays, makkā hai dudhyā! young and tender maise ho!
- مکید makidat, (inf. from کید)

  e. f. Deceiving, defrauding, insnaring
- P. مکیده makida, part. pass. (of مکیدی)
  Sucked, having sucked.
- a. مكن makin, (part. from مكن)
  s. m. f. Master of the house, inhabitant. adj. Firmly fixed.
- TEL. L. mugjā, adj. (dakh.) Musty.
- become musty or spoiled (grain?).
- mugdar (मृद्धार or मृद्धार) s. A mallet; a club used to exercise with in the manner of dumb bells.
- only, if it is not, but, however, in case (par). [gator, crocodile.
- a. , magar, (मकार) s.m. An alli-
- g. مگر magar-machh, (मक्तरमस्य) s. m. A pendant in an earring. See g. [a house).
- عرى . ي magri, s. f. (dakh.) Roof (of
- P. Le majas, s. f. A fly. A kind of Indian corn. A freckle. majas-rān. A fly-flap. magas-rān-ī. Driving away flies.
- adj. Immersed; delighted, pleased, glad, happy, joyful, satisfied.
- rel. We mugnā, v. n. (dakh.) To become musty (as grain). [tell not.
- P. مگر ma-jū, 2d. pers. sing. Say not,
- s. Leonis, Regulus. Name of the tenth mansion of the moon, a Leonis, Regulus.
- H. muzgham, adj. Secret, hidden.
- اا. مگنی maghan, adj. Odoriferous.

- P. J. mul, s. m. Wine, liquor.
- H. J. mal, s. m. (HE) An affix to Hindu names. mal'ji, Huzāri mal. s. m. A form of address to a Hindu gentleman. A merryandrew.
- bly (of people). A plenum, space filled or occupied by matter. k! ulā wu malā Vacunm and plenum. Void space and occupied space.
- maulā, s. m. (corrupt. of maulā). A Mah. village schoolmaster, who has also charge of the village mosque, and sometimes acts as butcher, a doctor, professor. (corrupt.
  - ed (in Arabic). A Mah. jurist, a parish priest. A judge, the deputy of a Qāzī. An orthodox or bigot.
- A. البسك mulābasat, (inf. 111. of لبس) s. f. The mixing together of a transaction, dissimulation.
- s. f. (dakh. s. m.) Agreement, reconciliation, accommodation, mixing, coalescence, combination, union, concord, understanding, adjustment of differences, pacification, visit, meeting.
- s. m. A bostman, a sailor, mariner, seamsn (khevaiyā) waterman. A manufacturer of salt.
- heing salt. Being good, agreeable. Elegancy, Beauty, excellence. A rich brown complexion.
- Iufidels, atheists, heretics.
- A. dis la mulahaga, (inf. 111. of bal)
  - s. m. Looking at, contemplating, observation, consideration, (often used for reading), inspection, view, notice, regard. (lihāz). mulāḥaza kā ādmī. An affable or courteous person. mulāḥaza k. To view, inspect closely, examine. To regard with luvour.

- A. P. mallaḥ-ī, s. f. The business of a mallah. navigation, seamanship. Boat-fare, Mallahi yali. Abusing one without naming him. Mallahi hāth, s. m. swimming hand over hand, or as a dog swims.
- الول mality, (noun of place of الول) s. m. An asylum, refuge, protection.
- क malär or mallär, (महारी) s. f. Name of a rājiņī or musical mode sung during the rains.
- A. ojko mulāsim, (part. act. 111. of being necessary) adj. Assiduous, diligent, attentive, attached to. (subst.) A servant, follower, a constant, attendant. A supernumerary attached to an office without pay. lieutenant (in the army). A mate (in the navy). (Pers. plur. ملازمان or Arab. plur. ملازمین)
- مازمت. ساقة muläsamat, (inf. 111. of s. f. Assiduity, diligence, close attendance. Service, (met.) paying respects to a superior, attendance on.
- attendance.
- ملطف mulāṭafa, (inf. 111. of طفف) s. m. Courtesy, kindness, politeness, favour A letter or epistle.
- A. Lie mula aba, (inf. 111. of La) s. m. Mutual playing, joking, toying.
- ملعون mala'in, s. plur. of ملعون
- لقى mulāqāt, (inf. III. of قلت . القي visiting) s. f. Interview, meeting, visit, (bhet), conversation, encountering. Carnal intercourse mulaqat karni, To meet, encounter, visit.
- القي mulā jī, (part. act. III. of ملاقي) adj Meeting. mulāqī honā, To have interview with, to encounter.
- A. Jl. malāl, (Jl.) s. m. Sadness, grief, vexation, dejection (of mind), melancholy (اداسی)

- A. ساله malalat, (inf. from املل) s. f. Tiresomeness, vexation, andness, dejectedness.
- A. ملم malām, (معلم علم علم الم reprehension, rebuke, blame, accumtion, reviling.
- A. سده malāmat, (from محاسة blaming,) s. f. Represch, blame, rebake. mulamat karna. To reproach, to consure, to rebuke, reproof
- H. ... milān, s. f. Comparison. Adjustment. milan bojh, khas bojh, (Phys.) Specific gravity. milan mazar, (Ast.) Apparent size. [mulle; a fortune teller.
- 1. Ja mullän, s. m. (dakh). See 34
- 2. Ula malana, (causal of Ula) v.a. To cause to rub, grind or scour.
- g. lille milänä, (causal of lile) v.a. To mix, blend. To cause to meet, to bring together, join, attach, connect, adjust, accord, fit, unite, apply, introduce, cement, close, compare, reconcile, assimilate, agree, find, get, meet, visit. To act as a pimp. milā lenā, To draw over. ¶ mulana (मृल्य) v.a.

To appraise.

- A.H. ملأني mullā-ni or mullān-ni, s.l. The wife of a Mulla, a learned woman, a schoolmistress.
- 2. gla mila'o, (lile milai) a m. Mixture, mixing, admixture, commixture, composition, accord, unison, assimilation. Amalgamation, unnexation. Adulteration, alloy. Adjustment, reconciliation.
- 4. P. مالكى mullā-i, sl. Office or profession of mulla, doctorship. adj. Of or relating to a mulla.
- H. ملائى malā'i, a. l. (中國) Cream, eletted cream obtained from boiled milk by repeated coction and skimhorse, etc.
- H. ملائي malāi, s. f. Rubbing down a
- A. كالك malä'ik,
- A. ملك malā'ika, ( شكله malak, Angels.

- adj. Soft, tender, gentle, fill, affable. Agreeable or conforming to, just, equitable. mulā'im karnā, v. a. To soften, to mollify. mulā'i m honā, v. n. To become soft, to soften, to relent.
- ملب mulabbab, (part. pass. 11. of بالمان) adj. Brimful.
- ملبس mulabbas, (part. pass. 11. of لبس) adj. Clothed, clad, dressed.

  Mixed, confused.
- A. ملبوس malbās, (part. pass. of different malbās) adj. Clothed. (subst.) Clothes (which have been worn), garment. (Plur. malbāsāt).
- ملت millat, (ملن) s. f. Religion, faith. Religious belief (مذهب) · A nation, people. milla kā ādmi, s. m. A co-religionist. Society. Friendship.
- multān i, s.f. Name of a rāgiņi or musical mode. adj. ()f Multān. multānī maṭṭī, s.f. Armenian bole (lst. earth of Multān). Yellow ochre, the yellow oxyde of iron.
- a المجالة multajā, (part. pass. ١١١١. of علية) s.m. An asylum, a protector.
- A. ماتجى multaj;, part. act. (viii. of Lest) Taking refuge with or having recourse to; a supplicant. Petitioner.
- adj. Constrained, compelled, necessarily following, convicted, attached to. A tenant, a farmer; a toll-gatherer.
- adj. Paying regard to, shewing respect to, turning the head to

- look (at), inclined (towards), attentive (to), having regard.
- ملتمس multumis, part. act. (VIII. of Louching) Begging, praying, supplicating. A petitioner.
- ملتوى adj. Bent, oblique, distorted, orooked; delayed, postponed, adjourned, pending, protracted.
- s. m. An asylum, retreat, place of refuge, security, support.
- unclean race, those who make no distinction between clean and unclean food, a barbarian or one speaking any language but Sanskrit and not subject to the usual Hindu institutions.
- ableness.
- s. m. A heretic, unbeliever, one who demies the resurrection, a deist, an apostate. An infidel (kājir), a free thinker. (Arab. plur. mulhidīn).
- adj. Joined, added, annexed (متصل) adj. Joined, added, annexed (متصل) a t tributed, coherent, touching, belonging to, adhering adjunct. Arab. fem. مقطعه Joined (thing or matter), adjoined, appendix. Adopted.
- adj. (abz) glanced at. Looked at kindly, observed with love. Contemplated, considered; regarded, respected.
- P. ala malakh, s. m. A locust.
- A. ملذن mulagrag, (part. pass. 11. of نار)
  Adj. Delicious.
- adj Convicted, convinced confuted, blamable. Accused, chirged. Conjoined, annexed, inseparable.

- A. ملزوم malzūm, (part. pass. of adj. Inseparable, necessarily connected, affixed, belonging to.
- H. malsūt, s. (dakh) Crane (for raising goods), hand-vice, cock (of a cistein).
- العن mal'ūn, (part. pasa. of ملعون) adj. Cursed, accarsed, excommunicated, execrated, detestable, driven out of society. s. m. An imp, a little devil. (Fem. ملعونه)
- malghobā, (corrupt. of s. m. Emitting saliva. Entrails, guts, etc. Matter from a sore, pus. Sweepings, rubbish. A thick infusion. Name of a dish (māsh (pulse) mixed with dahi).
- A. bjel malfüz, (part. pass. of bel wrapping) s. Thing uttered, spoken or expressed; annals. The saying of a saint or spiritual guide.
- A. سفوف malfūf, (part. pass. of سفاوف) adj. Wrapped up, involved, folded up, enclosed; the enclosure in a letter, &c. Collected, gathered.
  - A. Läle mulaqqub, (part. pass. 11. of صقاً) adj. Surnamed, nicknamed. Entitled, called.
  - A. Libo mulk, s. m. A country, state, territory, kingdom, realm, region, land, reign, sovereignty, dominion. pl. mumālik. mulk-dār-ī, s. f. Mominion, empire, government, ruling mu.k-rān-ī, s. f. Sovereignty, absolute sway. mulk-sitān-i, s. f. Conquest. mulk-gir-i, s. f. Conquest. territorial conquest, annexation, sovereignty, political affairs. I malak, ملك الموت s. m. An angel maluku-l maut. The angel of death, lerā'l. ¶ mik, s. f. Possession, estate, dominion, property, right. Landed property, rent free-land. Similar grants in money were styled vazifah milki, s m. A landed proprietr. milkiyat, s. f. Proprietory right in land Landed or real property (Plur. علان) و mali' s. m. ملک الشعرا ، (ماوکت Plur. کما

- maliku-sh-shu'arā. Prince of prets. malik-zāda, s. m. A prince, a king's son. malik-ut-tujjār, s. m. Prince d merchants, a title given to the chief merchant in a city. malik-wl-shore, li. Raj-! avī, s. m. The poet laureate, the best at a poetical competition like the Eisteddfod.
- A. Alle malika, s. f. A queen. melike. i-mu'aggama. The exalted queen.
- H. ملک n. aluk, sp prehension:

  II. الله malal āt, see وسواس
- A. تلکه mal'āt, plur. (of ملکه) Qualities, endowments.
- malkāṭ, s. f. (dakh.) Nauses at stomach, bile.
- A. wik t, s. f. Property, possession. ¶ mulkat, s. f. Kingdom.
- H. Lille maluknā, v. n. To walk like a chairman, &c. (trotting and raising the shoulders). To perk oneself, to strut (mata'nā). (dakh.) To feel a nausea, to be sick at stomach, to be bilious: see ليع اعتما
- ملكوت malkūt or malakūt, s 1. Spirits, angels, the world or hall of angels. Empire, dominion. The heavenly court, the kingdom of heaven.
- A. Ale malika, s. f. A queen. T malaka, s. m. Quickness of perception, strength of intellect, genius. Proficiency, mastery.
- H. malkham, s. The upright post in a sugar mill.
- milk-i, s. m. A farmer. ¶ mulk-i, adj. Civil, political. Relonging to one's country, of (one's) own country, national, provincial, indigenons. Relating to or of government. Political, civil. Native, domestic. ¶ malak-ī, ndj. Angelic. (fem. ملكية) Royal; orthodox. One who f lluws the religion of the king.
- ملكيت milt-syat, s. f. Property, possession, right.

- مليد . malak-iya, adj. Angelic.
- and blue. Brackish. Ruffled, rumpled. Soiled, not clean.
- A. Me milal, s. plnr. (of the millat.)
- A. علم mulamma\* (part. pass. 11. of shining, glittering) adj. Plated, gilt, covered with gold or silver, bright.
- (thing), coating (jhol); speciousness, imposition, plausible. A poem, the distichs of which are written in Persian and Arabic alternately.
- H. Muslin.
- from A. (H. mal, rub) (perhaps dish. Sad (udās).
- Decided (a dispute). malmet horā, To be rained, to perish. malmet karnā, To destroy, raze.
- g. Lil. malnā, v. a. (共元 to grind) To rub, apply friction to, rub up, grind, furbish, to tread on, to trample on, to anoint. To scrub. scour. To wring (one's hands). Hāth malnā, ghorā malnā, v. n. To rub down or grocm a horse. (共義子).
- g. النا milnā (मिलन or मिल) v. n. To be mixed, mingled, intermingled, commingled, amalgamated, blended or confounded, to blend, to touch (la, nā), meet, join, be met with, attain, occur, be got, associate, agree, to be unanimone, accord, fit, tally, to suit, (thik  $\bar{a}n\bar{a}$ ), to be joined, be united, (jurnā), become connected (with), coalesce, correspond, visit, wait upou To clasp, embrace. To combine together, collude. To coincide, consist with. To be reconciled. To resemble, to be like, bear resemblance to. To find  $(p \, \bar{a} \, n \, \bar{a})$ . To be shuffled together. Ganifo milnā. To come to hand. milnā julnā or milnā jhulnā. To meet cordially, to have unrestricted intercourse. mile jule rahnā. To live together in harmony, mil-kar rahnā. v. n. To live

- on good terms. milne ko janā, v. n. To go on a visit. milnā hilnā, v. n. To act together, coalesce, be together, join.
- s. milansār, (मिलन) adj. Civil, friendly, kind, familiar, intimate, convivial.
- علنسارى . ... milansār-ī, s. f. Sociableness, concord, agreement.
- tall robust fellow. A careless or inconsiderate person. A kind of Mahometan dervis, who lets the hair of his head grow to its full length, and leaves it uncut, uncombed and dishevelled. Name of a bird.
- a. Libo milwānā, (causal of Libo) v.a. To cause to mix, &c. ¶ malwānā (caus. of Libo) v.a. To cause to rub.
- علوت mal-wat, s. (dalh) Filth.
- ملک mulū!, s. plur. (دا ملک malik) Kings.
- A. P. Libe mulūk-āna, adj. Royal, princely.
- A. John malul (Ranjida) (part. pass. of bloom malul (Ranjida) (part. pass. of bloom malul (Ranjida) (part. pass. of bloom malul (lall)).

  dejected, grieved, melancholy, vexed, affected, fatigued, tired, languid. (dakh. also, mulol).
- ماول) s.m. Vexation, grief, affliction, regret. (dakh, also, malūlā).
- adj. Reproached, blamed.
- A. مارس mulauwan, (part. pass II. of dj. Coloured, variegated, distinguished by various colours.
- علانا miloni, (see الله milana) s. (dakh.) Admixture.
- A. Ala milla, s. m. Religion: see La

- على malhär, s. (dakh.) See على ملكور
- a. ملهتی mulhațți, (मूल Root)

(मध्यष्टि) s. f. Liquorice (jațți).

- Inspiring, inspirer. (fem. nulhima).

  ¶ "ulham, part. press. Inspired.
- a. mulhī, (part. act. iv. of الهو s. m. A jester, mimic, buffoon.
- عرلی multi, s. f. (dakh.) See مولی mul-i.
- Name of a country) s. m. A small vessel of wo d, or of the shell of a cocon-nut, for holding the oil used in inunction or embrocation. mulyā-meṭ. Rubbed out, effeced. Ruined, destroyed. Hushed, quashed (a quarrel, etc.).
- adj. An infidel. (Wom.) A glutton. mulechh bhānhā. A Hindi jargon, containing a large admixture of Persian and Arabic. See
  - adj. (H. sānolā) Nut-brown. Agreeable, sweet, charming, good, beautiful.
  - malida, or مليد malida, A fine woulden cloth, made of Kashmir lamb's wool. See ماليدة
  - عاد ان mals maidān, adj.
    Apparent, public.
  - ملین mulaiyin, part. act. (II. of لین) Softening, emollient, laxative, lenitive, aperient; mollifier.
- male-wār, (मरुप्वाट) n. عليوار . و male-wāri, prop. Malabar.
- Death, the state of death.
- ماس مهاس mamāns, (noun of place from مهاس) s. Place of contact, tangent.

- ماست mumāssat, (inf. 111. of س عسر) 8. f. Touch.
- A. سماطلت mumāṭalal, (inf. III. of odd) s. f. Putting off, differing (payment of a debt).
- Mingdoms, provinces,

  States, countries. manifik-i-makrise,
  Protected provinces. mar ārik i-magirib-i- o shimāl-i, The North-Western
  Provinces. N. W. P. mamālsk-i-majeswasa, adj. Ceded Provinces.
- mumina'at, (inf البراء forbade) s. f. Prohibition, hinderance, restriction.
- عانى ها سمانى بالمانى ها سمانى بالمانى بالمانى ساسى mumānī wife: عوم بالمانى ساسى ممانى ساسى ممانى ساسى عورت ساسى maniyā-sās.
- مناز ه. معتاز معتاز mumtās, (part. pass. VIII. of odistinguished) adj. Distinguished; chosen, illustrious, exalted, eminent. Select, separate, distinct.
- striking) Trying, proving, examining, weighing (words). (God) opening and displaying (the heart of man). An experienced or skilful man, s.m. An examiner, auditor. mumtakin-i-kimiyā, n. A chemicul examiner. I mumtakan, part. pass. Tried, proved, experienced. s.m. An Examinee.
- A. Jiso mumtadd, part. pass. (VIII. of Ju) Extended, prolonged.
- A. مثلی mumtali, (part. act. VIII. of
  - L.) adj. Filled, replete, heaped up.
- A. منت mumtana", (part. pass. VIII. of منت) adj. Prohibited, forbidden; impossible Refusing access to auother, Rejecting, abstaining from.

- extending) s. m. An assistant (\*āthī), a helper. An extender, protracter.
- prai sed) adj. Praised, celebert sed) adj. Praised, celebert sed, laudable; commendable, above mentioned, aforesaid. s. m. The hero of a poem. الله الله ilaih. Above cited, aforementioned. Arab. plur. ممدوحين mamduḥ-in.
- الملاول المالية mamdād, m (part. pags. pags. pags. of مداول المالية mamdāda, f. of مداول adj. Prolonged, long, extended alif mamdādu. The long ā.
- s. m. Account, cause. I mamarr (noun of place from ) s. m. Passage, pass, transit, ford.
- المريز. ممريز. معريز. معريز. معريز. معريز. هميز
- 1. رمزج mamzūj, part. pass. (of رمزج)
  Mixed, tempered.
- holding fast) s. m. A miser, a niggard. adj. Retaining, retentive. Stingy.
- A. P. مسكى mumsi':-ī, s. f. Stinginess, avarice.
- ma sūkh, (part. pass. of ma sūkh, (part. pass. of ma sūkh, (part. pass. of ed into a more deformed shape (especially men into animals).
- adj. Tangible, touched. Furious.
- A. مكن mumkin, (Hone-jog) (part. act. IV. of مكن being possible) adj. Possible, practicable. Plur. mumkināt,

- Production ممكن الحصول Production Production Production Accessible. Accessible capable of being product ured, attainable. عمكن الوصول (B. honhâr). Possible to happen.
- mamlukat or mamlakat,

  (inf. from مملکت) s. f. Sovereignty,

  dominion, country, province, district,
  possession, region, kingdom; grandeur, power.
- adj Filled, full, replete. Indisposed with repletion.
- pass. of Lie) adj. Possessed, in one's power. (subst) A purchased slave or a captive, a Mamluc. mamluku o mambusa, adj. Purchased and possessed.
- منے mamnu<sup>a</sup>, (part. pass. of منے of forbidding, repelling.) adj. Prohibited, restrained, forbidden. Illicit, contraband. (Fem. همنوعه)
- adj. Obliged, receiving a favour, favoured. Pleased, rejoiced. glad. Grateful, thankful. momnūn k. v.a. To oblige one mumnūn h.v.n. To be under an obligation. To be thankful.
- H. mano ā, s. m. Twist, wreath.

  Ache, pain (particularly, in the bowels).
- P. Isa mamolo, (A. sāvah) s. m. A Pied wegtail. (Motacilla).
- ള. ممیاساس कamiyā.sās, (मात्रो-यथश्रु) s. f. Husband or wife's maternal nunt.
- g. المياسسيم mamiyā-susur or -sasur, (मातुङीयश्वश्रार) s.m. Husband or wife's maternal uncle.
- H. J. Mamirā, s. m. Cor. of P. mamīrān. A medicine for the dimness of the eye.

- मात्रिंगिय) a d.j. Relating to the maternal uncle; as, mamerā bhā'ī, Mother's brother's son. cousin. mamerī bahin, Mother's brother's daughter. Niece
- H. באבווו mimiyānā, v. n. (मीम to sound). To bleat (as a goat). See
- A. ميز mumaiyiz, part act. (۱۱. of ميز)

  Distinguishing, separating, discriminating. ¶ mumaiyaz, part. pass. Separated, distinguished.
- A. P. مميزى mumaiyiz-ī, s. f. Disecrimination.
- s. man, (HT to think) s. m. Mind, heart, soul, spirit, inclination. Con-Consideration, attention. science. (비터) A measure of weight cf general use in India, usually 40 seers or over 80 lbs., but varying in value in من بهانا .different places; a maund v. n. To be agreeable to the mind; adj. Grateful to the mind; (subst.) A sweetbeart, mistress. man bhana mundiyā hilānā, To shake the head at what one approves of, to pretend to refuse that which one secretly desires. man-bhāwan, or man-bhāwnā, Acceptable, agreeable, pleasant, amusing, charming, see man-bhana. man-bher. One naund. As much as one desires. mun-bharnā. he sated (ji bharnā). man-To amuse or divert the mind. man pāran, Confidence, satisfiction of mind. mun-chor, Heart-stealer.

(मन: कांमना) Desire, man-kāmnā wish, man lānā. To fix the mind upon, be attentive, apply to. man-lagan, Mindattachment, heart-engaging. man-mar ruhnā, To suffer grief with patierce. manmārnā, To resist one's own inclination, be grieved or troubled in mind. man-man, s. m. Heart's desire, choice. man-mānā, or man-māntā, adj. Agreeable, pleasing, satisfactory, to one's heart's wish or content. s. m. A mistress, sweetheart. man nane, As the mind may desire (khāļur-khuah). man hin man, In the very soul. manior \

- man (HO) s. f. m. A gem, a jowel.

  Kāle kā man, man-mohan, adj. Heartravishing. mani (HA) s. m. A hely

  man, a sage, manu (HA) The legislator and saint, the son of Brahmā or
  a personification of Brahmā himself,
  the creator of the world and pregeniter
  of mankind, &c. the code of laws
  attributed to Manu.
- A نو سه in, prep. From, of, fcr, on, than, by. المعنى بعد Afterwards, after, hereafter, a presently; never, in no shape. من وعن min-wa-an, adv. Circumstantially. ¶ man, pron Who! he who, whoever. من رآنى man raānī. Who has seen me?
- P. o man, pron. I, me.
- mann s. m. The name of a weight (Forty ser).
- H. U. mannā, v. n. (See U.) To be invoked. To be soothed, propitisted.
- A. منات manāt, An idol of the Arabs before they became Muhammadans.
- a. مناجات munājāt, (inf. 111. of جَرِ)

  s. f. Prayer, supplication. Acting or speaking privately with another. Hymns.
- nidā) s. f. Proclamation (daundi). آ munādī. (part. act. 111. of مذال عن) s. m. A proclaimer, herald, crier. munādā. The vocative case.
- (noun of place from by) s. m. A min.

  A. Sile manara, aret, turret, watch-tower, light-house. A candlestick, lamp, lanthorn, pharos. A march-stone or boundary-mark, a way-stone or direction-post.

munāza'ut, (inf. 111. of s. f. Contest, controversy, liti-, altercation.

ons, stages, halting-places, inns, anseras.

adj. Proper, convenient, fit, suitable, becoming, expedient, ent, congruous, correspondent, mable, proportioned, agreeing quadrating, apposite. munāmb or samajhuā, v. n. To consider

munāsabat, (inf. 111. of

munāsib nahīn.

r or suitable.

licable.

i) s.f. Suitableness, fitness, rtion, connexion (lāg), relation, inship, accordance, correspondents, expediency, agreeess, analogy, comparison.

g closely) s. m. Disputation, st, dispute, discussion, contest, tentation, argument, debate.

is manāfi, s.m. (plur. of iis) Profit, advantage, gain. irplus proceeds or net profits of ate. manāfi, zā'id, n. Surplus manāfi, i-khām. s.m. Gross.

s. m. A hypocrite, an infidel, leist, an enemy. A dissembler.

in manāqib, s. plur. (of ii.) Virtues, abilities.

j) s. f. Virtue, ability, praise.

i. munāqasha, (inf. 111. of

munāqasha, (inf. 111. of

) s. m. Contention dispute

) s. m. Contention, dispute, ling. Entering minutely into ation with another.

manāl, (noun of place from or for منوال s.m. Profit,

place or means of gain: manner, mode.

ع. الناء manānā, (causal of الناء मानन) v. a. To persuade, prevail upon, bring round, cause to agree (to any thing), conciliate, propitiate, south, coax, assuage, appease, put in mind. To desire, long for. Ham to khudā se manāle hain. To invoke, call on God. munānā danānā, To appease, conciliate. To do, act, perform, make.

Aur āshiq purā rang raliyān manā'e. (Bakāwalī). And the lover passes his time in wanton gambols. ¶ minānā, v. a. (dakh.) causal of wie minnā.

- hood (a snake). To be offended or angry.
- منهی manāhī, (plur. of منهی from نهی prohibiting) s. f. Prohibited things; sins, crimes, prohibition.
- A. inlaid; inlaid work. munabbat-kār, An inlayer. munabbat-kār, s. f. Inlaying.
- منبتى . به munabbat-i, s. f. Inlaying: or, adj. Inlaid.
- a. بنبر mimbar, (noun of instr. of نبر) s. m. A pulpit, rostrum, a high-chair.
- A. buile mumbasit, (part. act. VII. of joicing. Having an open or cheerful countenance.
- A. عنب mambu<sup>s</sup>, (noun of place of cipi) s. m. A fountain, spring, source, origin, jet d'eau. A water-cut from a canal to a field.
- A. من بعد min bud, adv. Afterwards, hereafter. min-wa-un, adv. As it was, (jon-kā-toh).
- A. —ie minnat, s. f. An obligation, favour, entreaty, humble and earnest supplication. minnat k., 7. s. To

importune, make earnest supplication. minnat-kash, Under obligation, obliged.

- 2. ां mannat or manat, (मानित) s. f. Acknowledgment, assent. (H. A vow. Pālā kis kis m'nnā to vow). tarah tumben, jānī, Kaun mannat thī jo nahin māni? (Wom. Shanq). mannat manna, v. a. To vow, make a vow.
- A. A. muntaj or muntij, (part. pass. or act. IV. of i) adj. Deduced; (mbst.) A consequence. Producing, resulting in.
- A. Listic muntakhab, (part. pass. vin. of extracting, drawing) adj. Chosen, selected, choice, rare. Abstract, compendium. One of the gentry, yeh muntakhab ūdmī hai, s. Selection, plur.
- e. انتر mantar or mantra, (मन्त्र) s. m. 1. A charm  $(j\bar{a}du)$ , philter, spell, incantation. 2. Secret consultation, private advice. (mantr shāstar) A mystical or magical formula, the prayers or incantations of the Tantras, a division of the Vedas. (gur mants) Spiritual instruction. Counsel, advice. mantar phūnknā, parhnā, or mārnā, mantar parh-ke phūnknā, or chalēnā, v. s. charm, cast a spell, to read a spell or incantation (afsün k.). mantar-jantar (मन्त्रयन्त्र) Incantation, sorcery, exorcism.
- منترن mantraṇā, (मन्त्रणा) s. f. Ad-
- 2. Unite mantar-nā, v. (dakh.) To utter charms or spells, to exorcise.
- adviser, counsellor, king's minister; enchanter. Pradhān mantrī, A. Wasīri-asam, s. m. The prime minister. premier.
- A. منتشر muntashir, or muntashar, (part. act. or pass. VIII. of im spread) adj. Published, divulged, explained, dispersed, diffused, diffuse. Distracted, at a loss.

- muntazir, (part. act. viii. of saw) adj. Expecting with impatience, tarrying for, looking out for; subst. Expectant. hukm ke muntapir rahnā, v. n. To wait orders.
- A. منتظم muntagam, (part. pass. viii. d strung) adj. Ordered, arranged, placed in rows, joined together, threaded (as pearls, &c.). dispesed, adjusted. muntagim (part. act.) Orderer, disposer, arranger. s. m. A manager, superintendent. An eccno-
- A. عنتنم muntafia, (part. act. viii/sf عن) adj. Profiting, gaining, enjoying. Use of anything, having the advantage.
- A. منتفى muntafi, (part. act. vin. of نفي) adj. Dissipated, destroyed, repulsed, rejected, separated. Retiring to a side.
- A. مثقتر muntaqish, (part. act. viil. of نقش) ad j. Painted, carred, engraved.
- A. Jäiio muntagal, (part. pass. vni. of لقن transporting) adj. Transported, transferred, emigrating, passing (to another), carried. muntaqal-alaih, s.m. A transferee. A alience, aszignee. muntaqal k, v. a To transfer, alienste, assign. To dispose of, sell. To endorse.
- s. منتقم muntagim, part. sot. (पाता. of Taking revenge, avenging; avenger, the punisher.
  - A. lifile muniche, (part. pass. VIII. ol نهی) s. m. The end, conclusion, boundary, extremity. (part. act.) adj. Learned (i. e. one who has finished his studies). Bringing to a conclusion. Proficient.

nanjā, (中司) s.m. A bedstead.

of throne or chair of state.

ai!hnā (dakh.) To sit in state.

manjā, (本) s. Any high here one may escape from an ion.

munjā, s. (dakh.) A worm, iread or wire, produced in the horse.

manjānā, v. a. (dakh. causal To cause to scour, rub or

min-jānib, (H. se) adv. ie side, on the part of, for, on half. min-jānib Alluh, from or

nunjirr or munjarr, (part. act.

- adj. Drawn, back. ¶ manjar, s. The which a person goes without; the right way; the right or way.
- manjari, s. f. (dakh.) Name ini or musical mode.
- munjal, s. (dakh.) The of the nut of the tar, Borassus ormis, or the unripe kernel of it whilst it is soft and edible.
- baths or kitchens to receive rater that has been used; any iter.
- munjali, (part. act. VII. of dj. Conspicuous, apparent.

star, planet) s. m. An astroan astrologer, an Almanac-(Arab. plur. munajjimin).

- munjamid, (part. act. VII. of froze) adj. Congealed, frozen; ed, solid.
- o min-jumla, adv. From, nong, out of or upon the whole aultitude; universally.

- s. m. (मंजन) Tooth-powder, dentifrice. (माजन) Cleaning the person, by wiping, bathing or rubbing it with oil or fragrant unguents.
- s. A huge sling or warlike engine by which large stones and missile weapons were fermerly hoisted up and hurled against the walls and ramparts of a city, a battering ram, a large crane, lever or windlass.
- v. n To be polished, to be cleaned, to be scoured.
- second. Intermediate between the eldest and youngest. Manifolia bhāi. Middle (as a brother, sister, or son).
- Middle, middlemost, middlesized, middling. manjholi, A smallish sort of car or carriage on two wheels for passengers
- manjh, (中国) The middle.

  Legio adj. Intermediate between the eldest and youngest. Manjhlā bhaī, manjhelī rāt, s. f. The dead of night.
- H. Ligin manjhnā, v. n. (Ho to cleaned. To be scrubbed, scoured, cleaned. To be polished. Baha men ilm manjhtā hai. To be trained, cultured. manjhā hūā ādmī, an experienced man.
- of a musical instrument, a kind of cymbal. (It consists of two small brass cups tied together with a string, and played upon by striking one against the other).
- s. in manch, (Ha) s. m. A platform, a scaffold; a sort of throne or chair of state, or the platform on which it is raised, the dais; the bed, a hedstead.

- g. Ils. manchālū, s. m. (dakh.) See ميالا
- g. Lais man-chalā, (मन: Mind, and r. বিতা Move) adj. Assiduous, intent, eager, active, bold.
- e. an-chal-i, s. f. Assiduity, eagerness, zeal.
- munharif, (part. act. 511. of عرف) adj. Changed, inverted, turned, declining or turning from. سرکش Crooked, oblique. Disaffected (سرکش and برگشته). (subst). A trapezium **or trapezoid (in geometry): an apos**tate, renegade, rebel.
- ماکرنی munharif-i, s. f. Apostatism, the being a renegade.
- A. ماكصر munhaeir, (part. act. VII. of encompassed) adj. Surrounded, besieged, restricted; contained. Dependant, resting on. Limited defined.
  - A. isis munhani, (part. act. VII. of adj. Lean, thin, flexible, crooked, bent, curved, decrepit. Humpbacked, kint-i-munhani, H. gol-si lukir, (Geom.) A curve line.
  - man h x s, (part. pass. of ill-starred,) adj. Unfortunate, unhappy, ill-omened, abominable; dis-(بدخت) gusting, bad, black Dismal, doleful, woebegone, lugubrious, glam. Manhūs sūrat. s. m. An unfortunate person.
- A. is minkhar, (or mankhir or minkhir or mankhar, noun of instrum. or place from (s) s. f. The nostril, the nose. Dual, منخرين minkharain).
- P. مند mand, (नित) A particle or an affix 2. مند mundri, (मूद्रा) s. f. A ring, signifying full of, which, added to

- nouns, implies endowed withor having; as, aql-mand, Sensible; daulet mand, Rich. s. Sort of amber, which is black, stony and heavy.
- 8. الله mand, (मन्द) adj. Abated, slow, tedious, dull, foclish. Bad, ill. s. m. The planet Saturn. Saturday.
- ह. lie mandā, (मन्द) (Poet mand) adj. Gentle, mild, affable, cheap, abated, allayed, lulled (wind), slow, tardy: little. Dull (market) (sust). Moderate, low (sastă). Low (tone). manda parui, To be abated, lulled. To become dull, to decline (a business). To be appeased, pacified. mandi anch. A slow fire.
- TKL. Jie mandā, s. m. (dakh.) Flor (of cattle), swarm, bevy, herd, drove, class, covey, hatch (of chickens, &c.).
- 8. مندر mandir, (मन्दिर) s. m. house, dwelling-place, mansion; temple, pagoda. The body. Is mandar ke das darwäse.
- e り、Jio mundrā, (共民了) s. m. (Pl. mundre). A ring, a glass ear-ring worn by Jogis; a collar. See مندرى
- مندر ج . mundarij, (part. act. VIL ol で , う) adj. Contained, inserted, included, comprised, collected, registered, comprehending, containing. Involved within itself, coiled or rolled up. (Fem. مندرجه)٠
- A. مندر سundaraj, m. ) (part. pass. ار که مندرجه مندرجه ۱۰ مندرجه enfolded). a d j. Contained, inserted, included (داخل)، compris ed. mundaraj k., v. a. To insert (dākhil). mundaraja-i-sail, adv. As follows, as below mentioned.
- A. مندرس mundaris, (part. act. VII. of الرس) adj. Obliterated, cancelled.
- a finger-ring. A signet.

- a. الله mandal, (महल) s. f. A kind of drum made of wood and beat with the fingers. A kettledrum.
- v. ابندر mandal, s. f. A fountain, a jet d'eau. (Corrupt. of بندر) A port, harbour.
- shut closed, contracted. v. a. To close. Änth or kiwar mundna.
- head). A tablecloth fringed. A towel. A turban (high): or, a band ten or twelve cubits long, woven either partly with thread or silk and partly with egold, or wholly with gold thread, and applied over the turban. A handker-
- H. Sie mand, s. f. The raised rim of a well.

or worn stuck in the girdle.

chief, whether thrown round the neck

- mundmāl. A necklace of human heads worn by Mahadeva. A head man, principal. mundkar mārnā, v. n. To sleep with the head between or on the legs drawn up. ¶ adj. (dakh.) Blunt. dull, obtuse.
- Name of a sweetmeat. A thin cake (phulkā). Film, speck (on the eye).

  The mundā (HS) s.m. The head, the head of a paper kite. A boy. A disciple (chelā). A boot. The Hindi running hand in which the vowel marks are left out. adj. Shaven, bald; uncovered. Docked. Not pointed (a shoe). A kind of uncovered pālkī. (dakh.) Shoulder. See Discomondhā.
- g. williamundāsā, (中國 The head, or r. 中國 Clothe, cover) s. m. A kind of small loose turban. mundāsā bāndhnā, v. n. To wear a turban. (Wom.) To be saucy, insolent.
- عند السنان mundās-band, s. m. (dakh) Man.
- عندّان . manḍān, s. (dakh.) The world.

- shave. ¶ mandānā, (मुंडन) v. s. To shave. ¶ mandānā, v. s. (dakh.) See lid; marhnā.
- s. سنڌب s. mandap, (मंडप) s. m. A temporary building or open shed adorned with flowers, a house. A temple, pagoda.
- عندٌف mandaf, s. (dakh.) A caravansary, choultry or place for the reception of travellers: see
- ق. منڌكري مارنى munḍkarī-mārnī, To lie round with the knees to the belly.
- A circle, orb, sphere, disk (of the sun or moon), halo, circumference, compass, wheel, turn, whirl; the sensible horizon; a region, country. A round tent or house. An officer employed in villages, exciseman. The sky (ākās). An arena, theatre, circus. A region, country. The headman of a village. manḍal bāndhnā, v. n. To be overcast, to lower (clouds).
- s. Yiio myndlā, (मুंडित) adj. Shaved.

  ¶ (dakh. from نانه (muṛnā) Bent, crooked, twisted.
- g. الله mandlānā, (मंडरू) v. n. To make a circuit, to hover (as birds, &c.), to be enveloped. Chîlen mandla rahî hain.
- عندّلی mandal-ī, s. f. An assembly, a company (تولی), a corporation.
- s. jumundan, (共宝司) s. m. Shaving; the first shaving of a child (a religious ceremony among the Hindus). ¶ mand n, (中宝司) s. m. Ornament, decoration.
- g. U.S. mundnā, (ḤSA) v.n. To be shaved. (dakh.) v.a. To shave. To be swindled, fleeced. mundūī, s. f. The fee for shaving. ¶ mandnā v.a. To be kneaded (as flour). To be busy or

engaged. To be engrossed or absorbed in, sub nách meň maňde hue hath 800 U.J...

- 2. 534 mundā, s. m. A fagir, sannyāsī, &c. munda, s. f. A woman whose head has been shaved. A widow, a wench (an abuse), munde kā jand. A bustard.
- e. اَدَّرُوا mandwd, (r 대통 Adorn) s m.
  An alcove, an arbour, a bower; a
  temporary gallery or shed
- shed or hall adorned with flowers, erected on feetive occasions, as at a marriage, etc. Nuptial bower. A marriage song A vinery. Bel mandle charlage, v. n lit. to climb (a creeper). To be married. To succeed, to be perfected. See | Sie
- e مندّطي ع mandkap, (मंडप) s. m. A small round temple or cell. See
- to clothe). To coat over, encase. To throw on one, saddle one with unke hi sir mandho! To be held, celebrated. See in or id.
- e. انگهان mandhwane. (causal of انگفان) v.a. To cause to cover (a book, drum, &c. with parchment).
- क का के के के का का के के के किया) s. f. A joge's hut or abode, a hermit's cell (kut)
- تندَّى mandi, s. f. A market, a particular market f r any one thing, a granary. A mart, an emporium, ¶ там (dakh.) A kind of shop.
- a. مندّى காயார், (मुंडी) s. f. Name of a medicinal plant. (Sphæranthus Indicas).

ه (منه پهير لينا) مندِّى توڙنا turn away the face.

- ्मेंड) a. f. Cop المَّالِينِ क्षामलेंडा, الْبَاعِينِ क्षामलेंडा, الْبَاعِينِ عَلَيْهِ مِنْدُيْرِي عَلَيْهِ مَا الْبُيْرِي عَلَيْهِ مِنْدُيْرِي عَلَيْهِ مِنْدُيْرِي عَلَيْهِ مَا الْبُيْرِي عَلَيْهِ مِنْدُيْرِي مِنْ الْبُيْرِي عَلَيْهِ مِنْدُيْرِي مِنْ الْبُيْرِي عَلَيْهِ مِنْدُيْرِي مِنْ الْبُيْرِي عَلَيْهِ مِنْدُيْرِي مِنْ الْبُيْرِي الْبِيْرِي الْبُعِيْرِي الْبُيْرِي الْبُيْرِي الْبُيْرِي الْبُيْرِي الْبُيْرِي الْبُيْرِي الْبِيْرِي الْبُيْرِي الْبُيْرِي الْبُيْرِي الْبِيلِي الْبُيْرِي الْبِيْرِي الْبُيْرِي الْبِيلِي الْبُعِيلِي الْبِيلِي الْبِيلِي الْبِيلِي الْبِيلِي الْبِيلِي الْبُيْرِي الْبِيلِي الْبِيلِي
- قرل maneil, (noun of place of مدّرل الم descended) s. f. A day's journey, a stage (paraw), manail kātaā (dahh) To finish a journey. An inn, dwelling, house, hotel, lodging, station, man-sion, story or floor of a house, deck, a mansion of the moon. A number (of boats or carte). A post-office, a stage where post-horses are furnished. monsil ba-manzil jane, v. u. To trave by stages, manual dend, To lay down corpse for a while on the way to its resting place, mansil kātnā, To go one stage, mansil marne, To finish a difficult task. monsil-i-maqsād ko pakuschna, To reach one's destination. To gain one's object, manuil h. (Blang) To discharge semen. karî massil, A long march or stage. T muntil, part. act. (IV.) Causing to alight, receiving hospitably. Emittens somen munsal, part. pags. Bent down (from heaven), caused to alight or to descend,
- an an silat, s. f. Dignity منزلت (مرتبة) atation, condition, rank, post of honour.
- a. منزله monsile, s. m. (In comp.) A story (of a house). Ba-mannile, adv. In the place of, instead of, as. See
- a. منزول munsowil, (part. act. cm. of رول) a d j. Perishing, decaying, failing.
- a. منزوى munsowi, (part. act.' vii. of روى) adj. Solitary; a solitary mas, a hermit, recluse.
- a. النوع munestah, (part. pass. II. of النوع) adj. Kept spart from all imparity, pure, blameless, holy. Exempted from, free.
- A. mansaj or mansij, (noun of place of mi) s. m. A weaver's

shop. ¶ minsaj (noun of instrum.)
The instrument by which the web is
stretched when working. The part of
a horse about the fore shoulder and
under the mane.

- administrator (sarbarahkar). A subordinate settlement officer. The head clerk of a court of settlement or judge's court. A proxy, substitute. The teacher of a school who teaches Patwaris.
- thrusting in) adj. Threaded, strung together (as, pearls), being drawn (one thing in another), enrolled (in). Appended, annexed. munsalakshuda, A. P. adj. Attached, filed.
- and quails (wherewith the Jews were fed in the wilderness).
- adj. Related, deduced from, addicted to, belonging to, depending on, attributed, allied, betrothed, mansūb karnā, To attribute, ascribe, impute, apply. (Mah.) To betroth.
- make void) adj. Cancelled, obliterated, abolished, repealed (mustaradd), annulled, erased, broken.
- منسی mansī, (part. pass. of نسی)
  adj. •Forgotten, omitted.
- a. win manush, s. m. Man (purush).

  manush deh dhāran k., v. n. To be incarnated as man. Husband. See win manukh.
- dignity, gravity. Temperament, disposition, nature, content, cheerfulness. Pride, arrogance. Desire.
- A. Line manshā, (noun of place from line) s. m. Allusion, origin, principle, source, spring, motive, beginning, intention, design: provision (of a law or statute). The exordium or argu-

- ment of any composition. Tenor, drift (4) manshae insof. The ends of justice.
- a. منشار minshūr, (noun of instrum. of نشر) s. m. A saw, handsaw. A fan, a ventilator.
- A. عنشور manshur, (वृत्तयष्ट्रि) (part. pass. of نشر) adj. Divulged, published (as a book). s. m. A royal mandate, diploma, patent. (Germ.) A right prism. Divided, cut with a saw. A charter.
- growing, increasing) s. m. A writer, the author of a book, scribe, scriviner, amanuensis, secretary. A title of respect. (In India, among Europeans, commonly) A tutor, teacher of Persian or Hindustani, language-master. munshi, secretaryship. Clerkship, teachership. Good writing or composition. mir munshi, s. m. The head of a Persian or vernacular office.
- A. P. ailimin munshi-ana, adj. Munshilike, of a munshi.
- mansab, (noun of place of set up) s. m. Dignity (martaba), office, station, ministry, magistracy. A high place. mansab-dār, An officer (military). A functionary. an officer of rank. A magistrate, a person who holds an appointment under government. mansab-dāri, s. f. Office, appointment.
- adj. Turned back, converted, departing, relating to, receding.
- nunsif, (part. act. IV. of half) adj. Equitable, discreet, just, fair. (subst.) A distributer of justice, a just judge, a subordinate judge, an arbitrator. munsif-mizāj. Just in temperament, (a person) of propriety or taste.
- A. P. ailiamin munsif-una, adv. Can-didly, equitably, justly.

- tion, office or duty of arbitrator, judgment, decision, justice, equity. adj. Of or relating to a munsif, arbitrator, &c. A Munsif's Court.
- A. بنصن man s ū b, (part. pass. of with adj. Constituted, erected.

  Marked with the vowel point fat'ha

  (أم) Fixed, established, appointed, named for. Pitched.
- A. Lipin mansāb-a, (80) s. m. Contrivance, project, scheme, intention, determination, plan, design. mansāba-bās, Considerate, foreseeing, prudent sagacious, ingenious; contriver, plotter, schemer. Aspiring, ambitiques. Designing, conspiring. mansāba bāndhnā, thairānā, or k., To determine, resolve. To contrive, to conspire.
- adj. Aided, protected (by God), defended, victorious, conquering, triumphant.
- an an s n s, (part. pass. cf منصوص) adj. Manifested, declared.
- A. منصة manaesa or minaesa, (noun of place, &c. from نص s. m. The tent or chamber of the bride.
- adj. Digestive, suppurative.
- A. منطبع muntabi\*, (part. act. VII. of طبع) adj. Tame, trained, obedient.
- A. منطقی muntafi, (part. act. VII. of deb) adj. Extinguished, extinct.
- a. فطق mantiq, (نطق) s. f. Oration, eloquence, reasoning, logic. ¶ muntiq (part. act. iv.) adj. Rational (a number) in opposition to a surd.
- A. منطقة mintaqu, (for منطقة noun of instrum. from نطق) s. m. A girdle, zone (patkā), belt, mintaqatu-l-burūj.

- The celestial girdle, i. a., the zodiscmintaqu-i-mabrāda. The frigid zonemintaqu-i-mahrāqu. The torrid zone. mintaqu-i-muztadila. The temperate zone.
- A. منطقی mantiq-ī, adj. Logical, dislectic; logician. A litigious person.
- منظر aw) s. m. Countenance, face, visage, aspect. A sight, spectacle, view, landscape, theatre. mangar-i-ām. A conspicuous place.
- adj. Sanctioned, granted. Seen, looked at, admired, visible, chosen, approved of, agreeable. acceptable, admissible, designed, intended; the object. Sanctioned, granted. mansir k., (qubūl k. and mānnā) To admit. To agree to. To confirm, a ffir m. manzūr-i-nazar, Chosen, agreeable to the sight, beloved; (subst.) A mistress, favourite. A protege, minion. Arab. fem. manzūra.
- A. P. منظوری mangar-i, s. f. Consent, permission, sanction. Approval, choice (qubul), admissibility.
- adj. Arranged in order, joined, threaded. Metrical, versified, in verse, poetic.
- A. A piece of poetry. Any thing in rhyme or verse, any thing placed in a series, kne or order.
- vention, ve to, refusal, dissussion, hinderance. man karnā, To prohibit, hinder, interdict (barajnā).
- A. ملعنه mun'adim, (part. act. ۱۱۱. of عدم) adj. Annihilated, extinct.
- A. Järie mun'aqid, (part. act. VII. of Jär tied) adj. Agreed upon, concluded (peace, marriage, bargain). Tied, bound (by contract, etc.,) covenanted, established. Held, celebrated. Congealed, clotted, formed.

- adj. Inverse, inverted, reversed (as a figure in a mirror), placed topsy-turvy.
- a. منغص munu <u>shyh</u>as, (part. pass. II. of isomuni) adj. Miserable, melancholy.
- منفی minfukh, (noun of instrum. of ففن) s. m. A pair of bellows.
- a. نفذ manfuz, (noun of place of منفذ)

  s. The place of passing or penetrating,
  a hole, a passage.
- adj. Open. separate. Tranquil, contented, happy. Free from grief or care.
- A. Le jois munsarija, (II. phailā) adj.
- منفرد . منفرد munfarid, (part. act. VII. of فرد) adj. Single, simple, alone, singular, unique, separate, solitary.
- a. منفصل munfasil, (part. act. VII. of فصل) adj. Dissected, disjoined, separated, distinct. Arab. Fem. munfasila. Decided, adjudged.
- s. f. Emolument (فايدة) profit, gain, advantage. Use, utility, interest.
- adj. Disturbed, afflicted, altered, affected. Made, performed, done. Bashful, abashed, ashamed.
- a. نفک munjukk, (part. pass. VII. of dj. Disjoined, separated, dislocated. Distinct, alienated.
- A. منفی manfi, (part. pass. of نفی)

  (قرص) adj. (Aly.) Minus. Negative.

  Repulsed, rejected, banished.

- مَانَةُ munaqqa, s. (dakh.) A species of raisins, currents. See
- a. منقاد munqād, (part. pass. VII. of كان ) ndj. Obedient, submissive, tractable.
- A. منقار minqār, (noun of instrum. of نقر) s. f. A bird's bill, beak.
- A. منقاش minqāsh, (نقش) s. Pincers, tweezers.
- A. نقب minqub, (noun of instrum. of نقب) s. m. An instrument with which they tap for the dropsy, a trocar.
- Praise, virtue, abilities. Any praiseworthy trait of character. An anecdote. (pl. مناقب)
- منقبض munqabis, (part. act. VII. of .

  adj. Constipated, contracted

  within itself. Retracted. Restrained,
  bound.
- a. منقتل munqatil, (part. act. VII. of قتل adj. Slain, killed.
- adj. Made manifest or clear, cleared or purged of weak words (a verse) or defects a writing)
- A. منقسم munqasim, (part. act. VII. of قسم) adj. Divided into parts, distributed.
- a d j. Painted, embroidered, engraven, carved. ¶ minqash (noun of instrum.) s. Pincers, tweezers.
- منقضى munqaṣī, (part. act. VII. of قضى) adj. Elapsed, past, expired. Finished, completed.

- adj. Broken or cut off (rope), terminated, finished, extinct, settled, decided, exterminated, disjoined. Conclusive, (chuktā). munqaṭi karnā, v. a. To break off, stop (at any thing), munqaṭi honā, v. n. To be cut off, settled, to fail, &c. [chafing dish.
- ه. س منقل ه m a n q a l, (نقل) s. m. A
- A. Alais manqala, s. m. A day's journey or the space travelled, a way throughout mountains.
- A. منقوش manqueh, (part. pass. 11. of dj. Engraven, painted, carved, embroidered.
- adj. Spotted, (Gram) dotted. s. m. A species of composition in which all the letters have discritical points.
- transferred) adj. Translated, transcribed, copied, related, said, narrated, recounted; adopted (word); personal (property). Fem. manqūla (Property) that may be removed, moveable or personal (property). gair manqūla, H. atal dhan, s. f. Real or immovable property. Plur. manqūla tāt, Things related, recounted, copied; personal property. s. m. Traditions.
- adj. Cleaned, purged, purified.

  s. m. A species of dried grapes or raisins. s. f. (lit) cleared of stone, used for maviz. Bloom raisins.
- a bead (dānah). small globe or spherical body. The vertebræ of the neck. mankā ḍhalaknā (lit. The bending or hanging down of the neck) To be at the point of death.
- adj. Quick, swift, hastening; one who rushes headlong (upon another), setting (star).
- Munkir, part. act. (iv. of نکر)

  Denying, rejecting; one who denies,

- denier. An atheist (nāstik). Munkur Nakīr. The names of two angels, who agreeably to the Muhammadan creed, are supposed to examine the spirits of the departed in the tomb. munkir honā, To deny, unsay. To disown, renounce.
- A. Limis munkashif, (part. act. VII of
- عثف) adj. Discovered, revealed, displayed, illustrated.
- منكوحة. mankūḥa, (part. pass. fem. of
  - genitale arvum) adj. Merried.

    8. f. A lawful wife, a married woman.
- thera moringa. (dakh.) Hyperan-
- g. H. lieste Kin mangā bhejnā, To send
- e Uli. mangana, (causal of Uli.)
  v. a. To send for, to ask for, to call
  for. [wrist.
- H. mangat, s. (dakh.) The
- s. Jiic mangal, (HIR) s. m. Welfare, happiness, joy. (A. mirrikh). The planet Mars or its deified personification. Tuesday. A Tartar nation.
  - 800 vie mughul. mangal-chār, or mangal-āchār (मंगलाचार) s. m.

Festivity, rejoicing, congratulation, a song of congratulation, a marriage song or epithalamium.

- 8. الله mangala-samāchār, B. m. Good tidings. [Tweeday.
- 8. منگلوار mangal-war, (मंगलवार) s.m.
- عنائی mangni, s. f. (Mah.) Betrothing (sagāi), asking in marriage. A loan. [dung.
- H. منگنی mingni, s. f. Goat's or sheep's
- v. a. To cause to ask for or to send for.
- H. منگوس mungās, s.m. (dakh.)

  Mongoose, ichneumon (Viverraichneumon): see نيوا newalā.

- masonry round the mouth of a well.
- e. منگیتر mangetar, s. m. and f. One to whom a man or woman is betrothed.

  TEL. الله minminana, v. (dakh.) To dicker or glare as a shaken lamp.
- s. منموهی manmohan, (मन्मोहन) (Heart-ravishing) s. m. A sweetheart, mistress. A name of Krishna.
- A. wie minan, s. plur. of minnat.
- e liis mannā, (intrans. of liils or
- propitiated.
- H. منو minnū, s. (dakh.) A cat. (From the mewing, مياوي me'ā'aun).
- H. Liljin manwānā, v. a. Caus. of manānā.
- انول) s. m. Mode, نول) s. m. Mode, manner, rule, form, constitution, disposition, frame, texture.
- nanauti, (or dakh. manoti, from मानित) Satisfaction (Khatir-jamā) s. f. Bail, security, (فامنی), a person referred to pay the debt, &c. of another, surety, assurance, acknowledgment. An acceptance.
- a. منور munauwar, (part. pass. II. of olight) adj. Illustrated, explained, illuminated, enlightened, clear, splendid, brilliant. (Fem. munauwara). Elucidated.
- s. wie munh, (HG) s. m. Mouth, face, countenance, presence (huzuri), aspect, orifice, opening, entrance, hole. (Zakham kā munh). Respect, complaisance. (met) Power, fitness, qualification, pretence, ability. Regard, esteem (lihāz). Partiality, bias (taraf-dārī). Demand, charges, price (barā munh). munh utar-jānā. To have the face shrunk or withered by weakness and emaciation. To become thin. munh akhrī, adj. Verbal.

munh-ā-munh, adj. Brimful. munh Salivation. To have thrush. To taunt. (chhernā). munh andherā. Twilight. Evening. Dusk, obscure. Day-break. munh bārnā. To refrain, munh bānā. To open the mouth, to gape. To give a forced laugh. To expire. munh bigārnā. To frown, to make faces, munh bigarnā. To be displeased. To look sulky. To have the taste blunted or depraved. munh banānā To make mouths or faces or mock one, to fashion the face. munh To hold one's tongue. band karnā. To bribe. munh-bola, adj. Nominal, in name or appellation. munh-bulābhā'ī, or munh-bolī-bahan. mate friend (lit. one called a brother or sister). munh bhar-ke. Wom. adv. Fully, completely, thoroughly. munh bharnā, v. a. To fill one's mouth. To give bribes. munh par, adv. Before one's face. munh-bhari, s. f. A bribe, a sop. munh pānā. To get into one's good graces. To presume on the favour of another. munh par fakhta ur jānā. To change colour, munh par garm honā. To behave disrespectfully in the presence of a superior. munh To tell, relate. To bring to par länä. one's lips. To utter, say. munh par havž-!-urnī or -phirnī or -phirjānī or -chhutni (lit. To have a squib or rocket discharged against one's face). To change colour. To be confounded (bhuchak h). To look blank. munh pasarna. To gape (with surprise, &c.). munh-phat, chhut or zor, adj. Foulmouthed, abusive. munh pherna or mornā, v. a. To turn one's face from one, to be averse to or against one. To abstain from, to avoid one. munh taknā, v. n. To stare or gaze at one. To be astounded. To look blank or foolish, munh phirna. To turn away from, be displeased with, be disgusted. To be turned or paralysed (one's face). To be cloyed, satisted. Mi he se munh phir gaya. munh pherna. To abstain from munh phailana. To presume, desire much, gape. To raise one's price. munh taknā. To be astonished or afflicted. munh-topā, s. m. Bribe. munh to dekho. Look at his face! (applied to a person who pretends or aspires to something beyond his power or capacity), muith torne. To harass munh thuthana. To look angry. See munh banānā. munh thathānā. To\_ slap one's face, box the ears. munh terhā karnā. To make wry faces. munh chāinā, v. a. To lick one's face. To caress. To make much of.

tondy, much charha, adj. Having one's ear or ascendency over him much charana, (much lagna). To face one (for fight), munh chaine, v. u. chew the cud, to be always eating. To be foul-mouthed. munh chirana. To make mouths or had imitation. week charhna To become intimate with, attach one's self to. To face, confront. munh chalana. To bite (or to be inclined to bite, as a horse. To work one's jaws, to est. munh-chang. A jews--harp: see muchang, much-chor, Shamefaced, bashful, timid, sheepish. Keeping at home, or not visiting one's munh-chores, Bashfulness. munh chhipana. To hide one's face (from bashfulness). To evade, avoid. munh dikhana. To come before one. To show one's face, to appear with confidence and satisfaction (generally, as in English, implying a negation; thae,

Mir says :---

## وصل میں رنگ اڑگیا میرا کیا جدائی کو منہ دکھاونگا

Even in her presence my colour changed; how then shall I ever be able to show my face to her absence?). munh dikhā'i, s. f. A present given by the friends of the family and the women of the neighbourhood on their first visit to a bride (rā-numāi), munh dekh rahuā. To stare at with surprise, munh delh-kar bāt karnā. To flatter, speak what one supposes will be agreeable to one's hearers. munh dekhna. To look up to (for aid, &c.). To have a regard for one. To be astonished or helpless. To tee To look about one's face in a glass. idly, munh dekhe 'i ulfat or prit. Apparent friendship or affection, show of friendship before a person whom you pay no regard to in absence, munk denā. To make familiarized, favour, conntenance. To put one's lips to. munh dâlna To put one's mouth to, to thrust one's muzzle in, to eat. (Cock-fighters). To fight. To beg, request. (a horse). To bite, much rukhas. To keep on good terms with. · uhh-rahāni, adj. Verbal (message or evidence), oral, viva voce, adv. By word of mouth, mush-set, Headstrong, stabborn (dhit), obstinate, restiff, much sukuraā. To change colour munh sanbhālnā, v. s. To bridle or hold one's tongue, munh se phal jharns. To full from one's lips (flowers of rhetoric), (Ironic.) To abuse, reproach. Inshā allāh khān Inshā mys:--

کالیاں دیکے اب بگرتے ھیں واہ کیامنہ سے بھول جھڑتے ھیں

She gives abuse, and also gets aggy: ab, what flowers she scatters from be month! mušā faq ko-jānā. To chage colour (especially, from fear), wmlkālā, s. m. Diagrace. muāh kālā karnā. To incur diagrace. To pmish, diagrace. muāh kā phāhar, Abusim muāh kā newālā (lit. a morsel). Any thing easily attained, much burns. To confront compare. To give abus. To burst or open (as, an abscess). To make the first attempt at seiting game (a young hound or other animal used in hunting). To turn one's face. or direct one's steps towards any particular object or place, weak thous. To abuse; reveal. much he bal giral, v. n. To fall on one's face. much is kouwe ur jane. To look blank on any occasion. mush ki la'i-ularni or - jini. To lose the sense of shame, mail lathana. To be down in the mouth, make a long face. munh lagens. To familiarize be intimate with inferiors, to favour countenance, much legal. To have the mouth burned by any pungent substance. To beer me intimate, be familiarized become a favenrite, munh leke rah jana. To te eilent from shame. Hidayat says:-

دیکھا جو اسکے چشم ودھی کو توشرم سے منہ لیکے اپنے پستھ و بادام رہ گئیے

Dikhā jo uske chashm o dahan ko, to sharm re; mråk le<sup>t</sup>e apre pista o balam rah saye. The pistachio nut and the almond were silest with shame, when they saw her month and eyes. (N. B. The eye is compared by the poets to the almond from its oral form, and the lips or month to the piatachio), muńd-mārnā or -- (vā, v. a. To stop one's mouth, to silence. To get the better of To feed. To bite. munh-mān ā or munh-māsā. (As) demanded, requested or asked for by word of mouth, much mored. To turn away, abstain or desist from any thing. To give the cold shoulder to, turn a deaf ear. To revolt, much men pâni ână. To desire with engerness. munh men thák lippe jáná (dakh, To be out of one's to be senseless appa sa munh nsed to denote failure f succession disappointed from any en, to fail of success.

انه s.m. Rain. See مینه manah adv. Suppose, see مانه māno.

 $kin-h\tilde{a}$ , (lit. from her, from that  $K \ a \ m \ k$ .) s. m. Deduction, zion.

minhāj, (نهج) s. Highway wide street.

nanihār, (मणि A gem, and

aker) s.m. A person who or sells (chūrīs) the glass bracebangles, which women wear on sists.

manha'ī, (corrupt. of

) s. f. Forbidding, prohibition.

nā-i (lit. from that: see out)

ubtracted, deducted. An ent. A reduction. A reduction assessment; remission of rent nue.

munhadim, (part. act. vii. of adj. Demolished, destroyed.

minhdi, s. f. See menhdi.

manharan, s. Heart-stealer.

munhazim, (part. act. VII. of

dj. Tut to flight, discomfited le, running away.

manhal, (نبل) s. Place of g, drinking, a tomb, profuse ty. A fountain, a spring, a

io munh-nāl, s.m.f. The -piece of a huqqa.

- adj Forbidden, prohibited Plur. manhiyāt (pl. fem.) Unlawful things.
- and Aram. To define, to determine)
  s. f. (H. bij). Sperma genitale (viri aut
  mulieris): death. ¶minā. Name of
  a place near Mecca, where sacrifices
  are made.

TEL. TAM. oio munī, s. (dakh.) A devil, demon, evil spirit.

- P. منی man-ī. s. f. Egotism, presumption, boasting.
- the little birds called amadavats (or lāl. Fringilla amandava). muniyā bolnā, v. n. To have a good omen forebode good.
- s. Julia mane'ar, (for Jakia) s. m. (dakh.) A seller of old stuff or trumpery, a huckster, petty dealer in small ware. maniyar. A maker of bangle ore rings for the wrists.
- A. نوب mun b, (part. act. iv. from iv.) s. m. One who appoints a deputy, a patron, a master (آقا)، a client, constituter, constituent.
- A. wish, desire, hope. munyat) s. f.
- منیرة munir, (fem. منیرة) (part. act v. of نور) adj. Shining, splendid. illuminating, illustrious.
- A. منیع mani," (part. from منیع adj. Inaccessible, impregnable.
- adj. Eminent, exalted, incomparable, noble, sublime.
- M. H. ביים munim, s. m. Cor. of A.

  munib. A Hindi accountant or clerk.
- tion. Will, pleasure. Aprī mau, of one's one accord. mau par ānā, v. n. To bloom, to be ripe.

- P. j. mū, (or, dakh. mo) (H. bāl) s. m. The hair. mū·bāf. A hair riband. A hair fillet or net. mū ba-mū. Hair by hair. mū-shijāf. Hair-eplitting; a critic, subtle, reasoner, minute. mū-shigāf-ī, s. f. Criticism, minuteness of detail, subtle reasoning, punctiliousness. mū-qalam, or (dakh.) mo-qalam. A hair-pencil, a brush. mūe-suhār, mūe nihānī, s. m. The pubes (jhānt). mūe mubārak. The blessed hair of Mahomed, a sacred relic. sari-mū, mū-ba-mū, H. bāl barābar, adv. To a hair. ¶ mau, Mewing (as, of a cat).
- # loo mū'ā (part. pass of ijo) a d j.

  (刊司) Dead, lifeless, dull. Base, vile good-for-nothing. mū'ā-bādul (or dakh. mū'ā-abr) s. m. Sponge. mūā, muī. Wom. intj. You wretch! chal! mue! wom.
- Waving, stormy, tempestuous, boisterous, billowy; raging (sea).
- مراجب mawājib, (prop. له mawājib, (prop. له) s. m. Salaries, pensions, wages, allowances. Causes, objects, necessities.
  - s. m. Presence, appearance, meeting face to face, coming before (another); beholding, confronting, comparison, collation, conferring; laying.
  - A. سناه مواحنت mu'āḥanat, (inf. 111. of رأحن) s. f. Hatred, dislike, enmity.
  - taking) s. m. Taking satisfaction, retaliating, chastising, calling to a severe account, impeachment, reprehension, blaming. Accountability (javabdihi). Amends, damages.
- A. Ilyo mawādd, s. plur. (of solo)
  Articles, matters, arguments, points.
  Females. Humours of the body. Pus,
  m at ter. mawadd-i-fāsid. Bad humours. s. m. (dakh.) See solo
- موازی ه سونه موازی ه mu'āsī, (part. act. III. of أزى) adj. Parallel, being exactly

- opposite to and recembling one another. Equal, nearly, about.
- A. موازى muāsī, adj. Asum, total. Mawāzī do āne.
- inf. III. of أسى عنه ship. Good or fortunate action. Condoling with.
- ماشية mawashi, s. plur. (of ماشية from مراشي Quadrupeds, cattle.
- مواصلت muweṣalat, (inf. III. of وصل) s. f. Conjunction, coming together, adhesion, connexion, copulation, enjoyment. Being constantly with another; enjoying a beloved object. Attainment.
- مرفع mawāṣi², s. plur. of موفع mauṣa², Places.
- act. III. of وفق was appropriate) sdj.

  Conformable, consonant, congruous, apt, like, analogous, fit, agreeing, according, concordant, suiting, suitable, favourable, propitious: post pos.

  Consenting, agreeing, approving. Agreeable to. muwāfah, v.n. To consist with, to be agreeable to (thik ēnā).
- A. (انفاق muwāfaqat, (انفاق) s. f. Conformity, analogy, agreement, accordance, accord, concord, correspondence, fitness, affinity, friendship, concordance, propitiousness, muwāfaqat karnā. To enter into friendship, conform, close in with, to reconcile, to comply with, &c.
- s. f. Friendship, love, affection, pursuing a business ateadily or without intermission.
- A. مولی mawālī, s. plur. (of مولی)

  Lords, judges, masters, friends, slaves, servants. آ muwālī, part. act. (III. of ولی)

  Aider, assistant.
- مولود مواليد .ه plur. (of مولود مواليد .ه manualid, a. plur. (of مولد or مولد malid) Sons. manualid-i-galaga,

s. m. The three kingdoms of nature (viz. animal, vegetable, and mineral).

- a. موانست mu'ānarat, (inf. 111. of أنس) s. f. Companionship, fellow-ship, intimacy. Custom.
- another in liberality and munificence.
- A. eile mawāni, s. plur. (of eile mani). Impediments, obstacles, hinder ances. Arab. plur. of plur. mawāni at.
- mabid or mūbad, s. m. A doctor, philosopher, a counsellor of state.
  A worshipper of the sun, a priest of the gabrs.
- A. maut, (共程:) s. f. Death, mortality. maut ānā, v. n. To come sone's death), to die. apnī maut marnā, v. n. To die a natural death.
- motrā, s. m. Spavin, &c. See
- g. سوننا क mūtnā, (म्ल्राण) v.n. To piss.
  To make water,
- s. موتها s. m. A kind of grass, the root of which is used in medicine. (Cyperus rotundus).
- H. موتعر mothrā, (or, dakh. mūthrā)
  s. m. Name of a disease in horses,
  splint, spavin.
- موتال موتال mautā, s. plur. (of معنین maiyit) The dead.
- g. وتى moti, (मृक्ता or मौक्तिक) s. m. A pearl. moti pirone. To string pearls. (met.) To speak eloquently.

To talk nicely To weep (the tears being compared to pearls).

Tapish says :-

سی سفکے ذکر اشک و موہ مجھسے یوں کہا \* جب تب نه آپ ایسے ہی موتی پروینگے

Sun sunke sikr-i-ashk o misha mujh-se yūn kahā; jab tab nu ēp aise hī moti piro'enge. Having repeatedly heard of my tears and eyelashes, she said, will you ever and anon be weeping thus? (or, stringing these pearls.) motī chhednā yā bīndhnā, v. a. To bore a pearl. To deflour, ravish.

- H. موتيا motiyā, s. m. The name of a flower. (Jasminum zambac, var.  $\beta$ ).
- e. موتيا ه motivā, (मुक्ता) e. (dakfi.)

  Pearl: or, adj. Of the shape or colour of a pearl, pearly-bright.
- s. m. The name of a kind of blindness. A cataract. Gutta serena.
- e. موتى جور moti-chur, s. m. A kind of sweetmeat. A certain description of eye among pigeons. (Met.) Sparkling eyes.
- H. Up motā, adj. Oppo. of dublā, patlā, and bārīk. Fat, stout, corpulent, thick, dense, coarse, great, large, big, bulky, plump, gross. Inferior. motā kaprā. A capital (letter). mota harf. Palpable, plain. motā bāt. Material, important. Rich, wealthy. mota tāzā, adj. Plump and fat.
- parcel, package, bale. See موقع
- H. وقالي مرابة موقالي مرابة مرابة
- ه وتاکی ۳۰ moțā-gī, s. f. (dakh.) Spe
  - H. موتنبي moṭ-pan, s. m. (dakh.) See

- H. موقرا moṭrā, s. m. A bundle.
- n. موترى moţrī, s.f. Small bundle,
  parcel, knapsack. [See قوت
- H. عوقلا motlā, adj. Fat, plump, &c.
- B. a load. Amount, total. A leather bucket for raising water. Vetches, lentils A kind of pulse.
- fist (muṭṭhī), hand, handful. māṭh kī māṭh. Handful after naudful, repeated handfuls. Name of a game. (Gumblers). A closed fist with some kauris in it. First sowings for good luck Sorcery, māṭh chalāanā, To charm, east a spell.
- ब. موتها का mūțhā, (मुष्टि) s. m. A handle.
- ع. موتّعی mūṭhī, (मृष्ट्रि) s. f. The fist.
- H. موتهیا moṭh-iyā, عن moṭ-iyā, عن moṭ-iyā, عن s. m. A porter.
  - marked) adj. Penetrating, making an impression, striking, effecting, efficacions, effective, efficient, effectual, taking effect; applicable; (subst.) effector. Affecting, touching. mu'assir h., v. n. To have effect (asar k) Fem. mu'assira.
  - M. To manj, s. f. A wave (lahr), surge, billow. Emotion, e c s t a s y. Abundance, plenty. Whim, caprice. manj-khez, a d j. Stormy, producing waves. manj-san. Waving, wav y, boisterous, billowy, tumultuous, agitated, raging (sea). manj-san-i, s. f. Waving, billowing. manj k, or mārnā, v. s. To billow, to wave; (met.) is applied to express self-enjoyment without restraint.

Muhammed Baqa says:

سیل سرشک اپنا جب سر باوج، مارے \* طوفان نوح ابیتها گوشے سیں موج مارے

- Sail-i-sarashk apnā jab sar ba-auj mūre, tūlān-i-Nūḥ baithā goshe men mauj māne. When the deluge of my tears rises to its height, that of Nosh muy amuse itself in a corner. muuj-inasīm. A cooling squall.
- A. בּבִּיים װּ װּ jib, (part. act. iv. of eason, motive, account. Arab. fem. plur. mūjibāt, Causes, &c.
- A. موجية mūjiba, (part. act. fem. IV. of وجبية) s. m. A thing of importance (whether good or bad). The rewards or punishments of eternity. (in logic). An affirmative proposition (opposed to هاله عقانة عناله عقانة عناله عقانة عناله عناله عقانة عناله عقانة عناله عن
- discovering) s. m. An author (bānī), inventor, causer. Corroborating, reinstating (after sickness or poverty). mūjid h., v. n. To be the cause of. mūjidān-i-qānūn. A legislative assembly, a Parliament.
- A. مؤجر mūjir (prop. mujir) part. act.

  (iv. of أجر) Hiring, letting to farm, renting.
- s. m. A summary, compendium. epitome.
- موجول . ماضر) (part. pass) (part. pass)
  - existed) adj. Found, present, available, extant, existing, existent, standing before, at hand, ready, maujūd rahnā, v.n. To subsist, continue. To attend, wait on maūjūd k., v.a. To produce, bring before (hāzir k.). To provide, supply. Fem. maujūda: plur. maujūdāt, s. f. Things found or present, creatures, existing things, created beings, nature, existences, beings, effects, assets; muster (of an army). maujūdgī, s. f. Presence, existence.
- مرجة mauja, s. m. A wave, billow,
- الم مرجة muwajjah, (part. pass. 11. of turning the face to) adj. Agreeable, acceptable, well founded in reason, approved.

- twist) mochānā, v. n. To be sprained.
  Strain, sprain, twist. [flesh.
- mochā, s. m. A large lump of
- tain tree. (Musa paradisiaca): the new lenf springing from the centre of that tree, or the fruit of it.
- B. f. The fem. of mechi. A saddler's or shoemaker's wife.
- عوچنا عوچنا عوچنا عوچنا عوچنا عوچنا عوچنا عوچنا عوچنا عوجنا عوچنا عوجنا عوجنا
- (丹司) Pincers, tweezers, v. a. To pinch. māchnā. To shut, to close
- H. جنی mochinni, s f. Shoemaker's or saddler's wife.
- H. 和 mūchk, s.f. (知知) Whiskers, mustaches. (Met.) Brag, boast. mūchh marorā rotī torā. One who is proud of sating the bread of idleness. mūchhon par tāo denā, v. n. To twirl or twist one's moustaches. To think no end of oneself, to brag, show off.
- H. عبيل mūchh-ail, adj. Having large whiskers.
- H. موجى mochi, s. m. A saddler, a shoemaker, a cobbler, a harness-maker, cordwainer).
- P. die mūchina, s. m. Tweezers.
- and رحك and معنف and معنف and معنف and معنف and معنف ) adj. Believing in one God, orthodox. An unitarian, as all Vedantis and Mahomedans are.
  - manhad, Single, singly.
- A. P. مؤحدانه mu'aḥḥid-āna, adj. Of or like a believer in one God.
- nāḥish. (part. act. IV. of وحش) adj. Desolate, famished, terrible. Dismal, causing sadness.
- nu'akhkhas, (part. pass. II. of أخذ Heb.) adj. Taken, seized, retaliated upon, called to account.

- a dj. Posterior, conse. quent: delayed, procrastinated.
- من سناه mu'addab, (part. pass. II. of سائه مان adj. Well disciplined, well-mannered, well-bred. learned, respectful. civil, polite, modest.
- mawaddat, (كو) s. f. Friendship, love. Benevolence.
- ਜ. مول هو modhū, adj. (माध) Guileless, artless, simple (buddhū) foolish.
- a. مورى mu'addā (part. pass. 11. of مورى) adj. Performed, paid. مورى adj. part. act. Paying, performing what is due; s. f. Cause, motive, causing.
- meat, or A. しょう。 provision). A merchant, a grocer, a shopkeeper, a grain-merchant, steward, provedore. modi-khāna. A pantry. A stockhouse.
- he called) s. m. A public crier from a minaret or tower of a mosque who calls people to prayers.
- (part act. iv. of أَذَى) adj. Noxious, troublesome, importunate, vexatious, obnoxious, pernicious; hurter, vexer, tormenter, an oppressor, pesterer, troubler. A miser. A wicked person, a wretch, knave.
- adj. Innumerable (as the ants and locusts).
- s. nor, (मयूर) s. m. A peacock.
  One who steals from the thief.
- عورا على morā, (मम) pron. Mine, my.
- s. سورت murat or murati or murti or murt, (मृत्ति form) s. f. Statue, image, idol (but), picture, portrait, resemb-

lance, form, figure, body. A person (term used by Bairāgīs). A holy man, a faqīr. An individual.

- s. m. A cause, an author. The legator, the person from whom an inheritance is derived, whether in the descending or ascending line.
- norchāl, s. f. Lines of intrenchment, approaches, trenches (in a fort). [harp. See
- a. P. مورچنگ morchang, e. f. A jews-
- of morchal) Rust (sung). A battery. An intrenchment, the embrasures (of a fort). morche par, Facing an enemy.
- s. क्रिक्रिक, (मूछी) s. f. A swoon, stupefaction. mārchhā ānā, or mārchhā khānā, To swoon.
- इ. مورچهل mor-chhal, (मयूर Peacock,
- and 何穷 Leather) s. m. A fan for driving away flies (especially, of peacock's feathers), a brush.
  - ליל mu'arrikh, (part, act. 11. of in mu'arrikh, (part, act. 11. of in mu'arrikh, (part, act. 11. of in mu'arrikh, moon, mu'arrakh, or fem. mu'arrakha, Dated, written.
  - s. m. The place of arrival, of descent, of alighting, of halting or appearing; station, object sought.
  - إلى المحروب ا
  - g. مورنى mor-nī, s. f. (मयूरी) A peahen. A peg. (dakh.) An orna-enent for the ear or nose.
- adj. Hereditary; heritage. Fem. maurūsa.

- A. P. مورونى maurāṣ-ī, (H. bapautī) adj.
  Hereditary, ancestral, patrimonial.
- or subterraneous passage (for water); A drain, a sink. An orifice, opening. morī par jānā, Wom. v. n. To make water, to piss: see muhrī.
- A turn, twist, bend, convolution, writhe, sprain; dog's ear, a turn (of a road), winding (of a river), doubling, turning over, back, towards, or aside. Getting back, recovery (of stolen goods). Tit for tat, retribution. may tor, s. m. Twists and turns, windings of a roads. Labyrinth, mase. (dakh.r.
  - (of corn, &c.), vegetation. mor kā ātār (dakh.) Round, painful excrescences about the anus or extremities of the gut, arising from the blind piles. mēr
  - (मंड) s. m. The head. man; (मेलि or मुक्तर) s. m. A kind of high crowned hat, worn by the bridegroom at the time of marriage. man;, s.f. A crown of paper or date leaves worn by a bride. [pechish.
- g. morā, s. (dakh.) Twist: see
- bend, double, screw. To plait, gather. Gokhrā mornā. To screw on. To misconstrue, pervert, distort. Arthmornā. To take back. muri dandi (Mech.) A bent lever. mor denā (dakh.) To defeat, rout, bresk mor khānā (dakh.) To be put to flight, to flee.
- A. وز maus, (मोचा) s. m. A plantain (fruit of the Musa paradisiaca).
- adj. Weighed, well-balanced (thik). well adjusted, symmetrical, well measured or of just quantity (verse). Rythmical, mausan k., v. a. To correct a verse.
- weighed or well adjusted or of just measure (as a verse).

- A glove. moza-gīr. A house that bites at the foot of his rider.
- H. oruvible mūs, s. f. (dakh) A cruvible
- A. P. موسائی m # s # ī, s. f. Judaism (following of Moses).
- mostar, s. (dakh. for Port. mostra). A pattern, sample, model, specimen. [coarse, gross, large.
- توسرّم سهجيس, adj. (dakh.) Thick.
- b. Jung m is a l, (月日で) s. m. A long heavy wooden pestle with which grain is beaten in a moftar.
- rcot. A rod, piston, bolt The fusiform receptacle of a many seeded fruit (as, of the Artocarpus, Annona, &c) mūslā dhār barasnā. To rain very heavily. To rain cats and dogs.
- of people, crew. Kind of disease in horses.
- time from وسم) s. m. Season, time.

  mausim-i-bahār-ī. The season of spring. (son, seasonable, in season.
- A. P. nausim-i, adj. Of sea-
- g. نسب māsnā or mosān, (मूत्रण r. मूत्र Steal, break) v.a. To pilfer, steal,

filch, defraud, snatch or seize by force. To twist, wring. Gardan mosnā. To wheedle, cajole, cozen, diddle. To chear, chouse (butta denā). To suppress one's feelings, to grieve, take to heart, give way to despair.

- adj. Marked, signed, impressed, named, called, entitled, bearing the name. Arab. fem. Legue mausūma.
- A. wow m e s a w i, adj. Mosaic, of Moses.
- موسىل مى mūsē or mūsī, a. prop. Moses.

- P. موسایت māsīcha, s.m. Name of a bird.
- ment made of long and short reeds set together in a triangular form, used by dervises or shepherds; pandean pipes: some say the word means a bird with many holes in its beak, from which holes various sounds issue.
- G. موسیقی mūsiqī, (Gr. μουσική)
  s. f. Music
- e. موش mūsh, (dakh. mosh, मूप्ता) s. m. A mouse. mūsh-i-dashtī, s. m. A mole. mūsh-gīr. A sparrow hawk.
- anything, especially, obliquely, as a scarf from the shoulder to the opposite side.
- P. موشدان mosh-dān, s. m. (dakh.) A mouse-trap. [tilio].
- P. mūshak, s. A bat. (Vesper-
- s. سُوشک mūshik, (मूषिक) s. m. A mouse, rat.
- without eyes that burrows in the ground, has a red back and white belly, with a long tail white at the end; a musk-rat, or a kind of mole. A bat.
- s, m. A carrier, a bearer. ¶ muwassal (part. pass II.) adj Arrived, joined, attached ¶ mausil (or, dakh. mūsal) Name of a city.
  - named, praised; endowed. Beforementioned. (subst.) A noun substantive qualified by an adjective. mausūfilaih, The aforementioned, the person before alluded to. Arab. plur. mausūfīn. Arab. fem. mausūf-a, s. m. (Anything) described, praised, &c. ismmausūf, s. m. A noun substantive qualified by an adjective.

- A. Joined, connected, related, collected, received; (in grammar) The relative pronoun, or the antecedent with respect to the relative. (Arab. femmausūla). "ausūl, s. m. (Gram.) Tho antecedent to the relative.
- bequeathed) s. m. Making a will, a testator. [s. f. A testatrix.
- q. v.) موصى mūṣiya, (fem. of موصية
- A. موضع mausa or mausi, (noun of place from وضع) s. m. A place, position, village, district, parish. A parcel or parcels of land Occurrence, conjuncture.
- s. m. A subject (of a speech), an object. (Gram.) A word. A postulate. adj. Established, placed situated; conventional (a phrase, &c.).
- موطی ه. maulin, (noun of place of ed.) s. m. Birthplace, dwelling, home.
- or time from (22) s.m. A promise, the time or place of a promise. Predicting, foretelling.
- A. وعظت mau'izat, (from وعظت) s. f. Advice, exhortation.
- adj. Promised, predicted, predestined.
- A. وفر mausir, (part. pass. of وفر)
  adj. Copious, full, many, plentiful.
  Complete, perfect, entire.
- adj. Fixed or restricted to a certain definite time.
- adj. Honoured, respected, respected, able. Stately, grave.
- s. m. A place where any thing happens, a fit place, locality, a place,

- situation; an accident, contingency: adj. Opportune, cccasion, proper time, mauge par, adj. At the proper time, at the right place and time, mauge milnā, or bannā, To get an opportunity, be-maugā, adj. Misplaced, out of place. Untimely.
- a. موقف mauqif, (noun of place of ) s. m. A station, post, place.
- stopped) adj Left or bequeathed for pious uses, consecrated to God. Stopped, settled, bound, fixed or dependent (on) (munhasar), ceased, deferred, postponed, abolished, dismissed, relinquished, countermanded. mauqif karnā, To stop, discontinue, leave off, lay aside, abrogate, annul. mauqif honā, To depend or rest (on), to be, stopped, to cease. mauqūf-ilaihi, A grantee. mauqūf-ala, A referee.
- arrest (as, of a judgment in a court of law), the setting aside, dismissal (javāb).
- موکب maukib, (noun of place from رکب) s. m. An army, forces, a choice body of troops.
- a. موكد mu'akkad, (part. pass. 11. of أكد ) adj. Confirmed, corroborated, efficacious. Redoubling.
- entrusted) s. m. One to whom a charge or trust is committed; A guardian, trustee, superintendent. vicegerent. I muscakil (part. act.) s. m. A constituent, one who delegates power, a client.
- M. المحمد moklā, adj. (dakh. for المحمد)

  Open, wide open (roads), unrestrained, extensive; refreshed, cheerful

  Enough (muklā): see عمالية.
- g. 以 m n k h ā, (円菱南) s. m. The ridge of a thatch, the topping or coping of a wall. mokhā (円図 or 円本 air hole) s. m. A small hole in a wall

for admitting light and air, an air hole, an aperture, opening, a ventilator. A sky-light. Khol mokhā jo āve jhokā, Open the ventilator, let in the air!

- عود على mūkhī, (मृष्ट्रि) s. f. A thump.
- a pounder, a rammer. Name of a flower, great double Arabian or Tuscan jasmine, double Moogrie (Jasminum zambac, var. γ. Mogorium).
- क mūgrī, (मुद्गर) s. f. A mallet for beating cloths with, &c.
- s. الم سقار, (मूल or मूलम् root) s. m.
- (asl). Origin, root, race, source, generation, principal or capital sum of money. Stock. Text (of a book, opposed to comment). The original text, context. (Arith.) The square root (jazr). Name of the nineteenth lunar mansion ( $\nu$  or  $\nu$  Scorpionis) containing eleven stars. adj. Really. The head.
- Purchase money. Price, cost. mol-tol, s. m. Fixing a price; traffic, purchasing Valuation. mol barhānā, v. a. To enhance. To outbid, mol tornā. v. a. (dnkh.) To beat down or abate (price). mol thahrānā. To appraise, estimate, value, mol-lenā, v. a. To buy.
- s. m. A judge, magistrate, master, lord, the lord, God. A slave, freedman, servant. maulā ke nām, In the name of God.
- s. m. A title given to persons respected for learning. A learned doctor,
- مولد. A. مولد maulid, (inf. or noun of place of ولد) s. m. Nativity, birth, birthplace.
- s. f. Name of a tree (Mimusops elengi), the flowers of which are highly fragrant. The bark is used as a gargle for swollen gums.

- a. مؤلف mu'allif, (part. act. 11. of الف) s.m. A compiler (of a book), an author. mu'allifa, P. P. Compiled.
- مولفات mu'allafāt, (part. pass. II.
  plur. of ألف s. Compilations.
  writing.
  - عولم mūlam, s. (dakh.) Name of a disease, round, painful excrescences about the anus or extremity of the gut arising from the blind piles.
- اا. مولمى mūlamī, adj. (dakh.) Mad:
- s. m Celebration of the anniversary of Mahommed's birth. adj. Born. generated; a son. s. m. Poetry chanted before the bier of a deceased person when carried ont, burial-service.
- مولودی ... maulūd-ī, A person who chants before the bier of a corpse.
- s. m. A learned man. A Mah. professor or doctor. Judicial. Divine. A dervise, a Mah. Monk.
- nuwallah or mūlah, (part. pass.

  11. or iv. of め) adj. Distracted, troubled (with love, grief, or fear).
- A. ولى maulā, (ولى) s. m. See ولا مولال
- ছ. مولى mūl-ī, (मूलका) s. f. A radish.

  Anything worthless or good for nothing.
- ब. المولي mūliyā, (मूलीय) ad j. Born while the moon is in mūl ( $\nu$  or  $\nu$  Scorpionis, which is considered unlucky). A soothsayer, fortune-teller. A crafty person.
- ق. موليرا بهائى maulerā bhā'ī. s. m. (dakh.) Mother's brother's son, cousin.
- ع. مولیری جہیں mauleri-bahan, s. f. (dakh.) Mother's brother's daughter.

- P. po mom, s. m. Wax, bees-wax. adj.

  Soft, very soft mom-batt, s. f. A wax-candle. mom-jāma, s. m. Wax-cloth, cerecloth. mom-dil, adj. Tender-hearted. mom-raughin, A polish of wax and oil mixed together. mom k., v. a. To make soft or pliable. To melt, thiw, move. To soften. mom kī nāk, (lit.) a nose of wax. A person of a fickle disposition.
- adj. Orthodox, faithful, believing.
  s. m. A musalmān weaver. (Plur.
  mū ninin).
- wax. Of the colour of wax. (applied to chinta) Prepared after stamping by covering the flowers with wax to prevent their being stoiled by other colours afterwards applied.
- adj. Alluded to, assented to, above-mentioned. mūmā ilaih, The above-mentioned.
- P. موميا mo niyā, s m. A mummy.
- P. موميائي momiyā-ī, adj. Of or like a mummy. s. f. Name of a medicine. momiyā-ī nikālnā, v. a. To beat to a jelly: see
- مونت mūnat, صونت mu'nat (or maunat, from مال or الهائي) s. f. Provisions, daily food.
- A. مؤنث mu'annas, (part. pass. 11. of أنث) adj. (Gram.) Feminine, effeminate.
- a rush or grass of which ropes are made. (Saccharum munja).
- H. Asign münch, See muchh.

- 如 mund, (共多) s. m The head.
  mund-bherā. Butting (as rams). mind
  pānā. To coax, to wheedle. ¶ A cloth
  three cubits long, worn round the
  pelvis. [ing.
- or मंडन) v.a. To shave the head.
  To instruct, convert or make a disciple of. To wheedle out of anything.
  To cheat. ulte usture se लांगलंगडं. To cheat one.
- H. La Die mondhä, s. m. (dukh. mändhi)
  The shoulder, a lump. A high stool made of reeds and rope, a footstool.
  A gusset on the shoulder of a nativa coat. The mouth of a bag. mondher wali, s. f. A prostitute. See
- s. nāndī, (共電) s.f. The head.
- A. مونس mānis, (for مونس nikkis, part. act. IV. of أنس) s. m. A companion, an intimate friend. Soliciting. Thursday.
- a kind of pulse (Phaseolus munge).
- H. Ligo mūnjā, s. m. Coral.
- الله سقايل māng-iyā, s. m. Name of s colour (red coral-coloured). adj Green (as māng).
- g. منه munh, or monh, (月頃) See منه.
- g. P. منه monhrī, (from مونهری or Pers. معنه) s. f. A kennel. a drain.
- senselessness. Pity, compassion, sympathy, kindness, affection, allurement, fascination, love. moh lenā, To attach, charm, captivate. moh chānā, To faint, as at the sudden appearance of a friend or mistress.
- g. lago mohā, s (dakh.) Bassia longifolia or latifolia see lego mahā'ā.

ent, a gift.

mauhibat, s. A gift: see e manhib.

mohan, (मोहन) s. m. art, fascination; a name of adj. Fascinating, charming, of sense, captivating; er. mohan-bhog, A kind of eat (halvā) mohan-mālā, Name nament, a string or necklace ed of gold beads, corals, pearls, rāksh.

mohnā, (मोहन) v. a. e, to enchant, charm, allure. adj. Fascinating, winning, &c. mohan-i, (मोहनी or मोहिनी)

s. f. An enchantress, a :, a fascinating or winning ; a courtezan. Fascination, a a philter. A fille de joie adj. Fascinating, depriving of m.

mauhāb, (part. pass. ) Given, presented mauhūb The person to whom a gift is n law), a legatee.

mauhūm, (part. pass. of وهم) nagined, imaginary, ideal.

mo-hi, (comp. of you for

मोहि mo-hi, and ई i, for s.

very) pron. Me indeed, to y.

nū'e, or dakh. mo'e, s. m. Hair. hānī, or -zihār, or -ana, Hair pubes). mo'e mubarak. hair. (The Mahomedans of than pretend to be in possesa number of the hairs of the nd whiskers of their prophet, n certain villages near Madras re a year borne in procession great solemnity, the faithful hen allowed to approach and he relics).

- mauhib, (from فيلك عنه muaiyad, adj. Confirmatory, corroborative.
  - H. مويز mawīz, s. m. A raisin.
  - A. مويشي maweshī, (H. bher bukrī) (corrupt. of مواشى महिष A buffalo) s. f. A herd or drove of oxen, cattle. Goats and sheep.
  - P. موید moya, s. m. Weeping, lamentation.
  - P. do mih, (or, dakh. mah, 刊訂) Great. ¶ mah, (contract. of sto H[:) s. m. The moon. mah-pāra. beauty, a mistress. A month. under 86
  - s. पुरु makā, (महा from महत्) adj. Great, illustrious; very, extremely. Grievous. mahā-brahman, or -pātr. A Brāhman who officiates at funerals, and is first fed after the mourning for a dead person mahā-bal-ī Very powerful mahā pāp. Atrocity, great sin. mahpāp-ī, adj. Atrocious, great sinner.

(महाप्रसाद) mahā prasād. The meat or food which is offered to the deity (especially to Jagannath) and after-

wards distributed. (महापूर्व) mahā purush. A holy man. mahā-tīrth, s. m. The great (tirth) place of pilgrimage. mahā-jāl. A seine. A large fishing net; a charm A merchant, banker. A man of credit mahā rāj, Great king, excellency. A supreme or sovereign prince. A form of address to a Brahman or a superior. your worship, your majesty. mahā rājā, A Hindū emperor. mahā rānī, s. f. An empress. mahā sankh, The skull of

a dead body. (महामारि) mahā māri, plague, pestilence, or any epidemical disease. (महामास) mahā māns, Human flesh. (One who takes

money on giving his daughter in marriage, is said to sell mahā-māns, Human flesh),

- A. سبابت mahābat, (هير) s. f. Majesty, greatness, reverence, fear, dread, nwe.
- مهابت mahāba, s. m. See سبابه
- s. m. A grand epic poem by Vyāsadera, containing an account of the dissensions and wars of the Kurus and Pāṇḍus, two great collateral branches of the house of Bhārat, so called from Bharat its founder. The great war of the descendants of Bharat.
- s. پرلی mahā-pralai or -pralaya,
  (महाप्रलय) s.m. The great deluge.
- s. mahātam, (महात्म्य) s. m. Greatness, grandenr, rank, dignity. The benefit derived from any good work.
- s. Losty-mahātmā, (महात्मा) a d j. Losty-minded, magnanimous, liberal. Good, virtuous, holy. s. m. A pious man, saint, etc.
- مهاجر muhājir, (part. act. III. of مهاجر) a d j. Abandoning; one who q u i t s (his country), especially on account of public calamity or persecution. (Plur. مهاجرین).
- separated) s. f. Separation, emigration, distance, desertion, flight, abandoning (a country).
- bed, chair. A throne, sofa,
- s. مہادیو mahādev, (महादेव) s. m. A name of Siva, one of the principal Hindū triad or divinities.
- عبادّول mahā-dol, s. A large and splendid sort of sedan or pālkī.

- n bridle. A piece of wood or string put through a perforation in the nose of a camel to guide him by. Used, also, in the sense of head or individual (of camels).
- A. مهارت mahārat, (inf. from مهارت)
  - s. f. Practice (مشق) Subtlety, acuteness, genius, excellence, skill, expertness, proficiency.
- Upper room or story, house, stately dwelling, palace, edifice, &c.
- face phunsi pimple) (HG Face) s. m.

  A pimple (on the face in youth).

  nuhāse nikalnā, v. n. To come out
  (pimples).
- s. f. The eighth of the bright forgnight of Asin.
- name or rather a form of Sira, in his character of the destroying deity, being then represented of a black colour and of an aspect more or less terrific. (Sira or Mahākāla may be considered as a personification of time that destroys all things).
- مبال . مبال mahāl cr muhāl, (noun of place from مبال) adj. Formidable, dreadful (place).
- A. pho mahāmm, s. plur. (of pro)
  Serious affairs, an important transaction.
- s. m. The mouth (of a river, &c.), inlet, outlet. [churg.
- म् مهانی mihāni, (मन्धनी) s. f. A
- s. mahāwat, }(महामात) s.m.
- i. diver or keeper.

- whence or whither the wind blows.

  A breathing hole. Tuhilb, part.

  (act. IV.) Walking, rousing. Libidine actus et in fæmellam insiliens admissarius.
- mah-tāb, s. m. The moon.

  Moonshine. A kind of fireworks.

  (Blue lights.)
- the moon, like the moon, of moonshine. s. f. A kind of fireworks. An open high terrace (dakh.) Brocade. adj. Of brocade. [sef. A mother.
- ब. مهتاری mahtarī, (महत्तरा or मातृ)
- مبتدی muhtadī, (part. act. VIII. of هدی adj. Directed, guided, led (into the way of salvation, steered (to the right or left).
- mihtar, adj. (dakh. mahtar. compar. of & mih. (中民代) Greater.

  s. m. A prince, a chief or principal person. An honorific title of a sweeper, or man who follows one of the meanest occupations, as that of butcher, scavenger, inn-keeper, shoemaker, nightman, &c.
- mihtar-ānī or dakh.

  mahtar-ānī, s. f. Female of mihtar.

  Also, a female innkeeper.
- muhtamm, part. act. VIII. of

  muhtamm, part. act. VIII. of

  Taking on one's self the concerns of
  others; (subst.) Commissioner, agenttrustee, inspector, superintendent. A
  Manager, Overseer. muhtanim-i-akhbār, s. m. An editor of a Newspaper.
- ছু. খুনু ৯ mah-jālā, (ম্हালান্ড) s. m. (dakb.) A large fishing net.
- adj. Separated, cut off, excluded, left, forsaken. [tion.
- mahjūr-ā, s. f. Separa-

- ع. P. گنگ muhchang, s. f. Jewsharp: see خینگ
- مبك mahd, (pl. مبكره) s. m. A cradle, a couch, a swing.
- A. مهدم mahdām, (part. pass. of معلى )

  adj. Destroyed, totally ruined.
- e. مهدى mihdī, s f. A plant: see مينهدى menhdī.
- the name of the twelfth Imām, in the creed of the Shī'as, who is still believed by them to be living.
- mahr, s. m. A marriage portion or gift settled by the husband upon the wife before marriage, alimony, dowry, jointure. Contracting by writing for such settlement. mahrbändhnā, v. a. To settle a portion on a wife. mahr bakhshnā, v. n. To give up a jointure.
- seal-ring. The impression of a seal, a stamp. A gold coin, gold muhr (ashrafi). muhr karnā. To seal. uhr kan, s. m. A seal engraver, a lapidary. I mihr, s. f. Love, friendship, affection, kindness, favour. Feeling, sympathy (dard). Prosperity (lahr bahar).
- nuhar, s. (dakh.) Peacock: see
- H. Man who appears in the habit of a woman. muhrā, s. m. (H. muhh mouth) The front (āgā). Van, vanguard. muhre par, adj. In the front. muhre par rakhnā, v. a. To put in front.
- adj. Pounded, comminuted.
- и. от mihrārū, в. f. (मिद्विला) A woman (istrī).
- exacted by the quei on account of a wedding.

- P. مهربان mihr-bān, a d j. Friendly, kind, affectionate, gracious; (subst.) A friend (dost). mihr-bān h, To be kind. To pay a visit to.
- ness, kindness, favour. mihrbān-ī karnī.
  To favour, to confer favour (on), to befriend.

  [engraver.
- P. سرکن muhr-kan, s. m. A seal-
- P. مهرکنی muhr-kan-i, s. f. Seal-engraving.
- P mah-rū, adj. Having a face beautiful as the moon.
- p. مهرورزی mihr-warz-i (mihr, Friendship, and ورزید warz, part. act. in compos. of ورزیدی To sow, practise, exercise) s. f. Exercise of friendship, kindness. [sun.
- P. مهروش mihr-wash, adj. Like the
- rubber, a shell, price of wood or other instrument used as a mangler or polisher. A chess-man, a counter for playing at any game (as chess, draughts, &c.). The ankle joint in a man or horse; any other natural protuberance of the bone as in the neck joint, backbone, &c., a vertebra. The bezoar stone, snake stone. Any polished round stone, pebble, bead, &c. Gloss, lustre, polish. muhra-dār, adj. Polished, glazed, smooth. muhra k., v. a. To polish.
- s. f. A drain, a gutter, aqueduct, kennel, conduit. (from muhr) adi Sealed. mihr-i, s. f. (in compos.) Friendship. A kind of guitar or harp.
- E. when, (when He mouth) s. f.

  The cuff of the sleeve of a jacket, or the extremity of the leg of a pair of trousers, the bore (of a gun, &c.) The headstall.
- muhra-dar) adj. Smooth (applied to paper). [fragrance (bās).
- muhak, s. f. Odour, persume,

- H. امهکنا mahk-ār, (from مهکار) s.m.

  H. الله mahk-ārā, (dakh.) Odour,
  exhalation.
- H. المهان naihkānā, (causal of المهانة)

  v. a. To exhale (agreeable scent), to perfume.
- agreeable smells, to emit odour, to be fragrant. [spicy, aromatic.
- H. Life mahk-īlē, adj. Odoriferous,
- s. f. Retarding, deferring. Delay, indolence, respite, time, leisure, intermission, cessation, armistice. muhlate denā, v. a. To allow time, to postpone. muhlat milnā, v. n. To be allowed time or a respite.
- A. كالم muhlik, (part. act. 1v. of كالم) adj. Destroying, killing, fatal (قاتل)، deadly, mortal, destructive. muhlik bimāri, s. f. A fatal disease. muhlik sakhm, s. m. A mortal wound. Arab. fem. muhlika.
- ملکه mahlaka, noun of place from (هلک) s.m. A place of destruction or danger.
- adj. Important, serious; s. f. Urgent, momentous business, important affair, exigence, exploit, enterprise, a dangerous expedition, a feat.
- Important affairs, expeditions. Necessaries for a journey, etc.
- A stranger. A guest, inmate, lodger. A son-in-law. mihmān-khāna, A house for the reception of a stranger, a dining room. mihmān-dār, An entegtainer, host. An officer appointed to receive and entertain an ambassador. mihmān-dār-i, or mihmān-nawās-i, s. f. Entertainment, hospitality. mihmān-dost, Hospitable.
- P. مهمانی mihmān-i, s. f. Entertainment, hospitality, a feast, banquet

- mihmānī karnā. To entertain, treat hospitably.
- مرال المدل muhmil, (part. act. Iv. of مال) adj. Negligent, careless, indolent.
- A. Jayo muhmal, mas. } (part.) pass.
- when without meaning (a word, &c.), absurd. Void of discritical marks (a letter). A buffoon.
- مرملات muhmal-āt or muhmil-āt, s.
- plur. f. (of wheal or muhmil)
  Absurdities.
  - adj. Hamzated, viz. (ا or or marked with hamsa (the letter being then, in Arabic, radical).
  - P. مبملز mahmez, s. f. A spur,
  - म् wahnā, (मथन) v. n. To churn.
  - H. i, mihnā, s. m. Sarcasm. mihnā phenknā. To sneer.
  - s. m. A monk, abbot, a head of a religious order, prior, religious superior, chief of the faques.
  - مبندس muhandis, (part. act. from مبندس handasa) s.m. A geometrician. A miner.
  - mahangā, (or dakh. mhangā, for 田民日) adj. m. Dear, high-priced, expensive (じんり), costly. mahangā h, v. n. To rise (in price), to become dear. mahang-molā, (mahngoṛā); P. grān-farosh. s. m. One who sells dear, a dear seller.
  - ब. مہنگی mahang-ī, (mahingā-samāin)
    (महार्ची) s. f. A dearth, scarcity,
    famine. adj. f. (महानी) Dear.

- enda mahu'à or mahu'à or mahwà
  (甲氧有) s. m. Name of a broad
  leaved tree (Bassia latifolia or longifolia?) bearing flowers which are
  sweet, and from which a spirituous
  liquor is distilled (the nuts afford an
  oil used instead of butter): the blessom of the tree.
- P. mah-war, s. m. Monthly wages.
- pay or wages. [Marriage portions.
- عبور على mhor, s. m. (dakh.) Peacock:

  see على mor. مهورچل mhor-chal.

  See مورچل mor-chal.
- s. m. A division of time, equal to 12 kshanas or 48 minutes. An auspicious moment. mahūrat k., v. a. To begin a work in an auspicious moment. . .
- A. مهوس muhauwas, (part. pass. 11. of dej. Very desirous, distractedly in love. ¶ muhauwis (part. act.) s. m. An alchemist.
- A. P. orpo muhauwis-7, s. f. Alchemy.
- as the moon; a sweetheart, a beauty.
- mahokhā, s. m. A species of cuckoo. (Cuculus castaneus).
- A. المين muhaiyā, (part. pass. 11. of قيلة) adj. Prepared, ready, arranged, got ready. muhaiyā k., v. a. To make ready, procure.
- A. مييب muhīb, (part. act. IV. of صيبه) adj. Dreadful, formidable, tremendous, grim, awful, severe, grave, revered.
- H. مهیریان mhire'an, s. f. plur. of (dakh.) Two plaited locks or braids of hair worn by women, from the middle and top of the forehead to the

back of the neck, where they are fastened together. [name of Siva.

- s. مهيس mahes, (महेश) s. m. A
- H. wahelā, s. f. A food given to horses, consisting of boiled kidney beans (Phaseolas max.); a mash.
- (not coarse). Great, greatest, elderborn. mihīn-dos. A tailor, a person who performs any fine needle-work. mihīn āwāz. (Mus.) A soprane voice. A thin feeble voice.
- mahīnā, (also dakh mhainā)

  s. m. (from ‰) (刊刊) A month

  Monthly pay, wages or salary. (dakh.)

  Menses. mahīnā charhnā. To be in
  arrears. To pass (the time for menstruation). mahīnā bhar, The whole
  month.
- مهنا ههدا. شهنا ههدا ههدنا ههدا. همهنا ههدنا ههدا . طعنه هما مهدنا تهولی ههدا مهینا تهولا
- a. whendi, s. f. (dakh.) See

  meihdi: but by Drs.

  Ainslie and Harris said to be the Lawsonia spinosa. Also, in dakh. A ceremony almost constantly observed at the weddings of Mahometans residing in India. An ornament of gold or silver worn by the women only. An ark or tabernacle carried about in solemn procession by the Musalmans of the south of India, more especially on the eve of the anniversary of any departed saint or holy man.
- P. mai, s. f. Wine (sharāb), spirituous liquor. mai-āzhām. A winedrinker. mai-parast. A lover of wine, a bacchanalian, a drunkard. maiparast-s, s. f. Love of wine, a symposium. mai-khāna or mai-kada. A tavern, cabaret. mai-khor or mai-A sot, a winebibber. mai--khor-i or mai-khawr-i or mai-khwaragi, s. f. Wine-drinking, drunkenness. mai-kash, A winebibber, a drunkard. Wine-drinking, - nai-karh-i. s. f. carousal. mai-gunar, Wine-drinker. mai-gan, Auburne, fair, wine-coloured, light red. mai-nāb, Pare wins. mainosh, Wine-drinker, mai-nosh-i, s. f. Wine-drinking.

- g. ्रा mayā, (माया) s. f. Kindness, pity, sympathy, compassion, mercy, feeling, affection, benevolence, charity.
- s. L. maiyā (माता) s. f. Mother.
- pl. mirān chiefs). Sir! good Sir, an address expressive of kindness, a title by which eunuchs are addressed; master, husband. miyān men k, v.a. To sheathe the sword. miyān-ādmī, A respectable person, a gentleman. Father, papa. An evil spirit. In the hill districts, the title of the sons of Rājput princes. I me'ān (dakh) Bleating of sheep.
- sheath: see iniyām. The loins, the waist, the middle: between. miyān-jī, s. m. A mediator, an arbitrator, a broker, a go-between (bharrā), a schoolmaster. miyān-jī-gari, The business of a schoolmaster. Pimp.
- P. Lilla miyāna-gī. s. f. Mediation.
- Middling, moderate, middle-sized. (In Hind.) s. m. A kind of sedan or pālkī. A galloway. A centre. (dakh.) A pole (of the earth), an axis. miyāna rau-ī, s. f. Moderation (in expenditure) miyāna-qadd, Of middle stature.
- A gusset between the legs of a pair of trousers. (dakh.) The pin or upright stake round which a handmill turns.
- A. سیت maiyit or mait, (मृत्यु:)
  (سرمه) s. f. A dead body, death.
- e. سیس mit, (甲南) s. m. Friend, lover. [porringer, a cup.
- H. Line mita, s. m. A pitcher. A
- s. ميتهى methi, (मिर्यो) methi kā sāģ,
  A potherb. s. The plant fenugreek.
  (Trigonella fænum-græcum. Pers.
  شميليت shambalīt).
- a. Line meine, (causal of Line miine.)
  v. a. To efface, erase, blot out,

wipe out, annihilate, annul, cancel, expiate, atone for. To thwart. (also, dakh. miļnā) See in miļnā.

- hitter, namkīn saltish, khārī brackish, khātā sour, phīkā insipid.) adj. Sweet. mīthā, s. m. A general name for sweets, as sugar, molasses, etc. Slow, lazy, gentle, slight (dhīmā), tame, mild. s. m. A very active vegetable poison. Name of a fruit. mīthā tel, The oil of til, sweet oil. (dakh.) A kiss.
- ع. سابقی mithās, عیتهاس ه. ق. f. (dakh.) Sweetness:
- see ستهائی miṭhās, and متهائی • miṭhā-ī. {(dakh.) Liquorice root.
  - ع. H. ميدَّهي لكرَّى mīļhī lakṛī, s. .f.
  - g. P. ميڌهي كدو m i hi kaddū, s. f. (dakh) Red pumpkin or squash gourd. (Cucurbita melopepo).
  - agreement, a promise, compact, bargain, alliance, confederacy, league.
- g. mich, (मृत्यु) s. f. Death (maut).
- H. Lizzie michna, the eyes, to shut, to wink.
- pin, or peg, peg, wooden or iron pinstake, post, hook, tenter, spike. mekh thonknā, To nail. To impale, crucify. mekh-chū, s. f. A mallet, mall, hammer. mekh mārnā, To overcome. To put a spoke in the wheel.
- P.s. میکنی سولاه mekh-i-rūpaiya, A
  rupee which has been hollowed and
  then filled with lead, copper, &c.,
  adulterated.
- field, lawn, area. A field of battle, parade. A scene in a play, poem, etc. Qisse kā maidān. maidān chhornā, v.n. To take flight, to fly. maidān k. To raze to the ground. To fight. maidān mch ānā, v.n. To come out (to fight).

- s. f. The earth. A body of pilgrims going to visit the tomb of a saint Khuājā's shrine at Ajmere). (dakh.) Income, endeavour, profit.
- P. Some maida, s. m. Flour (of grain), especially of the purest sort or twice sifted, meal.
- H. A post fixed in the centre of a threshing-floor, to which the cattle are attached as they turn round to tread out the corn.
- or some elevated place from which people are called to prayer at a mosque.
- P. ملير mir, s.m. A chief, leader A title by which Saiyids are called. The King (in cards). mīr-i-ātash, Tho chief of the fireworks or artillery, master of the ordnance. mir-ākhur, Master of the horse. mīr-haḥr, An admiral. A collector of port duty. mīr-bakhshī, s. m. The paymastergeneral. mir-dah-a, s. m. A commander or superintendent of ten (servants, &c.) mīr-sā-mān, Head steward. mīr-shikān. A birdcatcher, huntsman. (m et.) A pimp. mir-i-majlis, The master of the ceremonies, president or chairman. mir-matbukh, Chief of the kitchen or chief cook. mir-i-manzil, Quarter-master-general. mir tusak, s. m. Chief marshal. mirji, A title of mirāsīs. mīr adl, s.m. Chief Justice (Mah.) A superintendent of the courts who revised the decisions of the Qāzīs and judges, and passed sentence. mirmunshi, s. m. Chief Secretary.
- a. ميرا merā, (मम or म) pron. lst opers. poss. mas. My, mine; of me:

  (in dakh.) for جين mujh, me.
- tage, patrimony, hereditary estate, inheritance, a bequest (bapautī).
- A. H. ميرانى mīrēṣan, s. f. A singing girl (of a caste who sing and play on music before women only).
- A. H. ميراثني mīrāṣnī, s.f. (dukh.)

  See ميراثي mirāṣan. mīrāṣniyān

Females who only sing in presence of women, and play, sitting, upon the dholak and manjira.

- inherited. A singer (of a caste who follow that profession from generation to generation).
- p. مرزا mīrzā, s. m. See مرزا mirzā. mīrzāmanish, adj. Princely in disposition, genteel. (Pers. plur. mīrzā-yān).
- P. ميرزائى mīrzā ī, s. f. Gentility, nobility.
- a. ميرو merū, (Ḥ̄ᢏ̄) s. m. An axis. A fabulous mountain, the Olympus of the Hindus.
- H. ميرو merā, s. (dakh. explained by گردن حقه نار جيل The neck of a cocoa-nut pipe.
- ramp. mairā phernā, v. n. To break the clods of a field. mairā lenā, v.n. To turn on one's side (karvaṭen badalnā).
- P. مدر mes, s. f. A table. wes bichhana,
  To lay the cloth.
- A. (noun of instrum. of mīzān, (noun of instrum. of seles. The sign Libra (tula). Measure, metre, rhyme, verse, prosody. Addition or total (in arithmetic). mīzān-denā or -lagāna, To add, to cast up. mīzān-i-kul, s. f. The grand total.
- nez-bān, s. m. An entertainer, host, landlord. [entertainment.
  - P. ميزبانى mez-bān-ī, s. f. Hospitality,
  - قارى . mestarī, s. f. (dakh.) The maistry, chief or principal workman.
  - being easy) adj. Attained, procurable, obtainable, facilitated, easy, favourable. muyassar h., (u. jurnā v. n. To be obtained. [an army.
    - A. Sympe maisara, s. m. Left wing of

- adj. Facilitated, made easy, prosperous, going on successfully. Plur. maisūrāt, Prosperous affairs, good fortune. [goat. See ميشو mīshī.
- s. , suite mesi, s. f. (dakh.) Skin of a
- P. S. mesh, (中旬) s. m. A sheep, a ram. The sign Aries. mesh-chashm, adj. Sheepish, sheep-eyed; (met) A blockhead. meshā, s. m. Kid (leather).
- A. مشؤوم maishām, (for مشؤوم part, pass. of مثرًا adj. Unfortunate, perverse, unlucky, disagreeable.
- s. ميشى m'shi (or meshi? perhaps, of from भेष A sheep) s. f. A kind of leather, shamois. Parchment, vellum.
- time of Jc) s. m. The time or place of a promise, fixed time or term, period. Usance. Imprisonment (qaid), mi'ad tal dena ya katna. To pass (a term), or to undergo imprisonment for the full term.
- A. P. ميعالى mī'ād-ī, adj. For a time or term; limited to the time or place (as, a lease).
- A. مَيعَ mai'at, s. The beginning of day or of youth. Storax, stacte. (Plur. mai'st).
- P. مين megh, (甲目) s. m. A cloud, mist, fog.
- P. مى فروش mai-farosh, s. m. A seller of wine, vintner.
- s. میک maikē, (मात्नि) s.m. Kindred, relations, mother's family. The bride's paternal home.
- a. میکائیل mikā'il, n. prop. The archangel Michael.
- s. میکم mekh, (中国) s. m. A ram; the sign Aries (A. hamal): see میش mesh.

- P. میکسار mai-gusār, s. m. A winedrinker.
- عيك meglā, s. m. (dakh.) See ميكه megh.
- s. میله megh, (मेन a cloud) (Pers.

s. m. A cloud. Rain. Name of a rāg or musical mode appropriated to the wet season and last watch of the night before the first dawn of day, and said to have proceeded from the head of Brahmā, or else from the sky.

- skewer or wire instrument used to apply a collyrium to the eyes and when heated to blind people by drawing it hot before the eyes. The barrel of a gun.
  - and milāo s. m. Connexion, relationship, agreement, combination, intimacy, concord, reconciliation, union, association, mixture, mixing; a meeting or assemblage of people, a set, a fair, a court of justice, a counterpart. Amity. Kind, sort. melkā, adj. Of the same class or society. Congenial. mel k. To associate with. To watch. mel milāp h., v. n. To be familiar with.
  - nail, (Ho) s. f. Dirt, filth, rust, scum. mail baithnā, To gather a crust. mail chhāntnā, To fine, strain, purify, clarify. To wash clothes. mailkhora, An under vestment (as, under petticoat, &c.), an apron. Cast-off clothes. A saddle-cloth. mail kātnā, To refine, to purify. mail lānā, To be sorry, to take offence.
  - Inclination. tendency, bent, bias, wish, desire. Affection, regard, partiality, fondness (chāh), attachment, aptitude. mail ralhnā, To associate with. mail karnā, To close in with.
  - s. المن melā, (मेला or मेलिका) s. m. A fair, concourse of people for religious or commercial purposes, a mixed assemblage of faqīrs. Meeting, company. Ek a'elā, do kā melā. melā k... v. a. To go to a fair. (In dakh. said,

also, to have the meanings of urs and hunar-i-shumsher) melā milnā, To meet full in the face. melā thelā, s. m. A crowd, a concourse of people.

- nasty, foul, defiled. Inferior, low, mean. mailā karnā, To dirty, soil, tarnish, foul To go to stool. mailā hcjānā, To tarnish, to become turbid, to be dirty. To spoil, fade, go to waste. mailā kuchailā (好可可 Ill-clothed, dirtily dressed) adj. Dirty. maile sir se h., v. n. To have the monthly course.
- میلان nailān, (properly mayalān, from میلان) s.m. Inclination, hent affection, respect, regard. Loving.
- g. الله melnā, v. a. (मिल् to mix) (for पेलन) To thrust in, stuff in, cram (ḍālnā), penetrate, force in. To put in, mix with. To send. To cry, call. v. n. See id. milnā, and ill है
- H. lines memnā, s. m. A kid.
- s. f. Fortune, prosperity, happiness. The right side or hand.
- A. dialo maimana, s. m. The right wing of an army.
- adj. Fortunate, auspicious, prosperous. s. m. A baboon, monkey. Membrum virile.
- H. Junio mimiyānā, v. n. To bleat (a kid).
- g. 如此 men, (年日) postpos. In, among, between, among, at, within, men se, From within, out of. ¶ main (and, rarely, men.) (司言, 田 &c.) pron. I. main-panā, s. m. (dakh.) Egotism, arrogance. main khush merā khudū khush, is used to express high satisfaction with any circumstance or proposition.

گر ناخوشی سے میری هوتا هے جی ترا خوش \* جس مین تری خوشی هو مین خوش مرا خدا خوش

Gar nā-khushī se merī hotā hai jī tirā khush; jis men tirī khushī ho main khush mirā khudā khush. If you are pleased with that which gives me pain, I am delighted and my God is pleased with whatever affords gratification to you.

- s. min, (HT) s. f. A fish. Săvan sâg, na Phâdon dahi, Khar min, (or karelâ), na kātuk mahi. Prov. Greens in August, in September tyre, fish in Ootober, and sour milk in November keep from e'er! The sign Piaces (A. hāt), min mekh nikâlnā, v. a. To criticise. Tum har ak kām meh min mekh nikâlte ho.
- P. Line mina, s. m. A goblet, a glass, (Poet) a decanter. A blue colour. Enamel. Heaven, (Poet) the azure vault, paradise The blue stone, blue vitriol, caustic. mina-kar, An enameller, mina bazar, A fancy fair.
- H. Line mains or mayans, s. f. A starling. (Grands religioss). A term of endearment addressed to children. Wom. mains sank. The common mains. aga mains, s. f. A superior talking mains. Twins. A caste of Hindús, professedly thieves of Rajpūtāna.
- 4. בילים minar, a. m. Obelisk, a tower of a mosque, steeple. A pillar. A houndary pillar, a mile stone. (munără). A burden, as an unmarried daughter Hin. Wom. Chhāti par ka munărā. See , i. manār.
- P. مينائي mīnā-ī, s. f. Enamel. adj. Of enamel, enamelled.
- a. m. Name of a fruit used in medicine. (Vangueria spinosa), (indrain).
- \* g- liesius minjas, (r. পুল Cleanse) v. a. To rub, to scour.
  - 2. main-ch, pron. (dakh.) I my-

- another father or mother; as, maindar bhā'ā. A half-brother. Alm, maindar sās, or maindar mān. A supmother.
- e. میندری maindrī, adj. fem. (dakh) See میند, maindar.
- H. Disco mend, s. f. A bank (raised to separate fields), a border, bank (of a pond, river, &c.), dam, land-mark, dike, mole, mound, High waves, billows, surge, mend paras. The rising of waves in the sea.
- ع. لو گنیس men 4-p hal, s. (dakh.)

  A medicinal fruit: See اله الهادية
- H. أمينتان mende, s. f. The brim d s well. ¶ s. m. (dakh.) A he gust els certain kind.
- a. میندگ شه mondek, s. m. } (بازگ ها) . و بازگری میندگری ها mondki, s. t.
  - A frog; toad; the rump of a horse. A toy. mendki to sukām hond (lik. A frog having caught cold) expresses pride or consequential airs assumed by worthless persons, mendat pheri. The frog-abscess, a painful importhume which grows on the sole of the foot and usually terminates in the course of a few days by supportation.
- H. مينڌن ينڌ مينڌن mindae, (إلى to rub) v. s.
  To rub with the hands. To week
  one's hands. To crush, pulverise.
- e. المَانَّة menghā, (मेंड or मेर्ड्र) e. m. A ram. The swell of the tide called the boar.
- andina bonduccella) so called, filled with composition (as a fire-work); when lighted it is thrown amidet the crowd. It bursts with an explosion.
- ਜ. مینڈی mendi, s. f. (बेणो) A kind of she goat.
- H. مینگنی mengni, s. f. The orbicolar dung of goats, sheep, camels, rats, قدر: see منگنی

- P. oile mini, s. m. Paradise.
- menh (用日 Pers. مينه Menh (用日 Pers. مينه A. mā water. s. m. Rain, a shower. menh ānā, v. n. Threaten (rsin). menh barasnā, To rain. menh chhāinā, To rain hard.
- عينهدى عينهدى عنهدى عنهدى عنهدى عنهدى عنهدى عنهدى عنهدى عنه methdi, (मेन्धी) s. f. The name of a plant from the leaves of which a red dye is prepared, with which the natives stain their hands and feet. (Laweonia inermis: however, said to be Lawsonia spinosa). Myrtle (Us). A marriage ceremony (Mah.). An ark or tabernacle. (It is carried in solemn procession by Musalmans, more especially on the eve of the • anniversary of the death of a saint who happens to die when he is about to marry). menhdī bāndhnā, v. a. To apply henna (a cure for a blister). menhdi layana, To stain the palms, etc., with menhali.
  - ۳. میوجات m s to a j ā t, s. plur. (o:
    میولا
- Fruit. mewa-dār, Fruitbearing, fruitful. mewa-farosh, A fruiterer, or a fruit-seller.
- علم meh-am, s. (dakh.) Clap, gleet:
  see پرملو parme'o.
- الله mehmān, s. m. A guest: هوه ساله mihmān.
- مهمانی mehmän-ī, s. l. See میهمانی mihmän-ī.
- mārnā, v. a. To taunt.

U

Arabic and twenty-ninth of the Persian alphabet, corresponds to I in Sanskrit. It is one of the dental letters, and has the sound of the English n with the following excep-

tions. When it is quiescent in the middle or end of a word, and follows a madda or simple long vowel, it has a very slight nasal sound; as, in زبون Bad, زمان Time, زمان The earth, To remain: this is called نون غنه nān-i-ghunna. If, bowever, the word at the end of which it occurs be so placed in composition that the become moveable by izāfat, it ceases to be nasal and resumes its original sound as a dental letter. When it precedes — or — it has the sound of m; as, in mimbar, a pulpit; سنيت sampat, Riches. Before or it assumes a nasal sound similar to that which the English n has before the corresponding letters in the words song, sunk, as, in انكاشتر angāshtan, To suppose; Kil lankā. In Arabic, when it it takes ی or و م ل ر precedes the sound of the following letter; as, من رب mirrabbin, From the Lord. من ليل mil-lai-lin, From the night; من مقام mim-maqāmin, From the place; من ورأهم miwwarā'ihim, After them; من يشا mai-yashā'u, Whoever desires. In the application of the Arabic letters to denote numbers, i ands for 50. In the conjunct almanacks it sign.

In the conjugation of some irregular Persian verbs, and of the present are changed into to form the present; as, will from which in some instances this letter is inserted between those of the preterite; as, will from the plural; as, will and the participle active; as, will and the participle active; as, will be active; as active; as

In Persian, may be. An adverb of negation, either prefixed to another word or used separately; but when the latter is the case, hā-i-mathfi is subjoined to it; which in verse is often changed into majhāl, to lengthen the line. The older poets sometimes cut off the 3 and join the

with the fellowing word, for the sake of the measure; " as, in this example of Nigami: --

## از خیمه برون دوید بیخود نزدام هراس داشت نزدد

As Maima birān dawid be-thud, nazdâm hiras dasht nas-dad; for na as dam, and no or dad. He rushed distractedly from his tent, fearing neither the snare nor the wild benets. When it is joined with another word, the addition of g or \_ is unnecessary; as, with alif prefixed, it may be added to the root of a verb to form the participle called Falling انتان و خيران هه ، حاليه and rising; and, the plural of nouns, Men. Affixed to a word, it may serve to denote connexion or relation; as ريمن rimin, Of or relating to pus, purulent, from

jaushan, Chain-armour, from مجوش A ring or link of a chain. ا In Arabio, , called nin-i-takid, may be annexed to the norist of a verb to denote certainty or asseveration: ia which case, it may be either (خفيف) aimple, or (تقيله) double, as explained in all treatises on Arabic gramms. In Sanskrit, (국) is a separate negative particle. नि (for नि: or निर्) or all pronfunced with kasr is sometimes prefixed to words to denote negation; as, in, Si ni-dar, Fearless. P. g. i nā, (s. nā) (न) No, not, 2 negative prefix to nouns or participles. having the same meaning as the English once, in, un, die, non, &c. or the affix less. (In dakh. used like na, with verbs), na-ittifaqi, n an-ben.
s. f Variance, discord. na-ashna. s. an-jan, adj. Unacquainted; stranger. na-umed, or na-ummed, il swel, Hopeless, despairing (mayus). na-all. adj. Un wort hy, unfit, incapable, na-baligh, n. yana, a child not arrived at the age of maturity, a minor, ward, youth. na-baligh-i, s. f. Nonage. minority. na-ba-lar, Useless, worth-less, vile, good for nothing. Wicked, bad. na-balad, H. genear adj. Without a country, a foreigner, of another country. A clown, loot, with bad, w. nasht, adj. That never existed, annihilated, vanished, s. Nonexistence, na-bad-i, s. f. Nonexistence, annihilation. na-bina, H. aniha. Blind. na-pak, Polluted, dirty, unclean-(gandah), nā-pāk-ī. Uncleanness, defilement, impurity, na-pa'e-dar, Unstable, instability, frail, unstably, fickle, transitory, inconstant, na-padid, Invisible, not be found, not conspicaous, private, concealed na-paraca, adj. Fearless, free from care, independent. nā-pasand, or nā-pasandida, Unacceptable, rejected, disapproved of, disagreeable. na-paid or na-paids, Unborn, that has never existed, inexistent, vanished, lost, extinct, not to be found, missing. na-tajriba, adj. Unexperienced. na-tarash, or na-ta-

U da, Unshaved. Unpolite, uned. nā-tarbiyat-yāftah, Uneduuncivilized. nā-tars, Severe, earted, pitiless, fearless. ž m, H. adhārā. Unfinished, lect, incomplete, deficient. nā-ta-. boda. Powerless, weak, infirm, ont. nā-tawān-bin, adj. Envious, olent. nā-tawān-ī, s. f. Importveakness. nā-jā'is, adj. Unlawt allowable. nā-jins, H. anmel, strange in kind, of another sort Heterogeneous. nā-chàr, kar, Remediless, helpless, foristressed, constrained, inevitaū-chār-1. Helplessness, impotnecessity. nā-chāq-ī, H. bigār, Laziness, coolness, lukewarmispleasure, disagraement انبن). , adj. Of no consequence, ng, insignificant, worthless; ble, trifle na-haqq, adj. , in vain (be sabab), wrong, undeserved. nā-haqq kahnā, To calumniate, slander. in vain. nā-hayq lenā. To usurp. istice, injury. adv. Unjustly, erly. nā-haqq-shinas. Void of having no notions of justice, eful. nā-haqq-shihās-ī, s. f. Inde, injustice, wrong. nā-haqqs. f. Unjustly killing. nä-khudäot fearing God, ungodly. nā-H. ka-pūt. adj. Degenerate, , vicious, undutiful (son) nā-!a, н. an-parh, adj. Unread, 1ed. Illiterate. nā-khūb, Bad. th, adj. Displeased (nā-rāz), dis-, indisposed, unhappy, disagreenpleasant. nā-khush-ī, s. f. Dise, &c., nā-dār, H. nir-dhan, Not poor, a pauper, without ion, insolvent, blank. nā-dār-ī, ot, s. f. Poverty (muflisi), ncy. nā-dānista-gī, H. an jānf. Want of acquaintance, ignonā-dānista, adv. Unwittingly,

nā-dān, H. an-samajh,

it. Innocent. nā-durust, adj. d, untrue, unjust, improper.

end, H. lichar, adj. Not paying

s due. Stingy nā-dīdanī, adj.

be seen, unfit to be seen.

, Unseen. A person who has

tle. (dakh.) Greedy, glutton,

idizer. nā-rāst, adj. Dishonest,

esty, injustice ni-ras, adj. Dis-

, offended. nā-rāṣ-ī, s. f. Dis-

tion, displeasure, discontent.

, Unworthy, unfit. Ill-bred,

nerly. nā-rasā-i, s. f. Unworthi-

unjust, unfair. nā-rāst-ī, s. f.

itly.

ness, incapacity, failure. Unmannerliness, unskilfulness. nā-rusta, or nārasida, adj. Not arrived (at maturity), immature. *nā-rawā*, adj. Unworthy, not right or proper (mā-jāiz), not passable. nā-zebā, Ugly, ill-shaped. inelegant, unbecoming. nā-sāz, adj. Indisposed. Disagreeing. Discordant, dissonant, discrepant. Obscene, rude. Indisposed, out of sorts. uncivil *nā-sāz-gār*, adj. Rendering discordant or absurd; disagreeing, dissentient. adverse, unfortunate. nāsās-gūr-ī s. ī. Discordance, absurdity, dissension. nāsāz-i, s. f. Discordance, dissension, indisposition. nā-sipās, adj. Ungrateful, disagreeable. nā-sipās-ī, s. f. Ungratefulness. nā-sasā, adj. Unmerited, unworthy, indecent, improper, impertinent, foolish. na-saza-war, adj. Unmeet, improper. nā-sufta, H. anbindhā Unbored, unbroached. samajh, adj. Unintelligent, not understanding. nā-samjh-i, s.f. Ignorance. nā-shād, adj. Cheerless, lowspirited, dull, dissatisfied, hippish. Unfortunate, s. m. A poor wretch, nā-shāyasta, Unbecoming, unm**an**nerly, improper, indecent, unworthy, unfit. Inexpedient. nā-shāyasta-gī, Impropriety, indecency. nā-shudan-ī, One from whom no good is to be expected. ill-fated. Impossible. Unpromising. Bad, worthless. nä-shukr, nä-sipäs. Ungrateffil. nā-shukr-ī karnā, To act ungratefully. nā-shikeb or nā-shikebā. Impatient, restless. nā-shikeb-ī, s. f. Impatience. nā-shinās or nā-shināsā, Ignorant. nä-shinäs-ī, s. f. Ignorance. nā-sawāb, Not right, sinful, bad, unwholesome. nā-tāgat, Weak, infirm. nā-tāqat-ī, s. f. Inability, weakness. nā-āqibat-andesh, (H. achet), adj. Improvident, inconsiderate, inattentive to the future, thoughtiess, nā-farmān, Disobedient, refractory. Name of a poppy flower. Name of a beautiful purple colour. nā-farmān-ī, s. L. Disobedience of orders. (Law.) Contempt. adj. Of the colour of the na-farman. nā-fahm, H. an-samajh Stupid, unintelligent. nā-fahah-ī, s. f. Stupidity. Unfit, incapable, folly. nā-qābil, worthless. nā-qā'im, adj. Not firm, not durable. nā-qāwat, Weak, powerless. na-quwat-i, s. f. Weakness. nakār-a, adj. Useless, bad, worthless. Unserviceable (nikammā). nā-kānt, adj. Disappointed, unsuccessful, discontented, useless. nā-kām-i, s. f. Disappointment, discontent. nā-karda-kār. adj. Inexperienced, inexpert, bungler, nā-karda-kār-ī, s. f. Inexperience và.

kas, A person of light character or of no consequence or ability. nā-kas-ī, s. f. Worthlessness. nā-kand, (nā-kand bachherā) s. m. A colt. (also, dakh. a foul, filly). A greenhorn, simpleton. nā-guzīr, adj. Necessary, inevitable, unavoidable. nā-gusta, Not told. nā-guwār, nā-juwārā, adj. Indigested: unarranged, unpleasant, unacceptable

(اجيرن)، unpalatable, unwholesome. nā-guwar or mālum h, H. bura lagnā, v.n. To take ill. nā-lā'iq, Unworthy, untit, improper, disqualified. Improper. nāmubārak, ad j. Unfortunate. mutanāhi, adj. Infinite: divine. nāmahram, Not a confident, a stranger, one who is not permitted to enter the women's apartment. One who is not within the degrees of consanguinity between which intermarriage is prohibited. nā-murād. Dissatisfied, disappointed. nā-murād-āna, adv. Discontentedly, as one disappointed. nāmurād-i, Dissatisfaction, disappointment. nā-marbāt, H. be-jor, adj. Ungrammatical, disjoined. nā-mard, Unmanly, a coward. Impotent. nā-mard k., v. a. To emasculate. nā-mardum-ī, Unmanliness, incivility, inhumanity. nā-mard-ī, Unmanliness, cowardice, impotence. *nā-musha<u>khkh</u>as*, adj. Undefined. nā-m i thū", Unacceptable, disagreeable, unpleasant. Unnatural. namā qūl, Irrational, unreationable, absurd, improper. nā-ma\*lūm, adj. Unknown. nā-motabar, adj. Incredible, untrustworthy. nā-mulā'im, Hard. Not

nā-mumkin, soft, uncivil. H. an-honi. adj. Impossible. nā-munāsib, Improper, inconsistent, unbecoming, objectionable, unfit. nā-mutābīq, adj. Inconsistent. nā-manzūr, adj. Disapproved, not admissible. Rejected. nā-manzūr-ī, s. f. Disapproval. Rejection, veto. nā-muwāfiq, adj. Disagreeing, dissimilar, adverse, unwholesome, disagreeable. nā-mawāfiq honā. To disagree. nā-mauzān, adj. Disproportioned, incongruous. Discordant (music) nămuqir h. Not to admit or confess. To deny. nā-mihrbān, adj. Unkind, unfriendly. nā-mihrbān-ī, s. f. Unkindness. nā-muyassarī, s. f. Poverty. nā-wājīb, Improper. nā-wāqif, Unskilled, unacquainted with, ignorant, unexperienced. nā-wāqif-tyat, s. f. · Unexperiencedness, want of being acquainted. nā-waqt, adj Out of time,

unseasonable. ناهرار nā-hūmwār, . Uneven, rough, unworthy, irregular,

improper, capricious. nā-hameār-i, s. f. Unevenness, irregularity, impropriety. nāghanjār, adj. Stray, wicked, unfortunate, rude, unpolite. nā-ham jār-ī, s. f. Going astray, wickedness, rudeness, unpoliteness. nā to, if not, else, otherwise. nā k., v. n. To say no, to deny, refuse. nā-yāb, Scarce, unprocurable, rare, difficult to be found or got, undiscoverable.

- H. U nā, interj. Lo, behold.
- H. U nā, adv. (निहि) Not, no.
- mood and the future tense. An emphatic particle. An emphatic particle.
- P. ināb, adj. Pure, genuine, unadulterated. [tooth, tusk, fang.
- م. نبان nā b, (بين) s. m. Canine
- nāb, s. (dakh. from Pers. نار nāv. Anything long and hollow) Cornice, flutings (of a pillar), friese, groove, moulding, channel.
- P. ناودان nāb-dān, (for ناودان) s.m. A gutter, a drain, sewer.
- s. אָני nābhi, (नाभि) s. f. P. nāfi, Engnave. The navel. The nave of a wheel. A centre.
- g. 山 nāp, (田口司) s. f. Measure, measurement, s u r v e y. nāp-jokk, Measuring and weighing. nāp biddyā, A masāhat, s. f. (Geom.) Mensuration.
- इ. iji nāpnā, (मापन) v.a. To measure, to weigh. To lay one's head in the dust. Rastā nāpnā, v.n. To saunter. To pay a short visit.
- 4. िं। nātā, (ज्ञातिय) s. m. Relationship, kin, alliance, affinity, consanguinity, kindred (rishta). nātā tāļnā or jojnā, v. n. To be broken or to form a cornection with.
- nāth (नाय) s. m. A master, a husband, a lad. Often used as an affix to the name of Jogie; as, goralinath. s. f. The stag in a bullock's nose. A seton.

- g. liţii nāth-nā, (नाथन) v. a. To bore a bullock's nose and pusa string in it
- to guide him by. To bring under control, subjugate.
- architrave, log of wood: see lāth.
  - dapper, short, short and stout. nūtā sab se tāntā, (Prov.) In the short of size strength great lies. s.m. A naughty boy. An uncastrated young bull, not yet broken in.
  - business of a nat, A kind of Sanskrit dramatic composition, a comedy. A play, a drama. nātak sāl or nāch-ghar, s. m. A theatre.
  - H. ناتمار nāṭamgār, s. m. (dakh.) A respectable or head man: see mahā-jan.
  - مُن nāsir, s. m. A prose writer.
  - adj. Free, liberated, excused, escaped, saved, elect. (Fem. nājiya).
  - g. Ci nāch, (刊四 元刊) (H. nīch down, knch up.) s. m. Dance. nāch nachānā, To make to dance; to tease. (hairāan k.). nāch rany, s. m. Dance and song. Evelry, merriment (nāch-rāg). laundon kā nāch, s. m. An exhibition of dancing boys (bhayat).
  - P. join ā cha kh, s. A battle-axe, double-pointed spear, short javelin.
  - ب لنجان nāch-nū, v. n. To dance. To frisk about.
  - a. Low nahiya, () s. m. Territory, country, district, a tract, coast, shore, side, quarter.
  - على boat اخدا . nakhuda, (comp. of اخدا boat and اعند master) s. m. Master or

- commander of a ship, captain or supercargo.
- P. justi nākhun, (H. noh) (司國) s. m. Nail (of the finger, toe, &c), talon, claw. nākhun·gīr, or -tarāsh, s. m. An instrument for paring the nails with. nākhun lenā, To pare the nails. To trip or stumble (a horse).
- P. Libi nākhun-a, s. m. An instrument used to strike the strings of a guitar, &c. with, a plectrum. A haw or web in the eye. (Unguis). A cloth made of silk and cotton. Enmity, malice.
- s. Ji nād, (司及) s. m. Sound (āwās).

  A song. nād karnā, To roar (as, a tiger). To sing. [silly.
- P. نادان nā-dān, adj. Ignorant, simple,
- P. نادانی nā-dān-ī, s. f. Ignorance, folly, foolishness, stupidity, simplicity.
- A. Ji nādir, (part. act. of ii) adj.

  Rare (shāz o nādir), wonderful, exquisite, choice. (Fem. nādira, Plur. nādirāt, Rarities). nādir-i-rozgār, The wonder of the world, unequalled.
- الرشاهي. Relating to Nadir Shah. s. f. The invasion of India by that prince. Misrule, maladministration, as of Nadir Shah.
- A. P. ناكرى nādir-ī, s. f. A rarity, rarity, choiceness. The ace of cards.
- م. مان علتاً nādi-ālī, (for ناد علي) Call or invoke Ālī.
- B. (dakh.) A stone having generally a verse or certain sentences of the Qur'an engraved on it, and worn as a charm or an amulet round the necks of children.
- A. مان nādim, (part. act. of ندم) adj.

  Bashful, penitent, repenting, ashamed.
- g. いかい nādhnā, (可葉 Bound) v. a. To yoke. [vehicle siva.
- ਸ. الالان nādiyā, (निदि) The bull and
- a. انور) a. f. Fire, hell. The mind: counsel, advice.

- nica granatum). (dakh. also) An apple, nut.
- H. i nār, The large leathern thong by which the ox yoke is tied to the pole of the drag.
- female. A wife. (निलि) s.f. A woman, a female. A wife. (निलि) s.m. Barrel of a gun. The fibre of which rope is made. The stalk of the lotus. The neck. (dakh from TEL. TAM.) The stringy filaments or tough fibrous substance of any tree or plant from which thread or cordage may be manufactured. Standing corn.
- s. الرايع nārāyan, (नारायण) s. m. A name of Vishnu, but especially considered as the deity who was before all worlds.
- P. نارجيل nārjīl, (नारिकल) s.m. A cocoa-nut. The cocoa-nut tree (Cocos nucifera).
- r. نرن nāranj, (नारंग) s. m. An
- g. P. نارنجى nāranj-ī, (नारंगीय) adj.
  Of orange, orange-coloured.
- g. P. كارنگى nārangī, (নাইন) (P. naranj). s f. An orange. (Poet.) The breasts.
- там. ты. الزو nārā, s. (dakh.) The gainea worm (Gordius Medinensis) ¶ н. Sowing by drills.
- P. ناروان nārwān, some leafy and
  P. نارون nārwan, shady tree: the pomegranate tree.
- general. (for नाडी or नाली) The pulse, an artery: the umbilical cord: a kind of greens: the leathern thong by which the horizontal beam is connected with the yoke in a sugar-mill.

P. نارى nār-ī, adj. Fiery. Hellish.

- है। ग्रें nāriyal, (or in dakh. nārel, for निक्ति) s. m. A cocoa-nut. A huqqa made of a cocoa-nut. A sort of firework, so called from the shell of the cocoa-nut being charged for the purpose. It bursts with the report of a gun. (Met.) The head.
- a cocoa-nut. A cup of cocoa-nut shell. (dakh.) The juice of the cocoa-nut tree (used for intoxication), palm wine or toddy from the cocoa-nut tree.
- ع. باتر nār, s. (dakh.) The pulse: هو ناتر عالی
- plained by nawār-i-bārīk) A small tape or band or border. s. m. Trosser's string. Stubble. nārā kholai, v. a. To have sexual intercourse.
- s. juli nāṇ, (司司) s. f. The pulse (nabz), an intestine. nāṇī delhnā (dakh. met.) To beat, strike. (nali) Ā tube. A blood vessel. see mārnā.
- P. ji nās, s. m. Blandishments, co-quetry, playfulness, gracefulness, elegance, soothing, dalliance, toying, fondling, coaxing, amorous playfulness, softness. Pride, whims, consequential airs. nās uthānā. To best with the airs or whims of another, nās-hardār. One who bears the whims of another, a flatterer. nās-bardāri, s. f. Flattery. nās-parwar or nās-parwarda. Delicately brought up; s spoiled child. nās-nakhrā, s. m. Co-quetry, dalliance. nāz-o-niyāz, enās-nakhra. Blandishment, toying. Affections.
- P. نازیدی nāzān, (part. from نازیدی) adj. Sporting, toying (as Povers) Proud, puffed up.
- p. نازبو n zbo, (A. raihān), s. m. Name of an herb, basil, wild rue. (Ocimum pilosum).
- subtile, delicate, nice, tender, brittle, fragile, elegant. Facetious, gracious, genteel. (Hin. Poet nājo) Delicate, slim. nāsuk-badan, Delicate. (Epithet of a mistress). Aspecies of jujube. (Zizyphus jujub), nāsuk-badan

- -ī, s. f. Delicacy of form or body.

  nāzuk jagah, A vital part. nāzuk muamala, A delicate matter. sāzuk wagt or
  samānā, A critical moment, a crisis.

  nāzuk-khayāl, adj. Of delicate or nice
  ideas. nāzuk-khayāl-ī, s. f. Delicateness of idea. nāzuk-mizā, Delicate in
  constitution or complexion. A sensitive mind. nāzuk-mizāj-ī, s. f. Delicacy
  of complexion.
- P. نازكى nāsuk-ī, s. f. Delicacy, nicety softness, delicateness, tenderness, &c.
- Descending, Dismounting, alighting. nāzil honā, To descend, to alight; come upon, to befal.
- P. نازنین nāznīn, adj. Belicate, lovely:
  (subst.) A slim delicate woman, a
  mistress, a belle. A sweetheart.
- م. ناس nās, s. plur. (for اناس plur. of انسان from انسان Mankind, human beings. Human nature.
- nās, s. f. (नस्य) Snuff. nās-dān, A snuff-box. nās-kī chulki, A pinch of snuff. nās lenā, To take smuff, to snuff.
  - s. m. (নাহা) Non-existence, annihilation, ruin, destruction, death.
- nāspāl, s. m. The rind of an unripe pomegranate (used in dying). nāspāl-ī-rang, The light green colour extracted from nāspāl.
- a. ناست nāst, (नास्ति non-existence)
  Nonentity, annihilated.
- a. ناستک nāstik, (नास्तिक) s. m. يا nāstikī, An atheist, an unbeliever, one who denies a future state of rewards and punishments, and the authority of the Vedās, or the authenticity of the Puranas.
- A. composer, making an oration. A weaver.
- A. ināsikh, (part. act. of im.) s. m. A copier of a book, an amanuensis. Erasing, abolishing, abolisher. Cancelling. A transformer.

- A. کسان nāsik, part. act. (of نسک)

  Devoted to God or virtue.
- A. السوت nāsūt, s. f. Humanity, human kind.
- with the beak (a hawk) s. m. A fistula, ulcer, sore. A disease in the corner of the eye; also one in the gums, and another in the podex, attended by a constant defluxion. Wounding. nāsūr parnā, To become an ulcer.
- P. ناشیاتی nāshpātī, s. f. A pear. (Pyrus communis).
- P. Und nāshtā, s. m. Breakfast, repast (kalewā). adj. Hungry. nāshtā karnā To breakfast. To eat up, swallow.
- adj. Erecting, fixing, placing.
- advising) s. m. An adviser, a monitor (salākār), a sincere friend or counsellor. adj. Faithful, giving good counsel (a minister). nāṣiḥ-ā, O adviser!
- A. defender, assistant, helper. (God) the giver of victory.
- hair over the forehead.
- a. نطق nāṭiq, (part act. of نطق speaking, s. m. Speaking, a speaker. Perspicuous. A rational being. Imperative (an order or decree), decisive (قطعی)، final, conclusive. adj. Definitive, positive.
- a. ناطقه nāṭiqa, (part. act. fem. from idgi) adj f. Speaking, rational. s.m. The faculty of speech.
- Seeing, looking, regarding, observing, inspecting; beholder. (Plur. identifications) inspecting; beholders. Readers, onr readers'). s. m. An inspector, superintendent, a guard, keeper, supervisor, observer. An officer employed in a judicial ocurt superior to all peons, bailiffs, &c., a sheriff. (nāzir-i-adālat).

- s. m. The eye, sight, vision. Reading, studying. Reading a book, esp. the Qūrān. nāzira-khwān-ī. Reading (in opposition to repeating by heart).
- م. P. ناظری nāgir-ī, s f. Inspection, office or duty of an inspector, &c.
- strung together) s. m. A composer, arranger, adjuster. A poet, composer of verses. A governor, a ruler. Superior officer. A poet.
- A. P. ناظمی nāzim-ī, s. f. Office of a nāzim; government.
- nā-jah) adj. Vacant, blank, absent, void, nought, unemployed. s. m. Adjournment, respite, putting off, intermission. Absence. nāgha karnā. To adjourn, discontinue, intermit. nāgha h. To be absent. bilā-nāgha, adv. Without fail, regularly, always.
- P. ناف nāf, (नामि) s. f. The navel; the middle, the centre (of any thing). Umbilicus. nāf ṭalnā, jānā, v. na To be dislocated (the navel).
- A. كنان nāfis, part. act. (of نفذ) Penetrating, passing, issuing, getting through or executing (business), having effect, in force, valid, operative, obeyed (an order). nāfis k., v. a. To issue, pass (an order).
- A. حنف nāfi\* (part. act. of حنف) a d j. Salutary, profitable, advantageous, beneficial, wholesome, useful.
- A. كانات nā filat or كانات nāfila, s. An act of supererogatory devotion.
  - P. &ii nāfa, s. m. A pod or bladder or bag of musk. (Also nāfa-i-mushk).
  - A. نفی nāfiyā, (part. act. fem. of نفی)
    adj. Rejecting; negative.
- A. انقل nāqid, (part. act. of انقل s. m. A person whose business it is to examir coin and ascertain its goodness, and assayer.
- diminishing, injuring) adj. Defective, wanting, imperfect, deficient, mutilated, inexpert, incomplete. Unsound,

- bad, vicious, worthless. nāqie-aql or nāqieu-l-aql, adj. Deficient in understanding, foolish, ignorant. nāqis karnā. To mutilate, to vitiate. nāqie honā. To want, fail; to deteriorate.
- A. Jii nāqu, (part. act. of Jii) s. m. A reporter, reciter, narrator, relater, delineator. Transporting from place to place. A porter, a carrier. A copier.
- bell; or, rather, a thin oblong piece of wood, suspended by two strings, used by the eastern Christians to summon the congregation to divine service. A kind of shell blown by Hindus in divine worship.
- ह. डिं nāk, (नासिका) s. f. The nose. A conspicuous or prominent person or thing. Honour, grace, ornament. nāk baithnā, v.a. Tobe, flattened (one's nose). nāk men dam ka or lānā. To tease, persecute. nā *wālā*, s. m. 'An honourable man, a person of rank. nak charhana, To be nak chhinakna (dakh.) To blow the nose. *nāk rakhnā*, To preserve one's honour. *nāk sakornā*, To turn up one's nose, to be displeased. nëk kë bël, adj. (dakh. met.) Respected, honoured; one who has influence over another. (see عزيز) nāk kaṭānā, utārnā, To dishonour. To disgrace one. To cut of
- ed with, &c.; as gham-nak, Affected with or full of grief.

ment of infidelity.

a wife's nose is the traditional punish-

road. The entrance to a pass or road. (nakwā.) The eye of a needle. An alley, avenue, lane. An opening in a bank, hedge, or fence. A toll or customs' station. A water-way. A subordinate police station. The post or beat of a constable. A gate or passage through the customs' line. nāke-bandī, shutting up a road. nākā bandī, s. f. Placing a picquet on a road. Collections on account of land customs and transit duties. nāke-dār, Having an eye (a needle). s. m. The receiver of customs or transit duties.

nā-kad-khudā, (or dakh. nāadj. A bacheler.

rā, (司新 Nose) s. m. An on in the nee; polypus. se. [(ghaṛyāl).

s. m. (नक्र) An Alligator

aja): and a sort of demigod a serpent. nāg-panchamī, Hindū holyday, the 5th of ukl-paksh, or on the dark of the month Bhādon, on they worship a snake to

া (নাম) s. m. A caste of irs who carry arms, a naked

essings on their children.

all at once, unawares, [plough.

a r, (লাবাল) s. (dakh.) A
i nāgar-mothā, (or, dakh.

for नागरमस्ता) s. m. of a sweet-smelling grass. pertenuis: Cyperus juncifosh-leaved cyperus.

agari, (नागरी) adj. used as
The sanskrit alphabet and
fications in Hindi, Marathi,
lled, also, Deva-nagari. A
oman.

red. see القالة s.m. A see القالة s.m. A see القالة s.m. A see

igin or nāgan, (गागिनी)

nāginī or nāganī, s. f. A

(female). (Poet). A ringlet
ili nāgan, (Wom.) A quarrelman (utār).

igah, adv. Suddenly, &c. See

- P. ناگهان nāgahān, adj. Sudden. adv. Suddenly.
- nāgahān-ī, adv. Suddenly. adj. Sudden, unexpected, accidental, (achānchak). balās nāgahānī, s. f. A sudden calamity.
- H. Ji nāl, Along. with, (gail), accom panying. adj. Near (pās).
- tube, a pipe. Barrel, bore or chase of a gun. A hollow reed or cane. (nāl) The navel string, the umbilical card. Stalk of the lotus. A blade of grass. A round heavy stone with a hollow in the middle for athletic exercise. The brick work of a Pakkā well. Chālīs hāth kā nāl banāo! nāl gaṇnā, v. nelit. to be buried (one's navel string). To have a claim as an heir. yahān kyā terā nāl gaṇā huā hai? Prov. Saying.
- P. Ji nāl, s. The pith found in writing-reeds and quills.
- H. Ni nālā, s. m. A rivulet, brook, canal, gutter, furrow, ravine. Red thread. Trousers' strings.
- P. نالیدن nālān, (part. act. of نالیدن to lament). Lamenting, complaining.
- P. نالیدن) s.m. Complaint, lamentation, accusation (in a court of law), an action, a charge (دعوی)، statement of the plaintiff's case, exclamation, a groan.
- P. نالشی nālish-ī, adj. Complaining a complainant, plaintiff.
- A. فالكي nālkī, s. f. A sort of sedan or litter or palankīn generally used by people of rank, a tonjohn.
- nāla-kash, adj. Lamentation, moan.
  nāla-kash, adj. Lamenting, lamenter.
  nāla-kash-ī, s. f. Lamentation. nāla
  karnā, To lament, complain, moan.
- drain, a small channel, hollow, or groove. A straw. A tubulated tile. A sinuous ulcer or fistula. Any tubular organ of the body, an artery, oesophagus. Khāra kā pālī. The

depression along the back of a horse from his withers to his tail. A sinuous ulcer or fistula. A tubular stalk of the wheat plant. nālī banānā, v. a. To drain, let out. paṭī nālī, s. f. A covered drain, a sewer.

- P. نالیدن nālīdan, inf. or s. m. Lamenting, complaining.
- 8. P. J nām, (नाम or नामन) s. m. Name, designation, title, appellation, character, fame, reputation, honour, renown. nam-awar, a d j. Famous, renowned, good name. nām-āwar-i. s.f. Fame, renown. nām-i-khudā, In God's name, bravo! good heavens! By God! God preserve him! nām-dār, Famous, celebrated. nām batānā, To name, mention by name. nam bijarna, v. a. To spoil one's name, to defame. nām pukārnā, v. a. To call over the names. nām japnā, v. n. To tell one's beads. nām ko, adv. Nominally. nām-dār-ī, Celebrity. nām dharnā, To name, to fix a name on (particularly, a bad name), to nickname, miscal:

کبہی برلیں عقیق اور گہ نگیں لعل تھہراریں \* یہ ناشاعر ترے ھونٹوں کو کیا کیا نام دھرتے ھیں

Kah-hī bolen aqīq aur gah nazīn-i la<sup>2</sup>l thahrawen; yih nā-shā'ir tire honthon ko kyā kyā nām dharte hain. These poetasters sometimes call your lips cornelians, and sometimes signets of ruby; in how many ways do they miscall them! nām dharwānā, To be defamed. To give a name to a child. nām denā, To give name to, to make conspicuous. num dubona, To lose one's honour or reputation. nām dharnā or rakhnā, v. a. To give (a child) a name. To pickname. To give a bad name to, To accuse, charge. to abuse. carp at, cavil. To tell the price of. To tell, name, call. nām se, adv. In the name of. nem likhne, or dakhil k., v. a. To enter or register one's name. To affix one's signature, nām-karan, Naming a child first after its birth: acquiring a name nāmkarnā, bec'me famous. nām lenā, To call rae by name. To praise. To repeat the name of God. nam lekar mang khānā. To beg alms in the name of another or a Saint, &c. nām lews, s. m. A son. nam o nishan, adj. Sigu, mark, | trace. Name and address, nam-ni-

- kālnā. To become celebrated. To investigate the perpetrator of any crime. Si nām-nihād. Name-putting, nām-honā. To be conspicuous, famous, or renowned.
- P. Jieli nām-sad, adj. Destined, declared, appointed, named, renowned; betrothed; s. A betrothed damsel.
- clay, pipe-clay. The mark Hindis' make on the forehead.
- P. i nām-war, adj. Celebrated, renown.
- r. ناموری nām-war-ī, s. f. Celebrity,
- a secret). s. f. Reputation, fame, renown. Disgrace. Dignity. Law. The female part of a family. names-i-akbar, The angel Gabriel.
- P. Leli nāma, s. m. (nāma o payām)

  A letter (chiṭṭhī), writing, history,
  work, treatise. (In compos.) Book
  A writing, written document, deed,
  as iqrārnīma a deed of agreement.
  nāma-bar, Letter-carrier or letter-carrying, messenger. nāma nigār. A correspondent.
- brated, famous; nominal. nām-i-honē.
  To be celebrated. ¶ nām-e, adv. By name. [Growing, increasing.
- ۱. نامی nāmī, part. act. (of من)
- a. Juli nāmiya, s.m. Vegetation, growth. A creature. A stem, stelk of grapes. qūwat-i-nāmiya. Power of growth or of vegetating.

- H. UU nana, s. m. Maternal grand-father.
- H. A. māl lā-wārig. The estate or property of a diseased person who leaves no heir after im.
- P. ناخورش nān-khurish, s. f. Mept or fish eaten with bread.
- e Jili nānd, (নিবা) s. f. A large earthen pan or trough.
- H. UNU nāndnā, v. (dakh. explained by sindagī kardan) To pass life, to live: perhaps, also, for UNUU
- H. Liddil nāndhnā, v. a. To begin (jhonā). Qissā nāndhnā.
- ब. اينان nāndiyā, ﴿ (निन्दि ) s. m. The
- ع. نانزيا nāṅriyā, bull and vehicle of Siva.
- mother-in-law's mother, nan asra, Hin. nanyā susar, s. m. The husband of the mother-in-law's mother.
- faqīr, founder of the sect of Sikhs, nānak-panthī, or -mat-ā, or shāhī, s. m. A Sikh, or follower of Nānak.
- ع. نانگر nāngar, s. (dakh.) A plough.
- H. Jugil nānhiyāl, (nansāl,) s.f.
  Maternal grandfather's family or
  house.
- H. Ji nānī, s. f. Maternal grandmother. Mother's mother. nānī yādānā, v. n. lit, to recollect one's maternal grandmother. To be hard pressed, to be at one's wits'end.
- P. g. ji nā'o or nāv, s. f. (नी: or नीका)
  A boat, ship, vessel. nāv chalānā, v. a.
  To steer a boat, to sail. Any thing
  long hollow within. [a gutter.
- P. ناودان nāw-dān, s. f. An aqueduct,
- or its barb: a tube, canal: a bee's sting: the tube through which an arrow is projected. nāwak-andās, An archer.

- g. Uju nātonā, (नमन) v. a. To bend downwards, bow. To cause to submit to, cause to stoop.
- P. فارنوش nāw-nosh, s. m. Banqueting, feasting, carousing: see
- H. 为心 nāhar, s. m. (元氏(元 + 元)

  A tiger (sher). Voh kuchh nāhar to
  nahīn jo khā jāegā, mying. He is not
  a tiger that he'll est you up. Prov.
- H. والقرو nāhrū, (nārū), s. m. (नाडी The guinea worm; Gordius, Medinensis.
- r. الهيد nāhād, s. m. The plane. Venus.
- ह. نائی nā'ī, (नापित) s. m. A barber.
- P. نائی nā'e, s. A reed, a pipe, flagelet flute, fife.
- من النب) (part. act. of نواب being near) s.m. A deputy, delegate, a lieutenant, viceroy, vice-gerent, attorney. nā'ib manāb, A vice-gerent, a locum tenens, a successor. Substitute; the deputy of a judge.
- P. هُمْ اللَّهُ na'echa, (dimin. of المَّهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ الل
- a. اگری ای nā'ira, (نور) s. m. Fire, heat.

  Inflammation, flame, enmity, hatred.
- P. نائره nā'jsha, s. m. A canal, tube, the urethra.
- s. نایک nāyak, (or nā'jk) (नायक

from To lead) s. m. A chief, leader, man, youth. A native of the lowest rank, corresponding to corioral in our corps. The head of a caravan. An overseer of labourers. A leader of a band of Musicians.

- person well conversant in dancing, singing, &c.
- s. Kuli nāyikā (or nāyakā or nā'ikā)
  (नायिका) s. f. Female of nāyak;
  a damsel, a lass. The mistress of a
  house, particularly (now) of a brothel;
  the mother-bawd.
- على الله nāyan or nā'in, s. f. Female of ع. مائلي مقات nā'ī. A barber's wife.
- tion or plant in general. An herb, vegetable, plant, grass. Plur. nabātāt, Vegetables. ilm-i-nabāt, Botany.
- P. meats. Sweet-
- م. نباتي nabāt-ī, adj. Vegetable.
- 2. انباتن nibāṛnā, (निविहिण) v.a. To accomplish, perform, manage: see lialii To spend, to end. To separate.
- منبائل مة nabbāsh, (adj. superl. of inabbāsh, (adj. superl. of buried bodies.
- a. نباض nabbās, (adj. superl. of نباض)
  s. m. One who feels the pulse, a physician.
- a.p. نباضى nabbāṣ-ī, s. f. The science or practice of feeling the pulse.
- plishment, execution, discharge, performance, sufficiency, supply, maintenance. Accommodation. Ek yhar men do kā nibāh mushkil hai. Constancy, perseverance, livelihood. Performing an engagement, keeping, guarding.
- accomplish, fulfil, carry into effect, discharge, achieve, perfect, perform. To protect, support, maintain, guard, take care of. To keep one's faith. To behave. To afford. To conduct.
- i. P. Kisi nibakhta, adj. Unfortunate.
- P. نبرن nabard, s. m. Battle, singagement, war.

- a. نبتن nibarnā, (निर्वहण or intrans. of نبان) v. n. To be accomplished, completed, be spent, (Rupayā nibar gayā), be ended, be decided.
- P. منسن nabasa, s. A daughter's sum or daughter.
- Motion, the beating of an artery, the pulse. nabs dekhnā, To feel the pulse. nabzen chhāṭnā, v.n. To have no pulse.
- م. نبوت mubāwat, (أبناً) s. f. Prophecy.
- H. نبولى nibauli, s. f. The fruit of the nim tree. (prophetical.
- A. نبوى nabawi, adj. Of the prophet,
- عر الله mibhānā, (causal of اللهنا) على على To perform, to guard, &c. See اللهانا
- g. fleti nibha'o, s. m. (dakh.) Bos shi
- g. Liqui nibhnā, (निवहण) v. n. To serve, succeed, pass, live, last, continue, andure, be accomplished or perfected or performed.
- انبي nabi, s. m. A prophet. nabi
  bar-haq, s. The true prophet. (pl
- P. نبيرة nabīra, s. m. A grandson, son's son.
- P. نبيرى nab rī, s. f. A granddaughter.
- s. نبيت nibeṛnā, (निक्तन or see o v. a. To end, put an end to, complete, perform, finish (bhugtānā), spend.
- P. daughter's son, grandson.
- P. uni nabīsī, s. f. A granddaughter.
- ध्र. نپتر nipattar, (निपत्त) adj. (dakh.) Leafless.
- ਸ. نبت nipat, adv. (नि+पट) Very (بالكل)، exceedingly, quite.

- H. Liu nīpaļnā, v. n. To terminate, to be finished.
- H. iii napnā, v. n. To be measured.

  To happen (a quarrel). Āj un se khāb napī.
- s. it, (नित्य) adv. or adj. Always, continually, eternally, ever, daily, constant, invariably (sadā). The base of an obtuse-angled triangle.
- s. نے nata, (নিন) adj. Bent, crooked.
  (নিনি) nati, s. f. Bending, bowing, stooping; reverential address.
- A. نتائع natā'ij, s. m. plur. (of منتائع)
  Results, conclusions, syllogisms, substances, effects, consequences, issues, &c.
- وتنالو natrālā, s. (dakh.) هنرالو عام natrālā, s. (dakh.) عن rata-nālū, under رتن
- Any turbinate univalve hell with the creature inhabiting it, as the garden snail, periwinkle, welk, &c.
- TEL. نتل nattal, (dakh.) or نتل s.f. (dakh.) or نتل TEL. نتل natli, (dakh.) or مجهى A kind of fish, muscle.
- ع. نتنى natnā, s. f. (dakh.) هون نتنى ي
- s. मं nath, (नाय) s. m. f. A large ring worn in the nose (on the left nostril). A rope passed through the nose of a draught ox.
- leave (water) to settle. To draw off an infusion. To purify water or other liquid by letting the feculent matter subside, and pouring off the clear.
- mithrā, adj. Clear (water the impurity of which has subsided). Clean.
- (water or other liquid) by letting the feculent matter subside, and pouring off the clear.

- e liqui nath-nā, s. m. A nostril, a ring for the nose nathne charhānā, To be augry or displeused. (nāk charhānā). (see liqui) v. n. To have the nose pierced (a bullock).
- e. نتهنى nath-nī, (নাথা) s. f. A small ring worn in the nose. A small ring inserted in the hilt of a sword.
- ourt of law). The string with which papers are strung together.
- end, effect, consequence, deduction, inference, conclusion, is sue, what necessarily follows, retribution, reward. (Logic.) The inference. natija asli or lāzmī, A natural or necessary consequence. natī je se, adj. By inference. natīja nikālnā, v. a. To infer, conclude, draw an inference. natīja h., To ensue, follow. Fætus, offspring.
- name of a tribe, who are generally jugglers, ropedancers, &c., a tumbler, mime, actor. A race of vagrants similar to the gypsies of Europe. ¶ (dakh.) Cheat, k n a v e, deceiver, deceitful. Name of a rāyiņī.
- naughty, mischievous, trickish, shrewd; (subst.) A cheat. A rogue, a mischievous child.
- a. نت کهتی naṭ-khaṭ-i, s. f. Trick, roguery, artfulness. Naughtiness. naṭ-khaṭī k., v. a. To be up to mischief.
- a. انتوا naṭū'ā, or naṭu'ā, or naṭwā, s. m. A juggler, rope dancer, mime, actor. &c. A dancing boy. See تنا naṭ.
- nathiyā, s. m. nā not, thiyā place. One who has no fixed abode. A vagabond, a scoundrel. A term of abuse.
- H. نيين naternā, v. n. To close one's eyes, or turn up the pupils as in death. woh be-chārah ānkhen nater gayā.
- a. بن nigar, (نثر scattering) s. m. f.

  Scattering, throwing, strewing. Money

which is thrown among the people upon festive occasions (nichhāwar), donative, sacrifice. nigār karnā, To scatter, &c. (as a public donative, &c.), to sacrifice or devote oneself to. nigār honā, To be sacrificed.

A. P. نثاری nigār-ī, adj. Relating to اثاری [A good prose writer.

nagr, s.f. Prose. nassār, s.m.

المة, (الحام) adj. Own, particular, individual, personal. One's own (النا) • Special (عام) • Not official. s. m. One's private house or office. nij par ānā! nij bhāī, Own brother (apnā bhāī). nija-sthān. Own place. nij kā, adj. Own, peculiar. nij tij se, Properly, as is requisite.

ing (the bark) s. f. Nobleness, noble extraction, generosity, gentility.

A. color najāt, s. f. ( set free).

Freedom, liberation, deliverance (chhutkārā), salvation, escape, pardon, absolution, flight.

s. m. A carpenter. najjār-ā-kaserā, An artisan, artificer, a carpenter or tinker. [of a carpenter, carpentry.

najjūr-ī, s. f. The business

مناه المناه الم

H. عانے na jane, I dont know, who knows, God knows. Perhaps.

A. Les nujabā, s. plur. of Lies

A. A part of Arabia, high ground.

najis, adj. Dirty, nasty.

najisu-l-ain, Impure by nature. ¶

najas, Dirtiness, filth, dung.

a place in which is the tomb of  $Al\bar{\imath}$ .

a planet - Fortune. A horoscope,

calculation of nativity. Plur. nujim, Stars. najm-ul-Hind, The star of India. ilm-i-nujūm, Astrology (jotish), astronomy. (In dakh. nujūm, is said, also, to be used for nujūm-i, Astrologer).

loger; fortune-teller. (In dakh. nujām-ī is said, also, to be used is the sense of astrology).

nujhā-kar, adv. With all one's. eyes, fixedly (gaur se).

H. Uler nijhānā, v. a. To spy, observe, behold, look at attentively, spy out.

cellent, of noble birth, noble, generous, praiseworthy. (subst.) A hero, a volunteer. A subaltern. Irregular troops. A certain class of Indian soldiers who are distinguished by a peculiar dress. najibu-t-tarfain, Hoble on both sides (by father and mother).

nich) a A cavity, hollow, bottom, valley. Shape, declivity.

इ. पिट्रं nachānā, (causal of पंद्री) v. a. (रित to dance) To make to dance.

عند nichit, adj. Bee عند

H. Les nichlä, adj. Quiet, silent.
nichlä baith danga mat kan

H. 니도 nuchnā, (intrans. of 니도) v. n. (한국) To be pinched or scratthed.
To be pulled, plucked.

श्राच्या ni-chint or ni-chant, (नि-श्रिन्त) a d j. Free from thought, anxiety, or care; unconcerned, careless, at leisure nichint hone, To be at leisure, to be disengaged, to have finished.

tion of any affair: the burthen, or that on which any thing depends. Essence, pith. nichor ki bat.

H. nichorna, v. a. To wring, squeeze, press, strain, express, extert,

to exact; (dakh.) to milk or squeeze out (milk), bleed.

- offering (iii) sacrifice, victim. The price paid for an idol.
- enstellation in the moon's path, a star or asterism. (Besides the common division of the zodiac into twelve signs, the Hindus divide it into twenty-seven Nachhatras, each of which has its appropriate name, and two and a quarter of which are included in each sign). jane kis nachhattar men paidā huā kui! (Said of a wicked boy).
- عبارى عبارى ... nachhattar-i, a d j. Born under a lucky planet, fortunate.
- H. نجهان nichhal, adj. (dakh.) Pure, clear, limpid.
- nichit, adj. (dakh.) See عيت المجنت المعالمة ال
- A. wie nahāfat, s. t. Leanness,
- slaughtering. يوم الكتر yaumu-n-naḥr (Day of sacrifice) the tenth of the month sī ḥija.
- ing) Unlucky, bad, inauspicious. s. Bad luck, bad omen; a sinister aspect of the stars, an unlucky planet.
- محسیت nahsiyat, (سحت) s. f. Unluckiness, abomination.
- a. janaho, or nahw, s. f. Syntax (in grammar), way, path, tract, manner, mode. Forwards. As, like, about, near.
- Bad presage, ominousness, portent, abomination, misfortune, evil. Poverty (daliddar).
- naḥwī, (from عوى) adj. Grammatical; a teacher of syntax, a grammarian.

- a grammarian.
- منان المارة منان المارة المار
- thread or silk, silk thread used for flying kites, a kind of carpet, a rank of soldiers, &c., a little, a few.
- ale of horses and cattle. A tax, levied in some of the native states, on the sale of horses and cattle. nakhkhās par bhejnā, To expose for public sale. nakhkhās kī ghoyī, (lit). A mare on public sale. A frail woman, a prostitute.
- عالص ۱۰. خالف ni-khālis, s. or adj. (dakh.)

  Deliverance, delivered: see خالف or حالف [game, prey, hunting.
- P. nakhchir, s. m. The chase,
- s. m. Trick, artifice, joke, waggery, coquetry, deceit, sham, pretence.

dishments. nakhra-bās, Affected. nakhrabāz-i, s. f. Affectation, coquetry.

- P. inakhust, prop. nukhust, s.m. The beginning, the first. adv. At first.
- P. nakhust-īn, adj. First.
- الم المخت الم<u>kk</u>shāra, s. m. (dakh.) see. عماره
- of a city in Turkistan, famous for the appearance of the moon which the impostor Muqanna caused to ascendifrom a pit in its neighbourhood, during the space of two months.
- palm tree (and often used for a young tree of any kind), a plant. Sifting. nakhl-band, s. m. A gardener, a maker of artificial trees and fruits of wax. nakhl-band-i, a plantation.
- A. P. Dimber nakhl-istān, plantaplantation or

grove of palms, or of other flourishing plants.

- مخوت nakhwat, (خو) s. f. Pride, haughtiness, pomp, magnificence.
- P. Jose nukhud, s. m. A kind of pulse (Cicer arietinum), the chick pea, horse gram: see in nukhud-āb. A kind of food given after physic has been taken: it consists of pulse and meat boiled together for a long time.
- A. انك nidā, (H. nād) s. f. Sound, voice, calling, call to prayer, proclamation. (Gram.) The vocative case. harf-i-nida, (Gram.) An interjection.
- naddāf, (adj. superl. of ندف s. m. A cotton-dresser, carder (kandera).
- اندم) nadāmat, (ندم) s.f. Kepentance, contrition, regret. Shame (pashemāni).
- 8. اندان nidān, (निदान) or नि+दा adv. At last, at length (akhir), lastly, after all, altogether. s. f. in (medicine) Knowlege of the symptoms of diseases. (Diagnosis).
- A. ندر) s. f. Oddness, singularity, rareness.
- H. ندهزات ni-dharak, adv. adj. Without fear, fearlessly, abruptly. Sec a
- عن nadi or naddi, (नदी from नद ندی ا to roar) s. f. A river.
- P. نديدة nadida, adj. lit. unseen. Greedy, famine-stricken. Longing, wistful, yeh dide na-dide hain didar ke. The eyes are never tired of seeing. s. m. A greedy person. A glutton, gormandizer nad don ki tarah taknā, To cast greedy eyes on, to stare.
- A. ندم) nadīm, (ندم) s. m. panion, intimate friend; courtier.
- क , प्रें ni-dar, (निद्र r. ह Fear) adj. Feg. 1008, dauntless. adv. Without Year, fearlessly.
- عل المكن nidhāl, (निर् prep. and दोल

- mulmahil) ad j. Still, motionless. Weak, faint. Sinking, heavy. Kal se ji nidhāl hai.
- مدر مع nagr, s. f. A vow. A gift (especially offered to a superior, any thing dedicated), present, an offering (H. charhāwā). (met.) Interview. natr-i-a'imma, A charitable gift or grant for the support of priests, &c., a benefice, charity lands. A fee paid to the state, or to its representative, on succeeding to an office or property. nazr denā, guzrānnā, or k. v. s. tender, present, make an offering, sacrifice, offer. nast mānnē, v. a. To vow, to make an offering. negro siyêş, s. f. Gifts and oblations. nar h. v. n. To be sacrificed, to be a prey to.
- A. P. ناراند nagr-āna, s. m. Gifts, &c. offered or received when people of rank meet or pay their respects to a prince. A kind of tribute.
- مندورات nugar, or ندور هم مسيقه فلا plur. (of نذر) Vows, offerings (w God).
- P. S. i nar. (नर) s. m. A male, s man, mankind. adj. Masculine, male. nar-māda or nar-māda chāl, nar-mādīs or māda or mādgī, āshiq-mashāq (dakh.) Male and female; a hinge; a male and female screw.
- 8. j nir, (निर्) prep. A negative prefix. Out, without (on the cetside), without (not having). nir-ādkēr, adj. Without support. nir-as, adj. Hopeless. nir-dai, Cruel. nir-gun, adj. lit. Without qualities. Without passions or qualities (an epithet of God). sirmal, adj. Pure, clear, transparent. The reverse of नि mi.
- ع. أبن nirā, (نرالا) adj. Cont. of na ear Mere, pure, clear, only, no other. unalloyed, single, simple. Arrent downright (pêrē) nirā ullā hai. nirē, adv. Wholly, simply, altogether.
- a. أوالها nir-ādhār, (निराधार) adj. Without support.
- s. نراس mir-ās, ((निराश) adj. Hopeor दूल What swings or to swing) (L. ( है. Lul ji nir-cisi, [

- ع. نراسی inir-ās-ī, s. f. Despair.
- aloof, retired, lonely, private. Pure, mere, simple, unmixed, unalloyed. Rare, strange, odd, extraordinary. nirālī chīs, a. unsur (तल) (Physr) An elementary body. nirāle, or المالة nirāle men, Apart, in private.
- e. نربیے nir-bīj, (निर्वोज) adj. Without seed, childless. Extinct (a race or family). [of نرینا nirapnā.
- e. نرپانا nirpānā, v. a.e(dakh.) causal
- explained by نرينا عو انگشت در انگشت در انگشت از کشش در انگشت در کردن آلایش در کردن آلایش در کردن از رونه آلا
  - த. نوپهل nin-phal, (निर्फल) adj.
  - officers of police). market rate (bāsār kā nirkh) price current, tariff, assize, valuation. nirkh-bandi. Adjustment or statement of rates.
  - H. نرخرا narkharā, (नरावटु) The throat, windpipe.
  - H. نرخرا narkhara, s. m. The throst, the throttle.
  - P. dolisi nirkh-nāma, s. m. An account of the price current.
  - P. نوخی nir kk i, . m. The person who fixes the price current, an appraiser, assizer.
  - P. in ard, s. f. A counter, chess-
  - man, &c. A piece in chausar.

    nard mārnā, v. a. To win a piece.

    Draughts, &c., any game played with

    counters, backgammon. The naked

    trunk of a tree.
  - P. نردبان nard-ban, s.m. A staircase steps, a ladder, especially a scaling ladder.

- e, نرسنگا nar-sinjā, (নজহানা) s. m. A horn (musical), a wind instrument. (Contempt.) A long pipe.
- s. نرسنگه nar-singh or ngi-singh,
  (नरसिंह or नृसिंह) s. m. The name
  of the fourth Avatar or incarnation of
  Vishnu.
- H. نرسون narson, adv. The fourth day past or to come (atarson), some days ago or hence.
- A ring or circle formed by huntsmen round game) s. m. Surrounding. A multitude, throng. A difficulty (diqqat). narghe men jān hai, I am encompassed with difficulties. narghā karnā, To surround, hem in, besiege. (dakh.) A king of long drum much broader in the centre than at either end, a small drum.
- s. نرکت narak, (नरका) s. m. Hell, the infernal regions.
- e. نركت narkat, (নজনাত) s. m. A reed of which mats are made. (Arundo tibialis).●
- نرکت nurakul, s. m. See نرکت
- P. نرگاو nar-gāw, s. m. A bull.
- p. نرگس nargis, s. f. A narcissus, jonquil. (met.) The eye of a mistress. nargis-i-shahlā, A narcissus. nargis-i-makhmār, An epithet applied to a mistress's eyes (intoxicated narcissus).
- nargis-ī, adj. Like or of the narcissus. s. m. A kind of garment, sort of food. nargisī qaliya (dakh.) A kind of dish of food.
- 8. نرکی nir-gun, (निर्गुण (निर् and

Without passions or human qualities (an epithet of God). Without estimable qualities, worthless, unkilful, Unstrung (as a necklace).

mild. Defective (coin). Easy, light, gentle, plastic, ductile, silly. Middling, moderate. narm med, Moderate

price. Depressed, dull (trade). Mild, tender. narm mizāj. Inferior, defective. Narm rupayā. Narmānā, narm k., v. a. To make soft, soften. To moderate. narm garm, adj. Good and bad.

s. نرصل nir-mal, edj. Pure, limpid, clear, pellucid, transparent, spotless, clean.

P. نرمهٔ گوش narma-i-gosh, s. The

P. i narm-ī, s. f. Softness, tenderness, smoothness, mildness, delicacy, easiness, fluency.

narm-īyat, s. f. Softness.

s. ارجین ni-ranjan, (निरंजन) adj.
Unstained; void of passion, an attribute of the Hin. God.

ع. نونكار nirankār, ه المنكار ألم nirankāl, ه المنكال المينكال ا

i. e. 同t prep. and आकार Form)
adj. Without form (the Deity) incorporeal.

and r. वाण Blow) adj. Extinguished, extinct. (Hindus.) s. m. Beatitude, emancipation from matter and reunion with the Deity. (Buddhists) Dissolution, annihilation. (The nirvān or Buddha era reckons from 543 before Christ).

abominable, rough. The member of generation. A wave or billow (of water). The trunk of a tree. Ward of a key. Hermaphrodite. A beggar.

P. نرى narī, s. f. A kind of leather, sheep skin, kid, roan, morocco, cordwain.

انری . *narī*, s. f. A weaver's shuttle:

 الزاد P. نزاد nasēd or misād, Boo نزاد nishēd.

P. i nizār, adj. Thin, lean, alender, subtile.

نرع) s. m. f. Contention, litigation, lawsuit, dispute, controversy. The point at issue.

nasākat, (نازکت) s. f. Delicacy, delicateness, elegance, politeness. neatness, softness, tenderness. nazākat se chalnā, v. n. Te tread softly or elegantly.

A. نزه nazāhat, (نزه) s. f. Exemption or remoteness from any thing bad; purity.

P. نون nasd,

P. نون nasdik,

Near (pis), hard

by, with, close
to, neighbouring, contiguous, almost, about. In

one's view. nasdik honā or jānā, v. n.
To approach, draw near. To have

sexual intercourse with,

nearness, proximity (qurbat), approximation, approach, vicinity. One near (in blood), a relative. Cotton.

A. di nazla or nusla, (from it Heb. and Aram. To flow; as, Catarik from καταρρέω) s. m. A defluxion of humours, rheum, a catarrh.

A. النول nusal, (inf. from النول s. m. Descent, going dewnwards, alighting, sojourning. A cataract (in the eye). nusal-i-āb, A swelling of the testicle, which (expecting the case of a blow, or of hernia) is universally ascribed to the descent of water: the term, therefore, comprehends hydrocele, hernia humoralis, and scirrhus. Crown or government lands, escheated land.

(Arith.) (8. utār) (HT) Evolution.

dure, freshness, pleasure, delight, cheerfulness. Distance. Integrity. Ornament.

- P. Jij nishād or nashād, s. m. Origin, root, seed, race, family, descent, extraction.
  - A sinew, tendon, nerve. The organ of generation. nas-dār, adj. Sinewy, veiny. nas-katā, s. m. A eunuch (khojā). A catamite.
- 8. نس nis (or nisi), (निश्) है. f. B. inisā, (निशा)

Night (rāt). nis din, adv. Night and day, always.

- A. winisā, s. f. plur. Women, ladies: the female sex.
- a. منساح منساح nassāj (adj. superl. of انساح على)
  s. m. A weaver.
  - اصل), lineage, extraction, birth, parentage, family, caste. nasabnāma s. m? Pedigree, account of descent, genealogical tree, or table.
  - n is bat, sif. Relation,

    (تعلق)، affinity, analogy, respecting,
    regarding, attribute, reference. Relationship; matrimonial engagement,
    betrothal, alliance or affinity by
    marriage. (dakh.) The ceremony of
    betrothing. Ratio, proportion. A
  - A. P. in is bat-i, adj. Related, having reference to, related by marriage. s. m. A wife's brother, brother-in-law.
  - nastaran, s. m. The white rose of India. The dog rose, China rose. (Rosa glandulifera). Kind o.; cloth.
  - and تعلیق) s. m. A kind of Persian

- writing (or character). A fine round hand. A fine fellow.
- nasj, s. m. Act of weaving (cloth). Twisting (anything).
- abrogation, repeal. Transcribing. A kind of Arabic character. naski k., v. n. To abrogate (a law), annul, cancel. To upset, set aside.
- ۱. هنسن nuskha, (نسن transcribing)
  - s. m. A recipe, prescription of ingredients for any composition. An exemplar, prototype, a copy or model, an edition. A recipe, prescription. A writing-book. Plur. nuskhajāt. Books. nuskha-navīs-ī. Recipeswriting.
- عندن nis-din, निश्दिन Night and day.
- nasru-t-tā'ir or nasr-i-tā'ir. (The flying vulture). The constellation of the eagle. nasru-l-wāqi\* (The falling vulture) The constellation of the lyre.
- P. نسرین nasrīn, s.m. A wild rose:
- A. نسر nasrain, s. dual (of نسرین)
  The constellations of the eagle and
  the lyre. See under نسر
- a. نست nasaq or nasq, s. m. Order, series, arrangement. Connexion. Style, manner of writing. nasq-chī, An arranger (of an army).
- Btrength) Powerless, poor, weak.
  Mujh ko kyā nisak samajhā hai?
- nealogy, descent, breed, caste, origin, family, offspring, lineage. Iminaslan, adv. Lineally. naslan bad naslan, Generation after generation. nasli, adj. Genealogical. nusl parhana. To breed, propagate, multiplyi, nusl dar, adj. Of good breed.
- م المناس الله المعاملة (or nisnas, from

monstrous race of men or demons who have only one leg and thigh and move by leaping. A satyr, a faun. A kind of ape, a marmoset, an orang utau.

- e. نسنک nisank, (नि:शंक from नि: prep. and शंका Fear, doubt) adj. Fourless, free from doubt or suspicion, boldly, doubtless, doubtlessly.
- e نسنگ ni-sang. (日:民间) adj.
  Separate, unconnected: regardless,
  indifferent, free from attachment or
  desire.
- انسی) a. m. Oblivion, (نسی) a. m. Oblivion, forgetfulness. ¶ nasyān, adj. Very forgetful, neglect. [ness.
- nasyān-i, s. f. Forgetful-
- 4. انسي nasīlā, adj. (نسل) Veined.
  (نسل) Of good breed.
- A. فسيم nasim, (نسم) e. f. m. A gentle zephyr, fragrant air, breeze, gale. (Plur. nasim-i-sahar, Morning breeze.
- nasy or nisya or nasya (for imi nasy or nisy, from july) s. m. A thing forgotten, of no regard of account. I nasi'a (imi) s. m. Delay allowed for payment of money, credit.
- a. m Interication drunkenness, intericating liquor, a headache or crop sickness (from over-dritking). Perception (of a good smell), fragrance, smell. Pride. janiani kā nashā, The intexication of wealth. nasha men chār, To be dead drunk. nashā-khor or bāz. A person who takes intexicating drugs, &c., a drunkard.
- A. الشائدة المائة الما
- P. Kimini nish ast a, s. m. Scarch: punto; pottage prepared of any a farinaccous article, thick graph.

- Pere نشا کرنا هو Pere کی استان کرنا کی استان اس
- م بالمعالمة بالمعالمة الشاط على المعالمة المعال
- الله بالله عند بالله in compos. Fixing, seating, sitti s. m. A mark, sign, signal, pro type, emblem, note, device, vesti trace, impression, scar, butt, fas arms, armorial bearings, coat of an badge, an ensign, standard, f colours (jhanda), one's place residence or address pata). wishin or dálná. To mark sign, make a wa nichėni k., To sign, witness (a bor to check. To stamp, imprest. & s. m. Aim. A butt. The bull's of a target, نشاني Issue, offspring token. A katch-word, nishën-beri A standard bearer or ensign, siel der, A standardbearer. Mark! signed. Possessing armorial bands
- P. هَالِمُ nishāna, a. m. A mark. butt, aim. nishāna-andās, Uperring
- nishini, s. f. A mark, s token, model. A token of man brance, keepsake.
- P. نشتر mashtar or nishtar, s. f. lancet, a fleam. nashtar lagens or a To bleed, to phlebotomize.
- a. نشت nasht, (司智) adj. Lost, troyed, annihilated.
- nashr, s.m. Spreading (a table, a carpet). Diffusing, public (news). Life, vivifying, raising the dead. Cutting with a saw.
- (baithat) Bitting, fixing, nishast (baithat) Bitting, fixing, nishast kitet, s. f. Manners, good breed etiquette, politeness, nishast-gah. A place where people meet to sit talk, sitting-room. A meeting Position, sitting.

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- r. Zimmi nishesta, pass. part. (of
- انشستی Seated: (dakh.) also for نشاسته
- A. منه nasho or nasho (منه) s. m.

  Vegetation, growing up (as a boy, etc.), growth, shooting up. nashoo-nama, s. f. Growth, growing up.
- a. نشر ه بنشر) s. m. Raising of the dead, the resurrection.
- 4. 2mi nasha, n. m. See lai
- nisheb, s. m. Descent, low ground, declivity. adj. Sloping, low, hollow.

  nasheb fards (See (July)). Up and down; uneven, rugged. The ups and downs of life. Profit and loss, the advantages and disadvantages of any affair.
- achid, s. A poem or verses يشيد recited by people alternately.
- ع. 2. الشي دار . nashe-dar, adj. Intoxicating.
- 4. a. المن nashīlā, (اشن) adj. Intoxicating.
- r. نشیمی nisheman, s. f. Place of sitting, seat, residence, settlement, nest, one's native country.
- P. نشستن nishīn, part. act. (نشستن)

  \*adj. Sitting; (in compos.) sitting, sitter, settled; seat, residence, as Gosha-nashīn, Pālkī-nashīn,
- r. نشینی nishin-i, (in compos.) s. f. Bitting.
- a. نص معبد, s. Shewing, manifesting, setting forth, demonstration, proof.
- origin, principle. Dignity, fortune-Capital, principal, property. A certain estate or number of cattle for which a tax is paid. nigābu-e-sibyān (lit. the capital stock of children)
  The title of an Arabic Vocabulary with Persian translation in rhyme.
- A. المار به موقعة, (Nasareth, the)
  name of a city,
  so called from its
  abounding in or-

- chards, from Heb. a twig or branch)
  a, plur. Nazarenes, Christians. (A
  Christian. (pl. of نصرانی)
- inapai'sh, s. plur. (of نصابح from نصابح) Counsels, advices, admo-
- planting, an establishment. nach karnd. To establish, fix, erect, do. nach hone. To be fixed, do.
- naer, s. m. Amistance, victory.
- nagrānā, e. m. A Christian. See under نصاریل
- a. نصرانیت nagraniyat, a.f. Tho Christian religion, Christianity.
- ance, defence. nueratāyāt, adj. (In whose) standards (is) victory.
- middle part, Middle aged. nisfu-nnchār, Midday (do-pahar), niefi, ādhī gist, s. f. A moiety.
- الم المنافق الم المنافق المنا
- and half, in halver, by halves.
- nasfat, s. f. Equity, justice, conscientiousness.
- nief-i, adj. Halved, balf.
- انص a. plur. (of بنه بنه منصوص. Demonstrations, settings forth.
- nasib, (lif. written down)

  (باک) a.m. (کاب) Fortune, lot, luck, chance, portion, part, fate, destiny. (In Hindustani this word is often constructed as a plural). nasib larns, To try one's luck. To be a competitor for any thing. (lif. fortune fighting for one) The comment ment of prosperity, to be greatly favoured by fortune (after adversity). nasib jague, or thuine. bad-nasib adj. Unfortunate. To be fortunate.
- abounding in or- 4. Aller namba, s. m. & lat, fortune.

- م. P. نصيبى naṣīb-ī, adj. Of fortune, luck or destiny.
- الميكت naṣīḥat, (عن advising) s. f. Advice, counsel, admonition, precept. Chastisement. nas hat karnā, or -denā, To advise, counsel, admonish, exhort; (met.) to reprove, to reprimand, to chastise, nasihat-yar, or nasihat-go, An adviser, counsellor, admonisher. An advertisement, precaution.
- nasīr, s. m. An assistant, a defender, a friend.
- A. نصيرى musairī, s. m. A Mahometan sectary who believes in the divinity of Ālī.
- ه. منارت naṣārat, (نضر) s. f. Freshness, verdure, pleasingness, lustre, brightness, floridness.
- A. نضم nuṣj (or ˌnaṣj) s. m. Ripening, cooking, suppuration (of a wound).
- A. نضيم inașij, adj. ripe, mature, cooked; soft.
- م. منابع nit" or nate or nate or nita, s. A sheet, especially of leather, used for eating or gaming on.
- (بیم ) Semen (نطف ، nugfa, (نطف ا Son. s. m. Seed, sperma hominis. The Clear water. نطفهٔ بنت uiel nutfa-i bintu-l-inab, seed of the daughter of the grape, i. c. a bastard begotten in a drunken fit.
- nuta, s. m. The power of speech. Speech, language, discourse, articulation, reasoning faculty.
  - انظارگی . P. نظارگی naggāragī, s. f. Seeing, looking at, observation. s. m. Beholder, spectator.
- ه. ه. شظر ، naggāra, (نظر ) s. m. A telescope Sight, view, show, inspection. Atorous glances, ogling. nazāra-bāz, An ogler. naggāra-kun, Guzing, survey- j
- م انظافت nagāfat, (نظف s. f. منظافت nagrāt, s. plur. (of تعلی است معرف است المعرف المعرفة الم Parity. Being clean.

- ه. أنظم ، منظم ، عنظام ، عنظام ، عنظام ، عنظام ، عنظام ، عنوان عنوان المناس ، عنوان عنوان المناس ، عنوان المنا disposition, arrangement. habit. A string of pearls. A com arranger. Basis. ¶ (dakh.) A governor.
- (نظم) nigāmat, (نظمت ما Afrangement, government, offic nāgim. The administration ناظم criminal justice. nigam shamei, solar system.
- غيرة nagā'ir, s. plur. (of غيرة نظورة) Venerable or respectable nobles, grandees.
- انکه ، nagar, s. f. (آنکه ) Sight, sı vision, vision, look, regard, a gla view, inspection, observation. De perplexity. Countenance, fav. deference. Opinion, estimation. tent, design. Relation, reference. influence of an evil eye, nagar l *nagar ānā*, to come to sight, to app nagar-andās, adj. Rejected. nagar An ogler. A thief-catcher, a detec A juggler. nazar-bāz-ī, s. f. Og nagar bachānā. To avoid the si nagar-band, s.m. Fascination (of a jurers). 🛦 spell, charm. 🗛 s prisoner. adj. Strictly watched (w out being imprisoned). adv. Ui arrest, on *Parole. nagar-band-*i, Confinement, arrest. Surveille Sleight of hand, legerdemain (4 bandī). Fascination, juggle. nag gānī, A review or second examina of recruits, at which they are fin passed. Revisal of a writing or be nagar parnā, v. u. To happen to to fall under one's notice. nagar & v. n. To cast one's eye on, to see at. nagar ra<u>kk</u>nė, v. n. To look a keep watch. To have one's eye or be intent on. To contemplate, int To cast a wistful eye upon, to sweep upon. nagar-gherā, The hori nagar lagānā, v. s. To cast an evil upon, to regard with evil intent. a se gira dena, To disgrace. down upon, to hold cheap. nagar k To look, see, behold, view, &c. gāh, Theatre, amphitheatre. milānā, To compare. To look fu the face. nagar men, adv. In sigh view. nagron se girnā, To be disgra To consider, weigh, rate, value.

نغر

- A. نظران nagarān, s. f. Sight, seeing, vision.
- A. الشاء nasm, s. f. Poetry, verse. Order, arrangement. A string of pearls. nasm-o-nasaq. Order and arrangement. Administration, management. System of Government, policy.
- arranger, adjuster. A poet.
- مثال (نظر) s.m.f. A precedent (عثال) Example, instance, an equal. adj. Alike, resembling, equal to (a n o the r). nasira-s-sant. The Nadir. nasir dens of lana, v. n. To cite, quote. To adduce a precedent or authority.
- A. العن ni'āl, s. (plur. of على na'l.)
  Shoes, &o.
- of Mulammad), eulogium. An epithet.
  An adjective noun.
- noise, shout. na ra-kash or na ra-san, adj. Crying out, exclaiming, shouting. na ra-san-i, s. f. Exclamation, crying out. nara-i-haidri! A cry for Haidar!
- انعش na'sh, s. f. A bier, a coffin. A litter on which a sick person is carried. بنات النعش banātu-n-na'sh.

  The constellation of the bear.
- A. رنعال اله na<sup>2</sup>/, (pl. انعال s. m. Shoe (of a horse or man). The ferule at the end of a scabbard. A hoof. A wife. na\*l-band. A blacksmith who shoes horses, a farrier. na<sup>2</sup>l-bund-i, s. f. Shoeing, giving a horse new shoes (in opposition to khol-bandi, which means changing a horse's shoes). A light tribute. Under the Mah. Government, a contribution exacted from petty princes or the peasantry on the plea of keeping up the cavalry of the state, or preventing the horsemen from devastating the country, subsequently converted into a permanent tribute. nal-bandī dene-wālā, s. m. A tributary. A woman's buskin.

- A. نعل na\*lain, s. dual (of نعل)

  A pair of slippers or shoes of a particular kind, i. e. with wooden soles.
- A. بنعمت mi'am, s. plur. (of نعمت)

  Favours, benefits. Pleasure, comfort, affluence, ease or blessing (of life). ¶

  منابدل ni²ma-l-badal. Blessings of the change, excellent the change! change for the better.
- A. Lazi na mā, See wasi ni mat.
- A. تعمن ni<sup>2</sup>mat, s. f. Favour, gracious ness. benefit. Delight, joy. Affluence, ease, wealth, boon, good thing or comfort of life, blessing or favour of heaven. A delicacy. Dainties, delicacies. (pl. عن).
- A. ونعنا  $n a^2 n \bar{a}^2$ , s. m. Mint. (Mentha sativa).
- A. أعرن الله na'kṣu, lst pers. plur. sor. of أعرد To flee for refuge to any person or place. Intj. Heaven preserve us! God forbid! نعوذ بالله na'kṣu bi-l-lāhi, Let us flee to God (from any thing wicked).
- مَّا الْعُونُ الْعُنَّا s.m. Erectio et intensio (penis).
- منام ، انعلم na'im, s. Pleasure, ease, tranquillity, be ne fits, goods. جنت jannatu-n-na'im (Garden of delight) one of the heavens (according to Muhammadans).
- P. jain a gh z, adj. Beautiful, good, excellent, sincere, swift, nimble; any thing rare or wonderful.
- P. نغز naghz-ak, adj. (dimin. of نغز)
  Good, fine, rare: s. The mango.
- s. m. Melody song, modulation. A trill or shake. A
  - A nasical note. A sweet voice, nanhma-sarā'i, s. f. Singing, naghma-sanj-i, s. f. Melody.

- A. ناف nafās, s. m. Penetrating, pervading, piercing; escape from an enemy. adj. Obeyed (an order).
- s. m. The after birth (ānval). Childbirth, labour, bringing forth, lochia or the natural discharge of blood after childbirth. The forty days of a woman after childbirth.
- nafāsat, s. f. Exquisiteness, preciousness, choiceness. Purity, refinement. Superiority of quality. Richness, delicacy.
- a. الغنا nafāṭ, (نفط) s. m. Naphtha, bitumen, or a place where it is found in plenty. Lamp-oil.
- Hypocrisy, fallacy, prevarication (in Pers. and Hind.) Disagreement, enmity. nifāq parnā, v. n. At variance with. nifāqtī, adj. Hypocritical. Coldblooded, lukewarm.
- P. نفت naft, s. Naphtha.
  - mouth), sounding (a horn, &c.) Inspiring, breathing into, inflation. Swelling. Flatulence (aphārā).
- A. نفن nafz, s. m. Penetrating power, piercing quite through, pervading.
- مر المراقي nafar, s. m. One hand (a work-man). A groom, a servant. A common soldier or man. One person; as, tin nafar, Three persons or hands. ¶ nafr, Fright, terror.
- Flight, terror. Abomination, aversion, abhorrence, disgust (ghin). Repulsion.
  - nafar·i, s. f. Service, profession, trade (particularly, of a groom). A giant, demon-
  - P. نفرين nafrīn, s. f. Detestation, abharrence. An imprecation, curse, malediction, opprobrious words.
  - to breathe). The text of a work:

    Nass-i-kiiāb. s. m. The breath, respira-

- tion. The voice or sound from breast. (Plur. anfās). nafas-i-bāz-pa The last breath. nafas-gir, Suffoca ¶ nafs, s. m. The soul, spirit, essen fact, substance, self, body, blood, fa person. Concupiscence, sensuality, l Sperm. Desire. Gravity, pride En Vice. Penis. nassu-l-amr. The ess tish truth, knowledge, essence, soul foundation of a thing, reality. nafe $har{a}l$ , The facts are merits of a ca nafs-ul-matlab, The substance, p port. nafs-i-ammāra or-bahīmi, Ja dinate or sensual appetites, concu scence. nafs-parast or nafsēnī, s Sensual; carnal, sensualist. saje sab'i or -lauwāma. Irascibility . promptitude to the vindictive pa sions. nafs-kush-ī, s. f. Mortificatio of self-denial, temperance, pe ance. nafs mārnā, To mortify ti sensual appetites or self, or bod nafs-i-mutma'inna or -malaki, Bener lence. nafs-i-mulhima, The inspirit spirit. nafs-parvari, s. f. Selfishner
- a. P. نفسانی nafs-ānī, adj. Sensu carnal, lustful, luxurious.
- nafs-ānīyat, s. S. La ury, senstality, animalism, carnalit Pride, conteit, pomp, stateliness. Ai ger. Egotism.
- A. P. نفسی nas-ī, adj. Of the son or self; carnal, sensual, animal.
- A. كف nift or naft, s. Naphtha, bitt men liquidnaphtha.
- gain, advantage, interest. naf uthën v. n. Fāeda uthēnā, naf o nuque Profit and loss.
- A. LESS nafaqa, s. m. The necessary expenses for living. Stipend, salary.
- A. Joi naft, (in dakh. also naft) s. A voluntary act of devotion or payers which may be omitted intended cently as not being prescribed or a compulsory, a work of supererogation of a partial, Plunder (from infidels).
- مَّدُ nufas, (نَفَنُ) s. m. Penetring: see نَفْنَ
- انغر s. Fleeing. Excling (in any thing). Swelling (of t skin). ¶ nafār, adj. Fleeing fro abborring.

- نفس nufās, s. plur. (of نفوس A. nafs) Souls, spirits.
- A. s nafi, s. m. Forbidding, prohibition. Rejecting, refusing. Negation, minus. Refuse, filth, refusal, annihilation, non-existence. nafio isbāt, Negation and affirmation.
- P. نفير nafīr, s. f. A brazen trumpet. Sound of breathing in deep sleep.
- P. نفیری nafir-i, (نفیر) s. f. A kind of trumpet, clarionet.
- فيس نفيس nafīs, (نفيس breath, essence) Precious, delicate, exquisite, choice. Pure, refined.
- نقى) s. f. Purity, cleanness. adj. Pure, clean. Good, virtuous, exquisite.
- منقاب s. m. f. A veil, Rood or covering for the face. masked. . Veiled,
- القد naggād, (adf. supell. of نقال . الم s. m. A person whose business it is to examine money and ascertain its goodness; an adept, assayer.
- م. T. نقارحي naqār-chī or. naqqār-chī, s. m. One who beats the kettledrum.
- م. P. نقارخانه naqār-khāna, The place at the porch of a palace where the drums are beaten at stated intervals.
- منقرر » naqāra or naqqāra, (نقر) s. m. A kettledrum (or rather a pair of kettledrum (or rather a pair of kettledrums of brass or iron), nagara bajāto phirnā, (dakh. مشهور كرنا) To publish, &c. naqqāra h. v. n. To be like a drum. To be pot-bellied.
- a q q ā s h, (adj. superl. of s. m. A painter, drawer, draftsman, sculptor, statuary, carver, designer, limner, embroiderer, &c.
- منقاشی nagyāsh-ī, s. القرئی painting, sculpture, statuary, embroi-

- انقل naqqāl, (adj. superl. of نقال) s.m. A mimic, an actor (bhānd), a player.
- A. H. نقالی naqqāl-in, s. f. An actress.
- انقالی naqqāl-ī, s. f. Acting, mimicry.
- A. نقى) s. f. Purity, نقاوت ما
- ه. ه. نقاهت nagāhat, (هغن) s. f. covering from disease, convalescence. Imbecility, feebleness, languidness, languor.
- A. Li naqb or vulg. naqab, s. f. A rabbit's burrow, a subterraneous excavation, perforation, a mine, a gallery. An instrument, a crowbar used by miners, thieves, &c. for piercing walls (sendh-kāti). Digging through a wall or house breaking. naqb-san-i, s. f. The digging through a wall (for plundering a house), burglary. [Princes, chiefs.
- A. انقیب nuqabā, s. plur. (of رنقیب)
- مَّدُ اللهُ naqd, s. m. Ready money, cash. Good, fine. Naqad māl. A nice fellow. Tum to bure nagad ās. A sonin-law, so called because he receives money from his father-in-law when he visits him. Ham to tumere nagad hai. Nagd mäl Dainties, tit bits. nagd-ānagd or nagd-ā-nagd-ī, Prompt or ready payment. naqd o jins, Money and goods.
- م naqd-i, adj. Relating to cash, (paid, &c.) in cash, possessing ready money, moneyed. s. m. naqadi gumāshta, A cash-keeper (khazānchi). ¶ naqde kā jorā (dakh.) An ornament•• of bangles for the wrist.
- a. نقرس niqris, (improp. naqris nagras) s. The gout.
- منقره) adj. (dakb.) نقروی .م
- A. القرع nuqra, (قو silver) s. m. Silver ; coin, money. A white or cream colour (in horses).
- silver, silver; white (in colour, a horse).

- . نقش naysh, s. m. Painting, embroidering, print, impression, stamp, mark, engraving, carving, picture, drawing, delineation, map, portrait. nageh-band, part. Creating, imagining; creator, imaginer, embroiderer, painter. A magic square, a charm. nugsh-band-i, s. f. Painting, embroidering, description. s: m. A Mah. sect of religious mendicants. nagsh-ipā, Footstep, track. naqsh-i-diwār, Thunderstruck, confounded so as to appear like a picture on the wall, still as a statue. نقش كالحاجر ka-l-ḥajar, or more properly كالنقشر ku-n-naqsh fi-l-ḥajar (lit. Like an engraving in stone) Indelible naqsh-ā-bandī, s. A sort of fagir. nagsh-taraz-i, s. f. Adorning with painting, embroidery, &c. nagsh karnā. To imprint, impress, engrave, stamp. nagsh o nijar, Paintings, pictures. Decoration, embellishment. P. انقشارا naqshārā, ) s. m. (dakh.) for

- A. P. نقشي naqsh-ī, adj. Painted,
- A. نقص naqs, s. m. Defect, decrease, diminution, detriment, blemish, injury, harm, mischief. Infirmity (in a title). naqs ni'ālnā, v. a. To pick out faults. Loss.
- A. defect. waste, deficiency, detriment, harm, injury, damage, blemish, prejudice, mischief. nuqsan bharna, v. n. To bear a loss. nuqsan k., v. a. To do harm to. To destroy. nuqsan juvara k., v. n. To abide loss.

- nuq ۽ ān i, adj. Detrimental, prejudicial. [violation]
- م نقض naye, s. Demolishing, uffdoing,
- A. bai nuggins. plur. (of abai) Drops, spots: yak nugi, however, occurs for one drop.
- A. Abai muqta, s. m. A point. a dot, cypher, a spot, a stain, a vowel. A geometrical point, centre (of a circle). A focus (dat). nuqta dena, v. a. To dot, put in the dots. be-nuqut, adj. Having no dots (P. and A letters). Insulting, abusive, foul. nuqta la ana (dakh. Ull Lac) To impute a fault.
- م نقل naql, s. f. A history, parrative, tale, story, anecdote, fable. Copying, emimicing, acting. Transcribing. Imitation of a copy, transcript, copy, Transfer, counterpart. (of property). Transporting or change from one place to another, removing, removal, translation. naqi karna, To relate, narrate, cop act, play, perform, or represent (a charactur). naql-i-makan, The first stage of a hourney, or halting place at a very little distance, where they remain some time to collect what may have been forgetten of the requisites for travelling. This first stage is often made, long before they really mean to set off, for the sake of seizing a lucky moment to commence a journey is. Emigration. seel-Transmigration. nauis, Copier, copyist. nagl-navisi, s. f. Copying. nagl hai, it is said, it is written. ¶ nuql or naql, s. What is eaten with wine, as fruits or sweetmeats, a dessert: (dakh.) A sert of sweetmeat to be eaten at odd times, generally comfits of melon seeds.
- A. P. نقلی naql-i, s. m. A narrator, relator, storyteller; (dakh.) jester, buffoon. a d j. Traditional, handed down, copied, artificial, fictitions.
- م نقلیات nagliyāt, s. plur. Stories,
- A. نقم niqmat, (from نقمت) s. l.
  Punishment, revenge, hatred. A
  distemper, everity.
- نقش nuqueh, s. plur. (of نقش naqah) Paintings, pictures, engravings.

A. يقرع naqa\*, s. Any thing steeped

نقو

- in water to make medicine, wine, &c.; narratives. an infusion.
- م. نقل nuqūl, s. plur. (of نقل) Copies,
- A. نقی naqī, adj. Pure, clean, excellent, exquisite.
- ه. سيقن nagīb, (نقب) s. m. chief, a leader. An intelligent person. A servant whose business it is to proclaim the titles of his master, and to introduce those who pay their respects to him. An adjutant or aide de camp. A procurer, an agent.
- ه. م نقير ، naqīr, (نقر) & m. A trough of a hollowed palm tree in which they make a strong wine of dates, &c. The spot on the back of a date stone through which the young plant shoots; (hence) adj. Very small, of نقير و قطمير . little moment, meanest nagīr-o-gitmīr, All the minutiæ, every ▶ particle, great and small.
- adj. (sid) فقص م na qia, (sid) Adverse, contrary, opposite (خلاف)٠ s. m. An enemy. Conflicting. [weak.
- م. هيغ naqh, (هغن) adj. Faint, feeble,
- a ناک nak, in compos. (for ناک ) Nose; as, nak-qhisnī, s Rubbing the nose on the ground in prostration, or . by way of humiliation. s. (dakh.) Nail: see inakh.
- H. Si nakkā, s. m. One kaurī. The ace at cards, or at dice. nakkā dūā, nakkā mūth, s. m. Gambling (juā). nakkī par lagānā or rakhnā, v. a. To stake, hazard.
- H. Ki nukkā, s. nok point. A pointed
- A. whi nikāt, s. plur. of ili nukta.
- A. Li nikāḥ, s. m. Matrimony, marriage, nuptials. (The most honourable kind of marriage, though in Bengal the term be applicable only to a secondary one). nikāh parhānā, v. a. To tie the nuptial knot. nikāh-i-ṣānī, s m. A second marriage. nikāh-muta, a A marriage for a limited time in consideration of a present,

- nikāḥ-ī, adj. Married (woman).
- P. J. Li na-kārā, (Li for U neg. pref.
- P. کار na-kāra, ( and کار Business) adj. Worthless, useless, invalid.
- s. , , , , , (नि:कास) s. m. (ابتدا and امل) Skirts, suburbs, outer boundary of land attached to a town, &c., issue, outgoing, discharge, outlet, vent, source, origin, extraction, Adjustment of accounts, spring. accomplishment.
- g. Limbi nikāsnā, (नि:कासन) v. a. See
- s. مناسم nikās-ī, s. f. Taxes collected on goods passing out of a town, duties. &c. Net produce, income, out-turn. Sale, export. Transit duties. nikās-ī kī chitth, s. f. A permit, a passport. nikāsi khālis, Net assets.
- ع. الله nil'āl, (निकाल) s. m. Contri-, vance, outlet, issue, publish, vent, discharge, expulsion, projection. nikāl dālnā, To deduct, strike out. nikāl lānā, To bring off, to bring away, abduct. nikāl lenā, To dig up, take out, extract. To steal, make way with.
- م نكل ، akāl, (نكل ) s. m. An exemplary punishment, a preventive, restraint. Distresses.
- g. Lilki nikālnā, (causal of Liki or see ناسكا nikāsnā) v.a. To cause to issue, to take out, turn out, expel cause to exceed, utter, discover or find out, invent, take off, exclude, except, extract, protrude, deduce, extricate, exhibit, produce, put forth, hatch, pull, do, perform, accomplish, pick, select, subtract, deduct. bring out. To bring forth. To bring or work out (a result), solve (a problem). Bavāl nikālnā. To thresh, heat out corn. Dānā nikālnā. To extract, distil, milk. To bring out, as a procession, exhibit, show. To strike a balance. To remove, put awaya To renounce, cast off, drive away, discard. To train or break in (a horse). nikāl rakhnā, v. n. To lay or put by. nikāl denā, To expel, eject, discard, drive or turn out, exclude, cashier.

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- الكب nakbat, (نكب) s. f. Adversity, calamity, misfortune.
- ع. نكيڙي nak-purī, dakh.) Nos-
- ع. نکیوڙي nak-pūrī, فکيوڙي nak-pūrī,
- ع. انگن nak-torā, (from نكتورا Nose, and توزن) adj. Droll, waggish, roguish. s. m. Contention, squabbling.
- A. نكت nukta, (نكت) s. m. A subtle or quaint conceit, point of wit, points, wise or pithy saying, a mystical signification. A head stall. mukta-pardas, adj. Acute, subtle, sententious muktapardāz-ī, s. f. Wit, humour. nukta-chīn, A caviller, a carper, captious, critic. nukta-chin-i, Captiousness, oavil. nukta-dān, adj. Subtle, sagacious, nice. mikta-ras, adj. Sagacious, discerning, renetrating. Finger mark.
- a. نكتا nakṭā, (from نكتا Nose, and part. of نگتی) adj. m. (کاتنا nakṭī, f.)
- Nose-clip, noseless; m. Shameless, immodest. Degraded. A class of obscene songs. bird.
- H. Wi naktā, s. m. The name of a
- g. H. نک چاها nak-charhā, adj. Angry, fretful, warm, passionate, fastidious.
- a. ناچهان nak-chhikni, (छिन्ननी Artemisia sternutatoria) s. f. Name of a sternutatory plant.
- A. 8,5 nakira, ism-i-nakira, adj. Undetermined, unrestricted, (Gram). indefinite or generic or common • (noun). [jecting corner.
  - H. "Li nukkar, 8 m. P. nok point. A
  - a k s, s. m. Inclining down. ward, inverting, placing topsyturvy. Reading backward (especially a chapter of the Quran).
  - g. Liuli nikasnā, v. n. To issue. See الخلاا
  - على nak-sūr, s. m. (dakh. نكو niko or nikū, adj. Good, beautifi کا سور) The sound or breathing of the nose.

- نكسير naksir, (from नारि Nose, and शिरा Nerve, vein) s The veins of the nose. naksir phi To bleed at the nose.
- e. B. نكل بهاكنا nikal bhāgnā, To: away, escape, to get off.
- ع. نكل يرتان nikal parnā, To come c be drawn forth, to drop, fall out.
- عانا على جانا على جانا على بانا على بانا على nikal jānā, To escape, go away. To slink away, slip throu one's fingers. To wear out.
- ع لنا حلنا nikal chalnā, To escaş (met.) To surpass another, pass, advanced or promoted. To spe much or display one's talent. (Spok of a person who from the modesty a stranger had formerly been silen
- म. UKi nikalnā, (from निर prep. a
  - r. कस Move, go) v. n. emerge, go forth or out, be extracte drawn, pulled or taken out; come get out, soede, lepart, proceed, l performed or accomplished, excee be uttered, be taken off, be produce appear, come in sight, result, prov turn out, begin, be invented, escap rise, slip, spring. To rise (as the sm To germinate, shoot. To pass away Bahär ke din nikal gas. To spres abroad. To break one's promis Igrār kar ke nikal gae.
- علانا nikalwānā, (caus. of لكلنا v. a. To cause to issue, to cause! go out or come out, to expel.
- 4. Sinikammā, (P. nākāra) (नि:कम (burā) adj. Useless, good for nothin Unserviceable, poor, not fertile. U employed.
- H. Diagrace nakkū, adj. Infamous. Diagrace s. m. One who has a long nose. 0 on whom every body turns up l nose. nokkū k., v. a. To point t finger at, give a bad name. I me (dakh. for Si na-kar) Do not, mi
- nīko. niko-rū or niko-r Good or beautiful in the countenan

niko-nām-ī, s. f. Good name, reputation. (Plur. niko-yān, The good).

- nakū'ā, (ناک or نوک) s.m.

  (司[日本]) The nose; a disease of the nose. The point of any thing. A syphilitic affection of the nose. (nākā) The eye of a needle. The point of suspension of the beam of a pair of scales.
- ع. اسان nakwāsā, s. Name of a disease.
- H. نكرسنا nikosnā, v. a. To grin.
- P. نکوکاری niko-kār-ī, s. f. Beneficence, doing good.
- P. نکوهش nakohish or nikohish (نکوهیدی) s. f. Spurning, rejecting, despising.
- P. نكوثى niko-ī, s. f. Goodness, health.
- nail or toe hail (nākhūn). nakh sikh, or nakh sikh se, nakh se sikh talak, From top to toe, entirely, throughout, (lit.) from the (toe) nails to the hair on the crown of the head.
- من الكن nak'hat, (نكن) s.f. Perfume, odour, anything odoriferous.
- H. ikhaṭṭā, s. m. (H. ni not, khaṭnā, to earn). An earn-nothing. Idle, thriftless, merciless, remorseless.
- H. نامون nikhrānā, (caus. of نکهرنا)
  v. a. To settle, to purify, to clear.
- skinned, cleaned, cleared, settled. Clear (the complexion). To look angry upon.
- toe, or from the (toe) nails to the hair on the crown of the head.
- s. انبورن nikhornā or nikhornā, (الليوب) (निर् prep. and खुर Cut, scratch)
  v. a. To peel, skin, decorticate, clean.
- 11. Lingerin nikhosna, v.a. To grin.

ब. نکهی nakhī, s. f. (dakh.) (नासिका) See نکی nakkī. (from नख) The

quill or other thing with which the strings of a musical instrument are struck. [To claw, to soratch.

- म. lilyai nakhiyānā, (from नख) v.a.
- اکی nakkī, (ناکت Nose) s. f. Speaking through the nose, nasal sound.
- انکیر ، nakīr, s. m. Name of an angel.
  See under منکر
- s. النيل nakel, ( Nose) s.f. Cont. of nāk nose, and kīl nail. (नासिकाकि) The wooden pin or iron instrument fixed to a camel's nose or passed through, and to which the string by which he is led is fastened; a cavesson. unkī nukel to mere hath hai.
- P. H. نکیا nukīlā, adj. (P. nok point).

  (nok dār) Sharp-pointed. Tapering.

  Charming, fascinating (chhabīlā):

  nok-īlā.
- H. نگی مونته nakkī mūnih, s. f. Name of a game.
- The stone of a ring or a stone on which a name, &c. is cut, a jewel, gem, precious stone (nagina). A certain number. Angūthī nagchār.
- nigār, part. act. (مگاریدی)

  in compos. Painting. s. m. A picture, painting, portrait, effigy, idol. A beautiful woman, a mistress. nijār-ālūd. Painted, made beautiful as a painting. nijār-khāna, or nigār-istān. A picturegallery.
- P. نگاری nigār-ī, s. f. in compos.

  Painting. Also (dakh.) same as منار nigār.
- P. نگاریی nijār-īn, adj. Embellished, beautified, beautiful, lovely.
- P. ald nigāh, s. f. (see sil) A look, glance, sight, view, regard, consider-

ation, the aspect. Observation, attention, watching. Custody, care. nigah parnā, v. n. To fall upon (cne's eyes), to see, behold. ni/ah larānā. Cast love glances. nigāh ra'hhā. To take care, to lay by, to guard. nigāh karnā (dekhnā) To observe, look, regard, view, oversee, inspect. To estimate.

- P. ناهبان nigāh.bān, s.m. (خانظ)
  A guard, keeper, observer.
- P. نگاهبانی nigāh-bān-ī, s. f. Watching, guardianship, protection, care.
- P. نگاهداشت nigāh-dāsht, s. Enlistment, enlisting. nigah-dāsht karnā. To enlist. [A city, a town.
- s. ्रीं nagar, (नगर) s. m. (Dim. nagrī.)
- الكريسان nigrān, part. act. (of نكريسان)

  Looking, beholding, expecting, watchful. nigrānī, s. f. Supervision, apperintendence.
- ه. نگری nagar-i, s. f. (नगरी) A town,
- a village. adj. (नागरीय) Of or belonging to a city.
- 2. Wi nigalnā, (नि prep. and r. गरा Eat or ग Swallow) v. a. To swallow, to gulp down. To embezzle.

nignig, s. Shining.

- be bright, glittering, or splendid.
  - الرق nigorā, (lit. without feet, from
  - s. m. Wretch, wight. A cripple, a helpless, unfortunate person. Trull, brute, ruffian. An imp, a devil, beldam, hellhag, jezebel. (dakh.) An illnatured man: see, also, under L bad.
    - نگورا nigori, adj. (dakh.) See نگوری الله
    - wards. nigun, adj. Hanging downwards. nigun-bakht, Helpless, unfortunate. nigun-sar, adj. Henging the head from shame, inverted, upside,
      down, topsy-turvy.

- P. نگاه nigah, contract. of الله
- P. المبان Migah-bān, s. m. A gu watchman, a protector, keeper.
- P. نابهانی nigah-bān-ī. s. f. Watch guarding, taking care of, custody.
- nigah·dar, s. m.f. Guard keeper.
- P. نگین nagin or ni, in, علین nagina, 8. m.
  - precious stone. Stone of a finging, &c., what fits or sits we Anguithi men nagina: see.
- s. الل nal, (निर्फ) s.m. A tube, spo
  - conduit, pipe (JU). (malrā) tylindrical case. The aliment Canal. pānī kā nal, A water-pipe. small tube or pipe. A joint of bam or other hollow wood. The bam which fowlers use to entangle gr by applying birdlime to the top of nal-chalānā, Setting the bamboos motion, denotes a magical pract adopted for the discovery of the Two pieces of split bamboo, of eq lengths, are applied to one snot side by side, and held by two men, at each end. It is said that persons taken at random may employed for this purpose. Then magician pronounces certain inca tions, the efficacy of which is prese ed to be such, that the bamb spontaneously move towards place where the thief or the att goods are, and drag the mea al with them. nal dar nal, One of within another. Name of a king, hero of several poetical works far among the Hindus.
  - g. Li nalā, (निल) s. m. The are urinary ducts. (dakh.) Sort of works: more specifically, āhanī or bhū'in-nalā, A roman candle, i of iron, buffalo-horn or bamboo, pl on the ground; dam-nalā, A varie the above-mentioned, but with casional globes of bright light bur up; hath-nalā, of the like sor above, but small, held in the ham nallā (dakh.) A large canal, cha a conduit, an aqueduct, a waterco a large tube, pipe or spout: any hollow joint.

a. الاهت nilāha!, (नील) s. f. Blue-

g. ट्रां ni-lajja, विलंजी adj. Shame-

a. المان ni-lajjā, less (be-sharm),
barefaced, bold, rude.

a. Light nilajja-tā, s. f. Shamelessness.

.a. انگا naldā, s. m.

ع. نگی naldī, s. f. (dakh.) Wind. pipe, weasand:

ع. اتان nalrā, s. m. هوا التان على التان على التان ا

ع. نازى nalṛī, s. f.

a. আ nalkā, (নত) s. (dakh.) A crane (for drawing off liquors), floodgate.
see i nallā.

tube, a joint of bamboo to convey letters in. Straw.

inal-i, (in dakh. also nalli for 可可) s. f. A tube, pipe, spout. The windpipe, ureter, &. A gun-barrel. Morbus plerumque & manustupratione ortus, in quo membrum virile exile fit nec erigi potest. The bone of the leg, the tibia, marrow bone. nali kā gūdā. A weaver's shuttle, or the little tube within the shuttle on which the woof is wound.

nam, adj. Moist, damp, wet; subst. Humidity, moistness. nam-khurda, Destroyed by moisture. nam-dīda, adj. Weeping. nam-nāk, Moist, damp. nam-nāk-ī, Moistness.

A. Lai namā, s. f. Increase, increasing.

part. act. (from انمون in compos. Showing, exhibiting, appearing.

P. jwi namās, s. f. (नेमस्या) Prayer (those prayers especially prescribed by the Muhammadan law, which are said five times a day). namās karnā, or parnā, To pray. namās-juṣrā, Praying,

attending divine service, one who prays.

prays. adj. Relating to prayers. Devout, or in the constant habit of praying. Pure, clean. [tor, accuser.

a. نمام inammām, (نم) s. m. Calumnia-P. نمان numā-ī, in compos., s. f.

Display, showing. khud-numāi, s. f. Show, showing off.

P. نمایان numāyān, (part. act. from daj. Appearing, apparent, e v i d e n t, conspicuous, prominent (عيان), bold (a picture).

P. inumā'ish, s. f. (dikhāva!)
Appearance, show, display, form, figure, face, sight, spectacle, affectation. (dhamkī) A threat. Chābuk kī numā'ish numā'ish gā, An exhibition.

P. انموند mumāyanda, part. act. (of Showing, shower, exhibiter.

8. بنمن nimb, (निम्ब) s. m. See بنمين nīmb.

ambar-ī, adj. By number, sīgha-i-nambarī, Form (of trial in law. coming on) by number.

عبولی nimb-olī, adj. (dakh). Of, or relating to the نیمب nimb, Melia azadirachta.

P. Jaj namad, mad). Felt, or a mad). Felt, or a coarse woollen cloth formed without weaving, used in coverings for horses or in garments to keep off rain. Membrum virile. namad-posh, Clothed in felt. namad-posh-1. s. f. The being clothed in felt, &c. namad-mā. adj. Having hair like namad.

P. كلية namda, s. m. (dakh.) A coarse, thick woollen cloth, frieze, felt or rug: a light seddle-cloth made of any such materials, a thick stuff used for bedding, for bullooks' saddles, &c.

- A. yas namer or nime, s. m. A panther, a leopard. A tiger.
- مرون مد numrād, or namrād, te. prop. Nimrod, the sixth son of Cush, and the founder of Babylon and Nineveh.
- s. مسكار namaskär, (नमस्कार) Salutation, adoration, reverential ad-
- e. شمن سعسه، (prop. نمشک) ه. س. A kind of food or dish made of milk; whipt cream, sort of syllabub. Namah [way, custom; like. ki quift.
- A. has namat, s. f. Likeness, mode,
- e. نمکت namak, e. m. (dakh. alao, nimak) Salt. (met.) Spirit, animation Savour, flavour. Bread, subsintenco. Tum hārā namak khāyā hai. Grace, beauty. Usks thehre ps baya namak hai, namak-parvarda, s. m. A dependant. A domestic slave. A favorite confidential servant, namakband, adj. Scopped or bound up with salt (a wound), namak-chashi. The first feeding of a child about six months of age, which is attended with pertain coremonies. (in dakh.) A ceremony of sending trays of food from the bridegroom to the bride, and the contrary, before marriage and after betrothal namab-haram. Disloyal, wicked, evil, disobedient, traitor, ungrateful. namak-harām-i, s. f. Perfidy, treason, treachery, ingratitude. namak-halāl Loyal, submissive, faithful, grateful namak-haldli. n. f. Fidelity, gratitude, namak ka haq adā k. To discharge one's obliga. tions. namuk-khtoar. A servant, dependant. namak-dan, or (dakh.) namak-dáni. A salt-celler. namak-sár. Saline, a salt-pit. namak-skila. Balted, rubbed with salt, namak kå tes-ab, Muriatio scid. namak kë kankra harëm hona, (dakh, met. for الله علي ) continue in a fast or fasting, to keep s fast, kaje par namah lagana (lit , to put salt upen a wound). To add one grief, or vexation to another namel mirch laganā, v.a. To gira a relish to give vividness to a description (hāshyā chaphānā). To exugger - ב ה ninānasse or ninnānas (निनि To excito.
- به adj. Salt (نمكث) adj. Salt نمكين saline, brackish. Piquant, racy. Nat \ pher met pares, To be entirely

- brown (sănolă salonă). Witty, poignant, poignant, sarenatio, animated (as, language, e.c.) Handsome, beautiful, namkin pėni, Brine, pickle.
- " हें بمكين namkin, (مكلين निम्बुकी) s. f. Pickled lemons.
- P. مكينني namina, a. f. aweetness, agreeableness.
- ار برامکی nam-girā, (a. m. A canopy, ۳. انمگیره nam-gēra, ( an awning.
- H. ... naman, adj. or postpos. Like, resembling. I niman, adj. Stout, strong, tight, good, postpos. (dakh. perhaps from A. E.A.) Like, like as.
- numë or ramto or nestë, s. m. ° نمر ، . Vegetation, growth, increase, 8ce به namā,
- # inamed, ۵۰۰ (نمودن) د د (numë-ish) ludez, guide, outward show (bori namëd ka malën hi) dil play, appearance; honour, character, celebrity. adj. Apparent, public, shown, exhibited, famous, prominent, conspicuous. Boast, brag, 5th spail manual fata hai). A frontispiece. An index, named hour, To be conspicuous or eminent, to shine, appear. named burne, To exhibit, display, expose, show.
- namild-âr, a. m. An exemplar, عبوال ار ۴۰ namild-âr proof, symbol, specimen, initation, model. adj. Noted, famed, visible, oonspicuous (خاهر)، manifest, showy.
- r، تموك أرى namid-ؤr-i, a. L. Publicity,
- P. digai namūna, s. m. An example esmple, pattern model. (bāngi), (nagsha) type, specimen, muster.
- ೬ ್ಷಮ nam-i, s. f. Coolness, moistness, dew, 3:c.
- اد مين nam-īn, adj. Moist.
- विति) adj. Ninety-nine, minamwe b

absorbed in the acquisition of wealth.

To be involved in difficulties.

इ. आं nand, or nanad, (नन्दा or ननांदा) s. f. A sister-in-law, husband's sister. (नन्द) s. m. Name of the fosterfather of Krishna. nand-lāl. s. m. Darling of Nand, i. e. Krishna.

'1. انندا nindā, (निन्दा) (r. निद Blame, reproach) s. f. Censure, reproach, soorn, defamation. Evil-speaking (bud-goī).

ह. نندن nindnā, (निन्द्न) v. a. To vilify, to defame, to revile, to reproach.

B. نندنى nandinī, (नन्दिनी) s. f. A husband's sister, a wife's sister.

ع. نندوسی nandosi, } (ननांदृपति)
ع. نندوئی nando'i, s. m. Husband's sister's husband.

a. انندولا nandolā, (निद्रा) s. m. An earthen vessel.

عندین nanadī,
عندین s. f. See منن nand.
ندیا ...

tion, esteem (أبرو): (on the contrary) disgrace, infamy. A disgraced person (Nang bare Parmeshar se. The wisked are more feared than God). (dakh.) shame. nang-o-nāmās. Honour, shame, disgrace.

2. (A) adj. Naked,
2. (A) adj. Naked,
3. (Bot.) Leafless. nangā-jhūrī, s.f.
Searching, examining (as, people leaving a workshop to prevent pilfering). nangā-sir. Bareheaded. nangā karnā, To bare, uncover. To strip. nangā mādar-zād. Stark naked as a new-born child. nangā-mungā or nangā-munangā. Naked. nangē pā'on.
Barefooted. nangē pā'on honā (dakh. met. lurā'ī par khare rahnā). To hold on to the fight, to stand up to the fight. nangē pairon. Barefooted.

nangi talwar. A drawn sword. A fearless person. nangi shamsher. A drawn sword. One who speaks his mind freely and without reserve.

ع H. ننگدهرنگ nang-dharang, ad j. Stark naked.

عنگلنا ninglānā, (caus. of انگلنا ningalnā) v. a. (dakh.) To cause to swallow.

ع. انكلنا ningalnā, v. a. (dakh.) See

s. iii nanand, (ननान्दा) s. f. (dakh.)
The husband's sister. nanand-bhāwaj,
s. f. (dakh.) The sister-in-law on the
husband's side or on the wife's side.

H. 山山 nannhā or nanhā, adj. Small, diminudiminutive, neat, natty, tiny. (구贝子). s. m. Young, a mere child, a son, a darling.

s. Juli nanihal, s. m. The family and house of (nana) a maternal grand-father.

ह. ننیانو nane'ānau, हे (नवनवित)

عنيانوى .ane'ānawe, adj. (dakh).
ninety-nine.

e. P. بن nau (नव) adj. New, (نيا). foung, fresh, raw; newly. nau-abad, newly settled, peopled, colonized, or cultivated. nau-amad, Newly arrived. nau-āmos, one who learns any thing new, a novice, tyro, unexperienced. nawa-bālā, s. f. A girl just grown up to the age of puberty. nau-bāwa, A young tree. nau-barhiyā, An upstart. nau-ba-nau, Again and again. Fresh and fresh, ever fresh and new. nau bahar, s. f. The young spring. naupar, Newly-fledged, beginning to fly. nau-jawan, A lad, a youth, young man, fresh and young, in the prime of life, in the bloom of youth nau-javan-i, Prime of life, bloom or flower of youth. nau-joban-ā or nawa-joban-ā, Just grown up to puberty (b girl). nau-chand-a, or nau-chand-i, edj. Belating to the new moon, of the new moon. nau-khästa, or naukhez, Newly riser, newly sprung up; a youth nau-Hatt, adj. Having a young beard or down on the cheek; a youth, wavMez-i, s. f. New rising, fresh springing up or shooting forth. naw-daulat, A novus home. Upstart. nau-shā, s. m. A bridegroom. nau-dhan, Upstart. nau-ro'ida, Newly grown or sprung up. nau-sikh, or nau sikhiyā. nau-sīkh, B. m. A novice, freshman, one in his noviciate, a student. nau-shikeb-i, s. f. Freshness of patience. nau-arūs-ī, s. f. The state of one newly married. nau-mashq, A new practitioner, novice. nau-murid, s. m. A convert, naumuslim. A convert to Mohamedanism. nau-wārid, New-comer. (dakh. nā or Nine nau-ratan (नव nau, Pers.

Nine, and If Jewel) A bracelet consisting of nine jewels. A council of nine wise men. nau-khand, The nine chmes or divisions of the earth.

- r. inawa, s. f. Voice, sound, modulation, song, air (in music). Opulence, wealth, subsistence, goodness or splendour of circumstances.
- Vicegerents, lieutenants, deputies. governors, Lords. ¶ nauwāb (adj. superl.) A nabob, a governor of a town or district, a viceroy.
- A. P. نوابی nauwāb-i, s. f. Deputyship.

  A kind of cloth. Anarchy, misrule.
  adj. Relating to a nabob.
- أولح منه nawāḥ, (gird nava) (contract. for نواحی nawāḥī) s. f. Environs, suburbs, district, tract, coast, shore.
- ¶ nuwāḥ (from نوح) s. m. Act of lamenting, bewailing, complaining.
- الحية nawāḥī, s. f. plur. (of نواحى مقبنة nāḥiya) Territories, environs, parts, tract.
- r. نواخته nawākhta, (part. pass. of ight) adj. Protected, reared, cherished.
- مال من nawādir, s. plur. (of نوادر nādira) Rarities, things rare and singular, miracles.
- nawādirāt, s.plur. 800 منوان الت

- niwar, (Pers. nawar or nawar)

  s. f. Tape (of a coarse kind).
- P. أبوارًا niwārā, B. m. See أوارا niwārā.
- walk, to wander, to stray. To go round, to surround. v. a. To set free. (chhut kārā denā).
- عن niwārnā, (निवारण) v.a. To prevent, to hinder.
- s. f. A straw. Name of a flower, sort of jasmine. See
- niwār s. f. Cotton tape, course . and wide. See نوار niwār.
- nivārā, (dakh. nawārā, from أوارًا ، nāv) s. m. A small pleasure bost.

  A particular kind of bost, a barge. A large rākhī.
- a. إِنَّا nawtrā, (नेप) adj. (dakh.) New.
- نواری niwārī, s. f. See نوازی
- nawāz, part. act. (نواختی) in compos. Cherishing, cherisher, caresing, soothing, playing on music: a musician, player on music. Bandana vāz. Liberator of the alave. ¶
- P. نواختی) \*\* a wāzish, (عنایت) Caresses, and عنایت Caresses, blandishments, kindness, politeness, favour, partronage nawāzish karnī.

  To caress, to favour, to patronize. nawāzish-nāma, A kind note, 'your favour.' a letter. (Plur. nawāzishēt, Favours, &c.)
- P. H. نوازنا nawāz-nā, v. s. To cherish, to comfort, to caress, to favour. To pardon.
- انواز nawāsanda, part. act. See نوازنده
- nawēz-ē, s. f. in compos.
  Snothing, cherishing, playing (on manio).

P. نواسه nawāsā, (for نواسا على عنه الله عنه عنه الله عنه الله عنه الله عن

grandson (in general, but especially) a daughter's son (nati).

P. نواسهٔ nawāsa, s. m. A grandson.

P. H. inawāsī, s. f. A granddaughter, (especially) a daughter's daughter.

عراسی اله nawāsī or nauwāsī, (नवाशी-ति) Eighty-nine. प s. nivās-ī (नित्रासी) An inhabitant.

s. (dakh.) Small ulcers in and round the anus, or suture, differing from the piles inasmuch as the serous discharge or drain in this disease is constant, whilst that from the piles is interrupted or periodical.

م المعنوانل الم

nawāqil, s. plur. (of ناقلة nawāqil, s. plur. (of ناقلة )
Things transported, related or copied;
histories, traditions.

benefit: mode, dimension: what is proper or convenient.

P. فواله nawāla, (or Hind. niwāla) s. m. (لقمة) A morsel, a mouthful. The wadding of a gun. [(ground).

ع. نوانا niwān, (see نوانا) adj. Low

हः نوان nau-wān or nawān, (न्वम) adj. Ninth.

Bow, bend) v. a. To bend downwards, to bow. To cause to submit to, to cause to stoop. To double, to fold. To bend anything tender, as green bamboo.

adj. (dakh.) موانو على nau-ā-nau, المانو على Ninety, nine : على المانوي nau-ā-nawe, عنانوي المانوي ال

Accidents, unfortunate occurrences.

ब. نوایت nawāyat, (नवता) s. f. ع. ابنا nawāyatā, (dakh.) No-

ع. نوایتا nawāyatā, j (dakh.) No velty, newness. nawāyat-ī, adj. (dakh.)

Novel. (nawā-yatā, as above given may
be an adjective mas. meaning, Novel,
and the word here described to be the
feminine.

being near) نوب ، naubat, نوبت s. f. A period, time, turn (bārī); access (of fever, &c.) fit. Relieving guard, keeping watch. An accident. State, plight (حال) Opportunity, occasion, vicissitude, degree, pitch, weight. Instruments of music sounding at the gate of a great man at certain intervals, when men of rank leave or return home, and at certain hours in shrines. naubat bajnā or jharna, v. n. To be sounded to naubat. naubat-khāna. A guard-house. A largo room over the outer gate of a palace or a shrine where the naubat is played. naubat ko pahunchnā. To reach a certain point. naubat-talab-ī, s. f. The asking or application for a turn (or hearing) in a court at law.

A. P. نوبتى naubat-ī, s. m. He who beats the naubat (as explained above).

ent of money from a wedding guest.

(Corrupt. from नमन) adj. Stooping.

g. نوتنا notnā, or nautnā, (निमन्त्रण) v. a. To invite to a feast, etc. To promise one a gift.

nauj, (Cont. of nahūjiyo) A.
naūz. No, nay, never, by no means,
God forbid, on no account, Heaven
avert.

H. 75 noch, s. m. A pinch, a scratch.

H. نوچاناچی noch-ā-nāch-ī, s. f. Mu-tual pinching and scratching.

H. نوجنا noch-nā, v.a. (ਲੱਚ) To pinch, gripe, scratch, claw. To fleece, ease one of his money. āre hāth lenā.

a. نوچى nauchī, s. f. (H. nāch danging) Young girl kept by a bawd.

היים אות היים אות אות היים אות היים הוא nūḥ, n. prop. Noah. (Errone-

be so called from his lamentations on account of the obstinacy of mankind who rejected his admonitions; but, really from Heb. To rest, to be comforted or freed from pain. Gen. v. 29).

- nauha, s.m. Lamentation, moaning, moan, mourning over the dead. nauha-gar. A lamenter, mourner. nauha-gar-i, s. f. Lamentation.
- P. بن nawa or nauwad, adj.
- ह. نودوار nawa-dwir. (नवद्वार) The nine doors (of the body), i. e., the two eyes, two ears, two nostrils, mouth, private part, and anus: an epithet of the body, as having those outlets.
- مَور مَّ nār, s. m. Light, the rays of fight, splendour (الجالا)، beauty, refulgence, brightness. nār-afzā, adj. Light-increasing, illuminating. nar jānā munh kā. Paleness of the face. nur-i-chashm or nur-i-dida, s. m. Light of the eyes; a favorite son. nar ke tarke. At the break of day. nur-iainain. Light of both eyes.
- 4. أبورة nūrā, (prop. قوراً a. m. Depilatory (bāl-sofā).
- A. P. نوراني nūr-ānī, adj. Serene, bright, light, clear; of light. s. f. Brightness, serenity. Seraphic. Kyā nūrāni sūrat hai! Venerable.
- nūr-bāf, s. A weaver.
- \* P. نور بافی nūr-bāf-ī, s. f. Weaving.
  - ع. نورتن nau-ratan, (नवरत) s. f. m. Name of an ornament worn on the arm and wrist and consisting of nine different gems.
    - P. نورديدن) s. f. A ply, a fold. part. act. in compos. Folding, travelling over. [tender, recent.
    - P. نورس nau-ras, adj. Young, fresh,
    - P. نورست nau-rusta, adj. Newly grown, fresh sprung up.
    - اورسيدة. naurasida, adj. Newly come, fresh, recent.
    - P. أوروز nau ros, s. m. New year's day P. نوشت nawisht, s. Writing, doct-

being that on which the sun enters Aries. (This is called L. or general: and, the sixth of the same month is called do or particular. Both are celebrated by feasts, the liberation of prisoners, &c.). -

- P. نوروزى nauros-i, adj. Relating to new year's day.
- H. نورى nārī, s. f. Name of a bird of the parrot kind commonly called line. (Psittacus).
- م. نورى nūr-ī, adj. Of light, splendid, luminous. (In dakh. verse, too, this word seems occasionally used for رُور).
- ब. نوڙن niwarnā, (नमन) v. n. (dakh.) . To bend, bow, incline, stoop.

ع. انرزهانا به naurhānā, v. a. To bow, so

- e Lia; joi nawhna, (नमन) v. n. To bend. To incline downwards. To be obedient, to stoop. [ammonias\_
- e naunidar, (नरसार) e.m. 8al
- ع. أبوساكر nqusāgar, s. (dakh.) See معه نوسان توسادر moder با موسادر
- ع. نوسک nau-sik, s. (dakh.) هو
- P. نوش nosh, (dakh. naush) part. sct (نوشيدن) in compos. A drisker; as, bāda-nosh, A wine-drinker. s. m. 🛦 drink, a draught (especially of something sweet and pleasant). A present. A reward. An antidote, remedy. nosh-i-jān farmānā or nosh farm**ān**ā ot nosh-i-jan karna, To eat, to drink (applied to a king or nobleman). nesh *karnā*, To drink, eat, devour, swallow, sup, sip.
- a. P. نوشادر naushādar, s. m. Bee
- انوشیدن) in compre [drinking, carousing. Drinking.
- P. نوشانوش nosh-ā-nosh, st. Repeated
- P. نوشاة nau-shāh, s. m. (dakh.) A bridegroom.
- according to the Persian calendar; | ment. (Plur. nawishtejet, Writings).

- P. نوشت، خواند nawisht-kh بوه nd, خواندن To write, and نوشتی) To read) s. f. Epistolary correspondence, (likhnā purhnā) reading and writing.
- nawishtan, verbal 'n. or infin. To write, writing.
- P. نوشتني nawishtan-ī, a d j. To be written, fit to be written.
- (نوشتی nawishta, (part. pass. of نوشته ۲۰ adj. Written. s. m. A writing, letter, epistle.
- P. نوشدارو nosh-dārū, (dakh. naush-) s. m. The name of a medicine: an antidote, wine, an electuary.
- P. نوشو naushau, a d j. New, recent, fresh, young; nausho, (dakh.) .A newly married man, a bridegroom.
  - P. نوشته nau-shah, s. m. A bridegroom, ¶ nozha, adj. Fortunate, prosperous, sweet, cheerful.
- noshei, s. f. in compos. Drink-
- P. نوشهانه nau-shah-ana, a d j. young king or of a bridegroom.
- P. نېشنې nosh-in, adj. Sweet, pleasant,
- من nau\*, s. m. (See bhānt) Kind, species, sort, manner, mode. ba-har nau, At all events, at any rate, any how.
- nau'ī, adj. Specific. tuting a species.
- م. نوعيت nauliyat, s. f. Specification, special character. A specific dif-
- nok, (or, dakh. nauk) s. f. A bill, beak, nib. End, point, tip, angle. nok-jhok, s. f. Pulling and hauling. nok-chok, s. f. Talking by innuendoes. nok-dar, adj. Pointed. nok-i-zaban, or (dakh.) nauk-zabān, or nauk-zabān-ī, By heart. On the tip of the tongue.
- P. j naukar, (chākar), s. m. A servant. A domestic, retainer, an attendant. To keep a naukar-rakhnā, v. n. servant.
- A maid-servant, waiting woman.

- P. نوکری naukar-i, s. f. Service, attendance, employ. Employment, 'post, situation. naukrī k. v. a. serve. naukari. pesha, One who lives on employments.
- P. B. نوكم ناكى naukam-nāk-ī, adj. (dakh. perhaps like nauk-ā-nauk-ī) Point to point, beak to beak.
- P. نوكيلا nok-ilā, adj. Sharp-pointed, beaked.
- naugarī, s. f. An ornament for females worn on the wrist. bracelet.
- P. نول nol, s. f. Beak, bill (of a bird), the neck or spout of a decanter or [s. m. Sapling.
- H. نول nawal, adj. Beautiful, rare.
- A. نول naul, s.m. Freight, hire of boats, &c.
- ع. نولكها nau-lakhā, adj. Of or with nine lakh or nine hundred thousand.
- مر naum, s. f. Sleep, slumber.
- ع. نوماسا nau-mās-ā, s. m. Name of s feast given in the ninth month of pregnancy.
- P. نوميل naumed or naumaid, (from نا أميد) adj. Hopeless.
- P. نامیدانه naumed-āna, adv. lessly. Hopelessness.
- P. نومیدی naumed-i or naumaid-i, s. fs
- e. نون non or nun, (for نون lon) s. m. -(लवप) Salt (namak). non tel, lit. Salt and oil. The necessaries of life ¶ nūn or naun, adj. (dakh.) Nine: 800 y nau.
- ब. Lipi naunā. (नमन to bend) (पंदन) To bend down, bow, incline downwards. To submit, be obedient, stoop.
- الونا عا naukar-ānī, s. f. (dakh.) عنونا عا nonā, adj. Salt, saline: see لونا

- nonā, v. a. To tie the feet of a cow when milking. s. m. A kind of custard-apple. (Annona reticulata).
- a. نونا پانی non-ā pānī, s. m. Salt water, sea water. [Ninety.
- عن nauwe or nawe, (नवित) adj.
- mith which a cow's feet are tied when milking, a tether.
- P. نوید naved or nawid, s. m. f. Glad tidings, good news.
- nawis, part. act. (نوشتی) in compos. Writing, writer, as arzi-nawis, A petition writer.
- P. نوسنانه nawisanda, (part. act. of iemic) s. m. A writer, a clerk, accountant. A correspondent.
- P. نویسی nawīs-ī, s. f. in compos. Writing, writership.
- a king's or nobleman's son. (Plur. nawīnān). [peither, nor.
- s. p. & na, (न) adv. No, not, nay,
- P. ت nih, imper. 2nd pers. sing. or part in compos. (of نهائن) Place thou: placing, placer.
- P. & nuh or noh, adj. Nine. (नवन्)
- - away, desert. To flee, run
  - اله تها نها نها نها نها نها نها نها نها ها. (dakh). Runaway, deserter, fugitive, renegade.
  - P. انهان nihad, s. m. (خصلت)
    Original (اصل) Nature, form, habit, stature, quality, disposition, mind, heart. Family, race. bad-nihād, Wicked, cruel, ill-disposed.

- To flow, Aram. and Syr. to shine) s. m. The day, diffusion of light, making things visible.
- श्रीहार Food, with मुख Mouth) adj.
  Without eating.
- P. in a hā rī, s.f. (nahār day)
  Breakfast. A kind of bit or bridle. A snaffle. Ghore ko nahārī de do! A hot soup like mullagatawny, prepared in the cold weather; a pot au few.
- P. نهال nihāl, s. m. A young plant, shoot, sucker, sapling.
- H. ihāl, adj. Exalted, pleased, happy. Rich, rolling in wealth. Fruitful, abundant.
- P. مَحِلُ nihāl-cha, s. m. Dimin. of (عبال ) Quilt, wrapper, coverlet, &c., mattress, cushion. A baby's clost. 4. small bedding.
- A kind of quilt, small carpet, a cushion. nahālī or nhālī, (dakh.) Bed, bedding, mattress.
- P. نهان nihān, adj. Latent, hid, concealed, clandestine.
- H. ihānā, s. m. (H. nejā a rope).

  The rope with which a cow's legs are tied when milking, a tether.
- ड. प्रिंग nahānā or nhānā, (ज्ञान or अवगाहन) v. n. To bathe, to wash, have a bath.
- B. f. Concealment adv. Secretly. adj. Occult, secret. and am-i-nihani, The private parts, esp. the vulva.
- ق نهانی ه nahānī, or (dakh.) nhāsi (نهانا) s. f. Impure. Menses, nahānā kā hājat h., To be polluted with wet dreams. Wom.
- H. ihānī, s. f. A gouge, a chisel.
- انهائی nihā'ī, s. f. An anvil. The incus.

ع. نهي nihāyat, (نهي) s. f. The extreme, extremity, end, bound, limit, boundary. Excess (انتها) adj. (بہت) Very much, extreme, excess-Remarkable, adv. At the utmost. extremely, exceeding, very, at the end, at last. spoil,

nahb, s.m. Rapine, plunder,

.इ. نہتھا ni-hatthā, (नि for निर prep. and हस्त Hand) adj. Unarmed, empty handed.

nahj, s. m. A road, path, way, Prescribing, giving direcmanner. tions.

nahr, s. f. A stream, rivulet, rill, brook, a canal (of running water), river, current.

عبرني .aharnī, (नखहरणी) в. f.

▶ • (H. nauh nail, har take). An instrument for paring the nails with. T (dakh.) An awl.

منهرين . nahr-ain, s. dnal (of Two streams or canals.

مَنْ اللهُ nuhṣat or nahṣat, (نَبْضُ اللهُ s. f. Marching, departure, rising up.

P. نهفتی nihufta or nahufta, (نهفتی) adj. Concealed, hidden, private.

ع. منهانا nahlānā, (caus. of نهلانا على v. a. To cause to bathe.

ع. انهانا nhalwānā, (causal of نهانا) To cause to be bathed or washed.

P. inuh-um, adj. Ninth.

ع. نهن nahin, (नहि) No, not.

عن nhan, adj. (dakh.) Small, suz. النهن nhannā, little, junior: see

نها nannhā. يون nhan-pan, s. m. Smallness, diminutiveness, minority.

P. انهنگ nihang, (prop. nahang) s. m. الله niyabatan, adj. By way of A crocodile, alligator, or shark.

or other similar water dragon monster. (met.) A pen.

H. U, i nihūrnā or nihūrnā, (causal of or نہرنا) v.a. To bend downwards, bow down, incline, stoop.

من nahī, s. f. Prohibition, an interdict. To forbid.

P. H. نهيالي nhyālā or nahyālā, s. (dakh.) A mattress, quilt, bedding: نهالجه ععد

P. iheb (nahīb) s. m. terror. Grief, anguish, anxiety. Expedition, haste.

ब्रा نہیں nahīn, adv. (निहि) neg No. not, nay. s. f. Negation, denial. &dv. nahin to (नहित्) Otherwise, else, if not.

P. i nai, s. f. A reed (nali), a tube, a pipe, flute, fife, cane. The pipe of a hugga. nai-bast. Composed of reeds. naisar. A bed of reeds or canes. nainawäz. Playing on a reed.

P. , adv. No, not, neither, nor.

e. نے ne, A particle affixed to the nominative or name of the agent with a transitive verb in a past tense.

ਸ. نی ni, (ਜਿ) A negative prefix. Nihatta. Unarmed.

على nayā, (नव) adj. (P. nau) New, fresh, novel; recent. Strange, new. - -Nae lachchhan. Nayā k, v.n. To renew, restore. To taste for the first time. To burn (cloth). Wom. nai javānī, s. f. Budding youth. naye sir se, adj. Anew, afresh. From the beginning. Over again (as sar-i-nau).

¶ naiyā (from नो ,U A boat) s. m. A boatman, ferryman.

A. نیابت niyābat, (نوب) s. f. Deputation, vicegerency, lieutenancy, delegation, &c. . A turn, period, etc.

vicegerency. Virtually, really.

- ब. نيار nyār, (न्याद) s.m. Forage, fodder, food of cattle.
- s. النا nyārā, (निराल्य) adj. Apart, aloof, separate; distinct (alag), different, extraordinary, uncommon, rare. s. m. The scoria left after refining gold, silver, or other metals, from which a minute portion of those metals is obtainable. nyāre, adv. Apart.
- tion, prayer. Indigence, poverty. A thing dedicated, an offering. Assignment of revenue for the relief of the indigent. niyās karnā. To dedicate, devote, consecrate. niyās-mand, adj. Indigent, obedient, necessitous, suppliant. āp kā niyās-mond. Your obedient servant. niyāz-mand-i, s. f. Necessitousness, supplication. niyāsa, s. m. (ḍanḍī) urethra.
- اليازى niyās-ī, adj. Suppliant, one who petitions, one beloved, a friend, a lover.
- bard, case. A bandage for a broken limb. Ploughtail or handle.
  - عناو على الناو ال
- niyā'ish, s. f. Benediction, praise.
- اليبو من البيبو من البيبو من البيبو من البيبو من البيبو ا
  - P. نئی پنج na'e panj, See naye panj under پنج panj.
  - انوی) s. f. Intention نیت د. s. f. Intention نیت د. design, will, purpose,
  - \* desire, wish, sim. niyat karna, To will, intend, resolve, design. To make a vow.
  - اليّن neṭā, s. m. Snot, snivel (renṭ). (Beng.) Left-handed.

- s. ूरं nich, (नीच) adj. Low, i vile, mean, vulgar, nich i s (नीचोच) s.f. Inequality. The and downs of life. nich sāt, s.f. loaste. A low caste man.
- down, low, depressed. nichā inchā. and down, uneven ground, abriniche suron se bolnā, To sing wit low voice, or hum a tune. Joc autem crepitus ventris hâcce v subintelligitur).
- ع. مناجياً nichā-i, s. f. Lowness.
- P. كي nai-cha, (dimin. of نه naicha-band, A maker of huqqa-suak naicha-band-i, Trade of a naicha-ban
- s. ्रां niche, (नीच) adv. Belo beneath, under, down. niche is (नीचीपरि) Upside down. One belo or above the other. In the act; coitu. niche jānā, To descend, sibm subside, succumb. niche kā pet, T lower part of the belly, abdome niche kā dhar, The lower or neth side, the lower part of the body fruthe loins downwards. The priviti niche lānā, v. a. To bring und (Wrestling).
- انور) s.m. The sun. T moon. naiyir-i-a' sam, The gree luminary, the sun. naiyirain, du The sun and moon.
- s. نير nir, (नीर) (नि below ईर s. m. Water (pani) juice, sap.
- عبرا ه. mirā, s. m. (dakh.) Water:
- e יيرت nairit, (नैर्ऋत) s. m. தர west.
- pretence, evasion, incantation, ma sorcery. A miracle, anything mairang-sas. A magician, sorce nairang-sas. L. Magic, sorcery

- انیرنگی "nairang-i, s. f. Magic, sorce or y. Changeableness, fickleness. Trickery.
- P. نيرو nerā, s. m. Strength, power.
- على nere or nire, (see نيرى nere)
  adv. (dakh.) Near (nazdik.). Under
  the protection: see
- انيز nīz, conj. Also, likewise, again. (H. bhī).
- P. sini neza, s. m. A spear, lance, (H. barchhi), javelin, dart, pike. A piece of reed from which pens are made. neza-bāz. Playing with a spear, a spearman. nesu-bās-ī, s. f. Throwing the spear, tilting. neze-bardār. A spearman, a lancer (bhālā-bardār). neze dār. Armed with a spear.
- P. نیسان naisān, s.m. Name of the 7th Syrian month, corresponding to the Persian فروردیی and Hind.
  - baisākh (April-May). abr-i-naisān, or abr-i-naisān. The vernal cloud or rain. The rain which falls while the moon is in the mansion swāli; and of which, if it drops into a shell, pearls are formed; but which turns to poison, if it happens to fall into the mouth of a serpent. See swāli.
- existence lit. non est.) Nought, null, void (nā-būd), nonexistence. nest karnā. To abolish, annihilate, nest nā-būd karnā. To demolish, annihilate, destroy, ruin. nest nā-būd honā. To perish, to be annihilated, ruined, destroyed, &c.
- P. imi nai-islan or nai-slan, s. m. A sugar plantation, field of sugar-cane. A place where canes or reeds grow.
- nest I, s. f. Nonexistence, nullity, annihilation. Poverty.
- mous an imal). A puncture, small incision. A lancet. nesh-san, Stinger; (met.) an incendiary, one who inflames disputes, a telltale. nesh-san-i, s. f.

- Striking with a sting; exciting of quarrels, &c. Backbiting, maligning.
- P. نیشتر neshtar, s. m. A lancet.
- P. نیشکر nai-shakar, s. f. Sugar-cane.
- P. Lininefa, (prop. Lini) s. m. A breeches belt, the part of the drawers through which the string runs to tie them round the loins with, a seam.
- P. taii nefa, s. m. (dakh.) See laii nefā.
- H. inek or naik or neku, Cont. of tanak. A little, little, (thora).
- P. نيک n s k, adj. Good, virtuous, lucky. (subst.) Any thing good. nek, akhtar, Fortunate. nek-i tiqād-ī, s. f. Goodness of trust or reliance, good faith. nek unjam, A happy ending. nek-andesh, Meaning well, well-disposed. nek-andesh-i, s. f. Good intention. nek-baz, Just, virtuous, of good actions. nek-bakht, Fortunate (commonly meaning, of good dispositions). I)utiful, obedient. s. f. The wife so-called. • nek-bakht-i, s. f. Virtue, good fortune. nek tadbir, (1 cod in counsel or management. nek-chalan or ravui, ā, s. m Good conduct. \_ nek-k/ iṣāl or -khaṣ/ut cr -khulq or -kho, Of good disp sitions or habits, good-natured. nek-sat or tinut, Of good disposition, nek sirut, Well-disposed, well-conducted. n.k-linut-i, n. f. Goodness of disposition. nek-kirdar, Of good habits or dispositions. nekmard, a good mun. nek nän, Good . name, celebrity; of good character or repute, renowned. n.k-nam-i, Good character, renown, pruise. Good name or reputation. nek-nihad, Of good dispositions. nek-niyat, Well-meaning. nek-niyat-i, s. f. Goodness of intentionnek o bud, H. burā bhalā. Good and evil.
- neko, (in Hind. nīko) adj. Good, beautiful, elegant; well. nīko-khid. mat-ī, Goodness of service. neko-kār, Of good actions, a beneficent person, benefactor. neko-kār-ī, s. f. Beneficence, doing good.
- P. نیکی nek-i, s. f. (Opp. of badi)

  Goodness, (bhalāi), good, piety, virtue,

  probity, beauty.
- P. s. انيلن بيز, (नील) s. m. Indigo, the indigo plant, blue, blue marks or

wales. In dakh, also adj. Blue, livid, black and blue, nil bigarna or nil ka māth bigarnā (lit.) A vat of indigo being spoiled, is used (met.) To tell great lies. To suffer a great loss. To turn mad, etc. To set up a cry (as a child) (syas). To express the persecutions of fortune. On hearing something very wonderful and incredible, (The phrase is said to originate from a notion entertained by dyers that when their dye, through any accident, has been spoiled, it may be restored by telling some miraculous story). nil dhaind, v. n. To become glazed (the eyes in death). To be shameless, nilgaw, s. f An animal (known by the name of /il yai' and rojh), the whitefooted antelope of Pennant and Antilope picts of Pallas. A deer partially resembling cow, mil-ker or mil-ger, Indigo-maker, a dyer (rung-rez), mil-gandan, adj (dakh.) Black and blue. mil-yan, ndj. Cerulean, azure, dark blue in colour.

- ing. ¶ nail, a. m. Obtaining, sequiring. ¶ nil, n. prop. The river Nile.
- dark blue. nīlā pītā (lit. blue and yellow). Black and blue. nīlā totā. Blue vitriol, blue etone, aulphate of copper nīlā k. v. a. To dye blue. To beat one black and blue.

Anction, a public sale. ni/am men rukhna, v. n. To rend to an auction.

- ا بيل بڑى का-bari, (भीलवटी) a. f.
   A lump of indigo.
- name of a bird. (Coracias bengalensis). A name of Mahadera. (He is called by this name because his throat was stained blue by swallowing the poison produced by over-churning the ocean, with the mountain Mandara, by the Surs and Asurs, to procure the america). A pencock. Name of a plant. (Hyper-anthera moranga).
  - कार am, (नीलमणि) a.m. A gem of a blue colour, a sapphire.
  - nilafer, water-lily, nemapher. (Nyme phone lottes).

nim, (लेम Part) adj. the middle. chicken). Impotent, sim-ba (corrupt: for نيم برشته 🛦 po egg (half-boiled or half-fried, nim-puist or nim-puista, Half-co half-ripe, parboiled nim-tor, Mid nim-jan, Half-dead (with fear, nim josh, Codled. nim-josh karn codle nim-halim (dakh) A sh pretender, quack doctor, em nim-khwab, Dozing, doze nim-bis. f. Drowsiness, dozing, sim-bi Half-eaten, the remains of vice mim-resi, Half-satisfied or comen nim-sos, adj. Half-roasted (u nim-shab, Midnight. nim-shab; Of or relating to midnight, simor nim-kushta, Balf-killed, nim-1 Half-uttered nim-murds, Half-

- the leaves of which are chew funeral ceremonies. nim to blur poultice made of nim leaves. (! azadirachta), Margosa or bitter to
- है प्रकृष nimb, (तांm) (निम्ब) । Name of a tree (Melia azadired Margosa or bitter tree.
- عن سنمبر بن nimbū, m. (dakh.) La lima: nea ليمر limū.
- e. نیمبولی nimboli, s. (dakh.) A lace of gold and glass beads, we married women.
- P. Agail nim-cha, s. m. A scimitar or sword or bow, a cu dagger, hanger.
- imaginary being having half a one arm, &c. It is male and fer the male having the right hand female the left: when united, resemble a human being; when a ate, they are supposed to move amazing velocity on one foot, an considered as very dangerous oruel
- nimë, s. Lemon : eee يا موج
- P. Asi nime, s. m. A garment I jame, but not so full at the bree

with less cloth in the skirt. nimaastin. Half-sleeved, a particular kind of jacket. (It reaches to below the knee, is singlebreasted, and fastened above by one button in the centre of the chest: it has short sleeves. nima-sham. Evening.

ह. نين naine or nayan, (नेपन) s. m. The eye (ānkh). nain-sukh, s. m. Name of a flower. Indian muslim.

nīmbū, s. (dakh.) Not: See نينبو الله المانينبو المانهين المانهين

e. نينې nainch, adv. (dakh.) see

nind ana, v. n. To feel sleepy. nind haram k., v. a. To disturb one's sleep. nind uchāt honā. To be unable to sleep, or to have one's sleep broken. nind bhar sonā. To sleep sound, to be at ease.

H. نيو new or niw, s. f. (بنيان) The foundation (of a house, &c.), bases. new dalna. To found, lay the foundation of.

ह. نيوا nīwā, (निविति) s. m. Stillness.

ع. انيونا newānā, (caus. of نيونا) v. a.
To bend.

عبوتاً nyotā (or dakh. ne'autā. see iيوتاً) s. m. An invitation (or the presents sent with an invitation to the person invited, or made by a guest).

P. نيوش niyūsh, part. in compos. (of نيوشيد) Hearing, hearer, listener.

P. اليوشند niyūsh-anda, part. a c t. Hearer, listener.

newah کلیول ع

(नकुल

عبولا ع ne'olā or newalā,

s. m. A weasel, a ferret, a mongoose, ichneumon (Viverra mungo, and apparently, also, Viverra ichneumon).

H. نيولي newali, s. f. A purse.

J

yodw or wo'o, the twenty-sixth letter of the Arabic and thirtieth of the Persian alphabet, corresponds to  $\overline{4}$  in Sanskrit. When used to denote a number, according to the Arabs, it stands for six. In ephemerides it represents Friday and the sign Libra.

This letter is sometimes a consonant; when it is one of the labial letters, having the sound of the English wor It is also one of the Le huruf-i-illat, or weak letters; when it may serve with the vowel samm or fat'ha, conveyed by the preceding consonant, to denote the different sounds of o,  $\vec{u}$ , and au. the, is homogenous with samm, if the former is quiescent and immediately following the latter, the sound of samm is only prolonged by it; and the result is a simple long vewel. This vowel may have the power of either o or s: when it has that of the first, the j is termed maj'hāl (unknown, concealed); either, because it does not occur in the Arabic language, or because the sound of samm is here. obscured by an admixture of that of واو فارسى fat ha: it is, also, called and وأو عجمي And when it has the power of u, it is termed marrif (known); from its occurring in Arabic and exhibiting the full sound of samm. When the quiescent , follows a letter having the vowel fat'ha, the diphthong . au is formed, and the, is then called After .a . واو ساكن ما قبل مفتوس

kasr it never occurs.

inserted, which is not sounded, but yet gives to the preceding short vowel a mixture of samm. From its being passed over in pronunciation, this is called واو معدوله vaw-i-maadula: and, from its bestowing a savour, as it were, of samm, it has the name of vav-i-ishmam-i-sam-س زرد ا precedes either و ma. This ش من or دواب که ن ش فراب که ی ش کواب که دن ش khward, Little; خرزم khwasm, Vas pour; - Mevast. An island; اخون kh wash, Glad; اخون ā kh wan. A schoolmaster; ala, à khwahla. Crooked; خويله khwela. A That the in these instance has the vowel fat'ha, appears from these verses of Sa<sup>2</sup>di.

> چار طبع منحالف و سرکش پنج روزی بوند باهم خوش

Char tab-i-mukhālif o sarkash; panj rose buwand baham khwash.

المناه ا

ز جوی شهریاری آب خورده زسر و جویباری آب برده

Zi jūli-shahryārī ab khurda, si sarw-ijogbārī ab burda. In a few instances the خ has the vowel kasr, as شرخویشتی khuesh, and خویش khueshtan.

It is changed. (1.) Into | as Ji gāla for ول qawata. He spoke. (2.) Into as اولم utiuj for اللم weluj, Enter thou. (3.) Into as if or I the mouth. (4.) Into منعاني عد ن عماني عماني for sanāwi. An inhabitant of Sana. (5.) Into ۶ (hamsa); عج قائل, على والكلية على الله sor الم qawil. Speaking. (6.) Into عاول for ايقال Iqad, for اوقال ivqad. Light ing a fire. (7.) Into بشتن عد ب nabishtan, for بوشقن nawishtan, To write. (8.) Into ف as مانه yefe, for ي yāwa, Nonsense. (9.) Into عام pā th, for يام wam, Debt, colour, &c. In Arabic it may be used to denote aq oath; as ill wa-l-lahi, Py God ware guitan, وراكفتم as أو traction of for اورا كفتم orā gustam, I told him. (2.) Annexed to nouns, to form diminu-

In Persian, it may serve, (1.) as a contraction of as المنافعة ال

though it is also thus used in the middle of words; as تنومنك tenemand for تنمند Large, corpulent.

frequently prefixed to

In Arabic and Persian, it may be a conjunction in the sense of t. And

2. With (implying society, connexion, partnership); as, استوا الما ولخشنة The water is equal with the wood.
3. Instantaneity or synchronism; as, رفت آن شوخ وخراب است زهجرال المناه من المناه المناه

ان تو برگیرم و دل با دکری یارکنم از تو برگیرم و دل با دکری یارکنم ای بغرمان تو صد دل من و اینکارکنم ای بغرمان تو صد دل من و اینکارکنم As to bar-giram o dil bā digare yār kunam? ai ba-farmān-i-to sad dil! man o īnkār kunam? Shall I take my heart from thee and bestow it on another? Oh thou at whose disposal are a hundred hearts! am I capable of such an act?

In Hindi, affixed to words, the wāw-i-ma²rūf may, like the yā-e-ma²rūf, denote identity, peculiarity, &c. as jumso-ū, Exactly he; jumso-ū, The very two, both. In the Dakhani dialect the (wa or o) is sometimes written alone for joor jumo, That, he, she, it, they, those. And in words borrowed or derived from the Sanskrit the letter is frequently changed to in words borrowed.

- s., wi, Id prep. Denoting disunion, separation, division, distinction; away, apart, distinct: the reverse of
- P. الله wā, adj. Open. adv. Again, back.

  prep. With; as, اله أو اله أو

- وابستكان wā-bast, s. See وابستكان vā-basta-gān.
- P. وا بستكان wā-basta-gān, s. m. plur. Connexions, relations, adherents.
- P. wā-basta, adj. Bonnd, related, connected, depending on; (subst) An adherent, dependant.
- P. وليس wā-pas, adv. Behind, afterward, then, again, back, returning. wāpas-denā, or -karnā, To return, to give back. To refund, reimburse (pherna). wāpas rakhnā, To detain, to retard. [hindmost.
- P. وايسين wāpas-īn, adj. Latter, last,
- م سقيزام, (H. pakka) (part. act. of made strong) adj. Strong, firm, robust. Firm, secure, confiding, depending upon. Binding, obligatory.
- and ihik) جايز) wājib, (عبب and ihik) (part. act. of exp was right) adj. Necessary, due, binding, incumbent, obligatory, expedient, proper, worthy, convenient, fit, meet, just, reasonable. wājibu-l-adā, Necessary to be discharged (duties, &c.). wājibu-t-tu"sīr, Punishable. wājibu-t-tazīm, Worthy of respect and attention, venerable. wājibu-r-ri'āyat, Deserving to honoured or obeyed, to be attended to. wājibu-z-ziyārat, Necessary to visited. wājibu-l-ars, Fit to be represented. s. f. A written representation or petition. wājibu-l-qatl, I)eserving death. wājibu-l-wujād, Whose existence is necessary; God. wājib h., v.n. To be necessary, to become a duty. . Plur. wājibāt, Things necessary or expedient, what things are fit to be done, requirements, exigencies.
- expedient, allowable; that which is necessary or expedient. Wages, stipend (tan-khwāh). wājibī, adj. Just, reasonable.
- ع. اچلا مقد مان wāchlā, adj. (dakh.) Absurd,
  nonsensical: see
- ing, applauding; bravo! well done! aha!

- م وحد wāḥid, (part. act. of رحد ) One, sole, individual, single, singular. God. (Gram.) Singular wāhidu-l-ain. One-eyed wāhid shāhid, (1.) God is my witness. (2.) (met.) Giving, bestowing.
- wāḥid-iyat, B. f. Unity name of a Muhammadan sect.
- ه. عالى عالى الم wādē, والى عالى s. f. A valley, vale, any low ground: the channel of a river: a desert.
- H., l, war, s. m. A blow, wound, gash,
- s. , ), war, (वार) s. m. A day. A multitude, heap. s. f. Leisure. Delay, waiting, patience. Time, turn. (अवार) s. m. The near bank of a river; on this side. war khali jana, v. n. To miss, fall short, fail. war k., v. a. To charge, assault. To make delay. ¶ वारि wāri, s. m. Water.
- P. , wār, (in compos. means) Like, resembling; fit, suitable. Having, possessing, endowed with; as, Shāhwār. Worthy of a king. ummaid-wār. Hopeful.
- H. 1, 1, wārā, s. m. Cheapness, saving, thrift; benefit, gain, lucre. (from .wārā-pheri وارا بهيرى A victim (وارنا The circumambulation of a thing sacrificed.
- عربار عه wār-pār, (अवारपार) adv. On this side and that, on both sides (er par); through and through, across. s. m. Bounds. war par h., v. n. To go across. To be settled (a difference).
- مرث wārig, (part. act. of وارث inherited) s. m. An heir, legatee, master, lord, owner, husband. waris honā. To inherit. (pl. رُرتَّهُ).
- A. P. wārig-ī, s. f. Heritage.
- درو سقت wārid, part. act. (of اورك على الم Coming, arriving, approaching. adj. Being present. Plur. wāridāt, s.f. 2. wārkī, s. (dakh.) A cus Events, accidents, incident, occurrence, circumstance. wārido-ṣādir, or warid sadir. A guest, a traveller. P. j's waz, adj. or adv.

- Comer and goer. warid ho arrive, to come. To descend, al To befalf nau-wārid, s. m. [ance, fi
- P. وارستكى vārasta-jī, s. f.
- P. أرسته wā-rasta, part. pass. (إ Delivered, saved. (Pers. plur. tagān).
- P. من و vā-rafta, (part. p على adj. Wandered, lost plur. waraftagan).
- H. U, l, wārnā, v. a. To surrot encircle, to go round. To whe thing over one's head by way of fice. To offer (in sacrifice, &c. pheri honā. To go round any bo a sign of being an offering or sa for his welfare), devote one's any one. (A practice chiefly men).
- wāri, intj. Mah. Wom life for you (sadqe)! wari jani To devote or sacrifice oneself another. main wārī, saijāi! for you, my husband!
- s. ال wār, वाट (An en ed pie ground, धः وازی wāṇi, वाटी den, &c termination in compos. denoting
  - dwelling-house sati-wār. The place w بهولوازی : sati is burned ستی wāri. A flower-garden.

enclosure,

- इ. १६), wārā, (वाट) s. m. (dak) ward or quarter where people same trade or caste dwell toget telī-wārā, chamār-wārā. in comp
- ع. واركى wār-kin, 8. (from वार ع. واركى wāŗ-kī, s. f.
  - explained by استمرار:
- (at a shop).

- P. وازون wūs-ūn,

  p. wāzh-ūn,

  p. wāzh-ūn,

  posterous,

  contrary.
  - s. The middle; a mediator; name of a city between Kifa and Bajra.
  - A. ما سطه wāsta, (prop. wāsita, from
- ارسط) s. m. Account, sake, cause (العدن)، reason. Business, concern. An agent, a broker, middleman. wāsṭadār, A relation by blood or marriage. An interested party. ba-wāsṭa, adv. By means of, through (ba-sabab), in virtue of. Intermediately, indirectly. ¶ wāsṭṭa, The thing intermediate; means, medium, an instrument, relationship (ta²lluq), motive, cause.
- intermediate) On account, for the sake of, in behalf of, for. In order to (live). Khudā ke waste for God's sake. Twāstī (for wāsit-ī) A reed, pen.
- م. وسع wāsi², (part. act. of وسع adj.
- e wā-sokht, s. f. m. An impassioned style in poetry. The burning words of unrequited love.
- P. سوخته wā-sokhta, adj. Inflamed, impassioned.
- R. jour ly wā-soz, s. m. Burning, ardour.
- P. عن الشد wā-shwl, s. f. Opening, expansion, dispersion, or vanishing (of sorrow, &c.), deliverance.
- وا شد عه. الله wā-shudan, s. See وا شدن
- P. علاء به vā-shuda, (part. pass. of واشدن) adj. Opened, &c.
- poined) a dj. Joined, connected, attached, coupled, arrived; one who meets or who enjoys the society of the beloved. Plur. wāṣilāt, Account of collected money, the total collected or accruing. wāṣil-bāqī, Collections or receipts and balances. An account of payments. wāṣil-bāqī karnā, To state an account. To balance an account.

- Evident, apparent, manifest, clear, obvious. waseh ho ke, Be it known that, seeing that, whereas. wase hai, it is evident.
- A. واضع wāṣi\*, part. act. (of وضع)

  Placing, establishing. s. m. An inventor, founder, establisher.
- A. hely wā'ig, (part. act. of he) s. m. A monitor, preacher, admonisher, adviser.
- A. وأنو wājir, (part. act. of وفر) adj.
  Abundant, plentiful, copious, much.
- A. وفى wāfī, (part. act. cf وفى) adj. Sincere, honourable, faithful to promises or engagements. Entire, complete. Plentiful, numerous. Adequate, enough. kāfī aur wāfī.
- وافی wāfiya, adj. fem. of وافیه
- م. m. Name of a bird, said to be قسم كلنگ كبودى A kind of crane of a blue colour.
- Befalling, happening, event, arriving, appearing; situate. A casualty, death (هنات) Wāqi h. To arise, begin, happen, ensue. Aj unkā wāqi, a huā. He died to-day. To be situated, located. wāqi men, In fact, really; de facto.
- م واتعى الله wāqi'i, adv. Really, truly, verily, in fact, certainly, actually, adj. True, real, actual (حقيقى).
- standing, stopping) adj. Acquainted, aware of, privy to (a) experienced, conversant, intelligent, knowing, learned. wāqif-i-hāl, or-kār, Experienced, intelligent, expert, a connoisseur, wāqif-kār-ī, Experience, intelligence. expertness, knowledge.

- م واقفیت wāqif-īyat, s. f. Experience, knowledge, acquaintance.
- واق .wak, for ه واک
- H. Jo wāl, Jm. (新代 Old н. hār,
- H. No wālā, hārā) Denotes (in compos.) agent, doer, keeper, man, inhabitant, master, lord, possessor, seller, owner; as, ralh-wāl, or -wālā, A keeper, guard; nāw-wālā. Boat-, man; dillī-wāl, or -wālā, Inhabitant of Dillī; ghar-wālā. Master or keeper of a house; likhne-wālā. Writer; hone-wālā Becoming, about to be.
- ال به wāl, adj. (dakh. perhaps, for P. wālā) Superior, excelling, overtopping: see
- sublime, high. المجافي wālā-jāh, Of exalted dignity. Hazūr-i-wālā, Your Highness. wālā-shān, High in rank or dignity. wālā-qadr, Of high dignity, worth or excellence.
- A. Yi, wa-illā, And if not (H. nahīn to); but, yet, still, however.
- ولد wālid, (part. ast. of ولد offspring) s. m. A father.
- s. f. A mother. [Parents.
- ه. والد vālidain. (dual of والدين . ه. m.
  - my witness! walla ha alam, walla alm big-savab; H. Ramjaue, God knows.
- v. W, wālnā, s. (dakh.) Kind of sewing).
  - a. ما في wālih, (ما) adj. Distracted, mad with love, stupified, astonished.
  - M. والى wālī, (fem. of ال) parda-wālī.

    A female kept behind a curtain or under a veil.
  - near) s. m. A guardian, owner, proprietor. A prince, a chief, governor, superior, sovereign, master, raler. wāli wāris, Guardians. Parents, patrons.

- ing, loan, borrowing. (for فام Colour. wām-dār, Debtor or creditor.
- P. واماندگی wā-mānda-gī, s. f. The remaining behind (especially, through weariness).
- A lover. n. prop. Name of a most fumous lover of عذراً azrā.
- s. الله wan, (वान or वत्) (particle in compos.) Possessing, endowed with, &c.; as, (धनपान्) dhan-wan, Possessing wealth, rich.
- P. وأي wān, affix in compos. See P.
- wān, adv. There, that place.
- r. A. وا ويلا wā wailā, s. m. Lamentation, bewailing; interj. Alas! ah!
- ation, and, occasionally, of grief or fear) Bravo! well done! excellent! alas! fy! wāh-wā, or -wāh, Bravo! bravo! well done! how excellent! how strange! admirable! Ha! what a joke! you don't say so! wāh wāh k, v. n. To applaud, clap hands.
- H. 8), wā-hi, (in Braj. ATE) pron. object. case, sing. Him, her, it, that, to him, to her, to it, to that.
- wāhibu-l-atāyā or wāhibu-l-atāyāt. The giver of all gifts, i. e. God. wāhibi-be-minnat, Disinterestedly liberal (the Deity).
- A. وهم wāhim, part. act. (of وهم)
  Thinking, imagining, being of opinion.
- م. هما wāhima, (part. act. (fem. of معلم) s. m. Imagination, fancy.
- being broken) adj. Weak, crasy, illfounded (premises, &c.); nonsense. A vagabond. A loose character, a rake Plux. wahiyat, Absurdities, fiddlefad-

dle. wāhī tabāhī or wāhī wāhī, Absurd, absurdity, nonsense. Roving, wandering, loose. Meaningless (be-manī).

- A. وگر wa'e, (وی) interj. Alas! fy! fie for shame, we to !
- يا و كولا wa'e-gola, s. m. See باو كولا على الله على الل
- pestilential disorder, epidemic, pestilence.
- was heavy) (see balā) s. m. f. An unhealthy climate or atmosphere. A crime, fault, punishment for a crime. Divine vengeance. Pest, plague, vexation, misfortune, ruin, curse. adj. Painful, vexatious. Burdensome (ajīran).
- H. 15, watā or wattā, adj. (dakh.) That much, so many.
- pin. watidu-l-area I'he antipodes.
  - watar, (H. Pari lakir, कार्ण)
    (Geom.) The hypotenuse. watar qaus.

    H. Kamān ki dori, उया चापकार्ण
    (Geom.) The chord of an arc. [utnā.
  - H. iii watnā, adj. That much. See iil
- prosecuting or rather from Heb. To stretch, to extend) s. m. Dhab and chāl. A path, way. Manner, habit, custom. nek watīra. A good disposition.
- TEL. Ü, waitā, s. (dakh.) Defect, loss, fault.
- e. وتُوت waṭwaṭ, (from वात Wind) s. (dakh.) Talking nonsense, babble.
- e. وتُوتَان watwatānā, v. (dakh.) To babble, talk nonsense, to clatter, gabble, jabber.
- A. وثق wiṣāq, (inf. III. of وثق) s. Entering into a confederacy, stipulating, pledging one's faith. A rope for tying animals. A ligature, chain. A pact, compact.

- wagq, s. m. Confidence, trusting in.
- ness, steadfastness, confiding in, trusting to.
- م وثيق wagiq, (وثق made sure) adj. Firm, steady, strong. Constant.
- a a si q a t, s. f. Firmness, solidity, confidence, faith. Treaty, promise. A letter, writing. A bond, obligation, written agreement. A document, deed (d a s t ā w e z). Stock. Government Pro. note. Pers. plur. wasīqa-jāt.
- مَيقت waṣīqa, s. m. See وثيقه
- P. waj, s. f. Galangal.
- ect, respectability, appearance, aspect, position.
- P. wajab, s. m. A span, nine inches.
- A. عن مع في d, s. m. Eostasy, rapture, excessive love, transport. Religious or poetic frenzy, (عال) · wajd men ānā, wajd k., v. n. To get a religious fit, to dance as a dancing dervise (hāl ānā). (or wijd or wujd) Opulence. Discovering, procuring, finding. Recovering (anything lost or searched for).
- A. وجدان wajdān (prop. wijdān) s. m. Rapture, ecstasy.
- H. وجرّى wajṛī, s. f. (dakh.) The intestines, entrails, bowels. wajṛī boṭī. The trip, the paunch.
- affliction. Complaint, mourning, waja-i-mafūsil, Rheumatism.
- A. expediency, obligation.
- A. Josephoniad, (Josephonia) s. m.
  Invention. Existence, entity, life. essence, being, substance, body, material frame. Penis. wujūd pāhā or pakarnā, v. n. To come into existence, come to be. To be embodied, incarnated. wujūd adam wujūd, Existence or non-existence, enujūd men

lūnā, To give being, to create. bāwujūd or bā-wujūde ki. With the existence, notwithstanding, in spite of.

- وجه wujūhāt, s. plur. of وجوهات
- A. & wajh, s. f. Cause, reason, ground. Mode, manner, way (dhang), means, (نريعة) Face, visage, appearance, semblance. Plea (dalīl). (in Pers. and Hind.) Wages, salary, money. wajh-i-tasmiya, The cause of giving any particular name, the etymology of words. wajh-i-hāl, Mode of living, state of circumstances. wajh subut, Proof, evidence. wajh se, is wajh se. By reason of, in consequence of. bu-wajh, adv. In a way, in such a way that. By means of, on account of be-wajh, adv. Without reason (be-sabab), kai wajh se. In many respects.
- م. وجيز waji\*, m. adj. Epitomized, short.
- adj. Of a good countenance or appearance, handsome, respectable. Dignified (man).
- one) s. f. Unity; singularity, the belief in the unity of the Deity.
- ness, the being one. A solitude.
  - A. سمبه waḥsh, s. m. A wild beast.
- dread, madness, horror, loneliness, solitariness. A desert, a solitude, a dreary place. Wildness, barbarity, barbarism. savageness, ferocity. wahshat-asar, Impressing with horror, frightful. wahshat-anges, Frightful, horrible, shocking. wahshat-zada, Aghast, awe-struck, terrified, struck with loneliness. wahshat-nāk, Frightful, horrible.
- Uncultivated, not-civilized. Wild, barbarous, savage, ferocious; s. Awild man or beast, a brute, a savage. wahshipana, s. m. Wildness, ferocity, savagen(88.

- wahal, s. m. Slime, ooze, bi tough clay a marsh, mud, mire.
- سُر wuḥāsh, s. plur. (of Wild beasts., Savages.
- nspiration. utarnā, cr nāzil v. n. To be revenled.
- unique, singular. waḥādu-l-aṣr, '
  nonpareil of the age.
- A. Do wadd, s. m. Love, friendship.
- A. J.J. wadād, s. m. Love, friends
- s. m. (H. bidā). Farewell, ad bidding farewell. widā karnā, To farewell or adieu, to dismiss.
- A. P. وداعى wida'i\*, adj. Bidding fi well (a person).
- (An epither of the Deity).
- в. نیا widyā, (विद्या) в. f. Science: این bidyā.
- s. f. Deposit, trust. \*\* radi'at-i-ha Death, depositing one's life.
- (Added to nouns, implies) Possess enjoying, having; as, jūn-war, animal, a beast, a bird. name Famous. For P. p. bar.
- edj. Surpassing, exceeding war on rahnā, To surpass, excel., overce To gain, win. To gain the upper to prevail. See
- warā, adv. Behind, bej besides.
- wirāgat, (رأنت inher s. i. Heritage, heirship. Inherit patrimony. wirga-dār, s. A jou co-heir. wirge men ānā, v. n. Tr cend, proceed from an ancestor.

4. أندًا , wirāṣatan (-a), adv. By the way of inheritance.

ورا

- v. ورياش warpāsh, s. (dakh.) The rubbing together the fingers of both hands.
- نرپنا، varapnā, v. (dakh.) See ورپنا nirapnā.
- v. ورتك wartak, s. (dakh.) A porter,
- wartī, s. f. (dakh.) Something (foil) used to set off the splendour of jewels.
- warat, Hard, harsh: see morat.
- A. ورث wirg, s. The being an heir, receiving by inheritance.
- الله عن warga, s. m. Heritage; a bequest. ¶ waraṣa, s. plur. (of وأرث Heirs.
- مر المراقع عن war-kharch, adj. Profuse,. prodigal, extravagant.
- Spending profusely, extravagance, prodigality.
- P. ورخورك war-khurd, s f. Meeting with: see also bar-khurd.
- ward, s. m. A rose, a flower. The leaf of a flower, a petal. ¶ wird, s. m. Access, approach. A self-imposed daily service. Daily use, habitual, practice, habit, task; a portion of the Qur'an fixed for reading at a certain time. Continual motion or employment. A halting place, stage. wird karna, To repeat. To make a practice or habit of. wird saban h., v. n. To have by heart. wird wasifa parhna, v. n. To perform one's daily task of devotion, etc.
- B. ورادى wardi, s.f. (dakh.) Word, order. Uniform.
- v. H. Lib, , war rahnā, v. n. To be victorious, to have the advantage, to gain, to win.
- P. ورزيدن) s. f. Abstinence, sobriety. Custom, habit. Gain. ورئ الما المام warā s. Men, mortals: disease

- Labour, exertion, athletic exercise (کسرت) warzish-khāna. House or hall for exercise. warzish k.,  $\forall$ . a. To go through athletic exercises.
- rinth, maze, whirlpool, embarrassment, any situation of danger and difficulty. A precipice.
- A. E. wara, s. m. f. Scrupulousness Timidity, apprehensiveness of doing wrong, fear of God, temperance, chastity, continence.
- P. H. ورغلانیدی) warghalānnā, (ورغلانیا) To deceive, inveigle, decoy, seduce, tempt, actuate, provoke, exasperate. To entice (bahkānā).
- waraq, s. m. A leaf (of a book, . or tree, or of gold, silver, &c.). A card, a slice. waraq utārnā. To page and line (a book). waraq tarūshnā. To cut cards. waraqu-l-<u>kh</u>ayāl, s. m. Namo of an intoxicating drug (Cannabis sativa). waraq dagh-i, Written paper. waraq dagh-i karna. To page (a book).
- A. P. ورقى waraq-ī, adj. Leaf-like, foliated, flaky.
- s. y, warla, (अवार The near bank of a river) adv. On this side of a river,
- A. ورم waram, (H. sūjan) B. m. A swelling, inflammation, tumor. adj. Inflated. Enraged. waram karnā. To swell (any part of the body). waram honā. To be inflated, to be enraged.
- P. واگرنه warna, (for واگرنه) And if not, otherwise, although, or else (nahīn to).
- A. وروك wurād, (ورك a. m. Arrival, coming, appearing, approaching, des-[ان] wadarnā. cending, alighting.
- ي. نارورانا voarwarānā, v. (dakh.) See
- ع. ورلا ware, (अवार see اورلا) adv. On this side, or the near side. ware girna. To fall short.
- wari, s. f. A quit-rent. (dakh.) [of the lungs. Rent, revenue.

- dignity of wazīr. The office of prime minister or grand vizīr; ministry.
- weigher, a great composer of verses.
- A. j, wisr, s.m. A orime, sin, fault.
  Arms. A burden, a load.
- مرير wusarë, s. plur. of وزير
- weighing, measure. A measure of weight. Influence. Credit. (Pros.) Metre, rhyme, verse. Reputation, esteem, honour. The symmetrical resemblance of words of the same quantity, as chor and josh. wasn rakhnā, v. n. To be weighty. To carry weight. Examination.
- wazn-ī, adj. (bhārī). Heavy, important, weighty. [Blown.
- P. اوزیدی wazida, part. pass. (وزیدی)
- A minister of state; the queen (at chess), the knave (at cards). wasir-i-a sam, wasir-ul-mulk, wasiru-l-mamālik or wazīru-l-wuzarā. (The grand was r, prime minister.
- a. P. وزيرى wasir-i, s. f. The office of a minister of state, ministry.
- e as, . f. (dakh.) Children, offspring, family.
  - g. John wasārā, (John from lew) from os, Dew, and ar, Askreen) s. m. (dakh.) A canopy, shed, &c.
  - A. وسطى wasāṭat, (وسط) s. f. Means, mediation, medium.
  - Mediation, channel, medium, means.
  - A. wasat, s. m. f. The middle, the centre. Centrical. adj. Middling (sort, &c.) Central. Suitable, just, proper, excellent, great, magnificent.
  - wasat-i, adj. Middling. middle, average, neither long nor shert. (pronunciation). wasati mad.

- rasa, A middle school. wesati mālik. The Central Provinces. w. s. f. Medium, means. bilā u without intervention, directly, mediately.
- s. f. Latitude, amplitude, spacion space, area, extent. Leisure, c nience, opportunity, ease. Dimen capacity.
- leaves of woad or indigo (with a tract from which the natives their beards, cloths, &c.). A ma
- The temptations of the devil, distion of mind. Insanity, melance Doubt, suspense, hesitation, appression, suspicion, dread, perplexity perstition, scrupulousness, fluctua (of mind). Mistrust.
- ausing suspense, fastidious, nice.
- evil suggestion. Tempts
- مريع , (وسع power, abi adj. Extensive, wide, large, spac roomy.
- nity, propinquity. Cause, conjunc opportunity, occasion. Support, Means (of effecting any thing), propression or excuse (for doing something), a ation, intervention, interposition terest, patronage. wasila-dār. client, dependant. wasila-dār. client, dependant. wasila-dār. Claship, dependance. wasila se, ba-waba-wasila, By means of, through be-wasila, be-madad, adj. Wilmeans or resources. [ance, beau
- A. وسليم wasim, adj. Of a fine con
- P. ش wash, (in compos. an Like, resembling.
- a. Jus, wiṣāl, (ເວລາ) s. m. Met union (of lovers), interview, conne (ຮຸກິເົາຣ໌) Death. Society, confede Fruition, enjoyment.
- مايت منايق wiṣāyat, s. f. Will, ا

- narrative, encomium, description, description of qualities, merit, virtue worth, quality, attribute, epithet. Property. wasf karnā, To describe wasf rakhnā, v. n. To possess any good quality. bā-wasf, Notwithstanding, withal.
- wasl, s. m. Meeting, union (wisāl), conjunction, mingling, connexion. Enjoyment of the society of friends. Carnal or sexual intercourse. wasl karnā, To unite, paste, conjoin, annex, attach, cement. Les s. m. An under-garment.
  - joining, meeting, connexion. ¶ waşlat, See Joy waşl. [remnant.
  - A. P. alo, wast-cha, s. Ashred,
- paper, &c. pasted together or a paste-board for the purpose of practising writing on. adj. Copulative, conjunctive.
- waṣmat, (وصم) s.f.
  Reproach, disgrace, crime, sin, fault,
  torpor, languor.
- A. Joseph wuskl, (Joseph joined) s.m. Arrival, conjunction, acquisition or enjoyment (of any thing desired), receipt, getting, levying, collection. Realization (of revenue, etc.), recovery, collections (āmadanī). wuşūl qars, Recovery of a debt. wuṣūl karnā, To collect, realize, raise by assessment, lavy, get, to be received or collected. wuṣūl honā, To be got, be arrived.
- a. P. وصولى wuṣūlṣī, adj. That may be collected or realized, dues recoverable.
- eutor, a guardian, a tutor (of children or pupils), administrator (of a will), preceptor.
- nuncupative will. A last will and testament, a legacy, bequest. Precept, mandate. Making a will. wasiyatnāma, A last will or written testament. wasiyat karnā, To bequeath, devise, leave by will. (Pl.

- a house. waṣīd, s. f. The threshold of
- 4. سوفاحت waṣāḥat, s. f. Clearness.
- م. وضاعت waṣā'at, s. f. Humility, humiliation.
- condition, manner, mode, procedure, position, conduct, behaviour. Nature, tenor. Fashion, appearance. Style (الكانا) Description, character, complexion. Deduction, retrenchment (kamī). waṣ badalnā, v. n. To change one's dress. To disguise oneself. waṣ karnā, To form. Except, allow. To deduct, to subtract, to found. waṣ honā, To be deducted or subtracted: wuṣ -dār, Stylish elegant.
- A. P. وضعى waş's, adj. Relating to position or form.
- s. m. Ablution (performed before prayer; and, it consists in cleaning the teeth, washing first the hands, then the mouth inside, then throwing water on the Yorehead, washing the whole face, the arms, and lastly the feet)—all three times. washing the inia, v. n. To be destroyed (the efficacy of one's devotions.
- A. وفي wuṣūḥ, (وفي) Evidence; clearness, proof.
- hase, plebeian, low. s. A deposit, a trust, any thing committed to the care of another. sharif-o-wazi\* Nobles and plebeians.
- ed, corroborated. [necessity, use.
- a. مر با watar, s. m. A necessary thing,
- abiding, dwelling) Native country, birth-place, residence, a b o d e, home, country. watan-dushmam, A traitor. watan-dost, hub-ul-watan, A patriot. watan jane kirthsat, Furlough. [one's country.
- ما معالم walan-i, adj. Belduging to

- م. وطى waṭī, (وطأ) s. f. Subigere mulicrem, coition. Kicking, treading under foot.
- A. وظيفة wazā'if, s. plur. (of وظيف )
  Pensions, stipulated salaries, daily tasks.
- a. هوظيفه wagifa, (وظف) s.m. A pension, stipend, salary, stipulated allowance, Mah. a daily performance or worship (wird), or task, any thing agreed on; land bestowed in gift for past services. A scholarship. wasifa parhnā, Mah. v. n. To read prayers.
- mise, vow, agreement (اقرار نامه) bargain, assignation, appointment. wa<sup>n</sup>da tālnā, v. n. To evade a promise or agreement. waada-khilaf. A false contract. A person who does not keep his promise. waada-khilāf-i, s. f. Breach of promise, default. waada-shikan. wada - farāmosh, promise-breaker. Forgetful of one's promise. warda karnā, To promise, to engage, to appoint, make appointment, &c., make a bargain. waada-wa'id. Evading a promise, wa da-wafa. Observing one's promise punctual, true to one's word.
- a. فعظ wa<sup>2</sup>g, s. m. Advice, admonition, exhortation; sermon, preaching. wa<sup>2</sup>g k., v. a. To preach.
- or predicting any thing bad, threat, denunciation. Promising any thing good. [clamour.
- A. اغ waghā, s. War, battle, tumult,
- A. ४,४६५ waghaira, (H. a! ba! इत्यादी) Et cætera, etc., and so forth.
- mise, observation of faith, fulfilment, sincerity, fidelity, gratitude, faithfulness, sufficiency. wafā-begāna. Faithless. wafā-parast. Faithful, sincere. wafā-pe-sha-gī, s. f. Fidelity, the observance of good faith. wafā-pesha, adj. Faithful, practising good faith. wafā-dār. Faithful, true, loyal, sincere, constant. wafā-dār-ī, s. f. Faithfulness, fidelity, constancy, sincerity. wafā-karnā. To suffice, to perform (a

- profiise). wafā-kesh. Faithful. be-wafā. adj. False, faithless, treacherous.
- being full) s. f. Death, natural death, decease. wafat pānā, v. n. To die, pass away.
- م. وفق wifāq, (inf. mr. of وفق) s. m. Concord, harmony, good understanding, unanimity. [cerity.
- م. P. وفائي wafā-i, s. f. Fidelity, sin-
- A. je wafr, adj. Full, complete, entire, numerous, copious, abundant.
- oord, agreement, congruity. Accordance. A kind of charm.
- s. m. A multitude, وفور wufār, (وفر) s. m. A multitude, plenty, abundance. adj. Full, complete, copious.
- ness, barefacedness.
- timation. Steadiness, constancy. Modesty, gravity, mildness, honour, reputation.
- A. وقع wiqā\*, (inf. III. of وقع) s.

  Attack in battle, engagement. Intercourse with a woman.
- waqā'i, s. plur. (of وقلع or ) News, occurrences, battles, events. waqā'i, nigār or waqā'i, newis. An intelligencer. A news writer, a correspondent. waqā'i, nigār-ī, s. f. The office of an intelligencer.
- A. waqt, s. m. Time, term, duration, season, opportunity: (met.) adversity. Plur. أوقات auqae, s. f. Times, &c. waqt ba-waqt. From time to time. waqt be-waqt, In season or out of season, a time that admits not of delay, constantly, perpetually. waqt par. At (proper) time, seasonably, betimes, in due course, in the nick of time. waqt par kām ānā, v. n. · To serve in time of need. waqt kā pāband, adj. Punctual. waqt parna, To suffer misfortunes, to be distressed, to stand in need or badly off, rough To pass away or beguile the katna,

time. roaqt-i-nā-zuk, Delicate times. be-nonqt, adj. Out of time or season, ill-timed, premature, unamely, unseasonable, late. قنا فوقنا على adv. From time to time.

- م وقليه waqt-iya, adj. Of a certain time or season, seasonable (?).
- waqr, s. m. Dignity, honour, character. adj. Mild, modest, sedate. waqr pānā, To rise in one's esteem.
- A battle. Weight, force. waqat rakhnā, v. n. To have or carry weight.
- understanding. Tranquillity, firmness, constancy, permanency. Making a pause in reading. A legacy for pious uses, an endowment or dedication or foundation for public charity. (Gram.) A mute. waqf-i-kham-i-chaugān, Implies very humbly devoted. waqf karnā, To dedicate to pious uses. To grant for charitable or religious pursoses.
- A. Lie waqfa, s. m. Delay. Choking, stopping, retarding, respite, vacancy, pause. An interval, interlude. An adjournment. A reprieve.
- in which legacies for pious uses are registered.
- tingency, an incident, event, occurrence, to fall down, the happening, the coming to pass. wuqu men an, v.n. To commence, begin to be, ensue. wuqu men aya, Happened. Committed, perpetrated. wuqu men lānā, v.a. To cause, commit.
- العنوات المناس ا
- a. P. وقوفى wuqn̄f-i, adj. Intelligent, sensible.
- م. هن wuqiya or wuqaiya, s. A weight of seven migqāl, an ounce.

- TAM. وكارى wakūrī, s. f. (dakh.) Vomiting.
- affair) s. f. Embassy, agency, deputation, delegation, commission. The function of an advocate, practice at the bar. wakālat nāma, s. m. A power of attorney.
- by commission, by attorney, by agent or advocate.
- م وكيل wukalā, s. plur. of وكيل
- ambassador, representative, ccunsellor (at law), attorney, deputy, delegate, commissioner. An authorized pleader in a court of law. wakil-i-mulaq, or ām, A plenipotentiary, a vicegerent invested with full powers. A permanently appointed pleader.
- a. P. وكيلى wakil-i, s. f. Agency, embassy: see
- P. وكر wagar, (comp. of g and اگر conj. And if.
- wagar, s. (dakh. explained by کر الام مزلا) Name of a taste or delicacy or tidbit.
- s. f. Nearness, affinity, friendship. Government, sway, kingdom.
- A. Jy wilād, s. Procreation, generation.
- م. سولای wilādat, (کان born) s.f..

  Nativity, birth. A birth-day.
- a. wilāyat, s. f. An inhabited country, dominion, district; a foreign country, abroad (often applied by the Muhammadans of India to denote England, Europe, Persia, Turkey, &c.). A region, continent. Prophecy, the office of a saint. Possession, being master of any thing, sovereignty. Friendship, union (especially, with God); sanctity Guardianship. Guardianship of a minor. wilāyat pānā.

get the rank of a saint. الناء adv. In behalf of. A. P. ولايتي wilāyut-ī, adj. European, foreign (English, Persian, Turkish, Mogal, Chinese. etc.) English-made. wilāyatī. A foreigner. A native of Afghanistän. An article of foreign manufacture. A fool. wilayati baingan. The tomato or love apple. wilāyat-ī aksī (dakh.) Cassia alata (often called the ringworm plant). wilayat*i amli*, Garcinia Cambogia; a dried unripe fruit of the Mangosteen kind, much used as a palatable acid for culinary purposes. wilāyat-ī chānā, s. m. Chalk. wilāyat-ī khatt, A kind of Persian nasta"līq character. wilāyat-ī ming, The ground nut, Arachis hypogea.

C

 H. ولتهى walthi, ) s. f. (dakh. i. q. كنارة عنارة عن

- زيرين سقف خانه Margin or border of a canopy? eaves or edging of a roof.
- None, illegitimate. An earthworm. lā-walad, (H. nāṭhā) adj. Having no children, heirless. lā-walad marnā, y. n. To die without issue. waladīyat, s. f. Parentage, descent.

TEL. dul, walsa, adj. (dakh s, j)
Astray, a vagrant.

- walwalā, (ولول) s. m. Howling. A ing, lamenting. A tumult, noise, uproar, murmur. A gush of passion, ardour, fervour. Pining, repining.
- A. H. ولولات walwalāṭ, s. f. Howling, lamentation.
- A H. ولولانا valvalā-nā, v. (dakh.) To lament, howl.
- P. وليكن wale, (for وليكن) adv. But, yet, however.
- wali, s. m. A prince, lord, master. friend, friend of God, a holy man, saint. A governor, judge. A servant, slave. A guardian (of a ward). wali-alla. God's people. (Ironic). A knave. wāli-ahd, An heir apparent. A locum tenens, vicegerent. wali-nikia., A title of respect by which a father is addressed, patron, benefactor.

4. وليك wa lek, conj. But (par), yet, however.
4. وليكي wa lekin,

- age feast, a banquet. s. m. A marri-
- P. Jij wand, affix in compos. See P. Jie mand.
- TAM. Si, wand, s. A very small black bee.
- s. m. A tree that bears fruit but no apparent blossoms, as several species of the fig, the jack, &c.
- s. سونواس هه wan-wās, (वनवास) هه m. See
- الباسی های ده بنداسی ده بنداسی های ده بنداسی های ده بنداسی های ده بنداسی های ده بنداسی سخت، مطابق می بنداسی سخت، مطابق می بنداسی سخت، محمد می بنداسی سخت، محمد می بنداسی می بنداسی سخت، محمد می بنداسی می بند

ally.

- H. وزنهی سنم won-hīn, adv. That very (time, place, ونهیی wo-hīn, الله وهی wo-hīn, الله wunhīn.
- H. 89 wuh or (in Braj and Dakh. especially) wah, pron. That, he, she, if, the; (occasionally like \_\_\_\_) they, those. wuh-jo, That which, who, what P. 89 wah, interj. Bravo! See \$19
- A. مابي wahhābī, s. m. A follower d the doctrines of an Arabian reforms of Mahomedanism, Shaikh Abd-sh wahhāb. (He established his religios in 1760. In Najd. He said, God alone should be invoked and adores in prayer and not others, even prephets; also does not believe in the inspired books. He believed in secre that God is the Sun. All the Beder ins of the desert are his follower, though they call themselves Mohame dans). A very puritanical Mosles. (His reforms were directed sq. against the practice of the Shine).

- H. g. wahān or wuhān (or, dakh. whān, from ४, That, (धान Place) adv. There, thither, yonder. wahān se, Thence. wahān kā wahān, Everywhere.
- A. wahb, s. m. Giving, presenting, bestowing.
- . P. وهبي wahb-i, adj. Given, bestowed (by God).
  - H. Alb, wahla, s. m. Attack, onset.
  - A. wahm, s. m. Imagination (خيال)، idea, famey, conjecture, opinion, anxiety, apprehension. Doubt, suspicion. A superstition,
  - A. LAD, wahma, s. m. A fancy, an idea.
  - wahm-i, adj. Imaginary, visionary, fanciful, ideal. Hypochondriacal. (Fem. وهمية)٠
  - H. s. wah-i or wuh-i, pron. himself, the self-same, that very, &c.; wuhin. وهير God Himself: see
  - H. ع. سلم wuhīn or wahīn, adv. very (time, place, &c.), immediately, exactly there, just there, on the spot. Just at that time, as soon as.
- H. we, pron. plur. They, those.
- P. wai, interj. Fy! ho! &c. Also a contract. of elso wa ai, And O!
- s. ei, prep. A prefix denoting separation (بي).
- ع. وياكري vyākaraņ, (ब्याकरण) (म. gur-bol) s. m. Grammar.
- ड. ياكل , vyākul, (व्यक्तिल) adj. Agitated, overcome (with fear, grief, anxiety, &c.).
- ப. ويتاكت hā-i-haւणणas and

- H. ويتاكي waitāg-ī, adj. (dakh.) See بيزار
- s. ويدانگ vedang, s.m. A sacred science, considered as subordinate to, and in some sense a part of the vedas.
- s. ويدك vaidik, (वेदिक) adj. rived from or conformable to the vedas; s. m. A Bråhman well versed in the vedas.
- e. ويران wairān or wīrān, adj. Desolate, depopulated, ruined. Dreary, dismal. wirān karnā, To lay waste, deselate. wirān jaga, A desert place.
- P. ويرانه wirān-a, s. m. A solitude, a desolated or desolate place. Waste, forest-land. A solitude. ( )
- vairān-i or wirān-i, s. f. Desolation, depopulation, destruction, desert places.
- H. פيرنا wairnā, s. m. A drill, v. s. To sow by drill. To grind. Chakki vairnā.
- H. ويسا waisā, adv. or adj. In that manner, so, that-like, such-like. waise kā waisā, Such as before.
- s. ويساكه waisākh, s. m. Name of a سیساکهه month: see
- s. ويساكهي waisākh-i, s.f. Boo baisakh-i.
- H. e waisā-hī, adv. In the same manner, ditto, in statu quo. waise to, yān to adv. In other respects, generally, altogether. waise to woh achchhe hain. In other respects he is not a bad fellow. waise kā wastā. As it was, exactly so (jon kā ton).
- A. ويل wail, s. m. Calamity, reprisal, revenge. Woe. An affliction, misfortune. wail-kash, adj. Vindictive.

ای مدوره hā-i-mudanwara, the

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twenty-seventh letter of the Arabic and thirty-first of the Persian alphabet, corresponds to  $\overline{\xi}$  in Sanskrit. It is one of the guttural letters, having the sound of the English h. occurs at the end of a word, it is either perceptible, which is called های ظاهر or جلی or ملفوظی (hā-i-zāhir or -jalī, or -malfūzī) as in الشاك bādshāh, A king; or imperor مكتوبي (-mukhtafi or -maktūbi), as in يبانه bahāna, A pretence, & ba, With, &c. where it merely conveys the sound of fat'ha. In the formation of the plural with of the singular is های جلی preserved; as Lal, rāh-hā, Roads; andoh-hā, Griefs, &c. whereas . the های مختفی disappears; as; بندها . jāmah - ā, Robes جامها banda-hā, Slaves, &c. When it occurs at the end of Arabic words, it is generally written with two points over it, thus & and is pronounced as t: and, if such words are introduced into Persian, Turkish, or Hindi composition, they are either written with or the & is written without the points and is or imperceptible in the pronunciation; as هدايت hidāyat, or الله hidāya, The act of

When used to denote a number, it stands for five: and, in almanacks it may represent Thursday, or Virgo among the signs of the zodiac.

guiding.

 z

وا کرد بر خود خدا و رسول اله دیگر نگردم بگرد فضول

digar na gardam ba gird-i-fasil. took God and the prophet to wit that he would never again be guil excess. Some words are written differently with s or as significant or his khārā, A hard stone.

At the end of words its use may be form participles of Persian re either active, when it is added to third person plural of the acrist علية goyanda, from كينك goy or passive, when it is affixed to third person singular of the prete as كنت gufta, from

- 3. (ப்டிக்க miqder-iga). To express, as an individual space of time, any multiple of a given space; as கிரும் do-mah-a, A space of two months, பிய க்ட si-sal-a, A space of three years. கி.க hzft-a, A space of seven days, or a week, &c.
- 4. (هيشة tashbih) Annexed to the plural of nouns, to express resemblance, or the adverbial sense conveyed by the English termination ly; as, المالة dostâna, Friendly, from المالة dostân, Friends: المالة mar-dâna, Manly, from المالة mar-dâna, Manly, from المالة المالة
  - 5. (تانيث tānēs) Annexed to Arabic nouns to express their feminines; as, ملكم maliks, A queen, from
  - معشوقة ; malik, A king مبلك معشوقة malik, A king مبلك معشوق malik, A mighteen, from معشوق malika, Beloved.
- 6. (مَمَنِي عِهِ عَلَيَةُ عِهُمَا The affixed pronoun of the third person annexed to Arabic nouns; as, عَمَانُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ
- 7. Redundant; as, xus qabah, for us qaba, A robe, &c.
- ah! Fie! shame! for shame! hāhā k., Boğ humbly hā hā, hi hi, s. f. A laugh.
- н. lb hè, interj. Just so! very well!
  yes indeed!
- ABB. هابيل hābil, n. prop. Abel.

- practice extravagance. hát min ká (dakh.) See سرسایه sar-māya.
- A. Lollo hetif, part. act. (of Like)
  Crying, exclaiming. s. m. One who
  calls. An angel. An encominst. A
  voice from heaven, or from an invisible speaker (akkāsbānī).
- The hand, arm. A cubit measure. Possession, power. Half a yard. Do hith kā ek gas. A hand (in an office, etc.). Reach Clutches. Protection, patronage. A hand in cards. hith ind. To come into one's possession or power, to be gained or obtained. hath uthing, To leave off, refrain from, desist, abandon, relinquish, resign, cease. To salute by raising the hand to the head. Both these meanings are alluded to in the following example. Mustafā than Yakrang says:—

## ھاتھ اتھا جور اور جفا سے تو بہی گویا سلام ہے تیرا

Heth ythe jour our josé se tu; yth-i goyê salam hai torê. Bestrain thy hands from violence and injustice; this is thy salutation. To beat. To give alms. To lift up the hands in preyer, to pray for one. To lift one's hands against one. (hệth dhona). To wash one's hands of, to withdraw from To give up hope, to despair. hath of lend, To receive with both bands open and stretched out together. hāth anchā h4 To be able to give, to be well off. hāth-bāndhna To join the hands in a supplicating posture. hath barhana, To endeavour to get any thing. To gain possession of the property of others. To stretch one's hands towards. To exceed bounds, encroach upen. hath band or tang hong, To be much engaged in business, to have no leisure. To be straitened, poor or indigent. hath bharna, To have the hands wearied or fatigued. hath baithna or jamna. To acquire perfection in any art by practice. To be settled (one's hand). hath panu phil ejant or hath panu phalna (lit. To hands and feet to become swelled) To be distressed or confounded. hith pane phalling. To extend one's business or schemes, hith-pane or -pair marns or hitera To strive, endeavour, strain. veil. struggle. To throw out or work one's bands and legs. To strike out (in To throw one's arms swimming). about and jump in agony. To work, labour. To be agitated. To sprawl. hāth palthar tale dabnā (lit. To have the hand crushed under a stone) To be helpless, be unable to act. hath par dharā rahnā ek chīs kā, To be in readi-Tapish ness (spoken of things). says:--

چاهو جو چهينو *د*ست حنا بسته سے یہہ دل \* ایسا سو دل کسیکا دهرا هاته پر نهیں

Chāho jo chhīno dast-i-hinnā-basta se yih dil; aisā so dil kisi kā dharā hāth par

nahin. You wish to seize this heart with that hinnz-stained hand; no one's heart is thus ready and easy to be caught. hāth par hath mārnā, To join hands in token of confirming a promise, to make a promise. To bet, pledge oneself. hath-parna, To come into one's possession. hath pasarna, To stretch out one's hand. To ask, beg. hāth pakre le jānā, To hand a person. hāth pakarnā, To take by the hands. To take in hand or protect one. \*hathphūl, s. m. Name of a plant (Pothos). hāth phernā, To stroke, caress, coax. To fleece, rob, ease of one's money. hậth phonkna, To fence. hàth jorna, To supplicate, entreat earnestly. To join both hands (in supplication). To pay reverence or homage to. To hold in fear or awe. Bas! tumko hath jorta hữn. hāth jhārnā, To give, bestow. háth jhúta hona, or háth jhúthá hona, To have the hands defiled. To lose the power of the hands. hath chatna, To relish any food exceedingly, lick one's lips. hāth-chālāk, Light-fingered, ready with the fists: see chālāk-dast. Expertness slight of hand, skilful: see حالات دستي chālāk-dast-i. Thievishness, proneness to dakh.) tight, waspishness. hāth-khālī (dakh.) Empty-handed: idle, at leisure: destitute, pennylegs. hath chalana, To strike, beat. hath dalna (dakh.) To set, put or lay hands on, to take in hand, set about, begin. kāth dhonā, To wash the hands of; to be disappointdend, To concorn one's self in or about. \ 2. will hathi, (हस्ती) s. m. As de

To pledge oneself to. To support a cause. To put out a light. To make a bargain by taking hold of the hands of the other party under a cloth. (A practice chiefly used in settling the price of homes and jewels). hith dālnā or (lagānā). To thrust br put the hand (in or on), to meddle, to interfere (in). To encrosch. touch or insult a woman. To plunder. hāth roknā, To prevent. hāth sameļnā, To refrain from giving, &c. hath saf karna, To learn, practise, or exercise. any art. To slay. To practice handwriting. To plunder. To discharge • from office. hath so, By the hands of, by, through, háth kánon par raki.ná, To be astonished. To deny vehemently. hath karna, To subdue, to have possession, hath kamar per rakhnē, To be very feeble. hēth khelsē, To open the hand; to be open-handed, generous. háth khainchná, To refmin, desist, abstain. hath lagana, To put or thrust the hand (in), meddle (in), handle; reprove, punish, torment. To be employed in any business. Add lagna, To come to the hand, to be got, obtained, acquired. háth márná, Ta 🐠 promise. To acquire, to plunder. Te wound with a sword. heth miline, to claim equality. To prepare to wrestle. To join or shake hands. To fight (had with hand). heth maine, To regret, repent, lament. hāth kā mail. Vile trach, filthy luore. háth mei éné, 👀 hāth ānā. hàth men rakhnā, To possess, hold in subjection. hath men think denā. To reduce one to beggary. kith men hath dena, To give one's hand in marriage. hāth mek kunar k, To be skilled in any handcraft or art. hither hath, Out of hand, over hand, quickly, expeditious. háthoù háth ujina, or To find a ready sale. big by hath bheind, To send by some one. háthch háth lejené, To carry sway quickly, snatch away at once or seddenly. hethi heth karne, To act in concord, pull together.

- hāthā, (長福) s.m. The ه. لهناه hand. Possession, power.
- منفقة علائقة هاتها بانهي يا پائي كرنا .ه or -pā'i karnā, To scuffle or streggle together. To pull and hanl.
- هاتها جوڙي .a hāthā-jorā, a. f. of a plant (Lycopodium imbricates)

phant. hāthi-pāon (P. fil-pā), Elephantiasis. nishān kā hāthi, The elephant which leads a processiom hāthi-dānt, (ERACA) Elephant's tusk or tooth, ivosy. hāthi-wān (ERAME) An elephant driver. (mahābat). The 13th mansion of the moon: see hastā. (dakh.) A haircloth glove used in rubbing down a horse.

- هاتی الله hâtī, s.m. Elephant: see
- a. هاتی هات hāt-e-hāt, (dakh.) Concord, pulling together.
- s. 一点 hāṭ, (長夏) s.f. A market, a moseable market or fair, a shop (dukān).
- عاد عنه hāṭṣū, (شاعة) s. m. A marketman.
- هاته hāṭh, s. f. Market, &c. See
- A. هاجی hājī, (part. act. of هاجی)
  s. m. A satirist (poet).
- means the performer of any act, doer, maker, and corresponds frequently to the English termination er or ing; as, māran-hār a striker, lakar-hār a woodman.

## بهار آئی نه دیکهن هار آیا انار آیا نه چاکهن هار آیا

Baher at na dekhan-har aya; anar aya, na chakhan-har aya. The spring is arrived, but no one is come to behold it; the pomegranates are ready, but there is no one to taste them.

P. S. hār, s. m. (表刊) A necklace of pearls, &c. a wreath, garland, a

chaplet (of flowers worn as a necklace). A string of jewels, carcanet, (हारि) A flock (of cattle). Pasturage. s. f. Loss, forfeiture, discomfiture. Fatigue, weariness. Defeat. part. act. (اهارت) Being overcome. har dalnā, To throw a garland round the neck. To give one's hand in marriage. hār gāndhnā, To make a garland of flowers. här-männä or -män lenä, To give up a dispute, to give up in despair, to acknowledge all lost. To acknowledge oneself beaten. To submit, or bow to har jit, Loss and gain. Gambling, hazard. hār jīt karnā, To gamble, bet. här-kar, häre-darje, adv. Forcibly, compulsorily. Notens votens, unwillingly. At last.

- performer of any act, dealer in any article. It is often represented in English by the word man, or the termination er; as -l a k a r-h à r ā, A woodman. mārne-hārā, A striker:
- a disturber. hārij h., v. n. See māni h.
- s. Up hārnā, (FRU) v.n. To be overcome, to be unsuccessful, fail, lose or be beaten (in play), be fatigued, be tried out. v.a. To lose. Khele so hāre, Prov. Who plays loses. To lose, one's courage or spirits, to be discouraged. Toobe defeated, overcome. To become old and feeble. hār-ke, hār jhak mārke, When all's done, at last.
- اروت hārūt, n. prop. The name of an angel, who, together with another named ماروت mārūt, severely consured mankind before the throne of God: they were, therefore, both sent down to earth in human shapes, to judge of the temptations to which man was subject, and they could not withstand them; being seduced by the planet joharah or Venus in form of a woman: for which they were suspended by the feet in a well in Babylon, where they are to remain in great torment till the day of judgment. (Qur'an, Surat. See Maracci, 17, 44. Sale, Vol, L, p, 20.).

- مرون hārān, (corrupt. from هارون which from حرون) adj. Wicked, refractory, roguish.
- אורנים השבר hards, n prop. Aaron, the brother of Moses. אורנים תשבר hards rashid, The fifth khalif of the house of Abbas and twenty-sixth from Muhammad.
- म. هار هاري hār-hārī, s. f. The division of a bankrupt's effects.
- A skeleton. hār-jorā, s. m. A bone. A skeleton. hār-jorā, s. m. Name of a plant. (Cissus quadrangularis). hār-lend. To examine the correctness of a pair of scales and measures, (Dehli and Dodb).
  - a. هُنْمُ اللهُ hdsim, (H. pāchak) (part. act of مُصْمَ digesting) adj. Loose, lan-
  - guid, relaxed. Soft, gentle. Digestive, atomachic. One who digesta food, who puts up (with insults).
  - A. And hasima, s. m. The digestive powers. Digestion.
  - H. J. h à l, s. f. A jerk, jerking, motion. Bel men hal nahin lagti. The tire of a wheel.
  - p. Na hâlâ, s. m. (s. hal a plough). A tax on a plough. An instalment of revenue.

  - s. المل hālāhai, (हालाहरू) s. m. A sort of poison.
  - a. Like hills, (part. act. of dalla)
    adj. Perishing (person), perishing or
    being destroyed. Causing to perish,
    destructive. Arab. fem. Alla
  - A. P. Alla hala, s. m. A halo or circle round the moon (kundai).
  - e. এটা hali, (ইন্ড A plough) s. m. A ploughmas.

- of Abraham, also of Pharach's misister.
- P. ம் நக்கழ்க, s. m. A desert, a plain, level ground.
- a. هامی بهرقا ه. ه هامی بهرقا ه. ه. حامی pader حامی بهرنا
- indeed, by the by, formooth, hin kuhni, To agree. hin je hin je ke, v. n. To say dito, chime in with. hin kin k. To hum and haw. (contract, of yahān). Here, hither, &c.
- know! have a care! let it not be! far from it! keep off! make way!
- H. Ligila hampha, v. n. To pant, be out of breath. puff and blow.
- n. USilb händnä, v. n. To wander, tee e'
  ramble. (ävära phirma). Hände m
  dändä bhald. Forced labour is better
  than wandering.
- हर्डी) a. f. An earthen cooking pot. a small caldron. The globe of a lamp. hdirdi charhne, To be put on the fre (the pot).
- B. هانس háns, (dakh.) Collar-bones: \* عانسلی hansil.
- ह कारे) ह. १. (हंकारे) के के के के के के के

Cry, call (pukār), hawling, calling to (loud). Driving, hānk-pukār, a. f. Up-roar, outery. A hue and cry, kulla-baloo. hānk mērnā, To bawi after, to call to (pukārnā).

- bawl to. To goad. To drive away or out, or go on with. To dilate or dwalt on. To ask an exorbitant price. To fan or use a fan. To boast, brag, to pull a long bow.
- الكى الله hānkī, s. f. A vessel in which they make sawain or vermicelli. A nieve.

- P. Dhāwan, s. m. A mortar for pounding in. hāwan dasta, Pestle and mortar.
- H. lala hāhā, s. m. Flattery, importunity, cringing, earnest request, supplication. hāhā khānā, To flatter, to wheedle, to entreat, beseech.
- A. Laughing, ha! ha! hāhā hīhī, s. f. Laughing. hāhā hīhī karnā, To laugh, giggle.
- s. hāhā, (हाहा) interj. of surprise or grief or pain, alas! oh! ah!
- ah! oh! s. f. A sigh, a deep sigh.

  hā'e kā nārā mārnā, To sigh. To heave
  a deep sigh. hā'e hā'e, Alas! sighing.
- Apri hāi aur par chhāi. Prov. The cap that his own head doth fit is on another made to sit.
- ع الله hāyā, (dakh.) A sigh, alas! see
- A. هول hā'il, (part. act. of هول adj.
  Terrible, horrible. Lying in the way,
  impeding. Plur. هاللت hā'ilāt.
- Terrible things or occurrences.
- 点 か hāya, ( ) s. or interj. (dakh.)
  A sigh, alas! see s āh.
- H. בּובנים habbā-ḍabbā, s. (Nurses) Infantile bronchitis and pleurisy. Chincough (masān), hooping-cough.
- مدط مداه habt, s. Falling, precipitating, decrease (as, of price, of body, &c.), emaciation, fall, misfortune.
- A. Mubal, Name of an idol in the kaba at Mecca before the time of Muhammadanism.
- habannaq, adj. Silly, foolish, weakly, poor, helpless.

- مبوط .هبرط hubūṭ, s. Falling, descending;
  declivity, see مبط habṭ.
- 8. m. A gift, grant (عطا)، setowing)

  8. m. A gift, grant (عطا)، seto
  quest. منه بالعوض hiba-bi-l-iwas, A

  gift or bequest with a return or consideration. hiba-dār, A possessor of
  property by deed of gift. hiba karnā,
  To bequeath or devise. hiba-nāma, A
  deed of gift.
- H. La happā, s. m. Pap, soft food for children. A morsel. Bribes hush money. [happā, adj. Gluttonous.
- H. ملي happū, s. m. Opium (aphīm).
- of spoon, a pot-ladle made of the shell of a cocoanut. [pant, to gasp.,
- H. Liques haphhaphānā, v. n. To
- H. who hat (hat tere kī,) interj. Begone! fy! away!
- s. who hat, s. m. (dakh.) See hat-beri or hat-khor or hat-karë or hat-kari (dakh.) Handcuffs, manacles.
- hurmat. Rending (a veil or curtain &c.) so as to discover those who were concealed; violation, ravishment. Levity, affront, disrespect. Defamation.
- s. المتورّة hat-orā, s.m. (A. hāth hand, tornā to break). An anvil, sledge-hammer. A hammer. [hammer.
- a. هدّوزی hat-ori, s. f. (dakh.) A
- s. and hath, (ECI) (contract. of all)
  hath-à-banhen, s. f. Fisticuffs. hathbal-i, s. f. Strength of hand, force;
  dishonesty. hath-pher or udhar, Sleight
  of hand (in a money changer) changing
  a good for a bad rupee for the purpose
  of imposition. Borrowing, to lend for
  use. Fondling, caress. hath-pher lena,
  To borrow. hath-jhola, A hand-barrowhath-chapi'à, Snuck, shure, hath-chhit.

A beater hath-kat-i, Name of a cut with the sword, which is intended to take off or disable the adversary's hand. hath-karī, s. f. A hand-cuff, fetter, manacle. hath-lewā, s. m. A ceremony in marriage among Hindus. (The hands of the bride and bridegroom are joined palm to palm with some flour put between them, and tied with a red thread), hath-nāl, s. I. A. small cannon carried on elephants, &c.

- g. هنها atthā, (हस्त) s. m. A handle. A shovel, a baker's peel. A sleeve. A large bunch (of plantains).
  - ه المتهكرة hath-karā, s. m. Hold, handle: handcuff. [custom, knack.
  - s. Liefis hath-khandā, s. m. Habit,
- ्रह. अंद्रेशक hathni, (हस्तिनी) в. f. female elephant.
  - hath-anļī, s. f. Dexterity, art, skill. Mode of handling or wield-[sledge hammer.
  - A. In hath-ora or -aura, s. m.
  - ه المتهوري الله hath-auri, s. f. A small
  - क प्रदेश hath-iyā (हस्त) s. m. 13th mansion of the moon, Corvus. The breaking up of the rains. hathiya kī rāh, The milky way.
  - عنها hath-yar or hathiyar, (هاتها الله hath-yar or hathiyar, (هاتها
  - s. m. f. (हन to kill) A tool, arms, an offensive weapon, implements, apparrtus. hathyär bändhnä, To arm. hathyärband. Armed.
  - ه (हस्तल) (هاته) s. f. (हस्तल) The palm of the hand. hatheli bajānā, To clap one's hands, hatheli kā phapolā, adj. Fragile, delicate. hath-īlī, The handle of a plough.
  - عتبار hatyār, s. m. See مثبار ع
  - عيال عليه hateān, s. plur. (dakh.) غياد شهوت اسب ماده
  - a. متهیلی hateli, s. (dukh.) See هتیلی
  - nāk katī, par hat nu hatī. Prov. Her

nose cut off but still no differen her stubborn will. See منه hatunder هنّه دهرمی under

nat karnā, see المته كرنا under

- U. Lab hit, s. f. (dakh.) A sort of made from the grain rāgī.
- عَمَّا كُمَّا مَعَا كُمَّا مُعَا كُمًا عُمَّا كُمَّا عُمَّا كُمَّا عُمَّا كُمَّا عُمَّا كُمَّا عُمَّا sturdy, robust (tān tā), vigorous.
- H. Lius hatanā, (causal of Lis) To repel, drive backwards, to to worst, to foil. To remove.
- a. مات hat-tal, (from هتال A and Y. A lock) s. 1. Shutting t the shops in a market (on accou oppression, &c.). Passive resist
- H. UKIB hatkana, (causal of U v. a. To stop: [ing back, strug
- H. , Lin Kin hatkā-hatki, s. f. .
- H. UCIA hataknā, v. n. To be rep to be sent or driven back or rep to retreat, move, stop, boggle. backward, to hesitate.
- H. liïa hainā, v. n. To go or fall to be driven back, to retire, re move, budge, shrink, get out c way, flinch, to be defeated. back, return. To be postponed journed, Biyāh hat gayā. sated, cloyed, Ji hat gayā. To ohild). hat-kar sar! Be off! Go a
- هدوا على haḥoā, (هاك) s.m. Ap employed in a market to measure grain, &c. A shopkeeper.
- عدوائمي haṭwā-ī, s. f. The offic
- AD hath, (表表) s.f. Obst crossness, unpersuadableness, d dience. (हठधम्मी) hath-dharmi, verseness. Bigotry. Ingratitude. karnā, or hath ki tek par hom resist or disobey obstinately, perverse or peevish. Teasing. A tion. hat! intj. Out upon you! with you!
- a. سلم hat, (長ठ) s. f. Obstinacy. ع. المته hathnā, (長ठ) v. n. peevieh, perverse, or pettieb.

- a. के haṭh-ī, (हठी) adj. Peevish, obstinate, perverse.
- a. المنابك hath-īlā, (हठ) adj. Teasing (child), pettish, obstirate, peevish.
- H. متى haṭṭā, s. f. (dakh.) Flock, herd, drove.
- عديلاً hatelā, adj. See هنيلاً ع
- P. المشكدة hajdah, (for مشكدة hasht-dah) adj. Eighteen.
- P. محکوم hajdah-um, adj. Eighteenth.
- hajr, hijr, s. m. Separation (bichhoyā), disjunction, desertion of country or friends, absence.
- مجر هجران هجران المجران . هجران s. m. See
- departure from one's country and friends. Flight, the flight of Muhammad' from Mecca to Madina, which happened on the 16th of July A. D. 622, whence the Muhammadan era commences. I hajrat, One year.
- hijrī, adj. Of or belonging to the hijrat.
- H. hijrā, s. m. An hermaphrodite,
- hajm, s. m. Driving in. Repulsing. Attacking suddenly. Entering imprudently, without leave. Extirpation.
- H. مجملو hij-mallū, s. m. (dakh.) See
- hajo, s. f. Satire, a lampoon, a pasquinade. Disrepute, infamy. hajo karnā, To satirize. hajo-malīḥ, f. Apparent praise but real satire, irony.
- A. hujūm, (مجمّ driving in) s. m.

  A crowd, a mob, concourse, (bhīː/), throng, an assault, attack, impetuosity. hujūm karnā, To rush (upon).
- ing. hije karnā, To spell. To drive into a corner. To prove a matter. hijje nikālnā, v.n. To find fault (pakarnā). [mad.
- H. huch, adj. (dakh.) Infatuated,

- hichar michar, s. m. Hesitation, wavering. Shuffling, evasion.
- H. Kan hachkä, s. m. A jolt, shock.
- H. Lika hichkans, (causal of lika)
  v. a. To jolt.
- H. light hichkichānā, v. n. To doubt, to waver, to hesitate, to be in suspense, to falter.
- hichkichī bāndhnā, To gnash the teeth.
- from, to decline, to shrink, to waver, boggle. ¶ dāntān hichaknā (dakh.) To grin. [(dhachkā).
- H. Jolt, ahake
- hichki, (民語) s. f. The hiccough. hichkīyān lagnā, To be on the point of death, to be dying.
- H. lizuz hichmichānā, v. n. (dakh.)

  See lizuz [hadīya) Presents.
- A. الألمك hadāyā, s. plur. (of هديمه
- s. f. Guidance, direction to the right way, especially to salvation; righteousness (rahnumāi). Injunction, precept. hidāyat k., To guide, direct. To instruct, enjoin, charge.
- ing, trembling, earthquake.
- make to quake or tremble (?).
- TEL. هدرن hadarnā, v. n. (dakh.) To quake, shiver, tremble.
- mark or target, a butt or aim (for archers, &c.) hadaf mārnā, To strike the mark, to hit the nail on the head.
- المدر hadm, s. m. Ruin, destruction; lay waste. hadim, Destroyer.
- the hoopoo: the lapwing. The woodpecker.
- Infatuated, H. Laub hidhida, adj. (dikh.) Bott.

- H. אנמנונו hidhidānā, v. n. (dakh.) To become melted or soft.
- A. Lobe huda, s. m. Pointing out the right way, guidance in the right way (salvation). ¶ hadī, s. f. Cattle carried to Mecca to be sacrificed. Giving as an offering. A bride. A captive.
- قديارو على hadyārā, s. (dakh.) A kind of ring for the thumb: see
- A. هلاي hadīya, hadya, (هلاي) s.m. A present (particularly one offered to superiors). The price of a Qur'ān. hadīya k., To sell a Qurān.
- s. had (हड़) s. m. (dakh.) Bone.
- \* haḍḍī, (हिंद्र) s. f. A bone. A spavin. The hard part in the centre of a carrot or other similar root. haḍḍī bolnā, To crack (one's bones).had-dyān toṛnā, To beat severely. haḍḍyān nīkal ānā, To be reduced to a mere skeleton.
  - a. هڌيلا adj. Bony. هڌيلا
  - A. اَعَدُ hāṣā, (H. yeh) pron. demonstrat.
    This (man, woman, or thing).
  - اهذیان ه.m. Raving, vain useless words. (bar bar). Nonsense, impertinence.
  - P. d har, adj. Every, any. har ān. Constantly. Whenever, har ek, Every one, each. har bab, Every chapter, all sciences, every circumstance. har-bāb-ī, Master of knowledge of every kind; a factotum. A jack of all trades. har bār, Every time; whenever, always. har-jā-ī, adj. Vagabond, stroller. har chand, Howmuch soever, howsoever, as often as. Though, even if  $(b\bar{a}$ -waj $\bar{\kappa}d$ ). harhāl, Howsoever. har hāl men, In every case or instance. har-dil-azīz, Beloved by every one, popular. har dam, Every moment. har-dani-khayāl-ī, adj. Whimsical, capricious, s. f. Capriciousness, fickleness. har do, Both. har-degichamcha, A sponger, one who hangs on others for a maintenance, a busy meddling person. har ros, Every day, daily. har-kar-i, Attending to all sorts of business. har kudām, or har kas, or hat ko'a Everyone, whoever, har-

- kahin, Everywhere. har-füh, Whenever, always. Wherever, et where. has waqt, At all times, alwhar yak, Every one, each, apiece.
- s. ph har, (長礼) n. prop. A nam Mahādeva. Water. A frog. A st 『(長礼) hari, A name of Vishņu.
  - ing place dedicated to Hari (lit steps or stairs of Hari). hari Servant of Vishnu.
- a. har, (長帝) s. m. A plo harwāhā, s. m. A ploughman. bhog, s. m. Anarchy, confusion, roar. har-bhām kā rāj, A countr place in which injustice prevails:
- hirr, s. m. A male cat.
- army, of an assembly, &c.), gen jail delivery. Tharra, s.m. Sor voice, shout
- fresh, verdant. Blooming, flourish Green (a wound). Half raw or baked. harā, s. m. Green col Green food for cattle. harā h., To green. To be promising. Dube nhare hogae. To be refreshed, exirated. Nahāne se jī harā ho jātā. To be overjoyed, pleased, glad. I bete ko dekh-kar harī ho gaī. To brout afresh. hare bhare raho! May live and prosper! Heaven bless!
  - ¶ harra (for 長行行新) s.m. N of an astringent nut, myrobs (Terminalia chebula or citrina). I part. (dakh. see じぬ) Unsucces tired out.
- Running fast (a horse). s. m. An tion. harrāj karnā, To sell by auc Disappointment. Grief.
- P. Dhirās, s. m. Fear, terror
- P. هراسان hirāsān, (part. pre adj. Frightened, fa frightening, timorous.

- اسے خانا ہے اللہ hirāse jānā, (dakh.) To be frightened.
- ع. كابت harānā, (causal of كابت v. a. To win, to overcome, to beat (at cards), to foil, to worst, to weary, to tire. I hivānā, v. a. (E to take). To lose, to be lost, to mislay.
- harāwal or hirāwal, s. m. The advanced guard of an army, the vanguard. A herald.
- P. هواينگ harāyina or har-ā'īn-ā, ad v. Necessarily, undoubtedly, at all events.
- H. مربرا harbara, s.m. (dakh.) The chick pea, Cicer arietinum (called on the coast, Bengal horse-gram, and in Spain, Grvanzos or Calavances): see inukhud, and harbhari.
- هربونگ کا راج harbong kā rāj, (or P. هرزه harza, adj. Absurd, nonsensical, هربهوم Or هربهونگ B. (lit. Harbong's government, &c.) is applied to signify civil disorder and mal-administration, anarchy.
- هر अन्नः hari-bhajan, (हरिभजन) Worship of Vishnu.
- H. مربهرا harbharā, s. m. (dakh.) See H. هربرا ( harbhari, s. f. ) barā.
- B. مربهکت hari-bhakt, (हरिभक्त) s. m. Worshipper of Vishnu.
- عربهاريوڙي ع. harphārewrī, } (हरिप-هر پهروری harpharauri, वेरी) Name of a sour fruit. (Averrhoa acida. Cicca disticha. Phyllanthus longifolius, also, chilli millie, the country gooseberry. [(ākhir).
- H. کریورک hir phir-ke., adv. At length
- এ مرتال hartāl, (or haritāl हरिताल) s. f. Orpiment, yellow arsenic. hartal wariq, Gold coloured orpiment.

- هرج. القصان s. m. Being copious. Tumult, sedition, trouble, loss, interruption. ( ") ). Speaking nonsense. Slaughter. A nuisance. harjmarj, s. m. Confusion, agitation, bustle, hurlyburly. Delay. harja, Demurrage. Damages, compensation (رئاوان).
- P. A. هرجنس har-jins, s. Grain of sorts.
- P. هرچند har-chand, adv. Howmuchsoever, howsoever, although. harchandki, Notwithstanding, although.
- P. هرچه باداباد harchi bād-ā-bād, Lot what will happen.
- ह. اول الله hirdawal, (हदावत्ते) s. m. Name of a defect in horses. It is a feather or curling lock of hair on the breast (immediately behind the fore legs, which is reckoned unlucky for the rider.
- frivolous. s. m. Trifles, bagatelles. hasza-khwān, Reading or repeating nonsense. harsa-dau-i, s. f. Running about without reason. harza-kār, Trifler. hersa-kosh, Labouring nonsense. harza-gard, A gossip, gadder. harzagard-i, s. f. Gossiping, going about on trifling subjects, gadding. harza-go, Talking nonsense, an idle talker, foolish prater. harzago-ī, The talking nonsense, absurd talk.
- عرسا على hursā (घषे r. घूष Rub, grind) s. m. A stone on which sandal wood is ground.
- ه. هوفاليوڙي har fāle'ūṛī or harfāle'oṛē, s. f. (dakh.) See هربهاريوڙي harphārewri: called, also, chillimillie or chiramellie, the country gooseberry.
- P. 8, 5, a harkara, (from a Every, and , Business) s. m. A running footman, a courier. A spy, emissary. Mes-. [haryiz nahin, Never. senger.
- P. Sa har-giz, adv. Ever, always.
- المركاة har-gah, adv. See المركب hargāh, under po har.

- A. A. harim, adj. Old, decrepit. s. m. Mind, understanding, intellect. Pyramid of Egypt.
- A. John hurmus, n. prop. The isle of Ormuz in the Persian Gulf. Name of a king of Persia who reigned A. D. 272. The planet Jupiter.
- A. هرمزی hirmizī, s. f. Name of a red earth used in painting doors, etc.
- H. Lange harmushta, adj. Stout, robust, active. A wicked man.
- المرمشتي harmushii, s. f. Robustness, strength. Thick-headedness.
- عرن الله haran or hiran, (हिंगि) s.m.
  A deer or antelope, hart, buck, stag.
- s. m. Theft, plunder, removing, taking away by force: subtraction: the hand. haran-dukh, Taking away or dissipating grief or trouble.
- buck. male antelope. (हरण r. ह Take) v. a. To seize on, take by force, To steal, spoil, plunder, take away.
- H. Lind harnā, s. m. A pommel (of a saddle). Thurnā, v. a. To beat down (as paviers).
- a creeping herb which grows in the rainy season. (Its leaves resemble an antelope's hoof; hence its name. hiran ho jānā, v. n. To flee, take to one's heels.
- a. أونوتا harnauṭā or hirnauṭā, (हरिण)

  a. m. A fawn, a young deer.
- عرنی ه harni or hirni, (हरिणी) s. f. A doe, hind.
- عرواً على المعروة الم
- هرواها على har-wāhā, s. m. A ploughman.
- A. 8, w thirra, s. f. A female cat.

- P. Liab, har-haft, adj. Adore dressed. es. m. A narcissus.
- s. か hari, (表代) s. m. A name Vishņu. ¶ har-ī (ぬ Plough) s Contribution of assistance by Ryutu ploughing the fields of Zamīndārs.
- المريا هريا haryā or hars'ā or heriyā, هريا (dakh.) Green: see
- عريالا على hariyālā, (see إهرا adj. V dant, green, grassy.
- s. f. Greenness, freshness, verdu grass: (dakh.) hare'ālī, A species fine soft creeping grass, esteemed heartiest food for cattle, Agroe linearis; the name, also, of anoth species of this valuable grass.
- عرياول ع hariyāwal, s. f. m. Verdu
- pottage, made of bruised wheat bal to a consistency; to which they a meat, butter, cinnamon, and arous herbs.
- عريل & hariyal, s. m. A green pige (Columba hurriala). The comm Indian bee-eater.
- s. Line harila, adj. Verdant, green. coward, a runaway.
- H. مريوا hariwa, s. m. A paroquet,
- Name of a nut (myrobalan); an on mental tassel resembling that from (長尾) s. m. Bilboes, the stocks.

  har, interj. (dakh.) Sound used drive away a dog.
- H. هراهری harā-hurī, ع.f. (dal Hurry, precipitation, ignorance.
- fused, to hurry: (dakh.) to start or awake from a troubled dream aloop. To rumble (the bowels).

- שׁרָינֶים harbar-i, s. f. Hurry, slarm, uproar, riot, disorder, hastiness, hubbub.
- H. مرتبريا harbariyā, adj. Easily agitated, irritable, hasty.
- H. هڙپ کرنا harp k., v. a. To-gulp down. To embezzle.
- هرتال hartāl, s. (dakh.) See هرتال
  - H. Widh hur-dangā, adj. Turbulent.
    s. m. Noise, uproar. A quarrel, row.
    A dance. [A gadabout.
  - H. هرانكى hur-dangi, s. f. Turbulence.
  - kind of drum in form like an hourglass (generally played on by the bearers). The growl of a tiger when springing on his prey.
  - া. ্ৰাট্ট harak, (ওালেকা) Hydrophobia.
  - Hankering, craving. [door.
- a. とな hurkā, (長夏郡) s. en. Bar of a
- ترسانا) To discourage, deter. To drive away, turn out. haṛkāi, adj. Mad. Impatient. haṛknā, v. n. To fret, pine.
- A place where bones are laid. A family vault.
- to shiver; to crash, to rattle. ¶

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- bird called the thousand; s. A bird called the thousand voices. hazār-pā, s. m. A scolopendra, a centipede, a venomous reptile. hazār-chashma, s. m. A cancer (disease). hazār-khāna, Honey-comb tripe. hazār-dāstān or -dastān, A nightingale. hasāron men, In public. hasār gā'īda or -mekh-ī, A common strumpet, harridan.
- p. المنارا hazār-ā, s. m. A double flower, esp. the double poppy. A

- fountain. A divided stream or jet d'esu (like that of a watering-pan).
- P. هزاران hasār-ān, s. Thousands, a thousand; a nightingale; a term used in the game of نرد nard. [sandth.
- P. ع. هزاروان hasār-wān, adj. Thou-
- P. hazār-hā, Thousands, by thousands.
- of a thousand. s. m. Commander of a thousand. A harlot's son. hazārī bazārī, Soldiers and tradesmen, high and low, people of all sorts, common people.
- A. اهران hazzāl, adj. (superl. of هزال )

  Very jocose; s. m. A droll, buffoon.
- A. هزير hizabr or hizbar, s. m. A lion, adj. Thick, great, strong.
- pleasantries, buffoonery. Obscene language (fohsh bāten). Nonsensical talk. hazl-go, An idle talker.
- A. هزليات hasliyāt, s. plur. Jokes, jests, nonsensical talk, fiddlefaddle.
- A. مزم hazm, s. Putting to flight (an army), flight.
- A. هرم hyzīmat, (هرم) s.f. Flight, dispersion, rout, defeat. hazīmat khānā, To be defeated.
- P. 8372 hazhdah, adj. Eighteen.
- P. who hast, s. f. Being, existence.
- B. فستنى hastini, (हस्तिनी) s. f. A description of woman, the worst of the four classes: see under پدمنی padmani. A female elephant.
- entity, world, life. Worth, merit (asal). Abe! teri hasti kyā hai? What is your origin.

- H. Kund hiskā, s. m. Imitation, copying. Contention, rivalry, competition, emulation. hiskā karnā, To copy, imitate, ape, vie (with).
- H. هسکی hiskā-hiskī, s. f. Mutual emulation or rivalry.
- B. dasli, s. m. The collar-bone, clavicle. A collar (of gold or silver, &c.) worn round the neck as an ornament.
- H. Limb hasiya, s. m. A reapinghook.
- s. m. Understanding, care, attention, study. (dakh.) interj. Used (sound) in driving away birds, &c.
- P. Light. hasht, adj. (AF) Eight. hasht-pahlū, or hasht-manzar-ī, adj. Octangular. (H. aṭh-pahlu Octangular. H. aṭh-konī).
- Wrestling and boxing. Fight. Jostling.
- P. هشتم hasht-um,
- P. مشتمی hasht-um-i, خطآ. Eighth.
- P. مشتمین hasht-um-in, J
- H. Likha hushkālnā, v.a. (dakh.) To halloo (set the dogs on), incite, rouse (a deer).
- adj. Intelligent, prudent, acquainted, cautious, alert, watchful, awake, in senses, abstinent, sober; (be) cautious! take care! hūshyār karnā, To make acquainted, to caution, put on one's guard, to rouse.
- P. هشيارى hushyār-ī (contract. of هوشيارى) s. f. Prudence, sobriety, vigilance.
- tion. haṣm karnā, To digest. (met.)
  To embezzle. sārā māl hasm kar gayā haṣm-āwar (in medicine) Stomachic.
- A. William hasm-i-yat, s. f. The being digestive, digestiveness.

- P. was haft, (H. sāt)) adj. (s. u A. saba, Lat. sept. Gr. hept, 8e' haft-andām, The name of the gr vein that runs through the arm. h khwan, The seven feasts given Rustam on the seven days in which fought his way to Mazandaran to reloue of Kaikā'ūs. haft-rang-i, Capricious, artful, cunning, versa haft-qalam, Seven sorts of handwri in Persian, or one who writes th seven hands. haft-iqlim, haft-kish: The seven regions, the world. has hasht or haft-hasht (Seven and eig High words, altercation. haft-ha Abuse, language exciting enmity fear, idle talk, &c.
- P. Jüen haftad, adj. Seventy. [tee
- P. مَعْنَدُهُم haft-dah-um, adj. Ber
- P. مُفتم haft-um,
  P. مُفتم huft-um-in,
- P. Link haft-a, s. m. A week; Saturd The seventh day, the sabbath had dost, Slight acquaintance, an inc stant friend. hafte ka din, Saturds
- P. مفدهم hafdahum (for نت دهم adj. Seventeenth.
- H. K. Ka hakkā-bakkā, a d j. Confu (when any thing is to be dot aghast.
- عالنا همالنا على hakālnā, v. s. (dakh.) Todri drive sway, drive on : see
- H. Wa haklā, adj. Stuttering, st mering. s. m. A stammerer.
- H. UKA haklānā, v. n. To stemi stutter, falter.
- H. Walka haklāhā, s. m. A stamm stutterer.
- H. Lilla hakalnā, v. n. (dakh) To s

hagās, (الله hagnā from hag rith الله Desire) s. f. Inclingo to stool, tenesmus. هكاسى hagās-ī-baṭṭaṭā, A restless

hagānā, (causal of LLA) v. a. ie to go to stool.

agnā, (r. 長氏 Evacuate feces)
To go to stool, to evacuate
o dung, ease oneself.

to which people repair to ease ves, ten acres, back ground. Anus.

hagwān, s. Flux. See Like hagorā, s. m. One who goes to peatedly. s. f. hajori.

u, (हल) s.m. A plough. haltiller, a ploughman. hal joinā, igh.

noise, tumult. Assault, onset., v. a. To make a noise. To with a rush (humla k). To work, a trade. kar hallā jo bhare pallā, vith a will, your lap you'll fill. adj. Domesticated, tame. hilā, micable, attached. s. m. Slime-

ullā, s. (dakh.) Name of an ast nut, yellow or chebulic myrosee a. المرا المرا harrā.

estruction, ruin, slaughter, adj. Lost, destroyed, fatigued. karnā, To destroy, distress, la halāk honā, kill, la halāk honā, killed, to perish, be tired.

- destruction. Homicide, manslaughter. Death, execution. [tive.
- 4. ملاكو halāk-ū, adj. Deadly, destruc-
- ملاکی halāk-ī, s. f. Perdition, ruin, destruction.
- A. Jab hilāl (Ja) s.m. The new moon, crescent, the first and last two or three days of the moon.
- A.P. all hilal-i, s.f. A kind of arrow. A segment of a circle. adj. Relating to the new moon. n. prop. Name of a poet.
- H. Ula hilānā, v. a. (or, dakh. halāna, causal of Ula) To move, stir, to shake, to agitate. To familiarize, to tame.
- s.p. ala halāhil (हलहिल)s.m. Poison (bis). (Often, however, used in the sense of deadly, mortal). A poet describing the eye of his mistress says:

امی ہلاھل مد بھرے سیت شنیام رتنار جیت مرت جھک جھک پرت جنہ جتوت ایکبار

Amī, halāhal, mad bhare, set, shyām, ratnār; jiyat, marat, jhuk jhuk parat, jinh chitawat ek-bār. It is filled with the water of immortality, a deadly poison, and wine; whoever is once exposed to its glances, lives, dies, and staggers like one drunk.

- H. كل چل hal-chal, s. f. Fright, perturbation, hubbub, tumult, (afrā tafrī), anarchy. Stir, bustle. Wavening, unsteadiness.
- a. هلاي haldī, (हिंदिन) s. f. Tyrmeric (Curcuma longa). haldī lagī na phat-karī (Dyers) Without cost, net gain or profit. ambī-haldī, s. (dakl.) Curcuma zedoaria or turmeric-coloured zedoary.
- ياني haldiā, (हारिद्र) s. m. A kind of poison. The jaundice. A class of merchants. adj. Yellow.

- H. La haldā, s. (dakh.) A knob.
- علدًا. على haldā, s. (dakh.) Ink nut. bālhaldā, Small ink nut.
- H. "La hullar, s. m. Alarm, tumult, noise, uproar, commotion, bustle, disturbance, riot. A crowd (انبوه)
- g. lilula hulsānā, (causal of lilula from उल्लास) v. a. To cheer, rejoice delight, exhilarate, glad. To inspire hope. To stir up, excite, stimulate. hulsā hulsā ke larwā diyā.
- ब्र. Limbo hulasnā (उल्लासन or from उद्घास to cheer) v. n. To be rejoiced, pleased, delighted.
- H. Kla halkā, adj. (ਲਬ light) Opp. of
- bhārī, See الرجها and الربي Light (in weight or character), not heavy, debased, mean, silly, easy, soft, cheap, lowpriced. Halke dāmon kā. Poor, not fertile. Shallow. 8 m all. Trifling. Moderate, low. Depressed (trade). Halkā kām, Ineffectual. Insignificant. Silly. Mean, shabby. halkā phūl, adj. Light as a feather. halka rang, A light colour. halkā h., To become or feel light. To be abated, &c. To be freed from an obligation or responsibility. halki bāt kahnā, To say something unworthy of oneself. halka-pan or halkā-panā, s. m. Lightness, levity, vanity, despicableness. Meanness. halkā jānnā, To disdain, to disesteem. halkā karnā, To lighten (a load), abate, reduce, mitigate (k a m k.), exonerate, ease, assuage, disgrace, debase, depreciate, affront.
- H. U, Wa hulkārnā, v. a. To set on (as a dog on a bull), to instigate, to halloo on.
- ملكي halkan. (هلاكك) adj. Worried, · harassed. Confounded, confused, tired, wearied.
- H. Lills hilaknä, v. n. To writhe or 1. 213 halla (for also) suffer contortions (from affliction ox | seealt; an uprose,

- pain; chiefly applied to children hulakna, v. n. To rush (on), a charge. •
- A aller, or hilkor, or (हिल्लोल) s. f. Agitation, fluctu A wave, a billow.
- (هلكور halkornā, (هولكورنا ع To gather, to collect. To bill wave. Thilkorna, v. a. To agits shake, to gather up, disturb, pe: v. n. To fluctuate, waver.
- क hilkora, (हिल्लोल) Wave, billow, surge.
- H. g. الله ململ جانا hil-mil-jana, or ر hil-mil kar rahnā, v. n.! To be intimate. To be bled together. To live on good to to live in peace.
- H. g. Lilo de hil-milnā, v. n. To together, to be together.
- H. Lilo hilnā. v. n. (dakh. halnī) shake, to waver (dānt hilnā), be m be agitated, move. To exert one to work. To be familiarized, t tamed.
- H. halū, adv. (dakh.) Gently, slo see Lyd haule. halu halu, Prog sively.
- علواها على hal-wāhā, (هل) s.m. A piq
- هاواهي على hal-wāhī, s. f. Tilli ploughing.
- इ. إما halorā, or hilorā, (हिल्लाल) A wave, billow, surge. Unduk An eddy. A swing. [billow, to 1
- ड. المارن hilornā (from हिल्लोल) ए.
- علورى مارنا على hilori mārnā, v. 1 heave, rise (as, the sea).

e. الله halhalānā, (हिंदी Rolling or tossing as in sleep) v. n. To shake (from the effect of an ague, &c.), to tremble. v. a. To shake, to cause to tremble. ¶(dakh. ابد لاعا)

To imprecate, curse.

P. aula halisa, s m An oar.

P. هلیله halela, (dakh. halīla, also halīla-i-kābul-ī) s. m. A species of Myrobalan (Terminalia chebula or Myrobalanus arula).

ham, (अहम् I.) pron plur. (of main) We, us, (often for) I. ham se, (असाभि:) By or from us. ham ko, hamen. Pron. To us, us. ham men, In us. hamā-hamī, s. f. Selfishness, egotism. Force (bārā-jorī).

s. him, (民刊) s. m. (Lat. hyems winter). Snow. The fifth season of the year, comprising Aghan and Pās.

A. hamm, s. m. Grief, care, solicitude, turning a thing anxiously in the mind.

P. ham. conj or adv. Also (bhī), both, even, as well, as, same, likewise, in the same manner, equally. compos.) Together, with, mutual, mutually, similar, same, equal; ham, (In comp.) Fellow, co-. as, ham-aghosh, Embracing, locked in each other's arms. ham-ā ihosh-ī, s. f. Embrace, ham-āwāz, Of the same tone or whice, in unison, harmonious, consonant; agreeing together; a comrade, companion. ham-awaz-i, s. f. Concord, accordance. ham-āhang, Harmonious, concordant. ham-bazm, Of the same society, associating together. hambistar, Sleeping together, cohabit with one lying on the same bed, bedfellow. ham-bistar-i, s. f. The sleeping together, cohabitation. ham-pa, A companion, an attendant. ham palla, adj. (hamwaean). Of the same scale (or side); a partisan. Balanced. Equidis-• tant. hampahli, An equal, peer, partner, spouse adj. Collateral, side by side. hampiyāla, Pot-companion, a chum. ham-piyāla o ham-nivāla, messmate. An intimate friend, a comrade. ham-pesha, adj. Of the same

trade, similar in practice. ham-tarāzā, adj. Of equal weight; equal, matched. ham-sabaq, A class-fellow. ham-jalis, Fellow sitter, an intimate, constant companion. hamjins, Consubstantials, of the same kind or species; homogeneous, congenial: fellow-creature. Kunad hamjins bū ham-jins parwūz. Birds of a feather flock together. hamjins-i, s. f. Consubstantiality, the being of the same kind, relationship. hamjawar, A townsman, a neighbour. hamjoli, An equal, peer, coeval ham-chashm, An equal, coequal, fellow. ham-chashm-i, s. f. Equality, ham-<u>kh</u>āna-gī, The residing together or in the same house, ham-khāna, A fellow-lodger, an inmate, a companion, a spouse. hamkhwāb-a, A bedfellow, a spouse. hamdāstān, Being in the same story. hamdam, in the same net. ham-dabistan, A schoolfellow. ham-dard, A partner in adversity, fellow-sufferer, condoler sympathetical. Tender-hearted hamdard-ī, s. f. Sympathy, fellow-feeling, condolence. ham-dust, A companion, comrade, accomplice; one of equal rank or power. ham-digar, Together, mutual, one with another. ham-dil, Loving, of the same inclination, a friend. ham-dam, adj. Intimate. s. m. f. All intimate, a friend, companion, bosom-friend. ham-dam-i, s. f. Intimate friendship, familiarity. hamdigar, Together, one with another. ham-sut, adj. Of the same nature or kind or caste, consubstantial. ham-rāz, Acquainted with one another's scorets, a contidant, heuce, a wife, spouse, a conspirator. ham-rah adv. With, together (sāth), ham-rikāb, Fellow-rider, \* attendant. ham-ran, adj. Of the same colour or disposition, ham-zād, Of the same age, connate, a twin, together born, a playfellow. A jinn which is said to be produced at the moment of the birth of every child, and to accompany him through life  $(d\vec{n}j\hat{a})$ , ham-zabān, Of the same language, conversing together, hamzulf, A wife's sister's husband: see särhä. ham-sāz, According, unanimous, friendly. ham-sāyu-gī, s. f. Neighbourhood, residing under the same shade. (H. paros). ha.u-sāya, A neighbour, neighbouring (plur. سایگان)، s. m. Neighbourhood.

ham-sabaq;•A class-fellow, ham-su<u>kh</u>an

Conversing, talking together. ham-sar

An equal, a rival, a companion, peer.

comrade, cunsort, wife, husband. ham-

ear-i, Equality, evenness, matching, equalling, rivalry, ham-safar, Fellowtraveller. ham-sufra, A messmate, a companion at table, ham-sing or umr, Of equal or same age, a playfellow. ham-sang, Equal, of the same weight. ham-sinn-i, s. f. Equality of age. ham-shakl, Of the same appearance, alike, resembling. ham-skir, An uterine or foster brother, a sister. ham-shir-a, (S. bahan) A sister. ham-suhbat, Associated, of the same society hameafer, Fellow-whistler, fellow-songster; fellow-sufferer, ham-aer, adj. Contemporary, ham-umr, Of the same age, oceval. ham-indn, A companion, associate, peer, equal. ham-ahd, Coeval, contemporary. ham-qadd, Of equal stature. ham-qadam, A companion, attendant, footman, ham-qaum, One of the same tribe or people. ham-kas-a, A cup-companion, ham-kast, Of the same trade or profession. ham-kufi, Of the same family. ham kalam, Conversing together. ham-kalam-i, s. f. Mutual discourse. ham-kinar, Embracing, embracer. ham-kindr-i, s. f. Em-bracing. ham-majlis, Of the same assembly or party, ham-mag hab, Of the same religion, ham-mashrab, Of the same religion or disposition. hamma"ni, Of the same meaning, synonimous. ham-maktab, A school-fellow. ham-nām, A namesake, of the same name, cognominal, ham-nasl, Of the same breed, ham-nishin, A companion ham-nafa, Fellow, companion. adj. In concord (music), harmonious. hamnancila, A messmate, ham-reasa, Of the same weight. ham-wafan, A followcountryman, compatriot. ham-waten-i. The being of the same country.

- P. Lab hume, s m. An eagle, a phoenix, a hird of paradise. A bird of happy omen, peculiar to the East. (It is supposed that every head it overshadows will in time wear a crown). (Comp. legend of Tarquin). See Lake ange.
- P. a. همانمی hamatami, f. s. (dakh.)
  Contest, competition, equality, rivalry;
  peo هم سری nuder r. هه ham.
- a. أنهمارا به ham-ārā, (अहम् प्र) pron. possens. pkur (al مين main) (अस्माकस्) Ours, our, of ms.

- you, we two, both of us. Everyb (slang) Fag rag and bob tail.
- equal, resembling, contemporary compade, associate
- പ്രിക്ക himālaya, (हिमालव (

Cold, frost, snow, and SIEU Ab s. m. Name of the snowy rang mountains, which bounds India to north.

- P. U.Ab hamānā, s. m. The opini imagination. adj. Like, resemb adv. Immediately, suddenly; dif the same thing repeated, as be again.
- Queen Houfai. huma'i, adj. Of huma; fortunate.
- المايري humā-yān, adj. Fortus
- (bahādurī), enterprise, mind, intition, resolution, bravery, liberal courage, magnanimity, purps design. Anthority, power, ability
- e. Liab ham-ta, adj. Equal, alike.
- e. همذاکی ham-td-i, s. f Likene equality, parity.
- himmat-wita, ) همت والا
- A.F. همتی himmat-i, High-minded, liberal, brave, daring.
- P. قاممة ham-rai, {

  P. قاممة ham-rai, }

  Road) s. m. A fellow-traveller (

  plur. ممرهان) adv. With, tog

  with, along with.
- velling, companionship, companionship, companionship, companionship, companion, somewhat.

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- mark (\*). One-eighth of a seer. Hamza bhar ghi, nuqtā bhar ātā. (Fac.) A hamza weight of ghi and half a seer of flour. (In a c c o unt s the hamza stands for } of a seer and the dot for half a seer). Marking a letter with hamza.
- walk (as a child), to make spasmodic efforts at walking. To assault, to stretch forward.
- P. همكي hama-gi, adj. The whole, all.
- A. pad himam, s. f. plur. of himmat.
- P. ham-wār, adj. Even (barābar), level, smooth. hamwār karnā, To level, smooth; break in, train.
- P. همواره hamnvāra, adj. Always, ever.
- hamwar-i, s. f. Evenness, levelness, flatness, smoothness.
- P. And hama, adj. All, together, the whole, every one. hama-tan, adv. with all one's heart and soul. hama-dān, Knowing every thing, experienced, wise, all-wise, omniscient. Well-versed. hama-dān-ī, s. f. Omniscience. hamā sifat mausūf, adj. Possessing every good quality. bā-īn-hama, Withal, whereas.
- P. همیان hamyān or himyān, s. A purse, long purse.
- P. همیانی hamyānī or hamiyānī, s. f.
   A purse, (thailī).
- P. همیش hamesh, adv. (dakh.) See همیشه [perpetuity.
- P. همیشکی hamesha-gi, s. f. Liternity,
- incessantly (sadā), perpetually. hame-sha kū, Eternal.
- e. همین hamen, (अहम् I) prov. plur.\*
  in the objective case, Us, to us.
- بع. مملی ham-in, Even this, this very.

- H. La hun, s. (青甲 gold) (A pagoda).
- A coin: See н. ф hùn.
- U. هذالي hunāli, s. f. Name of a plant.
- a true method. A mason's rule, a plumb-line, a level, &c.
- A. P. Jia hind, (Hindustan) s. m. India, Ilindostan; an India. Hindustanis tānī, adj. Belonging to India, Indian. s. f. The language of India.
- hindbā, (Arab. hindabā or hindibā or hindubā) s. m. Namo of a white seed, endive. (Cichorium endivia). See كاسنى kāsnī.
- P. هندستان hindustān, B. na Seo المندستان hindū-slān.
- Pers. اندازه) s.m. Geometry, figures, arithmetic. handasa-dān, Geometrician, arithmetician, accountant.
- P. H. هندنی hind-inī, s. f. An Indian woman
- negro, a black Arabian, Indian, or Ethiopian, a native of India who observes the precepts of the Veds, &c. A Gentoo. (Plur. Jih hunād, Gentoos). (met.) A mole or lock (of a mistress). Hinduānī, Mah. adj. After the fashion of Hindus.
- P. هندوانه hinduwāna or hinduwāna, s.m. A watermelon.
- H. هندورنا hindornā, v. a. To ppddle.
- P. هندو Indian, هندو الله Indian, الله الله Indian, الله Place) s. m. India (particularly applied to the upper provinces).
- P. هندوستانی hiadūstān-ī, adj. Of hindūstān; s. f. the dialect or common language of Hindustan.
- A.P. هندوی hindā-ī. (or هندوی hindui) adj. Indian. s.f. Blackness (of the bair, &o.).

- A.P. هندى hind-i, adj. Indian, relating to India.
- g. प्रांक hind (perhaps, from r. हिंड Go, move), s. f. (dakh.) Crowd, throng.
- caldren, a large earthen pot or boiler.

  (Sile) A grass found on the banks of tanks and jhils. It produces a little red flower. handā phornā, v. a. (lit. To break the pot) To disclose a secret, to let the cat out of a bag. handā ke, To offer many earthen pots full of sweetmeats to a god. To give a great feast after one's return from a pilgrimage.
- ا بهای hundā bhārā, s. m. Contraction of goods, including the payment of duties.
  - ת. אינין). hundar, s. m. A wolf. (بهڙيا).
  - اراً. الله hindara, s. (dakh.) Company. crowd, flock, throng. See منت hind.
  - H. Libin handana, v. a. To banish, to expel, to drive out of a city, to disgrace (by public punishment). To move round. (hundiyān.
  - هنڌيان see هنڌاون ع
  - •এ منڌول hindol (हिन्दोल) Name of a rāg, or musical mode, sung in the morning of spring.
  - swing, a cradle, A merry-go-round. A song describing the swing, and sung during that exercise in the rainy season.

irom हंड to collect. s. f. A bill of exchange, draft, cheque. Hundi bhejna, To make a payment by a bill. Hundi k., To draw a bill or cheque. hundi-wal, An exchange merchant.

- s. هندى handi (for हंडी or हंडिव s.f. A small earthen pot (for boil meat, &c.). A relish.
- ان منڌيا هنڌيا هنڌيا علي الله handiyā, s. (dakh.) See
- عندّیان. hundiyān, s. m. Exchange price paid for a bill of exchange, r of exchange. Discount.
- (fan), excellence in any art, atument, ingenuity, cleverness, virt means, hunar-mand, or hunar-mark, Clever, skilful, ingenious, her mand-i, s. f. Skilfulness, be-hununskilful, awkward.
- s. dans, (言民) s. m. A duck goose, a swan. (met.) Life, soul. ha gamani or hans yaucani, adj. Walk gracefully as the swan (a woman).
- Laughing, laughter.
- g. limis hansanā (हासन or calse. limis) v. a. To cause to laugh, tickle, to please.
- عنسانا) s. Ridicule, food for laughter.
- springs up on brick walls during a rains (Rohi/khand), used medicinal known in the Do'ab by the name pareshāwashān; maiden hair: also, name of a kind of rice.
- H. dimid hansli, s. f. (当民司)

  collar-bone, clavitle. A collar gold or silver, &c.) worn round neck as an ornament. hansli utar j v. n. To be dislocated (one's cubone).
- a. هنسنگ hans-mukh, (غنسمگه laugh, and مگو Face) adj. Chee smiling, pleasant, merry, laugh jolly, jovial, blithsome.
- laugh, deride. To laugh at. To laugh be merry. To jest or firt To be in jest, not earnest.

- וו. haisū'ā, s. m. A sicklo.
- lar, cheerful; (subst.) A wag. hansor-pan, s. m. Facetiousness.
- Sport, fun, mirth, laughter, laugh, ridicule, derison, hansi mon le jana, To take as a joke, hansi khushi, adv. Gladly, hansi men urana, v. a. To turn off with a joke.
- H. Limin hansiyā, s. m. A sickle.

hān karni, yes.

- s. Kin hunkār, (黃南江) s. m. Cry, e. l, Kin hunkārā, outcry, a lar m, uttering the sound hun to terrify, or as a mystical monosyllable. Cont. of
- s. dia hankār, (克和尺) s. m. Cry, outery, bawling, calling. Driving, driving away.
- to call, to halloo after to brave. To drive, drive away, expel.
- H. Lie hunaknā, v. n. To weep, sob. Tamām din hunaktā hī rahtā hai.
- P. Sim hang, s. m. Understanding, wisdom, power.
- 8. ding or hingu, Assafortida:
- see هينگ (period.
- P. plid hangām, s. m. Season, time,
- P. L. Lib hangāma, s. m. An assembly, a crowd. Tumult, uproar, riot, sedition, an affray, disturbance, disorder. Assault. hangāma-ārā, adj. Exciting tumult. hangāma-pardāz, adj. Tumultuous. hangāma karnā, To raise a disturbance, to riot. hangāma-gir, adj. Tumultuous. &c. [ephemoral.
- hangām-ī, adj. Temporal,
- H. Lingun, s. (dakh.) A kind of forest fruit. A sort of firework, a rocket with a small staff. [Hindus.
- ا اهندی handd, s. plur. (of هنود الله) The
- hanoz or hanāz, adv. Yet, hitherto, still (ab tak). hanoz dillī dur

hai prov. (lil. Dilli is still far off) is used to express that the conclusion of an affair is distant. (It's a far cry to London). Hanoz roz-i-awwal hai, prov. It is still the first day (You, have made no progress.).

- B. منوسان hanāmān, (हन्मान or हन्-मान्) s. m. A monkey. The name of the monkey who headed Rāma's forces against Rāvaņa. [Neighing.
- H. هنهنات hinhinā!, s. f. (dakh.)
- म. liui hinhinānā, v. n. (हेप) To
- name of God. hū kū ālam. A desert plain (where no being but God exists). A howling wilderness. huwa huwa, Exactly. [Ho! I say!
- s. ho, (記) A vocative particle.
- a. ba hawā, (هوي ) s. f. Lust, desire, carnal desire. Love, affection. Wind, either, air, atmosphere. An arial being, spirit, fiend. The space between heaven and earth. Flight. Credit, good name. hawā urānā or chhornā, v. n. To pass wind, to fart. hawā urnā, To be promulgated. hawā bāndhkar jānā, To be promulgated. hawā bāndhkar jānā, To beat to windward. To sail against the wind. hawā batānā, To reject one's petition. disappoint. To put off

hawā bandhnā, هوا بندهنه To appear To to a name, hawa bandi karnā, To build castles in the air. To calumniate. havā-parast, Vajn, j fickle, giddy, volatile. hawā phirnī, To change condition, hava chalna, To blow (wind). hawā chhurāna, To break wind. hawa-khwah, A friend, wellwisher, lover. hawā-khwāh-ī, s. f. Good-will, friendship. havā-o-hirs, Covotousness, envy, greedintss. hawādār, adj. Airy. s. A lover hawā-dār-ī, s. f. Airiness, love, affection. havazadu-nī, A disedse so called, cold, catarrh. hawas se būt karnā, To rival the wind in speed, havi so larnige (to quarrel with the wind) implies a readiness to quarrel, hawā khānā. To take the air. To walk about idly. hawā ke babile phornā, To build castles in the air. hawa-yir, A rocket-maker. hawā-o-hawas. Lust, concupiscence, sensuality, luxury, vanity, ambition. hawā ho jānā, To scamper off, vanish, disappear. [a hobgoblin.

- H. hauwā, s. m. A bugbear, bugaboo,
- ع. المونا hū'ā, past part. or tenso (of المونا)
  Become, became, was.
- مامة hawamm, s. m. plur. (of هام from هام) Reptiles, insects, serpents.
- A. هوای hawān, (from هوای) Contempt, insignificancy, misery, distress.
- and returned. To have gone to hiyā'o.
- hiwā'o, s. m. Courage. See
  - A. P. هواکی hanrā'ī, s. f. A skyrocket. adj. Aerial, airy, windy, in the air; vain.
  - A. P. موجه hū ba-hū, adj. (Cor. of A. huā huā). Quite, perfectly, exactly. precisely (jon kā ton).
  - Ability, means. Prosperity, good circumstances. Wealth. hot sã ban pun k. Hot ki jot hai, Prov. Where wealth is, light is. (Money makes the mare to go). [one at a distance.
  - H. a hot, interj. of calling to some
  - H. هوتا hotā, (होता or (होञी) s. m.
    A priest who at a sacrifice invokes the god, and recites the prayers of the Rig Veda.
  - هوتاً على hotā, (هوتا) s. m. Wealth.
    - and going. هوتا جاتا and going.
    - a. H. هوتا رهيگا hotā rahegā, An expression used in reply to terms of abuse; implying that "what you have "said of me is applicable to yourself."

      Mir says:—

تو يوں كالياں غير كو شوق سے ديے هوتا رهيگا تو هوتا رهيگا تو هوتا رهيگا تو هوتا رهيگا تو په ميل تو هوتا رهيگا تو په ميل تو هوتا رهيگا له په په ميل تو هوتا رهيگا تو په ميل تو هوتا رهيگا تو په ميل تو هوتا رهيگا تو په ميل تو په م

Give this abuse, if you please, to so ther person; what you say of me recoil on yourself.

- adv. In the be during, in the presence. hete hot;, Gradually. hote-par, (dakh.) Yei, withstanding, however.
- e. عول hot, } (or dakh. hat) a.

  a. موته hoth, } The lip. See
- e. هوجانا ho-jānā, v. n. To have pened, to become.
- A. H. هوچکنا ho-chuknā, v.n. T
- A. Some hander, small tank. A litter (used or elephant or camel, in which Aralladies travel), an open scat on an phant. [rect,
- P. عرف hūda, (in compos.) Truth,
- become. ho-rahnā, v. n. To
- هورى هورى الله hori, s. f. Samo as هورى
- headstrong. Ignorant, sensek [Boat er s
- لتى hori, s. f. (dakh. هوڙي Tel. هوڙي
- lust, concupiscence. Ambition. Cusity. Inordinate appetite or del hawas pākānā, To desire impropt to be vainly or absurdly ambiti hawas hāī, adj. Lustful.
- هوسكنا .s. ho-saknā, y. n. To be post
  - Understanding, judgment, discre (budh), sense. Mind, soul. hosh hosh bākhta, or parāyanda h, hosh rahnā, hosh dang h. To be confour To lose one's senses. To be sense hosh-o-hawās, s.m. Sense and us standing hosh-pakarnā, or sambh To recollect, get sense. hosh men To come to one's self, to recover senses. be-hosh, adj. Without m standing (a child). In a faint. It cated, stupetied. Delirious. Dead hosh k., v. s. To stupety.

- hosh-mand, adj. Intelligent prudent, sensible. [gence, wisdom.
- P. هرشمندی hosh-mand-i, s. f. Intelli-
- hoshang, n. prop. Name of the second king of Persia, of the Peshdadiyan dynasty. [lectual.
- P. هوشي hosh-i, adj. Intelligent, intel-
- Intelligent, attentive, cautious, prudent careful, discreet, alert, awake, conscious, wakeful, watchful, accurate, clever, sensible. Knowing. In one's senses. hoshyār rahnā. To keep watch, look out. hoshyār k, To warn, put one on his guard. hoshyār h., To become sensible.
- P. هوشياری hosh-yār-ī or hūsh-yār-ī,
  B. f. Sobriety, &c.
- shooting pain, twitch. A cry of pain. hāk kāk kar ronā, To weep with subbing, or with repeated burstings forth.
- н. Вы haukā, в. т. Supidity, covetousness, greediness, profitless desire.
- هوكي hoke, (هونا) adv. Through, by.
- hūl, s. f. A thrust (as with the point of a sword), stab, an attack. hūl denā, v. a. To goad, thrust, push, drive, impel, urge.
- A. Jab haul, s. m. Terror, horror.

  Greatness, grandeur, power. haul-dil,
  Pelpitation. Terrified. Hypochondriac affection, melancholy. hauldil-ā, Terrified at heart. A coward.
  haul-zada, Terrified, aghast. haul-nāk,
  Frightful, terrible, &c.
- #. ১৯ holā, (होलक) s.m. The chickpea having been parched in the podA large and flat-bottomed boat.
- holā or hūlā, s. m. (dakh.) Hail:
  عود الله الموالة ال
- هول haulā, s. me Terror: see هوا
- H. b holar, s. m. (রেলেজ) A child in the womb. A new-born babe. A class of songs sung at a birth.

- H. ந்த hūlaṛ, s. m. Tumult, uproar, alarm, disturbance.
- H. Lipa hūlnū, v. a. To goad, to thrust, to push, to drive (an elephant), rush upon, attack.
- H. holū, s. f. Fried spiced gram.
- e de holi, (होलाका) s.f. The great festival held at the approach of the vernal equinox in honour of the goddess Horkā. The song which is sung during the festival. The pile of fuel prepared for burning the Holi. holī khelnā. To throw abīr and gulāl on one another in the Holi festival.
- haule, (perhaps, from عولے haule, (perhaps, from عولے haulā)-adv. Gently, slowly. (مَالَّهُ الْمُعَلَّمُ haulā, s. f. A liquor shop.
- هولينا ع ho-lenā, v.n. To be completed.
- A kind of burnt-offering, the Hindu sacrificial offerings inculcated in the Vedas, the casting of clarified butter, &c into the sacred fire as an offering to the gods, accompanied with prayers or invocations, according to the object of the sacrifice.
- s. مومنا hom.na, v. a. To perform the sacrifice of the hom.
- hūn, s m. A coin, called also
- \* hūn, (荒田 or 刘可 or 刘可 adv.

  Too, also [bhī), yes, well, very, exactly. hūn land yes. To assent to. To urge camels. Hun intj. Humph. Down with him! lay on! Lt may be, also, an interj. of anger or of aversion.
- 보 hūn, (s. asmī, p. am, Lāt, sum.)
  (I) am. ¶ haun or hon (for main.)
  댓흥) (in Braj) I am.
- 8. के hawan, (हबून r. हुं sacrifice)
  8. m. Sacrifice, oblation. क हुण hāṇ, s. m. A barbarian.
- g. Uph honā, (भवन भू) P. būdan to be v.n. To be, to exist, to become to

belong, to have, to serve, to answer, to accrue, result, to come, come to pass, to do, to be done, to stand, desist, stop, die s. m. The being or To be born, come into becoming. To succeed. To be over, existence. come to an end. To be with menses. To discharge semen. honā na honā, s. m. Existence and non-existence, to be or not to be, hon har, Approaching, impending, imminent. Promising.

honī, s. f. What is to be, destiny, ho-baithna, To declare or profess oneself. To have the menses. ho jānā, v. n. (ho chuknā) To become, befall. To be possessed by an evil To come to an end, to be finished, done up. ho chuknā, To be all over with one, to die. Bachchā hochukā. To be one's slave, to stick to Tum hamāre ho na ho, ham tundare ho chuke. Prov. Be ye my own or not, I am already yours. ho rahnā, v. n. To abide, stay, remain. Wahin kā ho rahā. ho saknā, To be possible. ho-kar rahnā, To be inevitable. ho-ke, adv. Through, via, under the care of. ho guzarnā, To come to pass. To be done, to be over. ho lena, To be comploted. To stick to a place. ho nikalna, To pass, pass by. ho na ho. It must be so, necessarily, right or wrong. huā so huā. Let bygones be bygones. hotā jātā hai, Is becoming, in course of preparation. hotā rahegā, It will fall or recoil on you. hote, adv. During, while. hoti āi hai, It has always been so from the beginning. hote par, During possession, while. hote sote, Wom, s. m. Relations, kinsfolk (parwar). Apne hote soton ko koso! Hote huite, adv. In the state of being, having, or paraching. Lossessing a competency. hoegā, It must, shall, or will be.

- a. هونت hont, s. m. (dakh.) honit-ān-chābnā, To bite the lips: to fear, to repent.  $\P h\bar{u}nt$ , See بنام اونت
- a. هونگه honth, (到夏) s. m. The lip.
- ي. هوندي hon h-i, s. m. The bit of a "bridle.
- الهوس hauns or hons, (Arab. هونس الله hauns or hons) ห. f.o Desire, wish, covetousness: ( P. عداست hayūsū, s. m. want, ambition, lust: אפני שלאין

- hairas. hauns karnā, To desir imitate. To rival, compete wit
- H. Dear de Luisna, v. n. To bear
- huns, An evil eye (tok) Huns se ris Bhali. Prov. Em is better than envy. Nagar.
- H. Wish honkna or haunkna, v. pant, puff and blow, breathe ha
- عونهار ع honhār or haunhūr adj. What is to happen. F fensible, hopeful. honharl chikne chikne pat, A proverh to a promising child.
- ه. مونهارا هونهارا honhērā, adj. (dakh.) to be : see مونهار
- الا ي hone-wali, adj
- hamī, s. f. Desire, love, tion, will, wish (good or bad).
- P. هويدا huwaida, acij. Clear, m evident, open.
- P. hai, interj. Alas! strange derful! hai hai, Alas, alacka
- B. D he, (हें) A vocative parti (are). ¶ hai. (haizā), Is.
- عی هی hi or hiyā, ) (हद् or हद
- a. اهيا hiyū, mind, soul, life. (h ye la undha ing sense).
- ह. के hi (हि) emphatic athx Very, exactly, even, indeed, tru solely. Do hi üe. Only two cam
- A. هيأت hai'at, (هيأت B f Astronomy, the at the heavens. Face, outware figure, countenance, aspect, ميات مجموعي hai'ut-i-

Collective form or mass; coll

- عناو على hiyā-o (夏口 Heart) s. m. Courage, spirit, bravery. hiyā-o-parnā. To make bold, venture, dare. See hivā-o.
- perturbation, panio, horror, dread, awe. Respect, gravity, authority. hāi bat dikhlānā, To appal, terrify. haibat-sada, Aghast, appalled. haibat-nāk, Frightful, terrible, dreadful, awful.
- الله heih, adv. (अ曰: low) Below, down, under.
- heth-ā, adj. Indolent, pusillanimous, cowardly, low, inferior.
  hethā-pun, s. m. Cowardice.

  s. f. Disgrace, dishenour. ¶ hīthā,
  s. m. A person appointed to take
  care of the standing crops: see
- A. Land haijā, s. War, battle, conflict.
- of dust or bodies of men or of anger; exciting of anger, tumult, or war; excitation, commotion. Getting into motion. Ebullition. Passion vehemence.
- স. টিকটে hijrā, s. m. (हিजडा) A species of eunuch. A harmaphrodite. See দিকট hijrā. (met.) adj. Pusillanimous, unmanly.
- good for nothing (pāch). Shallow, superficial. Any, any thing. hech-kār-a, adj. Useless, good for nothing. hech-ma-dān, adj. Ignorant, knowing nothing.
- Essence, elemental part. Pith, energy, vigour. adj. Essential, pure. (dakh.) See hirā. The inner portion, just under the bark, the blea.
- M. من hīr, n. prop. Hero, the celebrated mistress of Leander, called by the Indians المناه rānjhā.

- adamant. Hire ki parakh jauhari jāne, True diamond the jeweller knows. A bead made of the tulsi, worn by Bairāgis. adj. Good, virtues, Woh to hīrā ādmī hai. Hīrā khānā, To commit suicide by swallowing a diamond. hīrā, kashish (diamond attraction: in dakh.) Copperas, green copperas green vitriol, salt of steel, vitriol of iron, martial vitriol, sulphate of iron.
- قدراً بهدى الله herā pherī, (explained by كرد و كشت) s. f. Strolling about, walking about.
- H. هيرامن hīrāman, s. m. A kind of paroquet. (Paittacus).
- חבלו. hīrānā, s. Manuring a field by penning a herd of cattle or flock of sheep in it.
- a. هير پهير her-pher, s. Turning, winding. A labyrinth, maze. A change difference. Exchange, barter. her rher ki bāten, s. f. Tergiversation.

  See هير پهيري herā-pheri.
- H. Undehernā, v. a. To look after, observe, see. To search for, to hunt, chase, pursue, to catch, stop.
- H. هيرًا herā, s. m. (dakh.) Flesh, meat :
- H. A hunter (aheri).
- P. مان his, adj. Pusillanimous: (dakh. also) impotent, effeminate. s. m. Anhermaphrodite. (dakh.) A catamite. his-hamle (dakh.) A braggadonio, cowardly swaggering fellow. هيز صاد hiz-malla (dakh.) See
- P. مليزم hezam, s. m. Firewood. hezamfarosh, A wood-merchant. hezam-kash, A woodman, or woodcutter.
- P. אבלנא hezhdah, adj. Eighteen. See אבלנא hazhda. [flux and vomit.
- A. منيعه haişa, s. m. Cholort morbus

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- s bad taste or flavour. A bad smell, as from goat's milk, etc. Sickness at the stomach, qualm. Disgust.
- thekar, adj. (dakh.) Block-head, booby, dolt, ninny, simpleton.

  (hekar-khān) strong, robust. Of full weight or measure. hekrī, s. f. Force, power, authority. [pidity, folly.
- u. هيكتاگى hekr-āgī, s. f. (dakh.) Stu-A. هيكل haikal, s. f. Any great building, a palace, a temple. An ornament
  - ing, a palace, a temple. An ornament worn round the neck (of man and beast); an amulet or other talismanic inscription worn suspended from the neck, to ward off any apprehended harm or calamity. (The entire Coran itself written in characters so extremely small that it exceeds not the size of a dollar, if round; or two square inches, if four cornered, and then inclosed in a gold or silver box, is sometimes worn in the same way by the superstitious as a remedy for the palpitation of the heart). A figure, face, form, stature or shape of body, appearance, person.
- H. ميل hel, s. f. A basket full of cowdung, etc. Do hel uple or gobar dal ja!
- عن المن haijā, (pres. or fut. sing. mas. of المونا) Is; must, may, shall or will be; an expression of consent, probably, suppose so, doubtless.
- P. haigar or haigir, s. m. A brown or dark bay horse with black mane and tail.
- e. اهيرا هيلا عن اله. (dakh.) See پهيری عنوبيد عوانية عنوبيدي عنوبيدي عنوبيدي عنوبيدي عنوبيدي عنوبيدي عنوبيدي
- P. Lib hailāj, s. m. The time of labour or birth. (In astrology) A mark by which the duration of life is foretold. (It is said to signify a wife, and to be derived from a Greek word of that meaning, perhaps ἄλοχος).
- shove, to launch, to dash through water.

- H. Liles helnä, v. n. To swim.
- P. dalb kima, s. m. Wood, firewood
- H. اهيندرا hendrā adj. (dakh.) Ill-b churl, clown, looby, rude, loggerh confident: see عمق aḥmaq.
- H. هیندراپنا hendrā-panā, s. m. (da See هیندراگی
- H. هيندراكي hendrā-gī, s. f. (da Rudeness, clownishness, low-breed
- m. liming hinsnā, v. n. (青旬) To ne to make a noise (as, a horse w kicking).
- g. Shing, (हिंग) s. m. A fætida. Hing lagānā, (chūnā lagā To repair, mend. hing hagnā, To v by stool involuntarily. (met.) To p to be bedridden (A curse).
- H. Kind hengā (or hainjā,) B. m. harrow. (maijā).
- H. Alas! alas, the day! well-a-(āh assos).
- e. هينگى hainge, (pres. or fut. p mas. of هونا hona) Are, may be, m be, will be, &c.
- A. Yak hayūlā (or haiyūlā, for from Gr. ῦλη) s. Chaos. Matter, mass, first princi of everything material. Appearant The first sketch of a picture. An formed child. An unpolished per a rude person.
- A. هيولاني haiyūlā-nā, adj. Mater belonging to matter.
- Alas! alackaday! begone! bewail lamentation.
- H. day hain hain, intj. E there! dont! take care! what you about! look out!

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yā, called یای عطی yā-i-ḥuṭṭī, or . بای مثنات تحتانی yā-i-mugannāti-lahtani, the twenty-eighth letter of the Arabic and thirty-second of the Persian alphabet, corresponds to 4 in Sanskrit and y in English. When appropriated to denote a number, it stands for ten. In almanacks it represents Jupiter, or the sign Aquarius. It is like | and , one of the huraf-i-illat, or weak letters, being like the English y sometimes a consonant and sometimes a vowel. In the former case, it is one of the palatal letters, sounding like y in youth. In Sanskrit, the 긱 may be pronounced either y or jo; and in words derived from that language ज is generally substituted for य-When sākin or quiescent is precoded immediately by a consonant sounded with kasr, they denote the long vowels i or e; and, when by one pronounced with fat'ha, the diphthong ai. If the first sound is denoted, the is called یای معروف yā-i-ma\* rūf; if the second, یای صحبهول yā-i-ياى ساكن , and, if the third, ياى ساكن yā-i-sā!in mā gabl It is considered homogeneous with kas; and a quiescent never follows the vowel samm. After a madda, or simple long vowel, a is quite silent or very nearly so; as, جأى ، <u>kh</u>i, The disposition خوى iff  $j\bar{a}$ , A place: and in these cases it is often omitted in writing. It is changed in Arabic (1) into > hamsa, as باكتع bā';" for بايع bāy;", A seller: (2) into | alif; as باع bāā, for بيع طوبى عو و bayaa, He sold: (8) into يَّهُ بَهُ Agreeable, for طيبي: (4) into

It is sometimes substituted for l'as ارمغان yarma-ghān, for يرمغان armaghān, A present; and for & as الماليكان shāyagān, for بالكال shāhgan, Like a king. When in Persian the substantive verb or its indexions are combined with the words often rejected, and the i changed into عيست making وي kiet, كيم ,nest نيست nest چيست که است nayam, for نیم, ki ast, Who is it ? ست مخم دان ast, What is it? — mi di na ast, It is not; ما که ام په ki am, Who am I? na am, I am not.

The yā-i-ma rūf may be

- 1. (نسبتی nisbat-i) To express relation or connexion; as هندی hind-i,
  Belonging to India; فارسی fārs-i,
  Belonging to Persia, &c.
- 2. (خطابی خطابی) The affixed pronoun of the second person singular; as عالمی guft-i, Thou spokest; کفتی غالمی âlim-i, Thou art wise. This after s is denoted by hamza; as آمده آمده آمده آمده Thou art come.
- الم مصدر) الم yā-i-maṣdar) To form the verbal or a b s t r a c t noun; as ar-baḥhsh-i, The act of bestowing gold; نيكي nek-i, Goodness; بدى bad-i, Badness, &c.
- 4. (لياقت liyāqat) To denote fitness;
- منانى الله kushtan-i, Deserving of death; سوختنى sokhtan-i, Fit to be burned, &c.
- 5. (متكلم يا القابى mutakallimor alqāb-ī) To denote the pronoun of the first person singular; as روحى تقبه-i, My soul; ربى rabb-i, My protector; barkhurdār-i, My son, &c.
- 7. (مفعول) Also affixed to nouns to point out the object of some act; as سندى sanad-i, Established by authority; لعنتى la nat-i, Cursed; dast thatti, Signed, &c..

8. (كَالُمُ mushābih) To denote similitude or assumption of a character; as in these lines of Nigāmī:—

بفر تو هائی کند سر که رسد پیش تو دائی کند Zā jh ba farr-i-to humā-i kunad; sar hi rasad pesh-i-to pā-i kunad. The crow through thy glory equals the humā; the head that approaches thee is debased as a foot.

- 9. (In Hindustani, from Sans. (E), it may be for takkeis) Emphatical, signifying, very, only, exactly, the, &c. as where i-ko, To him is particular or expressly: and, is Dakhni, way be subjoined to conforthis purpose; as the bhot-ick, Much indeed.
- 10. In Hindustani, too, it may be the termination of a diminutive moun applied to some inanimate object; as in هند handi, عبر ghapi.

And, the yā-i-majhāl may be

- Hast khā-e ki ba āb-e nakharad tūfānrā. There is a little earth which
  esteems the universal deluge less than
  the smallest drop of water.
- 2. (with a sift) Affixed to nouns, to supply the place of the demonstrative pronoun that; and it has necessarily in the same sentence the relative &

ki, either closely attached or at some distance. Thus Qāim says:—

د، یکه با قد دل جوی تو نگاه کفم زیا در افتم و بے اختیار آه کفم

Dam-e ki bā qad-i-dil-jā-i-to nigāh kunam; zi pā dar uftam o be ikhtiyār āh kunam. That instant when I look upon thy heart-alluring form, I loose my stability, and lament beyond measure.

istimrārī, Affixed to the preterites of verbs, to convey the idea of perpetuity, or continued action. With the optative and conditional conjunction من المعادة المعاد

me of the imperfect; as, in these lines of Shaikh Auhadu-d-din.

گرمونس وهدمی دمی یانتمی را نقیمی را نقیمی را نقیمی این الله و مرهمی هی یانتمی از آتش دل سوختمی سرتا پادر دیده اگرنمی نمی یانتمی

Gar mūnis o ham-dam-e dam-e yāftam-e; so chāra o marham-e hame yāftam-e; az ātashi-dil sokhtam-e sar tā pā; dar dīda agar nam-e name yāftam-e. If I had for a short time possessed an affectionate friend, I should have found in him a remedy. I should have been consumed from head to foot in the fire of my heart, if I had not found moisture in my eyes. In the second and fourth instances above, the final

appears redundant, as the عن and هي are also preserved. Maulavi
Rūm says:—

نقره و زرگر نه بودندی نهان پرورش کی یافتندی زیرکان

Nugra o zar gar na būdande nihān: parwarish kai yāftande sīrakān? If silver and gold were not confeealed, how would the wise obtain the means of subsistance?

In addition may be noticed يامى اضافتى yā'i isāfat-ī, nsed when two Persian nouns are constructed together, the first of which ends in lor و عن عن المرى شما نام المرى شما المر

- P. يا يمقر yā, conj. Or. yā to, Either. A vocative particle, O! Oh! يا قسلات 'yā qismat, Oh destiny! An exclamation of one who in distress resigns himself to the will of God.
- A. ي yā, vocative particle, Or. O! ho! يارب yā allāh, O God! ياربب yārabb or يا ربنا yā rabbanā, O Lord!
- इ. पूं yā, (अस्य) pron. This.
- p. يانتى yāb, part. act. (of يانتى) in compos. Finding, finder, getting, getter, as faiz-yāb blessed.
- part. act. (of ياننده) A finder, recipient. Finding.
- ايعبوب yābū, (for يابو) s. m. A pony, galloway, nag.
- P. يابى yāb-ī, s. f. in compos. Finding, getting, as faiz-yābī. [stam.
- TAM. ياتم yātam, s. (dakh.) See ايتم
- and Magog. Apparently two Soythian tribes of great antiquity. A couple of bad character.
- P. Ju yad, s. f. (dakh. s. m.) Memory, remembrance, recollection. yad ana, Te come to mind, to recur. yad-awar-i, s. f. Remembrance. yad-hajia. One

who was got the entire Qur'an by heart. yād-dāsht, s. f. A memorandum, A reminder. memo. A souvenir. yād-dilānā, To remind, call to mind. yād-dih-i, s. f. Putting in mind, reminiscence. yād-ash-ba-khair, God preserve him! Whom Und remember graciously! (an expression used when mentioning an absent friend). Comp. Lord, keep his memory green! yad--farāmosh, Name of a game, yād karnā, To recollect, to remember, to call to mind, to commit to memory. To send for or require the presence of (a subordinate). yād-gār; s. m. Any thing given as a memorial, a valuable present to a mistress or friend, a monument, memorial, remembrance, any thing remarkable or which recalls a person or thing to memory, yādgār-ī, s. f. A keepsake, token, memorial A monument. yad h., To recollect.

yār, s. m. f. A friend, mistress (āshnā), (জাই) a lover, paramour, An assistant, companion, comrade. I or we. A sect of thieves. yāron ne lūt liyā. (Pers. plur. ياران)٠ yār-bās. A wanton woman, a whore: adj. Wanton. yār-bāz-ī, Fornication. yār-bāsh, adj. Voluptuous, sensual; jolly fellow. yar-bash-i, Sensuality, jollity. yar banna, To be friends with. yār banānā, yārī jornā, To form a friendship, (or, in dakh. yār ghār) A sincere friend, yar azīs. A dear friend, a true friend. yār-i-ghār (like Abū Bakr, who continued the companion and friend of Muhammad when the latter fled for refuge to a cave. See عار). yār k., To make friends. yār h, To be friends with. yār-i-wafādār, A faithful friend. Name of a river.

- P. Ju yārā, s. m. Power, strength.
- P. غاريون yār-āna, adv. Friendly, friendliness (dostānāh).
- P. s. wira, s. m. A broad bracelet.
  The wrist. A wound. Power, strength.
  A shrewd man. Friendship. Necessity.
  Tax, toli, revenue.
- p. يارى yār-ī, s. f. Kriendship (dostī), love. Assistance. (commonly means) Intriguing. Share, portion. Yārī āve. yārī joṣnā or k, To form a liaison with. yārī danā, To second, help, side with.

- P. كارُن yāzdāh. adj. Eleven.
- P. يازلهم yazdah-um, adj. Eleveni
- out the arms in yawning.
- الله yàs, s. f. Despair, despond (nā ummedī). Fear, terror.
- م ياغى بaghi, (for ياغى مارزيله yāghi, (dakh.) Rebel.
- P. يافتى) s. f. Perqui earnings, gains, income, profit, en ments (paidā).
- p. يافتنى yāftanī, s. f. Opp. of dāc Dues, bills receivable, credits.
- P. يانته yēfta (part. pass. of يانته Found, got. [garnet. Jaci
- A. ياقوت بي ويقون بي ياقوت . M. A reto
- to the ruby; s. Name of a media. An electuary.
- P. يال yāl, s. f. A horse's mane.
- s. يامنى yāmini, (यामिनी) s. f. Ni

Heathen, foreign. ¶ yāmnī (for प्रि See يهاشا jāmnī. الهابي يهاشا yāmnī bhashā, The language of Jan Persian or Ārabic. [ya

- يان بقش, adv. contract of
- P. צ'יני yāwar. adj. (In Comp.) Aik friendly; (subst.) An assistant, adjutor, friend, companion. [far
- P. ياورى yāwar-ī, s. f. Aid, friend
- P. \$\times\_y\tilde{a}wa, adj. Absurd, vain, fi Lost, ruined. y\tilde{a}wa-go, Ac. Absurtalking nonsense, babble.
- A. يبوسنت yubisat, s. f. Dr. (khushki), aridity.

- A. يتم yatim (يتم) s. m. An orphan, fatherless child, pupil, ward. A valuabie jewel. durr-i-yatīm, A large and precious pearl which is found alone in the shell. (pl. ایتام).
- yatim-i, s. f. The pupilage or state of an orphan that has lost the father.
- عتم yaṭṭī, s (dakh.) One forced to labour without pay: see eukhra or بيگار bejār
- A. يثرب yagrib, s. A name of Medina.
- P. jakh, s. m. Ice.
- yakhni, s. f. Broth, soup. Gravy (prepared to dress pula'o in), sauce, stew, hash, a rich stew of meat. yakhni pula'o, Kind of pula'o prepared with gravy.
- assistance. Power, vigour. Benefit, service. discreet.
- U. S. yad, adj. (dakh.) Unpolite, in-
- v. يڌاكي yaḍ-āgī, s. f. (dakh.) discretion, ت. يدينا yad-panā, s. m. )

silliness, rudeness.

- T. يراق yarāq, s. m. Arms, apparatus, a
- s. m. An (يراغ or يرغا عجر yarghā, (يرغا عب amble (pace of a horse). yarghā chalana, To amble. Name of a bird. A kind of fancy embroidery or rich nedlework, wrought without the help of a pattern or drawing before the artist.
- yarghamāl, s. m. An hostage.
- برغه برغه yargha, n. m. See نبي
- A. يرقال yarqān, (ورق) (H. pind-rog. kamal-bāo). s. m. The yellow jaundice.
- ع. عينتى yarandi, s. f. (dakh.) See arand. yanandi kā tel, Castor oil.
- TEL. يغمان yarū, z. (dakh.) Manure, com- P. يرو yaghmān, post, dung.

- P. يزى yazd, s. A City in Persia. God.
- P. يزدان yazdān, s. m. God.
- P. يزداني yazdān-ī, adj. Divine.
- P. يزكى yasd-i, s. f. A sort of cloth made at Yasd.
- P. يزك yazak, s. The advanced guard of an army, a guard or guards, a spy.
- ازيك .A يزيك yazid, n. prop. Name of an arch-heretic among the Mahometans, the prince by whose order the Imam Husain was put to death at Karbala; (hence) wicked, cursed, cruel.
- A. يسار yasar (يسر) s.m. Left, the left side. Plenty, opulence, affluence. yasar o yamin, Right and left. aast-iyasar, The left hand.
- P. يساول yasāwal, s. m. An officer of parade, the mace-bearer that goes before carrying the wand of state, a pursuivant, a captain of the guard.
- الم yasr s. m. Facility, lenity. Prosperity, wealth. ¶ yasar, adj. Easy, soft, gentle, humane. Ready, prepared.
- A. يسير yasir, adj. (dakh.) Motherless, a motherless child Small, little. Easy.
- P. washb, s.m. Agate; calcedony, jasper, sar-P. يشم yashm, donyx.
- P. يشمي yashmi, adj. Of jasper, jasper.
- A. يعبوب ya²bñb, s. m. A swift horse.
- د. ya<sup>n</sup>sub, s. m. The queen (lif. عسوب ب king) bee. A prince or chief of a nation.
- A. يعقرب ya²qñb, n. prop. Jacob, James
- A. \_\_\_\_\_ yaene, prop. yaenī (acrist from adv. Videlicet, that is to say, i. e., namely, viz, so wit, for, because.
- P. vaghma,
  - booty, pillage, rapine.
- P. Lie yaghma,

A. يقيي yaqīn, (يقي) s. m. Certainty, positive knowledge, belief, assurance, confidence, truth. adj. Certain, sure. true: adv. With certainty, truly. yaqīn karnā, To ascertain, believe. yaqīn, lānā. To believe, to credit.

A. Liui yaqinun, adv. Certainly, truly, assuredly, infallibly. yaqin ana, lana, or k., To believe, have faith in. yaqin karana, or dilana, To cause to believe, to assure. yaqin mano jano, or karo, Believe me! I assure you! yaqin wasiq, A strong belief or conviction.

المناني yaqīn-ī, s. f. Certainty, infallibility, truth. adj. Certain, indisputable, real.

P. 以 yak, (只有) adj. One, a, an. Only (以以) yak ādh, adj. A few, one

or two. yak-ā-yuk, All at once, immediately. yak-bār, or yak-bār-gi, or

yak-bār-a, All at once, immediately, once. yak-ba-yak, yak-bārgī, (ekā-ekī). One by one, successively, all at once, suddenly. yak-baggha, A horse striving always to go on one side, pressing on one rein. yak at (dakh.) or yaktha, or yak-thar, or yak-than, Collected, assembled, in one place, together.  $y a k - j \bar{a}$ , One place, in one place, together yak-jan. One soul, a friend. yak-jān do gālib, Bosom friends. yakjadd i, Of the same stock, descended from the same ancestors. direct. yak-jor, adj. (dakh.) Equal, even; a fellow, a match. yak-jihat, Of one accord, unanimous. A friend. yak-jihat-i or yak-jihti, s. f. Unanimity, friendship ya'-chashm-ī, Oneeyed. yak-chashmi taşwir, A profile. yak-chand, adv. Some little, some little time, sometime. yak-chob-a, One-poled (a tent) yak-dast, Entire, uniform, even (cloth). adv. Altogether. yak-dast-i, One-handed. s. f. A trick in wrestling. yak-diyar, or yak-dijar, One another, mutually. yak-di, adj. Of one heart or mind, unanimous. yak-dil-i, s. f. Unanimity, accord. yak-dharti, adv. (dakh.) Altogether. yak-zāt, adj. Consubstantial, of the same tribe, seck or caste. yak-rā.

see \* yak-rāk, Going on the same road. yak-rukh-ī, & kind of bow. (dakh.) adj. Of the same colour on both sides (as cloth). yak-rang or

yak-ranja, adj. Of one colour simple, uniform. yak-ranja, a cerity, simplicity, uniformity. Of one face (written on a unanimous. yak-rukhā, adj. (ek-tarfa), Of the same apper both sides. yak-roz-a, adj. O yak-rū-ī, Unanimity, friends rah, Once. yak-zubān, Of or tongue. yak-sār, c Equal. alike. even. in the sam

Equal, alike, even, in the sam the same, ditto, conformable plain, level, parallel, regulating. yak-sāl-a, adj. Of one year old. yak-sān-ī, U

identity, sameness, parity. 1 sar, All at once, all together Fixed, settled. On one si together, even, alike, equal yak-zarb-i, Of one shot or gun or pistol). yak taraf, A tarf-a, adj. One sided, by o party (in a lawsuit). Consistent (& writer). All once, entirely, altogether. Apart, aside. yak-lakht, Al all one piece, altogether (bilkul), wholly. yuk-lante solitary. A single .child brother or sister). yak-loh-i blade made of one piece of s mādar-ī, Of one or the san ya**k-**martab**a**, One time, ( musht or -multhi or -muth or handful. (met) All at once payment. yak-muih, Talki tently. yak nafas, One brea moment. yak na yak, One yak-waqt-a, Of one and the s yak-dast. yak-hi, The san alike.

s. m. A lamp. A conveyance one horse. The ace (at ca &c.). A one-horse chaise.

who serves alone. adj. Uni unequalled. yakkā-tās, Sing ing (the foe); the phenix o the age). yakkā-sipāhī, A sing

P. يكائي yak-ā'i, s. f. Unit.

s. يكت yukt (युक्त) adj. F right. Joined, combined. yukti (युक्ति) s. f. Contriv terity, art, skill, policy, proj ikstā, adj. Single, unique, , incomparable.

yak-tār-a, s. m. An instruie a guitar with one steel wire

yaktā-i, s.f. The being unique, or unequalled, unity. yakum, [The first day. of month.

yak-shamba, s. m. Sunday.

يكف yak-fard-i, }adj. .(Land)
producing
only one

ually. [at once.

ta, adj. One, alone. adv. All

:.ka, for Lyak-kā.

agān, (contract. of یک گان) ngly.

yāgāna-gat, s. f. Singularity. concord, unanimity, conjunc-Kinship.

yagāna-gī, s. f. Singularity, ce. Concord, unanimity, union,

igāna, s. m. (Rishtedār) Kindman, adj. Single, sole, sinrique, unequalled, incomparaeed, unanimous.

yagān-iyat, s. f. Solitarindred.

A hero, champion, a an. (Plur. يلان). adj. Corpuust.

 $ld\tilde{a}$ , s. The longest night of or the first night of winter ir which the sun enters Cap-

s. Forced march of an army or sudden incursion:

ilghär.

, s. or adj. Liberation; free, adj. Crooked, Absurd, vain, 112

- s. A bad woman or prostitute. adj. Alone, single, solitary.
- A. يم yamm, s. m. Sea, ocean.
- A. ...... yumn, s. m. Felicity, prosperity, good luck. ¶ Yaman, n. prop. Name of a country on the right hand, Arabia Felix. The right hand or side.
- H. yaman, s. m. Name of a rāginī or musical mode.
- ছ় ্ৰাক্ত yaman, (यत्रन) s.m. A Yavan: this name formerly meant an Ionian or Greek; but, it is now applied to both the Muhammadan and European invaders of India; and, it is often used as a general term for any foreign or barbarous race.
- 8. ling yamunā, (यम्ना) sof. Yamunā or Jamunā river. (In mythology, the personified river is considered as the daughter of Surya or the sun, and sister of Yama).
- A. يمني yaman-i, s. m. A carnelion (of يمن). adj. Belonging to Yaman or Afabia Felix.
- يمنى yaman-ī, adj. Of the country valled Yaman. A kind of flowered or painted cloth, manufactured there, used as covers for beds or footstools.
- A. يمين yamīn, (يمين s. m. An oath, The right hand.
- میں ویسار .a yamin o yasār, s. m. The right and left wings of an army.
- ع. يوتش yotish, s. m. Astrology : see jotik. جوتک
- جوتکهی yotish-i, s.m. See یوتشی .ه jotikh-ī.
- جوتک yautuk, s. m. See يوتک
- ع. يوتكه yautik, ع. m. See جوتكه ع. yotikh, jotikh.
- s. الم المين المناس ال young prince, heir apparent.

- P. يورش yūrish, s. m. f. Assault, storm (dhāvā), invasion. yūrish karnā, To invade.
- P. يوز yūs, s. A panther of a smaller kind, an ounce or lynx, hunting leopard.
- يوسف yseuf, (Heb. To add, Gen. xxx. 24) n. prop. The patriarch Joseph.
- 8. يوكنى yoginī, s. f. 800 يوكنى goginī.
- अ یوکی प्र क و उ क्र. (योगी) s. m. See
  - jog-ī. (योग्य) yogya, adj. Fit,
    proper, suitable: clever, skilful.
  - عرکیتا yogya-tā, (योग्यता) s.f. Fitness, suitableness.
  - A. يوم yaum, (opposite) أيا night) (كوم Heb. To be hot the day) s. m. A day (ros). (Plur. يوم العساب (ros). (Plur. يوم العساب بالمان). يوم العساب yaumu-l-ḥisāb, (roz-i-jasā), Day of judgment. يوم القيامة yaumu-l-qiyāmat, Day of resurrection; dooms-day. yauman-fa-yauman, Day-after day.
  - المناع yaumiya, (P. rozāna) adj. Daily. s. m. Daily food, allowance, pay, &c. (rosīna).
  - H. J. yān or yon or yaun, (TTH)

    Thus, in this manner. yon ton, In
    various ways, somehow or other. yān
    na yān, One way or other, somehow
    or other. In no wise. yān-hī or yānhīn
    or yonhīn, In this very manner, thus,
    socidentally, by chance, causelessly
    (be sabab), easily, cursorily. yān to, adv.

- In this case. Speaking general tun k., v. a. Polite for to curse. yūn ki sahi, Be it so! all
- A. يوناي yūnān, n. prop. Ionia, ( (From يون The son of Japhet).
- م يونانى yānān-ī, adj. Grecian, s.m. A Grecian.
- A. P. يونانياس yūnāniyān, The Gr
- HEB. يوزس yūnas, n. prop. Jon
- place) pron. (III:) This, he, these (ye), the, to this degree shart hai, Provided, yah ne Neither this nor that, neither. woh, This or that, either.
- and EIII Place) adv. Here, lat the abode, near, with yah or yahān talak, Insomuch. y (dakh.) Exactly here. yah (yahīn se) Henge, from here. (ya yahīn, In the very same place, here, sab yahān kā yahīn rah jū
- yahād, (Heb. which to pra celebrate, Gen. xxix. 35) s.m.

  a Hebrew. [Judas
- HBB. אַפָּטוֹ yahūdā, n. prop.
- A. مياولية yahadiya, Judes.
- H. g. يهي yih-i or yah-i, This ve same, itself. [in this very
- H. يهيي yah-in or yih-in, Thi
- H. يى ye, pron. plur. (of يى These, they: (or especially in this.

THE END.

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